Working Papers in Early English Lexicology and Lexicography 3

Nerthus. Outline of a Lexicon of Old English

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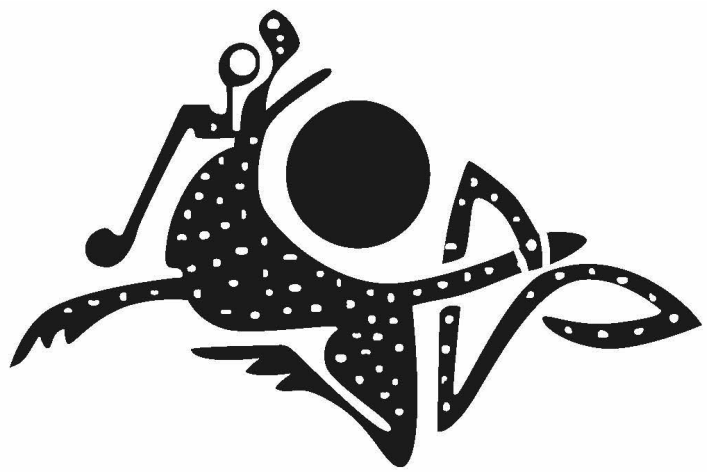

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Preface

As a step towards a lexicon of Old English based on structural-functional principles, this document synthesizes the meaning definitions provided by the standard dictionaries of Old English, namely Bosworth-Toller's *An Anglo-Saxon Dictionary* (as well as *Supplement* and *Addenda*), Clark Hall's *A Concise Dictionary of Anglo-Saxon* (including *Supplement*) and Sweet's *The Student's Dictionary of Anglo-Saxon*. Headword spelling usually follows Clark Hall and, less frequently, Sweet. Headwords appear in alphabetical order in bold type and comprise not only lexemes but also bound forms (derivational morphemes). Meaning definitions are rendered in italics, as is illustrated by the following examples:

FIRENUM

Adverb: *very, excessively; intensely; fearfully, horribly; sinfully, criminally, malignantly.*

UN

Affix: *negation; pejorative meaning; reverses a previous action; intensive meaning.*

The order of letters is A, Æ, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, L, M, N, O, P, R, S, T, Đ (which subsumes <ð> and <þ>), U, W and Y. Different entries with the same spelling are numbered and reflect lexical classes and, less frequently, homonymy. The following examples are illustrative:

LǼL

1. Noun: *rod, switch, whip; pliant twig, withe, whip, switch; mark, bruise, weal, swelling.*
2. Adjective: livid.

LǼLLAN

1. Verb: *to get black and blue; to hurl a dart.*
2. Verb: *to level, aim at.*

Primary entries are cross-referenced to their variant forms. Cross-references are also extensively used to relate simplexes to the corresponding complex forms with the prefix *ge-*, as can be seen in the example below:

RĀD

1. Noun: *ride, riding, going on horseback or in a ship; furniture (of a house); harness (of a horse); journey, expedition; road; modulation; name of the rune for r.*

2. See *rǣd* (1).
3. See *(ge)rād*.

The parentheses indicating the optionality of the prefix *ge-* are ignored in alphabetizing words, thus:

GEFEOHTSUMNES
Noun: *joyousness, gladsomeness*.
(GE)FĒOLAN
Verb: *to be joined to; to adhere, stick to cleave; to proceed; to persist, persevere in; to come; to pass into, through or over, enter, penetrate, betake oneself to; to undergo; to reach.*
GEFĒON
Verb: *to be glad, rejoice, exult.*
(GE)FEORMIAN
Verb: *to entertain, receive as guest; to support, cherish; to sustain, feed; to consume, devour; to benefit, profit; to clean, cleanse, free from impurity, furbish, scour; to harbour (stolen goods).*

The various meaning definitions found in the dictionaries have been unified by following two principles: polysemy and increasing specificity. Within a meaning definition, commas separate related instantiations of a sense while semicolons distinguish senses, as in the following example:

CĀFLĪCE
Adverb: *quickly, hastily, promptly; vigorously, stoutly; boldly, manfully*.

Both inside and across senses, definitions are organized along two scales, namely hypernym-hyperonym (this is usually the case with nouns and adjectives) and troponymy (mainly in verbs). This is illustrated by the examples that follow:

TĀCN
Noun: *token, sign, mark, indication, symbol, signal, symptom; suggestion; portent, wonder, marvel, miracle, prodigy; prognostic; evidence, demonstration, proof; standard, banner, ensign; credential; monument; sign of the Zodiac.*
MACIAN

Verb: *to do, make, produce, form, construct, fashion, frame; to act, perform, behave, fare; to prepare, arrange; to cause, bring about; to use, manage; to compare, liken; to transform; to conclude.*

The reader is referred to Martín Arista et al. (2011) and Martín Arista (2012) for further information on the morphological classes and subclasses of the headwords.

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Acknowledgements

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Ā-

Affix: *(in pronouns and participles) indefiniteness; (verbal) without; forth, away.*

Ā

1. Adverb: *ever, for ever, continuously, always; at all; at any time; in any degree.*

2. See *ǣ* (1).

ĀÆMTIGIAN

Verb: *to be idle, disengage oneself, rest from (an activity, an occupation); to bring to naught, render idle.*

ĀBACAN

Verb: *to bake.*

ĀBÆDAN

Verb: *to force, compel, restrain; to ward off; to extract, force out, wring; to demand, require, exact, take toll.*

ĀBÆRAN

Verb: *to disclose, bring to light.*

ĀBANNAN

Verb: *to convoke, summon, summon to battle; to order, command; to publish, announce, proclaim.*

ĀBARIAN

Verb: *to strip, make bare; to disclose, lay bare.*

ABBANDŪN

Noun: *Abingdon.*

ABBOD

Noun: *abbot.*

ABBODDŌM

Noun: *abbacy, abbatial jurisdiction.*

ABBODESSE

Noun: *abbess.*

ABBODHĀD

Noun: *abbatial rank, the state or dignity of an abbot.*

ABBODLĒAST

Noun: *lack of an abbot.*

ABBODRĪCE

Noun: *abbey, abbacy; the rule, office or jurisdiction of an abbot (used even of a convent of nuns).*

ĀBĒATAN

Verb: *to strike, beat; to break to pieces, make to fall.*

ĀBĒCĒDĒ

Noun: *ABC, alphabet.*

ĀBEDECIAN

Verb: *to discover, disclose, uncover, find hidden, get by asking; to detect.*

ĀBEHŌFIAN

Verb: *to concern, behove.*

ĀBELGAN

1. Verb: *to anger, make angry, irritate, incense; to offend, hurt, vex; to distress; to be angry with.*

2. See *ābylgan.*

ĀBĒODAN

Verb: *to order, command, direct; to summon, call out; to declare, relate, announce, present, proclaim; to offer, bid.*

ĀBEORNAN

Verb: *to take fire, burn.*

ĀBERAN

Verb: *to carry, bear, bring; to suffer, endure, not to give way under trial or suffering; to take away, remove; to reveal; to bear with, tolerate, restrain oneself; to bear (a child), bring forth, bring to light; to do without; to be under an obligation for an imposition.*

ĀBERD

Adjective: *crafty, cunning, sagacious.*

ĀBERENDLIC

Adjective: *bearable, tolerable, that may be borne.*

ĀBERSTAN

Verb: *to burst, be broken; to burst out; to break away, escape, break out.*

ĀBETĒON

Verb: *to accuse.*

ĀBĪDAN

Verb: *to wait, wait for, await, expect; to remain, remain behind; to delay; to abide; to survive.*

ĀBIDDAN

Verb: *to ask for, request, demand, require; to obtain, get by asking; to entreat, pray, pray for, pray to; to call out (an army).*

ĀBIES

Noun: *silver fir-tree.*

ĀBIFIAN

Verb: *to be moved or shaken, tremble; to shake, quake.*

ĀBIRGAN

Verb: *to eat, taste.*

ĀBIRGING

Noun: *taste.*

ĀBISGIAN

Verb: *to be busy with, take up, undertake, engage in, employ; to occupy, fill; to preoccupy, prepossess.*

ĀBISGUNG

Noun: *occupation, employment, necessary business; trouble.*

ĀBĪTAN

Verb: *to bite in pieces, lacerate with the teeth, gnaw; to tear to pieces, mangle; to consume, eat up, devour; to taste; to partake of.*

ĀBITRIAN

Verb: *to make or turn bitter or sour; to exasperate, embitter, grow bitter.*

ĀBLĀCIAN

Verb: *to be or look pale, turn pale from fear or weakness; to grow faint, get dull or tarnished, lose colour.*

ĀBLǢCAN

Verb: *to whiten, bleach.*

ĀBLǢCNES

Noun: *pallor, paleness; gloom.*

ĀBLǢCUNG

Noun: *pallor, paleness.*

ĀBLǢST

Adjective: *inspired; furious, blowing fiercely.*

ĀBLǢTE

Adjective: *livid, pale.*

ĀBLĀWAN

Verb: *to blow, blow away, breathe upon; to swell, blow up, puff up.*

ĀBLĀWNES

Noun: *inflation, upblowing.*

ĀBLĀWNUNG

Noun: *inflation, blowing or swelling up.*

ABLĀWUNG

Noun: *blowing; swelling up, inflation.*

ĀBLEGNED

Adjective: *ulcerated.*

ABLEND

Adjective: *blinded.*

ĀBLENDAN

Verb: *to blind, make blind, put out the eyes of; to deceive, delude; to dazzle; to benumb, deaden, stupify, darken.*

ĀBLERED

Adjective: *uncovered, bare, bald.*

ĀBLĪCAN

Verb: *to shine, glitter, be white; to amaze, astonish; to appear.*

ĀBLINDAN

Verb: *to make blind.*

ĀBLINNAN

Verb: *to cease, stop, leave off, desist, fail; (of things) to come to an end.*

ĀBLINNEDNES

Noun: *cessation.*

ĀBLINNENDLĪCE

Adverb: *indefatigably.*

ĀBLINNENDNES

Noun: *cessation.*

ĀBLISSIAN

Verb: *to make glad, please.*

ĀBLYCGAN

Verb: *to shine; to grow pale, be white, get dismayed; to get amaze or astonished, get affected by wonder; to get affected by fear; to make afraid.*

ĀBLYSIAN

Verb: *to blush, redden with shame, be ashamed.*

ĀBLYSUNG

Noun: *blushing, reddening with shame; shame, confusion.*

ĀBODIAN

Verb: *to announce, proclaim.*

ĀBOLGENNES

Noun: *irritation, exasperation.*

ĀBORGIAN

Verb: *to be surety for, undertake for; to appoint, assign; to borrow.*

ĀBŌTIAN

Verb: *to repair.*

ĀBRACIAN

Verb: *to stamp, engrave, emboss.*

ĀBRÆĐAN

Verb: *to extend, stretch out, spread out, dilate; to bake, fry.*

ĀBRASLIAN

Verb: *to crash, crackle; to resound.*

ĀBRECAN

Verb: *to break, break up, break to pieces, break down, break off, separate forcibly, destroy; to assault, vanquish; to take by storm.*

ĀBREDWIAN

Verb: *to kill, slay; to lay low, overthrow.*

ĀBRĒGAN

Verb: *to alarm, frighten, terrify.*

ĀBREGDAN

Verb: *to move quickly; to take away, remove, take away, withdraw, draw back, pull out, snatch, pluck; to unsheathe, draw; to start from sleep; to wrench.*

ĀBRĒMENDE

Adjective: *ever-celebrating.*

ĀBRĒOTAN

Verb: *to deteriorate, bruise, break, destroy, kill; to fail.*

ĀBRĒOTNES

Noun: *destruction, extermination.*

ĀBRĒOĐAN

Verb: *to decay, deteriorate, degenerate; to destroy; to fail, come to nought, fall away.*

ĀBROĐEN

Adjective: *degenerate, reprobate.*

ĀBROĐENNES

Noun: *defect, backsliding, cowardice, dullness, baseness, degeneracy, ignobleness.*

ĀBRŪCAN

Verb: *to eat; to partake of.*

ĀBRŸTAN

Verb: *to destroy.*

ĀBŪFAN

Adverb: *above.*

ĀBŪGAN

Verb: *to bend, turn, curve; to turn oneself, bow, do reverence, submit; to deviate, incline, turn (to or from), swerve; to withdraw, retire; to be humble.*

ĀBUNDEN

Adjective: *ready, unimpeded.*

ĀBŪROD

Adjective: *not inhabited.*

ĀBŪTAN

1. Adposition: *on, about, around, on the outside, round about.*

2. Adverb: *about, nearly.*

ĀBYCGAN

Verb: *to pay for, buy; to require; to recompense, redeem, atone for, buy off; to perform, execute.*

ĀBYFFAN

Verb: *to mumble, mutter.*

ĀBŸGAN

Verb: *to bend, bend down, bow; to reduce, subdue, bring low; to convert; to deflect.*

ĀBŸGENDLIC

Adjective: *flexible, bending.*

ĀBYLGAN

Verb: *to offend, irritate, anger, provoke, vex.*

ĀBŸWAN

Verb: *to cleanse, polish, rub off; to clarify, purify; to adorn.*

AC

Conjunction: *but; for, because; but also, moreover; but yet, nevertheless, however; whether.*

ĀC

Noun: *oak, ship of oak; name of the rune for a.*

ĀCÆGLOD

Adjective: *studded with pegs; locked with a key.*

ĀCALAN

Verb: *to become frost-bitten, to die of cold.*

ACAN

Verb: *to ache, suffer pain, pain.*

ĀCANTŪN

Noun: *Acton, Suffolk.*

ĀCBĒAM

Noun: *oak-tree.*

ĀCBEARO

Noun: *oak-grove.*

ACCENT

Noun: *accent.*

ĀCCYNN

Noun: *kind of oak.*

ĀCDRENC

Noun: *oak-drink, drink made from acorns.*

ĀCEALDIAN

Verb: *to be or become cold.*

ĀCĒAPIAN

Verb: *to buy, buy off or out.*

ĀCĒLAN

Verb: *to cool, make cool; to quiet, still, cool off.*

ACEMANNESBURH

Noun: *Bath, Somersetshire.*

ĀCENNAN

Verb: *to produce, bring forth, beget; to attribute to, assign; to renew.*

ĀCENNEDLIC

Adjective: *genuinus, native.*

ĀCENNEDNES

Noun: *birth, nativity, generation.*

ĀCENNEND

Noun: *parent.*

ĀCENNICGE

Noun: *mother*.

ĀCENNING

Noun: *birth.*

ĀCĒOCIAN

Verb: *to choke; to burn out.*

ĀCĒOCUNG

Noun: *consideration, rumination.*

ĀCEORFAN

Verb: *to cut off, cut away, cut to pieces, cut down, hew down.*

ĀCĒOSAN

Verb: *to choose, select, pick out, elect.*

ACERREDNES

Noun: *turning, turning from, aversion, apostasy.*

ĀCHANGRA

Noun: *oak wood on a slope.*

ĀCHOLT

Noun: *oak wood.*

ĀCĪGAN

Verb: *to call, name, summon.*

ĀCIRRAN

Verb: *to turn, turn over, turn away or aside, avert, turn oneself, change; to go, return.*

ĀCLÆNSIAN

Verb: *to cleanse or remove impurity of an object, purify.*

ĀCLĒA

Noun: *the name of a place, as Oakley.*

ĀCLĒAF

Noun: *oak-leaf.*

ĀCLĒOFAN

Verb: *to split, cleave.*

ĀCLEOPIAN

Verb: *to call, call out.*

ACLIAN

See *(ge)aclian*.

ĀCLINGAN

Verb: *to wither.*

ĀCLUNGEN

Adjective: *contracted.*

ĀCMELU

Noun: *acorn-meal.*

ĀCMISTEL

Noun: *oak mistletoe.*

ĀCNĀWAN

Verb: *to know, recognise; to understand.*

ĀCNYHT

Adjective: *joined.*

ĀCNYSSAN

Verb: *to expel, drive out.*

ĀCOFRIAN

Verb: *to recover.*

ĀCOL

Adjective: *dismayed, trembling, excited, excited by fear, frightened, terrified.*

ĀCŌLIAN

Verb: *to cold, become or grow cold, chilled.*

ĀCOLITUS

Noun: *light-bearer, acolyte; state, condition.*

ĀCOLMŌD

Adjective: *timid, fearful minded.*

ĀCORDIAN

Verb: *to agree, accord, make terms, reconcile.*

ĀCORENLIC

Adjective: *eligible, likely to be chosen.*

ĀCOSTIAN

Verb: *to try, test, prove.*

ĀCOSTNIAN

Verb: *to try, test, prove.*

ĀCRÆFTAN

Verb: *to plan, devise, think out, contrive as a craftsman.*

ĀCRAMMIAN

Verb: *to fill, cram.*

ĀCRĒOPIAN

Verb: *to creep, crawl.*

ĀCRIMMAN

Verb: *to stuff, cram.*

ĀCRIND

Noun: *oak-rind or bark.*

ACSA

Noun: *the river Axe.*

ACSANMYNSTER

Noun: *Axminster, in Devonshire.*

ĀCSTYBB

Noun: *oak-stump.*

ĀCTĀN

Noun: *oak-twig.*

ĀCTRĒO

Noun: *oak-tree.*

ĀCUMAN

Verb: *to come, come from, bring; to bear, support, endure, withstand; to get to or from, reach.*

ĀCUMBA

Noun: *oakum, the coarse part of hemp; ashes of oakum, wood ashes; flax, tow; trimmings, parings, clippings, prunings.*

ĀCUMBE

Noun: *oakum, hards, tow; ashes of oakum; parings, clippings.*

ĀCUMENDLIC

Adjective: *tolerable, bearable; possible.*

ĀCUMENDLICNES

Noun: *possibility to bring anything to pass.*

ĀCUNNIAN

Verb: *to try, test, prove, ascertain by trial; to experience.*

ĀCUNNUNG

Noun: *experience, trial.*

ĀCURSIAN

Verb: *to malign.*

ĀCUSAN

Verb: *to accuse.*

ĀCWACIAN

Verb: *to tremble, quake.*

ĀCWECCAN

Verb: *to move quickly, vibrate, shake, quiver, swing.*

ĀCWELAN

Verb: *to die, perish.*

ĀCWELLAN

Verb: *to destroy, kill.*

ĀCWELLEDNES

Noun: *killing, quelling, slaughter.*

ĀCWENCAN

Verb: *to put out, quench, extinguish.*

ĀCWEORNA

Noun: *squirrel.*

ĀCWEORRAN

Verb: *to eat or drink immoderately, glut, gorge, guzzle.*

ĀCWEÐAN

Verb: *to say, tell, utter, express, speak out, declare; to answer, respond; to reject, banish.*

ĀCWICIAN

Verb: *to come to life, become lively, revive, vivify, make lively; to quicken.*

ĀCWĪNAN

Verb: *to disappear, waste or dwindle away, decline, become extinct, go out (of fire).*

ĀCWINCAN

Verb: *to vanish, become extinguished or quenched; to be eclipsed.*

ĀCWUDU

Noun: *oak wood.*

ĀCWYLMAN

Verb: *to kill, slay.*

ĀCWYLMIAN

Verb: *to suffer, be tormented.*

ĀCȲÐAN

Verb: *to show, proclaim, announce, reveal; to prove, confirm.*

ĀD

Noun: he*ap, funeral pile, pyre, fire, flame.*

ĀDÆLAN

Verb: *to separate, part, divide.*

ĀDĒADIAN

Verb: *to die; to lay waste, destroy; to decay, fail; to lose vitality or feeling, become paralysed; to mortify.*

ĀDĒAFIAN

Verb: *to become deaf.*

ĀDĒAFUNG

Noun: *deafening, making deaf, growing deaf.*

ĀDELA

Noun: *dirt, filth, mud; sewer.*

ĀDELFAN

Verb: *to dig, dig up, dig out, excavate, delve; to pick out, dig out.*

ĀDELIHT

Adjective: *dirty, filthy.*

ĀDELSĒAÐ

Noun: *sewer, gutter, sink.*

ĀDĒMAN

Verb: *to try, judge, deem, abjudicate, abjudge; to doom, deprive of by a legal decision; to afflict.*

ĀDEORCIAN

Verb: *to darken, dim, tarnish, dull, hide, obscure.*

ĀDERIAN

Verb: *to hurt, injure.*

ADESA

Noun: *adze, hatchet, cooper's instrument.*

ADESE

Noun: *adze, hatchet.*

ĀDFARU

Noun: *way or path to the funeral pile.*

ĀDFINI

Noun: *limit.*

ĀDFYNIG

Noun: *damp place where a bonfire was made.*

ĀDFŸR

Noun: *pile fire, sacrificial fire.*

ĀDĪGLIAN

Verb: *to hide.*

ĀDIHTIAN

Verb: *to write, compose, edit; to arrange, order beforehand.*

ĀDIHTNIAN

Verb: *to compose beforehand.*

ĀDĪLEGIAN

Verb: *to do away, destroy, devastate, annihilate, abolish; to blot out, obliterate.*

ĀDIMMIAN

Verb: *to darken, dim, dull, obscure; to make do.*

ĀDL

Noun: *infirmity, sickness, disease.*

ĀDLBERENDE

Adjective: *disease-bearing.*

ĀDLE

Noun: *disease, sickness, infirmity.*

ĀDLĒG

Noun: *flame of the funeral pile.*

ĀDLIAN

See *(ge)ādlian*.

ĀDLIG

Adjective: *sick, ill, diseased, corrupted, putrid.*

ĀDLIGA

Noun: *sick person.*

ĀDLOMA

Noun: *one crippled by fire.*

ĀDLSĒOC

Adjective: *in bad health, sick of a contagious disease.*

ĀDLÞRACU

Noun: *force or virulence of a disease.*

ĀDLUNG

Noun: *disease, illness, ailment.*

ĀDLWĒRIG

Adjective: *weary with sickness or illness.*

ĀDŌN

Verb: *to take, take away, remove; to send away, set free, cast out, expel, banish; to destroy; to put, place.*

ĀDRÆFAN

Verb: *to drive away, shut out, expel.*

ĀDRAGAN

Verb: *to draw out.*

ADREMINTE

Noun: *the herb feverfew.*

ĀDRENCAN

Verb: *to submerge, immerse, plunge under, drown.*

ĀDRĒOGAN

Verb: *to do, perform, carry out, act, practise; to bear, suffer, endure; to bear with, tolerate; to live, pass or spend time.*

ĀDRĒOGENDLIC

Adjective: *bearable, that is to be done or performed.*

ĀDRĒOPAN

Verb: *to drip, drop.*

ĀDRĒOSAN

Verb: *to fall, vanish; to fall to pieces, fail, decline.*

ĀDREWEG

Noun: *drain way, vein, artery.*

ĀDRĪFAN

Verb: *to cause to move, drive, drive away, drive off; to expel, drive out; to pursue, follow up; to pierce, chase (metal); to stake, stake out.*

ĀDRINCAN

Verb: *to be immersed, sunk or drowned; to be extinguished or quenched by water; to drink up, quench thirst.*

ĀDRŪGIAN

Verb: *to dry, dry up.*

ĀDRŸGAN

Verb: *to dry, dry up, wipe dry, rub dry, wipe off; to wither.*

ĀDRYSNAN

Verb: *to repress, extinguish.*

ĀDUMBIAN

Verb: *to keep silence, to become mute or dumb.*

ĀDŪN

1. Adverb: *down, downward.*

2. See *ādūne.*

ĀDŪNE

Adverb: *down, downward.*

ĀDŪNEĀSTĪGAN

Verb: *to descend.*

ADŪNESTĪGAN

Verb: *to descend.*

ADŪNFEALLAN

Verb: *to fall down.*

ĀDŪNWEARD

Adverb: *downwards.*

ĀDWÆSCAN

Verb: *to extinguish, quench, put out; to appease, staunch, blot out; to suppress, put to an end to; to put down, destroy (a person).*

ĀDWELLAN

Verb: *to seduce; to hinder; to lead into error, lead astray, wander.*

ĀDWĪNAN

Verb: *to dwindle, waste or vanish away.*

ĀDWOLIAN

Verb: *to degenerate.*

ĀDŸDAN

Verb: *to put to death, kill, destroy; to mortify.*

ĀDŸFAN

Verb: *to overpower with sound, render inaudible.*

ĀDYSGIAN

Verb: *to make or become foolish.*

ĀEBBIAN

Verb: *to recede, ebb away.*

ĀEFESIAN

Verb: *to cut (hair), shear.*

ĀĒHTAN

Verb: *to persecute.*

ĀERGIAN

Verb: *to become feeble or slothful; to become remiss; to grow timid, turn coward.*

ĀETAN

Verb: *to consume, eat, devour.*

AFÆDED

Adjective: *fed, nourished; brought up, educated.*

ĀFÆGAN

Verb: *to depict, figure.*

AFÆGED

Adjective: *depicted, drawn.*

ĀFÆGRIAN

Verb: *to adorn, ornament, make fair or beautiful.*

ĀFĀMAN

Verb: *to breathe out, foam out.*

ĀFĀRAN

Verb: *to frighten, terrify, affright; to dismay, astound.*

ĀFÆSTAN

Verb: *to fast; to let out on hire.*

ĀFÆSTLĀ

Interjection: *certainly! assuredly!*

ĀFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to confirm, fix; to strengthen, fasten, fortify; to betroth, espouse; to enter; to inscribe; to build.*

ĀFĀTTIAN

Verb: *to fatten; to anoint.*

ĀFANDIAN

Verb: *to try, test, prove, experience; to find out.*

ĀFANDIGENDLIC

Adjective: *proved, approved, what may be tried; laudable.*

ĀFANDOD

Adjective: *tried, experienced; approved, excellent.*

ĀFANDODLIC

Adjective: *proved, approved, what may be tried; laudable.*

ĀFANDODLĪCE

Adverb: *in a manner to be approved.*

ĀFANDUNG

Noun: *trial, probation, experiment; experience.*

ĀFANGENNES

Noun: *reception, assumption.*

ĀFARAN

Verb: *to go out, depart, march; to travel.*

ĀFEALLAN

1. Verb: *to fall or tumble down; to decline, decay, fall off, sink; to fall sick; to be destroyed.*

2. See *āfyllan* (1).

3. See *āfyllan* (2).

ĀFĒDAN

Verb: *to feed, nourish, nurture; to maintain, support; to produce, bring forth, bring up.*

ĀFĒGAN

Verb: *to join.*

AFEN

Noun: *Avon, a river in Somersetshire.*

ĀFEOHTAN

Verb: *to fight, fight against; to attack, assail; to tear or pluck out, destroy.*

ĀFEORMIAN

Verb: *to cleanse, wash away, clean thoroughly; to purge, purify.*

ĀFEORMUNG

Noun: *cleansing, scouring, purging.*

ĀFEORSIAN

Verb: *to take away, remove, expel, dispel; to go or drive away, depart.*

ĀFĒOUNG

Noun: *hate.*

ĀFERCIAN

Verb: *to support.*

ĀFERIAN

Verb: *to perform carrying service; to provide horses for team work.*

ĀFERSCAN

Verb: *to freshen, become fresh.*

AFFRIC

Adjective: *African.*

AFFRICA

Noun: *Africa.*

AFFRICAN

Noun: *African.*

ĀFIERRAN

Verb: *to take away, remove, withdraw; to expel, deliver; to drive away, depart, estrange from.*

ĀFIERREDNES

Noun: *removal.*

ĀFIGEN

Adjective: *fried.*

ĀFINDAN

Verb: *to find, find out, discover; to feel, experience, detect.*

ĀFIRMAN

Verb: *to clear off.*

ĀFLĒAN

Verb: *to strip off, flay.*

ĀFLĒOGAN

Verb: *to fly, flee away, fly from, escape.*

ĀFLĒON

Verb: *to fly, flee away, escape.*

ĀFLĒOTAN

Verb: *to skim.*

ĀFLĪEGAN

Verb: *to drive away, put to flight, expel.*

ĀFLĪEGUNG

Noun: *driving away, putting to flight.*

ĀFLĪEMAN

Verb: *to drive away, cause to flee, expel, banish; to disperse, scatter; to rout.*

AFLIUNG

Noun: *fleeing.*

ĀFLOTE

Adverb: *afloat.*

ĀFLŌWAN

Verb: *to flow from or away, pass away.*

ĀFLYGENNES

Noun: *attack.*

AFOL

Noun: *power, might, strength, power of body.*

ĀFŌN

Verb: *to take, receive; to seize, lay hold of; to hold up, support.*

ĀFOR

Adjective: *bitter, acid, sour, sharp; severe, rough, harsh; vehement, impetuous; austere, dire, fierce, hateful; angry.*

AFORFEORSIAN

Verb: *to delay, prolong, defer.*

ĀFORHTIAN

Verb: *to be frightened, become afraid, take fright; to be amazed, wonder at.*

ĀFORÐ

Adverb: *continually, always, daily, still.*

ĀFRĒFRAN

Verb: *to comfort, make glad, console.*

ĀFREMDAN

Verb: *to alienate, estrange; to become alienated.*

ĀFREMÐUNG

Noun: *alienation.*

ĀFRĒON

Verb: *to free, deliver.*

ĀFRĒOÐAN

Verb: *to froth.*

AFRICAN

Noun: *African.*

AFRICANISC

Adjective: *African.*

ĀFŪLIAN

Verb: *to rot, putrefy; to become foul, be corrupt or defiled.*

AFULIC

Adjective: *perverse.*

ĀFULLIEND

Noun: *fuller.*

ĀFUNDENNES

Noun: *experiment; device, invention, discovery.*

ĀFŸLAN

Verb: *to foul, pollute, stain, make filthy, defile, corrupt.*

ĀFYLGAN

Verb: *to pursue.*

ĀFYLLAN

1. Verb: *to fill, fill up, replenish; to complete, fulfill, satisfy.*

2. Verb: *to cast or drive out; to overturn, overthrow, subvert, cause to fall or stumble; to abolish, demolish; to kill, slay.*

ĀFȲRAN

Verb: *to castrate, emasculate.*

ĀFȲRED

Noun: *eunuch.*

ĀFYRHTAN

Verb: *to frighten, terrify, affright.*

AFȲRIDA

Noun: *eunuch, castrated animal; servant, courtier.*

ĀFYRÐAN

Verb: *to remove.*

ĀFȲSAN

Verb: *to accelerate, hasten; to incite, impel, urge; to make ready, make eager, inspire with longing, excite; to drive, drive away.*

AG

Noun: *wickedness.*

ĀGA

Noun: *owner, possessor, proprietor.*

ĀGÆLAN

Verb: *to hinder; to hold, keep back; to delay, retard, detain; to neglect, profane; to preoccupy.*

AGÆLENDE

Adjective: *enchanting.*

ĀGÆLWAN

Verb: *to astonish, stupefy; to terrify.*

ĀGALAN

Verb: *to sound forth; to sing, chant.*

ĀGĀLIAN

Verb: *to loose, become slack, dissolve; to become remiss.*

ĀGĀN

Verb: *to go, go by, pass (of time); to pass into possession (of inhereted property); to occur, befall; to grow, come forth; to approach; to lose strength.*

ĀGAN

Verb: *to have, own, possess; to obtain; to have control over, take charge of; to give, deliver, restore; to owe, have to pay.*

ĀGANGAN

Verb: *to go; to go by, pass; to happen, occur, come forth, befall, come to pass; to grow; to approach; to lose strength.*

ĀGĀNIAN

Verb: *to gape, yawn.*

ĀGE

Noun: *possessions, property.*

ĀGELDAN

1. Verb: *to punish.*

2. See *āgieldan.*

AGEN

Noun: *ear of grain.*

ĀGEN

1. Noun: *property; own country.*

2. See *(ge)āgen.*

ĀGĒNBEWENDAN

Verb: *to return, turn again.*

ĀGĒNCUMAN

Verb: *to return, come again.*

ĀGEND

Noun: *owner, possessor, master, lord.*

ĀGENDFRĒA

1. Noun: *lord, owner.*

2. Noun: *owner, master, mistress.*

ĀGENDLĪCE

Adjective: *properly, as one's own; correctly, properly; imperiously.*

AGĒNGECYRRAN

Verb: *to return, turn again, recur.*

ĀGĒNGEHWEORFAN

Verb: *to return.*

ĀGĒNIERNAN

Verb: *to meet, run against.*

ĀGĒNLÆDAN

Verb: *to lead back.*

ĀGENLAND

Noun: *land held in absolute possession.*

ĀGENLIC

Adjective: *own; owed, due.*

ĀGENNAMA

Noun: *proper name.*

ĀGENNES

Noun: *owning, possession, property.*

ĀGĒNSENDAN

Verb: *to send back or again.*

ĀGENSLAGA

Noun: *suicide, self-murderer or slayer.*

ĀGENSPRÆC

Noun: *one's own tongue, peculiarity of a language, idiom.*

ĀGEOLWIAN

Verb: *to become yellow, make glitter as gold.*

ĀGĒOMRIAN

Verb: *to lament, grieve, mourn.*

ĀGEORNAN

Verb: *to be eager for, desire; to seek.*

ĀGĒOTAN

Verb: *to pour out or forth, strew, spill, shed; to melt, found; to deprive of; to consume, destroy.*

ĀGIEFAN

Verb: *to give, deliver, impart, yield; to give back, return; to pay, pay what is due, restore; to render; to leave, give up, abandon.*

ĀGIELDAN

Verb: *to pay; to pay back, restore, requite, repay, compensate, reward; to render; to offer up, offer oneself; to perform; to allow, permit.*

ĀGĪEMELĒASIAN

Verb: *to despise, neglect.*

ĀGIFIAN

Verb: *to bestow, grant.*

AGILDE

Adverb: *without compensation.*

AGILPAN

Verb: *to exult, boast, glory.*

ĀGIMMED

Adjective: *set with precious stones or gems.*

ĀGĪTA

Noun: *waster, prodigal, spendthrift.*

ĀGITAN

Verb: *to find, find out, discover; to get, take away; to know, understand, consider.*

ĀGĪTAN

Verb: *to waste, destroy; to seize; to take away.*

ĀGLĀCHĀD

Noun: *state of misery.*

ĀGLÆC

Noun: *misery, torment; sorrow, grief, distress, trouble.*

ĀGLÆCA

Noun: *miserable being, wretch, miscreant; fierce enemy, demon, monster.*

ĀGLÆCCRÆFT

Noun: *an evil art.*

ĀGLÆCWĪF

Noun: *wretch of a woman, female monster, vile crone.*

ĀGLÆDAN

Verb: *to cause to slip.*

ĀGLEDDIAN

Verb: *to stain, smear.*

ĀGLĪDAN

Verb: *to glide, slip, stumble.*

ĀGNERE

Noun: *owner, possessor.*

ĀGNETT

Noun: *interest, usury.*

ĀGNETTAN

Verb: *to appropriate, usurp.*

ĀGNETTUNG

Noun: *interest, usury.*

ĀGNIAN

See *(ge)āgnian.*

ĀGNĪDAN

Verb: *to run off.*

ĀGNIDEN

1. Adjective: *used, threadbare.*

2. Noun: *rubbing off.*

ĀGNIEND

Noun: *owner, possessor.*

ĀGNIENDLIC

See *(ge)āgniendlic.*

ĀGNUNG

See *(ge)āgnung.*

AGOF

Noun: *word formed in the Riddles by inverting the order of the letters in the word boga 'bow'.*

ĀGOTENES

Noun: *pouring forth, effusion, shedding.*

ĀGRAFAN

Verb: *inscribe, hew, carve, engrave, emboss, sculpture.*

ĀGRAFENLIC

Adjective: *graven, sculptured.*

AGRAFENLĪCE

Adverb: *that which is carved, carved image.*

ĀGRĀPIAN

Verb: *to handle, grasp tightly.*

ĀGRĒTAN

Verb: *to attack.*

AGRIMONIA

Noun: *agrimony.*

ĀGRIMSIAN

Verb: *to provoke, irritate.*

ĀGRĪSAN

Verb: *to quake, shudder; to fear, dread.*

ĀGRŌWAN

Verb: *to cover, grow under or over.*

ĀGRŌWEN

Adjective: *to cover, grow under.*

ĀGRYMETIAN

Verb: *to be furious, rage.*

ĀGRŸNDAN

Verb: *to descend, ground.*

AGU

Noun: *magpie.*

AGUSTIN

Noun: *St. Augustine.*

AGUSTUS

Noun: *Augustus; month of August.*

ĀGYLPAN

Verb: *to exult in.*

ĀGYLTAN

Verb: *to do wrong, fail; to offend, sin.*

ĀGYLTEND

Noun: *debtor.*

ĀGYLTING

Noun: *offence, fault, guilt.*

ĀGYLTNES

Noun: *guilt.*

ĀGŸMAN

Verb: *to regard; to heal, cure; to take notice of.*

ĀHABBAN

Verb: *to restrain, abstain; to support.*

ĀHACCIAN

Verb: *to pick out.*

ĀHAFENNES

Noun: *elevation, rising, lifting up; elation; pride.*

ĀHALSIAN

Verb: *to implore.*

ĀHANGIAN

Verb: *to hang.*

ĀHĀTAN

Verb: *to call, name.*

ĀHĀTIAN

Verb: *to become hot.*

ĀHEALDAN

Verb: *to keep, hold.*

ĀHEALTIAN

Verb: *to halt; to crawl, limp.*

ĀHEARDIAN

Verb: *to be or become hard, not to be relaxed, be rigid; to last, endure, hold out; to inure.*

ĀHEARDUNG

Noun: *hardening.*

ĀHĒAWAN

Verb: *to cut or hew off; to cut wood into planks; to plane.*

ĀHEBBAN

Verb: *to raise, erect, exalt, heave or stir up; to take away, remove; to support, uphold; to leaven, ferment.*

ĀHEFEGIAN

Verb: *to make sad or heavy, oppress; to become heavy; to weigh down, burden.*

ĀHELIAN

Verb: *to cover, hide, conceal.*

ĀHELPAN

Verb: *to assist, help, support.*

ĀHĒNAN

Verb: *to humble, abase, tread down or under foot; to accuse.*

ĀHEOLORIAN

Verb: *to consider, balance, weigh.*

ĀHEORDAN

Verb: *to set free.*

ĀHERIAN

Verb: *to praise, celebrate enough.*

ĀHIERDAN

Verb: *to encourage, animate; to make hard, harden.*

ĀHIERDING

Adjective: *hardening.*

ĀHILDAN

Verb: *to incline, bend; to decline; to rest, lay down; to avert, turn away; to destroy, cast down.*

ĀHILDNES

Noun: *declination.*

ĀHĪÐEND

Noun: *destroyer, ravager, extortioner.*

ĀHLADAN

Verb: *to draw or lead out, draw forth; to exclude.*

ĀHLÆNAN

Verb: *to set oneself up.*

ĀHLÆNSIAN

Verb: *to soak, steep; to make or become lean.*

ĀHLĒAPAN

Verb: *to leap or spring up.*

ĀHLĒFAN

Verb: *to pull or pluck out.*

ĀHLĒOÐRIAN

Verb: *to sound, resound.*

ĀHLIEHHAN

Verb: *to laugh at, deride; to exult.*

ĀHLOCIAN

Verb: *to dig out.*

ĀHLŌWAN

Verb: *to roar or bellow again.*

ĀHLŪTTRIAN

Verb: *to cleanse; to refine, purify; to scum.*

ĀHLYSTAN

Verb: *to hear, listen to (sth).*

ĀHNĒAPAN

Verb: *to pluck off.*

ĀHNESCIAN

Verb: *to weaken, make nesh; to become soft or effeminate.*

ĀHNĪGAN

Verb: *to fall or bow down; to empty oneself.*

ĀHOGIAN

Verb: *to think out, be anxious about.*

ĀHOGOD

Adjective: *solicitous.*

ĀHOLIAN

Verb: *to hollow, dig, scoop out; to engrave, emboss.*

ĀHŌN

Verb: *to suspend, hang, crucify.*

ĀHOPIAN

Verb: *to hope for; to trust in.*

ĀHRÆCAN

Verb: *to clear out; to spit out.*

ĀHRÆSCIAN

Verb: *to shake off.*

ĀHREDDAN

Verb: *to liberate, set free, rid; to deliver; to save, protect against, rescue.*

ĀHREDDING

Noun: *saving, salvation, deliverance, rescue.*

ĀHRĒOFIAN

Verb: *to become leprous.*

ĀHRĒOSAN

Verb: *to rush; to fall, fall down, perish; to be destroyed.*

ĀHREPIAN

Verb: *to make use of; to seize; to touch; to have to do with, treat.*

ĀHRĒRAN

Verb: *to move, shake, make tremble.*

ĀHRĪNAN

Verb: *to touch, handle.*

ĀHRISIAN

Verb: *to shake, stir up; to shake off; to excite, arouse.*

ĀHRŸRAN

Verb: *to cause to fall, destroy.*

ĀHTES

Adjective: *of any account or value.*

ĀHTLĪCE

Adverb: *courageously, manfully, stoutly, triumphantly.*

ĀHWA

Pronoun: *any one.*

ĀHWÆÐER

1. Pronoun: *some one, any one; something, anything; either, each, one or other.*

2. Adverb: *some one, any one; anything; either.*

ĀHWÆNAN

Verb: *to afflict, trouble, grieve, vex.*

ĀHWÆNNE

Adverb: *when; at some time, any time, whenever, at all times.*

ĀHWÆR

Adverb: *anywhere, some where, everywhere; ever, at any time; in any way.*

ĀHWÆT

Noun: *anything; anyone.*

ĀHWEORFAN

Verb: *to convert, turn away or over; to turn, turn aside; to avert.*

ĀHWERGEN

Adverb: *anywhere; in any case; before.*

ĀHWETTAN

Verb: *to excite, whet, kindle; to provide; to hold out to; to reject, cast or drive away.*

ĀHWIDER

Adverb: *in any direction, from or to any place.*

ĀHWIERFAN

Verb: *to turn away or from, avert.*

ĀHWĪTIAN

Verb: *to whiten.*

AHWLIC

Adjective: *terrible.*

ĀHWONAN

Adverb: *from what place, whence; somewhere, anywhere, in any direction.*

ĀHWYLFAN

Verb: *to cover over, overwhelm, submerge; to overturn, subvert; to roll to, roll over.*

ĀHYCGAN

Verb: *to think out, invent, devise; to search.*

ĀHŸDAN

Verb: *to hide, conceal.*

ĀHYLDENDLIC

Adjective: *ready to incline; enclitic.*

AHYLDENDLĪCE

Adverb: *inclininglу.*

ĀHYLTAN

Verb: *to trip up, make to halt.*

ĀHŸRAN

Verb: *to hire; to praise.*

ĀHYRSTAN

Verb: *to roast, fry.*

ĀHYSPAN

Verb: *to reproach.*

ĀHŸÐAN

Verb: *to destroy, lay waste, devour; to rob, plunder, despoil.*

ĀĪDAN

Verb: *to expel, dispossess; to turn out.*

ĀĪDLIAN

Verb: *to be or make idle or useless, frustrate; to empty, annul; to profane; to be free from, deprive (of).*

ĀIERNAN

Verb: *to run over or away; to pass over; to run out; to go, pass by.*

ĀĪEÐAN

Verb: *to demolish, lay waste, destroy, devastate; to cast out, lay low.*

ĀL

Noun: *fire, burning.*

ĀLĀDIAN

Verb: *to excuse, make excuse for.*

ĀLĀÐIAN

Verb: *to be or become hateful or hostile; to hate, loathe; to threaten.*

ĀLÆCCAN

Verb: *to take, catch, get hold of.*

ĀLÆDAN

Verb: *to lead, conduct, lead away, carry off, bring; to grow, come forth, be produced; to withdraw; to bear off.*

ĀLÆNAN

Verb: *to lend, grant, lease.*

ĀLÆRAN

Verb: *to teach.*

ĀLÆTAN

Verb: *to release, leave, let go; to lose; to give up, renounce, resign; to allow, let; to forgive, pardon, remit; to return, deliver up.*

ĀLÆTNES

Noun: *loss, desolation; remission.*

ALAMANNE

Noun: *the Alamanni.*

ALAN

Verb: *to grow, produce; to nourish; to appear.*

ĀLANGIAN

Verb: *to long for; to last too long.*

ĀLATIAN

Verb: *to grow sluggish or dull.*

ALB

Noun: *white garment, alb.*

ALDGEDDUNG

Noun: *old saying.*

ALDHĀD

Noun: *old age.*

ALDHELM

Noun: *Aldhelm, bishop of Sherborne.*

ALDORNES

Noun: *authority.*

ĀLECGAN

Verb: *to put, lay, place, deposit; to give up, abandon, cease from; to destroy, abolish, suppress; to allay; to overcome, overthrow, conquer; to diminish, put down; to impose, inflict upon; to lay aside, put off.*

ĀLĒFEDNES

Noun: *infirmity, lameness, crippledness.*

ĀLĒFIAN

1. Verb: *to injure, lame, cripple, maim; to make weak or sick, enfeeble.*

2. See *ālīefan.*

ALEFNE

1. Noun: *alum.*

2. See *allefne* (1).

ĀLENDAN

Verb: *to lease.*

ĀLĒODAN

Verb: *to grow, spring up.*

ĀLĒOGAN

Verb: *to be false to, lie, leave unfulfilled, deceive; to deny, belie.*

ĀLĒON

Verb: *to lend; to give up.*

ĀLĒORAN

Verb: *to go or flee away, depart; to pass away.*

ALERBRŌC

Noun: *brook with alders on the banks.*

ALERSCEAGA

Noun: *alder-copse.*

ĀLESAN

Verb: *to choose; to select, pick out, excerpt.*

ALEWE

Noun: *aloe.*

ĀLĒWED

Adjective: *weak, feeble, ill.*

ALEXANDRE

Noun: *horse-parsley.*

ALEXANDRINESC

Adjective: *Alexandrian.*

ĀLFÆT

Noun: *cooking vessel, cauldron.*

ĀLGEWEORC

Noun: *fire-making, touchwood, tinder.*

ĀLIBBAN

Verb: *to live, pass one's life; to have life, not be inanimate; to survive.*

ALIBBEND

Noun: *survivor, one who lives after.*

ĀLICGAN

Verb: *to cease, be at an end, come to an end, be subdued, perish; to fail; to confine, yield.*

ĀLĪEFAN

Verb: *to allow, permit, grant; to hand over, yield up.*

ĀLĪEFEDLIC

Adjective: *allowable, permissible, lawful.*

ĀLĪEFEDLĪCE

Adverb: *allowably, lawfully.*

ĀLĪESAN

Verb: *to loose, release, liberate, let free, deliver; to pay for loosing, redeem, ransom; to absolve, rescue; to remove, detach.*

ĀLĪESEDNES

Noun: *redemption, ransom; salvation, remission (of sins).*

ĀLĪESEND

Noun: *liberator, redeemer, deliverer; saviour.*

ĀLĪESENDLIC

Adjective: *loosing, liberating.*

ĀLĪESENDNES

Noun: *redemption, ransom; absolution, remission (of sins).*

ĀLĪESING

1. Noun: *redemption, ransom; remission (of sins).*

2. See *ālīesnes.*

ĀLĪESNES

Noun: *redemption, ransom; remission (of sins).*

ĀLĪHTAN

1. Verb: *to relieve, alleviate, lighten; to enlighten; to take off or away, descend, aligh.t*

2. Verb: *to light up, enlighten.*

ĀLIMPAN

Verb: *to happen, occur, befall.*

ĀLIÐIAN

Verb: *to separate, detach, dismember; to set free; to take away.*

ALLEFNE

1. Adjective: *quite equal.*

2. Adverb: *universally.*

ALLELUIA

Noun: *the Alleluia.*

ĀLOCCIAN

Verb: *to entice.*

ALOR

Noun: *alder-tree.*

ALORBEDD

Noun: *alder bed.*

ALORDRENC

Noun: *alder-drink.*

ALORHOLT

Noun: *alder-wood.*

ALORRIND

Noun: *alder-rind or bark.*

ĀLOTEN

Adjective: *prone, submissive, bent down.*

ALREN

Adjective: *growing alders.*

ALRETT

Noun: *alder copse.*

ALRĪCA

Noun: *Alaric, king of the Goths.*

ALTER

Noun: *altar.*

ĀLŪCAN

Verb: *to separate; to take away, pull out, withdraw; to pluck up.*

ĀLŪTAN

Verb: *to incline, bend or bow down.*

ĀLŸFED

Adjective: *weakened.*

ĀLŸFEDNES

Noun: *permission, leave, grant.*

ĀLŸMAN

Verb: *to come forth; to show forth.*

ĀLYNNAN

Verb: *to release, loose, free from, let go, deliver.*

ALYSTAN

Verb: *to list; to wish, desire.*

ĀLŸÐRAN

Verb: *to lather.*

ĀM

Noun: *reed or slay of a weaver's loom.*

AMÆLLAD

Adjective: *emptied out, brought to naught.*

ĀMǢRAN

1. Verb: *to make famous, celebrate; to extol.*

2. Verb: *to exterminate.*

AMÆST

Adjective: *fat, fattened.*

ĀMÆSTAN

Verb: *to feed up, fatten.*

ĀMAGIAN

Verb: *to recover (health), be restored to health, revive; to prevail.*

ĀMANG

Adposition: *among, amongst; while, whilst, during.*

ĀMANIAN

Verb: *to require, demand, exact.*

AMĀNSOD

Adjective: *excommunicated.*

AMĀNSOMOD

Adjective: *excommunicated.*

ĀMĀNSUMIAN

Verb: *to curse, excommunicate, anathematize; to outlaw, proscribe.*

ĀMĀNSUMUNG

Noun: *curse, excommunication.*

ĀMASIAN

Verb: *to amaze, stupefy, confound.*

ĀMĀWAN

Verb: *to mow, cut off.*

AMBER

Noun: *vessel, pail, pitcher, casket, tankard; dry or liquid measure.*

AMBIHT

1. Noun: *office, service; commission, command, message.*

2. Noun: *officer, attendant, messenger, servant.*

AMBIHTERE

Noun: *servant.*

AMBIHTHĒRA

Noun: *obedient servant or minister, vassal.*

AMBIHTHŪS

Noun: *workshop, office.*

AMBIHTMANN

Noun: *attendant, servant, minister.*

AMBIHTMECG

Noun: *servant, minister.*

AMBIHTNES

Noun: *service.*

AMBIHTSCEALC

Noun: *official-servant, functionary, retainer.*

AMBIHTSECG

Noun: *official man, minister, ambassador; messenger.*

AMBIHTSMIÐ

Noun: *court smith or carpenter.*

AMBIHTSUMNES

Noun: *service, kind attention; compliance.*

AMBIHTÐEGN

Noun: *attendant, servant.*

AMBROSIE

Noun: *ambrosia.*

AMBYRE

Adjective: *unfavourable, contrary (of wind).*

ĀMEALLIAN

Verb: *to become insipid, lose savour; to pass away, vanish.*

ĀMEARCIAN

Verb: *to determine, describe, delineate, mark out; to assign, appoint, destine.*

AMEL

Noun: *sacred vessel.*

ĀMELCAN

Verb: *to milk.*

ĀMELDIAN

Verb: *to reveal, disclose, make known; to let out; to betray; to conceal; to denounce, inform against.*

ĀMELTAN

Verb: *to melt.*

AMEOS

Noun: *bishop-wort or bishop-weed.*

ĀMERIAN

Verb: *to examine, test; to refine, purify.*

ĀMETAN

Verb: *to measure, estimate; to form, make, plan; to assign, mete out, bestow, grant.*

ĀMĒTAN

Verb: *to paint, depict; to adorn.*

ĀMETENDLIC

Adjective: *measurable, limited, brief, compendious.*

ĀMETENDLĪCE

Adverb: *within measurable limits, compendiously; briefly.*

ĀMETSIAN

Verb: *to provision, provide food for.*

ĀMIDAN

Adposition: *in the middle of, in the midst, amid.*

AMIDDAN

Adverb: *in the middle, into the midst.*

ĀMIDIAN

Verb: *to be or make foolish.*

ĀMĪDLIAN

Verb: *to bridle.*

ĀMIDOD

Adjective: *made foolish.*

ĀMIERRAN

Verb: *to trouble, disturb, injure, mar; to distract, obstruct, hinder, prevent, impede, check; to lose, consume, spend, waste, spoil, destroy; to misguide, lead astray, defile, corrupt; to scatter, dissipate.*

ĀMIGDAL

Noun: *almond.*

AMMI

Noun: *ammi, an African plant; millet, bishopwort.*

ĀMOLSNIAN

Verb: *to weaken, decay, lose power.*

ĀMOLTEN

Adjective: *molten.*

AMORREAS

Noun: *the Amorites.*

AMPELLE

Noun: *vessel, bottle, flask.*

AMPRE

1. Noun: *swelling, varix, tumour.*

2. Noun: *dock, sorrel.*

ĀMUNDIAN

Verb: *to protect, defend.*

ĀMYLTAN

Verb: *to melt.*

ĀMYRÐRAN

Verb: *to kill, murder.*

ĀMYRGAN

Verb: *to cheer, gladden, delight.*

ĀN

1. Adjective: *a, an, another; each, every one, all; only, single, sole, alone, lonely; singular, unique.*

2. Adverb: *only, alone.*

3. Numeral: *one; every, all, everyone.*

ĀNAD

Noun: *solitude; desert; waste.*

ĀNÆGLED

Adjective: *nailed down, crucified.*

ANANBĒAM

Noun: *spindle-tree, prick-wood.*

ANAWYRM

Noun: *intestinal worm.*

ANBERLĪCE

Adverb: *cheerfully.*

ANBESETTAN

Verb: *to inflict.*

ANBESTINGAN

Verb: *to insert, thrust in.*

ANBEWEORPAN

Verb: *to cast into.*

ANBID

Noun: *awaiting, expectation, hope; interval.*

ANBIDIAN

See *(ge)anbidian.*

ANBIDSTŌW

Noun: *place of meeting, place in which to wait.*

ANBĪDUNG

See *(ge)anbīdung.*

ĀNBOREN

Adjective: *only-begotten, only-born.*

ANBRUCOL

Adjective: *rugged.*

ANBRYRDAN

Verb: *to prick, goad; to vex.*

ĀNBŪEND

Noun: *hermit, anchorite.*

ĀNBŪENDE

Adjective: *dwelling alone.*

ANBURGE

Noun: *sureties.*

ĀNBȳME

Adjective: *made out of a single trunk, dug-out (ship).*

ANBYRDNES

Noun: *resistance.*

ANBYRIGNES

Noun: *taste, tasting.*

ĀNCENNED

Adjective: *only-begotten.*

ANCLĒOW

Noun: *ankle.*

ANCLĒOWE

Noun: *ankle.*

ANCOR

Noun: *anchor, ballast.*

ĀNCOR

Noun: *hermit, anchorite; anchor.*

ANCORBEND

Noun: *rope, cord, anchor-band.*

ĀNCORLIC

Adjective: *anchoretic, like a hermit.*

ĀNCORLĪF

Noun: *anchoret's or solitary life.*

ANCORMAN

Noun: *man in charge of the anchor.*

ANCORRĀP

Noun: *cable, anchor-rope.*

ANCORSETL

Noun: *anchor-seat, prow of a ship.*

ĀNCORSETL

Noun: *hermitage, anchoret's cell.*

ĀNCORSETLA

Noun: *hermit, anchorite.*

ĀNCORSTŌW

Noun: *solitary place, anchoret's cell.*

ANCORSTRENG

Noun: *cable, anchor-string.*

ĀNCRA

Noun: *hermit, anchorite, monk.*

ANCUMAN

Verb: *to come, arrive.*

ĀNCUMMUM

Adverb: *one by one, singly.*

ĀNCYN

Adjective: *only.*

AND-

Affix: *denotes opposition; against; without.*

AND

1. Conjunction: *and; but; or.*

2. Adposition: *against, before; on, into.*

3. See *on* (1).

ANDA

Noun: *envy, anger, grudge; enmity; mischief, injury, vexation; fear, horror; amazement; zeal.*

ĀNDÆGE

Adjective: *for one day, lasting a day.*

ĀNDAGA

Noun: *appointed or fixed day.*

ĀNDAGIAN

See *(ge)āndagian.*

ANDBĪCNIAN

Verb: *to make signs to.*

ANDBITA

Noun: *feast; unleavened bread.*

ANDCWEÐAN

Verb: *contradicere, frustrari.*

ANDCWISS

Noun: *answer.*

ANDCŸÐNES

Noun: *experience, evidence.*

ANDĒAGES

Adverb: *openly, in the face.*

ANDĒAW

Adjective: *proud, arrogant, presumptuous, ostentatious.*

ANDEFERA

Noun: *Andover.*

ANDEFN

Noun: *measure, quantity, amount, extent; quality, capacity, nature.*

ANDELBÆR

Adjective: *reversed, inverted.*

ANDELBĀRE

1. Noun: *monstrosity; the heels being in the place of the toes.*

2. See *andelbær.*

ANDERGILDE

Adjective: *in repayment or compensation.*

ANDET

Noun: *praise, confession; honour, glory.*

ANDETLA

Noun: *declaration, confession.*

ANDETNES

See *(ge)andetnes.*

ANDETTA

Noun: *acknowledger, confessor.*

ANDETTAN

See *(ge)andettan.*

ANDETTEND

Noun: *confessor.*

ANDETTERE

Noun: *confessor.*

ANDETTUNG

Noun: *confession, profession.*

ANDFANG

Noun: *taking, acceptance.*

ANDFANGOL

Adjective: *receiver, one who receives; protector, defender.*

ANDFEAX

Adjective: *bald.*

ANDFENG

Noun: *taking, seizing, receiving; means, revenue; defender; defence; attack, assault; illegal occupation (of land).*

ANDFENGA

Noun: *receiver, undertaker; defender.*

ANDFENGE

1. Adjective: *acceptable, agreeable; fit, suitable, approved, taken.*

2. Noun: *undertaker, helper, receptacle.*

ANDFENGEND

Noun: *helper, defender; receiver, undertaker.*

ANDFENGNES

Noun: *receiving, acceptance; reception, receptacle.*

ANDFENGSTŌW

Noun: *receptacle.*

ANDFINDENDE

Adjective: *finding, getting.*

ANDFYLSTAN

Verb: *to aid.*

ANDGELŌMAN

Noun: *tools, utensils, implements.*

ANDGETE

Adjective: *plain, manifest.*

ANDGIET

Noun: *perception, understanding, knowledge, cognizance intellect; meaning, sense; one of the five senses; plan, purpose.*

ANDGIETE

1. Noun: *intellect, understanding, knowledge, perception; sense, meaning; one of the five senses; plan, purpose.*

2. See *andgete.*

ANDGIETFUL

Adjective: *sensible, intelligent, knowing, discerning.*

ANDGIETFULLIC

Adjective: *intelligible, clear.*

ANDGIETFULLĪCE

Adverb: *sensibly, intelligibly; plainly, clearly, distinctly.*

ANDGIETLĒAS

Adjective: *senseless, foolish, doltish.*

ANDGIETLĒAST

Noun: *senselessness, want of understanding.*

ANDGIETLIC

Adjective: *clear, intelligible.*

ANDGIETLĪCE

Adverb: *clearly.*

ANDGIETTĀCEN

Noun: *sign, sensible token.*

ANDGITOL

Adjective: *sensible, understanding, intelligent.*

ANDHĒAFOD

Noun: *unploughed headland.*

ANDHWEORFAN

Verb: *to move against, blow against.*

ANDIAN

Verb: *to envy, be envious or jealous; to be zealous.*

ANDIENDLĪCE

Adverb: *enviously.*

ANDIG

Adjective: *envious; zealous.*

ANDIGENDE

Adjective: *envying.*

ANDLANG

1. Adjective: *throughout, entire; continuous, extended, all-along.*

2. Adposition: *along, by the side of.*

ANDLANGCEMPA

Noun: *regular soldier, soldier who fights along with others.*

ANDLANGES

1. Adverb: *along.*

2. Adposition: *along.*

ANDLĒAN

Noun: *retribution, retaliation.*

ANDLEOFA

Noun: *food, nourishment, sustenance; money, wages, alms; gift.*

ANDLEOFEN

Noun: *food, nourishment, sustenance, pottage; money, wages, alms.*

ANDLŌMAN

Noun: *implements, utensils; vessels.*

ANDREAS

Noun: *Andrew.*

ANDRĒASMÆSSE

Noun: *St Andrew's day (30th Nov.).*

ANDRED

Noun: *the city of Andred or Andrida.*

ANDREDES CEASTER

Noun: *the Roman station or city of Andred, Pevensey or Pemsey Castle, Sussex.*

ANDREDES LĒAG

Noun: *Andredsley.*

ANDREDES WEALD

Noun: *large wood in Kent, extending into Sussex.*

ĀNDRENCEFÆT

Noun: *cup emptied at one swallow; pressing-vat.*

ANDRIBB

Noun: *breast.*

ANDSACA

Noun: *opposer, adversary, enemy; denier, apostate, renouncer.*

ANDSACIAN

Verb: *to dispute, strive against; to refuse, deny, gainsay; to forsake, abjure.*

ANDSÆC

Noun: *denial, refusal; resistance, contention, strife; oath of purgation.*

ANDSĀTE

Adjective: *odious, hateful, repugnant, abominable; hostile.*

ANDSLYHT

Noun: *blow, return-stroke.*

ANDSPYRIAN

See *(ge)andspyrian.*

ANDSPURNAN

Verb: *to strike or stumble against.*

ANDSPURNES

Noun: *offence.*

ANDSUMNES

Noun: *purity, chastity, virginity; soundness, freedom from physical or moral flaw.*

ANDSWARIAN

See *(ge)andswarian.*

ANDSWARU

Noun: *answer, reply.*

ANDSWERIAN

Verb: *to answer.*

ANDÐWÆRE

Adjective: *perverse; forward, athwart; cross.*

ANDUNG

1. Noun: *jealousy.*

2. See *anung.*

ANDŪSTRIAN

Verb: *to curse, repudiate.*

ANDŪSTRUNG

Noun: *thing detested, abomination.*

ANDWEARD

See *(ge)andweard.*

ANDWEARDIAN

See *(ge)andweardian.*

ANDWEARDLIC

Adjective: *present, actual.*

ANDWEARDLĪCE

Adverb: *presentially, present, in the presence of.*

ANDWEARDNES

Noun: *presence; present time; dispensation.*

ANDWEORC

Noun: *substance, matter, material, metal; cause.*

ANDWERD

See *(ge)andwerd.*

ANDWĪG

Noun: *resistance.*

ANDWIGGEARO

Adjective: *ready for defence.*

ANDWIRDAN

Verb: *to answer.*

ANDWĪS

Adjective: *skilful, expert.*

ANDWĪSNES

Noun: *experience, skillfulness.*

ANDWIST

Noun: *support, sustenance.*

ANDWLITA

Noun: *face, countenance, forehead; form.*

ANDWLITE

Noun: *face, countenance, forehead; form.*

ANDWLITEFUL

Adjective: *with grim look.*

ANDWRĀÐ

Adjective: *hostile, enraged.*

ANDWREÐIAN

Verb: *to support.*

ANDWYRDAN

See *(ge)andwyrdan.*

ANDWYRDE

Noun: *answer.*

ANDWYRDING

Noun: *agreement, consent; conspiracy.*

ĀNĒAGE

Adjective: *one-eyed, blind of one eye.*

ĀNĒAGEDE

Adjective: *one-eyed, blind of one eye.*

ĀNECGE

Adjective: *having one edge.*

ĀNEMNAN

Verb: *to declare, announce.*

ĀNERIAN

Verb: *to save, rescue; to deliver.*

ĀNETNES

Noun: *solitude, seclusion.*

ĀNETT

Noun: *solitude, seclusion, retirement.*

ĀNFĀH

Adjective: *of one colour.*

ĀNFEALD

Adjective: *single, sole, alone; singular, unique; simple, plain, unmixed, invariable; peculiar, matchless; superior; sincere, honest.*

ĀNFEALDĀÐ

Noun: *simple oath.*

ĀNFEALDLIC

Adjective: *single, unique, superior; simple, unmixed; modest, honest, sincere; fixed, invariable; singular (gram.).*

ĀNFEALDLĪCE

Adverb: *singly; simply, without ornament.*

ĀNFEALDNES

Noun: *unity, singleness, oneness; simplicity, ingeniousness.*

ANFEALT

Noun: *anvil.*

ĀNFĒTE

Adjective: *with one foot.*

ANFILT

Noun: *anvil.*

ĀNFLOGA

Noun: *lonely flier or flying.*

ANFORHT

Adjective: *timid, fearful.*

ĀNFORLÆTAN

Verb: *to abandon, forsake; to let go, give up, surrender, relinquish; to omit, neglect; to lose, withdraw from.*

ANFORLÆTAN

Verb: *to leave alone, abandon; to lose; to forsake, relinquish, surrender; to omit, neglect; to excuse, pardon, remit; to loose, release, let go; to let, allow, permit; to give, grant.*

ĀNFORLÆTNES

Noun: *loss, desertion; intermission.*

ĀNFORLĒTEN

Adjective: *clothed.*

ANFORNGEAN

Adverb: *in front of.*

ĀNGA

Adjective: *only, single, sole; individual, singular, solitary.*

ANGA

Noun: *stimulus, sting, goad.*

ANGBRĒOST

Noun: *difficulty of breathing, asthma.*

ANGEL

1. Noun: *angle, hook, fish-hook.*

2. See *engel* (1).

3. Noun: *Anglen in Denmark, the country from which the Angles came into Britain.*

ANGELCYNING

Noun: *Angle or English king.*

ANGELCYNN

Noun: *English people; England.*

ANGELCYRICE

Noun: *church in England.*

ANGELFOLC

Noun: *English people.*

ANGELĪCNESS

Noun: *likeness; image.*

ANGELSEAXE

Noun: *Anglo-Saxons.*

ANGELTWICCE

Noun: *earthworm, certain worm used as bait.*

ANGELÞEOD

Noun: *English people; England.*

ANGELWITA

Noun: *English councillors; an English.*

ĀNGENGA

1. Adjective: *solitary, isolated.*

2. Noun: *solitary goer, isolated one.*

ĀNGETRUM

Noun: *singular or illustrious company.*

ANGIAN

See *(ge)angian.*

ANGILDAN

1. Verb: *to pay for, repay, atone for.*

2. See *ongieldan*.

ĀNGILDE

1. Noun: *single payment or compensation; fixed price at which cattle and other goods were received as currency*.

2. Adjective: *to be compensated for*.

3. Adverb: *simply, only*.

ANGINN

Noun: *action, proceeding, intention, purpose, resolve; design; enterprise, undertaking; action, activity, active life; effort, endeavour, pertinacity; beginning, onset; behaviour, treatment; attempt on, attack; rising (of sun); tip (of finger)*.

ANGLE

Noun: *the Angles or English*.

ANGLESĒG

Noun: *Anglesey*.

ANGMŌD

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful, anxious, vexed in mind*.

ANGMŌDNES

Noun: *sadness, sorrow*.

ANGNÆGL

Noun: *corn*.

ANGNERE

Noun: *corner of the eye*.

ANGNES

Noun: *trouble, sorrow, affliction, distress, anguish, anxiety, fear, pain*.

ANGRISENLĪCE

Adverb: *terribly*.

ANGRISLA

Noun: *dread, terror, horror*.

ANGRISLIC

Adjective: *dreadful, terrible, horrible, grisly*.

ANGSET

Noun: *eruption, pustule, carbuncle, pimple*.

ANGSUM

Adjective: *difficult, hard, troublesome; narrow, strait*.

ANGSUME

Adverb: *in trouble or difficulties.*

ANGSUMIAN

See *(ge)angsumian.*

ANGSUMLIC

Adjective: *troublesome, anxious, painful.*

ANGSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *sorrowfully, painfully.*

ANGSUMNES

Noun: *trouble, sorrow, distress, anguish, anxiety, pain; difficulty; perplexity.*

ĀNHAGA

Noun: *solitary being, recluse.*

ĀNHEALFRŪH

Adjective: *having one side rough.*

ĀNHENDE

Adjective: *one-handed, lame; weak, imperfect.*

ANHENDE

Adjective: *requiring attention, on hand.*

ĀNHĪWE

Adjective: *of one form or colour.*

ANHOGA

Noun: *care, anxiety.*

ĀNHORN

Noun: *unicorn.*

ĀNHUNDWINTRE

Adjective: *a hundred years old.*

ĀNHŸDIG

Adjective: *firm, steadfast, one or single minded; brave; constant; self-willed, stubborn.*

ĀNHYRNE

1. Noun: *unicorn.*

2. Adjective: *having one horn.*

ĀNHYRNED

Adjective: *having one horn.*

ĀNHYRNENDE

Adjective: *having one horn.*

ĀNĪDAN

Verb: *to restrain, constrain, keep from; to force, drive out; to repel, beat back.*

ĀNĪHST

Adverb: *at last, in the last place.*

ĀNIMAN

Verb: *to take, accept; to retain; to take away, remove, deprive of.*

ĀNIÐRIAN

Verb: *to put or cast down; to condemn, damn.*

ĀNLÆCAN

See *(ge)ānlæcan*.

ĀNLĀF

Noun: *Olaf, king of Dublin.*

ĀNLAGA

Adjective: *acting alone.*

ANLĒC

Noun: *consideration, respect; regard, on-look.*

ĀNLEGERE

Adjective: *consorting with one man; lying with one person.*

ĀNLIC

1. Adjective: *only, unique, solitary; beautiful; catholic, orthodox.*

2. See *ænlic.*

ĀNLĪEPIG

1. Adjective: *each; single, alone, individual, sole; solitary, separate, private; special.*

2. Adverb: *only, alone; severally.*

ĀNLĪPE

1. Adjective: *single, individual, separate, alone, solitary, private; special.*

2. Adverb: *only, alone; severally.*

ĀNLĪPNES

Noun: *loneliness, solitude; privacy.*

ĀNLĪPUM

Adverb: *singly, one by one.*

ĀNMĒDE

Noun: *concord, unanimity.*

ANMĒDLA

Noun: *pride, arrogance, presumption; pomp, glory, magnificence; boldness, courage*.

ANMITTA

Noun: *measure, bushel; weight, balance, scale.*

ĀNMŌD

Adjective: *brave, bold, courageous, daring, fierce; of one mind, unanimous; steadfast, resolute; eager; proud.*

ĀNMŌDLĪCE

Adjective: *unanimously, with one accord.*

ĀNMŌDNES

Noun: *unity, unanimity; resolution, steadfastness; constancy.*

ĀNNES

Noun: *unity, oneness; agreement, covenant; loneliness, solitude.*

ĀNNIHTE

Adjective: *one day old.*

ĀNPÆÐ

Noun: *narrow path, pass.*

ĀNRÆD

Adjective: *agreed, unanimous; firm, steadfast; resolute, constant, persevering; prompt, vehement.*

ĀNRÆDLIC

Adjective: *constant; resolute, decided, undoubting, unhesitating.*

ĀNRÆDLĪCE

Adverb: *unanimously; resolutely, decidedly, earnestly, without hesitation or uncertainty; constantly, persistently, pertinaciously; definitely; positively; uniformly.*

ĀNRÆDNES

Noun: *agreement, concord, unanimity; constancy, perseverance, earnestness, diligence; resolution, decision, firmness, steadfastness.*

ĀNRAGEHWĀ

Pronoun: *everyone.*

ANSCĒAT

Noun: *bowels.*

ĀNSELD

Noun: *lonely dwelling, hermitage.*

ĀNSETL

Noun: *hermitage.*

ĀNSETLA

Noun: *hermit, anchorite.*

ANSĪEN

1. Noun: *form, figure, aspect, presence; sight, view; surface, face; countenance.*

2. See *onsīen* (1).

ANSĪENE

Adjective: *visible.*

ANSPEL

Noun: *conjecture.*

ANSPILDE

Adjective: *salutary, anti-destructive.*

ĀNSPRÆCE

Adjective: *unanimous, speaking as one.*

ANSTANDAN

Verb: *to stand against, resist, withstand; to be firm or steadfast; to dwell, inhabit.*

ĀNSTANDENDE

1. Adjective: *one standing alone; hermit.*

2. Noun: *one standing alone; hermit, monk.*

ĀNSTAPA

Noun: *lonely wanderer.*

ĀNSTELEDE

Adjective: *one-stalked, having one stem or handle.*

ĀNSTĪG

Noun: *path or track, perhaps in some instances specifically a narrow path or a narrow path of steep grade; defile.*

ANSTŌR

Noun: *incense.*

ĀNSTRÆC

Adjective: *determined, resolute; constant.*

ĀNSTRECES

Adverb: *continuously, continually, forthwith, at one stretch, with one effort.*

ANSUND

Adjective: *healthy, sound, unhurt, without flaw or injury, perfect; whole, entire; solid.*

ANSUNDNES

Noun: *soundness, integrity, wholeness.*

ĀNSWĒGE

Adjective: *accordant, consonant, agreeing in sound, harmonious.*

ANTECHRIST

Noun: *Antichrist.*

ANTEFN

Noun: *anthem, antiphon.*

ANTEFNERE

Noun: *anthem-book.*

ĀNTĪD

Noun: *fixed or appointed hour, due time; first hour.*

ANTIFONERE

Noun: *Antiphonary.*

ANTRE

Noun: *radish.*

ĀNUM

Adverb: *alone, solely.*

ANUNDER

Adposition: *under.*

ANUNG

Noun: *earnest desire, zeal, jealousy.*

ĀNUNGA

Adverb: *at once, forthwith, shortly, quickly; uninterruptedly; by all means; one by one, singly; clearly, plainly; entirely, altogether, throughout; necessarily, of necessity.*

ĀNWALD

Noun: *sole power, monarchy; rule, jurisdiction.*

ĀNWALDA

Noun: *lone ruler.*

ANWEALDEND

Noun: *ruler.*

ANWEDD

Noun: *security; pledge, recognizance.*

ĀNWĪG

Noun: *single combat, duel.*

ĀNWĪGGEARO

Adjective: *prepared for single combat.*

ĀNWĪGLĪCE

Adverb: *in single combat.*

ĀNWILLE

1. Adjective: *self-willed, obstinate, stubborn.*

2. Adverb: *wilfully, obstinately; boldly.*

ĀNWILLĪCE

Adverb: *obstinately, pertinaciously, stubbornly.*

ĀNWILNES

Noun: *self-will, persistence, obstinacy, contumacy.*

ĀNWINTRE

Adjective: *one year old, yearling, continuing for a year.*

ĀNWĪTE

Noun: *single fine, amercement, mulct.*

ANWLÆTA

Noun: *livid bruise.*

ANWLŌ

Adjective: *without a good grace, neglected, untrimmed, ill-favoured, deformed.*

ĀNWUNIAN

Verb: *to dwell or be alone.*

ĀNWUNIENDE

Adjective: *dwelling or being alone.*

ANWUNIGENDE

Adjective: *dwelling in, inhabiting.*

ĀNWUNUNG

Noun: *solitary dwelling.*

APA

Noun: *ape.*

ĀPÆCAN

Verb: *to seduce, mislead, lead astray.*

ĀPARIAN

Verb: *to take, apprehend; to discover.*

ĀPĪCAN

Verb: *to pick out.*

ĀPINSIAN

Verb: *to estimate, weigh, recount, ponder.*

ĀPINSUNG

Noun: *estimating, weighing.*

ĀPLANTIAN

Verb: *to plant, transplant.*

ĀPLATOD

Adjective: *beaten into (metal) plates.*

ĀPLUCCIAN

Verb: *to gather, pluck.*

APOSTATA

Noun: *apostate.*

APOSTOL

Noun: *messenger; apostle; disciple.*

APOSTOLHĀD

Noun: *apostleship.*

APOSTOLIC

Adjective: *apostolic.*

APRELIS

Noun: *April.*

ĀPRICCAN

Verb: *to prick.*

APROTANE

Noun: *southernwood, wormwood.*

APULDER

1. Noun: *apple-tree.*

2. Noun: *Appledore, in Kent.*

APULDERCOMB

Noun: *Appledore Combe.*

APULDORRIND

Noun: *bark or rind of apple-tree.*

APULDORTŪN

Noun: *apple-tree inclosure or orchard.*

ĀPULLIAN

Verb: *to pull.*

ĀPUNDRIAN

Verb: *to estimate, measure out, weigh, reckon; to requite.*

ĀPYFFAN

Verb: *to breathe out, exhale; to puff out.*

ĀPŸTAN

Verb: *to put out (eyes).*

AQUILEGIA

Noun: *Aquileia in Galia.*

ĀR

1. Noun: *servant, minister; messenger, herald, apostle, angel, legate; man, soldier.*

2. Noun: *oar.*

3. Noun: *honour, worth, dignity, glory, respect, reverence; grace, favour, prosperity, benefit, help; mercy, pity; landed property, possessions, revenue; ecclesiastical living, benefice; ownership; privilege.*

4. Noun: *ore, brass, copper.*

ARABISC

Adjective: *Arabian.*

ĀRǢCAN

Verb: *to get, reach; to hold, hand.*

ĀRǢD

1. Noun: *safety, welfare, counsel.*

2. Adjective: *prudent, wise; prepared, determined, resolute; counselling, consulting.*

ĀRǢDAN

Verb: *to determine, settle, fix, appoint, arrange, decide; to prepare; to care for, take counsel; to guess, conjecture, interpret; to utter; to read.*

ĀRǢDNES

Noun: *condition, covenant, stipulation; degree.*

ĀRǢFAN

Verb: *to set free, unwrap.*

ĀRÆFNAN

Verb: *to bear, endure, support, suffer; to keep in mind, ponder; to carry out, accomplish; to practise, perform.*

ARǢFNIENDE

Adjective: *bearing in mind, considering, pondering.*

ĀRÆFNIENDLIC

Adjective: *endurable, tolerable; possible.*

ĀRǢMAN

Verb: *to raise, elevate, lift up; to arise; to stand up.*

ĀRÆPSAN

Verb: *to intercept.*

ĀRÆRAN

Verb: *to raise, lift up; to cause to grow, build, erect; to establish; to create, set up; to spread, disseminate; to excite, exalt, extol; to disturb, upset; to rear (swine).*

ĀRÆREND

Noun: *one who arouses.*

ĀRÆRNES

Noun: *raising, elevation, exaltation.*

ĀRÆSAN

Verb: *to rush.*

ĀRĀFIAN

Verb: *to unravel, disentangle, unwind.*

ĀRĀSIAN

Verb: *to detect, find out, discover; to seize; to lay open; to try, test, search out, explore; to correct, reprove; to suspect, conjecture; to blame, reprehend.*

ĀRĀSOD

Adjective: *skilled.*

ĀRBLÆD

Noun: *oar-blade.*

ARBLAST

Noun: *cross-bow.*

ARC

1. Noun: *box, coffer, chest, ark; vessel, the ark of Noah; the ark of the covenant.*

2. See *earc* (1).

ARCE-

Affix: *chief.*

ARCE

1. Noun: *archiepiscopal pallium.*

2. Noun: *box, chest, coffer, ark.*

3. See *earc* (1).

4. See *arc* (1).

ARCEBISCOP

Noun: *archbishop.*

ARCEBISCOPDŌM

Noun: *post of archbishop, archbishopric.*

ARCEBISCOPHĀD

Noun: *post of archbishop.*

ARCEBISCOPRĪCE

Noun: *archbishopric.*

ARCEBISCOPSTŌL

Noun: *archiepiscopal see.*

ARCEDĪACON

Noun: *archdeacon.*

ARCEHĀD

Noun: *post of archbishop.*

ARCERĪCE

Noun: *archbishopric.*

ARCESTŌL

Noun: *archiepiscopal see or seat.*

ĀRCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *respected, honourable; polite.*

ARCTOS

Noun: *constellation Ursa Major.*

ĀRDÆDE

Adjective: *merciful.*

ĀRDAGAS

Noun: *festival days.*

ĀRĒAFIAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, tear from or asunder.*

ĀRECCAN

Verb: *to spread out, put forth, stretch out, strain; to raise up, erect, lift or build up; to say, tell out, speak out, declare, relate, recount, explain, expound, translate; to excite, astonish; to set in order, adorn, deck.*

ARECCENDE

Adjective: *explaining.*

ĀRĒCELĒASIAN

Verb: *to neglect; to be negligent.*

ĀRED

Noun: *counsel; safety, welfare.*

ĀREDIAN

Verb: *to make ready, arrange, provide, furnish; to carry out, execute; to make, devise; to find out, hit upon; to understand.*

ĀRENDAN

Verb: *to tear off.*

ĀRENGAN

Verb: *to make proud, exalt.*

ĀRĒODIAN

Verb: *to put to shame, blush, redden; to stain.*

ĀRĒTAN

Verb: *to cheer, gladden, comfort, delight, exhilarate; to set right, restore, refresh.*

AREWE

Noun: *Arrow.*

ĀRFÆST

Adjective: *good, virtuous, honest, upright, righteous; gracious, merciful, clement, compassionate, pious; respectful; respected; dutiful.*

ĀRFÆSTIAN

Verb: *to show mercy.*

ĀRFÆSTLIC

Adjective: *pious.*

ĀRFÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, graciously, honestly, piously.*

ĀRFÆSTNES

Noun: *virtue, goodness, kindness, honesty, grace, honour; pity, mercy, piety, clemency.*

ĀRFÆT

Noun: *brazen vessel.*

ĀRFUL

Adjective: *respected, venerable; kind, mild, favourable, merciful, respectful.*

ĀRFULLĪCE

Adverb: *gently, mildly, graciously.*

ARGENTILLE

Noun: *plant of uncertain identification, argentil, meadowsweet.*

ĀRGĒOTERE

Noun: *melter or founder of brass.*

ĀRGESWEORF

Noun: *brass filings.*

ĀRGEWEORC

Noun: *brass-work.*

ĀRGIFA

Noun: *giver of benefits.*

ĀRHWÆT

Adjective: *eager for honour or glory; bold, valiant.*

ĀRIAN

See *(ge)ārian*.

ĀRĪDAN

Verb: *to ride.*

ĀRIGEND

Noun: *benefactor, protector, patron.*

ĀRIHT

Adverb: *right, well, correct, properly, aright.*

ĀRĪMAN

Verb: *to count, number, enumerate; to relate.*

ĀRINNAN

Verb: *to run out; to pass away, disappear.*

ĀRĪSAN

See (ge)*ārisan.*

ARĪUS

Noun: *presbyter of Alexandria, Arius.*

ĀRLĒAS

Adjective: *shameful, disgraceful, dishonourable; wicked, cruel, base, infamous, impious; merciless, pitiless.*

ĀRLĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *wickedly, impiously.*

ĀRLĒASNES

Noun: *wickedness, impiety.*

ĀRLĒAST

Noun: *dishonour, impiety, cruelty; disgraceful deed.*

ĀRLIC

1. Adjective: *honest, honourable; fitting, proper, agreeable, becoming; delicious.*

2. See *ǣ*rlic.

ĀRLĪCE

1. Adverb: *honestly, honourably; kindly, pleasantly, graciously, mercifully; properly, becomingly.*

2. See *ærlīce.*

ĀRLOC

Noun: *oarlock, rowlock.*

ARMELU

Noun: *wild rue.*

ĀRMĪDL

Noun: *oar-thong.*

AROD

1. Adjective: *ready, prepared; active, quick; bold.*

2. Noun: *species of herb.*

ĀROD

Noun: *mark of honour, badge of office; pallium given by the pope to a bishop or archbishop.*

ARODLIC

Adjective: *quick.*

ARODLĪCE

Adverb: *quickly, vigorously; immediately.*

ARODNES

Noun: *spirit, boldness; resolution, constancy.*

ARODSCIPE

Noun: *quickness, swiftness; readiness; dexterity.*

AROSÆTE

Noun: *name of an English people.*

ARRIANISC

Adjective: *Arian.*

ĀRSĀPE

Noun: *verdigris.*

ĀRSCYLDINGAS

Noun: *honoured Skyldings, Danes.*

ĀRSMIÐ

Noun: *coppersmith, brazier.*

ĀRSTÆF

Noun: *kindness, grace; assistance, help, support; favour, benefit.*

ĀRÐEGN

Noun: *servant, minister.*

ĀRÐING

Noun: *thing of value, gift.*

ĀRUNG

Noun: *respect, reverence, honour; pardon.*

ARWE

Noun: *arrow.*

ĀRWEORÐ

Adjective: *honourable, venerable, revering, pious.*

ĀRWEORÐE

1. Adverb: *honourably.*

2. See *ārweorð.*

ĀRWEORÐFUL

Adjective: *honourable.*

ĀRWEORÐIAN

See *(ge)ārweorðian.*

ĀRWEORÐLIC

Adjective: *honourable, venerable.*

ĀRWEORÐLĪCE

Adjective: *honourably, reverently, solemnly; kindly, mildly.*

ĀRWEORÐNES

Noun: *reverence, honour, dignity.*

ĀRWEORÐUNG

Noun: *reverence, honour.*

ĀRWESA

Adjective: *honoured, respected.*

ĀRWIÐÐE

Noun: *oar-white, willow band to tie oars with.*

ĀRYDDAN

Verb: *to strip, plunder.*

ĀRYDERIAN

Verb: *to blush, be ashamed.*

ĀRŸPAN

Verb: *to tear off, strip, rip.*

ĀSADIAN

Verb: *to satiate, surfeit.*

ĀSÆLAN

Verb: *to bind, fetter, ensnare.*

ĀSAMNIAN

Verb: *to gather (sth) together.*

ĀSĀNIAN

Verb: *to diminish, grow weak or dull, drop, languish, flag; to wane.*

ASARU

Noun: *asarabacca, folefoot, hazelwort.*

ĀSĀWAN

Verb: *to sow.*

ĀSCÆRE

Adjective: *with tonsure, untrimmed.*

ĀSCAMELIC

Adjective: *shameful.*

ĀSCAMIAN

Verb: *to be ashamed, feel shame.*

ASCBACEN

Adjective: *baked on ashes.*

ASCE

Noun: *dust (of the ground), (burnt) ash.*

ĀSCEACAN

Verb: *to remove, shake off; to depart, flee, desert, forsake; to shake, brandish.*

ĀSCĒADAN

Verb: *to separate, disjoin, dissociate, exclude; to distinguish, make distinct; to cleanse, make clear, purify.*

ĀSCEAFAN

Verb: *to shave, shave off.*

ĀSCEALIAN

Verb: *to peel off.*

ĀSCĒOTAN

Verb: *to shoot, strike; to fall, drop out; to move rapidly; to make prominent, thrust out; to eviscerate.*

ĀSCIAN

See *(ge)āscian.*

ĀSCIENDLIC

Adjective: *interrogative, inquiring, inquisitive.*

ĀSCIEPPAN

Verb: *to make, create, originate; to determine; to give, assign, appoint.*

ASCIHTAN

Verb: *to drive away.*

ĀSCILDAN

Verb: *to protect.*

ĀSCILIAN

Verb: *to separate, divide.*

ĀSCĪMIAN

Verb: *to shine.*

ĀSCĪNAN

Verb: *to shine forth, radiate, beam; to be clear or evident.*

ĀSCIRAN

Verb: *to make clear; to cut off or away.*

ĀSCIRIAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, part, sever, cut off; to remove, rob; to set free, deprive of; to arrange, destine.*

ĀSCIRIGENDLIC

Adjective: *disjoining, disjunctive.*

ĀSCIRPAN

Verb: *to sharpen, make acute; to make ready, dress.*

ĀSCORTIAN

Verb: *to diminish, shorten, be or become short; to fail; to elapse, pass away; to be exhausted.*

ĀSCRĒADIAN

Verb: *to prune, lop.*

ĀSCRENCAN

Verb: *to displace, supplant; to cause to stumble, trip up.*

ĀSCREPAN

Verb: *to clear away, cast out, scrape.*

ĀSCRĪFAN

Verb: *to describe.*

ĀSCRINCAN

Verb: *to shrink, shrivel up.*

ĀSCRŪTNIAN

Verb: *to examine, investigate.*

ĀSCŪFAN

Verb: *to drive out or away, remove, repel, expel, banish, overthrow, shove; to give up.*

ĀSCUNG

See *(ge)āscung.*

ĀSCYHHAN

Verb: *to reject, scare away.*

ĀSCYLED

Adjective: *made manifest, taken out of the shell.*

ĀSCYLFAN

Verb: *to destroy, throw down.*

ĀSCYLIAN

1. Verb: *to separate, divide off.*

2. See *āscilian.*

ĀSCYNDAN

Verb: *to separate, part, take or drive away, remove.*

ĀSCȲRAN

Verb: *to make clear.*

ASCYRIGENLĪCE

Adverb: *disjunctively; severally.*

ĀSĒARIAN

Verb: *to wither; to dry up, sear.*

ĀSĒCAN

Verb: *to select; to seek, search out, examine, explore; to ask, demand, require; to penetrate, search through.*

ĀSĒCENDLIC

Adjective: *to be sought.*

ĀSECGAN

1. Verb: *to say, tell, utter, express, relate, narrate, declare, explain; to announce, proclaim; to show, manifest, discover.*

2. See *onsecgan.*

ĀSECGENDLIC

Adjective: *expressible, utterable.*

ĀSĒDAN

Verb: *to satiate.*

ĀSEGENDNES

Noun: *offering.*

ĀSELLAN

Verb: *to give up; to expel, banish; to deliver, hand over.*

ĀSENCAN

Verb: *to immerse, sink.*

ĀSENDAN

Verb: *to send forth or away; to give up.*

ĀSEOLCAN

Verb: *to become weak or relaxed, languish, become sluggish, slack or remiss.*

ĀSĒON

1. Verb: *to look at or upon, behold.*

2. Verb: *to strain.*

ĀSEONOD

Adjective: *relaxed, deprived of sinews.*

ĀSĒOÐAN

Verb: *to boil, seethe, scorch; to refine, purify; to try, examine.*

ĀSĒOWAN

Verb: *to sew, stitch.*

ĀSETNES

Noun: *what is set or fixed, law, statute; institute.*

ĀSETTAN

Verb: *to set, put, place, plant; to establish, fix; to set up, erect, build; to store up; to appoint, design; to take away; to transport oneself over, cross; to apply.*

ĀSĒÐAN

Verb: *to affirm, confirm.*

ĀSĪCAN

1. Verb: *to sigh.*

2. Verb: *to wean.*

ASICYD

Adjective: *taken from suck, weaned.*

ĀSIFTAN

Verb: *to sift.*

ĀSĪGAN

Verb: *to decline; to go or fall down, sink.*

ĀSINCAN

Verb: *to sink down; to fall to pieces.*

ĀSINGAN

Verb: *to sing, sing out; to compose; to deliver (a speech), recite verse.*

ASIRIGE

Noun: *the Assyrians.*

ĀSIRWAN

Verb: *to delude.*

ĀSITTAN

Verb: *to settle, dwell together; to starve out; to run aground.*

ĀSLACIAN

Verb: *to diminish, become slack, decline; to loose, relax, slacken, untie; to dissolve; to grow tired; to enervate; to remit.*

ASLACIGENDELĪCE

Adverb: *slacky, remissly.*

ĀSLACIGENDLIC

Adjective: *remissive.*

ĀSLÆCCAN

Verb: *to loosen, slacken; to remit.*

ĀSLÆPAN

Verb: *to begin to sleep, be sleepy, fall asleep, slumber; to dream; to be paralysed or benumbed.*

ĀSLÆWAN

Verb: *to make slow or dull.*

ĀSLĀWIAN

Verb: *to become heavy, dull or sluggish; to be torpid or inert.*

ĀSLĒAN

Verb: *to strike, beat, hammer, paralyse; to make way; to cut; to erect.*

ĀSLĪDAN

Verb: *to slide, slip; to fall into sin, lapse, relapse; to be hurt or destroyed.*

ĀSLĪDING

Noun: *slipping, slip of the tongue.*

ĀSLĪTAN

Verb: *to cleave, cut off, cleave, slit, rive; to destroy.*

ĀSLŪPAN

Verb: *to escape, slip off or away, disappear.*

ĀSMĒAGAN

Verb: *to examine, investigate, trace out; to think, consider, meditate, ponder, judge, deem; to devise, treat of; to look for, demand; to elicit.*

ĀSMĒAGUNG

Noun: *consideration, meditation; investigation, scrutiny.*

ĀSMIRIAN

See *(ge)āsmirian.*

ĀSMIÐIAN

Verb: *to make, fabricate, forge; to design, fashion.*

ĀSMORIAN

Verb: *to smother, choke, suffocate, strangle.*

ĀSMORUNG

Noun: *suffocation, choking.*

ĀSMŪGAN

Verb: *to investigate.*

ĀSNÆSAN

Verb: *to hit, strike against; to impale, stab, stake; to spit.*

ĀSNĪÐAN

Verb: *to cut off, cut away, amputate.*

ĀSOLCEN

Adjective: *slow, sluggish, lazy, idle, slothful; dissolute; indifferent.*

ĀSOLCENNES

Noun: *sleepiness; idleness, laziness, sluggishness, slothfulness.*

ĀSOLIAN

Verb: *to become dirty or foul.*

ĀSPANAN

Verb: *to allure, seduce, persuade, entice, induce; to insinuate, introduce secretly; to urge.*

ĀSPANNAN

Verb: *to unbind, unclasp.*

ĀSPARIAN

Verb: *to keep, preserve; to spare.*

ĀSPĒDAN

Verb: *to prosper, survive; to speed, scape.*

ĀSPELIAN

Verb: *to represent, take the place of, be substitute for.*

ĀSPENDAN

Verb: *to spend, consume, expend, squander; to distribute, bestow, lay out.*

ĀSPEOFTAN

Verb: *to spit out.*

ASPIDE

Noun: *serpent, asp, viper, adder.*

ĀSPILLAN

Verb: *to destroy.*

ĀSPINNAN

Verb: *to spin.*

ĀSPĪWAN

Verb: *to spew up, vomit.*

ĀSPLÆTAN

Verb: *to split.*

ĀSPORNAN

Verb: *to cast down.*

ĀSPRĒADAN

Verb: *to spread forth, stretch out, extend.*

ĀSPRECAN

Verb: *to speak, speak out.*

ĀSPRENGAN

Verb: *to cause to spring, fling out.*

ĀSPRINDLAD

Adjective: *ripped up, torn asunder.*

ĀSPRINGAN

Verb: *to spring up or forth, break forth, spread; to arise, originate, be born; to fail; to diminish, dwindle, cease; to lack, run out.*

ĀSPRINGUNG

Noun: *failing, defection.*

ĀSPRUNGEN

Adjective: *dead, defunct.*

ĀSPRUNGENNES

Noun: *failing, exhaustion, fainting, decease, death; eclipse.*

ĀSPRŪTAN

Verb: *to sprout or break forth.*

ĀSPRYTTAN

Verb: *to sprout out, bring forth.*

ĀSPYLIAN

Verb: *to wash, cleanse, purify.*

ĀSPYRGEND

Noun: *investigator.*

ĀSPYRGING

Noun: *invention.*

ĀSPYRIAN

Verb: *to track, trace out, study, search, investigate, examine, explore; to find out, discover.*

ASSA

Noun: *he-ass.*

ASSANDŪN

Noun: *Assingdon or Ashingdon.*

ASSEDUN

Adjective: *dun or dark colour.*

ASSEN

Noun: *she-ass.*

ASSIRISC

Adjective: *Assyrian.*

ASSMYRE

Noun: *mare ass.*

ASSYRIA

Noun: *Assyria.*

ASSYRIAS

Noun: *the Assyrians.*

ĀST

Noun: *kiln.*

ĀSTĀEGAN

Verb: *to go up, ascend, mount up; to embark.*

ĀSTĀELAN

Verb: *to charge, impute.*

ĀSTĀENAN

Verb: *to adorn with precious stones or gems.*

ĀSTÆPPAN

Verb: *to imprint (a footstep).*

ĀSTANDAN

Verb: *to stand up, rise, rise, up, get up; to continue, persist; to insist; to support, endure.*

ĀSTANDENNES

Noun: *continuance, persistence, perseverance; existence, subsistence.*

ĀSTAÐELIAN

Verb: *to establish (sth); to repair, rebuild (a city).*

ĀSTEFNAN

Verb: *to establish, institute, found.*

ĀSTELLAN

Verb: *to set, put, display, appoint; to rush, leap, fly off; to supply, afford; to set up, establish, institute, found; to confirm; to order; to start, begin, undertake; to undergo.*

ĀSTEMNIAN

Verb: *to establish, institute, found, build.*

ĀSTEMPED

Adjective: *engraved, stamped.*

ĀSTENCAN

Verb: *to scatter.*

ĀSTEORFAN

Verb: *to die.*

ASTERION

Noun: *herb pellitory.*

ĀSTĪFIAN

Verb: *to stiffen; to grow or wax stiff.*

ĀSTĪGAN

Verb: *to go, come, proceed, step; to rise, ascend, mount, climb; to go down into, descend.*

ĀSTĪGEND

Noun: *rider, one who mounts (a horse).*

ĀSTIGIAN

Verb: *to ascend, mount.*

ĀSTĪGNES

Noun: *ascent.*

ĀSTIHTAN

Verb: *to determine on, decree.*

ĀSTILLIAN

Verb: *to still, quiet.*

ĀSTINGAN

Verb: *to bore out; to thrust or pierce out, stab.*

ĀSTĪÐIAN

Verb: *to become hard or strong; to grow up; to dry up, wither.*

ASTORFEN

Adjective: *starved, like a dead body.*

ĀSTRÆLIAN

Verb: *to cast, hurl.*

ĀSTRECCAN

Verb: *to stretch out or forth, extend; to lay low; to bow down, prostrate.*

ĀSTREGDAN

Verb: *to scatter, strew, sprinkle.*

ĀSTREGDNES

1. Noun: *sprinkling.*

2. See *āstrogdnis.*

ĀSTRENGAN

Verb: *to make strong, strengthen.*

ĀSTRENGED

Adjective: *malleable.*

ĀSTRĒOWIAN

Verb: *to cover, strew.*

ĀSTRĪCAN

Verb: *to strike severely.*

ĀSTRĪENAN

Verb: *to engender, beget, procreate.*

ASTRIHILTET

Noun: *fine levied on a householder.*

ĀSTROGDNIS

Noun: *sprinkling.*

ĀSTROWENES

Noun: *length.*

ĀSTUNDIAN

Verb: *to take upon oneself.*

ĀSTȲFECIAN

Verb: *to destroy, suppress, exterminate, eradicate, extirpate.*

ĀSTYLTAN

Verb: *to astonish; to be astonished.*

ĀSTYNTAN

Verb: *to make dull, blunt, assuage, stint; to check, stop, overcome, repress, restrain.*

ĀSTŸPAN

Verb: *to deprive, bereave.*

ĀSTŸPEDNES

Noun: *privation, bereavement.*

ĀSTŸRAN

Verb: *to guide, steer, control, govern.*

ĀSTYRFAN

Verb: *to cause death, kill, slay; to destroy.*

ĀSTYRIAN

Verb: *to move, stir, agitate; to raise, move forward; to be roused; to become angry.*

ĀSTYRIGEND

Noun: *one stirring up.*

ĀSTYRRED

Adjective: *starred, starry.*

ĀSTYRUNG

Noun: *motion, stirring, removal.*

ĀSŪCAN

Verb: *to suck, drain; to consume.*

ĀSUNDRAN

See *(ge)āsundran.*

ĀSŪRIAN

Verb: *to be or become sour, bitter.*

ĀSWÆMAN

Verb: *to roam, wander about; to grieve, pine; to be grieved, confounded; to be ashamed.*

ĀSWÆTAN

Verb: *to break or burst out in perspiration.*

ĀSWĀMIAN

Verb: *to fail; to cease, languish, die away.*

ĀSWĀPAN

Verb: *to clean, sweep away; to remove.*

ĀSWĀRCAN

Verb: *to faint, languish, enfeeble; to be grieved or confounded.*

ĀSWĀRCNIAN

Verb: *to confound, dismay, abash; to fear.*

ĀSWĀRNUNG

Noun: *shame, confusion; bashfulness.*

ĀSWAÐIAN

Verb: *to investigate, follow out a track.*

ĀSWEARTIAN

Verb: *to darken, blacken; to turn livid; to become ashy or black.*

ĀSWEBBAN

Verb: *to soothe, appease, lull, set at rest; to destroy, put to death.*

ĀSWEFECIAN

Verb: *to extirpate.*

ĀSWĒGAN

Verb: *to resound, intone; to thunder.*

ĀSWELLAN

Verb: *to swell.*

ĀSWELTAN

Verb: *to die.*

ĀSWENCAN

Verb: *to afflict, trouble, vex.*

ĀSWENGAN

Verb: *to swing or shake off, cast forth.*

ĀSWEORCAN

Verb: *to fail, languish, droop.*

ĀSWEORFAN

Verb: *to rub or file off, polish.*

ĀSWERIAN

Verb: *to swear.*

ĀSWĪCAN

Verb: *to abandon, desert; to deceive, betray; to irritate, offend, provoke.*

ĀSWĪFAN

Verb: *to wander, stray.*

ĀSWINDAN

Verb: *to become weak, languish, pine, decay, perish; to fade away, dissolve; to shrink; to enervate.*

ASWINDUNG

Noun: *idleness, sloth.*

ĀSWINGAN

Verb: *to scourge.*

ĀSWŌGAN

Verb: *to rush into; to cover over, choke; to overrun, invade.*

ĀSWORETTAN

Verb: *to grieve; to sigh, draw a deep breath.*

ASWUNDENLĪCE

Adverb: *slothfully.*

ĀSWUNDENNES

Noun: *idleness, slothfulness.*

ASWŸÐERIAN

Verb: *to make stronger, make heavy or grievous, aggravate; to increase.*

ĀSYNDERLIC

Adjective: *remote.*

ĀSYNDRIAN

See *(ge)āsyndrian.*

ĀSYNDRUNG

Noun: *separation, division, divorce.*

ĀSYNGIAN

Verb: *to sin.*

ĀTÆLAN

Verb: *to blame.*

ĀTÆSAN

Verb: *to wound, injure; to strike, smite; to wear out.*

ATĀWIAN

Verb: *to shew.*

ĀTE

Noun: *oats; darnel, tares; cockle.*

ĀTELLAN

Verb: *to count, reckon, compute; to number, enumerate; to tell, relate, explain; to interpret.*

ĀTEMIAN

Verb: *to make gentle, render quiet, subdue, tame.*

ĀTENDAN

Verb: *to set on fire, inflame, kindle; to excite, perplex; to trouble.*

ATENDEND

Noun: *inciter, incendiary, inflamer.*

ĀTENDING

Noun: *incentive.*

ĀTENDNES

Noun: *incentive.*

ĀTĒON

Verb: *to pull or draw out, remove, pluck; to lead out; to protract; to move, journey, roam; to use, employ, apply, dispose of; to treat, deal with.*

ĀTĒORIAN

Verb: *to cease, leave off, come to an end; to fail; to become exhausted or weary, faint; to be defective.*

ĀTĒORIGENDLIC

Adjective: *transitory, perishable, fleeting; defective, failing.*

ĀTĒORODNES

Noun: *cessation, coming to an end; exhaustion.*

ĀTĒORUNG

Noun: *failing, decay, fainting, weariness, exhaustion.*

ATĒOWAD

Adjective: *shewn, made known.*

ĀTERAN

Verb: *to tear away.*

ĀTERDRINCA

Noun: *poisonous drink or potion, poison.*

ĀTERIMA

Noun: *oat-bran.*

ĀTERTĀN

Noun: *poisonous rod; twig.*

ĀTERTĀNUM

Adjective: *with poisoned twigs or poison-stripes.*

ĀTESHWŌN

Adverb: *at all.*

ATHĒNIENSE

Noun: *the Athenians.*

ATHĒNISC

Adjective: *Athenian.*

ATHLANS

Noun: *Mount Atlas.*

ĀTĪDRIAN

Verb: *to grow weak.*

ĀTĪEFRAN

Verb: *to depict, draw, paint; to describe.*

ĀTILLAN

Verb: *to touch, reach.*

ĀTIMBRAN

Verb: *to erect, build.*

ĀTIMPLIAN

Verb: *to provide with spikes.*

ĀTLAND

Noun: *oat-land.*

ĀTLĒAG

Noun: *oat-field.*

ATOL

1. Adjective: *ugly, deformed, repulsive; terrible, dire, horrid, loathsome, foul; unchaste; terrific.*

2. Noun: *terror, horror; evil, wretchedness.*

ATOLIAN

Verb: *to deform, disfigure.*

ATOLIC

Adjective: *terrible, dire, horrid, loathsome, foul; deformed, repulsive.*

ATOLLĪCE

Adverb: *horribly.*

ĀTOR

Noun: *poison, venom, gall.*

ĀTORBÆRE

Adjective: *poisonous.*

ĀTORBERENDE

Adjective: *poisonous, venomous.*

ĀTORCOPPE

Noun: *spider; spider's web.*

ĀTORCRÆFT

Noun: *art of poisoning, sorcery.*

ĀTORCYN

Noun: *poison.*

ATORFIAN

Verb: *to throw; to throw forth.*

ĀTORGEBLÆD

Noun: *poisonous swelling or blister, abscess.*

ĀTORLĀÐE

Noun: *plant used as antidote to poison.*

ĀTORLIC

Adjective: *poison-like; bitter.*

ĀTORSCEAÐA

Noun: *poisonous enemy or destroyer; serpent, venomous dragon.*

ĀTORSPERE

Noun: *poisoned spear.*

ĀTORÐIGEN

Noun: *taking of poison.*

ĀTORWYRHTA

Noun: *maker of poison.*

ĀTRAHTNIAN

Verb: *to treat, explain, expound, discuss.*

ĀTREDAN

Verb: *to extract, extort; to tread.*

ĀTREDDAN

Verb: *to examine, search out, investigate, explore.*

ĀTRENDLIAN

Verb: *to roll, trundle.*

ĀTRUCIAN

Verb: *to run out; to run short, fail short of wine, run short of teeth.*

ATRUM

Noun: *ink.*

ĀTWĒONIAN

Verb: *to cause doubt.*

ĀTWICCIAN

Verb: *to excerpt.*

ĀTȳDRAN

Verb: *to procreate, beget; to create.*

ĀTYHTAN

Verb: *to attract, incite, allure, entice; to be attentive; to produce; to stretch, extend.*

ĀTYHTING

Noun: *intention, aim; incentive, instigation.*

ĀTȳNAN

1. Verb: *to exclude, shut off; to open, unshut.*

2. See *ontȳnan.*

ĀÐ

Noun: *OATH, (judicial) swearing; fine for an unsuccessful oath.*

AÐAMANS

Noun: *adamant.*

ĀÐBRYCE

Noun: *breaking of an oath, perjury.*

ĀÐECGAN

Verb: *to consume, take food; to oppress.*

ĀÐEGEN

Adjective: *filled with food.*

ĀÐENCAN

Verb: *to think out, devise, contrive, invent; to intend.*

ĀÐENENES

Noun: *extension.*

ĀÐENIAN

Verb: *to extend, expand, stretch out, distend, draw out; to apply (the mind); to prostrate.*

ĀÐENUNG

Noun: *stretching out, extension, distension.*

ĀÐĒOSTRIAN

Verb: *to become obscured or eclipsed; to overcloud.*

ĀÐERSCAN

Verb: *to thresh out; to spoil.*

ĀÐEXE

Noun: *lizard, newt.*

ĀÐFULTUM

Noun: *confirmation of an oath; supporters of an oath.*

ĀÐGEHĀT

Noun: *promise, oath, sacred pledge.*

ĀÐIDDAN

Verb: *to push, thrust.*

ĀÐĪEDAN

Verb: *to separate, disjoin.*

AÐIERRAN

Verb: *to wash off or away, clean, rinse; to clear, purge.*

ĀÐINDAN

Verb: *to increase, swell, puff up, inflate; to pass away; to melt.*

ĀÐINDUNG

Noun: *swelling, puffing up.*

ĀÐLOGA

1. Noun: *perjurer.*

2. See *ādloma.*

ĀÐOLIAN

Verb: *to suffer, endure; to hold out, sustain.*

ĀÐOLWARE

Noun: *citizens.*

ĀÐRĀWAN

Verb: *to twist, twine, curl; to throw forth, spill.*

ĀÐRǢSTAN

Verb: *to wrest or twist out.*

ĀÐRĒATIAN

Verb: *to dissuade from, force away; to chide, rebuke.*

ĀÐRĒOTAN

Verb: *to be tiresome to, irk, wear; to dislike, disgust, loathe, displease.*

ĀÐRĪETAN

Verb: *to weary, loathe.*

ĀÐRINGAN

Verb: *to crowd or press out; to break out, urge out, rush forth.*

ĀÐRINTAN

Verb: *to swell up.*

ĀÐRĪSTIAN

Verb: *to presume; to be bold.*

ĀÐROTENNES

Noun: *wearisomeness, loathsomeness, tediousness.*

ĀÐROTSUM

Adjective: *troublesome, wearisome, irksome.*

ĀÐRŌWIAN

Verb: *to suffer.*

ĀÐRUNTEN

Adjective: *swollen up.*

ĀÐRŪTAN

Verb: *to swell.*

ĀÐRŪTEN

Adjective: *swollen.*

ĀÐRYCCAN

Verb: *to press, oppress.*

ĀÐRŸN

Verb: *to extort; to rob; to drive out.*

ĀÐRYSEMIAN

Verb: *to suffocate, smother, stifle.*

ĀÐRYTNES

Noun: *weariness, disgust.*

ĀÐSTÆF

Noun: *oath.*

ĀÐSWARA

Noun: *oath, oath-swearing.*

ĀÐSWARU

Noun: *oath, oath-swearing.*

ĀÐSWERIAN

Verb: *to vow with an oath, curse.*

ĀÐSWERUNG

Noun: *oath, swearing.*

ĀÐSWYRD

Noun: *oath, swearing.*

ĀÐUM

Noun: *son-in-law; brother-in-law.*

ĀÐUMSWERIAN

Noun: *son-in-law and father-in-law.*

ĀÐUNDENNES

Noun: *swelling, tumour; contumacy.*

ĀÐWÆNAN

Verb: *to diminish, soften, lessen, abate; to shorten; to take away.*

ĀÐWĒAN

Verb: *to wash, cleanse; to baptize, anoint.*

ĀÐWEDD

Noun: *promise or pledge on oath.*

ĀÐWERAN

Verb: *to shake, stir up, churn.*

ĀÐWĪNAN

Verb: *to dwindle away, vanish.*

ĀÐWĪTAN

Verb: *to disappoint.*

ĀÐWYRÐE

Adjective: *worthy of credit or oath.*

ĀÐYLGIAN

Verb: *to bear up, sustain; to be patient, wait patiently.*

ĀÐYNNIAN

Verb: *to reduce, make thin.*

ĀÐYRRAN

Verb: *to cleanse, wash away.*

ĀÐȲTAN

Verb: *to sound; to blow, wind; to expel.*

ĀÐȲWAN

Verb: *to drive or force away, discard; to press or thrust out; to squeeze out.*

AUGUSTUS

1. Noun: *first Roman emperor.*

2. See *Agustus*.

ĀWACAN

Verb: *to awake; to originate, arise, spring forth; to be born.*

ĀWACIAN

Verb: *to awake; to make gentle, appease, mollify.*

ĀWĀCIAN

Verb: *to grow weak, languish, belittle; to fall, decline, lapse; to fail, fall away; to desist from, abstain; to appease, mollify; to relax, be indolent.*

ĀWĀCAN

Verb: *to weaken, fatigue.*

ĀWÆCNIAN

Verb: *to awake, revive; to originate, arise, spring, be derived.*

ĀWĀGAN

Verb: *to deceive, delude; to disappoint, frustrate; to cause to fail, invalidate, annul.*

ĀWĀGNIAN

Verb: *to deceive; to fail to perform; to annul.*

ĀWĀLAN

Verb: *to afflict, vex, harass; to roll back or away.*

AWÆRGED

Adjective: *accursed.*

ĀWÆRLAN

Verb: *to avoid.*

ĀWANDIAN

Verb: *to fear; to hesitate.*

ĀWANIAN

Verb: *to diminish, lessen.*

ĀWANNIAN

Verb: *to become livid or black; to wax wan or pale.*

ĀWANSIAN

Verb: *to diminish.*

ĀWĀRNIAN

Verb: *to be grieved or confounded; to be ashamed.*

ĀWASCAN

Verb: *to wash, bathe; to immerse.*

ĀWEALLAN

Verb: *to boil or bubble up; to break forth, spring, well, stream or gush forth, issue; to swarm with; to be hot; to burn, rage.*

ĀWEARDIAN

Verb: *to protect, guard, defend.*

ĀWEAXAN

Verb: *to grow, wax; to arise, come forth.*

ĀWECCAN

Verb: *to awake; to rouse, excite, incite, stir up; to raise up children; to beget, call forth.*

ĀWECENES

Noun: *incitement.*

ĀWECGAN

Verb: *to move, shake; to remove; to undermine.*

ĀWĒDAN

Verb: *to be or become mad, be angry; to rage; to revolt, apostatize.*

ĀWEFAN

Verb: *to weave.*

ĀWEG

Adverb: *away, forth, out.*

AWEGĀDRĪFAN

Verb: *to drive or chase away.*

AWEGAFERIAN

Verb: *to carry or cart away.*

AWEGALŪCAN

Verb: *to separate, shut or lock out.*

ĀWEGAN

Verb: *to lift up, carry off or away; to weigh, weigh out; to consider, estimate; to put away, renounce.*

AWEGANIMAN

Verb: *to take away.*

ĀWEGĀWORPNES

Noun: *abortion.*

AWEGAWYLTAN

Verb: *to roll away.*

AWEGBERAN

Verb: *to bear; to carry or convey away.*

ĀWEGCUMAN

Verb: *to go away, leave, escape.*

AWEGDRĪFAN

Verb: *to drive or chase away.*

ĀWEGĒADE

Adjective: *went away.*

ĀWEGFLĒON

Verb: *to fly or flee away.*

ĀWEGGĀN

Verb: *to go away.*

AWEGGENIMAN

Verb: *to take away.*

ĀWEGGEWĪTAN

Verb: *to go away, depart.*

ĀWEGGEWITENES

Noun: *going away, departure; aberration (of mind).*

AWEGLÆTAN

Verb: *to let go away or escape.*

AWEGONWENDAN

Verb: *to turn or move away.*

ĀWEGWEARD

Adjective: *moving away, coming to a close.*

AWEGWEORPAN

Verb: *to cast or throw away.*

ĀWEHTNES

Noun: *arousing, awaking, stirring up, encouraging, excitation, quickening.*

AWEL

Noun: *hook, fork.*

ĀWEMMAN

Verb: *to disfigure; to corrupt, defile.*

ĀWEMMENDNES

Noun: *corruption.*

ĀWĒNAN

Verb: *to consider.*

ĀWENDAN

Verb: *to turn aside, avert, remove; to change, alter, divert; to exchange; to upset; to pervert; to go, depart, turn from, return; to translate.*

ĀWENDEDLIC

1. Adjective: *movable, changeable, alterable, mutable.*

2. See *āwendendlic.*

ĀWENDENDLIC

Adjective: *movable, changeable, alterable, mutable.*

ĀWENDENDLICNES

Noun: *changeableness, mutability, inconstancy.*

ĀWENDENDNES

Noun: *change, alteration.*

ĀWENDENNES

Noun: *change, changeableness.*

ĀWENDING

Noun: *change; subversion, overthrowing; ruin.*

ĀWENIAN

Verb: *to disaccustom, wean from.*

ĀWĒODIAN

Verb: *to rake up, weed, extirpate, root out; to destroy.*

ĀWEORPAN

Verb: *to take away, throw, cast away or out, expel; to reject, renounce, divorce; to trouble, cast down; to degrade, depose.*

ĀWEORÐAN

Verb: *to pass away, vanish, cease to be; to become insipid or worthless.*

ĀWEOSUNG

Noun: *being, essence, subsistence of a thing.*

ĀWERDE

Noun: *spoiled or worthless fellow.*

ĀWERIAN

Verb: *to defend; to hinder, restrain; to cover, enclose, surround; to secure, protect, ward off or spurn from oneself; to wear, wear out.*

AWERSIAN

Verb: *to make worse*.

ĀWESNIS

Noun: *essence.*

AWĒST

Adjective: *desert, waste, laid waste.*

ĀWĒSTAN

Verb: *to desolate, ravage, depopulate, destroy, lay waste, ravage; to eat up.*

ĀWĒSTEDNES

Noun: *wasting, desolation, destruction.*

ĀWĒSTEND

Noun: *devastator, destroyer.*

ĀWĪDLIAN

Verb: *to defile, pollute, contaminate; to profane.*

ĀWIERDAN

Verb: *to hurt, injure; to destroy, spoil, kill; to corrupt, violate; to seduce.*

ĀWIERDING

Noun: *corruption, blemish.*

ĀWIERDNES

Noun: *hurt, damage, affliction, injury; destruction, ruin; corruption, blemish, defilement.*

ĀWIERGAN

Verb: *to denounce, condemn, execrate, malign, outlaw, damn, curse; to suffocate, strangle; to injure, corrupt, violate.*

ĀWIHT

1. Noun: *anything, something, aught.*

2. Adverb: *at all, by any means.*

3. Adjective: *good, of value.*

ĀWILDIAN

Verb: *to become wild or fierce.*

ĀWILLAN

Verb: *to bring into commotion.*

ĀWILNIAN

Verb: *to wish for.*

ĀWILWAN

Verb: *to roll.*

ĀWINDAN

Verb: *to wind, weave, bend, twist, plait; to withdraw, slip from; to become weak.*

ĀWINDWIAN

Verb: *to blow away, disperse, winnow.*

ĀWINNAN

Verb: *to labour, gain; to strive, contend; to overcome, endure.*

ĀWIRDEND

Noun: *destroyer.*

ĀWIRGENDE

Adjective: *execrable.*

ĀWISNIAN

Verb: *to be or become dry, wither.*

ĀWISTLIAN

Verb: *to hiss, lisp, speak indistinctly.*

ĀWĪTEGIAN

Verb: *to prophesy.*

ĀWLACIAN

Verb: *to be or become lukewarm.*

ĀWLÆTAN

Verb: *to defile, pollute, befoul, make loathsome; to disfigure.*

ĀWLANCIAN

Verb: *to exult; to be proud; to grow haughty or insolent.*

ĀWLENCAN

Verb: *to make proud or splendid; to enrich.*

AWLĪTAN

Verb: *to look upon.*

ĀWLYSPIAN

Verb: *to lisp, stammer.*

ĀWOFFIAN

Verb: *to become proud or insolent; to rave; to be delirious or insane, become mad.*

ĀWŌGIAN

Verb: *to woo.*

ĀWŌH

Adverb: *badly, wrongfully, awry; unjustly; crookedly.*

ĀWORDENNES

Noun: *weakness, worthlessness, degeneration.*

ĀWORPEN

Adjective: *cast off or away, destroyed; rejected, divorced, apostate.*

ĀWORPENLIC

Adjective: *worthy of rejection or condemnation.*

ĀWORPENLĪCE

Adverb: *vilely.*

ĀWORPENNES

Noun: *rejection, reprobation, divorce; exposure (of children); casting out, putting away.*

ĀWRÆNAN

Verb: *to make wanton, arouse or excite sexually.*

ĀWRÆNSIAN

Verb: *to wax wanton.*

ĀWRÆSTAN

Verb: *to wrest from; to extort.*

ĀWRECAN

Verb: *to drive away, thrust out; to pierce, strike; to utter, relate, recite, sing; to punish; to avenge.*

ĀWRECCAN

Verb: *to arouse, awake, revive.*

ĀWRECCEND

Noun: *awaker.*

ĀWRĒON

Verb: *to open, uncover, disclose; to reveal, discover.*

ĀWREÐIAN

Verb: *to support, sustain, uphold, underprop.*

ĀWRĪÐAN

1. Verb: *to turn, wind, bind up; to unbind, loosen.*

2. See *onwrīðan.*

ĀWRĪDIAN

Verb: *to originate, spring; to descend.*

ĀWRINGAN

Verb: *to wring, squeeze out; to express.*

ĀWRIT

Noun: *writing.*

ĀWRĪTAN

Verb: *to write down, transcribe, describe, compose, copy; to mark, inscribe, carve; to draw, delineate.*

ĀWULDRIAN

Verb: *to glorify.*

ĀWUNDRIAN

Verb: *to wonder, admire, magnify; to be astonished.*

ĀWUNIAN

Verb: *to remain, continue; to abide; to insist.*

ĀWUNIGENDE

Adjective: *continual.*

ĀWYLLAN

1. Verb: *to boil, cause to bubble; to reduce by boiling.*

2. See *āwillan.*

ĀWYLTAN

Verb: *to roll, roll away, revolve; to harass, molest.*

AWYLTNE

Adjective: *rolled away.*

ĀWYRCAN

Verb: *to do, effect.*

AWYRGDA

Noun: *the cursed, the devil.*

ĀWYRGEDLIC

Adjective: *wicked, evil; shameful, detestable, abominable.*

ĀWYRGEDNES

Noun: *wickedness, cursedness; curse, reviling.*

ĀWYRGENDLIC

Adjective: *shameful, detestable, abominable.*

ĀWYRIGENDE

Adjective: *accursed.*

ĀWYRIGUNG

Noun: *curse.*

ĀWYRPAN

Verb: *to recover from illness.*

ĀWYRTTRUMIAN

Verb: *to root out.*

ĀWYRTWALIAN

Verb: *to root up, eradicate; to pluck, extirpate; to draw away; to exterminate.*

ĀWYRÐUNG

Noun: *stain, aspersion.*

AXAMŪÐA

Noun: *Exmouth.*

ĀŸÐAN

1. Verb: *to destroy, demolish; to attack, ravege, plunder*.

2. See *āīeðan*.

ĀYLDAN

Verb: *to delay, put off*.

ĀYPPAN

Verb: *to experience, enjoy; to open wide, throw open*.

ĀŸTAN

Verb: *to drive out, expel*.

AZĪMA

Adjective: *unleavened*.

Ǣ-

Affix: *accented verbal prefix. (1) without. (2) Ā.*

Ǣ

1. Noun: *custom, covenant, law, statute; (lawful) wife; ceremony, rite, marriage; faith, religion; scriptures, revelation.*

2. Interjection: *oh! alas!*

3. Noun: *life.*

4. *See ēa* (1).

ǢALĀ

Interjection: *alas! oh! lo!*

ǢBǢRE

Adjective: *clear, evident, manifest, apparent, notorious, open, public.*

ÆBBUNG

Noun: *ebbing.*

ǢBEBOD

Noun: *command, law, injunction of the law.*

ǢBLǢCE

Adjective: *pale, pallid, lustreless.*

ǢBŌC

Noun: *book of the law.*

ǢBOD

Noun: *business, statute.*

ǢBODA

Noun: *messenger, preacher.*

ǢBRECÐ

Noun: *sacrilege.*

ǢBRUCOL

Adjective: *sacrilegious.*

ÆBS

Noun: *fir-tree.*

ǢBYLG

Noun: *anger.*

ǢBYLGA

Noun: *anger.*

ǢBYLGNES

Noun: *offence, indignation, anger, wrath; scandal.*

ĀBYLGÐ

Noun: *indignation, anger, wrath; offence, wrong, fault, injury, scandal.*

ÆCELMA

Noun: *chilblain.*

ĀCELMEHTE

Adjective: *having chilblains.*

ĀCEN

1. Noun: *wood of oaks.*

2. Adjective: *oaken.*

3. *See ēacen.*

ÆCER

Noun: *field, land, cultivated or sown land, strip of plough-land, crop; ACRE.*

ÆCERCEORL

Noun: *farmer, ploughman, field-churl; rustic.*

ÆCERGEARD

Noun: *fence of a field, enclosure of arable land.*

ÆCERHEGE

Noun: *hedge of a field.*

ÆCERMĀLUM

Adverb: *by acres.*

ÆCERMANN

Noun: *field-man, farmer.*

ÆCERN

Noun: *corn or fruit of an oak, acorn, nut; mast of trees.*

ÆCERNSPRANCA

Noun: *acorn-sprout.*

ÆCERSĀD

Noun: *seed for an acre.*

ÆCERSPLOTT

Noun: *acre.*

ÆCERTĒOÐUNG

Noun: *tithe of the produce of the soil.*

ÆCERTŸNING

Noun: *fencing of fields.*

ÆCERWEG

Noun: *field-road.*

ÆCERWEORC

Noun: *field-work, agricultural labour.*

ĀCGAN

Verb: *to set on edge.*

ĀCIN

Noun: *kind of law; tablet of the law.*

ĀCNŌSLE

Adjective: *degenerate; not noble.*

ĀCRÆFT

Noun: *knowledge of law or ordinances; religion.*

ĀCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *learned in the law, lawyer; scribe.*

ĀCRAFTIG

Noun: *lawyer, scribe, Pharisee.*

ÆCS

Noun: *AXE, pickaxe, hatchet.*

ĀCYRF

Noun: *piece, fragment, (wood-)choppings.*

ĀDAMANN

Noun: *witness, compurgator.*

ÆDFÆST

Noun: *depositum.*

ĀDRE

1. Noun: *artery, vein, sinew; pulse, nerve; fountain, spring, stream; pl. veins, kidneys.*

2. Adverb: *quickly, promptly, directly, forthwith, immediately, instantly, at once; fully, entirely.*

ĀDRESEAX

Noun: *lancet, vein-knife.*

ÆDWINESCLIF

Noun: *Edwin's cliff.*

ĀFÆGRED

Adjective: *disfigured.*

ĀFĀRED

Adjective: *frightened.*

ÆFDŸNE

Noun: *descent, declivity.*

ÆFELLE

Adjective: *without skin, peeled, barked.*

ÆFEN

Noun: *eve, evening, eventide.*

ÆFENCOLLATIO

Noun: *evening reading.*

ÆFENDRĒAM

Noun: *even-song.*

ÆFENGEBED

Noun: *evening service or prayer.*

ÆFENGEREORD

Noun: *evening meal, supper.*

ÆFENGEREORDIAN

Verb: *to sup or take supper.*

ÆFENGEREORDUNG

Noun: *supper.*

ÆFENGEWEORC

Noun: *evening work.*

ÆFENGIEFL

Noun: *evening repast, supper.*

ÆFENGLŌM

Noun: *twilight, gloaming.*

ÆFENGLŌMUNG

Noun: *twilight, gloaming.*

ÆFENGROM

Adjective: *fierce at eve.*

ÆFENIAN

Verb: *to grow towards evening.*

ÆFENLĀC

Noun: *evening sacrifice or prayer.*

ÆFENLÆCAN

Verb: *to grow towards evening.*

ÆFENLĒOHT

Noun: *evening light.*

ǼFENLĒOÐ

Noun: *evening song.*

ǼFENLIC

Adjective: *of the evening, vespertine.*

ǼFENLĪCE

Adverb: *in the evening.*

ǼFENLOF

Noun: *even-song.*

ǼFENMETE

1. Noun: *even-meat, supper.*

2. Adjective: *provided with supper.*

ǼFENOFFRUNG

Noun: *evening sacrifice.*

ǼFENRǼDING

Noun: *evening reading.*

ǼFENREPSUNG

Noun: *nightfall, evening close.*

ǼFENREST

Noun: *evening rest.*

ǼFENSANG

Noun: *evensong, vespers.*

ǼFENSCEOP

Noun: *evening singer, bard.*

ǼFENSCĪMA

Noun: *evening splendour.*

ǼFENSPRǼC

Noun: *evening talk or speech.*

ǼFENSTEORRA

Noun: *the evening star, Hesperus.*

ǼFENTĪD

Noun: *eventide, evening.*

ǼFENTIMA

Noun: *evening time, eventide.*

ǼFENÐĒNUNG

Noun: *evening repast, supper; evening service of the Church.*

ǼFENÐĒOWDŌM

Noun: *evening service or office.*

ÆFERÐE

Noun: *name of a plant.*

ÆFESN

Noun: *special pasturage, relish, pannage; charge for special pasturage.*

ÆFEST

Noun: *envy, hatred, malice, spite; enmity, rivalry, zeal.*

ÆFESTE

Adjective: *envious.*

ÆFESTFUL

Adjective: *full of envy.*

ÆFESTIAN

See *(ge)æfestian.*

ÆFESTIG

Adjective: *envious, emulous; zealous.*

ÆFĒSTNES

Noun: *envy, spite.*

ÆFESTUNG

Noun: *envy.*

ÆFGÆLÐ

Noun: *superstition.*

ÆFGERĒFA

Noun: *exactor.*

ÆFGRYNDE

Noun: *abyss.*

ÆFIAN

Verb: *to be in miserable condition.*

ÆFLĀST

Noun: *wandering away.*

ÆFNAN

See *(ge)æfnan.*

ĀFNIAN

See *(ge)æfnian.*

ĀFNUNG

Noun: *evening, sunset.*

ĀFRE

Adverb: *ever, at any time; always, constantly, perpetually.*

ÆFREDA

Noun: *what is taken or separated from; tow, oakum.*

ĀFRELĪCE

Adverb: *in perpetuity.*

ĀFREMMENDE

Adjective: *pious, religious; fulfilling the law.*

ÆFSECGAN

Verb: *to confute.*

ÆFSWEORC

Noun: *pasturage.*

ÆFTAN

Adverb: *behind, from behind, in the rear.*

ÆFTANWEARD

Adjective: *behind, in the rear; following, coming after.*

ÆFTER

1. Adposition: *after; behind; according to; along, through, throughout.*

2. Adverb: *after, then, later, afterwards, thereupon; thereafer; back.*

3. Adjective: *next, following, latter, second lower.*

ÆFTERĀ

Noun: *book of Deuteronomy, second-law.*

ÆFTERBOREN

Adjective: *afterborn, posthumous.*

ÆFTERCNĒORESO

Noun: *posterity.*

ÆFTERCWEÐAN

Verb: *to answer, speak after; to repeat; to renounce, revoke, abjure.*

ÆFTERCYNING

Noun: *succeeding king.*

ÆFTEREALU

Noun: *small beer, after-ale.*

ÆFTERFÆCE

Adverb: *after that, afterwards.*

ÆFTERFOLGERE

Noun: *follower.*

ÆFTERFOLGIAN

Verb: *to follow after, pursue; to succeed.*

ÆFTERFYLGEDNES

Noun: *sequel.*

ÆFTERFYLGEND

Noun: *follower, successor.*

ÆFTERFYLGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *in continuation or succession.*

ÆFTERFYLGENDNES

Noun: *succession, following after.*

ÆFTERFYLGENLIC

Adjective: *successive.*

ÆFTERFYLGUNG

Noun: *following after, sequence, pursuit; sect.*

ÆFTERGENGA

Noun: *follower, successor, descendant.*

ÆFTERGENGEL

Noun: *successor.*

ÆFTERGENGNES

Noun: *succession, posterity; extremity; inferiority.*

ÆFTERGILDEND

Noun: *one who repays.*

ÆFTERGYLD

Noun: *after or further payment.*

ÆFTERHĀÐA

Noun: *autumn drought.*

ÆFTERHYRIGAN

Verb: *to imitate, resemble.*

ÆFTERLĒAN

Noun: *retribution, recompense, reward, restitution.*

ÆFTERLIC

Adjective: *after, second.*

ÆFTERONFŌND

Noun: *one about to receive.*

ÆFTERRĀP

Noun: *crupper, after-rope.*

ÆFTERRYNE

Noun: *meeting, encountering, running against one.*

ÆFTERSANG

Noun: *matins, after-song.*

ÆFTERSANGLIC

Adjective: *of matins.*

ÆFTERSINGEND

Noun: *succentor, after-singer.*

ÆFTERSŌNA

Adverb: *again; afterwards; soon.*

ÆFTERSPRĀEC

Noun: *after-speech or claim.*

ÆFTERSPRECAN

Verb: *to claim.*

ÆFTERSPYRIAN

Verb: *to search, examine, track out, inquire into.*

ÆFTERWEARD

Adjective: *after, following, later, further, behind, back, in the rear.*

ÆFTERWEARDE

Adverb: *after, afterward, behind.*

ÆFTERWEARDNES

Noun: *posterity.*

ÆFTERWRITEN

Adjective: *written afterwards.*

ÆFTERYLD

Noun: *advanced or old age, old age; after age, later time.*

ÆFTUM

Adverb: *after.*

ÆFÐANC

Noun: *offence, insult; displeasure, anger, grudge; envy; zeal.*

ÆFWEARD

Adjective: *absent, distant.*

ÆFWEARDNES

Noun: *absence, removal; posterity.*

ÆFWELA

Noun: *decrease of wealth.*

ÆFWYRDELSA

Noun: *injury, damage, detriment; loss.*

ÆFWYRDLA

Noun: *injury, damage; loss; fine or amercement for injury or loss.*

ÆFWYRÐ

Noun: *degradation, disgrace.*

ĀFYLLENDE

Adjective: *pious, faithful; fulfilling the law.*

ĀFYRMÐA

Noun: *sweepings, refuse of things, rubbish.*

ÆG-

Adverb: *ever, always (in pronouns and adverbs); water, sea (in composition).*

ĀG

1. Noun: *egg.*

2. *See īeg.*

ĀGAFOL

Adjective: *free from tax or rent.*

ĀGECȳÐNESS

Noun: *testament.*

ÆGELESFORD

Noun: *Ailsford, on the Medway near Maidstone, Kent.*

ĀGERFELMA

Noun: *egg-skin.*

ĀGERGELU

Noun: *yolk of an egg.*

ĀGESETNES

Noun: *law-giving, the (Old) Testament.*

ĀGEWRĪTERE

Noun: *writer or composer of laws.*

ĀGFLOTA

Noun: *seafarer, sailor; ship.*

ǼGGEMANG

Noun: *mixture of eggs.*

ǼGHWA

Pronoun: *each one, every one, everything, who or whatever.*

ǼGHWĀ

Pronoun: *each one, every one; everything, whatever.*

ǼGHWÆÐER

1. Adverb: *each; either; both; every one.*

2. Pronoun: *each; either; both; everyone.*

3. Conjunction: *as well as.*

ǼGHWǼR

Adverb: *in every direction, everywhere; in every case or respect.*

ǼGHWÆS

Adverb: *altogether, entirely, wholly, throughout; in every way, in general.*

ǼGHWÆT

Pronoun: *whatever, everything; each one, every one.*

ǼGHWANAN

Adverb: *on every side, from all parts, everywhere; in every respect, utterly.*

ǼGHWANONE

Adverb: *on every side, from all parts, everywhere.*

ǼGHWANUM

Adverb: *everywhere, on every side, from all parts; in every way.*

ǼGHWELC

Adjective: *each; any, whosoever, whatsoever; every, every one, all.*

ǼGHWIDER

Adverb: *anywhere, every way, on every side, in all directions.*

ǼGIFT

Noun: *return, restoration, restitution; repayment.*

ǼGILDE

Adjective: *without compensation.*

ǼGLĒAW

Adjective: *skilled in the law; wise, learned.*

ǼGLESBURG

Noun: *Aylesbury in Buckinghamshire.*

ÆGLESÐREP

Noun: *Aylesthorpe.*

ÆGLESWURÐ

Noun: *village of Eylesworth.*

ÆGLĪM

Noun: *white of egg, egg-lime.*

ÆGMORE

1. Noun: *root of the eye, socket.*

2. *See angnere.*

ÆGNAN

Noun: *awns, sweepings, chaff, husks.*

ÆGNIAN

Verb: *to oppress, frighten, vex.*

ÆGSCILL

Noun: *eggshell.*

ÆGWEARD

Noun: *watch on the shore, sea-ward.*

ÆGWYRT

Noun: *egg-word, dandelion.*

ÆGYLT

Noun: *offence, sin; fault, trespass.*

ÆGȳPE

Adjective: *without skill or cunning, worthless, trifling.*

ÆHĪW

Noun: *pallor.*

ÆHĪWE

Adjective: *pallid; deformed, ugly.*

ÆHĪWNES

Noun: *pallor, paleness; gloom.*

ÆHLȳP

Noun: *transgression, breach of the peace or law, assault.*

ÆHRIGE

Noun: *husk of an ear.*

ÆHT

1. Noun: *property, ownership, possessions, goods, riches, wealth; control, power; serf; lands, cattle.*

2. See *ōht.*

ÆHTBOREN

Adjective: *born in bondage.*

ÆHTELAND

Noun: *territory, landed property.*

ÆHTEMANN

Noun: *farmer, ploughman, husbandman.*

ÆHTESWĀN

Noun: *swineherd who was a chattel on an estate.*

ÆHTGESTEALD

Noun: *possession.*

ÆHTGESTRĒON

Noun: *possessions, riches.*

ÆHTGEWEALD

Noun: *possession; control, power.*

ÆHTSPĒD

Noun: *riches, wealth.*

ÆHTSPĒDIG

Adjective: *rich, wealthy.*

ÆHTWELA

Noun: *riches, wealth.*

ÆHTWELIG

Adjective: *rich, wealthy.*

ÆL

1. Noun: *awl, piercer, fork, flesh-hook.*

2. See *eall* (1).

3. See *eall* (2).

ĀL

Noun: *eel, lamprey.*

ÆLÆDEND

Noun: *legislator, lawgiver.*

ÆLÆREND

Noun: *teacher of (God's) law.*

ĀLÆRENDE

Adjective: *teaching the law.*

ĀLĀTE

1. Noun: *desert place.*

2. Adjective: *empty, desert, desolate.*

3. Noun: *divorced woman.*

ĀLĀTEN

Adjective: *empty, desert; one let go, divorced.*

ĀLAGOL

Adjective: *legislative.*

ĀLAN

See *(ge)ælan.*

ĀLĀRĒOW

Noun: *teacher of the law, Pharisee.*

ĀLĀTĒOW

Noun: *legislator.*

ĀLC

1. Adjective: *each, any, every, all.*

2. Pronoun: *each; any.*

ÆLCEALD

Adjective: *very cold, all-cold.*

ÆLCRÆFTIG

1. Adjective: *almighty, all-powerful.*

2. See *eallcræftig.*

ĀLCUHT

Noun: *everything.*

ÆLECUNG

Noun: *allurement, blandishment.*

ĀLED

Noun: *fire, conflagration; firebrand.*

ĀLEDFŸR

Noun: *flame of fire.*

ĀLEDLĒOMA

Noun: *fire-brand; gleaming fire.*

ÆLEDNYS

Noun: *burning.*

ÆLEGRĀDIG

Adjective: *greedy, ravenous.*

ÆLEMIDDE

Noun: *exact middle.*

ĀLENGE

1. Adjective: *long, lengthy, protracted; tedious, troublesome, vexatious.*

2. Noun: *weariness.*

ĀLENGNES

Noun: *tediousness.*

ĀLEPŪTE

Noun: *eel-pout, burbot.*

ÆLERE

Noun: *origanum.*

ÆLF

Noun: *elf, goblin, sprite; fairy; incubus; the Elbe.*

ÆLFĀDL

Noun: *nightmare, elf-disease.*

ÆLFARU

Noun: *whole army; host.*

ÆLFCYNN

Noun: *elfin race.*

ÆLFEN

Noun: *nymph, fairy; spirit.*

ÆLFISC

Adjective: *elfish.*

ĀLFISC

Noun: *eel.*

ÆLFNŌÐ

Noun: *elf courage.*

ĀLFRED

Noun: *Alfred, king of Northumbria.*

ÆLFREMED

Adjective: *strange, foreign; free from.*

ÆLFREMEDUNG

Noun: *alienation.*

ÆLFRĪC

Noun: *Alfric of Canterbury.*

ÆLFSCĪENE

Adjective: *shining, radiant, beautiful, bright as an elf or fairy.*

ÆLFSIDEN

Noun: *influence of elves or of evil spirits; nightmare.*

ÆLFSOGOÐA

Noun: *hiccup; eructation.*

ÆLFÐONE

Noun: *nightshade.*

ÆLFYLCE

Noun: *strange or foreign land; enemy, foreign band or army.*

ĀLHYD

Noun: *eel-skin.*

ĀLIC

1. Adjective: *belonging to law, lawful, legal.*

2. See *ǣwlic.*

ĀLĪCE

Adverb: *lawfully, legitimately.*

ĀLIEST

Noun: *lawlessness.*

ĀLĪF

Noun: *eternal or everlasting life.*

ÆLIFN

Noun: *sustenance, alum.*

ĀLING

Noun: *burning, ardour.*

ÆLMESÆCER

Noun: *field the product of which was given as alms.*

ÆLMESBÆÐ

Noun: *gratuitous bath of the poor.*

ÆLMESDĀD

Noun: *almsdeed, charitable action.*

ÆLMESDŌND

Noun: *almsgiver.*

ÆLMESFEOH

Noun: *alms, Peter's pence.*

ÆLMESFULL

Adjective: *charitable, liberal with alms.*

ÆLMESGEDĀL

Noun: *distribution of alms.*

ÆLMESGEORN

Adjective: *benevolent, charitable.*

ÆLMESGIFA

Noun: *almsgiver.*

ÆLMESGIFU

Noun: *alms, charity.*

ÆLMESHAND

Adjective: *almsgiving, charitableness.*

ÆLMESHLĀF

Noun: *bread given as alms.*

ÆLMESLĀC

Noun: *giving of alms.*

ÆLMESLĒOHT

Noun: *light in church provided at the expense of a pious layman.*

ÆLMESLIC

Adjective: *charitable; poor.*

ÆLMESLĪCE

Adverb: *charitably.*

ÆLMESLOND

Noun: *land granted in frankal-moigne.*

ÆLMESMANN

Noun: *almsman, bedesman; beggar.*

ÆLMESPENING

Noun: *alms-penny.*

ÆLMESRIHT

Noun: *right of receiving alms.*

ÆLMESSE

Noun: *alms, almsgiving, charitable action; offering.*

ÆLMESSYLEN

Noun: *almsgiving.*

ÆLMESWEORC

Noun: *almsdeed, work of charity.*

ÆLMHĀM

Noun: *Elmham, Norfolk.*

ÆLMIHTIG

1. Adjective: *almighty.*

2. Noun: *the Almighty.*

ÆLMIHTIGNES

Noun: *omnipotence.*

ÆLMYRCA

Noun: *one entirely black; Ethiopian.*

ĀLNET

Noun: *eel net.*

ÆLREN

Adjective: *of an alder tree.*

ÆLSYNDRIG

Adjective: *quite apart, single.*

ÆLTĀWE

Adjective: *all good, perfect, excellent; entire, sound, healthy; true; noted; honest.*

ÆLTĀWELĪCE

Adverb: *well, perfectly.*

ÆLWIHT

Noun: *strange creature, monster.*

ĀMELLE

Adjective: *insipid, without taste, unsavoury.*

ĀMELNES

Noun: *weariness, tedium, slackness, sloth; disgust, disdain, loathsomeness; falsehood, unfaithfulness, false dealing, treason.*

ĀMEN

Adjective: *uninhabited, desert, desolate; unmanned.*

ĀMENNE

1. Noun: *solitude.*

2. *See ǣmen.*

ĀMERGE

Adjective: *dust, ashes, embers.*

ĀMETBED

Noun: *ant-hill.*

ĀMETHWĪL

Noun: *leisure, spare-time, respite.*

ĀMETHYLL

Noun: *ant or emmet-hill.*

ĀMETLA

Noun: *one at leisure.*

ĀMETTA

Noun: *rest, quiet, leisure.*

ĀMETTE

Noun: *ant, emmet.*

ĀMETTIG

Adjective: *empty, unoccupied, idle, vacant, without employment; free from, devoid, void; at leissure; unmarried; barren.*

ĀMŌD

Adjective: *discouraged, disheartened; dismayed; mad, out of mind.*

ĀMTIGIAN

See *(ge)ǣmtigian.*

ĀMTIGNES

Noun: *open space, emptiness.*

ĀMŪÐA

Noun: *cæcum intestinum.*

ĀMYND

Noun: *jealousy.*

ĀMYRCE

Adjective: *singular, distinguished, excellent.*

ÆNCNETRYM

Noun: *narrow-step.*

ĀNE

Adverb: *once; at some time, at any time; at once; alone.*

ĀNES

Adverb: *once.*

ĀNETLĪF

Noun: *solitary life.*

ĀNGANCUNDES

Adverb: *in a unique way.*

ĀNIG

1. Adjective: *any, any one.*

2. Pronoun: *any, any one.*

3. Adverb: *only.*

ĀNLIC

Adjective: *one, only, singular, solitary; unique, incomparable, peerless; splendid, excellent, glorious, noble; beautiful, elegant.*

ĀNLĪCE

Adverb: *only, singularly; elegantly.*

ĀNOTE

Adjective: *useless, unprofitable.*

ÆPLIAN

Verb: *to make into the form of apple, balls or bosses.*

ÆPPEL

Noun: *fruit in general, kind of fruit; apple; anything round, ball, apple of the eye.*

ÆPPELBĀRE

Adjective: *apple or fruit-bearing.*

ÆPPELBEARU

Noun: *orchard.*

ÆPPELBERENDE

Adjective: *apple-bearing.*

ÆPPELCYNN

Noun: *kind of apple.*

ÆPPELCYRNEL

Noun: *apple-pip.*

ÆPPELFÆT

Noun: *apple-vessel.*

ÆPPELFEALU

Adjective: *apple or reddish yellow, bay.*

ÆPPELHŪS

Noun: *place for fruit, apple storehouse.*

ÆPPELLĒAF

Noun: *apple-leaf, violet.*

ÆPPELSCEALU

Noun: *apple-core.*

ÆPPELSCRĒADA

Noun: *apple-parings or shreads.*

ÆPPELTRĒOW

Noun: *apple-tree.*

ÆPPELTŪN

Noun: *apple-garden, orchard.*

ÆPPELÐORN

Noun: *crab-apple tree.*

ÆPPELWĪN

Noun: *apple-wine, cider.*

ÆPPLED

Adjective: *shaped like an apple; round, embossed.*

ÆPPLEN

Adjective: *growing apple trees, yielding apples.*

ÆPSEN

1. Adjective: *shameless, impudent, foul.*

2. Noun: *shame, disgrace; impudence, foulness.*

ÆPSENES

Noun: *shame, disgrace, dishonour.*

ÆPSETT

Noun: *aspen wood.*

ĀR

1. Adverb: *before that, before hand, previously, formerly; soon; lately; already; till.*

2. Adposition: *before.*

3. Adjective: *early, preceding, former, ancient.*

4. Conjunction: *before that.*

5. *See ār* (3).

6. *See ār* (4).

7. *See ēar* (1).

8. *See ār* (2).

9. *See ēar* (2).

ĀRA

Noun: *scraper, strigil.*

ĀRĀDL

Noun: *early illness or disease.*

ĀRĀET

Noun: *too early eating.*

ĀRBEÐOHT

Adjective: *premeditated.*

ĀRBOREN

Adjective: *earlier or first born.*

ĀRCWIDE

Noun: *prophecy.*

ĀRDĀD

Noun: *former deed or conduct.*

ĀRDÆG

Noun: *early morn, dawn; pl. Early days, past times.*

ĀRDĒAÐ

Noun: *premature death.*

ĀRĒAFE

Adjective: *detected, discovered.*

ĀRELDO

Adjective: *anteritus, before old age.*

ĀREN

1. Adjective: *made of brass; brazen; twinkling.*

2. Adjective: *with oars.*

ĀRENBYT

Noun: *brass pan or vessel.*

ĀRENDÆG

Noun: *yesterday, the day before.*

ĀRENDBŌC

Noun: *message, letter.*

ĀRENDE

Noun: *message; answer, news, tidings; mission, errand.*

ĀRENDFÆST

Adjective: *bound on an errand.*

ǼRENDGĀST

Noun: *spiritual messenger, angel.*

ǼRENDGEWRIT

Noun: *written message, letter, epistle; brief writing, summary.*

ǼRENDIAN

Verb: *to go on an errand; to intercede, act as emissary or advocate; to negotiate.*

ǼRENDIAN

Verb: *to go on an errand, carry a message, send word to; to intercede, negotiate for; to seek for; to obtain; to speed; to succeed.*

ǼRENDRACA

Noun: *messenger, ambassador, angel; disciple, apostle; representative, proxy, substitute.*

ǼRENDSCIP

Noun: *small boat, skiff.*

ǼRENDSECG

Noun: *messenger, errand-deliverer.*

ǼRENDSPRĒC

Noun: *verbal message.*

ǼRENDUNG

Noun: *message; carrying a message, acting as an emisary, errand, intercession.*

ǼRENDWRECCAN

Verb: *to deliver a message.*

ǼRFÆDER

Noun: *forefather; father.*

ǼRGĒARA

Adverb: *heretofore; of old.*

ǼRGEDŌN

Adjective: *done before.*

ǼRGEFREMED

Adjective: *before committed.*

ǼRGELĒRED

Adjective: *previously instructed.*

ǼRGESÆD

Adjective: *aforementioned.*

ǼRGESCOD

Adjective: *brass-shod, shod with brass.*

ÆRGESTRĒON

Noun: *ancient treasure.*

ÆRGEWEORC

Noun: *brass-work, work of olden times.*

ÆRGEWINN

Noun: *former strife or trouble, old warfare.*

ÆRGEWYRHT

Noun: *former work, deed of old.*

ÆRGLÆD

Adjective: *bright in armour.*

ÆRGŌD

Adjective: *good from old times; very good.*

ÆRGYSTRANDÆG

Noun: *the day before yesterday.*

ÆRHWĪLUM

Adverb: *in earlier times, formerly.*

ÆRIHT

Noun: *code of law or faith.*

ÆRILDO

Noun: *former age.*

ÆRING

Noun: *day-break, early dawn.*

ÆRIST

Noun: *rising; awakening, resurrection.*

ÆRISTHYHT

Noun: *hope of resurrection.*

ÆRLĒOF

Adjective: *very dear.*

ÆRLIC

Adjective: *early.*

ÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *early.*

ÆRMORGEN

Noun: *dawn, day-break.*

ÆRMORGENLIC

Adjective: *of early morning.*

ÆRN

Noun: *building, dwelling, house, cottage; store; closet.*

ÆRNAN

See *(ge)ærnan.*

ĀRNEMERGENLIC

1. Adjective: *matutinal.*

2. See *ārmorgenlic.*

ĀRNEMNED

Adjective: *aforementioned.*

ÆRNEWEG

Noun: *road for riding on, race-course.*

ÆRNING

Noun: *racing, running, riding; course, flux, flow of blood.*

ÆRNÞEGEN

Noun: *house-officer.*

ĀROR

1. Adverb: *before, earlier, formerly, beforehand; rather.*

2. Adposition: *before.*

ĀRRA

Adjective: *earlier, preceding, former.*

ĀRRE

Adjective: *earlier, former, preceding.*

ĀRSCEAFT

Noun: *old creation, ancient building.*

ĀRÞAM

Adposition: *before that.*

ĀRÞAMÞE

Adposition: *before that which, till.*

ĀRWACOL

Adjective: *early awake.*

ĀRWELA

Noun: *ancient wealth; wealth of oars, sea.*

ĀRWORULD

Noun: *ancient world.*

ĀRYNDE

Noun: *interpreter.*

ĀS

Noun: *food, meat; carrion, dead carcase; bait.*

ÆSC

1. Noun: *ash-tree; name of the rune for æ; spear, lance; ship.*

2. See ***æ****cs.*

ĀSCĀRE

Adjective: *unshorn, untrimmed.*

ĀSCAN

Verb: *to demand.*

ÆSCBEDD

Noun: *ash-bed.*

ÆSCBEREND

Noun: *spear-bearer, soldier.*

ÆSCBERENDE

Adjective: *spear-bearing.*

ĀSCE

Noun: *search, investigation, inquisition, inquiry; claim.*

ĀSCEAP

Noun: *remnant, patch.*

ÆSCEDA

1. Noun: *refuse.*

2. Noun: *mixture, farrago; perfume.*

ÆSCEGESWĀP

Noun: *cinders, ashes.*

ÆSCEN

1. Noun: *vessel of ash-wood; cup, bottle, bucket, pail.*

2. Adjective: *ashen, made of ash-wood.*

ÆSCESDŪN

Noun: *Ashdown, on the ridgeway in Berkshire.*

ÆSCETT

Noun: *ash-clump.*

ÆSCFEALU

Adjective: *ashy-hued.*

ÆSCGRÆG

Adjective: *ashy-grey.*

ÆSCHERE

Noun: *spear-band; naval force.*

ÆSCHOLT

Noun: *spear of ash-wood, lance.*

ÆSCMANN

Noun: *ship-man, sailor, pirate.*

ÆSCPLEGA

Noun: *play of spears, battle, war.*

ÆSCRIND

Noun: *bark of the ash-tree.*

ÆSCRŌF

Adjective: *brave in battle; noble, illustrious.*

ÆSCSTEALL

1. Noun: *place of battle.*

2. See ***æ****tsteall* (1).

ÆSCSTEDE

Noun: *place of battle.*

ÆSCSTEDERŌD

Noun: *cross marking a battlefield.*

ÆSCSTYBB

Noun: *stump of an ash-tree.*

ÆSCTĪR

Noun: *glory in war.*

ÆSCÐRACU

Noun: *battle.*

ÆSCÐROTE

Noun: *plant, vervain.*

ÆSCWIGA

Noun: *spear-warrior.*

ÆSCWLANC

Adjective: *spear-proud.*

ÆSCWYRT

Noun: *ash-wort, verbena, vervain.*

ĀSELLEND

Noun: *lawgiver.*

ĀSLĪTEND

Noun: *law-breaker.*

ĀSMÆL

Noun: *smallness of the eye; contraction of the pupil.*

ĀSMOGU

Noun: *slough (of snake).*

ÆSPE

Noun: *aspen-tree; white polar.*

ÆSPEN

Adjective: *aspen, belonging to the asp-tree.*

ĀSPHANGRA

Noun: *aspen wood.*

ÆSPRIND

Noun: *aspen bark or rind.*

ĀSPRYNG

Noun: *spring, fountain; departure.*

ÆSTEL

Noun: *bookmark; tablet, table for notes.*

ĀSWĀPA

Noun: *dust, sweepings, rubbish.*

ĀSWIC

1. Noun: *offence, infamy, scandal, sedition; seduction, deceit; stumbling-block.*

2. Adjective: *apostate.*

ĀSWICA

Noun: *offender, hypocrite, deceiver, traitor; heathen.*

ĀSWICE

Noun: *failure in the keeping of the law, violation of God's laws; adultery.*

ĀSWICIAN

See *(ge)æswician.*

ĀSWICNES

Noun: *stumbling-block; offence, reproach.*

ĀSWICUNG

Noun: *offence, scandal, sedition; deceit.*

ĀSWIND

Adjective: *sluggish, idle, slothful.*

ÆT-

Affix: *at, to, from.*

ÆT

1. Adposition: *at, by, near, next to; of, from; before; in, into; on, upon; to, unto, toward; until, as far as, up to; against; in respect to, as to.*

2. Adverb: *at, to, near.*

ĀT

Noun: *food, eatables, meat, flesh; eating, the act of feeding.*

ÆTBEFŌN

Verb: *to take to, attach.*

ÆTBĒON

Verb: *to be present.*

ÆTBRĒDENDLIC

Adjective: *ablative; taking away.*

ÆTCLIFIAN

Verb: *to adhere.*

ÆTCLĪÐAN

Verb: *to stay by, adhere to.*

ÆTDĒMAN

Verb: *to refuse, give judgement against.*

ÆTDŌN

Verb: *to take away, deprive.*

ÆTDWĪNAN

Verb: *to disappear.*

ÆTĒACA

Noun: *addition, appendix.*

ÆTEALDOD

Adjective: *too old.*

ÆTEGLAN

Verb: *to inflict pain, harm; to trouble, torment, grieve.*

ÆTĒOWIAN

Verb: *to shew, display, manifest, declare; to appear.*

ÆTĒOWIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *evidently, demonstratively.*

ĀTERE

Noun: *consumer, eater, devourer, glutton.*

ĀTERN

1. Noun: *viper.*

2. Adjective: *poisonous, venomous.*

3. *See ætren.*

ĀTERNES

Noun: *full of poison, venomousness.*

ÆTFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to fix, implant, fasten; to entrust, let out land to a person.*

ÆTFECGAN

Verb: *to seize.*

ÆTFELE

Noun: *adhesion.*

ÆTFENG

Noun: *attaching, distraint.*

ÆTFEOHTAN

Verb: *to grope about, feel earnestly; to fight against, contend.*

ÆTFĒOLAN

Verb: *to adhere, stick to, cleave, hang on; to press, impress; to continue, insist upon.*

ÆTFLŌWAN

Verb: *to accumulate, increase; to flow together.*

ÆTFŌN

Verb: *to seize upon, apprehend; to arrest stolen or lost property; to lay claim to.*

ÆTFORAN

1. Adposition: *before, close by; in front of, in the presence or in the sight of, at the head of.*

2. Adverb: *beforehand; before.*

ÆTFORANWEALL

Noun: *outer wall, bulwark before a castle.*

ÆTFYLIGAN

Verb: *to adhere, stick to; to cling to, cleave.*

ÆTGÆDERE

Adverb: *at the same time, together.*

ÆTGĀRE

Noun: *spear, dart, javelin.*

ÆTGANGAN

1. Verb: *to reproach.*

2. Verb: *to go to, approach.*

ÆTGĀR

Noun: *spear, dart, javelin.*

ÆTGEBICGAN

Verb: *to buy for himself.*

ÆTGEBRENGAN

Verb: *to bring or lead to.*

ÆTGENIMAN

Verb: *to take away by force, pluck out, withdraw, deliver, rescue.*

ÆTGENUMEN

Adjective: *taken away.*

ĀTGIEFA

Noun: *food-giver, feeder.*

ÆTGIFAN

Verb: *to give, afford, render.*

ÆTGRĀEPE

Adjective: *seizing, grasping at.*

ÆTHABBAN

Verb: *to retain, detain, withhold.*

ÆTHEBBAN

Verb: *to take away or out, remove, withdraw; to hold back; to exalt oneself.*

ÆTHINDAN

Adposition: *after, behind, at the back.*

ÆTHĪWIAN

Verb: *to transform.*

ÆTHLŸP

Noun: *assault.*

ÆTHREPPIAN

Verb: *to knock, rap at, dash about.*

ÆTHRINE

Noun: *touch.*

ÆTHWĀRE

Adverb: *somewhat.*

ÆTHWEGA

Adverb: *somewhat, in some measure, about; a little; how; tolerably.*

ÆTHWEORFAN

Verb: *to return, go back.*

ÆTHWŌN

Adverb: *almost, nearly.*

ÆTHŸD

Adjective: *skinned, put out of the hide; deprived of its sinews.*

ĀTING

Noun: *eating, pasture.*

ĀTINGE

Adjective: *speechless.*

ÆTLĀTNES

Noun: *desolation, destruction.*

ĀTLIC

Adjective: *eatable.*

ÆTLICGAN

Verb: *to lie still or idle.*

ÆTLIMPAN

Verb: *to fall away; to escape; to be lost.*

ÆTLŪTIAN

Verb: *to hide; to lie hid, lurk.*

ÆTNĒHSTAN

Adverb: *at last, at nighest.*

ĀTNES

Noun: *edibility.*

ÆTNIMAN

Verb: *to take from or away, deprive of.*

ÆTRECCAN

Verb: *to deprive of, declare forfeit.*

ĀTREN

Adjective: *poisonous; poisoned.*

ĀTRENMŌD

Adjective: *venom-minded, malignant.*

ĀTRENNES

Noun: *poisonousness.*

ĀTRIAN

See *(ge)ātrian.*

ĀTRIG

Adjective: *poisonous, venomous.*

ÆTRIHTE

1. Adjective: *present, near, right at, close at hand.*

2. Adverb: *almost, nearly, rightly or justly at; at hand, immediately.*

ÆTRIHTES

Adverb: *almost, nearly, immediately.*

ÆTSAMNE

Adverb: *at once, together, united.*

ÆTSCĒAWIAN

Verb: *to appear.*

ÆTSITTAN

Verb: *to stay, remain, wait; to sit by.*

ÆTSLĀPAN

Verb: *to sleep beside.*

ÆTSLĪDAN

Verb: *to slip, glide; to fall.*

ÆTSPORNUNG

Noun: *offence; stumbling-block; misfortune.*

ÆTSPRINGAN

Verb: *to spring or spurt out, rush forth.*

ÆTSPRINGNES

Noun: *failing, despondency.*

ÆTSPRUNGENNES

Noun: *failing.*

ÆTSTÆL

Noun: *aid, assistance.*

ÆTSTÆPPAN

Verb: *to approach, step up to.*

ÆTSTANDAN

Verb: *to stay, remain, stand still; to resist, check; to cease, stop.*

ÆTSTANDEND

Noun: *bystander, attendant.*

ÆTSTANDENDE

Adjective: *standing by.*

ÆTSTEALL

1. Noun: *assistance; meeting with hostile intent; station, camp.*

2. See ***æ****tst****æ****l.*

ÆTSTRENGAN

Verb: *to deforce, withhold wrongfully.*

ÆTSTYNTAN

Verb: *to weaken, dull, make inactive or ineffective; to blunt.*

ĀTTAN

Verb: *to eat up, consume.*

ÆTWEGAN

Verb: *to take away, carry off; to bear away.*

ĀTWELA

Noun: *abundance of food, feast.*

ÆTWENIAN

Verb: *to wean or deliver from.*

ÆTWESAN

Verb: *to be present.*

ÆTWESENDE

Adjective: *at hand, imminent.*

ÆTWIST

1. Noun: *substance, being; existence, presence.*

2. See *edwist.*

ÆTWRENCAN

Verb: *to seize by fraud, cheat a person out of something.*

ÆTWUNIAN

Verb: *to stand by.*

ÆTȲCAN

Verb: *to add, increase, augment.*

ÆTȲCNES

Noun: *increase, addition.*

ÆTȲWEDNES

Noun: *showing, appearance, manifestation, declaration, revelation.*

ÆTȳWIGENDLIC

Adjective: *demonstrative.*

ÆTȳWNES

Noun: *showing, exposition, manifestation, revelation, making known; vision, apparition; Epiphany.*

ÆTȳWUNG

Noun: *manifestation; Epiphany.*

ÆÐAN

See *(ge)ædan.*

ÆÐELBALD

Noun: *Æthelbald.*

ÆÐELBOREN

Adjective: *distinguished, of noble birth; natural, inborn.*

ÆÐELBORENNES

Noun: *nobility of birth or nature; nobleness, nobility, dignity; inborn nature.*

ÆÐELBRYHT

Noun: *Æthelbert, king of Kent.*

ÆÐELCUND

Adjective: *noble, of noble birth.*

ÆÐELCUNDNES

Noun: *nobleness, nobility.*

ÆÐELCYNING

Noun: *noble king, Christ.*

ÆÐELDUGUÐ

Noun: *noble attendance or retinue.*

ÆÐELE

Noun: *aristocratic, noble; fine, famous, splendid, excellent, glorious; valuable, costly; lusty; young; pleasant, sweet-smelling.*

ÆÐELFERÐINGWYRT

Noun: *stitch-wort (plant).*

ÆÐELFLÆD

Noun: *Æthelfled.*

ÆÐELING

Noun: *chief, hero, man of royal blood, nobleman, prince, king, saint, Christ, God; in pl. men, people*.

ÆÐELINGA ĪGG

Noun: *the island of nobles, the island of Athelney.*

ÆÐELINGHĀD

Noun: *princely state or condition.*

ÆÐELLIC

Adjective: *noble, excellent.*

ÆÐELLĪCE

Adverb: *nobly.*

ÆÐELNES

Noun: *excellence, nobility.*

ÆÐELRÆD

Noun: *Æthelred, Mercian nobleman.*

ÆÐELSTĀN

Noun: *Athelstan.*

ÆÐELSTENC

Noun: *noble odour.*

ÆÐELTUNGOL

Noun: *noble star.*

ÆÐELU

Noun: *nature, origin, race, descent, family; noble birth, nobility, excellence; noble qualities, genius, talents, pre-eminence; growth, produce.*

ÆÐELWULF

Noun: *Æthelwulf.*

ĀÐM

Noun: *air, breath, breathing, vapour, steam; blast.*

ĀÐMIAN

Verb: *to emit a smell, exhale, fume, bring forth or send forth vapour; to be heated, boil; to be in ferment; to be greatly moved.*

ĀÐROT

Noun: *weariness, disgust.*

ĀÐRYT

1. Adjective: *troublesome, wearisome, disgusting, tedious.*
2. Noun: *weariness, disgust, tediousness.*

ĀWĀDE

Adjective: *without clothes.*

ĀWAN

Verb: *to despise, scorn, contemn.*

ĀWBRĀCE

Adjective: *law-breaking; impious, sacrilegious; adulterous.*

ĀWBRECA

Noun: *adulterer.*

ĀWDA

Noun: *witness, compurgator.*

ĀWE

1. Noun: *married woman, wife; marriage, wedlock; law.*

2. Adjective: *lawful, legitimate; married; born of the same marriage.*

ĀWENBRŌÐOR

Noun: *brother of the same marriage.*

ĀWĒNE

Adjective: *uncertain, doubtful.*

ĀWERD

1. Adjective: *religious; corrupt, perverse; averse, forward.*

2. Noun: *regular priest.*

ĀWEWEARD

Noun: *priest, guardian of the divine law.*

ĀWFÆST

Adjective: *upright, firm in observing the law; devout, religious, pious; married.*

ĀWFÆSTEN

Noun: *legal or public fast.*

ĀWFÆSTLIC

Adjective: *lawful, legitimate; religious.*

ĀWFÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *religiously, piously.*

ĀWFÆSTMAN

Noun: *man bound by law, married man.*

ĀWFÆSTNES

Noun: *sincerity, piety; devotion, religion; firmness in the law.*

ĀWICNES

Noun: *eternity.*

ĀWIELM

Noun: *beginning; source, spring, fount.*

ĀWINTRECYNING

Noun: *consul, king or ruler for one winter.*

ĀWISC

1. Noun: *shame, offence, dishonour; disgrace.*

2. Adjective: *abashed, shameless, indecent, impudent, foul, disgraced.*

ĀWISCBEREND

Noun: *middle finger.*

ĀWISCBERENDE

Adjective: *shameful, impudent, bearing disgrace; unclean, unchaste, lewd.*

ĀWISCFERINEND

Noun: *shameless sinner, publican.*

ĀWISCFIREN

Adjective: *guilty of shameless sin.*

ĀWISCFIRINA

Noun: *publican, shameless sinner.*

ĀWISCLIC

Adjective: *shameful, disgraceful, infamous.*

ĀWISCMŌD

Adjective: *abashed, ashamed, cowed.*

ĀWISCNES

Noun: *shamelessness, impudence, disgracefulness; openness; reverence.*

ĀWISCOD

Adjective: *made public.*

ĀWITA

Noun: *one skilled in the law, counsellor.*

ĀWLIC

Adjective: *legal, lawful.*

ĀWLĪCE

Adverb: *in a ' legal, lawful' manner.*

ĀWNIAN

See *(ge)ǣwnian.*

ĀWNUNG

Noun: *wedlock.*

ǼWRĪTERE

Noun: *composer or framer of laws; writer.*

ǼWUL

Noun: *weel, basket with a narrow neck for catching fish.*

ǼWUMBOREN

Adjective: *lawfully born.*

ǼWYLL

Noun: *stream.*

ǼWYRP

Noun: *what is cast away; abortion.*

ÆXFARU

Noun: *naval or military expedition.*

BABILŌN

Noun: *Babylon.*

BABILŌNISC

Adjective: *Babylonish.*

BABILŌNISCA

Noun: *Babylon.*

BACAN

Verb: *to bake.*

BACCA

Noun: *ridge.*

BACSLITOL

Noun: *backbiter.*

BĀD

1. Noun: *pledge; stake, forced contribution, impost.*

2. Noun: *waiting, expectation.*

BADDANBURH

Noun: *Badbury, Dorsetshire, formerly Baddanburgum.*

BADECANWYLLE

Noun: *Bakewell, Derbyshire.*

BĀDIAN

Verb: *to seize, take by way of a pledge or fine.*

BÆBBABURH

Noun: *Bamborough, in Northumberland.*

BÆC

1. Noun: *back.*

2. Noun: *brook, beck, small rapid stream.*

BÆCBORD

Noun: *leftside of a ship, larboard.*

BÆCE

1. Noun: *back parts.*

2. See *bæc* (2).

BÆCERE

1. Noun: *baker.*

2. See *bæzere.*

BÆCERING

Noun: *gridiron.*

BÆCERN

Noun: *bakery, bakehouse.*

BÆCESTRE

Noun: *baker, woman who bakes.*

BÆCHŪS

Noun: *bakehouse.*

BÆCLING

Adverb: *on the back, backwards, behind.*

BÆCLINGE

Adverb: *backwards, behind; back to back.*

BÆCSLITOL

Adjective: *backbiting.*

BÆCSTĀN

Noun: *baking-stone.*

BÆCÞEARM

Noun: *entrails, bowels; rectum.*

BÆDAFORDSCĪR

Noun: *Bedfordshire.*

BÆDAN

See *(ge)bædan.*

BÆDDE

Noun: *thing required, tribute.*

BÆDDEL

Noun: *hermaphrodite; effeminate person.*

BÆDEND

Noun: *inciter, vehement or earnest persuader, stirrer; solicitor.*

BÆDEWĒG

Noun: *drinking vessel, cup; discussion, contest.*

BÆDLING

Noun: *delicate person, effeminate person; carrier of letters or orders.*

BÆFTANSITTENDE

Adjective: *idle.*

BÆGERE

Noun: *the Bavarians.*

BĀL

Noun: *fire, flame, bonfire; funeral pyre, funeral pile.*

BĀLBLYS

Noun: *blaze of a flame; funeral blaze.*

BÆLC

Noun: *pride, arrogance; covering, cloud; the stomach; belch.*

BÆLCAN

Verb: *to cry out; to boast.*

BĀLEGSA

Noun: *terror of fire.*

BĀLFŸR

Noun: *bale-fire, funeral or sacrificial fire.*

BĀLSTEDE

Noun: *place of a funeral pile.*

BĀLÐRACU

Noun: *force of fire, violence of fire.*

BĀLWUDU

Noun: *wood of the funeral pile.*

BĀLWYLM

Noun: *fire's heat, flames of a funeral fire.*

BĀNEN

Adjective: *made of bone.*

BĀR

1. Noun: *bed, couch, litter, pallet, bier; handbarrow.*

2. Noun: *pasture.*

3. See *bār*.

BÆR

Adjective: *open, uncovered, bare, naked, without clothes.*

BÆRBÆRE

Adjective: *barbarous.*

BĀRDISC

Noun: *tray, frame on which several dishes were brought to table at once, service; course.*

BÆRFŌT

Adjective: *barefoot.*

BÆRLIC

Adjective: *of barley; clear, open, public.*

BÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *plainly, openly, barely, nakedly, manisfestly, publicly.*

BÆRMANN

Noun: *bearer, carrier, porter.*

BÆRNAN

See *(ge)bærnan.*

BÆRNELĀC

Noun: *burnt offering.*

BÆRNETT

Noun: *burn, burning, combustion, consuming by fire; arson; cautery.*

BÆRNING

Noun: *burning; burnt-offering.*

BÆRNĪSEN

Noun: *branding-iron.*

BÆRNNES

Noun: *burning.*

BÆRS

Noun: *fish, perch.*

BÆST

Noun: *inner bark of a tree, bast.*

BÆSTEN

Adjective: *made of bast.*

BÆRSYNNIG

Noun: *notorious sinner, openly-wicked; publican.*

BĀTAN

Verb: *to hunt, worry with dogs, bait; to beat, make way against the wind or current, bail; (of a horse) to bridle, bit, saddle, spread a covering; to curb, restrain, rein in.*

BĀTING

Noun: *rope, cable; beating (against the wind).*

BÆÐ

Noun: *bath, action of bathing; liquid in which one bathes; medical spring.*

BÆÐDÆG

Noun: *Epiphany (day of Christ's baptism).*

BÆÐERN

Noun: *bath-house.*

BÆÐFÆT

Noun: *bath, bathing-tub.*

BÆÐHŪS

Noun: *bathing-place.*

BÆÐSEALF

Noun: *bathing-salve.*

BÆÐSTEDE

Noun: *place of baths.*

BÆÐSTŌW

Noun: *bathing-place.*

BÆÐWEG

Noun: *bath-way, the sea.*

BÆZERE

Noun: *baptist, baptizer.*

BALC

Noun: *bank, ridge; balk, beam, some kind of wooden fetter.*

BALSAM

Noun: *balsam, balm.*

BALSMEÐE

Noun: *bergamot.*

BALSMINTE

Noun: *water-mint, balsam-mint, spear-mint.*

BALZAME

Noun: *balsam, balm.*

BĀN

Noun: *bone, bone of a limb, leg or arm; tusk.*

BANA

1. Noun: *murderer, killer, slayer, manslayer; the devil; used of a weapon with which death is caused.*

2. Noun: *murderess.*

BĀNBEORGE

Noun: *greave, bone defence, leg armour.*

BĀNBRYCE

Noun: *fracture of a bone.*

BĀNCOFA

Noun: *the body, bone-dwelling.*

BANCORENABURH

Noun: *Bangor, in Wales.*

BANCOÐA

Noun: *bone disease, baneful disease, fatal o deadly malady, erysipelas.*

BANCOÐU

Noun: *baneful disease, fatal or deadly malady, erysipelas.*

BĀNECE

Noun: *pain in the thigh.*

BĀNFÆT

Noun: *body, corpse, bone vessel.*

BĀNFĀG

Adjective: *adorned with bonework; death or murder stained.*

BANGĀR

Noun: *death-spear.*

BĀNGEBERG

Noun: *greave, leg armour.*

BĀNGEBREC

Noun: *fracture of a bone.*

BĀNHELM

Noun: *helmet, bone-helm, shield.*

BĀNHRING

Noun: *joint, vertebra, neck-bone.*

BĀNHŪS

Noun: *body, chest, breast.*

BANINGAS

Noun: *the Banings, people mentioned in the Gleeman's tale.*

BĀNLĒAS

Adjective: *boneless, without bones.*

BĀNLOCA

Noun: *body, skin, muscle, joint, limb.*

BANNAN

See *(ge)bannan.*

BANNEND

Noun: *caller, summoner.*

BANNUC

Noun: *bit, small piece; cake, bannock.*

BĀNRIFT

Noun: *greaves, bone-coverings, leg-armour, leggings.*

BĀNSEALF

Noun: *salve for pain in the bones.*

BANSEGN

Noun: *banner, ensign.*

BĀNSELE

Noun: *body, bone-house or dwelling.*

BĀNWÆRC

Noun: *ache, pain or grief in the bones.*

BANWEORC

Noun: *homicide, manslaughter.*

BĀNWYRT

Noun: *violet, small knapweed, bone-wort.*

BĀR

Noun: *boar.*

BARDA

1. Noun: *beaked ship, ship pointed with iron.*

2. Noun: *the Apennines.*

BARHELM

Noun: *helmet with the image of a boar.*

BARIAN

Verb: *to disclosure, make or lay bare, discover, strip, despoil.*

BAROSCĪR

Noun: *the bare oak shire, or Berkshire.*

BARRICGE

Noun: *braugina, baruina.*

BĀRSPERE

Noun: *boar spear.*

BĀRSPRĒOT

Noun: *boar spear.*

BARTON

Noun: *Barton, a corn village.*

BARÐ

Noun: *kind of ship, light vessel to sail or row in.*

BASILISCA

Noun: *basilisk.*

BASILIUS

Noun: *Basil, Bishop of Cæsarea.*

BASING

1. Noun: *cloak, mantle.*

2. Noun: *Basing, near Basingstoke, Hampshire.*

BĀSNIAN

See *(ge)bāsnian.*

BĀSNUNG

Noun: *expectation.*

BASOPOPIG

Noun: *corn or red poppy.*

BASTARD

Noun: *bastard.*

BASTERNE

Noun: *the people of Sarmatia in Europe or upper Hungary.*

BASU

Adjective: *purple, crimson, scarlet.*

BASUHÆWEN

Adjective: *purple.*

BASUIAN

Verb: *to be clad in purple.*

BASWASTĀN

Noun: *topaz (precious stone varying from a yellow to a violet colour).*

BĀT

Noun: *ship, boat, vessel.*

BATIAN

Verb: *to get or grow better, heal, recovery from ill health, improve in health.*

BĀTSWEGEN

Noun: *boatman.*

BATT

Noun: *contention, strife; stick, bat, cudgel, club.*

BĀTWEARD

Noun: *keeper or commander of a ship.*

BAÐAN

Noun: *the city of Bath, Somersetshire, so called from its baths.*

BAÐANCEASTER

Noun: *the city of Bath, Somersetshire, so called from its baths.*

BAÐIAN

See *(ge)baðian.*

BE-

Affix: *add intensive meaning; add privative meaning; change a intransitive verb into a transitive verb; (accented bī and big) same meaning as prep. 'by'.*

BE

Adpostion: *by, near, near to, beside, along, at, in, on, upon; with; while, during; of, from, about; before; after; for, because of; through, by; in consideration of, in conformity with, in imitation of; by means of; concerning, according to, in reference to; on penalty of.*

BĒACEN

See *(ge)bēacen.*

BĒACENFŸR

Noun: *signal or beacon fire, lighthouse.*

BĒACENSTĀN

Noun: *stone on which to light a beacon fire.*

BĒACNIAN

See *(ge)bēacnian.*

BEADU

Verb: *strife, fighting, battle, war, slaughter; cruelty.*

BEADUCĀF

Adjective: *ready for battle, bold in battle.*

BEADUCRÆFT

Noun: *skill in war, strength in war.*

BEADUCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *warlike, war-crafty.*

BEADUCWEALM

Noun: *war-death, violent death.*

BEADUÐRĒAT

Noun: *war-band, war-host, army.*

BEADUFOLM

Noun: *war or bloody hand.*

BEADUGRIM

Adjective: *war-grim, war-furious.*

BEADUGRĪMA

Noun: *helmet, war mask.*

BEADUHRÆGL

Noun: *war-garment, coat of mail.*

BEADULĀC

Noun: *play of battle, war.*

BEADULĒOMA

Noun: *sword; war-gleam.*

BEADUMÆGEN

Noun: *force, battle-strenght, military power.*

BEADUMĒCE

Noun: *battle-sword, sword of slaughter.*

BEADURÆS

Noun: *rush of battle, onset.*

BEADURINC

Noun: *warrior, soldier.*

BEADURŌF

Adjective: *war-renowned; strong or bold in battle.*

BEADURŪN

Noun: *war-secret, secret of a quarrel.*

BEADUSCEARP

Noun: *sharp in fight, keen in battle (applied to a sword).*

BEADUSCRŪD

Noun: *coat of mail, warlike apparel; shield.*

BEADUSEARO

Noun: *war equipment, engine or weapon of war.*

BEADUSERCE

Noun: *war-shirt, coat of mail.*

BEADUWÆPEN

Noun: *weapon of war.*

BEADUWANG

Noun: *battlefield.*

BEADUWĒG

Noun: *discussion, contest, war-cup.*

BEADUWEORC

Noun: *war-work, warlike operation.*

BEADUWEORCA

Noun: *war-worker, soldier.*

BEADUWRÆD

Noun: *war-company, fighting troop.*

BEÆFTAN

1. Adverb: *behind; after, afterwards, hereafter.*

2. Adposition: *after; behind; without.*

BEÆWNIAN

Verb: *to marry, join in marriage, wed.*

BEAFTAN

Verb: *to strike (the hands) together; to lament.*

BĒAG

Noun: *ring (as ornament or as money), garland, necklace, collar, bracelet, crown; treasure things; circle, coil.*

BĒAGGIFA

Noun: *ring giver, giver of ring or bracelet money; generous chief, lord, king.*

BĒAGGIFU

Noun: *ring-gift, ring-giving, distribution of rings or bracelets.*

BĒAGHORD

Noun: *ring-hoard.*

BĒAGHRODEN

Adjective: *adorned with rings or bracelets, diademed, crown adorned.*

BĒAGSEL

Noun: *hall of bracelets, hall in which rings are distributed.*

BĒAGSELE

Noun: *hall of bracelets, hall in which rings are distributed.*

BĒAGÞEGU

Noun: *ring-receiving.*

BĒAGWĪSE

Noun: *round shape, circular form, ring-fashion.*

BĒAGWRIÐA

Noun: *armlet, bracelet, ringed wreath.*

BEĀHSIAN

Verb: *to ask advice.*

BEALCAN

Verb: *to emit, utter, pour out, give forth, splutter out, belch, bring up.*

BEALCETTAN

Verb: *to emit, utter, give forth, come forth, send forth, splutter out, belch, bring up.*

BEALD

Adjective: *confident, brave, bold, audacious, adventorous; strong; imprudent; presumptuous.*

BEALDE

Adverb: *confidently, boldly, courageously; freely; immediately, instantly, without hesitation.*

BEALDIAN

Verb: *to be bold or brave, bear oneself bravely.*

BEALDLĪCE

Adverb: *confidently, boldly; instantly; earnestly; saucily.*

BEALDNES

Noun: *boldness.*

BEALDOR

Noun: *ruler, master, lord, prince; hero.*

BEALDWYRDE

Adjective: *bold in speech, saucy.*

BEALG

Adjective: *round.*

BEALL

Noun: *ball, boundary mark, round hill.*

BEALLUCAS

Noun: *testiculi.*

BEALU

1. Noun: *woe, harm, injury, hurt, mischief, ruin, evil, destruction; wickedness, malice, depravity; noxious thing; the baleful or wicked one, Satan.*

2. Adjective: *dangerous, baleful, wicked, pernicious, malicious, evil, deadly.*

BEALUBEND

Noun: *chain, pernicious or grievous bond.*

BEALUBENN

Noun: *baleful or mortal wound.*

BEALUBLONDEN

Adjective: *pernicious; mixed with bale.*

BEALUCLOMM

Noun: *oppressive bond, dire chain.*

BEALUCRÆFT

Noun: *magic, wicked or pernicious art.*

BEALUCWEALM

Noun: *pernicious or violent death.*

BEALUDÆD

Noun: *sin, evil or wicked deed.*

BEALUFUL

Adjective: *baleful, wicked, dire, cursed.*

BEALUFŪS

Adjective: *inclined to sin.*

BEALUHYCGENDE

Adjective: *meditating mischief, intending evil.*

BEALUHŸDIG

Adjective: *baleful-minded, meditating mischief, intending evil.*

BEALUINWIT

Noun: *guile, deceit, trachery.*

BEALULĒAS

Adjective: *harmless; innocent, void of evil.*

BEALUNĪÐ

Noun: *wickedness, baleful malice, evil.*

BEALURĀP

Noun: *oppressive fetter, pernicious cord.*

BEALUSEARU

Noun: *wicked machination or snare.*

BEALUSĪÐ

Noun: *adversity, misfortune, calamity, hurt, evil fortune; destructive or deadly path, death.*

BEALUSORG

Noun: *baleful or dire sorrow.*

BEALUSPELL

Noun: *baleful message or tale.*

BEALUÐONC

Noun: *baleful or wicked thought.*

BĒAM

1. Noun: *wood, tree; post, split, beam, rafter, gallows; pillar, column, metal girder; cross, gallows; stock of a tree; ship; beam of light, sunbeam; in the Northumbrian Gospels bēam is put for býme a trumpet.*

2. See *bīeme.*

3. See *bīma.*

BEĀMFLĒOT

Noun: *Beamfleet, Bamfleet, Benfleet, in Essex.*

BĒAMIAN

Verb: *to shine, cast forth rays or beams like the sun.*

BĒAMSCEADU

Noun: *shade of a tree.*

BĒAMTELG

Noun: *dye or ink of a tree.*

BĒAMWEG

Noun: *road made with logs, corduroy road.*

BĒAMWER

Noun: *weir made of logs.*

BĒAN

Noun: *bean, pea, legume, all sorts of pulse.*

BĒANBELGAS

Noun: *bean-pods, husks, cods or shells.*

BĒANCODDAS

Noun: *husk, beanpod.*

BĒANCYNN

Noun: *kind of bean.*

BĒANEN

Adjective: *of beans, beany, belonging to beans.*

BĒANLAND

Noun: *land on which beans are grown.*

BĒANLĒAG

Noun: *land where beans grow.*

BĒANMELU

Noun: *bean-meal.*

BĒANSÆD

Noun: *bean-seed, beans for sowing.*

BĒANSCEALU

Noun: *bean-pod, bean-shells (pl.).*

BĒANSET

Noun: *bean-plot.*

BĒANSTEDE

Noun: *place where beans are grown.*

BEARCE

Noun: *barking.*

BEARD

Noun: *beard.*

BEARDLĒAS

Adjective: *beardless, youthful.*

BEARDSÆTAN

Noun: *the people (or district) of Barney.*

BEARG

Noun: *pig, hog, barrow pig, castrated boar.*

BEARHTM

1. Noun: *brightness, glittering, flash, scintillation; instant, moment: glance, glimpse, twinkling; atom.*

2. See *breahtm* (1).

BEARHTME

Adverb: *instantly.*

BEARHTMHWÆT

Adjective: *momentary, swift as an eye-blink.*

BEARHTMHWĪL

Noun: *moment, point of time; glance; twinkling of an eye.*

BEARM

1. Noun: *bosom, breast, lap; middle, inside; possession.*

2. Noun: *emotion, excitement.*

3. See *beorma.*

BEARMCLĀÐ

Noun: *bosom-cloth, apron.*

BEARMHRÆGL

Noun: *apron.*

BEARMRÆGL

Noun: *bosom-garment.*

BEARMTĒAG

Noun: *yeast-box.*

BEARN

1. Noun: *child, offspring, descendant, son, progeny, issue.*

2. See *bere**æ**rne*.

BEARNCENNICGE

Noun: *mother.*

BEARNCENNUNG

Noun: *child-birth.*

BEARNĒACA

Adjective: *pregnant, big with child.*

BEARNĒACEN

Adjective: *pregnant; increased.*

BEARNĒACNIGENDE

Adjective: *being with child, pregnant.*

BEARNĒACNOD

Adjective: *pregnant.*

BEARNĒACUNG

Noun: *generation, pregnancy, conception.*

BEARNGEBYRDA

Noun: *child-bearing.*

BEARNGESTRĒON

Noun: *procreation of children.*

BEARNLĒAS

Adjective: *childless.*

BEARNLĒAST

Noun: *want of children.*

BEARNLUFE

Noun: *adoption; affection, love of one's own or of an adopted child.*

BEARNMYRÐRA

Noun: *child-murderer, infanticide.*

BEARNMYRÐRE

Noun: *murderer or murderess of a child.*

BEARNTĒAM

Noun: *offspring, progeny, issue; posterity; procreation of children, child-bearing.*

BEARSWINIG

Adjective: *openly wicked; publican.*

BEARU

See *(ge)bearu.*

BEARUNÆS

Noun: *woody shore or promontory.*

BEARWE

Noun: *basket, wheelbarrow.*

BEĀSCIAN

Verb: *to ask a person (acc.) for advice (gen.).*

BĒATAN

See *(ge)bēatan.*

BĒATERE

Noun: *beater, fighter, boxer; champion.*

BĒAW

Noun: *gadfly.*

BEBAÐIAN

Verb: *to wash, bathe.*

BEBBISC

Adjective: *Nazarenus, belonging to Nazareth.*

BEBĒODAN

Verb: *to order, command, require, instruct, enjoin; to commit, entrust; to offer, commend, bid; to give up; to announce, proclaim.*

BEBĒODEND

Noun: *master, commander.*

BEBĒODENDLIC

Adjective: *imperative.*

BEBĒODENDLICGEMET

Noun: *the imperative mood.*

BEBEORGAN

Verb: *to protect, take care; to save, save one's self, guard one's self against, ward off something from one's self.*

BEBERAN

Verb: *to bear or carry to; to provide, supply with.*

BEBIDDAN

Verb: *to command.*

BEBINDAN

Verb: *to bind in or about.*

BEBĪTAN

Verb: *to bite.*

BEBLĀWAN

Verb: *to blow upon.*

BEBOD

Noun: *order, command, decree, mandate, injunction.*

BEBODDÆG

Noun: *appointed day (by the church).*

BEBODRÆDEN

Noun: *command, authority.*

BEBRÆDAN

Verb: *to spread; to cover with.*

BEBRECAN

Verb: *to break to pieces.*

BEBREGDAN

Verb: *to pretend.*

BEBRINGAN

Verb: *to bring or inflict (sth) upon (so).*

BEBRŪCAN

Verb: *to consume (food); to practise.*

BEBŪGAN

Verb: *to avoid, turn from, shun; to encompass, enclose, surround, encircle, flow round; to extend, reach.*

BEBYCGAN

Verb: *to sell, set or put to sale.*

BEBYCGUNG

Noun: *selling, buying.*

BEBYRD

Adjective: *garnished with nails, set with spikes.*

BEBYRDAN

Verb: *to border, fringe.*

BEBYRGAN

1. Verb: *to bury, inter, raise a mound to.*

2. See *bebeorgan*.

BEBYRGEDNES

Noun: *burying, burial.*

BEBYRGUNG

Noun: *burial.*

BEBYRWAN

Verb: *to rub over.*

BEC

Noun: *an abbey in Normandy.*

BECÆFIAN

Verb: *to decorate, ornament, embroider.*

BECARCIAN

Verb: *to take care of, be anxious (about).*

BECCA

Noun: *beck; mattock, pick-axe.*

BECCEN

Noun: *buyer.*

BĒCE

1. Noun: *beech (tree), tree bearing mast.*

2. See *bæc* (2).

BECĒAPIAN

Verb: *to sell; to buy, purchase.*

BĒCEN

Adjective: *beechen, made of beechwood.*

BECEORFAN

Verb: *to cut, cut off, separate, pare away.*

BECEORIAN

Verb: *to complain of; to murmur.*

BECĒOWAN

Verb: *to chew, gnaw (in pieces).*

BECĒPAN

1. Verb: *to take notice of, be observant or heedful*

2. See *becȳpan*

BECĪDAN

Verb: *to complain of.*

BECIERRAN

Verb: *to turn, turn around; to pass by, avoid; to twist, wind; to pervert, seduce, beguile; to give up; to deceive, betray.*

BECLÆMAN

Verb: *to plaster over, poultice.*

BECLÆNSIAN

Verb: *to cleanse.*

BECLEMMAN

Verb: *to bind, tie, fetter, inclose, glue together.*

BECLENCAN

Verb: *to clench, bind together, fix firmly, hold fast.*

BECLINGAN

Verb: *to bind, enclose, inclose; to surround.*

BECLYPIAN

Verb: *to challenge; to summon; to accuse, sue at law.*

BECLYPPAN

Verb: *to hold, clasp, clip; to embrace; to inclose, encompass.*

BECLYPPING

Noun: *embrace.*

BECLȲSAN

Verb: *to close, shut up, enclose, inclose, confine, imprison; to put to an end; to shut out.*

BECLȲSUNG

Noun: *enclosure, inclosed place, cell; period; conclusion, syllogism.*

BECNĀWAN

Verb: *to know.*

BECNEDAN

Verb: *to knead up.*

BĒCNIENDLĪCE

Adverb: *allegorically or by parable.*

BECNYTTAN

Verb: *to bind, tie, knot, inclose; to knit; to surround with a bond, tie round; to attach with a string.*

BECOLA

Noun: *spectre; witch.*

BECOLE

Noun: *spectre; witch.*

BECRAFIAN

Verb: *to crave.*

BECRĒOPAN

Verb: *to creep, crawl, reach by creeping; to be hidden.*

BECUMAN

Verb: *to become; to happen, befall; to come, arrive, approach; to come together; to meet with; to enter; to fall in with*

BECWELAN

Verb: *to die.*

BECWEÐAN

Verb: *to say, assert; to speak to, address, exhort, urge; to pray for; to blame, admonish; to bequeath, grant by will, leave by kill.*

BECWEÐERE

Noun: *interpreter, translator.*

BECWIDDIAN

Verb: *to bespeak; to deposit (a pledge).*

BECWYDDOD

Adjective: *deposited, bespoken.*

BECWYLMAN

Verb: *to torment.*

BECYME

Noun: *event result, by-coming.*

BECȳPAN

Verb: *to sell.*

BED

See *(ge)bed.*

BEDA

Noun: *Venerable Bede.*

BEDÆLAN

Verb: *to deprive, bereave of, strip; to rob; to release, free from.*

BEDANFORD

Noun: *Bedford.*

BEDBÆR

Noun: *portable bed.*

BEDBOLSTER

Noun: *pillow, bolster.*

BEDBŪR

Noun: *bedchamber.*

BEDCLEOFA

See *(ge)bedcleofa.*

BEDCOFA

Noun: *bed place, bed chamber.*

BEDCOFE

Noun: *bed place, bed chamber.*

BEDD

Noun: *resting-place, bed, couch, pallet, garden-bed; (of ground) plot.*

BEDDAGAS

See *(ge)beddagas.*

BEDDCLĀÐ

Noun: *bed-covering; pl. bed-clothes.*

BEDDGEMĀNA

Noun: *cohabitation.*

BEDDIAN

Verb: *to prepare or make a bed; provide one with a bed.*

BEDDING

Noun: *bedding, covering of a bed; bed.*

BEDDREST

Noun: *bed, bed-rest.*

BEDDSTŌW

Noun: *bed.*

BEDECIAN

Verb: *to beg.*

BEDELFAN

Verb: *to dig in or around; to bury, inter, put under ground, put in a grave or tomb.*

BEDELFUNG

Noun: *digging about or round.*

BEDEWINDA

Noun: *Bedwin, Wilts.*

BEDFELT

Noun: *bed-covering.*

BEDGERID

Noun: *food in an ant's nest.*

BEDHŪS

See *(ge)bedhūs.*

BEDĪCIAN

Verb: *to fortify, surround with a dyke, embank.*

BEDĪFAN

Verb: *to immerse, plunge.*

BEDĪGLIAN

Verb: *to cover, hide, conceal, obscure; to keep close or secret, be concealed, lie hid.*

BEDĪGLING

Noun: *secret place, concealment.*

BEDĪPAN

Verb: *to dip, immerse, plunge; to anoint.*

BEDŌN

Verb: *to shut.*

BEDRÆDEN

See *(ge)bedrædden.*

BEDRAGAN

Verb: *to seduce; to draw aside.*

BEDRĒAF

Noun: *bed-clothes, bedding.*

BEDREDA

1. Noun: *bedridden (man).*

2. Adjective: *bedridden.*

BEDRĒOSAN

Verb: *to overcome, deceive; deprive of, bereave, despoil.*

BEDRĪFAN

Verb: *to drive, thrust on or upon; to beat, strike, drive; to assail; to compel; to pursue, follow up; to surround; to cover.*

BEDRINCAN

Verb: *to drink in or up, absorb.*

BEDRĪP

Noun: *compulsory service rendered to a landowner at harvest time, the cutting or reaping of corn on request.*

BEDRŌG

Adjective: *seduced, beguiled.*

BEDRŪGIAN

Verb: *to dry up.*

BEDRYDUNG

Noun: *deceit, deceiving.*

BEDRŸPAN

Verb: *to moisten.*

BEDSTEDE

Noun: *bedstead.*

BEDSTRĒAW

Noun: *straw used for bedding.*

BEDTĪD

Noun: *bed-time.*

BEDÐEGN

Noun: *chamber-servant, chamberlain.*

BEDU

Noun: *asking, request, prayer.*

BEDŪFAN

Verb: *to put under, immerse, submerge, drown.*

BEDUL

Adjective: *suppliant, prayerful.*

BEDWĀHRIFT

Noun: *curtain, bed curtain.*

BEDYDRIAN

Verb: *to deceive, delude; to conceal from.*

BEDŸFAN

Verb: *to immerse.*

BEDYRNAN

Verb: *to hide, conceal, conceal from (dat).*

BEĒASTAN

Adverb: *to the east of.*

BEĒASTANNORÐAN

Adverb: *to the north-east of.*

BEEBBIAN

Verb: *to leave aground by ebbing, strand.*

BEEFESIAN

Verb: *to cut the hair of a person.*

BEEGÐAN

Verb: *to harrow.*

BEFÆSTAN

Verb: *to establish, fix, fasten, ground; to make safe, put in safe keeping; to apply, utilize; to entrust to, commend, commit, deliver; to recommend, commend.*

BEFÆSTING

Noun: *entrusting.*

BEFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to fix; to pledge, betroth.*

BEFÆTTIAN

Verb: *to make fat, fatten, anoint.*

BEFÆÐMAN

Verb: *to enclose, encircle, embrace with the arms.*

BEFALDEN

Adjective: *covered.*

BEFARAN

Verb: *to go, go round or among, traverse, travel through, go all over; to go, march; to surround, encompass; to surprise, catch; to come up.*

BEFEALDAN

Verb: *to fold, roll up, wrap up, envelop, surround; to cover; to bend the body; to clasp; to attach; to involve, implicate; to overwhelm.*

BEFEALDIAN

Verb: *to roll up.*

BEFEALLAN

1. Verb: *to fall, fall off; to be assigned to, fall to; to deprive of, bereave of; to befall.*

2. See *befyllan* (1).

BEFĒGAN

Verb: *to join.*

BEFELAN

Verb: *to assing, allot, commit, commend, deliver.*

BEFEOHTAN

Verb: *to take or deprive by fighting.*

BEFĒOLAN

Verb: *to bury; to bear, put up with; to deliver, grant, consign; to commit; to entrust to, commend; to betake oneself to; to apply oneself, devote oneself to; to continue, persist, persevere; to importune, be urgent with a person; to press; to be pleased with; to put away.*

BEFĒON

Verb: *to deprive of property, confiscate.*

BEFER

Noun: *beaver, castor.*

BEFĒRAN

Verb: *to surround, go round, pass by; to go about; to come upon; to overtake; to feed; to get, fall among.*

BEFICIAN

Verb: *to deceive; to go round.*

BEFĪLAN

1. Verb: *to make filthy, pollute, befoul; to defile*

2. See *befylgan*

BEFLĒAN

Verb: *to peel, skin, flay, strip off (skin).*

BEFLĒOGAN

Verb: *to fly upon, fly on to; to come by flying.*

BEFLĒON

Verb: *to flee, flee away, escape, avoid; to pass by or under.*

BEFLŌWAN

Verb: *to flow around, overflow; to come by flowing.*

BEFŌN

Verb: *to comprehend, conceive; to catch, seize, grasp, take hold of, ensnare; to surround, encompass, encircle, enclose, encase, envelop, clothe; to contain; to invest; to receive; to explain; to get, attain to.*

BEFORAN

1. Adposition: *before, in front of, in the presence of; before, prior to, sooner then.*

2. Adverb: *before, in front of, in the presence of; before, in advance, of old, formerly, in former times, earlier, sooner; at hand; openly.*

BEFORANCUMAN

Verb: *to precede, arrive ahead of.*

BEFORANCWEÐAN

Verb: *to predict, foretell.*

BEFORANGECUMAN

Verb: *to precede, arrive ahead of.*

BEFORANSCĒAWIAN

Verb: *to foresee.*

BEFORHTIAN

Verb: *to fear, dread.*

BEFORLĒAG

Noun: *Beverly, in Yorkshire.*

BEFŌTIAN

Verb: *to befoot, cut off the feet.*

BEFRĒOGAN

Verb: *to free, liberate.*

BEFRĪNAN

Verb: *to ask, question, inquire; to learn.*

BEFRĪNUNG

Noun: *enquiry, investigation.*

BEFULLAN

1. Adverb: *entirely, completely, perfectly.*

2. See *befyllan* (2).

BEFYLGAN

Verb: *to pursue, follow after; to betake; to persevere with; to stick or cling to; to transmit, deliver, consign.*

BEFYLLAN

1. Verb: *to fell, lay low, strike down; to bereave, take by killing.*

2. Verb: *to fill, fill up.*

BEGÆN

Verb: *to affirm.*

BEGALAN

Verb: *to charm, enchant; to recite a charm, sing incantations over; to sing, celebrate by song.*

BEGĀN

Verb: *to go over, traverse, pass by; to surround, go round; to occupy, dwell, inhabit; to cultivate, till; to fall into; to beset; to go to, come, get; to visit, attend; to care for, cherish; to worship, honour, serve, venerate; to do, perform, commit, practise, exercise, engage in; to enjoy; to use, employ; carry on; to behave; to observe; to confine; to profess; to pretend; to overrun.*

BEGANG

Noun: *way, course, passage, circuit; extent; district, region; business, undertaking; labour, exercise, practice; service, religious practice, observance, worship, reverence; superstitious or magical practice; cultivation.*

BEGANGAN

Verb: *to traverse, go over; to get to, come by, fall into; to go to, attend to, visit; to observe, care for; to cultivate; to inhabit, occupy; to surround, go round; to do, perform, commit, practise, exercise, engage in; to use; to worship, profess, serve, honour.*

BEGANGNES

Noun: *celebration.*

BEGANGOL

Noun: *cultivator; worship, cult.*

BEGBĒAM

Noun: *bramble, thorn-bush, tree bearing berries, mulberry-tree, blackberry-bush.*

BEGĒAT

Noun: *attainment, acquisition; possession, property.*

BĒGEN

1. Noun: *both.*

2. Adjective: *both, both the two.*

BEGENGA

Noun: *cultivator; inhabitant, dweller; worshipper.*

BEGENGNES

Noun: *application, study.*

BEGĒOMERIAN

Verb: *to lament.*

BEGEONDAN

1. Adposition: *beyond, on the other side.*

2. Adverb: *beyond, on the other side.*

BEGĒOTAN

Verb: *to cover with fluid, anoint, drench, bestrew with; to pour into, flood (with); to cover with fluid, pour out, sprinkle to infuse.*

BEGER

Noun: *berry.*

BEGETENDE

Noun: *seeking out.*

BEGIELLAN

Verb: *to celebrate by song; to scream, screech.*

BEGIETAN

Verb: *to get, obtain, attain, gain, acquire, receive; to procure; to take, seize, catch, lay hold of; to happen; to beget; to seek out; to find.*

BEGIETEND

Noun: *one who gests.*

BEGĪMAN

Verb: *to take care of, look after, keep, guard; to observe, regard; to take heed; to attend, do service; to govern.*

BEGĪMEN

Noun: *observation, attention; care, regard; cure; show, pomp.*

BEGĪMEND

Noun: *guide, ruler.*

BEGĪMING

Noun: *invention, device; observance; care, regard.*

BEGĪNAN

Verb: *to open the mouth wide, yawn; to take with wide-open mouth; to swallow.*

BEGINNAN

Verb: *to begin, undertake; to attempt; to attack.*

BEGITENNES

Noun: *acquisition.*

BEGLEDDIAN

Verb: *to dye, stain; to befoul, pollute, besmear, bedaub.*

BEGLĪDAN

Verb: *to leave, desert, glide or disappear from any one.*

BEGNAGAN

Verb: *to begnaw, gnaw.*

BEGNEORÐ

Adjective: *attentive, diligent.*

BEGNĪDAN

Verb: *to rub thoroughly.*

BEGNORNENDE

Adjective: *overwhelmed.*

BEGNORNIAN

Verb: *to lament, deplore, mourn for, grieve for.*

BEGRAFAN

Verb: *to bury.*

BEGRĒOSAN

Verb: *to overwhelm fearfully.*

BEGRĒTAN

Verb: *to lament, bewail.*

BEGRINDAN

Verb: *to grind; to polish, sharpen; deprive of, rob.*

BEGRĪPAN

Verb: *to seize, lay hold of, grip; to reprehend, chide, chasten.*

BEGRIWEN

Adjective: *steeped in.*

BEGROREN

Adjective: o*verwhelmed.*

BEGRŌWAN

Verb: *to grow over.*

BEGRYNIAN

Verb: *to entrap, ensnare.*

BEGYLDAN

Verb: *to gild, adorn with gold.*

BEGYLPAN

Verb: *to boast, exult.*

BEGYRDAN

Verb: *to clothe, gird; to surround, encompass; to fortify.*

BEHABBAN

Verb: *to contain, hold; to include; to surround, encompass, embrace; to comprehend; to detain, stay; to restrain, withhold.*

BEHĀDIAN

Verb: *to deprive, unfrock (a priest).*

BEHÆFEDNES

Noun: *care; restraint, temperance, detention.*

BEHÆPSIAN

Verb: *to fasten with a bolt, bolt a door.*

BEHÆS

Noun: *promise, self-command, vow.*

BEHÆTTIAN

Verb: *to make bald, scalp, strip the from the head.*

BEHAMELIAN

Verb: *to mutilate.*

BEHAMMEN

Adjective: *patched (of shoe), studded with nails.*

BEHĀT

Noun: *promise, vow; threat.*

BĒHĀT

See *(ge)bēhāt.*

BEHĀTAN

Verb: *to promise, vow; to threaten; to certify; to give assurance.*

BEHĀTLAND

Noun: *promised land.*

BEHĀWIAN

Verb: *to see, see clearly; to take care; to consider.*

BEHĒAFDIAN

Verb: *to behead.*

BEHĒAFDUNG

Noun: *beheading, decapitation.*

BEHĒAFODLIC

Adjective: *capital (punishment).*

BEHEALDAN

Verb: *to have, possess; to hold, occupy; to guard, preserve, take care, regard; to contain; to belong; to observe, consider, mind; to avail; to effect; to see, look at, watch, observe, behold, gaze on; to signify, mean; to avail; to beware, be cautious, take heed; to restrain; to act, behave; to attend; to intend.*

BEHEALDEN

Adjective: *cautious; reserved; intent, assiduous.*

BEHEALDEND

Noun: *beholder, spectator.*

BEHEALDENNES

Noun: *observance; continence.*

BEHEALDNES

Noun: *observation, regard.*

BEHĒAWAN

Verb: *to cut, chip, chop; to hew or cur off; to separate from, cut off from; to deprive of; to beat, bruise.*

BEHĒFE

Noun: *advantage, benefit, gain.*

BEHĒFELIC

Adjective: *useful, suitable, proper; needful, necessary.*

BEHĒFENES

Noun: *utility; advantage, convenience, benefit, gain.*

BEHĒFNES

Noun: *utility, advantage, convenience.*

BEHĒFÐU

Noun: *want, need.*

BEHEGIAN

Verb: *to behedge, hedge around.*

BEHELAN

1. Verb: *to cover, hill or cover over, hide, conceal.*

2. See *behelian.*

BEHELIAN

Verb: *to cover, cover over, hide, conceal; to obscure; to bury.*

BEHELMIAN

Verb: *to cover, cover over, shroud.*

BEHĒMAS

Noun: *The Bohemians.*

BEHĒOFIAN

Verb: *to lament, bewaill.*

BEHEONAN

1. Adposition: *on this side, close by.*

2. Adverb: *on this side, close by.*

BEHILDAN

Verb: *to depart.*

BEHINDAN

1. Adposition: *behind, after.*

2. Adverb: *behind, after.*

BEHĪWIAN

Verb: *to feign, dissimulate.*

BEHLÆNAN

Verb: *to surround, encompass; to beset by leaning anything against another.*

BEHLÆSTAN

Verb: *to load a ship.*

BEHLĒAPAN

Verb: *to leap in or upon; to settle on; to fix; to devote oneself to.*

BEHLEMMAN

Verb: *to dash together, clash around, fall upon; to cause to sound, to overwhelm with noise.*

BEHLEONIAN

Verb: *to lean (something) against.*

BEHLĒOTAN

Verb: *to assign by lot.*

BEHLĪDAN

Verb: *to close; to cover, cover over.*

BEHLIDENAN

Adjective: *the left or departed, the dead.*

BEHLĪGAN

Verb: *to accuse, defame, dishonour.*

BEHLYHHAN

Verb: *to rejoice, exult over, laugh at, deride.*

BEHLŸÐAN

Verb: *to deprive of, rob.*

BEHŌF

Noun: *profit, behoof; use; need, want.*

BEHŌFIAN

Verb: *to have need of, need, require, want; it concerns, behoves, belongs, is needful or necessary.*

BEHŌFLIC

Adjective: *needful, necessary, behoveful.*

BEHOGADNES

Verb: *use, custom; practice.*

BEHOGIAN

Verb: *to care for, take care of, attend to; to be anxious, be solicitous about; to be very careful or wise.*

BEHOGOD

Adjective: *careful, prudent.*

BEHOGODLĪCE

Adverb: *carefully, diligently.*

BEHŌN

Verb: *to behang, hang round.*

BEHORSIAN

Verb: *to deprive of a horse.*

BEHRĒOSAN

Verb: *to fall, rush down; to cover, shelter.*

BEHRĒOWSIAN

Verb: *to repent, rue, feel remorse; to make amends o reparation, compassionate.*

BEHRĒOWSUNG

Noun: *lamenting, repentance, penitence.*

BEHRĒOWSUNGTĪD

Noun: *time of penitence, penitential season (Septuagesima).*

BEHRĪMAN

Verb: *to cover with a hoar-frost.*

BEHRINGAN

Verb: *to surround, encircle.*

BEHRINGED

Adjective: *surrounded, encircled.*

BEHRŌPAN

Verb: *to importune, trouble; to rail; to plague; to scoff at.*

BEHRŪMIAN

Verb: *to besmirch.*

BEHRŪMIG

Adjective: *swarthy, sooty.*

BĒHÐ

Noun: *token, sign; proof; witness, testimonium.*

BEHWEARFT

Noun: *change, exchange.*

BEHWEORFAN

Verb: *to turn, change; to arrange, prepare, put in order; to practise, exercise; to treat, attend to, see to, direct; to spread about; to bury.*

BEHWIRFAN

Verb: *to turn, convert, change; to prepare, instruct, exercise; to exchange, change for; to surround, encompass.*

BEHWON

Adverb: *whence.*

BEHWYLFAN

Verb: *to cover; to vault over.*

BEHYCGAN

Verb: *to think, consider, bear in mind; to trust, rely, confide; to depend upon.*

BEHŸDAN

Verb: *to watch, guard, shelter; to cover, hide, conceal; to heed.*

BEHŸDEDNES

Noun: *concealment, secrecy; secret place.*

BEHŸDELĪCE

Adverb: *carefully.*

BEHŸDIG

Adjective: *vigilant, watchful, careful, wary; anxious, solicitous.*

BEHŸDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *carefully, attentively.*

BEHŸDIGNES

Noun: *care, anxiety, solicitude; desert, wilderness.*

BEHYHTAN

Verb: *to trust in, set hopes on.*

BEHYLDAN

Verb: *to skin, flay.*

BEHŸPAN

1. Verb: *to surround, encompass; to cover over; to heap.*

2. See *behȳpian.*

BEHŸPIAN

Verb: *to heap up.*

BEHŸRAN

Verb: *to let or hire out.*

BEHYRDAN

Verb: *to fortify (a place).*

BEHŸRING

Noun: *hiring, letting out to hire.*

BEHŸRUNG

Noun: *loan; hiring, letting.*

BEHŸÐELĪCE

Adverb: *sumptuously.*

BEHYÐLĪC

Adjective: *sumptuous.*

BEIERNAN

Verb: *to occur to, incur; to come into, to run into, run by.*

BEINSIGLIAN

Verb: *to seal up.*

BEIUNDANE

Adverb: *on the other side, beyond.*

BELĀCAN

Verb: *to enclose, flow around; to play about.*

BELĀDIAN

Verb: *to clear, excuse.*

BELĀDIENDLIC

Adjective: *apologetic, that can be excused.*

BELĀDIGEND

Noun: *defender; apologist.*

BELĀDUNG

Noun: *apology, excuse.*

BELǢDAN

Verb: *to lead, bring; to lead by; to mislead, lead astray.*

BELǢFAN

Verb: *to remain, be left; to survive; to leave, spare.*

BELǢÐAN

Verb: *to bring, lead; to mislead, pervert.*

BELÆWA

Noun: *destroyer, betrayer.*

BELÆWAN

Verb: *to betray.*

BELÆWEND

Noun: *betrayer.*

BELÆWUNG

Noun: *treason, treachery, betrayal.*

BELANDIAN

Verb: *to confiscate, deprive of land; to disinherit.*

BELCEDSWĒORA

Adjective: *having an inflated neck.*

BELDAN

Verb: *to encourage, impel, exhort, excite; to confirm.*

BELĒAN

Verb: *to censure, reprove; to prevent; to dissuade; to prohibit, forbid; to charge with, restrain by blaming.*

BELECGAN

Verb: *to cover; to afflict; to attribute to, invest, load; to impose; to charge with, accuse; to surround with flame.*

BELENE

Noun: *henbane.*

BELĒOGAN

Verb: *to deceive by lies; to be mistaken.*

BELĒORAN

Verb: *to pass by; pass over.*

BELĒORENDLIC

Adjective: *past.*

BELĒOSAN

Verb: *to let go; to lose, be deprived of, bereave.*

BELFLŸS

Noun: *bell-wether's fleece.*

BELG

Noun: *bulge; bag, purse; pair of bellows; skin, husk, pod; leathern bottle; belly.*

BELGAN

See *(ge)belgan*.

BELGNES

Noun: *injustice, injury*.

BELHRING

Noun: *bell-ringing*.

BELIBBAN

1. Verb: *to live by or upon; to be sustained or supported; to be deprived of life*.

2. See *belīfian*.

BELICGAN

Verb: *to surround, encompass, hedge in; to lie round, lie or extend by or about; to appertain*.

BELIDEN

Adjective: *departed, dead*.

BELĪFAN

Verb: *to remain, be left; to abide; to die*.

BELĪFED

Adjective: *endowed with belief, having belief*.

BELIFEN

Adjective: *dead*.

BELĪFEND

Noun: *survivor*.

BELĪFIAN

Verb: *to deprive of life*.

BELĪMAN

Verb: *to glue together*.

BELIMP

Noun: *occurrence, event, affair, case*.

BELIMPAN

See *(ge)belimpan*.

BELISNOD

Noun: *eunuch*.

BELISTNIAN

Verb: *to castrate, emasculate*.

BELĪÐAN

Verb: *to leave, go from; to deprive of*.

BELL

1. Noun: *cry, bellowing, roar.*

2. See *belle.*

BELLAN

Verb: *to make a hollow noise, bellow, grunt, roar, bark.*

BELLE

Noun: *bell.*

BELLHRING

Noun: *ringing of bells.*

BELLHŪS

Noun: *bell-house, belfry.*

BELLRINGESTRE

Noun: *bellringer.*

BELLTĀCEN

Noun: *signal given by a bell.*

BELLTĪD

Noun: *canonical hour marked by the ringing of a bell.*

BELŌCIAN

Verb: *to behold.*

BELT

Noun: *girdle, belt.*

BELŪCAN

Verb: *to close, shut up, lock; to enclose, surround, embody; to stop; to impede, block up; to choke; to protect, preserve, secure; to contain, comprise, include; to exclude, shut out; to define; to sum up; to bring to an end, conclude.*

BELŪTIAN

Verb: *to lie hid.*

BELŸFAN

Verb: *to believe.*

BELŸFED

Adjective: *having belief.*

BELYRTAN

Verb: *to deceive.*

BELYTEGIAN

Verb: *to seduce, allure, inveigle.*

BEMÆNAN

Verb: *to lament, bemoan, bewail, mourn.*

BEMANCIAN

Verb: *to maim, mutilate.*

BEMELDIAN

Verb: *to disclose, reveal (a secret), denounce (a person).*

BEMETAN

Verb: *to estimate, consider, measure, account; to compare.*

BEMĪÐAN

Verb: *to hide, conceal; to lie hid.*

BEMURCNIAN

Verb: *to murmur.*

BEMURNAN

Verb: *to be sorry for, bewail, bemoan, mourn, bemourn, deplore; to care for, take heed for.*

BEMŪTIAN

Verb: *to exchange for.*

BEMYLDAN

Verb: *to cover with mould or earth, bury, hide under ground; to inter.*

BĒN

See *(ge)bēn.*

BĒNA

Noun: *petitioner, demander, suitor.*

BENACIAN

Verb: *to lay bare; to make naked.*

BENÆCED

Adjective: *stripped.*

BENĀMAN

Verb: *to take away, deprive of, rob of.*

BENC

Noun: *bench, hillock.*

BENCIAN

Verb: *to make breeches, furnish with benches.*

BENCSITTEND

Noun: *one who sits on a bench.*

BENCSITTENDE

Adjective: *sitting on a bench.*

BENCSWĒG

Noun: *convivial noise, bench rejoicing, sound of revelry.*

BENCÐEL

Noun: *bench floor.*

BEND

Noun: *chain, bond, fetter; band, ribbon; ornament, chaplet; crown.*

BĒNDÆG

Noun: *rogation day.*

BENDAN

See *(ge)bendan.*

BĒNE

Noun: *petitioner, prayer, suitor.*

BENEMNAN

Verb: *to declare, affirm, asseverate; to name; to appoint, settle, stipulate.*

BENEOÐAN

Adposition: *under, beneath, below.*

BENĒOTAN

Verb: *to deprive of, rob.*

BĒNFEORM

Noun: *harvest-feast, bean-feast.*

BENGEAT

Noun: *wound-gash.*

BENĪDAN

Verb: *to compel.*

BENIMAN

Verb: *to take, catch; to obtain; to assume; to take away from, deprive of, bereave, rob; to contain; to comprehend; to apprehend.*

BENIMING

Noun: *taking away, privation, deprival.*

BENIÐAN

Adverb: *under, beneath, below.*

BĒNLIC

Adjective: *that may be entreated.*

BENLĪCE

Adverb: *suppliantly, beseechingly.*

BENN

Noun: *wound, mortal injury.*

BENNE

Noun: *bench.*

BENNIAN

See *(ge)bennian.*

BENORÐAN

Adverb: *in the north, northwards (of).*

BENOTIAN

Verb: *to use, consume.*

BĒNRĪP

Noun: *compulsory service rendered to a landowner at harvest time.*

BĒNSIAN

See *(ge)bēnsian.*

BENSINGTŪN

Verb: *Bensington or Benson in Oxforshire.*

BĒNTĪD

Noun: *time for supplication, prayer time, rogation days.*

BĒNTĪÐIGE

Adjective: *gracious, benefitted, favoured, successful; obatining request.*

BENUGAN

Verb: *to want, need, require; to enjoy.*

BĒNYRÐ

Noun: *ploughed land.*

BĒO

Noun: *bee.*

BĒOBRĒAD

Noun: *honeycomb.*

BĒOCEORL

Noun: *bee-keeper.*

BĒOCERE

Noun: *bee-keeper.*

BĒOD

Noun: *table; dish, bowl, charger.*

BĒODÆRN

Noun: *refectory, dining-room.*

BĒODAN

See *(ge)bēodan.*

BĒODBOLLE

Noun: *cup, bowl, table-bowl.*

BĒODCLĀÐ

Noun: *table-cloth, carpet; hanging.*

BĒODDIAN

Verb: *to do joiner's work, make tables.*

BĒODEND

Noun: *preceptor.*

BĒODFÆT

Noun: *table-vessel, cup.*

BĒODFERS

Noun: *grace at meal-time or before meat.*

BĒODGÆST

Noun: *table-companion.*

BĒODGENĒAT

Noun: *table-companion.*

BĒODGEREORD

Noun: *table-meal, feast.*

BĒODHRÆGL

Noun: *table-cloth.*

BĒODLĀF

Noun: *food remaining after a meal.*

BĒODLAND

Noun: *land to defray the cost of the food consumed in a monastery.*

BĒODRĒAF

Noun: *table-cloth.*

BĒODSCĒAT

Noun: *table-cloth, table-napkin, hand-towel.*

BĒODSCŸTE

Noun: *towel, table-napkin.*

BĒODWYST

Noun: *food placed on a table; board, table.*

BĒOGANG

Noun: *swarm of bees, flight of bees.*

BĒOLÆS

Noun: *pastures with flowers for bees.*

BĒOMŌDER

Noun: *bee-mother, queen-bee.*

BĒON

Verb: *to be, exist, happen, become.*

BĒONBROÐ

Noun: *mead, drink of water and honey mingled and boiled together; bean-broth.*

BĒOR

Noun: *strong drink, beer, mead.*

BĒORBYDEN

Noun: *beer-barrel.*

BEORC

Noun: *barking*; *birch-tree; name of the rune for b.*

BEORCAN

Verb: *to make a sharp explosive sound, bark.*

BEORCHOLT

Noun: *birch wood or grove.*

BEORCRAGU

Noun: *birch-lichen.*

BEORCRIND

Noun: *birch-bark.*

BEORDANĪG

Noun: *Bardney, in Lincolnshire.*

BĒORDRÆSTE

Noun: *dregs of beer.*

BEORG

Noun: *mountain, hill, mound; barrow, heap of stones; burial place.*

BEORGÆLFEN

Noun: *mountain-elves*

BEORGAN

Verb: *to save, deliver, spare; to protect, secure, guard, fortify, preserve; to shelter; to defend, beware of, avoid; to abstain.*

BEORGFORD

Verb: *Burford, in Oxfordshire.*

BEORGHLIÐ

Noun: *mountain-height, mountain-slope.*

BEORGIHT

Adjective: *hilly.*

BEORGSEÐEL

Noun: *mountain dwelling.*

BEORGSTEDE

Noun: *place on a mountain, mound.*

BEORHT

1. Adjective: *clear, light, bright, shining, brilliant; loud, clear-sounding; distinguished, beautiful, remarkable, noble, excellent, magnificent, glorious, sublime, splendid; pure; divine, holy.*

2. Noun: *light, brightness, gleam, glistening; sight, glance; twinkling.*

BEORHTBLŌWENDE

Adjective: *bright-blooming.*

BEORHTE

Adverb: *clearly, lucidly, brightly; distinctly, brilliantly, splendidly.*

BEORHTIAN

Verb: *to shine, brighten; to listen; to sound clearly or loudly.*

BEORHTLIC

Adjective: *clear, light, lucid, bright, shining, splendid.*

BEORHTLĪCE

Adverb: *clearly, distinctly, splendidly.*

BEORHTNAN

Verb: *to grow bright.*

BEORHTNES

See *(ge)beorhtnes.*

BEORHTNIAN

See *(ge)beorhtnian.*

BEORHTRODOR

Noun: *shining heavens.*

BEORHTTE

Adjective: *mountainous.*

BEORHTWORD

Adjective: *clear in words or speech.*

BĒORHYRDE

Noun: *butler; beer-keeper.*

BEORMA

Noun: *leaven, yeast, barm; froth.*

BEORMAS

Noun: *The Biarmians.*

BEORN

1. Noun: *man, chief, general; warrior, hero; rich man, nobleman, prince.*

2. See *bearn* (1).

BEORNCYNING

Noun: *king of men, lord of heroes.*

BEORNICARĪCE

Noun: *the kingdom or province of the Bernicians.*

BEORNICE

Noun: *Bernicians, inhabitants of part of Northumbria.*

BEORNING

Noun: *incense.*

BEORNÐRĒAT

Noun: *band or troop of men or warriors.*

BEORNWIGA

Noun: *warrior, soldier, hero.*

BĒORSCEALC

Noun: *beer-server, butler.*

BĒORSCIPE

See *(ge)bēorscipe.*

BĒORSELE

Noun: *hall, mansion, palace; feasting-hall, beer-hall.*

BĒORSETL

Noun: *beer-settle or bench.*

BEORSWINIG

1. Adjective: *openly-wicked, publican.*

2. See *bærsynnig*.

BEORTŪN

Noun: *beer-hall*.

BĒORÐEGU

Noun: *beer-receiving, beer-serving, beer-drinking*.

BEORÐOR

See *(ge)beorðor*.

BEORÐORCWELM

Noun: *abortion, miscarriage*.

BEORÐORÐĪNEN

Noun: *midwife*.

BEORWĪC

Noun: *Berwick on Tweed*.

BEOSMRIAN

Verb: *to mock, blaspheme, revile, illtreat*.

BEOSMRIENDE

Adjective: *deceiving*.

BĒOST

Noun: *beestings; the first milk of a cow after calving, swelling*.

BĒOT

See *(ge)bēot*.

BĒOTHĀTA

Noun: *commander, leader, chief; warrior*.

BĒOTIAN

See *(ge)bēotian*.

BĒOTLIC

See *(ge)bēotlic*.

BĒOTLĪCE

See *(ge)bēotlīce*.

BĒOTMÆCG

Noun: *leader*.

BĒOTUNG

See *(ge)bēotung*.

BĒOTWORD

Noun: *threat; boast*.

BĒOÐĒOF

Noun: *thief or stealer of bees.*

BĒOW

Noun: *barley.*

BĒOWULF

Noun: *Beowulf.*

BĒOWYRT

Noun: *sweet flag, balm mint.*

BEPÆCAN

Verb: *to seduce, entice, deceive; to draw away.*

BEPÆCEND

Noun: *deceiver.*

BEPÆCESTRE

Noun: *harlot, whore.*

BEPÆCUNG

Noun: *deception.*

BEPRĪWAN

Verb: *to wink.*

BERA

Noun: *bear.*

BERÆDAN

Verb: *to dispossess, deprive of, rob, take by trachery; to betray; to deliberate on; to get the better of.*

BERÆSAN

Verb: *to rush into; to attack.*

BERAN

See *(ge)beran.*

BERANBURH

Noun: *Banbury, Oxfordshire.*

BERASCIN

Noun: *bear-skin.*

BERBĒNA

Noun: *vervain.*

BERBĒNE

Noun: *vervain.*

BERCINGAS

Noun: *Barking.*

BERE

Noun: *barley.*

BEREÆRN

Noun: *barn, barley or corn-place.*

BERĒAFERE

Noun: *despoiler, plunderer, pillager.*

BERĒAFIAN

Verb: *to deprive of, bereave, take away, seize, rob, despoil.*

BERĒAFIGEND

Noun: *spoiler, robber.*

BEREBRYTTA

Noun: *guardian of a granary.*

BERĒCAN

Verb: *to cause to smoke, expose to smoke, fumigate.*

BERECCAN

Verb: *to relate, explain, recount; to excuse or justify oneself.*

BERECORN

Noun: *grain of barley.*

BERECROFT

Noun: *barley-field.*

BEREFLŌR

Noun: *barley-floor, barn-floor, threshing-floor.*

BEREGAFOL

Noun: *rent paid in barley.*

BEREGRÆS

Noun: *barley-grass, fodder, farrago.*

BEREHALM

Noun: *barley haulm or straw.*

BERELAND

Noun: *barley-land.*

BEREN

1. Adjective: *made of barley; belonging to a bear.*

2. See *bere**æ**rn.*

3. See *biren*.

BEREND

Noun: *bearer, carrier.*

BERENDAN

Verb: *to peel, strip of peel or husk.*

BERENDE

Adjective: *bearing, fruitful.*

BERENDLIC

Adjective: *bearable, tolerable.*

BERENDLĪCE

Adverb: *with fecundity.*

BERENDNES

Noun: *fertility, fruitfulness.*

BERENHULU

Noun: *barley-husk.*

BERĒNIAN

Verb: *to ornament, adorn, mount (with silver); to cause, bring about.*

BERĒOCAN

Verb: *to smoke, fumigate.*

BERĒOFAN

Verb: *to deprive of, bereave, rob.*

BERĒOTAN

Verb: *to bewail, deplore.*

BERESÆD

Noun: *barley-seed.*

BERETŪN

Noun: *threshing floor, barley enclosure, barn, corn-farm.*

BEREWÆSTM

Noun: *barley-produce, barley-crops.*

BEREWĪC

Noun: *barley or corn-village.*

BERGHĀMSTYDE

Noun: *Berham, near Canterbury.*

BERHTE

Noun: *Bertha, daughter of Cariberht, king of Paris, the queen of Æðelbryht.*

BERIAN

Verb: *to clear, bare, make bare, make naked; to expose, exhibit.*

BERĪDAN

Verb: *to surround, besiege; to seize; to invest; to overtake; to pursue, ride after; arrest.*

BERIE

Noun: *berry; grape; vine.*

BERIG

Noun: *berry.*

BERIGDRENC

Noun: *drink made of mulberries.*

BERIGEBLÆ

Noun: *instrument for forking barley.*

BERINDRAN

Verb: *to peel or strip off the bark.*

BERINNAN

Verb: *to run upon or over; to wet, bedew.*

BERĪSAN

Verb: *to be fitting.*

BERNHŪS

Noun: *barn.*

BERŌFON

Adjective: *despoiled, bereaved.*

BERŌWAN

Noun: *to row round.*

BERSTAN

See *(ge)berstan.*

BERSTING

Noun: *bursting; rent.*

BERWINDE

Noun: *Bearbine.*

BERŸFAN

Verb: *to deprive, bereave.*

BERŸPAN

Verb: *to strip, despoil of, rob, spoil.*

BESACAN

Verb: *to dispute about anything.*

BESÆGAN

Verb: *to sink.*

BESÆTIAN

Verb: *to lay wait for, lie in ambush for.*

BESĀRGIAN

Verb: *to lament, bewail, be sorry for, pity, mourn, condole.*

BESĀRGUNG

Noun: *sorrowing, compassion.*

BESĀWAN

Verb: *to sow.*

BESCĒAD

Noun: *distinction.*

BESCĒADAN

Verb: *to separate, discriminate; to scatter, sprinkle; to shadow.*

BESCEADUWIAN

Verb: *to overshadow.*

BESCEADWUNG

Noun: *overshadowing.*

BESCEAFAN

Verb: *to scrape thoroughly.*

BESCEATWYRPAN

Verb: *to betroth.*

BESCĒAWIAN

Verb: *to consider; to contemplate, behold; to watch, regard, care for; to look round upon, enquiry, survey.*

BESCĒAWIEGERE

Noun: *observer, beholder.*

BESCĒAWIENDLIC

Adjective: *contemplative.*

BESCĒAWIGEND

Noun: *spectator.*

BESCĒAWOD

Adjective: *thoughtful, considerate, prudent, circumspect.*

BESCĒAWODNES

Noun: *seeing, vision, sight; Sion.*

BESCĒAWUNG

Noun: *contemplation.*

BESCENCAN

Verb: *to give to drink.*

BESCĒOTAN

Verb: *to implant, inject, plunge into, shoot into, precipitate one's self to; to happen, occur; to go, be sent; to dash, fling.*

BESCIERAN

Verb: *to cut hair, shave, shear, give the tonsure; to separate, deprive.*

BESCIEREDNES

Noun: *deprivation; casting off, abdication.*

BESCIERIAN

Verb: *to separate from, deprive of, defraud.*

BESCILDIAN

Verb: *to protect.*

BESCĪNAN

Verb: *to light up, illuminate, shine upon.*

BESCIRUNG

Noun: *deposing, degrading, putting from holly orders.*

BESCĪTAN

Verb: *to bedaub, befoul.*

BESCRĒADIAN

Verb: *to cut off; to clean off, scrape off.*

BESCREPAN

Verb: *to scrape; to make level.*

BESCRŸDAN

Verb: *to clothe.*

BESCŪFAN

Verb: *to shove, thrust; to throw, cast, hurl, precipitate; to impel; to force.*

BESCŸLAN

Verb: *to regard, squint at; to look upon; to look askance.*

BESCYLDIAN

Verb: *to defend, shield.*

BESĒCAN

Verb: *to beseech, beg urgently.*

BESECGAN

Verb: *to defend, excuse; to announce, introduce.*

BESELLAN

Verb: *to surround; to cover; to bring on; to hand over.*

BESENCAN

Verb: *to submerge, immerse, sink, drown; to cause to sink; to plunge into (fire).*

BESENDAN

Verb: *to send.*

BESENGAN

Verb: *to burn, scorch, singe.*

BESĒON

1. Verb: *to see, look, observe, look about; to look after, behold; to visit, go to see; to provide for.*

2. Verb: *to suffuse, sprinkle, strain upon.*

BESĒOÐAN

Verb: *to reduce by boiling.*

BESĒOWIAN

Verb: *to join, sew together.*

BESETTAN

Verb: *to put, place, set near; to appoint; to own, possess, keep; to occupy, besiege; to cover, surround with, adorn; to beset; to invest; to institute.*

BESIBB

Adjective: *related.*

BESĪDIAN

Verb: *to regulate (the size).*

BESIERWAN

Verb: *to surprise; to deprive, rob, plunder; to oppress, ensnare, entrap; to deceive, defraud.*

BESĪGAN

Verb: *to rush.*

BESILFRAN

Verb: *to cover with silver.*

BESINCAN

Verb: *to sink.*

BESINGAN

Verb: *to sing; to utter or sing charms; to enchant, charm; to bewail.*

BESITTAN

Verb: *to sit round, by or near, surround; to occupy, besiege; to possess; to beset.*

BESLÆPAN

Verb: *to sleep.*

BESLĒAN

Verb: *to beat, strike; to take away, cut off; to deprive of, bereave.*

BESLĒPAN

Verb: *to put, place, lay; to cover, slip on, put on, clothe; to impose.*

BESLĪTAN

Verb: *to deprive of by tearing of something; to tear, slit.*

BESMA

Noun: *besom, broom; rod.*

BESMĒAGAN

Verb: *to consider about, examine into.*

BĒSMING

Noun: *curve, curvature.*

BESMIRWAN

Verb: *to besmear, rub with ointment.*

BESMĪTAN

Verb: *to soil, pollute, contaminate; to dishonour, defile.*

BESMITENES

Noun: *soil, dirtiness, filthiness, pollution; stain; degradation, defilement, abomination; infection.*

BESMITTIAN

Verb: *to pollute, defile.*

BESMIÐIAN

Verb: *to work (in metal), forge.*

BESMOCIAN

Verb: *to smoke, envelop with incense.*

BESNÆDAN

Verb: *to cut, lop, mutilate.*

BESNĪWIAN

Verb: *to cover with snow.*

BESNYÐIAN

Verb: *to deprive of, rob.*

BESOLCEN

Adjective: *slow, dull, stupefied, inactive.*

BESŌNE

Adverb: *soon, immediately.*

BESORG

Adjective: *dear, beloved, cared about; anxious.*

BESORGIAN

Verb: *to be sorry for, regret; to care for; to be troubled about; to fear, dread.*

BESPÆTAN

Verb: *to spit upon.*

BESPANAN

Verb: *to entice, allure, persuade; to incite, induce, urge, lead astray.*

BESPARRIAN

Verb: *to shut up, bolt, bar.*

BESPRECAN

Verb: *to speak about, mention; to speak against, blame, accuse of, claim at law; to complain.*

BESPRENGAN

Verb: *to besprinkle, bespatter.*

BESPYRIGAN

Verb: *to inquire, trace, track.*

BESTÆLAN

Verb: *to lay a charge against, convict.*

BESTÆPPAN

Verb: *to go, enter; to step, tread upon, tread with the foot.*

BESTANDAN

Verb: *to stand by or near, support; to stand round or about, surround; to beset, harrass; to attend; to occupy; to detain.*

BESTEALCIAN

Verb: *to move stealthily, steal, stalk.*

BESTEFNOD

Adjective: *having a fringe.*

BESTELAN

Verb: *to move stealthily; to deprive, steal away or upon, rob.*

BESTĒPAN

Verb: *to deprive of (children).*

BESTINGAN

Verb: *to push, thrust in.*

BESTRĒDAN

Verb: *to cover, bestrew.*

BESTRĒOWIAN

Verb: *to bestrew, besprinkle.*

BESTREÐÐAN

Verb: *to cover over; to bestrew, scatter over.*

BESTRĪCAN

Verb: *to make a stroke round.*

BESTRĪDAN

Verb: *to mount, bestride.*

BESTRĪPAN

Verb: *to strip, spoil, bereave, rob.*

BESTRŪDAN

Verb: *to confiscate, spoil, rob, plunder.*

BESTUDDIAN

Verb: *to be careful for, trouble about.*

BESTŸMAN

Verb: *to make wet or damp, bedew, flood.*

BESTYRIAN

Verb: *to heap or pile up.*

BESTYRMAN

Verb: *to agitate, storm.*

BESŪPAN

Verb: *to swallow, sup up.*

BESŪTIAN

Verb: *to make foul, besmirch.*

BESŪÐAN

Adverb: *in the south, southwards (of).*

BESWÆLAN

Verb: *to burn, singe, scorch.*

BESWÆTAN

Verb: *to sweat; to toil.*

BESWĀPAN

Verb: *to cover over, veil, clothe; to wrap or cover up; to protect; to persuade; to sweep.*

BESWELGAN

Verb: *to swallow up.*

BESWEMMAN

Verb: *to make to bathe or swim.*

BESWENCAN

Verb: *to afflict.*

BESWEÐIAN

Verb: *to wrap up, bind up, swathe, wind round.*

BESWIC

Noun: *deceit, guile, treachery, snare.*

BESWICA

Noun: *deceiver.*

BESWĪCAN

Verb: *to deceive, delude, betray, mislead, circumvent; to entice, seduce, beguile; to ensnare; to frustrate, offend; to overcome; to evade; to supplant.*

BESWĪCEND

Noun: *seducer, deceiver, impostor.*

BESWICENES

Noun: *deception; surrender.*

BESWICFALLE

Noun: *trap.*

BESWICIAN

Verb: *to go from, evade, escape, be free from, be without.*

BESWICOL

Adjective: *deceitful.*

BESWĪCUNG

Noun: *deception.*

BESWINCAN

Verb: *to labour, toil, exert oneself; to till or plough land.*

BESWINGAN

Verb: *to beat, strike, flog, scourge.*

BESWYLIAN

Verb: *to stain, soil; to cover with liquid, drench, flood.*

BESYFTAN

Verb: *to cover by sifting, sprinkle, sift over.*

BESYLCAN

Verb: *to exhaust, make languid.*

BESYLIAN

Verb: *to stain, soil, sully, defile.*

BETĀCNIAN

Verb: *to betoken, designate.*

BETÆCAN

Verb: *to make over, give up to impart; to assign, commend to, entrust, deliver; to betroth; to set apart as; to dedicate; to show, point out; to give orders; to follow, pursue, hunt.*

BETÆCUNG

Noun: *betaking.*

BĒTAN

See *(ge)bētan.*

BETBOREN

Adjective: *of higher birth.*

BĒTE

Noun: *beetroot.*

BETELDAN

Verb: *to cover, cover over; to surround, hem; to oppress, overwhelm, overload.*

BETELLAN

Verb: *to defend oneself, excuse, exculpate; to speak about, answer; to prove one's claim to.*

BĒTEND

Noun: *restorer.*

BETĒON

1. Verb: *to cover; to inclose, surround, draw over or round; to protect; to assing, bestow, bequeath.*

2. Verb: *to accuse, impeach.*

BETERIAN

See *(ge)beterian.*

BETERUNG

See *(ge)beterung.*

BETIHTLIAN

Verb: *to accuse, charge.*

BETIMBRAN

Verb: *to build, construct, construct with timber.*

BETLIC

Adjective: *good-like, excellent, grand.*

BĒTNES

Noun: *satisfaction; reparation, amends, recompence, atonement.*

BETOGENES

Noun: *accusation.*

BETONICE

Noun: *the herb betony.*

BETREDAN

Verb: *to cover; to tread upon.*

BETRENDAN

Verb: *to roll.*

BETREPPAN

Verb: *to catch, entrap.*

BETRYMMAN

Verb: *to surround, enclose, besiege.*

BETSTBOREN

Adjective: *best-born, eldest.*

BETWĒOHCEORFAN

Verb: *to cut through, divide (sth).*

BETWEOHNFORLÆTNESS

Noun: *intermission.*

BETWEOHSFÆC

Noub: *interval.*

BETWĒONAN

1. Adposition: *between, among, amid, in the midst; within.*

2. Adverb: *between; in the meantime, meanwhile; in turn, by turns.*

BETWĒONUM

1. Adverb: *between, in the meantime, meanwhile; in turn, by turns.*

2. See *betwēonan* (1).

BETWEOX

1. Adposition: *between.*

2. See *betwux* (1).

BETWĪNFORLĒTNES

Noun: *intermission.*

BETWION

Adjective: *double; folding, twofold.*

BETWUX

1. Adposition: *between, among, amongst, amid, amidst, in the midst; during.*

2. Adverb: *between, among, amongst, amidst; during, meanwhile.*

BETWUXĀLEGEDNES

Noun: *interjection; interposition.*

BETWUXĀWORPENNES

Noun: *interjection.*

BETWUXBLINNES

Noun: *intermission.*

BETWUXCUMAN

Verb: *to come between, interfere with, interrupt (sth); to take place, occur.*

BETWUXFÆC

Adjective: *internal.*

BETWUXGANGENDE

Adjective: *separating.*

BETWUXGESETT

Adjective: *interposed.*

BETWUXLICGAN

Verb: *to lie between.*

BETWUXSENDAN

Verb: *to send between.*

BETYLLAN

Verb: *to allure, lure, decoy.*

BETȳNAN

Verb: *to enclose, hedge in, close, shut, bury; to shut out; to end, conclude.*

BETȳNUNG

Noun: *conclusion.*

BETYRAN

Verb: *to smear over, stain a dark colour.*

BETYRNAN

Verb: *to turn round; to bend the knee, prostrate oneself.*

BEÐEARFAN

Verb: *to need.*

BEÐEARFENDE

Adjective: *needy, indigent.*

BEÐEARFLIC

Adjective: *useful, profitable.*

BEÐEARFOD

Adjective: *needy, brought to want.*

BEÐECCAN

Verb: *to cover, cover over, conceal; to protect.*

BEÐENCAN

Verb: *to think, consider, bear in mind; to remember; to reflect; to look out, take care of, care for; to trust, confide in, entrust to.*

BEÐENIAN

Verb: *to cover, spread over, stretch on or upon.*

BEÐĒODAN

Verb: *to join, attach; to be joined.*

BEÐĒOWAN

Verb: *to serve.*

BEÐERSCAN

Verb: *to thrash, thresh, winnow.*

BEÐETTAN

Verb: *to foment; to bathe.*

BEÐIAN

See *(ge)beðian.*

BEÐRĀWAN

Verb: *to twist.*

BEÐRĪDIAN

Verb: *to force; to overcome, overpower; to circumvent.*

BEÐRINGAN

Verb: *to surround, encompass, encircle, throng or press around; to oppress, beset; to burden.*

BEÐRYCCAN

Verb: *to press on or down.*

BEÐUNG

Noun: *bath, cataplasm, fomentation, embrocation, assuaging or nourishing medicine.*

BEÐURFAN

Verb: *to need, want, require; to be obligued.*

BEÐWĒAN

Verb: *to wet, moisten, bedew; to wash.*

BEÐWYR

Adjective: *perverse, depraved.*

BEÐWYRIAN

Verb: *to deprave.*

BEÐŸN

Verb: *to thrust.*

BEÐYRFING

Noun: *lack.*

BEWACIAN

Verb: *to watch, keep, guard, bewake.*

BEWADAN

Verb: *to emerge; to reach, come upon; to surprise.*

BEWÆFAN

Verb: *to cover, cover over, enfold, wrap round, clothe.*

BEWÆGAN

Verb: *to deceive, disappoint, frustrate.*

BEWÆGNAN

Verb: *to offer, proffer.*

BEWÆLAN

Verb: *to oppress, afflict.*

BEWÆPNIAN

Verb: *to disarm.*

BEWÆRLAN

Verb: *to pass by; to be free from.*

BEWARENIAN

Verb: *to avoid, keep one's self from, guard one's self against, beware; to watch, guard.*

BEWARIAN

Verb: *to guard, protect; to preserve, keep watch; to ward off.*

BEWĀWAN

Verb: *to blow against or upon.*

BEWEALCAN

Verb: *to involve.*

BEWEALLAN

Verb: *to boil away.*

BEWEARDIAN

Verb: *to keep, guard, protect; to observe closely.*

BEWEAXAN

Verb: *to cover over; to surround; to grow over.*

BEWEDDENDLIC

Adjective: *relating to marriage.*

BEWEDDIAN

Verb: *to marry, wed, espouse; to betroth; to pledge, plight; to give security.*

BEWEDDUNG

Noun: *betrothal, wedding.*

BEWEFAN

Verb: *to cover over, envelope.*

BEWEGAN

Verb: *to cover, cover over; to surround.*

BEWĒLED

Adjective: *polluted, poisoned.*

BEWENDAN

Verb: *to turn, turn round or about, convert.*

BEWENIAN

Verb: *to entertain; to take care of, attend upon.*

BEWEORPAN

Verb: *to throw, cast, cast down, plunge; to beat; to surround.*

BEWEORÐIAN

Verb: *to grace, adorn, dignify.*

BEWĒPAN

Verb: *to weep, bewail, mourn.*

BEWĒPENDLIC

Adjective: *lamentable, deplorable.*

BEWERENES

Noun: *forbidding, prohibition.*

BEWERIAN

Verb: *to guard, protect; to defend; to check, prevent, restrain; to forbid.*

BEWERIGEND

Noun: *keeper, defender, protector.*

BEWERUNG

Noun: *defence, fortification, protection.*

BEWESTAN

1. Adposition: *to the west of.*

2. Adverb: *to the west of.*

BEWĪCIAN

Verb: *to encamp.*

BEWINDAN

Verb: *to wrap, wind or bind around or about, envelop, entwine, clasp; to surround, encircle; to brandish (a sword).*

BEWINDLA

Noun: *hedge, border.*

BEWITAN

Verb: *to keep, watch over, superintend, care for; to overlook; to administer, preside, govern.*

BEWITIAN

Verb: *to observe, watch over, attend to, care for, administer; to perform.*

BEWLĀTIAN

Verb: *to see, look, behold.*

BEWLĀTUNG

Noun: *sight; show, pageant.*

BEWLĪTAN

Verb: *to look, look round, behold.*

BEWRECAN

Verb: *to drive; to drive away, banish; to strike, beat; to afflict; to surround.*

BEWRENCAN

Verb: *to deceive.*

BEWRĒON

Verb: *to cover, cover over, enwrap, clothe; to hide, conceal; to protect.*

BEWREÐIAN

Verb: *to support, sustain.*

BEWRIGENNES

Noun: *coverting, hiding or concealing.*

BEWRĪTAN

Verb: *to write down, record, inscribe; to write after or out of, to copy; to score round.*

BEWRĪÐAN

Verb: *to bind, wind about; to surround.*

BEWRIXLIAN

Verb: *to change; to exchange, sell.*

BEWUNA

Adjective: *wont, accustomed.*

BEWYLLAN

Verb: *to boil away; to knead, mix together, roll about.*

BEWYLWIAN

Verb: *to roll down, wallow, roll together.*

BEWYRCAN

Verb: *to make, work, construct, build; to enclose, surround with; to cover; to insert; to adorn.*

BEYRFEWEARDIAN

Verb: *to disinherit.*

BIBLIOÐĒCE

Noun: *library; the Bible.*

BIBLIOÐEOCO

Noun: *library; bible.*

BICCE

Noun: *bitch.*

BICCEN

1. Adjective: *belonging to a bitch.*

2. See *byccen.*

BĪCNENDLIC

See *(ge)bīcnendlic.*

BĪCNIGEND

See *(ge)bīcnigend.*

BĪCNOL

Adjective: *indicating, indicative.*

BĪCNUNG

See *(ge)bīcnung.*

BĪCWIDE

Noun: *proverb, bysaying, byword, tale, fable.*

BĪD

Noun: *hesitation, delay; abiding, lingering; halt.*

BĪDAN

See *(ge)bīdan*.

BIDDAN

Verb: *to ask, pray, entreat, beseech; to order, command, require; to bid*.

BIDDEND

Noun: *petitioner*.

BIDDERE

Noun: *petitioner*.

BĪDFÆST

Adjective: *firm, stationary; forced to stand out*.

BIDIAN

Verb: *to wait, look forward to sth*.

BĪDING

Noun: *abode, abiding place*.

BĪDSTEALL

Noun: *stand, halt*.

BIEDA

Noun: *Bieda, the son of Port*.

BĪEGAN

See *(ge)bīegan*.

BIELDAN

See *(ge)bieldan*.

BIELDO

Noun: *courage, confidence, boldness, rashness; constancy; arrogance*.

BĪEME

Noun: *trumpet; tablet; billet*.

BIERHTU

Noun: *brightness, brilliance, splendour*.

BIERNAN

Verb: *to burn; to be on fire, be consumed; to give light*.

BIESGIAN

Verb: *to occupy, employ; to afflict, trouble*.

BĪETL

Noun: *insect, beetle; mallet, hammer*.

BIFIAN

Verb: *to be moved, tremble, quake, shake.*

BIFIGENDLIC

Adjective: *tremendous, terrible.*

BIFUNG

Adjective: *trembling, quaking, shaking.*

BĪFYLCE

Noun: *neighbouring people, province, region.*

BIGEGNES

Noun: *going about or applying one's self to anything, the pursuit or study of anything.*

BĪGELS

Noun: *arch, vault; arched roof.*

BĪGENG

Noun: *doing, practise, exercise; cultivation, tillage; observance, religious or ecclesiastical practice, worship.*

BĪGENGA

1. Noun: *inhabitant, dweller; cultivator; benefactor; worshipper; observer.*

2. See *begenga.*

BĪGENGE

Noun: *observation, practice, worship.*

BĪGENGERE

Noun: *worker; worshipper.*

BĪGENGESTRE

Noun: *attendant, handmaiden, worshipper.*

BĪGING

Noun: *bending.*

BĪGNES

See *(ge)bīgnes.*

BĪGYRDEL

Noun: *belt, girdle, purse; public purse; treasury.*

BĪLAGE

Noun: *bye-law.*

BILE

Noun: *beak, bill, trunk (of an elephant); prow.*

BĪLEOFA

Noun: *support, maintenance, sustenance, food, nourishment; victuals; money, pay, wages.*

BĪLEOFEN

Noun: *support, sustenance, provisions, food, nourishment; money, pay.*

BILĒOFIAN

Verb: *to support, feed, nourish.*

BILEWIT

Adjective: *innocent, pure; simple; sincere, honest; calm, gentle, mild, meek, gracious, merciful; plausible, affecting simplicity.*

BILEWITLĪCE

Adverb: *simply; innocently; honestly, uprightly; gently.*

BILEWITNES

Noun: *simplicity; innocence, purity; mildness.*

BILIÐ

Noun: *pattern, image, representation, example; resemblance, likeness.*

BILL

Noun: *sword, falchion, chopper, battle-axe, bill.*

BILLERE

Noun: *bibulta (plant).*

BILLGESLIHT

Noun: *clashing of swords, battle.*

BILLHETE

Noun: *murderous hate, strife.*

BILMIGAS

Noun: *the name of (a people occupying) some district in England.*

BILSWÆÐ

Noun: *wound, bill or sword track.*

BĪMA

Noun: *trumpet; tablet, billet.*

BĪNAMA

Noun: *pronoun.*

BINDAN

See *(ge)bindan.*

BINDE

Noun: *band, head-band, fillet, wreath.*

BINDELE

Noun: *binding, tying; bandage.*

BINDERE

Noun: *binder.*

BINDING

Noun: *binding.*

BINN

Noun: *basket, bin; manger, crib, stall; hutch.*

BINNAN

1. Adposition: *in, into, inside of, within.*

2. Adverb: *inside, within; during, whilst, less than.*

BINNE

1. Adverb: *inside, within; during, whilst, less than.*

2. See *binn.*

BIRCEN

Adjective: *birchen, belonging to birch.*

BIREN

Noun: *female bear.*

BIRGING

Noun: *taste, lasting.*

BIRGNES

Noun: *taste.*

BIRIHTE

Adposition: *near, close by, beside.*

BIRILIAN

Verb: *to draw, bear.*

BIRĪNUS

Noun: *Birinus, first bishop of Wessex.*

BĪSÆC

Adjective: *disputed, contested.*

BISÆC

Noun: *bag, wallet.*

BĪSĀC

Noun: *visit.*

BISCEOP

Noun: *bishop, priest of any religion.*

BISCEOPCYNN

Noun: *episcopal race.*

BISCEOPDŌM

Noun: *bishop's doom, bishopric, episcopate; excommunication.*

BISCEOPEALDER

Noun: *high priest, chief priest.*

BISCEOPĒÐEL

Noun: *episcopal see.*

BISCEOPFOLGOÐ

Noun: *episcopal office, episcopate.*

BISCEOPGEGYRELAN

Noun: *episcopal robes.*

BISCEOPHĀD

Noun: *bishophood, bishopric, episcopate.*

BISCEOPHĀDÐĒNUNG

Noun: *episcopal service.*

BISCEOPHĀDUNG

Noun: *episcopal ordination.*

BISCEOPHĀLGUNG

Noun: *consecration of a bishop.*

BISCEOPHĀM

Noun: *episcopal estate.*

BISCEOPHĒAFODLĪN

Noun: *head ornament worn by bishops.*

BISCEOPHĪRED

Noun: *clergy subject to a bishop; bishop's shepherd or clergyman.*

BISCEOPIAN

See *(ge)bisceopian.*

BISCEOPLAND

Noun: *episcopal or diocesan land.*

BISCEOPLIC

Adjective: *bishoplike, episcopal, pontificial.*

BISCEOPRĪCE

Noun: *bishopric, diocese.*

BISCEOPROCC

Noun: *bishop's rochet, dalmatic.*

BISCEOPRŌD

Noun: *bishop's cross.*

BISCEOPSCĪR

Noun: *diocese, episcopate.*

BISCEOPSELD

Noun: *bishop's seat or residence.*

BISCEOPSEONOÐ

Noun: *synod of bishops.*

BISCEOPSTÆF

Noun: *bishop's staff.*

BISCEOPSTŌL

Noun: *bishop's seat or residence.*

BISCEOPSUNU

Noun: *spiritual son at confirmation.*

BISCEOPÐĒNUNG

Noun: *office of a bishop.*

BISCEOPUNG

Noun: *confirmation.*

BISCEOPWEOROD

Noun: *bishop's company or band.*

BISCEOPWĪTE

Noun: *fine payable to a bishop.*

BISCEOPWYRT

Noun: *bishop's wort or weed; verbain, mashmallow.*

BISCEOPWYRTIL

Noun: *bishop's weed, betony; vervain.*

BISEN

Noun: *pattern, model, example; similitude, resemblance, parable; command, rule, precept.*

BISENE

1. Adjective: *blind.*

2. See *bisen.*

BISENIAN

See *(ge)bisenian.*

BISENUNG

See *(ge)bisenung.*

BISES

Noun: *intercalary day in leap year, bissext.*

BISGIAN

See *(ge)bisgian.*

BISGU

Noun: *occupation, business, labour, toil; affliction, difficulty, trouble; care.*

BISGUNG

Noun: *occupation, care, business.*

BISIG

Noun: *occupied, busy, laborious, diligent, industrious.*

BISIGNES

Noun: *business.*

BISMER

Noun: *filthiness, pollution, defilement; disgrace; shame, scandal; reproach, mockery, insult, blasphemy, calumny, infamy, abomination, scorn.*

BISMERFUL

Adjective: *shameful, ignominious, abominable; polluted; disgraceful.*

BISMERGLĒOW

Noun: *unseemly or disgraceful sport, shameful lust.*

BISMERIAN

See *(ge)bismerian.*

BISMERIEND

Noun: *mocker, scorner.*

BISMERLĒAS

Adjective: *without pollution; spotless; blameless.*

BISMERLĒOÐ

Noun: *contemptible or frivolous song, ridiculous or scurrilous song.*

BISMERLIC

Adjective: *shameful, ridiculous; frivolous, ignominious, contemptuous, disgraceful; dirty.*

BISMERLĪCE

Adjective: *irreverently, indecently, disgracefully; reproachfully, blasphemously, contemptuously.*

BISMERNES

Noun: *pollution; reproach, insult, contemptibleness; pitifulness, disgrace.*

BISMERSPRÆC

Noun: *blasphemy.*

BISMERUNG

See *(ge)bismerung.*

BISMERWORD

Noun: *reproach, insult.*

BĪSPELL

Noun: *story, fable, allegory, parable; example, proverb.*

BĪSPELLBŌC

Noun: *book of parables, the Book of Proverbs.*

BISSEXTUS

Noun: *intercalary day of leap year, leap year.*

BĪSWÆC

Noun: *deceit, treachery, beguiling in speech.*

BITA

Noun: *bit, piece, fragment, morsel; biter, animal, wild beast.*

BĪTAN

See *(ge)bītan.*

BITE

Noun: *bite, sting; sword-cut; cancer; pain.*

BITELA

Noun: *beetle.*

BITER

Adjective: *bitter; severe, sharp, dire; cutting, stinging; angry, exasperated; painful, cruel, virulent; disastrous.*

BITERIAN

See *(ge)biterian.*

BITERLIC

Adjective: *sad, bitter.*

BITERLĪCE

Adverb: *bitterly.*

BITERNES

Noun: *bitterness, grief.*

BITERWYRDE

Adjective: *bitter in speech.*

BITERWYRTDRENC

Noun: *drink of bitter herbs.*

BITMÆLUM

Adverb: *bit by bit, piecemeal.*

BITOL

Noun: *bridle.*

BITRE

Adverb: *bitterly, severely, sharply, cruelly, painfully.*

BITRUM

Adverb: *bitterly.*

BĪWIST

Noun: *sustenance, necessaries, provision, food, nourishment.*

BĪWORD

Noun: *byword, proverb; adverb.*

BĪWYRDE

Noun: *saying, proverb, byword.*

BIZANT

Noun: *coin.*

BLĀC

Adjective: *bright, shining, flashing, glittering; pale, pallid, bleak, livid.*

BLĀCHLĒOR

Adjective: *pale-faced.*

BLĀCIAN

Verb: *to turn or grow pale.*

BLĀCUNG

Noun: *paleness, wanness.*

BLADESIAN

Verb: *to be hot, flame, blaze; to emit an odour.*

BLADESNUNG

Noun: *scent, odour.*

BLADESUNG

Noun: *lightning, shining, flaming, blazing, sparkling.*

BLÆC

1. Adjective: *black, dark, swarthy.*

2. Noun: *ink.*

BLÆCAN

Verb: *to whiten, bleach, fade.*

BLÆCBERIE

Noun: *blackberry, mulberry.*

BLÆCCE

Noun: *black matter.*

BLĀCE

Noun: *irritation of the skin, leprosy, psoriasis.*

BLĀCERN

Noun: *light, candle, lamp, lantern.*

BLĀCERNLĒOHT

Noun: *lantern-light.*

BLÆCFEXEDE

Adjective: *black-haired.*

BLÆCGYMM

Noun: *jet (black fossil).*

BLÆCHORN

Noun: *ink-horn.*

BLĀCO

Noun: *pallor.*

BLĀCPYTT

Noun: *bleaching-pit.*

BLÆCTERU

Noun: *tar, black-tar, naphtha.*

BLĀCÐA

Noun: *leprosy.*

BLĀDFÆST

See *(ge)blādfæst.*

BLĀCÐRUSTFEL

Noun: *leprosy.*

BLĀD

1. Noun: *blowing, blast; blister: inspiration, breath; life, spirit; mind; prosperity, abundance, richnes, success, honour, splendour, glory; gift, reward, benefit.*

2. See *bled* (1).

BLÆD

Noun: *leaf; blade.*

BLĀDĀGENDE

Adjective: *possessing abundance, prosperous, renowned.*

BLĀDBYLIG

Noun: *bellows.*

BLĀDDÆG

Noun: *day of prosperity.*

BLĀDDERWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the bladder.*

BLĀDGIFA

Noun: *giver of prosperity, happiness or glory.*

BLĀDHORN

Noun: *trumpet, blast-horn.*

BLĀDNES

Noun: *blossom, fruit.*

BLĀDRE

Noun: *inflated swelling, blain, pimple, blister, pustule; bladder.*

BLĀDWELA

Noun: *abundant riches.*

BLĀGE

Noun: *blay, bleak, gudgeon.*

BLÆGETTAN

Verb: *to cry, squall.*

BLĀHĀWEN

Adjective: *light blue, of a violet or purple colour.*

BLÆS

Noun: *blowing, blast, breeze; burning, flame.*

BLÆSE

Noun: *flame, blaze, firebrand, torch, lamp.*

BLÆSERE

Noun: *burner, incendiary.*

BLÆSHORN

Noun: *trumpet, horn for blowing.*

BLÆSTAN

Verb: *to blow; to belch forth; to rush.*

BLÆSTBELG

Noun: *bellows, blast-bag.*

BLÆSTM

Noun: *flame, blast.*

BLĀTAN

Verb: *to bleat.*

BLÆWEN

Adjective: *light blue.*

BLANC

Adjective: *white, blank, grey.*

BLANCA

Noun: *steed, white or grey horse.*

BLAND

See *(ge)bland.*

BLANDAN

See *(ge)blandan.*

BLANDENFEAX

Adjective: *having mixed or grizzly hair, grey-haired, old.*

BLĀT

Adjective: *pale, wan, livid, ghastly; low, hoarse.*

BLĀTAN

Verb: *to be livid, pale or dark as with envy.*

BLĀTE

Adverb: *pallidly, lividly.*

BLĀTIAN

Verb: *to be livid, pale.*

BLĀWAN

See *(ge)blāwan.*

BLĀWEND

Noun: *inspirer.*

BLĀWENDE

Adjective: *blustering, with high winds, blowing hard.*

BLĀWENNYS

Noun: *blowing or puffing up, windy swelling.*

BLĀWERE

Noun: *blower.*

BLĀWUNG

Noun: *blowing, blast; inflation.*

BLĒAT

Adjective: *miserable, wretched.*

BLĒATE

Adverb: *miserably, wretchedly.*

BLĒAÐ

Adjective: *gentle, mild; peaceful; timid, shy; cowardly; inactive, slothful; effeminate.*

BLĒD

1. Noun: *blossom, shoot, flower, fruit, branch; leaf, foliage; harvest, crops.*

2. See *blæ:d* 1

BLĒDAN

Verb: *to bleed.*

BLĒDHWÆT

Adjective: *growing quickly.*

BLEDU

Noun: *bowl, dish, vial, goblet; scale.*

BLEGEN

Noun: *blain, blister, boil, ulcer; bile.*

BLENCAN

Verb: *to deceive, cheat.*

BLENDAN

1. Verb: *to blind, make blind, deprive of sight, darken; deceive.*

2. Verb: *to mix.*

BLENDNES

Noun: *blindness.*

BLĒO

See *(ge)blēo.*

BLĒOBORD

Noun: *coloured board, chess-board.*

BLĒOBRYGD

Noun: *combination of colours, scintillation.*

BLĒOCRÆFT

Noun: *art of embroidery.*

BLEODU

1. Noun: *corn.*

2. See *bledu*.

BLĒOFÆST

Adjective: *pleasant, beautiful.*

BLĒOFÆSTNES

Noun: *pleasure, delight.*

BLĒOFĀG

Adjective: *of various colours.*

BLĒOMETE

Noun: *delicacy, dainty food.*

BLĒORĒAD

Adjective: *purple, myrtle-coloured.*

BLĒOSTÆNING

Noun: *tessellated pavement, mosaic work.*

BLERE

1. Noun: *gem, onyx.*

2. Adjective: *bald.*

BLĒTSIAN

See *(ge)blētsian.*

BLĒTSINGBŌC

Noun: *benedictional.*

BLĒTSINGSEALM

Noun: *the Benedicite.*

BLĒTSUNG

Noun: *blessing, benediction, consecration; favour (of God).*

BLĪCAN

Verb: *to shine, gleam, glitter, twinkle, dazzle, sparkle; to appear.*

BLICCETTAN

Verb: *to glitter, quiver.*

BLICCETTUNG

Noun: *shinning, glittering, coruscation.*

BLICE

Noun: *exposure.*

BLICIAN

Verb: *to shine.*

BLIND

Adjective: *blind; dark, obscure; opaque; internal; unintelligent.*

BLINDBOREN

Adjective: *born blind*.

BLINDENETELE

Noun: *archangelica (plant)*.

BLINDIAN

Verb: *to blind; to become blind; to be deprived of potency*.

BLINDLĪCE

Adverb: *blindly, rashly.*

BLINDNES

Noun: *blindness.*

BLINN

Noun: *rest, ceasing, intermission.*

BLINNAN

See *(ge)blinnan.*

BLINNENDE

Noun: *rest, ceasing, intermission.*

BLINNES

Noun: *cessation, intermission*.

BLISGERE

Noun: *incendiary.*

BLISS

Noun: *gladness, happiness, joy, bliss, exultation; pleasure; kindness, friendship; favour, grace, benevolence.*

BLISSIAN

See *(ge)blissian.*

BLISSIG

Adjective: *joyful.*

BLISSIGENDLIC

Adjective: *joyous, exulting.*

BLISSUNG

Noun: *rejoicing, joyousness, exultation; hilarity.*

BLĪÐ

1. Adjective: *kind, gentle, pleasant, agreeable, well disposed, willing; sweet, joyous, friendly, cheerful, gracious; quiet, peaceful.*

2. Adverb: *joyfully, gladly.*

BLĪÐE

See *(ge)blīðe.*

BLĪÐEHEORTNYS

Noun: *merry-heartedness.*

BLĪÐELIC

Adjective: *gentle, pleasant; glad; well-wishing.*

BLĪÐELĪCE

Adverb: *joyfully, gladly, cheerfully, blithely, merrily; willingly.*

BLĪÐEMŌD

Adjective: *glad, cheerful, blithe; friendly; kind, well-wishing.*

BLĪÐHEORT

Adjective: *happy, blithe, joyful; kind, merciful.*

BLĪÐIAN

See *(ge)blīðian.*

BLĪÐNES

Noun: *enjoyment, glad, joy, mirth, exultation; pleasure.*

BLŌD

Noun: *blood, gore; vein.*

BLŌDDOLG

Noun: *bleeding wound.*

BLŌDDRYNC

Noun: *bloodshed, draught of blood.*

BLŌDEGESA

Noun: *bloody horror.*

BLŌDEN

Adjective: *bloody.*

BLŌDFĀG

Adjective: *bloody, stained with blood.*

BLŌDGEMANG

Noun: *blood-mixture.*

BLŌDGEMENGED

Adjective: *blood-stained.*

BLŌDGĒOTEND

Noun: *shedder of blood.*

BLŌDGĒOTENDE

Adjective: *bloody; blood-thirsty.*

BLŌDGIAN

See *(ge)blōdgian.*

BLŌDGYTE

Noun: *bloodshed.*

BLŌDHRÆCE

Noun: *spitting of blood.*

BLŌDHRÆCUNG

Noun: *spitting of blood; inflammation of the lungs.*

BLŌDHRĒOW

Adjective: *cruel, sanguinary, blood-thirsty.*

BLŌDIG

Adjective: *bloody.*

BLŌDIGTŌÐ

Adjective: *cruel, bloody-toothed.*

BLŌDIORN

Noun: *bloody flux.*

BLŌDLÆS

Noun: *bleeding.*

BLŌDLÆSTĪD

Noun: *proper time for bleeding.*

BLŌDLÆTE

Noun: *bleeding, blood-letting.*

BLŌDLÆTERE

Noun: *blood letter.*

BLŌDLĒAS

Adjective: *bloodless.*

BLŌDORC

Noun: *sacrificial vessel.*

BLŌDRĒAD

Adjective: *blood-red.*

BLŌDRYNE

Noun: *running of blood; bursting of a blood-vessel.*

BLŌDSCĒAWUNG

Noun: *supply of blood.*

BLŌDSEAX

Noun: *lancet, blood-knife.*

BLŌDSETEN

Noun: *remedy to stop bleeding.*

BLŌDSIHTE

Noun: *flowing of blood.*

BLŌDSPĪWUNG

Noun: *spitting of blood.*

BLŌDÐIGEN

Noun: *tasting of blood.*

BLŌDWANIAN

Verb: *to diminish blood.*

BLŌDWĪTE

Noun: *blood-offering (penalty for bloodshed); right to exact such a penalty.*

BLŌDWRACU

Noun: *revenge for bloodshed.*

BLŌDYRNENDE

Adjective: *blood-flowing.*

BLŌMA

Noun: *metal; lump of metal; mass.*

BLŌSTM

Noun: *bloom, blossom, flower, fruit.*

BLŌSTMBÆRE

Adjective: *blooming, flowery.*

BLŌSTMBÆRENDE

Adjective: *flower-bearing.*

BLŌSTMFRĒOLS

Noun: *floral festival.*

BLŌSTMIAN

Verb: *to bloom, blossom; to blow.*

BLŌSTMIG

Adjective: *flowery.*

BLŌT

See *(ge)blōt.*

BLŌTAN

Verb: *to sacrifice, kill for a sacrifice.*

BLŌTERE

Noun: *sacrificer.*

BLŌTMŌNAÐ

Noun: *month of sacrifice, November.*

BLŌTORC

Noun: *sacrificial vessel.*

BLŌTUNG

Noun: *sacrifice.*

BLŌWAN

See *(ge)blōwan.*

BLŌWENDLIC

Adjective: *blooming, flowery.*

BLŸÐE

1. Adverb: *joyfully, gladly.*

2. See *blīð* (1).

BLYSA

Noun: *firebrand, torch.*

BLYSCAN

Verb: *to shine; to be red.*

BLYSE

1. Noun: *firebrand, torch.*

2. See *blysa.*

BLYSIAN

Verb: *to burn, blaze.*

BLYSIGE

Noun: *firebrand, torch.*

BLYSSIAN

Verb: *to be glad, rejoice, exult; to make happy, gladden; to applaud.*

BŌC

Noun: *beech-tree, beech-nut; writing, book, Bible; pages; deed, document, register, catalogue, charter; conveyance.*

BŌCÆCERAS

Noun: *freehold lands, booked acres.*

BŌCBLÆC

Noun: *ink.*

BŌCCEST

Noun: *book-shop; book-chest.*

BŌCCRÆFT

Noun: *learning, science, literature.*

BŌCCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *book-learned.*

BŌCCYN

Noun: *a kind of book.*

BŌCERE

Noun: *writer, author; learned man, scholar, instructor; scribe (Jewish).*

BŌCFELL

Noun: *parchment, vellum.*

BŌCFŌDDER

Noun: *book-case.*

BŌCGESAMNUNG

Noun: *collection of books, library.*

BŌCGESTRĒON

Noun: *library.*

BŌCHAGA

Noun: *enclosure of beeches.*

BŌCHOLT

Noun: *beech-wood.*

BŌCHORD

Noun: *library; book-hoard.*

BŌCHŪS

Noun: *Library.*

BŌCIAN

See *(ge)bōcian.*

BŌCLÆDEN

Noun: *learned language, literary Latin.*

BŌCLAND

Noun: *land held by written title.*

BŌCLĀR

Noun: *learning.*

BŌCLĒAF

Noun: *leaf of a book, charter.*

BŌCLIC

Adjective: *relating to books, biblical; scientific.*

BŌCRÆDERE

Noun: *reader of books.*

BŌCRÆDING

Noun: *reading of books.*

BŌCRĒAD

Adjective: *red colour used in illuminating manuscripts, vermilion.*

BŌCRĒDE

Noun: *reading of books.*

BŌCRIHT

Noun: *right given by will or charter.*

BŌCSCAMEL

Noun: *reading desk.*

BŌCSTÆF

Noun: *letter; character.*

BŌCSTIGEL

Noun: *beech-wood stile.*

BŌCSUM

Adjective: *flexible; obedient; buxom.*

BŌCSUMNES

Noun: *obedience, pliancy.*

BŌCTÆCUNG

Noun: *teaching or narrative written in books; book of decrees, writings; the scriptures, holy writ, the Bible.*

BŌCTALU

Noun: *teaching or narrative written in books; the Bible.*

BŌCTRĒOW

Noun: *beech-tree.*

BŌCUNG

Noun: *conveyance by charter or deed.*

BŌCWEORC

Noun: *study of books.*

BŌCWUDU

Noun: *beech-wood.*

BOD

See *(ge)bod.*

BODA

Noun: *messenger, herald, apostle, angel; prophet.*

BODAN

Noun: *bottom, ground, foundation; abyss.*

BODERE

Noun: *teacher, master, preacher.*

BODIAN

See *(ge)bodian.*

BODIEND

Noun: *proclaimer, teacher, preacher.*

BODIG

Noun: *body, trunk, chest; bigness or height of the body, stature, frame.*

BODIGENDLIC

Adjective: *to be celebrated, praised.*

BODLĀC

Noun: *decree, ordinance.*

BODSCIPE

See *(ge)bodscipe.*

BODUNG

Noun: *message, preaching; declaration, announcement, divulging, recital; interpretation; assertiveness.*

BODUNGDÆG

Noun: *Annunciation Day.*

BŌETIES

Noun: *the ancient constellation, the chief star of which is the bright Arcturus; Ursa Major.*

BŌETIUS

Noun: *Anicus Manlius Severinus Boethius.*

BŌG

Noun: *anything curved; arm, shoulder; offspring, progeny; branch, bough, twig, sprig.*

BOGA

Noun: *anything curved; arch, bow; corner; vault; rainbow; folded parchment.*

BŌGAN

Verb: *to boast.*

BOGASTRENG

Noun: *the string of a bow.*

BOGEFŌDDER

Noun: *quiver.*

BOGEN

Noun: *rosemary.*

BOGENETT

Noun: *wicker basket with a narrow neck for catching fish.*

BOGETUNG

Noun: *bending, curve, crook.*

BŌGIAN

See *(ge)bōgian.*

BOGIHT

Adjective: *full of bends.*

BŌGINCEL

Noun: *small bough.*

BŌGUNG

Noun: *arrogance, ostentation, boasting; display.*

BOGUNG

Noun: *boasting, arrogance, ostentation; perversity; crookedness.*

BOHSCYLD

Noun: *shoulder shield.*

BŌHTIMBER

Noun: *building-wood.*

BŌL

Noun: *necklace.*

BOL

Noun: *trunk, bole.*

BOLCA

Noun: *gangway of a ship.*

BOLD

Noun: *house, dwelling-place, abode, hall, mansion, castle, temple; building; town.*

BOLDĀGEND

Noun: *homestead-owner.*

BOLDĀGENDE

Adjective: *possessing a house.*

BOLDGESTRĒON

Noun: *household property, goods or treasure.*

BOLDGETÆL

Noun: *district, county, province.*

BOLDGETIMBER

Noun: *timber of a house.*

BOLDWEARD

Noun: *housekeeper, steward.*

BOLDWELA

Noun: *wealth; paradise, heaven; village.*

BOLGENMŌD

Adjective: *enraged.*

BOLLA

Noun: *bowl, cup, pot, beaker; measure.*

BOLLE

Noun: *bowl, cup, pot, beaker; measure.*

BOLSTER

Noun: *cushion, bolster.*

BOLT

Noun: *arrow; bolt.*

BOLTTIMBER

Noun: *building timber, beams.*

BŌN

1. Noun: *ornament.*

2. See *bōgan.*

BŌNDA

Noun: *householder; husband.*

BŌNDELAND

Noun: *land held by a bōnda.*

BOR

Noun: *borer gimlet; lancet, scalpel; graving tool.*

BORA

Noun: *ruler.*

BORCIAN

Verb: *to bark.*

BORD

Noun: *board, plank, table, shield; side of a ship, ship.*

BORDA

Noun: *ornament, embroidery, fringe.*

BORDCLĀÐ

Noun: *table-cloth.*

BORDGELĀC

Noun: *weapon, dart, misile.*

BORDHÆBBENDE

Adjective: *shield-bearing.*

BORDHAGA

Noun: *cover of shields.*

BORDHRĒOÐA

Noun: *cover or protection of the shield, bucker, phalanx.*

BORDRAND

Noun: *margin or disc of a shield.*

BORDRIMA

Noun: *edge, rim.*

BORDRĪÐIG

Noun: *stream running in a channel made of planks.*

BORDSTÆÐ

Noun: *sea-shore; rigging of a ship.*

BORDÐACA

Noun: *shield-covering, phalanx; board for roofing.*

BORDWEALL

Noun: *wall of shields, buckler, phalanx; side of a shield.*

BORDWUDU

Noun: *shield.*

BORENNES

Noun: *birth, nativity.*

BORETTAN

Verb: *to move to and fro, brandish.*

BORG

Noun: *pledge, bail, debt; security; obligation; debtor, bondsman.*

BORGBRYCE

Noun: *breach of surety.*

BORGGELDA

Noun: *borrower; lender, debtor, usurer.*

BORGIAN

Verb: *to borrow, take a loan; to lend, give a loan.*

BORGIEND

Noun: *lend, usurer.*

BORGSORG

Noun: *trouble on account of lending or security.*

BORGSTEALL

1. Noun: *steep path up a hill.*

2. See *burgsteall.*

BORGWEDD

Noun: *pledge, promise.*

BORHFÆST

Adjective: *bound by the giving of security.*

BORHFÆSTAN

See *(ge)borhfæstan.*

BORHHAND

Noun: *surety, bail; security; sponsor.*

BORHLĒAS

Adjective: *without security or pledge.*

BORIAN

Verb: *to perforate; to bore.*

BORLĪCE

Adverb: *very, extremely; well, excellently; fitly.*

BORUCTWARE

Noun: *people of ancient Germany, conquered by the Old-Saxons.*

BOSANHĀM

Noun: *Boseham of Bosham, in Sussex.*

BŌSIG

Noun: *stall, crib.*

BŌSM

Noun: *lap, bosom, breast; womb; surface; ship's hold.*

BŌSMIG

Adjective: *sinuous.*

BŌSTMGILD

Noun: *floral festival.*

BŌT

Noun: *help, assistance; advantage; remedy, cure; offering, recompense, amends, atonement, penance; boot; restoring, reparation, renewing; correction, satisfaction.*

BŌTAN

Verb: *to amend, repair, restore, reform, remedy, cure; to make good, make amends; to compensate, atone, pay bōt for an offence; to attend to (fire or light).*

BŌTETTAN

Verb: *to repair; to improve.*

BŌTIAN

Verb: *to become or grow better.*

BŌTLĒAS

Adjective: *unpardonable, not to be expiated by the payment of bōt.*

BOTM

Noun: *ground, bottom, foundation; abyss.*

BŌTWYRÐE

Adjective: *pardonable, that admits of expiation by the payment of bōt.*

BOÐEN

Noun: *rosemary, darnel, thyme.*

BOX

Noun: *box, case; box-tree.*

BOXTRĒOW

Noun: *box-tree.*

BRACCAS

Noun: *breeches.*

BRACHWĪL

Noun: *moment, while, glance.*

BRĀD

1. Adjective: *open, broad, large, extended, spacious, wide; copious, ample; flat.*

2. Noun: *breadth.*

BRĀDÆX

Noun: *broad axe.*

BRADANFORD

Noun: *Bradford, in Wilts.*

BRADANREĪG

Noun: *Flat Holme, an island in the mouth of the Severn.*

BRADANRELIC

Noun: *Flat Holme, an island in the mouth of the Severn.*

BRĀDBRIM

Noun: *wide sea.*

BRĀDE

Adverb: *broadly, widely.*

BRĀDELĒAC

Noun: *leek.*

BRĀDEN

Noun: *Bredon, a forest near Malmesbury.*

BRĀDHAND

Noun: *palm of the hand.*

BRĀDHLĀF

Noun: *parched or baked bread, biscuit.*

BRĀDIAN

Verb: *to become broad, extend; to reach.*

BRĀDLĀSTÆX

Noun: *broad-axe.*

BRĀDLINGA

Adverb: *flatly, with the hand open.*

BRĀDNES

Noun: *broadness, largeness, breadth, greatness, extent; surface; liberality.*

BRĀDSWEORD

Noun: *broadsword.*

BRĀDÐISTEL

Noun: *thistle with long leaves, sea-holm, sea-holly.*

BRÆC

Noun: *breaking, breach, destruction.*

BRÆC

Noun: *strip of untilled land.*

BRǢC

See *(ge)brǣc.*

BRÆCCE

Noun: *trousers, breeches.*

BRǢCCOÐU

Noun: *breaking or falling disease, epilepsy.*

BRǢCDRENC

See *(ge)brǣcdrenc.*

BRǢCE

Adjective: *breaking.*

BRÆCLIAN

Verb: *to make a noise, crackle, rattle; to resound.*

BRǢCSĒOC

See *(ge)brǣcsēoc.*

BRǢCSĒOCNES

Noun: *epilepsy.*

BRǢD

1. Noun: *breadth, width, latitude; flesh.*

2. Noun: *trick, craft, cunning, deceit, fraud.*

BRǢDAN

See *(ge)brǣdan.*

BRǢDE

Noun: *roast meat.*

BRǢDELS

Noun: *anything spread or stretched out; covering, garment, dress, carpet.*

BRǢDEPANNE

Noun: *frying-pan.*

BRǢDING

Noun: *spreading, extension; couch, bed; roast meat.*

BRǢÐ

Noun: *odour, scent, stink; savour; exhalation, breath; vapour.*

BRǢDU

Noun: *breadth, width, extent.*

BRÆGDBOGA

Noun: *drawn or bent bow; deceitful or fraudulent bow.*

BRÆGDEN

1. Noun: *fraud.*

2. See *(ge)brægden.*

BRÆGDENLĪCE

See *(ge)brægdenlīce.*

BRÆGDWĪS

Adjective: *crafty, wise in deceit, fraudulent.*

BRÆGEN

Noun: *brain.*

BRÆGENPANNE

Noun: *brain-pane, skull.*

BRÆGENSĒOC

Adjective: *mad, frantic, brain-sick.*

BRÆGNLOCA

Noun: *head, skull.*

BRÆS

Noun: *brass, bronze.*

BRÆSEN

1. Adjective: *brazen; strong, powerful; bold, daring.*

2. See *bresne.*

BRÆSIAN

Verb: *to make of brass, cover or furnish with brass.*

BRĀW

Noun: *eye-lid; eye-brow.*

BRAND

Noun: *fire, flame; torch, brand; weapon, sword.*

BRANDHĀT

Adjective: *very hot, burning hot; passionate, ardent.*

BRANDHORD

Noun: *treasure exciting ardent desires; care, anxiety.*

BRANDĪREN

Noun: *fire-dog, grate, trivet.*

BRANDŌM

Noun: *rust that comes from exposure to burning.*

BRANDRĀD

Noun: *fire-dog, trivet.*

BRANDRIDA

Noun: *fire-grate.*

BRANDSTÆFN

Adjective: *shining prowed.*

BRANT

Adjective: *high, deep; steep; difficult.*

BRASSICA

Noun: *colewort, cabbage.*

BRASTL

Noun: *noise; crackle, creak, rustle burning.*

BRASTLIAN

Verb: *to break, burst; to crackle, rustle; to make a noise, murmur, roar.*

BRASTLUNG

Noun: *breaking, crashing, crackling, rustling.*

BRATT

Noun: *cloak.*

BRĒAD

Noun: *bit, fragment, morsel, crumb; bread.*

BREAHTM

1. Noun: *sound, noise, cry, tumult, clamour, revelry.*

2. See *bearhtm* (1).

BREAHTMIAN

Verb: *to make a noise, creak, whizz; resound.*

BREAHTMUNG

Noun: *flickering (of the eyelids).*

BRĒAÐ

Adjective: *brittle.*

BRĒAWERN

Noun: *brewing-place, brew-house.*

BRECA

Noun: *breaker.*

BRECAN

See *(ge)brecan.*

BRECE

Noun: *bit, piece, morsel.*

BRECENANMERE

Noun: *Brecknock, the capital of Brecknockshire in South Wales.*

BRĒCHRÆGL

Noun: *sort of garment, breeches.*

BRECNES

See *(ge)brecnes.*

BRECÐA

Noun: *broken state or condition, fracture; grief.*

BRECUNG

Noun: *breaking.*

BRED

Noun: *surface, board, plank, table, tablet.*

BRĒDAN

See *(ge)brēdan.*

BREDEN

Adjective: *wooden, of boards or planks.*

BRĒDENDE

Adjective: *crafty, cunning, deceitful.*

BREDĪSERN

Noun: *scraping or graving tool, tablet knife, chisel, file.*

BREDWEALL

Noun: *wall of boards, palisade.*

BRĒGAN

Verb: *to alarm, astonish; to frighten, terrify.*

BREGDSTAFAS

Noun: *learned arts, cunning skills in letters.*

BRĒGENDLIC

Adjective: *terrible.*

BRĒGNES

Noun: *fear, terror, dread.*

BREGO

Noun: *ruler, leader, chief, governor, lord, prince, king.*

BREGORĪCE

Noun: *kingdom.*

BREGORŌF

Adjective: *very valiant; mighty, majestic.*

BREGOSTŌL

Noun: *ruler or prince's seat, throne; dominion, kingdom.*

BREGOWEARD

Noun: *royal guard; ruler, lord, prince.*

BRĒMAN

See *(ge)brēman.*

BRĒME

1. Adjective: *esteemed, notable, famous, renowned, celebrated, glorious, illustrious.*

2. Adverb: *notably, famously, gloriously.*

BRĒMEL

Noun: *bramble, brier, blackberry bush.*

BRĒMELÆPPEL

Noun: *blackberry.*

BRĒMELBERIE

Noun: *blackberry.*

BRĒMELBRÆR

Noun: *bramble-brier.*

BRĒMELLĒAF

Noun: *bramble-leaf.*

BRĒMELLĒAH

Noun: *lea covered with brambles.*

BRĒMELRIND

Noun: *Bramble-rind.*

BRĒMELÐORN

Noun: *bramble.*

BRĒMELÐȲFEL

Noun: *bramble-thicket.*

BRĒMELÐYRNE

Noun: *bramble-bush, bramble-thorn.*

BRĒMELWUDU

Noun: *bramble-wood.*

BRĒMENDLIC

Adjective: *noted.*

BREMESBURH

Noun: *Bramsbury or Bramsby, Lincolnshire.*

BREMMAN

Verb: *to rage, roar.*

BREMUNG

Noun: *roaring.*

BRENGAN

See *(ge)brengan.*

BRENGNES

See *(ge)brengnes.*

BRENTFORD

Noun: *Brentford in Middlesex.*

BRENTING

Noun: *ship.*

BREODIAN

Verb: *to cry out.*

BREODWIAN

Verb: *to strike down, trample; to prostrate.*

BRĒOSA

Noun: *gad-fly; ghostword that came to life.*

BRĒOST

Noun: *breast, bosom; stomach, womb; heart, mind, thought; disposition.*

BRĒOSTBĀN

Noun: *breast-bone.*

BRĒOSTBEÐERN

Noun: *mind, inmost thoughts, breast-chamber; breast, chest.*

BRĒOSTBYDEN

Noun: *breast, chest.*

BRĒOSTCEARU

Noun: *anxiety, sorrow, grief.*

BRĒOSTCOFA

Noun: *heart, mind; breast; affections.*

BRĒOSTGEBEORG

Noun: *defence for the breast; bulwark, tower.*

BRĒOSTGEHYGD

Noun: *thought.*

BRĒOSTGEÐANC

Noun: *mind, thought.*

BRĒOSTGEWÆDU

Noun: *corslet.*

BRĒOSTGIRD

Noun: *sceptre.*

BRĒOSTHORD

Noun: *heart, mind, thought.*

BRĒOSTLĪN

Noun: *breast bandage, stomacher.*

BRĒOSTLOCA

Noun: *mind, soul.*

BRĒOSTNET

Noun: *coat of mail.*

BRĒOSTNYRWET

Noun: *oppression of the chest.*

BRĒOSTROCC

Noun: *breast-cloth.*

BRĒOSTSEFA

Noun: *heart, mind.*

BRĒOSTTOGA

Noun: *chieftain.*

BRĒOSTÐING

Noun: *part of the breast.*

BRĒOSTWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the chest.*

BRĒOSTWEALL

Noun: *defence, rampart.*

BRĒOSTWEORÐUNG

Noun: *breast-ornament.*

BRĒOSTWYLM

Noun: *emotion, sorrow, grief; teat.*

BRĒOTAN

Verb: *to break, bruise, hew down, demolish, destroy, kill.*

BRĒOÐAN

Verb: *to decay, waste away.*

BRĒOWAN

See *(ge)brēowan.*

BRĒOWLĀC

Noun: *brewing, dressing food.*

BRĒR

Noun: *brier, bramble.*

BRERD

Noun: *border, margin, brink, shore, bank; brim, rim; surface; the highest part of anything; top of a pot or vessel.*

BRERDFUL

Adjective: *brim-full.*

BRĒRHLÆW

Noun: *brier-hillock.*

BRĒRÐYRNE

Noun: *brier-bush.*

BRĒSAN

Verb: *to crush, pound, bruise; season.*

BRESNE

Adjective: *mighty, powerful, strong, bold.*

BRETENANMERE

Noun: *British mere or lake, Welshpool, Montgomeryshire.*

BRETWALAS

Noun: *Britons of Wales.*

BRICG

Noun: *Bridgenorth in Shropshire; Bruges in Belgium.*

BRICGSTŌW

Noun: *Bristol in Gloucestershire and Somersetshire.*

BRIDD

Noun: *young bird or chicken; the young of any of the feathered tribe.*

BRĪDEL

Noun: *restrain, bridle, curb, rein.*

BRĪDELGYM

Noun: *bridle ornament.*

BRĪDELSHRING

Noun: *bridle-ring.*

BRĪDLIAN

See *(ge)brīdlian.*

BRIENGAN

Verb: *to bring, carry, lead; to produce, bring forth; to present, offer; to adduce.*

BRIGD

Noun: *change; variety.*

BRIM

Noun: *water, wave, sea, ocean, flood; shore; surfing.*

BRIMCEALD

Adjective: *ice-cold.*

BRIMCLIF

Noun: *cliff by the sea.*

BRIMFAROÐ

Noun: *sea-shore.*

BRIMFLŌD

Noun: *sea, flood, deluge.*

BRIMFUGOL

Noun: *sea-bird, gull.*

BRIMGIEST

Noun: *sailor.*

BRIMHENGEST

Noun: *ship; sea-horse.*

BRIMHLÆST

Noun: *fish.*

BRIMLĀD

Noun: *sea-way.*

BRIMLĪÐEND

Noun: *seafarer, pirate.*

BRIMLIÐENDE

Adjective: *sea-faring.*

BRIMMANN

Noun: *sailor, pirate.*

BRIMNESEN

Noun: *safe sea-passage.*

BRIMRĀD

Noun: *the sea, sea-road.*

BRIMSA

Noun: *gadfly.*

BRIMSTÆÐ

Noun: *sea-shore.*

BRIMSTRĒAM

Noun: *stream, river, sea; current.*

BRIMÐYSSA

Noun: *ship.*

BRIMWĪSA

Noun: *captain.*

BRIMWUDU

Noun: *ship.*

BRIMWYLF

Noun: *sea-wolf; epithet applied to Grendel's mother.*

BRIMWYLM

Noun: *sea-wave; sea-surge.*

BRING

Noun: *offering, sacrifice.*

BRINGAN

See *(ge)bringan.*

BRINNAN

Verb: *to burn.*

BRĪÐEL

Adjective: *weak, fragile, perishable.*

BRĪW

Noun: *pottage, porridge; pulse.*

BRĪWAN

See *(ge)brīwan.*

BRĪWÐICCE

Adjective: *thick as pottage.*

BRŌC

1. Noun: *breech; trousers.*

2. Noun: *brook, torrent.*

BROC

Noun: *affliction, misery, trouble, adversity, tribulation; labour, toil; care; sickness, disease, malady; breaking, breach; fragment; use, advantage, benefit; kind of locust.*

BROCC

Noun: *badger.*

BROCCEN

Adjective: *of badger's skin.*

BROCCHOL

Noun: *badger's hole.*

BROCCIAN

Verb: *to tremble.*

BROCENLIC

Adjective: *fragile.*

BROCIAN

See *(ge)brocian.*

BROCLIC

Adjective: *laborious, full of trouble; miserable.*

BRŌCLICE

Adverb: *sickly, grievously.*

BRŌCMINTE

Noun: *brookmint, horsemint.*

BRŌCRĪÐ

Noun: *tributary stream.*

BROCSĒOC

Adjective: *lunatic, frantic; epileptic.*

BROCUNG

Noun: *affliction, sickness.*

BRŌD

Noun: *hatching, breeding; brood; foetus.*

BROD

Noun: *shoot, sprout.*

BRŌDENMÆL

Noun: *marked with a spot or sign; damascened sword.*

BRŌDIAN

Verb: *to shine, glitter.*

BRŌDIG

Adjective: *inclined to sit.*

BRŌGA

Noun: *danger, fear, terror, horror, dread; prodigy; monster.*

BROGDETTAN

Verb: *to shake, brandish, tremble, quake; to pant for fear; to glitter.*

BROGDETTUNG

Noun: *shaking, quivering, trembling; feigning, pretence.*

BROGNE

See *(ge)brogne.*

BROHT

Noun: *viscellum.*

BRŌHÐRĒA

Noun: *terrific calamity.*

BRŌM

Noun: *brushwood, broom.*

BRŌMDŪN

Noun: *Brumdon, Dorset.*

BRŌMFÆSTEN

Noun: *place full of broom bushes.*

BRŌMIG

Adjective: *broomy.*

BRONDINGAS

Noun: *The Brondings, supposed to be the inhabitants of the island Brännö, lying off the coast of West Gothland in the Cattegat.*

BRORD

Noun: *point, prick, lance, javelin; herbage, spire or blade of grass or corn.*

BROSNIAN

See *(ge)brosnian.*

BROSNIENDLIC

Adjective: *transitory, perishable, corruptible.*

BROSNUNG

See *(ge)brosnunbg*.

BROÐ

Noun: *broth*.

BRŌÐOR

See *(ge)brōðor*.

BRŌÐORBANA

Noun: *fratricide*.

BRŌÐORCWEALM

Noun: *fratricide (act)*.

BRŌÐORDOHTER

Noun: *niece*.

BRŌÐORGYLD

Noun: *vengeance for brothers*.

BRŌÐORLĒAS

Adjective: *brotherless*.

BRŌÐORLIC

Adjective: *brotherly*.

BRŌÐORLĪCNES

Noun: *brotherliness*.

BRŌÐORLUFU

Noun: *love, charity*.

BRŌÐORRÆDEN

Noun: *fellowship, brothership*.

BRŌÐORSCIPE

Noun: *kindness, love, brotherliness*.

BRŌÐORSIBB

Noun: *kinship, brotherhood; brotherly love*.

BRŌÐORSLAGA

Noun: *brother-slayer*.

BRŌÐORSLEGE

Noun: *fratricide*.

BRŌÐORSUNU

Noun: *nephew*.

BRŌÐORWĪF

Noun: *sister-in-law*.

BRŌÐORWYRT

Noun: *pennyroyal (herb).*

BRŪ

Noun: *brow, eye-brow, eye-lid, eye-lash.*

BRŪCAN

Verb: *to enjoy, use, possess; to bear; to partake; to spend; to brook; to eat; to execute and office; to cohabit with; to discharge; to pass; to wear.*

BRŪCENDLĪCE

Adverb: *appropriately, serviceably.*

BRŪCUNG

Noun: *function, occupation, enjoyment.*

BRŪMIDDEL

Noun: *intercilium.*

BRŪN

Adjective: *drown, dusky, dark; shining.*

BRŪNBASU

Adjective: *purple, red-purple, scarlet, brownish-purple, dark-purple.*

BRŪNECG

Adjective: *with gleaming blade.*

BRŪNEÐA

Noun: *itch; disease called brunella or pruna.*

BRŪNFĀG

Adjective: *of brown colour, brown-hued.*

BRŪNIAN

Verb: *to get brown.*

BRŪNWANN

Adjective: *dark-brown, dusky.*

BRŪNWYRT

Noun: *bilberry shrub; water-betony, wood-betony.*

BRYCE

See *(ge)bryce.*

BRŸCE

Adjective: *useful, profitable.*

BRYCG

Noun: *bridge.*

BRYCGBŌT

Noun: *repairing of bridges.*

BRYCGGEWEORC

Noun: *construction or reparation of a bridge.*

BRYCGIAN

Verb: *to pave, bridge.*

BRYCGWEARD

Noun: *keeper or defender of a bridge.*

BRYCGWYRCENDE

Adjective: *pontifex.*

BRŸCIAN

See *(ge)brȳcian.*

BRŸCSIAN

See *(ge)brȳcsian.*

BRŸD

Noun: *woman, bride, betrothed or newly-married woman, wife, consort; nymph.*

BRŸDBEDD

Noun: *bridal bed.*

BRŸDBLĒTSUNG

Noun: *marriage-blessing.*

BRŸDBODA

Noun: *bridesman.*

BRŸDBŪR

Noun: *bed-chamber.*

BRŸDCOFA

Noun: *bedchamber, bridal chamber.*

BRŸDEALA

Noun: *marriage feast.*

BRŸDELĀSTE

Adjective: *with conjugal footstep.*

BRYDELÐWANG

Noun: *bridel rein.*

BRŸDGIFTA

Noun: *betrothal, espousals.*

BRŸDGIFU

Noun: *dowry; pl. espousals.*

BRŸDGUMA

Noun: *suitor; bridegroom.*

BRŸDHLŌP

Noun: *marriage, bridal.*

BRŸDHŪS

Noun: *bride-chamber.*

BRŸDLĀC

Noun: *married state, wedlock; marriage ceremony, nuptials.*

BRŸDLĒOÐ

Noun: *marriage song.*

BRŸDLIC

Adjective: *bridal.*

BRŸDLOCA

Noun: *bride-chamber.*

BRŸDLUFE

Noun: *love of a bride.*

BRŸDNIHT

Noun: *wedding-night.*

BRŸDRÆST

Noun: *bridal bed, nuptial couch.*

BRŸDRĒAF

Noun: *wedding garment.*

BRŸDSANG

Noun: *marriage song.*

BRŸDSCEAMOL

Noun: *bridal bed.*

BRŸDÐING

1. Noun: *marriage, nuptials.*

2. See *brygd* (1).

BRYGD

1. Noun: *drawing out, unsheating, brandishing; wick.*

2. See *brǣd*.

BRYIDAN

See *(ge)bryidan.*

BRYM

Noun: *sea; surf.*

BRYMME

Noun: *waves, sea.*

BRŸNE

Noun: *brine, salt liquor.*

BRYNE

Noun: *heat; flame, fire, burning, inflammation, scald, conflagration; torch; fervour, passion.*

BRYNEĀDL

Noun: *fever.*

BRYNEBRŌGA

Noun: *fear or dread of fire.*

BRYNEGIELD

Noun: *burnt-offering or sacrifice.*

BRYNEHĀT

Adjective: *burning hot.*

BRYNELĒOMA

Noun: *flame, fire-beam.*

BRYNENES

Noun: *hard, fierce trial.*

BRYNETĒAR

Noun: *hot or burning tear.*

BRYNEWYLM

Noun: *flame, fire; burning heat.*

BRYNIG

Adjective: *fiery, burning.*

BRYNSTĀN

Noun: *brimstone.*

BRYRDAN

Verb: *to encourage, incite, urge, constrain; to prick, goad.*

BRYRDING

Noun: *instigation, compunction.*

BRYRDNES

See *(ge)bryrdnes.*

BRŸSAN

See *(ge)brȳsan.*

BRȲSEWYRT

Noun: *daisy, soap-wort.*

BRYT

Noun: *Briton.*

BRȲTAN

See *(ge)brȳtan.*

BRYTEDNYS

Noun: *breaking, bruising.*

BRYTEN

1. Noun: *Britain.*

2. Adjective: *spacious, ample, roomy.*

BRYTENCYNING

Noun: *powerful king.*

BRYTENGRŪND

Noun: *broad earth.*

BRYTENLOND

Noun: *Britain, Wales.*

BRYTENRĪCE

Noun: *spacious kingdom; the kingdom of Britain.*

BRYTENWEALDA

Noun: *ruler of the Saxons in Britain, the chief Saxon king in England.*

BRYTENWONG

Noun: *spacious plain or field; (pl.) the world.*

BRȲTING

Noun: *breaking to pieces.*

BRYTMÆLUM

Adverb: *by bits, piecemeal.*

BRYTNIAN

See *(ge)brytnian.*

BRYTNERE

Noun: *distributor, steward.*

BRYTNUNG

Noun: *dispensation, distribution.*

BRYTSEN

See *(ge)brytsen*.

BRYTTA

Noun: *giver, dispenser, distributor, bestower; author; steward, governor, lord, prince, God*.

BRYTTAS

Noun: *Britons*.

BRYTTIAN

See *(ge)bryttian*.

BRYTTISC

Adjective: *British*.

BRYTTWEALAS

Noun: *Britons of Wales*.

BRYTWYLISC

Adjective: *British, Welsh*.

BRYÐEN

Noun: *drink, brewing*.

BŪ

1. Noun: *dwelling, habitation*.

2. See *bēgen* (2).

BŪAN

See *(ge)būan*.

BŪC

Noun: *stomach, belly; vessel, bottle, pitcher; part of a helmet, beaver (of helmet)*.

BUCCA

Noun: *buck, male deer, he-goat*.

BŪCFUL

Noun: *pitcherful*.

BUCHEORT

Noun: *tragelaph*.

BUCLIC

Adjective: *like a goat*.

BUDDA

Noun: *beetle*.

BŪEND

Noun: *dweller, inhabitant; cultivator of land*.

BUFAN

1. Adposition: *above, over, super; on, upon.*

2. Adverb: *above, overhead, supra; before.*

BUFANCWEDEN

Adjective: *above-mentioned.*

BUFANNEMD

Adjective: *above-mentioned.*

BUFANSPRECEN

Adjective: *aforesaid, above-mentioned.*

BŪGAN

See *(ge)būgan.*

BULA

Noun: *bull, steer.*

BŪLA

Noun: *necklace, bracelet, stud, brooch.*

BŪLBERENDE

Adjective: *wearing an ornament.*

BULENTSE

Noun: *plant.*

BULGARISC

Adjective: *Bulgarian.*

BULLUC

Noun: *young bull, male calf; bullock.*

BULOT

Noun: *ragged robin, cuckoo-flower.*

BUND

Noun: *bundle.*

BUNDENHEORT

Adjective: *with bounden tresses.*

BUNDENSTEFNA

1. Adjective: *(ship) with an ornamented prow.*

2. Noun: *bound prow.*

BUNE

1. Noun: *drinking vessel, cup, beaker.*

2. Noun: *reed, cane.*

3. Noun: *Boulogne in France.*

BUOPTALMON

Noun: *ox-eye, chamomile.*

BŪR

Noun: *dwelling, apartment, cottage, chamber, bower, storehouse; dweller, villain, farmer, husbandman, countryman, peasant.*

BŪRBYRDE

Adjective: *of pleasant birth.*

BŪRCNIHT

Noun: *servant, chamberlain, eunuch.*

BŪRCOT

Noun: *bedchamber.*

BŪRÐEGN

1. Noun: *chamberlain, chancellor, page, secretary.*

2. See *burhðegn.*

BURG

Noun: *dwelling, castle; borough, walled town, city.*

BURGĀGEND

Noun: *city-owner.*

BURGĀGENDE

Adjective: *possessing a fortress or palace.*

BURGBRYCE

Noun: *breaking into a castle or dwelling; fine to be paid for this burglary.*

BURGENDALAND

Noun: *the land of the Burgundians, an island in the West of the Baltic Sea.*

BURGENDE

1. Noun: *city boundary.*

2. Noun: *the Burgundians.*

BŪRGERIHTA

Noun: *boor's or farmer's rights or dues.*

BŪRGETELD

Noun: *tent, pavilion; covering of a tent.*

BURGFÆSTEN

Noun: *fortress, citadel.*

BURGFOLC

Noun: *townspeople.*

BURGGEAT

Noun: *city-gate, castle-gate.*

BURGGEATSETL

Noun: *town-gate-seat, where a court was held for trying causes of family and tenants.*

BURGHEGE

Noun: *fence of a 'burg'.*

BURGHLIÐ

Noun: *fortress-height.*

BURGLAGU

Noun: *civil law.*

BURGLĒOD

Noun: *citizen, burgess.*

BURGLOCA

Noun: *wall, fortified enclosure, mound.*

BURGLOND

Noun: *native city.*

BURGRÆCED

Noun: *fortress.*

BURGRŪN

Noun: *sorceress; pl. fates.*

BURGSÆL

Noun: *house, city-hall.*

BURGSĀTA

Noun: *citizen, townsman.*

BURGSELE

Noun: *house, castle-hall.*

BURGSITTEND

Noun: *citizen.*

BURGSITTENDE

Adjective: *city-dwelling, inhabiting a city.*

BURGSTEALL

Noun: *city-place; dwelling on a hill.*

BURGSTEDE

Noun: *city; castle.*

BURGSTRĀT

Noun: *town-road.*

BURGTŪN

Noun: *city.*

BURGÐELU

Noun: *castle-floor.*

BURGWARAN

Noun: *citizens.*

BURGWARE

Noun: *citizens; guardians of the city.*

BURGWEALL

Noun: *city-wall.*

BURGWEG

Noun: *street; road.*

BURGWĪGEND

Noun: *warrior.*

BURGWĪGENDE

Adjective: *city-warring.*

BURHBISCOP

Noun: *bishop of a city.*

BURHBŌT

Noun: *liability for repair of the walls of a town or fortress.*

BURHÐEGN

Noun: *thane living in a burg.*

BURHEALDOR

Noun: *citizen, mayor.*

BURHGEARD

Noun: *castle yard.*

BURHGEMET

Noun: *measure used in a town.*

BURHGEMŌT

Noun: *meeting of townsmen.*

BURHGERĒFA

Noun: *chief magistrate of a town, mayor, provost.*

BURHGERIHTA

Noun: *town due.*

BURHGEÐINGÐ

Noun: *city council or assembly.*

BURHMANN

Noun: *citizen; city officer.*

BURHRÆDEN

Noun: *citizenship.*

BURHREST

Noun: *chamber-couch.*

BURHRIHT

Noun: *town right, civil law.*

BURHRŪN

Noun: *sorceress; fury.*

BURHSCIPE

See *(ge)burhscipe.*

BURHSCĪR

Noun: *city, township.*

BURHSPRÆC

Noun: *polite behaviour, urbanity; elegant speech, courtly or civil speech.*

BURHSTAÐOL

Noun: *dwelling in a city, house or mansion; the foundation of the wall of a burg.*

BURHWARUMANN

Noun: *citizen; burgess.*

BURHWEALDA

Noun: *citizen; city-ruler, burgess.*

BURHWEARD

Noun: *guardian, city-defender.*

BURHWELA

Noun: *city wealth, treasure of a city.*

BURHWELLE

Noun: *spring that supplies a burg.*

BURHWEROD

Noun: *townsfolk, city-multitude.*

BURHWITA

Noun: *town councillor.*

BŪRLAND

Noun: *land occupied by peasants.*

BURN

Noun: *stream, brook, river; sprig or well water.*

BURNA

Noun: *stream, brook; spring or well water.*

BURNE

Noun: *stream, brook, river; spring or well water.*

BURNSELE

Noun: *bath-house.*

BURNSTŌW

Noun: *bathing-place.*

BŪRRĒAF

Noun: *tapestry.*

BURSE

Noun: *bag, pouch.*

BURÐRE

Noun: *birth, issue.*

BŪT

Noun: *vessel.*

BŪTAN

1. Adposition: *out of, outside of; round about; without, except, all but; besides, in addition to; in spite of.*

2. Adverb: *without, outside; gratuitously.*

3. Conjunction: *except, unless; but; besides; except that, but only, if only, provided that.*

BUTERE

Noun: *butter.*

BUTERFLĒOGE

Noun: *butterfly.*

BUTERGEÐWĒOR

Noun: *butter, butter-curd.*

BUTERSTOPPA

Noun: *butter-vessel.*

BUTRUC

Noun: *bottle, leathern bottle.*

BUTSECARL

Noun: *seaman, boatman, mariner.*

BUTTINGTŪN

Noun: *Boddington, Gloucestershire.*

BUTTUC

Noun: *end; small butt.*

BYCCEN

Adjective: *of a goat.*

BYCGAN

Verb: *to buy, purchase, pay for, acquire; to redeem, ransom, to pay the penalty for; to procure, get done; to sell.*

BȳCNIENDLĪCGEMET

Noun: *the indicative mood.*

BYDEL

Noun: *beadle, warrant officer; herald, minister, forerunner; proclaimer, preacher.*

BYDELÆCER

Noun: *land allotted to a bydel.*

BYDEN

Noun: *measure, bushel; bucket, barrel, tun, vat, tub, butt.*

BYDENBOTM

Noun: *bottom of a vessel.*

BYDENFÆT

Noun: *bushel, barrel.*

BȳDLA

Noun: *worshipper, cultivator.*

BYFFAN

Verb: *to mutter.*

BYGE

Noun: *curve, bend, angle, corner, turning; cone or apex (of a helmet); bosom; bay; exchange, traffic, commerce, buying.*

BYGEN

Noun: *buying, purchase.*

BȳGENDLIC

See *(ge)bȳgendlic.*

BYHT

Noun: *dwelling, habitation, abode.*

BŸING

1. Noun: *dwelling, habitation.*

2. See *bū* (1).

BŸL

Noun: *sore, bile, carbuncle; boil: blotch.*

BYLDA

Noun: *builder; householder.*

BYLDAN

Verb: *to build, construct; to fence; to encourage, animate, instigate, exhort, embolden; to confirm.*

BŸLE

Noun: *sore, bile, sore, bile, carbuncle; boil; blotch.*

BYLEDBRĒOST

Adjective: *puff-breasted.*

BYLGAN

Verb: *to offend, bellow, vex; to anger.*

BYLGESLEG

Noun: *Bisley, in Gloucestershire.*

BŸLIHT

Adjective: *ulcerous.*

BŸLIHTE

Adverb: *in an ulcerous condition.*

BYLLINC

Noun: *cake.*

BŸMERE

Noun: *trumpeter.*

BŸMESANGERE

Noun: *trumpeter.*

BŸMIAN

Verb: *to sound or play on a trumpet.*

BŸNE

Adjective: *inhabited, occupied, cultivated.*

BYRD

1. Noun: *birth; origin.*

2. Noun: *burden.*

BYRDE

Adjective: *well-born, rich, noble.*

BYRDIAN

Verb: *to bear.*

BYRDICGE

Noun: *embroideress.*

BYRDING

Noun: *embroidering.*

BYRDISTRE

Noun: *embroiderer.*

BYRDLING

1. Noun: *tortoise.*

2. Noun: *offspring.*

BYRDNYS

Noun: *state, condition, quality.*

BYRDSCYPE

Noun: *birth-ship, child-bearing.*

BYRDTĪMA

Noun: *time of birth.*

BYRE

Noun: *child, youth, descendant, son; mound; strong wind; time, period; opportunity; occurrence.*

BŸRE

Noun: *hut, shed, hovel, byre, stall.*

BYRELE

Noun: *cup-bearer, butler, steward.*

BYRELIAN

Verb: *to give to drink, serve, pour out.*

BYREN

1. Noun: *she-bear.*

2. See *biren.*

3. See *bereærn.*

4. See *beren* (1).

BYRES

Noun: *graving-tool, chisel, file, awl, borer.*

BYRGA

Noun: *security, surety, bail.*

BYRGAN

See *(ge)byrgan.*

BYRGELS

Noun: *burial-place, tomb, sepulchre.*

BYRGELSLĒOÐ

Noun: *epitaph.*

BYRGELSSANG

Noun: *epitaph, dirge.*

BYRGEN

See *(ge)byrgen.*

BYRGEND

Noun: *burier, grave-digger.*

BYRGENLĒOÐ

Noun: *epitaph; burial ode.*

BYRGENSANG

Noun: *burial song, epitaph, dirge.*

BYRGENSTŌW

Noun: *burying-place, cemetery.*

BYRGERE

Noun: *burier, corpse-bearer.*

BYRGING

1. Noun: *burial.*

2. See *birging.*

BYRGLĒOÐ

Noun: *epitaph, dirge.*

BYRIAN

See *(ge)byrian.*

BYRIG

1. Noun: *mulberry-tree.*

2. See *burg.*

BYRIGBERGE

Noun: *mulberry.*

BYRIGNES

1. Noun: *burial; grave.*

2. See *birgnes.*

BYRISANG

Noun: *dirge.*

BYRLA

Noun: *trunk (of body); barrel or body (of a horse).*

BYRNE

Noun: *corset, coat of mail.*

BYRNETE

Noun: *barnacle.*

BYRNHAM

Noun: *corset, coat of mail.*

BYRNSWEORD

Noun: *flaming sword.*

BYRNWIGA

Noun: *soldier clothed in armour.*

BYRNWĪGEND

Noun: *soldier clothed in armour, corseted warrior.*

BYRNWĪGENDE

Noun: *mailed, clothed in armour.*

BYRST

1. Noun: *loss, defect, calamity, damage, injury, crash; failure.*

2. Noun: *(land-)slip.*

3. Noun: *bristle.*

BYRSTENDE

Adjective: *rugiens.*

BYRSTFUL

Adjective: *disastrous.*

BYRSTIG

Adjective: *broken, rugged.*

BYRTŪN

Noun: *Burton on Trent, in Stanfordshire.*

BYRÐÐĪNENU

Noun: *midwife.*

BYRÐEN

Noun: *weight, burden, load, charge, duty; bundle.*

BYRÐENDÆL

Noun: *portion, share of a burden.*

BYRÐENMÆLUM

Adverb: *a heap at a time, by burdens.*

BYRÐENMÆTE

Adjective: *burdensome.*

BYRÐENSTĀN

Noun: *millstone.*

BYRÐENSTRANG

Adjective: *strong to bear burdens.*

BYRÐESTRE

Noun: *female bearer of children.*

BYRÐINCEL

Noun: *little burden.*

BYRÐLING

Noun: *child-birth; child-birth; carrier.*

BYRÐRE

1. Noun: *bearer, carrier, supporter.*

2. Noun: *child-bearer, mother.*

BȳSTING

Noun: *first milk of a cow after calving.*

BȳTLA

Noun: *builder, hammerer.*

BYTLAN

See *(ge)bytlan.*

BYTLUNG

See *(ge)bytlung.*

BYTME

Noun: *keel or bottom of a ship; head of a dale.*

BYTMING

Noun: *hold, keel of ship; ground-floor of the Ark.*

BYTT

1. Noun: *bottle, flagon, cask, tun, butt.*

2. Noun: *small piece of land, butt.*

BYTTEHLID

Noun: *lid of a butt.*

BYTTFYLLING

Noun: *filling of casks or butts.*

BȲWAN

Verb: *to prepare, adorn, brighten; to furbish up, rub.*

BYXEN

Adjective: *made of boxwood.*

CÆCEPOL

Noun: *tax gatherer.*

CÆDMON

Noun: *Caedmon.*

CÆFESTER

Noun: *halter, head-stall.*

CÆFIAN

Verb: *to embroider.*

CÆFING

Noun: *hair-ornament.*

CÆFL

Noun: *halter, muzzle, gag; bit.*

CĒG

Noun: *key; solution, explanation.*

CĒGA

Noun: *key; solution, explanation.*

CĒGBORA

Noun: *key-bearer, jailor.*

CĒGHIORDE

Noun: *keeper of keys, steward, gaoler.*

CĒGLOCA

Noun: *locked repository.*

CÆLE

Noun: *keel or bottom of a ship.*

CÆPPE

Noun: *priest's garment, cap, cope, cape, hood.*

CÆPSE

Noun: *box.*

CÆRSE

Noun: *cress, water-cress.*

CÆRSIHT

Adjective: *full of cress, cressy.*

CÆRSWILL

Noun: *spring where cress grows.*

CĀF

Adjective: *active, quick, sharp, swift, prompt, nimble; strong, strenuous; brave, bold.*

CĀFE

Adverb: *quickly, promptly.*

CĀFLIC

Adjective: *bold.*

CĀFLĪCE

Adverb: *quickly, hastily, promptly; vigorously, stoutly; boldly, manfully.*

CĀFNES

Noun: *energy; promptness, alacrity.*

CAFORTŪN

Noun: *hall, vestibule; inclosure, residence, court.*

CĀFSCIPE

Noun: *energy; promptness, alacrity; boldness.*

CALAN

Verb: *to be or become cold.*

CALC

1. Noun: *shoe, little shoe, sandal.*

2. See *cealc.*

CALCROND

Noun: *shod, with shielding shoe.*

CALDISC

Adjective: *Chaldean.*

CALDU

Noun: *cold, coldness.*

CĀLEND

Noun: *month; beginning of month; span of life.*

CĀLENDCWIDE

Noun: *tale of days.*

CALIC

Noun: *chalice, calyx, goblet; cup.*

CALLA

Noun: *herald.*

CALU

Adjective: *callow; bare, bald, without hair.*

CALWA

Noun: *disease which causes baldness, mange.*

CALWERCLĪM

Noun: *curds.*

CĀMA

Noun: *bit; muzzle, collar.*

CAMB

Noun: *comb; crest; honey-comb.*

CAMBIHT

Adjective: *combed, crested.*

CAMEL

Noun: *camel.*

CAMMOC

Noun: *umbelliferous plant, cammock, kex, fennel, cow weed or parsley; rest-harrow.*

CAMP

Noun: *bond, fetter, chain; conflict, contest, combat, battle, struggle, warfare; field, plain.*

CAMPDŌM

Noun: *warfare, military service.*

CAMPEALDOR

Noun: *commander, captain.*

CAMPGEFĒRA

Noun: *fellow-soldier, comrade-in-arms.*

CAMPHĀD

Noun: *warfare.*

CAMPIAN

See *(ge)campian.*

CAMPLIC

Adjective: *military.*

CAMPRÆDEN

Noun: *war, warfare, contest.*

CAMPSTEDE

Noun: *battle-field.*

CAMPUNG

Noun: *fighting, warfare, contest.*

CAMPWÆPEN

Noun: *battle or military weapon.*

CAMPWEOROD

Noun: *army, fighting-men, soldiers; host.*

CAMPWĪG

Noun: *combat, battle.*

CAMPWĪSA

Noun: *director of public games.*

CAMPWUDU

Noun: *shield.*

CANANISC

Adjective: *of Canaan.*

CANC

See *(ge)canc.*

CANCELER

Noun: *chancellor.*

CANCER

Noun: *cancer.*

CANCERĀDL

Noun: *cancer; canker.*

CANCERWUND

Noun: *cancerous wound.*

CANCETTAN

Verb: *to chatter, mock, deride; to cry out, laugh aloud or in a cackling manner.*

CANCETUNG

Noun: *boisterous laugh.*

CANDEL

Noun: *lamp, candle, lantern.*

CANDELBORA

Noun: *candle-bearer, acolyte, subdeacon, clerk.*

CANDELBRYD

Noun: *flat candlestick.*

CANDELLĒOHT

Noun: *candle-light.*

CANDELMÆSSE

Noun: *feast of the Purification, Candlemas.*

CANDELMÆSSEÆFEN

Noun: *Cadlemas-eve.*

CANDELMÆSSEDÆG

Noun: *Candlemas day.*

CANDELSNŸTELS

Noun: *candle-snuffers.*

CANDELSTÆF

Noun: *candle-staff or stick.*

CANDELSTICCA

Noun: *candlestick.*

CANDELTRĒOW

Noun: *candlestick with branches.*

CANDELTWIST

Noun: *pair of snuffers.*

CANDELWĒOCE

Noun: *candle-wick, torch.*

CANDELWYRT

Noun: *candlewort, mullein.*

CANN

Noun: *knowledge, cognizance; asseveration, averment; clearance.*

CANNE

Noun: *can, cup.*

CANNON

Noun: *reed, cane.*

CANON

Noun: *canon, rule.*

CANONBŌC

Noun: *book of canons.*

CANONDŌM

Noun: *canonship, office of a canon.*

CANONIC

1. Noun: *canon, prebendary.*

2. Adjective: *canonical.*

CANONICLIC

Adjective: *canonical.*

CANONINLĪF

Noun: *canonical foundation.*

CANTAWARABURG

Noun: *Canterbury.*

CANTEL

Noun: *support, buttress.*

CANTELCĀP

Noun: *sort of priest's garment, cantel-cope.*

CANTERCÆPPE

Noun: *cope.*

CANTERE

Noun: *singer, one who sings the psalms in church.*

CANTERSTÆF

Noun: *chanter's staff.*

CANTIC

Noun: *canticle, song.*

CANTICSANG

Noun: *song, canticle.*

CANTWARAMÆGÐ

Noun: *county of Kent; men of Kent.*

CAPELLAN

Noun: *chaplain.*

CAPIAN

Verb: *to look.*

CAPITELHŪS

Noun: *chapter-house.*

CAPITOL

Noun: *chapter, lesson; anthem.*

CAPITOLMÆSSE

Noun: *early or morning mass, first mass.*

CAPPADONISC

Adjective: *Cappadocian.*

CAPUN

Noun: *capon.*

CARBUNCULUS

Noun: *carbuncle.*

CARCERN

Noun: *prison, jail, house of correction.*

CARCERNÐYSTRU

Noun: *darkness of the prison.*

CARCERNWEARD

Noun: *jailor, prison-warder.*

CARCIAN

Verb: *to be anxious (about sth).*

CARENDRE

Noun: *province of Germany, duchy of Carinthia.*

CARFUL

Adjective: *careful, anxious, attentive, heedful, solicitous for, painstaking; sad, troubled; troublesome.*

CARFULLĪCE

Adverb: *carefully, diligently.*

CARFULNES

Noun: *care, carefulness, anxiety, solicitude; curiosity.*

CARGEALDOR

Noun: *sorrowful song, dire or horrible enchantment.*

CARGĒST

Noun: *sad spirit, fearful ghost, devil.*

CARIAN

Verb: *to take care, be anxious or solicitous, regard, heed; to sorrow, be troubled; to care about, be interested in.*

CARICUM

Adjective: *with dried figs.*

CARIG

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful, anxious, grievous, dire; wary, chary, pensive; wicked.*

CARITED

Noun: *province of Germany; the duchy of Carinthia; crown land of the Austrian empire.*

CARL

Noun: *churl, rustic man; man.*

CARLĒAS

Adjective: *careless, reckless, free.*

CARLĒASNES

Noun: *carelessness, freedom from care, security.*

CARLĒAST

Noun: *carelessness, freedom from care, security.*

CARLESWÆN

Noun: *the churl's wain, the constellation of the Great Bear.*

CARLFUGOL

Noun: *male or cock bird.*

CARLĪCE

Adverb: *wretchedly, miserably, sorrowfully.*

CARLMANN

Noun: *male, man.*

CARR

Noun: *scar; stone, rock; Charmoulh, in Dorsetshire.*

CARSELD

Noun: *place of care or sorrow.*

CARSĪÐ

Noun: *sad or sorrowful fortune; painful journey.*

CARSORG

Noun: *sad or sorrowful anxiety.*

CARTAINA

Noun: *Carthage.*

CARTAINE

Noun: *the Carthaginians.*

CARTE

Noun: *paper for writing on; document, deed; letter.*

CARU

Noun: *care, anxiety, interest, concern; sorrow, grief, trouble.*

CARWYLM

Noun: *agitation, sorrowful or anxious emotion.*

CĀSERDŌM

Noun: *imperial rule or sway.*

CĀSERE

Noun: *Cæsar, emperor.*

CĀSERING

Noun: *coin with Cæsar's head on it, drachma.*

CĀSERLIC

Adjective: *imperial, Cæsar-like.*

CĀSERN

Noun: *empress.*

CASSUC

Noun: *hassock, sedge.*

CASSUCEN

Adjective: *overgrown with hassock.*

CASSUCLĒAF

Noun: *hassock or sedge leaves.*

CASTEL

1. Noun: *fort, castle; town, village; old British or Roman earthwork.*

2. Noun: *town, village, castle; old British or Roman earthwork.*

CASTELBURG

Noun: *fortified place.*

CASTELMANN

Noun: *townsman.*

CASTELMEN

Noun: c*astle-men.*

CASTELWEALL

Noun: *city wall, rampart.*

CASTELWEORC

Noun: *castle-work or building.*

CASTENERE

Noun: *cabinet, chest.*

CASUL

Noun: *over-garment, cloak, cassock.*

CĀSUS

Noun: *(grammatical) case.*

CATT

Noun: *cat.*

CATTE

Noun: *she-cat.*

CAULIC

Noun: *some kind of medicine.*

CAWELLĒAF

Noun: *cabbage-leaf.*

CAWELSÆD

Noun: *cabbage-seed.*

CAWELSTELA

Noun: *cabbage-stalk or stem.*

CAWELSTOC

Noun: *cabbage-stalk.*

CAWELWURM

Noun: *caterpillar, cabbage-worm.*

CAWL

1. Noun: *basket.*

2. Noun: *herb, cole, colewort, cabbage, kale.*

CĒAC

Noun: *basin, laver, pitcher, jug; kettle, cauldron.*

CĒACĀDL

Noun: *ache in the jaw.*

CĒACBĀN

Noun: *cheek-bone, jaw.*

CĒACBORA

Noun: *jug or pitcher-bearer.*

CĒACE

Noun: *cheek, jaw, jawbone.*

CEACE

Noun: *trial, proof.*

CĒACFUL

Adjective: *jugful, pitcher full.*

CEACGA

Noun: *broom, gorse, furze.*

CEAF

Noun: *chaff.*

CEAFFINC

Noun: *chaffinch.*

CEAFL

Noun: *cheek, jaw, beak, snout, bill; jaw or cheek-bone.*

CEAFLĀDL

Noun: *disease of the jaws.*

CEAFOR

Noun: *chafer, beetle.*

CEAHHE

Noun: *jackdaw, daw.*

CEAHHETAN

Verb: *to laugh loudly.*

CEAHHETUNG

Noun: *loud or cackling laughter, jesting.*

CEALC

Noun: *chalk, plaster, cement, lime; pebble, chalkstone.*

CEALCACEASTER

Noun: *the chalk city; Tadcaster, in Yorkshire.*

CEALCCRUNDEL

Noun: *chalk ravine.*

CEALCHŸÐ

Noun: *Challock, Chalk, in Kent.*

CEALCPYT

Noun: *chalkpit.*

CEALCSĒAÐ

Noun: *chalkpit.*

CEALCSTĀN

Noun: *chalk-stone, chalk.*

CEALD

1. Adjective: *cold, cool.*

2. Noun: *cold, coldness; what is cold.*

CEALDE

Adverb: *coldly.*

CEALDHEORT

Adjective: *cruel, unfeeling, cold-hearted.*

CEALDIAN

Verb: *to become cold.*

CEALDNES

Noun: *coldness, cold.*

CEALER

Noun: *pressed curds, jelly of curds or whey.*

CEALERBRĪW

Noun: *pottage of curds.*

CEALF

1. Noun: *calf.*

2. See *ceafl.*

CEALFHŪS

Noun: *house of calves.*

CEALFIAN

Verb: *to calve.*

CEALFLOCA

Noun: *enclosure for calves.*

CEALLIAN

Verb: *to call, cry out, shout.*

CĒAP

Noun: *cattle; business, trade, bargain, traffic, sale, gain; purchase, payment; value, price; property, possessions, goods, chattels, stock; market.*

CĒAPCNIHT

Noun: *bought servant, slave.*

CĒAPDÆG

Noun: *market-day.*

CĒAPĒADIG

Adjective: *rich in goods or cattle, wealthy.*

CĒAPEALEÐEL

Noun: *alehouse.*

CĒAPGYLD

Noun: *purchase or bargain money; market price; compensation, indemnity.*

CĒAPIAN

See *(ge)cēapian.*

CĒAPLAND

Noun: *purchased land.*

CĒAPMAN

Noun: *chapman, merchant, trader, market-man.*

CĒAPSCEAMUL

Noun: *seat of custom or toll, treasury.*

CĒAPSCIP

Noun: *trading vessel, merchant ship.*

CĒAPSETL

Noun: *toll-booth, seat of custom.*

CĒAPSTEDE

Noun: *market-place.*

CĒAPSTŌW

Noun: *market-place, market.*

CĒAPSTRÆT

Noun: *market-place, market.*

CĒAPTOLN

Noun: *toll on buying and selling.*

CĒAPUNG

Noun: *commerce, business, trade, traffic; marketing, buying.*

CĒAPUNGGEMŌT

Noun: *market, meeting for trade.*

CEAR

Adjective: *sorrowful, anxious, solicitous.*

CEARCETUNG

Noun: *crashing noise, gnashing, grinding, creaking.*

CEARCIAN

Verb: *to creak, gnash; to chirp.*

CEARM

Noun: *noise, clamour.*

CEARRIGE

Noun: *vehicle.*

CEART

1. Noun: *wild common land, chart.*

2. See *cr**æ**t.*

CEARWUND

Adjective: *badly wounded.*

CĒASBILL

Noun: *club associated with philosophical dispute.*

CĒASEGA

Noun: *chooser.*

CĒASLUNGER

Adjective: *contentious, quick to quarrel.*

CĒASNES

Noun: *election, choice.*

CĒAST

Noun: *strife, contention, reproof, quarrelling, scandal; sedition; murmuring.*

CEASTER

Noun: *city, town; castle, fort; heaven; hell.*

CEASTERÆSC

Noun: *black hellebore.*

CEASTERBŪEND

Noun: *citizen, city-dweller.*

CEASTERGEWARA

Noun: *fellow-citizens.*

CEASTERHERPAÐ

Noun: *high road.*

CEASTERHLID

Noun: *city gate.*

CEASTERHOF

Noun: *city-dwelling.*

CEASTERLĒOD

Noun: *citizens, people of a city.*

CEASTERNISC

Adjective: *urban, municipal.*

CEASTERSÆTAN

Noun: *citizens, towns-folk.*

CEASTERSCĪR

Noun: *Cheshire.*

CEASTERWARE

See *(ge)ceasterware.*

CEASTERWEALL

Noun: *city wall.*

CEASTERWĪC

Noun: *village.*

CEASTERWYRHTA

Noun: *embroiderer, damask-weaver; city builder.*

CEASTERWYRT

Noun: *black hellebore.*

CĒASTFUL

Adjective: *contentious, quarrelsome; tumultuous.*

CEAWANHLÆW

Noun: *Cheawan low, Challow.*

CĒCEL

1. Noun: *cake.*

2. See *cecil.*

CECIL

Noun: *cooking-pot.*

CECIN

Noun: *board.*

CEDARLAND

Noun: *Kedar.*

CEDELC

Noun: *the herb mercury.*

CEDER

Noun: *cedar.*

CEDERBĒAM

Noun: *cedar-tree.*

CEDERTRĒOW

Noun: *cedar-tree.*

CĒDRISC

Adjective: *of cedar.*

CEIR

Noun: *cry, clamour.*

CĒLAN

Verb: *to be or become cold; to make cool, slake.*

CELDE

Noun: *spring.*

CELENDER

Noun: *coriander.*

CELENDRE

Noun: *coriander.*

CELEÐONIE

Noun: *herb celandine, swallow-wort.*

CĒLING

Noun: *cooling, refreshing; cool place.*

CELIS

Noun: *foot-covering.*

CELL

Noun: *(monastic) cell.*

CELLOD

Noun: *embossed, beaked; round; hollow.*

CELMERTMONN

Noun: *hireling, hired servant.*

CĒLNES

See *(ge)cēlnes.*

CEMBAN

See *(ge)cemban.*

CEMES

Noun: *shirt.*

CEMPA

Noun: *warrior, soldier; champion.*

CEMPESTRE

Noun: *female warrior or soldier.*

CĒN

Noun: *pine, pine-torch; name of the rune for c.*

CĒNE

1. Adjective: *keen, brave, bold; royal; fierce, warlike; powerful; learned, clever.*

2. Adverb: *in warlike wise.*

CENEP

Noun: *moustache; a bit of a bridle; bristling with points.*

CĒNLĪCE

Adverb: *keenly, boldly, courageously, notably.*

CENNAN

See *(ge)cennan.*

CENNEND

Noun: *parent.*

CENNENDLIC

Adjective: *genital, begetting.*

CENNES

Noun: *produce, what is produced; childbirth; nativity, birthday.*

CENNESTRE

Noun: *mother; one who has borne.*

CENNING

1. Noun: *producing, procreation; birth, parturition; declaration in court.*

2. See *cyning.*

CENNINGSTĀN

Noun: *testing or trying-stone.*

CENNINGSTŌW

Noun: *birthplace.*

CENNINGTĪD

Noun: *time of birth or bringing forth.*

CĒNRĒD

Noun: *Cenred.*

CENT

Noun: *county of Kent.*

CENTAUR

Noun: *centaur.*

CENTAURIE

Noun: *herb centaury.*

CENTESCĪR

Noun: *Kent.*

CENTINGAS

Noun: *Kentish men.*

CENTISC

Adjective: *Kentish, belonging to Kent.*

CENTLAND

Noun: *Kent.*

CENTRĪCE

Noun: *kingdom of Kent.*

CENTUR

Noun: *centurion.*

CENTWARE

Noun: *inhabitants of Kent.*

CĒNÐU

Noun: *boldness.*

CĒO

Noun: *chough, jay, jackdaw, crow.*

CEOD

Noun: *bag, pouch.*

CĒOL

Noun: *ship, boat.*

CEOLAS

Noun: *cold winds, cold.*

CEOLDRE

1. Noun: *milk-pail.*

2. See *cealer.*

CEOLE

Noun: *throat, jowl; gorge, chasm, channel; beak of ship.*

CEOLOR

Noun: *throat; channel.*

CĒOLÐEL

Noun: *deck of a ship; ship.*

CĒOLÐELU

Noun: *deck of a ship; ship.*

CEOLWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the throat.*

CEOLWALD

Noun: *Ceolwald.*

CEORFÆX

Noun: *cutting axe.*

CEORFAN

See *(ge)ceorfan.*

CEORFINGĪSEN

Noun: *marking or branding iron.*

CEORFSÆX

Noun: *scalpel, surgeon's knife.*

CEORIAN

See *(ge)ceorian.*

CEORIG

Adjective: *complaining, querulous, bitter.*

CEORL

Noun: *churl, peasant, layman, countryman, husbandman, rustic, freeman of the lowest class; poet; man, husband; noble man, hero.*

CEORLÆS

Adjective: *unmarried (of women).*

CEORLBOREN

Adjective: *low-born, not noble; common.*

CEORLFOLC

Noun: *common people, public.*

CEORLIAN

See *(ge)ceorlian.*

CEORLISC

Adjective: *common, rustic, peasant, plebeian, vulgar; churlish.*

CEORLISCE

Adverb: *as in the case of a ceorl.*

CEORLISCNES

Noun: *churlishness, vulgarity, rudeness, clownishness.*

CEORLLIC

Adjective: *common, belonging to the people generally, rustic.*

CEORLLĪCE

Adverb: *commonly, popularly, vulgarly.*

CEORLMANN

Noun: *freeman.*

CEORLSTRANG

Adjective: *manlike, strong as a man.*

CEORRAN

Verb: *to creak.*

CEORTESĪG

Noun: *Cerot's island, Chertsey.*

CEORUNG

Noun: *complaint, murmuring, grudging.*

CĒOSAN

See *(ge)cēosan.*

CEOSEL

Noun: *sand, gravel, shingle.*

CEOSELBÆRE

Adjective: *gravelly, shingly.*

CEOSELSTĀN

Noun: *sand-stone, gravel.*

CEOSLEN

Adjective: *gravelly, shingly.*

CEOSLIG

Adjective: *gravelly, shingly.*

CEOSOL

Noun: *gullet; maw.*

2. See *ceosel.*

CĒOWAN

See *(ge)cēowan.*

CĒOWUNG

Noun: *chewing.*

CĒPAN

1. Verb: *to take, seize; to seek after, look out for; to desire, await; to receive; to keep, bear, guard; to watch, observe, attend, take heed, be on the look-out for a person; to avail oneself of; to betake oneself to; to take to; to meditate; to regulate by.*

2. Verb: *to traffic, barter, buy, sell.*

CĒPNIAN

Verb: *to await eagerly.*

CERDIC

Noun: *Cerdic, founder of the West-Saxon kingdom.*

CEREN

1. Noun: *sort of wine, sweet or boiled wine.*

2. See *cyrin.*

CERFELLE

Noun: *chervil.*

CERFILLE

1. Noun: *chervil.*

2. See *cerfelle.*

CERREDNES

Noun: *turning, conversion.*

CERTARE

Noun: *charioteer.*

CERUPHĪN

Noun: *cherubim.*

CETREHTA

Noun: *Catterick.*

CHOR

Noun: *dance, choir (singers); church-choir (place).*

CHORGLĒO

Noun: *dance.*

CĪAN

Noun: *gills of a fish.*

CICEN

Noun: *chicken.*

CICROPISC

Adjective: *cyclopean.*

CĪDAN

See *(ge)cīdan.*

CĪDERE

Noun: *chider, one who quarrels.*

CĪDUNG

Noun: *chiding, reproving, rebuke.*

CĪEGAN

See *(ge)cīegan.*

CIELE

Noun: *cold, coldness, chill, frost.*

CIELEGICEL

Noun: *icicle.*

CIELEWEARTE

Noun: *goose-skin.*

CIELLE

Noun: *fire-pan or vessel; lamp.*

CĪEPA

Noun: *trader, merchant.*

CĪEPEHŪS

Noun: *storehouse.*

CĪEPEMANN

Noun: *trader, merchant.*

CĪEPEÐING

Noun: *merchandise, saleable things, goods, ware.*

CĪEPING

Noun: *marketing; trading, traffic; merchandise; market-place; market dues.*

CĪEPLIC

Adjective: *for sale, vendible.*

CIERR

Noun: *turn, change; time, occasion; business, affair.*

CIERRAN

See *(ge)cierran.*

CIERRING

See *(ge)cierring.*

CĪFAN

Verb: *to quarrel.*

CIFES

Noun: *concubine, harlot.*

CIFESBOREN

Adjective: *bastard, born of a concubine.*

CIFESDŌM

Noun: *fornication, concubinage.*

CIFESGEMĀNA

Noun: *fornication.*

CIFESHĀD

Noun: *adultery, fornication, concubinage, whoredom.*

CĪGERE

Noun: *one who calls.*

CĪGUNG

See *(ge)cīgung*.

CILCT

Adjective: *chalked*.

CILD

Noun: *child, infant; youth of gentle birth*.

CILDAHYRDE

Noun: *schoolmaster, herder or teacher of children*.

CILDAMÆSSEDÆG

Noun: *Childermas, Innocents' Day*.

CILDCLĀÐ

Noun: *child or swaddling-cloth*.

CILDCRADOL

Noun: *child's cradle*.

CILDFARU

Noun: *carrying of children*.

CILDFĒDENDE

Adjective: *nursing, child-feeding*.

CILDFŌSTRE

Noun: *child-fosterer, nurse*.

CILDGEOGOÐ

Noun: *childhood, infancy*.

CILDGEONG

Adjective: *youthful, infant*.

CILDHĀD

Noun: *childhood, infancy*.

CILDHAMA

Noun: *womb; after-birth*.

CILDILD

Noun: *childhood, infancy*.

CILDISC

Adjective: *childish, puerile*.

CILDLIC

Noun: *childish, young*.

CILDSUNG

Noun: *childishness; puerility, trifling*.

CILDTROG

Noun: *cradle, child's cot.*

CILIC

Noun: *sack-cloth of hair.*

CILLENISC

Adjective: *of Cyllene, Cyllenian.*

CILTERN

Noun: *Chiltern, high hills in Buchinghamshire and Oxfordshire.*

CILTERNSÆTE

Noun: *occupants of the Chiltern district.*

CIM

Noun: *bases of a pillar.*

CIMBALA

Noun: *cymbal.*

CIMBALGLĪWERE

Noun: *cymbal-player.*

CIMBAN

Verb: *to join.*

CIMBING

Noun: *joint, commissure, conjunction.*

CIMBĪREN

Noun: *edge or joining-iron, clamp.*

CIMBSTĀN

Noun: *base, pedestal.*

CĪNAN

Verb: *to gape, yawn; to crack, break into chinks.*

CINBĀN

Noun: *chin or jaw-bone; jaw.*

CINBERG

Noun: *cheek-guard, defence of the chin or cheek.*

CINCUNG

Noun: *loud or boisterous laughter.*

CINE

1. Noun: *folded sheet of parchment, diploma.*

2. Noun: *chink, fissure, chasm; depth, cavern, vault.*

3. Noun: *commander of four men, fourth part of an army.*

CINEHT

Adjective: *full of cracks.*

CINGESTŪN

Noun: *Kingston.*

CINN

1. Noun: *chin.*

2. See *cynn* (1).

CINNAN

I. Verb: *to gape, yawn.*

II. Verb: *to generate, procreate.*

CINTŌÐ

Noun: *front tooth, grinder.*

CĪPE

Noun: *onion.*

CĪPELĒAC

Noun: *leek.*

CIPERSEALF

Noun: *henna-ointment.*

CIPP

1. Noun: *log, trunk; coulter, plough-share; weaver's beam.*

2. See *cēap.*

CIPPANHAM

Noun: *Chippenham, Wilts.*

CIRCE

Noun: *Circe the sorceress.*

CIRCEWĪCA

Noun: *church-dwelling, sacristy.*

CIRCIAN

Verb: *to roar.*

CIRCOLWYRDE

Noun: *computer, calculator, reckoner; mathematician.*

CIRCUL

Noun: *circle; cycle, zodiac.*

CIRCULĀDL

Noun: *circle-disease, shingles.*

CIRCWYRHTA

Noun: *church-builder.*

CIRENCEASTER

Noun: *Cirencester.*

CIRICÆW

Noun: *marriage to the church (as when one takes orders).*

CIRICBELLE

Noun: *church-bell.*

CIRICBŌC

Noun: *church-book.*

CIRICBŌT

Noun: *repair of churches.*

CIRICBRÆC

Noun: *church-breaking, sacrilege.*

CIRICBRYCE

Noun: *church-breach, sacrilege.*

CIRICDOR

Noun: *church-door.*

CIRICDURU

Noun: *church-door.*

CIRICE

Noun: *church, religious community, congregation; temple.*

CIRICEND

Noun: *ecclesiastic.*

CIRICFÆT

Noun: *chalice.*

CIRICFRIÐ

Noun: *church-peace, right of sanctuary; penalty for breach of the right.*

CIRICFULTUM

Noun: *church or ecclesiastical support.*

CIRICGANG

Noun: *going to church; purification, churching.*

CIRICGEMĀNA

Noun: *church-membership or communion.*

CIRICGEORN

Adjective: *zealous or diligent in church-going.*

CIRICGERIHT

Noun: *church-due.*

CIRICGRIÐ

Noun: *church-peace; right of sanctuary; penalty for breach of the right.*

CIRICHĀD

Noun: *order of the church.*

CIRICHĀLGUNG

Noun: *consecration of a church.*

CIRICHATA

Noun: *enemy of the church, persecutor.*

CIRICHEGE

Noun: *churchyard.*

CIRICHYLL

Noun: *hill near a church or on which a church stands.*

CIRICLAND

Noun: *land belonging to a church.*

CIRICLIC

Adjective: *ecclesiastical, like a church.*

CIRICMÆRSUNG

Noun: *dedication of a church.*

CIRICMANGUNG

Noun: *church-mongering, simony.*

CIRICMITTA

Noun: *church measure (of ale).*

CIRICNĒOD

Noun: *requirements of the church.*

CIRICNYTT

Noun: *church service or duty.*

CIRICRAGU

Noun: *church-lichen or moss.*

CIRICRĒN

Noun: *sacrilege, church-robbery.*

CIRICSANG

Noun: *hymn; church-singing.*

CIRICSANGERE

Noun: *church-singer.*

CIRICSCEAT

Noun: *church money, rate or tax, church-due at Martinmas.*

CIRICSCEATWEORC

Noun: *work connected with the grain given as church-scot.*

CIRICSŌCN

Noun: *church-privilege, sanctuary; territory of a church; attendance at church.*

CIRICSTEALL

Noun: *site of a church.*

CIRICSTEDE

Noun: *church-stead or site.*

CIRICTĪD

Noun: *time of service in a church.*

CIRICTŪN

Noun: *church-inclosure or yard, cemetery.*

CIRICÐĒN

Noun: *minister of a church, clergyman.*

CIRICÐĒNUNG

Noun: *church service or duty.*

CIRICÐING

Noun: *object belonging to a church.*

CIRICÐINGERE

Noun: *priest.*

CIRICWÆCCE

Noun: *church-watch or wake, vigil.*

CIRICWÆD

Noun: *vestment.*

CIRICWĀG

Noun: *church-wall.*

CIRICWARU

Noun: *church-congregation.*

CIRICWEARD

Noun: *warden, church-keeper, sexton, sacristan.*

CIRICWEG

Noun: *road to a church.*

CIRISBĒAM

Noun: *cherry-tree.*

CIRLIC

1. Noun: *charlock.*

2. See *ciriclic.*

CIRM

Noun: *noise, shout, uproar, clamour; outcry.*

CIRMAN

Verb: *to make a noise, call, cry, cry out, shriek.*

CIRPS

Adjective: *curly.*

CIRPSIAN

Verb: *to crisp, curl.*

CĪS

Adjective: *fastidious, squeamish; nice in eating.*

CISERÆPPEL

Noun: *dried fig; cherry.*

CĪSNES

Noun: *fastidiousness, squeamishness; choiceness, niceness.*

CISSECEASTER

Noun: *Cissa's city, Chichester.*

CIST

1. Noun: *chest, coffer, casket, coffin; sheath; rush basket; horn.*

2. See *cyst* (1).

CISTEL

Noun: *chestnut, chestnut-tree.*

CISTENBĒAM

Noun: *chestnut-tree.*

CĪSTMĒLUM

Adverb: *earnestly, emulously.*

CITEL

Noun: *kettle, cauldron, brazen or copper pot.*

CITELFLŌDE

Noun: *bubbling spring.*

CITELHRŪM

Noun: *kettle-soot.*

CITELIAN

Verb: *to tickle.*

CITELUNG

Noun: *tickling.*

CITELWYLLE

Noun: *bubbling spring.*

CITERE

Noun: *harp.*

CĪÐ

Noun: *seed, germ, shoot, sprout, sprig; mote.*

CĪÐFÆST

Adjective: *well-rooted; growing.*

CLACU

Noun: *harm, hurt, injury.*

CLADERSTICCA

Noun: *rattle-stick.*

CLÆCLĒAS

Adjective: *harmless, uninjured; innocent, free from evil.*

CLÆDUR

Noun: *clatter; clapper, drum, rattle.*

CLĀFERWYRT

Noun: *cliver-wort.*

CLĀFRE

Noun: *cliver, trefoil.*

CLĀG

Noun: *clay.*

CLĀIG

Adjective: *clayey.*

CLĀMAN

See *(ge)clāman.*

CLĀMING

Noun: *smearing, daubing, blotting; hardening.*

CLÆMMAN

Verb: *to press, pinch.*

CLÆMNES

Noun: *torture, pain, pang; pressure.*

CLĒNE

1. Adjective: *clean; innocent, pure, chaste; unencumbered, unfettered; hallowed; honourable; clear, open; true; acute, sagacious, intellectual.*

2. Adverb: *clean, purely; clearly; fully, entirely.*

CLĒNGEORN

Adjective: *yearning after purity, desirous of cleanliness; celibate.*

CLĒNHEORT

Adjective: *pure in heart.*

CLĒNLIC

Adjective: *pure; splendid, excellent.*

CLĒNLĪCE

Adverb: *purely, cleanly; clearly; entirely.*

CLĒNMŌD

Adjective: *pure of heart.*

CLĒNNES

Noun: *cleanness, purity, chastity, modesty.*

CLĒNSERE

Noun: *cleanser, purifier; priest.*

CLĒNSIAN

See *(ge)clǣnsian.*

CLĒNSUNG

See *(ge)clǣnsung.*

CLĒNSUNGDÆG

Noun: *day for purging.*

CLĒNSUNGDRENC

Noun: *cleansing-drink, purgative.*

CLÆPPAN

Verb: *to clap, beat, palpitate, throb; to move.*

CLÆPPETTAN

Verb: *to palpitate, throb.*

CLÆPPETUNG

Noun: *pulse; clapping.*

CLÆSINGHANGRA

Noun: *clay-hanger or Claybury.*

CLĀM

Noun: *paste, mortar, clay, mud; bandage, chain, net, fold; poultice.*

CLAMM

Noun: *bond, fetter, clasp; pledge; bandage, chain, net; prison; grip, grasp.*

CLANGETTUNG

Noun: *clangour.*

CLĀTACROP

Noun: *bur, burdock, clovers.*

CLĀTE

Noun: *bur, burdock, goose-grass, clovers.*

CLATRUNG

Noun: *noise, clattering; drum, rattle.*

CLĀÐ

Noun: *cloth, covering, sail; clothes, garment.*

CLĀÐFLYHTE

Noun: *patch.*

CLĀÐWĒOCE

Noun: *wick of cloth.*

CLĀWAN

Verb: *to claw.*

CLĀWIAN

Verb: *to claw, scratch.*

CLAWU

Noun: *claw, hoof, nail; hook; (pl.) pincers.*

CLĀWUNG

Noun: *griping pain.*

CLEAC

Noun: *stepping-stone.*

CLEACIAN

Verb: *to hurry, go nimble.*

CLEMMAN

1. Verb: *to bind, fetter, enclose.*

2. See *clæmman*.

CLENCAN

Verb: *to clench, constrict, bind together, hold fast.*

CLENGAN

Verb: *to adhere, remain; to exhilarate.*

CLEOFA

Noun: *chamber, cell, den, cave; cellar.*

CLĒOFAN

Verb: *to cleave, split, separate.*

CLEOFESHOO

Noun: *Clif, near Rochester.*

CLEOFIAN

Verb: *to adhere, stick, cleave.*

CLĒOFUNG

Noun: *cleaving.*

CLĒOT

Noun: *cleat.*

CLERIC

Noun: *clerk, clergyman, deacon, priest; educated person.*

CLERICHĀD

Noun: *condition of a clerk, clerical order or office, priesthood.*

CLERICMANN

Noun: *clerk.*

CLEWEÐA

Noun: *clawing, scratching; itch.*

CLIBBOR

Adjective: *sticky, clinging, adhesive.*

CLIDREN

Noun: *clatter, noise.*

CLIEWE

Noun: *clew, ball of thread or yarn; anything that is globular, circlet.*

CLĪEWEN

Noun: *clew, ball of thread or yarn, skein; sphere, ball; group, mass.*

CLIF

Noun: *cliff, rock, crag, promontory; steep slope.*

CLĪFAN

Verb: *to cleave; to adhere.*

CLIFE

Noun: *burdock.*

CLIFER

Noun: *claw, talon.*

CLIFERFĒTE

Adjective: *cloven-footed.*

CLIFHLĒP

Noun: *cliff-leap, plunge to ruin.*

CLIFIAN

See *(ge)clifian.*

CLIFIG

Adjective: *cliffy, steep.*

CLIFIHT

Adjective: *cliffy, steep.*

CLIFIHTIG

Adjective: *cliffy, steep.*

CLIFRIAN

Verb: *to claw, scratch, scarify.*

CLIFRUNG

Noun: *clawing; claw, talon.*

CLIFSTĀN

Noun: *rock, rough stone.*

CLIFWYRT

Noun: *cliff or water-wort, foxglove, burdock.*

CLIMBAN

Verb: *to climb.*

CLINCIG

Adjective: *rough, shrivelled with heat or cold.*

CLINGAN

Verb: *to wither, pine, shrink; to cling, stick close.*

CLIPIAN

See *(ge)clipian.*

CLIPIGENDLIC

Adjective: *vocalic, making a vocal sound; vocative (gram.).*

CLIPOL

Adjective: *sounding, vocal; vocalic.*

CLIPUNG

See *(ge)clipung.*

CLIPUR

Noun: *clapper of a bell.*

CLĪSTŪN

Noun: *Clist or Clyst, near Exeter.*

CLITE

Noun: *herb coltsfoot.*

CLIÐA

Noun: *plaster, poultice, salve.*

CLIÐE

Noun: *burdock.*

CLIÐWYRT

Noun: *clovers.*

CLOCCETTAN

Verb: *to beat, palpitate, throb.*

CLOCCIAN

Verb: *to make a noise, cluck, sigh.*

CLODHAMER

Noun: *fieldfare.*

CLOFE

Noun: *buckle.*

CLOP

Noun: *rock.*

CLOTT

Noun: *mass, lump.*

CLUCGE

Noun: *bell, small bell.*

CLŪD

Noun: *rock, mass of stone; hill.*

CLŪDIG

Adjective: *rocky, stony, hilly.*

CLUFEHTE

Adjective: *bulbous, bulbed.*

CLUFÐUNG

Noun: *crowfoot; vegetable poison.*

CLUFU

Noun: *tuber, bulb, ear of corn, clove of garlic.*

CLUFWYRT

Noun: *herb buttercup.*

CLUMMIAN

Verb: *to murmur, mumble, mutter.*

CLŪS

Noun: *enclosure, close, narrow passage, defile; bar, bolt; prison, cell, closet.*

CLŪSTOR

Noun: *enclosure, cloister, prison, cell; lock, barrier, bar.*

CLŪSTORCLEOFA

Noun: *prison-chamber, cell.*

CLŪSTORLOC

Noun: *prison; lock, bar.*

CLŪT

Noun: *small piece of cloth, clout, patch; piece of metal, plate.*

CLYCCAN

See *(ge)clyccan.*

CLYFIGENDEĀDL

Noun: *joint-disease, gout.*

CLYMMIAN

Verb: *to climb, ascend.*

CLYMPRE

Noun: *lump of metal.*

CLYNE

Noun: *mass, lump of metal; ball.*

CLYNNAN

Verb: *to sound, resound, ring; to knock.*

CLYPNES

Noun: *embrace.*

CLYPODA

Noun: *vowel.*

CLYPP

Noun: *embracing, embrace.*

CLYPPAN

See *(ge)clyppan.*

CLYPPING

Noun: *embracing, embrace.*

CLȲSAN

Verb: *to close, shut; to enclose, confine, imprison.*

CLYSTER

Noun: *cluster, bunch, branch.*

CLȲSUNG

Noun: *closing; enclosure, cloister, apartment, closet; bar; conclusion of a sentence, clause, period.*

CNÆPLING

Noun: *youth, boy, stripling.*

CNÆPP

Noun: *top, summit; cop, knop; fibula, button.*

CNAFA

Noun: *child, youth; knave; servant.*

CNĀWAN

Verb: *to know, perceive; to acknowledge; to declare.*

CNĀWELÆCING

Noun: acknowledgement.

CNĀWING

Noun: *knowledge, knowing.*

CNĀWLÆC

Noun: *acknowledgement.*

CNEARR

Noun: *small ship, galley.*

CNĒATIAN

See *(ge)cnēatian.*

CNĒATUNG

Noun: *search, investigation, inquisition, inquiry; debate, dispute.*

CNEDAN

Verb: *to mix, mingle, knead; to spread.*

CNĒODAN

Verb: *to attribute to, assign to, load with; to give; to carry out; to call, exalt.*

CNĒOEHT

Adjective: *knotty.*

CNEORDLÆCAN

See *(ge)cneordlæcan.*

CNEORDLIC

Adjective: *diligent, zealous; earnest.*

CNEORDLĪCE

Adverb: *diligently, zealously; earnestly.*

CNEORDNES

See *(ge)cneordnes.*

CNĒORIFT

Noun: *napkin; kneehose.*

CNĒORISBŌC

Noun: *Genesis, book of genealogy.*

CNĒORISN

Noun: *generation, posterity, race, tribe, family; nation.*

CNĒOSĀR

Noun: *pain in the knee.*

CNĒOW

Noun: *knee; generation, relationship.*

CNĒOWBĪGUNG

Noun: *kneeling, genuflexion.*

CNĒOWEDE

Adjective: *having big knees.*

CNĒOWGEBED

Noun: *prayer on one's knees.*

CNĒOWHOLEN

Noun: *kneeholm, butcher's broom.*

CNĒOWIAN

Verb: *to know carnally; to bend the knee, kneel.*

CNĒOWLIAN

Verb: *to kneel.*

CNĒOWMÆG

Noun: *relation, kinsman, ancestor.*

CNĒOWRĪM

Noun: *progeny, family, number of kin.*

CNĒOWSIBB

Noun: *generation, race.*

CNĒOWUNG

Noun: *kneeling, genuflexion.*

CNĒOWWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the knees.*

CNĒOWWYRST

Noun: *knee-joint.*

CNĪDAN

Verb: *to beat.*

CNĪF

Noun: *knife.*

CNIHT

Noun: *knight; youth, boyhood; servant, follower, retainer, attendant, disciple, scholar; warrior; boy; junior member of a guild.*

CNIHTCILD

Noun: *male child, boy.*

CNIHTGEBEORÐOR

Noun: *child-birth or bearing.*

CNIHTGEONG

Adjective: *youthful.*

CNIHTHĀD

Noun: *knighthood; puberty, youth, boyhood, (male) virginity; unmarried state, celibacy.*

CNIHTIUGOÐ

Noun: *youth, boyhood.*

CNIHTLĒAS

Adjective: *knightless, without an attendant.*

CNIHTLIC

Adjective: *childish, boyish.*

CNIHTÐĒAW

Noun: *boyish habit.*

CNIHTWESENDE

Adjective: *being a youth or a boy.*

CNIHTWĪSE

Noun: *youthwise, boyishness.*

CNISSAN

Verb: *to press, toss, strike, dash, crash (together), beat, hew to pieces; to overcome; to overwhelm, oppress.*

CNŌDAN

See *(ge)cnōdan.*

CNOLL

Noun: *knoll; summit, cop, hill-top.*

CNOP

Noun: *button, knob.*

CNŌSL

Noun: *race, kin, family, stock, progeny, offspring; native country.*

CNOSSIAN

Verb: *to beat, strike, hit upon, dash.*

CNOTMÆLUM

Adverb: *briefly, summarily, cursorily.*

CNOTTA

Noun: *knot, fastening; difficulty, knotty point, puzzle.*

CNUCIAN

See *(ge)cnucian.*

CNŪIAN

Verb: *to knock, pound.*

CNUT

Noun: *Cnut, Danish king of England.*

CNYCCAN

See *(ge)cnyccan.*

CNYLL

Noun: *sound or signal of a bell, knell.*

CNYLLAN

See *(ge)cnyllan.*

CNYSSAN

See *(ge)cnyssan.*

CNYSSUNG

Noun: *striking, stroke.*

CNYTTAN

See *(ge)cnyttan.*

CNYTTELS

Noun: *string, thong, sinew.*

CŌC

Noun: *cook.*

COCC

Noun: *cock, male bird.*

COCCEL

Noun: *cockle, darnel, tares.*

COCER

Noun: *case, quiver, sheath; spear, sword.*

CŌCERPANNE

Noun: *cooking or frying-pan.*

CŌCNUNG

Noun: *seasoning; things cooked, pies.*

CŌCORMETE

Noun: *seasoned food.*

COCRŌD

Noun: *clearing for netting woodcocks.*

CODD

Noun: *cod, husk; bag, sack; scrotum.*

CODDÆPPEL

1. Noun: *quince.*

2. See *godæppel.*

CODIC

Noun: *lapsana, charlock.*

COFA

Noun: *chamber, den, cave, inner room, repository; closet, ark.*

COFANTRĒO

Noun: *Coventry, Warwickshire.*

CŌFERFLŌD

Noun: *river Chebar; sea of Galilee.*

COFGODAS

Noun: *household-gods.*

COFINCEL

Noun: *little chamber; hand-mill.*

COHHETAN

Verb: *to make a noise, bluster, cough.*

COITEMÆRE

Noun: *boiled wine.*

CŌL

Adjective: *cool, cold; calm, tranquil.*

COL

Noun: *coal.*

CŌLIAN

See *(ge)cōlian.*

COLIANDRE

Noun: *coriander.*

COLLA

Noun: *strife, rage.*

COLLECTA

Noun: *collect.*

COLLENFERHÐ

Adjective: *proud, elated, fierce-minded, bold of spirit; gold.*

COLLONCROH

Noun: *water-lily, nymphæa.*

COLMĀSE

Noun: *coal or tit-mouse.*

COLN

1. Noun: *river Colne.*

2. Noun: *pebble stone.*

CŌLNE

Adjective: *pertaining to coals.*

COLNECEASTER

Noun: *Colchester.*

CŌLNES

Noun: *coolness, cool air, breeze.*

COLPYTT

Noun: *coal-pit.*

COLSWEART

Adjective: *coal-black.*

COLT

Noun: *colt.*

COLTETRÆPPE

Noun: *plant name, caltrop.*

COLTGRÆG

Noun: *coltsfoot, plant.*

COLÐRĀD

Noun: *plumb-line, coal or blackened thread.*

COLUDESBURH

Noun: *Colud's city.*

COLUMBA

Noun: *Irish priest, apostle of the Highlands.*

COLUMNE

Noun: *columna.*

COMĒTA

Noun: *comet.*

COMMUNIA

Noun: *psalm sung at Eucharist.*

COMPGIM

Noun: *precious gem.*

CONECEASTER

Noun: *Caster.*

CONSOLDE

Noun: *herb comfrey.*

CONSTANTĪNUS

Noun: *Constantine, the great Roman emperor.*

CONSUL

Noun: *consul.*

COORTA

Noun: *band of soldiers, cohort.*

COORTE

Noun: *cohort.*

CŌP

Noun: *cope, outer garment worn by priests.*

COPEL

Adjective: *unsteady, rocking.*

CŌPENERE

Noun: *lover.*

COPER

Noun: *copper.*

COPIAN

Verb: *to plunder, pillage; to steal.*

COPP

Noun: *top, summit; cup, vessel.*

COPPED

Adjective: *topped; lopped, polled.*

CORDEWĀNERE

Noun: *shoemaker, cordwainer.*

COREN

See *(ge)coren.*

CORENBĒG

Noun: *crown.*

CORENNES

See *(ge)corennes.*

CORENSCIPE

See *(ge)corenscipe.*

CORFESGEAT

Noun: *Corfgate.*

CORFLIAN

Verb: *to mince.*

CORINTISC

Adjective: *Corinthian.*

CORN

Noun: *corn; grain, seed, berry; cornlike pimple.*

CORNÆSCEDA

Noun: *chaff, corn-sweepings.*

CORNAPPLA

Noun: *pomegranates.*

CORNBÆRE

Adjective: *corn-bearing.*

CORNBERENDE

Adjective: *corn-bearing.*

CORNCĪÐ

Noun: *increase, growth of grain.*

CORNGEBROT

Noun: *remnant of corn, corn dropped in carrying.*

CORNGESÆLIG

Adjective: *rich in corn.*

CORNGESCEOT

Noun: *payment in corn.*

CORNHŪS

Noun: *granary, corn-house.*

CORNHWICCE

Noun: *corn-bin or chest.*

CORNLĀD

Noun: *leading of corn.*

CORNSĀÐ

Noun: *grain of corn.*

CORNTĒOÐUNG

Noun: *tithe of corn.*

CORNTRĒOW

Noun: *cornel-tree.*

CORNTROG

Noun: *corn-trough or bin, vessel for cleansing grains of corn.*

CORNWEAL

Noun: *Cornwall.*

CORNWEALAS

Noun: *Cornishmen, inhabitants of Cornwall.*

CORNWURMA

Noun: *scarlet dye, purple colour.*

CORŌNA

Noun: *crown.*

CORPORALE

Noun: *cloth for covering the Host.*

CORSNÆD

Noun: *piece of consecrated bread which an accused person swallowed as a test of innocence.*

CORÐOR

Noun: *troop, band, multitude, company, throng, retinue, body, train; pomp.*

CORÐR

Noun: *whisk.*

COSHĀM

Noun: *Corsham.*

COSP

Noun: *bond, fetter, rope, cord.*

COSS

Noun: *kiss, embrace.*

COSSETUNG

Noun: *kissing.*

COSSIAN

Verb: *to kiss.*

COST

1. Noun: *option, choice, possibility; way, manner, condition; herb costmary, tansy.*

2. See *(ge)cost.*

COSTERE

Noun: *tempter.*

COSTIAN

See *(ge)costian.*

COSTIGEND

Noun: *tempter.*

COSTNUNGSTŌW

Noun: *place of temptation.*

COSTUNG

See *(ge)costung.*

COT

Noun: *cot; cottage, den, bed-chamber; house.*

COTE

Noun: *cot; cottage, cabin, den, bed-chamber; house; cellar.*

COTLĪF

Noun: *village, hamlet, manor; dwelling.*

COTSETLA

Noun: *cottager.*

COTSTŌW

Noun: *site of cottages.*

COTTUC

Noun: *mallow.*

COÐA

Noun: *disease, sickness, pestilence.*

COÐIG

Adjective: *diseased.*

COÐLĪCE

Adverb: *ill, badly, miserably.*

COÐU

Noun: *disease, sickness, pestilence.*

CRĀ

Noun: *croaking.*

CRABBA

Noun: *crab, crayfish; Cancer (sign of the zodiac).*

CRACELUNG

Noun: *sound made by storks, ratting.*

CRĀCETTAN

Verb: *to croak.*

CRĀCETUNG

Noun: *croaking.*

CRACGELĀD

Noun: *Cricklade.*

CRACIAN

Verb: *to sound, resound, crack.*

CRADOL

Noun: *cradle, cot.*

CRADOLCILD

Noun: *infant, cradle-child.*

CRÆFT

Noun: *art, craft, skill, ability, talent, virtue, calling, excellence; knowledge, faculty; handicraft, work or product of art; physical strength, power, might, courage; instrument, machine, engine; deceit, trick, fraud, stratagem, artifice, cunning; in pl. great numbers, hosts.*

CRÆFTAN

See *(ge)cræftan.*

CRÆFTBŌC

Noun: *commentary.*

CRÆFTGLĒAW

Adjective: *skilful, wise, sage-minded.*

CRÆFTIG

1. Adjective: *crafty, skilful, ingenious, cunning, virtuous; strong, powerful; learned; knowing a craft, scientific; instructive.*

2. Noun: *strength.*

CRÆFTIGA

Noun: *craftsman, workman; artist, artificer; architect.*

CRÆFTIGLĪCE

Adverb: *skilfully, ingeniously, cunningly.*

CRÆFTLĒAS

Adjective: *artless, unskilful; simple, inexpert, innocent.*

CRÆFTLIC

Adjective: *artificial; skilful, skilled.*

CRÆFTLĪCE

Adverb: *craftily, skilfully, cunningly.*

CRÆFTSPRÆC

Noun: *scientific language.*

CRÆFTWYRC

Noun: *skilled workmanship.*

CRÆT

Noun: *cart, chariot, wagon.*

CRÆTEHORS

Noun: *cart-horse.*

CRÆTWÆN

Noun: *chariot, wain.*

CRÆTWĪSA

Noun: *charioteer.*

CRAFIAN

Verb: *to crave; to ask, demand, implore, summon.*

CRAFING

Noun: *claim, demand.*

CRAMMIAN

See *(ge)crammian.*

CRAMMINGPOHHA

Noun: *viscarium, bag crammed with ill-gotten gains.*

CRAMPIHT

Adjective: *crumpled, wrinkled.*

CRAMPUL

Noun: *crane-pool.*

CRAN

Noun: *crane.*

CRANC

Noun: *chronicle.*

CRANCSTÆF

Noun: *crank, weaving implement.*

CRANG

Adjective: *dead, killed.*

CRANIC

Noun: *chronicle, record.*

CRANICWRĪTERE

Noun: *chronicler, chronographer.*

CRANOC

Noun: *crane.*

CRĀWA

Noun: *crow, raven.*

CRĀWAN

See *(ge)crāwan.*

CRĀWANLĒAC

Noun: *crow-garllic.*

CRĀWE

Noun: *crow, raven.*

CREACANFORD

Noun: *Crayford.*

CRĒAS

Adjective: *fine, elegant; dainty.*

CRĒASLIC

Adjective: *dainty; rich.*

CRĒASNES

Noun: *fineness, elegance; elation; pride, presumption.*

CRĒCAS

Noun: *the Greeks.*

CRECCA

Noun: *creek; bay, wharf.*

CRĒCISC

Adjective: *Greek, Grecian.*

CRĒDA

Noun: *creed, belief, confession of faith.*

CREDIC

Noun: *bowl, cream dish.*

CRENCESTRE

Noun: *female weaver; spinster.*

CRĒODAN

Verb: *to crowd, press, drive.*

CRĒOPAN

See *(ge)crēopan.*

CRĒOPERE

Noun: *cripple; creeper.*

CRĒOPUNG

Noun: *creeping.*

CRIBB

Noun: *crib, bed, stall; couch.*

CRIDIANTŪN

Noun: *Crediton.*

CRĪGAN

Verb: *to bubble up.*

CRIMMAN

See *(ge)crimman.*

CRINC

Noun: *kind of shoe, cothurnus; derision.*

CRING

Noun: *downfall, slaughter.*

CRINGAN

See *(ge)cringan.*

CRINGWRACU

Noun: *torment, deadly punishment.*

CRIPPAN

Verb: *to bend, close (hand), crook (finger).*

CRISMA

Noun: *chrism, holy oil; chrisome-cloth; anointing.*

CRISMAL

Noun: *chrisum-cloth.*

CRISMCLĀÐ

Noun: *headband, chrism-cloth.*

CRISMHĀLGUNG

Noun: *consecration of the chrism.*

CRISMLĪSING

Noun: *chrism-loosing, loosing of the chrismale, confirmation.*

CRISMSMYRELS

Noun: *anointment with holy oil.*

CRĪST

Noun: *Christ.*

CRISTALLA

Noun: *crystal; herb flea-wort.*

CRISTALLISC

Adjective: *of crystal.*

CRĪSTELMÆLBĒAM

Noun: *tree surmounted by a cross, upright shaft of a cross.*

CRĪSTEN

1. Adjective: *Christian.*

2. Noun: *Christian.*

CRĪSTENA

Noun: *Christian.*

CRĪSTENDŌM

Noun: *Christianity, Christian faith; the church.*

CRĪSTENLIC

Adjective: *Christian.*

CRĪSTENMANN

Noun: *Christian.*

CRĪSTENNES

Noun: *Christianity; Christian baptism.*

CRISTESBŌC

Noun: *Christ's book, the Gospel.*

CRĪSTESMÆL

Noun: *cross; sign of the cross.*

CRĪSTESMÆSSE

Noun: *Christmas.*

CRĪSTLIC

Adjective: *Christian.*

CRĪSTNERE

Noun: *catechist.*

CRĪSTNIAN

See *(ge)crīstnian.*

CRĪSTNUNG

Noun: *christening, baptizing.*

CROCC

Noun: *vessel, crock, pot, pitcher, flagon, little jug.*

CROCCA

Noun: *vessel, crock, pot, pitcher, earthenware.*

CROCCHWER

Noun: *earthen pot, kettle.*

CROCED

See *(ge)croced.*

CROCSCEARD

Noun: *potsherd.*

CROCWYRHTA

Noun: *potter, crockworker.*

CRODA

Noun: *crowd, press.*

CROFT

Noun: *small field, croft.*

CROG

Noun: *saffron.*

CRŌG

Noun: *vessel, crock, pot, pitcher.*

CRŌGCYNN

Noun: *kind of vessel, wine-jar.*

CRŌH

1. Noun: *shoot, twig, tendril.*

2. See *crōg.*

CROMPHET

Noun: *placenta; flat cake, crumpet.*

CROPLĒAC

Noun: *garlic.*

CROPP

Noun: *cluster, bunch; sprout, berry, ear of corn; flower; crop (of a bird); kidney, pebble.*

CROPPIHT

Adjective: *clustered, croppy.*

CRŪC

Noun: *cross.*

CRŪCE

Noun: *cruse, pot, pitcher, waterpot.*

CRUCETHŪS

Noun: *torture or torment chamber.*

CRUFT

Noun: *vault, crypt, hollow place under the ground.*

CRUFTE

Noun: *crypt, vault, hollow place under the ground.*

CRUMA

Noun: *fragment, crumb.*

CRUMB

Adjective: *crooked, bent, stooping.*

CRUNDEL

Noun: *barrow; ravine, chalk-pit, quarry.*

CRŪSE

Noun: *cruse.*

CRŪSENE

Noun: *fur coat.*

CRŪTLAND

Noun: *Crowland or Croyland.*

CRYCC

Noun: *crutch, staff.*

CRYCCEN

Adjective: *made of clay, earthen.*

CRYMBIG

Adjective: *crooked.*

CRYMBING

Noun: *bend, curvature, inclination.*

CRYPEL

1. Noun: *crippel; narrow passage, den, burrow, drain.*

2. Adjective: *crippled.*

CRYPELGEAT

Noun: *small opening in a wall or fence.*

CRYPELNES

Noun: *paralysis, crippleness, lameness.*

CRYPPAN

See *(ge)cryppan.*

CŪ

Noun: *cow.*

CUBIT

Noun: *cubit.*

CŪBUTERE

Noun: *cow's butter.*

CŪBȳRE

Noun: *cow-byre or shed.*

CŪCEALF

Noun: *cow's calf.*

CUCELERE

1. Noun: *capo.*

2. See *cucler.*

CUCLER

Noun: *spoon, spoonful; half a drachm.*

CUCLERMĀEL

Noun: *spoonful.*

CUCUMIS

Noun: *cucumber.*

CUCURBITE

Noun: *gourd.*

CUDELE

Noun: *cuttlefish.*

CŪĒAGE

Noun: *eye of a cow.*

CŪEMESA

Noun: *cow's dung.*

CUFEL

Noun: *cowl; head dress, hood, cap.*

CUGLE

Noun: *cowl; head-covering, hood, cap.*

CŪHORN

Noun: *cow's horn.*

CŪHYRDE

Noun: *cowherd.*

CULFER

Noun: *pigeon, dove, culver.*

CULMILLE

Noun: *small centaury.*

CULPA

Noun: *fault, sin.*

CULPE

Noun: *fault, sin.*

CULPIAN

Verb: *to humble oneself, cringe; to humiliate.*

CULTER

Noun: *coulter; dagger, knife.*

CUMA

Noun: *comer, stranger, guest.*

CUMAN

See *(ge)cuman.*

CUMB

Noun: *valley, hollow among hills, comb; liquid measure.*

CUMBERLAND

Noun: *Cumberland.*

CUMBOL

Noun: *sign, ensign, military standard, banner.*

CUMBOLGEBREC

Noun: *battle, crash of banners.*

CUMBOLGEHNĀST

Noun: *battle, crash of banners.*

CUMBOLHAGA

Noun: *compact rank, phalanx.*

CUMBOLHETE

Noun: *warlike hate.*

CUMBOLWĪGA

Noun: *warrior, soldier.*

CUMENDRE

Noun: *sponsor, godmother.*

CŪMEOLUC

Noun: *cow's milk.*

CUMERE

Noun: *Cumbrians.*

CUMFEORM

Noun: *entertainment for travellers.*

CŪMICGE

Noun: *cow's urine.*

CŪMIGOÐA

Noun: *cow's urine.*

CUMLĪÐE

Adjective: *hospitable, kind to comers or strangers.*

CUMLĪÐIAN

Verb: *to be a guest; to lodge, to receive as a guest.*

CUMLĪÐNES

Noun: *hospitality; sojourn as guest.*

CUMMĀSE

Noun: *coal-titmouse, kind of bird.*

CUMPÆDER

Noun: *godfather.*

CUMUL

Noun: *wound, swelling, sign or evidence of disease.*

CUNEGLÆSSE

Noun: *herb hound's-tongue.*

CUNELLE

Noun: *wild thyme.*

CUNNAN

See *(ge)cunnan.*

CUNNERE

Noun: *temper.*

CUNNIAN

See *(ge)cunnian.*

CUNNUNG

Noun: *knowledge; trial, proof, probation, experiment, experience; contact, carnal knowledge.*

CUOPEL

Noun: *small boat, coble.*

CUPPE

Noun: *cup, small drinking vessel.*

CURMEALLE

Noun: *centaury.*

CURS

Noun: *curse, malediction, imprecatory prayer.*

CURSIAN

Verb: *to curse.*

CURSUMBOR

Noun: *incense.*

CURSUNG

Noun: *cursing, damnation; place of torment, hell.*

CŪSC

Adjective: *chaste, modest; virtuous; pure, clean.*

CŪSCOTE

Noun: *wood-pigeon, ring-dove.*

CŪSEALF

Noun: *suet, fat.*

CŪSLOPPE

Noun: *cowslip.*

CŪTÆGL

Noun: *tail of a cow.*

CŪTER

Noun: *resin, chewing gum.*

CŪÐ

See *(ge)cūð.*

CŪÐA

Noun: *one known, acquaintance, relative, familiar friend.*

CŪÐE

Adverb: *clearly, plainly.*

CŪÐEMEN

Noun: *relations.*

CŪÐIAN

See *(ge)cūðian.*

CŪÐLÆCAN

See *(ge)cūðlācan.*

CŪÐLIC

Adjective: *known; certain, evident.*

CŪÐLĪCE

Adverb: *certainly; clearly, evidently, manifestly, openly; kindly, affably, courteously, familiarly; therefore, indeed, to be sure, hence.*

CŪÐNES

Noun: *knowledge, acquaintance.*

CŪÐNOMA

Noun: *surname.*

CŪÐWULF

Noun: *Cuthwulf.*

CŪWEARM

Adjective: *warm from the cow (milk).*

CWACIAN

Verb: *to shake, quake, tremble, chatter (of teeth).*

CWACUNG

Noun: *quaking, trembling.*

CWÆSTEDNYS

Noun: *trembling.*

CWALU

Noun: *destruction, killing, murder, slaughter, violent death, torment.*

CWĀNIAN

Verb: *to lament, mourn, bewail, deplore.*

CWĀNIG

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful, bewailing; complaining.*

CWANTAWĪC

Noun: *St. Josse-sur-Mer or Estaples, the ancient name of which was Quantovic or Quentawich.*

CWĀNUNG

Noun: *lamentation.*

CWATBRYCG

Noun: *Bridgenorth, in Shropshire.*

CWATERN

Noun: *number four at dice, quatern.*

CWĒAD

Noun: *dung, dirt, filth, ordure.*

CWEALM

Noun: *death; destruction, murder, slaughter; torment, pain; qualm, plague, pestilence, contagion.*

CWEALMBÆRE

Adjective: *deadly, pernicious, murderous, blood-thirsty.*

CWEALMBÆRNES

Noun: *destruction, ruin, mortality; deadliness.*

CWEALMBEALU

Noun: *death.*

CWEALMBERENDLIC

Adjective: *deadly, pernicious, pestiferous.*

CWEALMCUMA

Noun: *deadly guest.*

CWEALMDRĒOR

Noun: *blood shed in death.*

CWEALMLIC

Adjective: *deadly.*

CWEALMNES

Noun: *torment, pain, anguish.*

CWEALMSTEDE

Noun: *death-place.*

CWEALMSTŌW

Noun: *place of execution or burial.*

CWEALMÐRĒA

Noun: *deadly terror.*

CWEARTERN

Noun: *prison, guard-house.*

CWEARTERNLIC

Adjective: *of or belonging to a prison.*

CWEARTERNWEARD

Noun: *jailor, warder of a prison.*

CWECCAN

See *(ge)cweccan.*

CWECCUNG

Noun: *moving, shaking, wagging.*

CWECESAND

Noun: *quicksand.*

CWEDELIAN

Verb: *to slander, abuse, curse.*

CWEDOL

Adjective: *talkative, eloquent, ready of speech.*

CWELAN

Verb: *to die.*

CWELDEHT

Adjective: *corrupted, mortified.*

CWELDERÆDE

Noun: *evening rider; bat.*

CWELLAN

See *(ge)cwellan.*

CWELLEND

Noun: *killer, slayer.*

CWELLERE

Noun: *killer, murderer, man-slayer, executioner, tormentor.*

CWĒMAN

See *(ge)cwēman.*

CWĒME

See *(ge)cwēme.*

CWĒMEDNES

See *(ge)cwēmednes.*

CWĒMING

See *(ge)cwēming.*

CWĒMLIC

See *(ge)cwēmlic.*

CWĒMLĪCE

See *(ge)cwēmlīce.*

CWĒMNES

See *(ge)cwēmnes.*

CWĒMSUM

See *(ge)cwēmsum.*

CWĒN

Noun: *queen, royal princess, empress; wife, consort, king's or emperor's wife; king's daughter; woman; Virgin Mary.*

CWĒNALAND

Noun: *land or country of the Quanies.*

CWENCAN

Verb: *to extinguish, quench.*

CWENE

Noun: *woman, wife; queen; common woman, prostitute, harlot.*

CWENFUGOL

Noun: *female or hen bird.*

CWĒNHIRDE

Noun: *eunuch.*

CWĒNLIC

Adjective: *queenly; feminine.*

CWĒNSÆ

Noun: *the White Sea.*

CWEORN

Noun: *mill, hand-mill, quern.*

CWEORNBILL

Noun: *stone chisel for dressing querns.*

CWEORNBURNA

Noun: *mill-stream.*

CWEORNSTĀN

Noun: *mill-stone.*

CWEORNTĒÐ

Noun: *molars, grinders.*

CWEORÐ

Noun: *name of the rune for cw.*

CWEÐAN

See *(ge)cweðan.*

CWIC

1. Adjective: *quick; alive, living.*

2. Noun: *alive, living thing; quick.*

CWICÆHT

Noun: *cattle, live stock.*

CWICBĒAM

Noun: *juniper-tree, aspen.*

CWICBĒAMEN

Adjective: *of aspen or quickbeam.*

CWICBĒAMRIND

Noun: *aspen bark.*

CWICCLIENDE

Adjective: *moving rapidly, tottering.*

CWICE

Noun: *couch, quitch-grass.*

CWICELMINGAS

Noun: *descendants of Cwicelm.*

CWICFȲR

Noun: *sulphur, living fire.*

CWICHEGE

Noun: *quickset, hedge of living plants.*

CWICHRĒRENDE

Adjective: *quick-moving.*

CWICIAN

See *(ge)cwician.*

CWICLĀC

Noun: *living sacrifice.*

CWICLIC

Adjective: *living, vital.*

CWICLĪCE

Adverb: *vigorously, keenly, in a living manner.*

CWICLIFIAN

Verb: *to live.*

CWICLIFIGENDE

Adjective: *living.*

CWICRIND

Noun: *aspen rind.*

CWICSEOLFOR

Noun: *quicksilver.*

CWICSŪSL

Noun: *hell-torment, punishment, torture.*

CWICSŪSLEN

Adjective: *purgatorial, of hell or Hades.*

CWICTRĒOW

Noun: *aspen-tree.*

CWICWELLE

Adjective: *living (of water).*

CWIDBŌC

Noun: *Book of Proverbs; book of homilies.*

CWIDDIAN

Verb: *to speak, say, talk, discuss, report; to make claim against.*

CWIDDUNG

Noun: *saying, speech, report, tale.*

CWIDE

Noun: *word, phrase, sentence, proverb, opinion, argument, proposal, command, speech, discourse, declaration, homily; will, testament; decision, agreement, decree, enactment, judgement.*

CWIDEGIEDD

Noun: *speech; song, ballad.*

CWIDELĒAS

Adjective: *speechless, intestate.*

CWIELMAN

See *(ge)cwielman.*

CWIFERLĪCE

Adverb: *actively, zealously.*

CWILD

Noun: *death; destruction; plague, pestilence, murrain.*

CWILDBÆRE

Adjective: *deadly, dangerous, pestiferous; stormy.*

CWILDBÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *pestilentially; destructively.*

CWILDBERENDLIC

Adjective: *deadly.*

CWILDEFLŌD

Noun: *deluge.*

CWILDFUL

See *(ge)cwildful.*

CWILDRŌF

Adjective: *deadly, savage, devoted to slaughter.*

CWILDSETEN

Noun: *first hours of night.*

CWILDTĪD

Noun: *evening.*

CWĪNAN

Verb: *to waste or dwindle away.*

CWINCAN

Verb: *to disappear, vanish, decrease.*

CWIÐ

Noun: *belly, womb.*

CWĪÐA

Noun: *lamentation, complaint, wailing.*

CWĪÐAN

Verb: *to lament, mourn, bewail; to accuse, bring a charge against.*

CWIÐENLIC

Adjective: *natural, native.*

CWĪÐUNG

Noun: *lamentation, complaint.*

CWOLSTAN

Verb: *to swallow.*

CWUDU

Noun: *what is chewed, cud, quid; resin of trees.*

CWYDELE

Noun: *pustule, boil, tumour, inflamed swelling.*

CWYDOL

Adjective: *speaking, saying.*

CWYLLA

Noun: *well, spring.*

CWYLMEND

Noun: *tormentor, destroyer, slayer.*

CWYLMENDE

Adjective: *tormenting.*

CWYLMIAN

Verb: *to suffer; to kill, torment, crucify.*

CWYLMING

Noun: *suffering, trouble, tribulation, torture; (metaph.) cross; death.*

CWŸSAN

See *(ge)cwÿsan.*

CYCEL

Noun: *morsel, little mouthful; small cake.*

CYCENE

Noun: *kitchen.*

CYCENÐĒNUNG

Noun: *service in the kitchen.*

CYCGEL

Noun: *cudgel, strong stick.*

CȳF

Noun: *tub, cask, vat; measure, bushel.*

CȳFL

Noun: *tub, bucket.*

CYLCAN

Verb: *ructare.*

CYLEN

Noun: *kiln, oven.*

CYLL

Noun: *vessel, flagon, censer, leather bottle.*

CYLLFYLLING

Noun: *filling of a bottle.*

CYLU

Adjective: *spotted, speckled.*

CȳME

Adjective: *suitable, convenient, becoming; beautiful, lovely, comely, splendid.*

CYME

Noun: *coming, approach, arrival, advent; event, issue; result.*

CYMED

Noun: *plant germander.*

CȳMEN

Noun: *Cymen, son of Ælle.*

CYMEN

Noun: *herb cumin.*

CYMĒNESŌRA

Noun: *Cymen's shore.*

CȳMLIC

Adjective: *convenient; beautiful, lovely, comely, splendid.*

CȳMLĪCE

Adverb: *fitly, conveniently; beautifully, splendidly.*

CȳMNES

Noun: *fastidiousness, daintiness.*

CYND

See *(ge)cynd.*

CYNDELIC

See *(ge)cyndelic.*

CYNDELĪCE

See *(ge)cyndelīce.*

CYNEBÆND

Noun: *royal crown, diadem.*

CYNEBEALD

Adjective: *kingly or nobly bold, very brave.*

CYNEBEARN

Noun: *royal child, prince; royal offspring; Christ.*

CYNEBELLINGAS

Noun: *settlers at Kimble.*

CYNEBOREN

Adjective: *royally born.*

CYNEBŌT

Noun: *king's compensation or recompense.*

CYNEBOTL

Noun: *palace, kingly dwelling.*

CYNECYNN

Noun: *royal race or lineage.*

CYNEDŌM

Noun: *kingly rule, royal ordinance or law, government, royalty, empire; kingdom, realm, royal possessions; royal rank or dignity, noble estate; fine paid for the offence to the royal dignity where a king is slain.*

CYNEGEWÆDU

Noun: *royal robes.*

CYNEGIERELA

Noun: *royal robe; royal crown, diadem.*

CYNEGILD

Noun: *king's compensation.*

CYNEGILS

Noun: *Cynegils, sixth king of the West Saxons.*

CYNEGŌD

Adjective: *noble, well-born, excellent.*

CYNEGOLD

Noun: *regal gold, crown.*

CYNEGYRD

Noun: *sceptre, royal band.*

CYNEHĀD

Noun: *kingly state or dignity, kinghood.*

CYNEHĀM

Noun: *royal manor.*

CYNEHELM

Noun: *crown, diadem; royal power; garland.*

CYNEHELMIAN

See *(ge)cynehelmian.*

CYNEHLĀFORD

Noun: *royal or sovereign lord, king.*

CYNEHOF

Noun: *royal residence, king's palace.*

CYNELIC

1. Adjective: *kingly, royal, regal; public, belonging to the state.*

2. See *cynlic* (1).

CYNELĪCE

Adverb: *royally.*

CYNELICNES

Noun: *kingliness, royalty.*

CYNEMÆRESFORD

Noun: *Kempsford.*

CYNEMANN

Noun: *royal personage, king.*

CYNERĒAF

Noun: *royal robe.*

CYNERĪCE

Noun: *royal power or authority, sovereignty; kingdom, realm; nation, region.*

CYNERIHT

Noun: *royal right or prerogative.*

CYNERŌF

Adjective: *royally famous, noble, renowned.*

CYNESĀCERDLIC

Adjective: *of a royal priest.*

CYNESCIPE

Noun: *kingship, royalty, majesty, honour.*

CYNESETL

Noun: *royal seat, throne; capital city.*

CYNESTŌL

Noun: *chief city, capital; royal dwelling, royal throne.*

CYNESTRÆT

Noun: *royal street or road; public or high road.*

CYNETE

Noun: *river Kennet.*

CYNEÐRYMLIC

Adjective: *very glorious.*

CYNEÐRYMM

Noun: *royal majesty or glory; royal power; kingly host.*

CYNEWĀÐEN

Adjective: *of royal purple.*

CYNEWĪSE

Noun: *state, republic, commonwealth.*

CYNEWIÐÐE

Noun: *royal wreath or diadem.*

CYNEWORD

Noun: *fitting word or speech.*

CYNEWULF

Noun: *Cynewulf.*

CYNEWYRÐE

Adjective: *kingly, royal, noble.*

CYNING

Noun: *king, ruler, emperor; God, Christ; Satan, the devil.*

CYNINGÆÐE

Adjective: *entitled to take oath as a king's thane.*

CYNINGE

Noun: *queen.*

CYNINGESWYRT

Noun: *herb marjoram.*

CYNINGFEORM

Noun: *king's sustenance or provision, royal purveyance.*

CYNINGGENĪÐLA

Noun: *great feud.*

CYNINGGEREORD

Noun: *royal banquet or feast.*

CYNINGSTĀN

Noun: *instrument used in casting dice.*

CYNLIC

1. Adjective: *fitting, proper, convenient, becoming; sufficient.*

2. See *cynelic* (1).

CYNLĪCE

Adverb: *fitly, becomingly.*

CYNLING

Noun: *clan.*

CYNN

1. Noun: *kind, sort, rank, quality; race, pedigree, lineage, generation, progeny, offspring, kin, family; nation, people, tribe; gender, sex; propriety, etiquette.*

2. Adjective: *fit, akin, suitable, proper, becoming.*

CYNNIG

Adjective: *noble, of good family.*

CYNNRECCENES

Noun: *genealogy, reckoning of relationship.*

CYNREN

Noun: *family, kindred, generation, progeny, stock; posterity; kind, species; race; nation.*

CYNRESU

Noun: *generation.*

CYNRĪC

Noun: *Cynric.*

CȳPA

1. Noun: *factor, trader, merchant.*

2. Noun: *chapman, trader, merchant, factor.*

CȳPAN

See *(ge)cȳpan.*

CȳPE

Noun: *vessel, basket.*

CȳPEDÆG

Noun: *market day.*

CȳPEND

Noun: *one who sells, merchant.*

CYPERA

Noun: *kipper, spawning salmon.*

CYPREN

Adjective: *made of copper, coppery.*

CYPRESSE

Noun: *cypress.*

CYRE

Noun: *choice, free-will.*

CYREĀÐ

Noun: *oath sworn by an accused man and by other chosen persons.*

CYRELĪF

Noun: *state of dependence on a lord whom a person has chosen; person in such a state.*

CYRF

Noun: *cutting; instrument to cut with; what is cut off.*

CYRFEL

Noun: *little stake, peg.*

CYRFET

Noun: *gourd.*

CYRICBURH

Noun: *Chirbury.*

CYRICPÆÐ

Noun: *church-path.*

CYRICSTĪG

Noun: *church-path.*

CYRIN

Noun: *churn.*

CYRNEL

Noun: *kernel, grain, seed, pip; (enlarged) gland, swelling.*

CYROGRAPHUM

Noun: *writ.*

CYRRIOL

Noun: *the Kyrie Eleison.*

CYRSTRĒOW

Noun: *cherry-tree.*

CYRTEL

Noun: *woman's gown, kirtle, frock; garment, coat, tunic.*

CYRTEN

1. Adjective: *beautiful, fair, elegant, comely; intelligent.*

2. Noun: *decoration, ornament.*

CYRTENES

Noun: *beauty, comeliness, elegance.*

CYRTENLÆCAN

See *(ge)cyrtenlæcan.*

CYRTENLĪCE

Adverb: *fairly, exactly, fitly, well; elegantly, cunningly, neatly.*

CȳSE

Noun: *cheese.*

CȳSEFÆT

Noun: *cheese vat.*

CȳSEHWÆG

Noun: *cheese-whey.*

CȳSGERUNN

Noun: *curd-like mass, rennet.*

CȳSLYBB

Noun: *rennet, cheese-drug.*

CYSPAN

See *(ge)cyspan.*

CYSSAN

See *(ge)cyssan.*

CȳSSTICCE

Noun: *piece of cheese.*

CYST

1. Noun: *choice, election, free will; goodness, virtue.*

2. See *cist* (1).

CYSTAN

Verb: *to get, procure, get the value of; to spend, lay out.*

CYSTIAN

Verb: *to put in a coffin.*

CYSTIG

Adjective: *good, benevolent, bountiful, generous, munificent, charitable, liberal; good, virtuous.*

CYSTIGLĪCE

Adverb: *munificently; liberally.*

CYSTIGNES

Noun: *liberality; goodness, bounty, munificence, abundance.*

CYSTLĒAS

Adjective: *worthless, fruitless; bad, reprobate.*

CYSTLIC

Adjective: *generous, munificent, charitable, liberal; good, virtuous.*

CȳSWUCU

Noun: *cheese-week, last week in which cheese was allowed to be eaten before Lent.*

CȳSWYRHTE

Noun: *(female) cheese-maker.*

CȳTA

Noun: *kite, bittern.*

CȳTE

Noun: *cot; cottage, hut, cabin; cell, cubicle, bedchamber.*

CYTWER

Noun: *weir for catching fish, basket-weir.*

CȳÐAN

See *(ge)cȳðan.*

CȳÐERE

Noun: *witness; martyr.*

CȳÐIG

Adjective: *known.*

CȳÐING

Noun: *statement, narration, telling, relation.*

CŸÐLÆCAN

See *(ge)cÿðlæcan*.

CŸÐLĪC

Adjective: *manifest*.

CŸÐNES

See *(ge)cÿðnes*.

CŸÐÐ

See *(ge)cÿðð*.

DĀ

Noun: *doe (female deer).*

DÆD

1. Noun: *action, deed, event, transaction.*

2. See *dēad.*

DÆDBANA

Noun: *evil-doer, murderer.*

DÆDBĒTA

Noun: *deed amender, penitent.*

DÆDBĒTAN

Verb: *to repent, make amends, atone for, do penance, be penitent.*

DÆDBĒTERE

Noun: *penitent.*

DÆDBŌT

Noun: *amends, atonement, repentance, penitence, penance.*

DÆDBŌTLIHTING

Noun: *mitigation of penance.*

DÆDBŌTNES

Noun: *penitence.*

DÆDCĒNE

Adjective: *deed-bold.*

DÆDFROM

Adjective: *energetic, deed-strong.*

DÆDFRUMA

Noun: *deed-doer, worker, labourer, perpetrator.*

DÆDHATA

Noun: *deed-hater, ravager.*

DÆDHWÆT

Adjective: *deed quick or active, energetic, strenuous; bold.*

DÆDLÆT

Adjective: *slow to act, slothful.*

DÆDLATA

Noun: *one slow to act, sluggard.*

DÆDLĒAN

Noun: *recompense, deed-loan or reward.*

DĀEDLIC

Adjective: *active, deedlike.*

DĀEDRŌF

Adjective: *deed-famed, illustrious; valiant, bold in deeds.*

DĀEDWEORC

Noun: *great work, mighty work.*

DÆFTAN

See *(ge)dæftan.*

DÆG

Noun: *day; life-time; Anglo-Saxon Rune for letter d; daily service of the early English church (referring to the example of the Psalmist); Last Day.*

DÆGCANDEL

Noun: *day-candle, the sun.*

DÆGCŪÐ

Adjective: *open, clear as daylight, perfectly known.*

DĀGE

Noun: *baker (female).*

DÆGEHWELC

Adverb: *daily.*

DÆGENLIC

Adjective: *of this day.*

DÆGES

Adverb: *during the day, by day, day.*

DÆGESĒAGE

Noun: *daisy.*

DÆGFÆSTEN

Noun: *a day's fast.*

DÆGFEORM

Noun: *food for a day, day's provision.*

DÆGHLŪTTRE

Adverb: *clearly, brightly as day.*

DÆGHWĀM

Adverb: *daily.*

DÆGHWĀMLIC

Adjective: *of day, daily.*

DÆGHWĀMLĪCE

Adverb: *daily.*

DÆGHWĪL

Noun: *day-time, lifetime.*

DÆGLANG

Adjective: *lasting a day.*

DÆGLANGES

Adverb: *for a day, during one day.*

DÆGLIC

Adjective: *of day, daily.*

DÆGMÆL

Noun: *clock, dial, horologe.*

DÆGMÆLESPINN

Noun: *style of a dial.*

DÆGMÆLSPĪLU

Noun: *style of a dial.*

DÆGMĒLSCĒAWERE

Noun: *astrologer, diviner; horoscopes.*

DÆGMETE

Noun: *breakfast, dinner.*

DÆGRĒD

Noun: *dawn, early morning, daybreak.*

DÆGRĒDLĒOMA

Noun: *light of dawn.*

DÆGRĒDLIC

Adjective: *belonging to morning, early.*

DÆGRĒDOFFRUNG

Noun: *morning sacrifice.*

DÆGRĒDSANG

Noun: *morning song, matins.*

DÆGRĒDWŌMA

Noun: *rush or noise of dawn.*

DÆGRĪM

Noun: *number of days, course of days.*

DÆGRIMA

Noun: *dawn, morning, daybreak.*

DÆGRYNE

Adjective: *of a day, daily.*

DÆGSANG

Noun: *daily service.*

DÆGSCEALD

Noun: *day shield or screen, sun.*

DÆGSTEORRA

Noun: *daystar, morning star.*

DÆGSWĀSENDO

Noun: *food for one day.*

DÆGTĪD

Noun: *day time; time, period.*

DÆGTĪMA

Noun: *day, day-time.*

DÆGÐERLIC

Adjective: *of the day, daily, of today, present.*

DÆGÐERN

Noun: *interval of a day.*

DÆGÐERNE

Adjective: *for use by day, every-day.*

DÆGWÆCCAN

Noun: *day-watchings.*

DÆGWEARD

Noun: *day-watchman.*

DÆGWEORC

Noun: *work of a day, fixed or stated service; day-time.*

DÆGWEORÐUNG

Noun: *celebration of a feast-day.*

DÆGWILLA

Adjective: *wished for a day.*

DÆGWINE

Noun: *day's pay.*

DÆGWIST

Noun: *food, meal.*

DÆGWŌMA

Noun: *dawn, rush of day.*

DÆGWORD

Noun: *Chronicles.*

DÆL

Noun: *dale, valley; abyss, gorge; hole, pit.*

DǼL

Noun: *part, portion, share, lot; separation, division; quantity, amount; quarter, district, region; part, side, behalf; word, part of a sentence, part of speech (in grammar); time; part.*

DǼLAN

See *(ge)dǽlan.*

DǼLEND

Noun: *divider, dealer, distributor.*

DǼLERE

Noun: *divider, dealer, distributor; agent, negotiator; almsgiver.*

DÆLF

Noun: *anything dug out, ditch.*

DǼLING

Noun: *dividing, parting, sharing; participation.*

DǼLLĒAS

Adjective: *without a part, portionless; unskilled, deficient; without, destitute of.*

DǼLMǼLUM

Adverb: *by parts or pieces.*

DǼLNES

Noun: *division, breaking (of bread).*

DǼLNIMAN

Verb: *to take part, participate.*

DǼLNIMEND

Noun: *participator, sharer, partaker; participle.*

DǼLNIMENDNES

Noun: *participation, sharing.*

DǼLNIMUNG

Noun: *portion, participation, share.*

DǼLNUMELNES

Noun: *participation, sharing, partaking.*

DÆLNYMENDLIC

Adjective: *sharing, partaking, participial.*

DÆRENTAMŪÐA

Noun: *Dartmouth, Devonshire.*

DÆRST

Noun: *leaven, barm; (pl) dregs, lees.*

DAFENLICNES

See *(ge)dafenlicnes.*

DĀG

Noun: *dough, mass of metal.*

DAGIAN

Verb: *to dawn, become day.*

DAGUNG

Noun: *dawn, daybreak.*

DĀL

See *(ge)dāl.*

DALAMENSAN

Noun: *The Dalamensan.*

DALC

Noun: *bracelet, brooch, clasp, buckle.*

DALISC

Adjective: *dedaleus.*

DĀLMÆD

Noun: *meadow-land held in common and divided into doles or shares among the holders.*

DALMATICE

Noun: *dalmatic (vestment).*

DARIAN

Verb: *to be hidden, lurk.*

DAROÐ

Noun: *dart, spear, javelin, weapon.*

DAROÐÆSC

Noun: *spear, ash-dart.*

DAROÐHÆBBENDE

Adjective: *spear-bearing, javelin-holding, armed with a javelin.*

DAROÐLĀCENDE

Noun: *dart-brandishing; spear-warriors.*

DAROÐSCEAFT

Noun: *spear, dart-shaft, javelin-shaft.*

DARU

Noun: *harm, hurt, injury, damage, calamity; loss, deprivation.*

DATĀRUM

Noun: *date.*

DATIA

Noun: *The Dacians.*

DAÐAN

Noun: *Dathan, one of the sons of Eliab.*

DAUID

Noun: *David.*

DAVĪDLIC

Adjective: *of David.*

DAVĪTIC

Adjective: *of David.*

DĒAD

Adjective: *torpid, dull; still, standing (of water); dead.*

DĒADBÆRE

Adjective: *deadly, death-bearing.*

DĒADBLŌD

Noun: *dead blood, congealed blood.*

DĒADBOREN

Adjective: *still-born, dead-borne.*

DĒADIAN

See *(ge)dēadian.*

DĒADLIC

Adjective: *deadly, mortal, perishable; causing death, deadly, fatal, dire; about to die, subject to immediate death.*

DĒADLĪCE

Adverb: *mortally, so as to cause death.*

DĒADRÆGEL

Noun: *garment of a dead person, shroud.*

DĒADSPRING

Noun: *malignant ulcer, carbuncle.*

DĒADSYNNIG

Adjective: *liable to the punishment of death, condemned to death, guilty of death.*

DĒADWYLLE

Adjective: *unproductive, barren.*

DĒAF

Adjective: *deaf, without hearing; empty; barren, sterile.*

DĒAFIAN

Verb: *to become or grow deaf or dull; to deaden.*

DĒAFNESS

Noun: *deafness.*

DĒAFU

Noun: *deafness.*

DĒAG

Noun: *color, dye, hue, tinge.*

DĒAGAN

Verb: *to color, dye.*

DĒAGGEDE

Adjective: *gouty.*

DĒAGIAN

See *(ge)dēagian.*

DĒAGUNG

Noun: *colouring, dyeing.*

DĒAGWYRMEDE

Adjective: *dew-wormed, gouty.*

DEALL

Adjective: *proud, exulting, bold, renowned, eminent.*

DEARF

Adjective: *bold.*

DEARFLIC

Adjective: *bold, presumptuous.*

DEARFSCIPE

Noun: *boldness, presumption.*

DEARNUNGA

Adverb: *secretly, privately, clandestinely.*

DEARRLĪC

Adjective: *daring, rash.*

DEARRSCIPE

Noun: *rashness, presumption.*

DĒAÐ

Noun: *DEATH, dying; cause of death; dead person, departed spirit; in pl. ghosts, manes.*

DĒAÐBÆRE

Adjective: *deadly.*

DĒAÐBÆRLIC

Adjective: *deadly.*

DĒAÐBÆRNES

Noun: *destruction, death, killing, mortification; pestilence.*

DĒAÐBĒACNIGENDE

Adjective: *threatening death.*

DĒAÐBĒAM

Noun: *tree of death.*

DĒAÐBEDD

Noun: *death-bed, grave.*

DĒAÐBERENDE

Adjective: *deadly, fatal, death-bearing.*

DĒAÐCWALU

Noun: *agony, deadly throe; deadly pain or plague; death by violence.*

DĒAÐCWEALM

Noun: *death by violence, slaughter.*

DĒAÐCWYLMENDE

Adjective: *destroyed, put to death, killed.*

DĒAÐDÆG

Noun: *day of death.*

DĒAÐDENU

Noun: *valley of death.*

DĒAÐDREPE

Noun: *death-stroke, death-blow.*

DĒAÐFÆGE

Adjective: *doomed to death.*

DĒAÐFIREN

Noun: *mortal sin.*

DĒAÐGEDĀL

Noun: *separation of body and soul by death.*

DĒAÐGODAS

Noun: *infernal deities.*

DĒAÐLĒG

Noun: *death flame.*

DĒAÐLIC

Adjective: *mortal, subject to death; mortal, grievous; dead; deadly.*

DĒAÐLICNES

Noun: *deadliness, mortality, liability to death; mortal state, mortal life, this World.*

DĒAÐMÆGEN

Noun: *deadly power or band.*

DĒAÐRÆCED

Noun: *death-house, sepulchre.*

DĒAÐRÆS

Noun: *sudden death, rushing of death.*

DĒAÐRĒAF

Noun: *garment of a dead person, spoils.*

DĒAÐRĒOW

Adjective: *fierce, savage, deadly cruel, murderous.*

DĒAÐSCŪA

Noun: *one who acts in the dark, devil, spirit of death; death, shadow of death.*

DĒAÐSCYLD

Noun: *capital crime, death-fault, crime worthy of death.*

DĒAÐSCYLDIG

Adjective: *condemned to death, death-guilty.*

DĒAÐSELE

Noun: *hell, death-hall.*

DĒAÐSLEGE

Noun: *death-stroke, death-blow.*

DĒAÐSPERE

Noun: *deadly spear.*

DĒAÐSTEDE

Noun: *place of death.*

DĒAÐSYNNIGNES

Noun: *guiltiness of death.*

DĒAÐÐĒNUNG

Noun: *ministration to the dead; pl. funerals, last offices to de dead, exequies.*

DĒAÐWANG

Noun: *plain of death.*

DĒAÐWĒGE

Noun: *deadly cup.*

DĒAÐWĒRIG

Adjective: *dead, death-weary.*

DĒAÐWĪC

Noun: *dwelling of death, mansion of death.*

DĒAÐWYRD

Noun: *fate, death.*

DĒAW

Noun: *dew.*

DĒAWDRĪAS

Noun: *fall of dew, dew-fall.*

DEAWIAN

Verb: *to dew, bedew.*

DĒAWIG

Adjective: *dewy, moist.*

DĒAWIGENDLIC

Adjective: *dewy.*

DĒAWIGFEÐERA

Adjective: *dewy-feathered.*

DĒAWUNG

Noun: *dew.*

DĒAWWYRM

Noun: *tetter, ringworm; itch-mite, foot worm.*

DECAN

Noun: *one who has charge of ten monks.*

DĒCAN

See *(ge)dēcan.*

DECANHĀD

Noun: *office of a decan; dignity of a decan.*

DECANON

Noun: *one who has charge of ten monks.*

DECEMBER

Noun: *December.*

DECLĪNIAN

Verb: *to decline (in grammar).*

DECLĪNIGENDLIC

Adjective: *declinable, subject to inflection.*

DECLĪNUNG

Noun: *declension.*

DEFENAS SCĪR

Noun: *Devonshire.*

DEFENAS

Noun: *Devonians, the inhabitants of Devonshire.*

DEFENISC

Adjective: *of or belonging to Devonshire.*

DĒFRE

Adjective: *timely, seasonable.*

DELAN

Verb: *to fall, sink.*

DĒLAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, distribute, dispense, bestow, hand over to, share; to spend; to take part in, share with; to be divided; to utter.*

DELFAN

Verb: *to delve, dig, dig out, excavate, burrow; to extract by digging; to bury.*

DELFERE

Noun: *digger.*

DELFĪN

Noun: *dolphin.*

DELFING

Noun: *delving, digging; exposing, laying bare.*

DELFĪSEN

Noun: *spade, digging-iron.*

DELFUNG

Noun: *delving, digging, exposing, laying bare.*

DELL

Noun: *dell, deep hollow or vale, dale.*

DELU

Noun: *teat, nipple.*

DĒMA

Noun: *thinker, judge; deemer; umpire; ruler.*

DĒMAN

See *(ge)dēman.*

DĒMEDLIC

Adjective: *that may be judged.*

DĒMEND

Noun: *judge, arbiter, umpire.*

DĒMERE

Noun: *deemer, judge.*

DEMM

Noun: *harm, damage, injure; misfortune, mischief; loss.*

DEMMAN

Verb: *to dam, stop water.*

DĒMON

Noun: *demon, devil.*

DENALAGU

Noun: *the law of the Danes, Danish law.*

DENBÆR

Noun: *swine-pasture.*

DENBERENDE

Noun: *swine-pasture.*

DENE

1. Noun: *The Danes.*

2. See *denu* (1).

DENELAND

Noun: *valley.*

DENEMEARC

Noun: *the land of the Danes, Denmark.*

DĒNGAN

Verb: *to beat, strike, knock, ding.*

DENISC

Adjective: *Danish.*

DENN

Noun: *den, lair, cave; swine-pasture.*

DENNIAN

Verb: *to become slippery; to stream.*

DENSÆTE

Noun: *dwellers in valleys or plains.*

DENSTŌW

Noun: *place of pasture.*

DENU

1. Noun: *plain, valley, dale, vale.*

2. See *denn*.

DĒOFOL

Noun: *demon, devil, evil spirit, false god; diabolical or wicked person; the devil.*

DĒOFOLCRÆFT

Noun: *witchcraft, devil-craft, the black art.*

DĒOFOLCUND

Adjective: *diabolical, fiendish.*

DĒOFOLCYNN

Noun: *species of devil.*

DĒOFOLDÆD

Noun: *devil or diabolical deed, fiendish deed.*

DĒOFOLGIELD

Noun: *idol, devil-worship, sacrifice to devils; idolatry; image of the devil.*

DĒOFOLGIELDA

Noun: *devil-worshipper, idolater.*

DĒOFOLGIELDHŪS

Noun: *idol-temple, heathen temple.*

DĒOFOLGĪTSUNG

Noun: *unrighteous mammon.*

DĒOFOLLIC

Adjective: *of the devil, diabolical, devilish; cruel, evil.*

DĒOFOLLĪCE

Adverb: *as a devil, like a devil; furiously, cruelly.*

DĒOFOLSCĪN

Noun: *evil spirit, phantom, demon, diabolical vision.*

DĒOFOLSCIPE

Noun: *idolatry.*

DĒOFOLSĒOC

Adjective: *possessed by devils, devil-sick, lunatic.*

DĒOFOLSĒOCNES

Noun: *demoniacal possession, devil-sickness.*

DĒOFOLWĪTGA

Noun: *wizard, magician, soothsayer, devil prophet.*

DĒON

See *(ge)dēon.*

DĒOP

1. Adjective: *deep, profound; serious, solemn, earnest, stern; mysterious; awful, heinous.*

2. Noun: *depth, deepness, abyss; sea, the deep; deep place in water, deep place on land.*

DĒOPE

Adverb: *deeply, profoundly, thoroughly, entirely; solemnly, earnestly.*

DĒOPHYCGENDE

Adjective: *deeply meditating, pensive.*

DĒOPHŸDIG

Adjective: *deeply meditating, thoughtful, pensive.*

DĒOPIAN

See *(ge)dēopian.*

DĒOPLIC

Adjective: *deep, profound, thorough; fundamental; grievous, terrible.*

DĒOPLĪCE

Adverb: *deeply, profoundly, thoroughly; ingeniously.*

DĒOPNES

Noun: *depth, deepness, abyss, profundity; deep place; mystery; subtlety, cunning.*

DĒOPÞĀCE

Adverb: *with depth of thought, with profound learning.*

DĒOPÞANCENLĪCE

Adverb: *with depth of thought, with profound learning.*

DĒOPÞANCOL

Adjective: *very thoughtful, profoundly thoughtful, deep-thought, contemplative.*

DĒOR Bȳ

Noun: *Derby.*

DĒOR

1. Noun: *animal, beast; deer, reindeer.*

2. Adjective: *brave, bold; ferocious, violent; grievous, severe, heavy, dire, vehement.*

3. See *dēore* (1).

4. See *dēore* (2).

DĒORAN

See *(ge)dēoran.*

DĒORBOREN

Adjective: *noble, of noble birth.*

DĒORBȳSCĪR

Noun: *Derbyshire.*

DEORC

Adjective: *dark, obscure, gloomy; sad, cheerless, gloomy; sinister, wicked; horrible, dreadful, gloomy.*

DEORCE

Adverb: *darkly; sadly.*

DEORCEGRÆG

Adjective: *dark grey.*

DEORCFUL

Adjective: *dark, darksome, gloomy.*

DEORCIAN

Verb: *to darken, grow dark or dim.*

DEORCLĪCE

Adverb: *darkly, horribly, foully.*

DEORCNES

Noun: *darkness, obscurity.*

DEORCUNG

Noun: *twilight, gloaming.*

DĒORCYNN

Noun: *race of animals, species of (wild) beast, animal or beast-kind.*

DĒORE

1. Adjective: *dear, beloved; costly, valuable, precious; excellent, glorious, magnificent; noble, illustrious; desirable.*

2. Adverb: *fiercely, cruelly; dearly, with kindness; dearly, at great cost.*

DĒOREN

Adjective: *of or belonging to a wild animal.*

DEORF

See *(ge)deorf.*

DĒORFALD

Noun: *enclosure or cage for wild beast.*

DEORFAN

See *(ge)deorfan.*

DĒORFELLEN

Adjective: *made of hides, made of beast-skins.*

DĒORFRIÐ

Noun: *preservation of game, deer-protection.*

DĒORGĒAT

Noun: *gate for animals.*

DĒORHĀM

Noun: *Derham, Gloucestershire, Dereham, Norfolk.*

DĒORHEGE

Noun: *deer-enclosure or fence, deer-park.*

DĒORHYRST

Noun: *Deerhurst, Gloucestershire.*

DĒORLIC

Adjective: *brave, bold; renowned.*

DĒORLĪCE

Adverb: *worthily, preciously, dearly, richly; sincerely; acceptably.*

DĒORLING

Noun: *darling, favourite minion, king's favourite; household god.*

DĒORMŌD

Adjective: *brave, bold, courageous.*

DĒORNETT

Noun: *hunting-net, beast-net.*

DĒORTŪN

Noun: *park, deer-inclosure.*

DEORWENTE

Noun: *the river Derwent, in Yorkshire, Derbyshire, Cumberland, and Durham.*

DĒORWIERÐE

Adjective: *of great worth or value, costly, precious, dear; noble, excellent.*

DĒORWYRÐLIC

Adjective: *valuable, costly, precious.*

DĒORWYRÐLĪCE

Adverb: *richly, sumptuously; splendidly, gloriously; as of great value, in high esteem.*

DĒORWYRÐNES

Noun: *precious thing, treasure; honour, veneration.*

DĒPROBANE

Noun: *an island in the Indian ocean, Ceylon.*

DĒRA

Noun: *The Deirans, inhabitants of Deira.*

DERIAN

Verb: *to harm, hurt, damage, injure.*

DERIENDLIC

Adjective: *hurtful, injurious, noxious; mischievous.*

DERODINE

Noun: *scarlet dye.*

DERUNG

Noun: *harming, injury.*

DĒÐING

Noun: *putting to deathm killing.*

DĒÐÐAN

Verb: *to suck.*

DĪACON

Noun: *minister, minister of the church, deacon; Levite.*

DĪACONGEGYRELA

Noun: *deacon's vestment, deacon's robe.*

DĪACONHĀD

Noun: *deaconhood, deaconship.*

DĪACONROCC

Noun: *dalmatic.*

DĪACONÐĒNUNG

Noun: *duty or office of a deacon.*

DĪC

Noun: *dike, bank, ditch, trench; excavation, moat, pit; earthwork with a trench.*

DĪCERE

Noun: *digger, ditcher.*

DĪCIAN

See *(ge)dīcian.*

DĪCSCEARD

Noun: *breach of a dike.*

DĪCSTICCE

Noun: *stick supporting a dike.*

DĪCUNG

Noun: *digging, ditching, construction of a dike.*

DĪCWALU

Noun: *bank of a ditch.*

DĪCWEALL

Noun: *ditch-wall.*

DIEGAN

Verb: *to die.*

DĪEGLAN

See *(ge)dīedlan.*

DĪEGOL

1. Adjective: *hidden, secret, occult; private; unknown; abstruse; dark, obscure; deep, profound.*

2. Noun: *secret, concealment; mystery; darkness, obscurity; hidden or secret place, grave.*

DĪEGOLFUL

Adjective: *mysterious, full of secret.*

DĪEGOLLĪCE

See *(ge)dīegollīce.*

DĪEGOLNES

Noun: *solitude, solitariness; secrecy, secret thought, privacy; mystery; hiding-place, recess.*

DIEND

Noun: *suckling.*

DĪERE

Adjective: *dear, beloved; costly, precious; noble, excellent.*

DĪERLINGÐEGN

Noun: *favourite follower.*

DIERNAN

See *(ge)diernan.*

DIERNE

1. Adjective: *hidden, concealed, secret; obscure; remote, retired; magical; deceitful, evil.*

2. Adjective: *secret.*

DĪGAN

Verb: *to die.*

DĪGLE

1. Adverb: *secretly*

2. See *dīegol* (1).

3. See *dīegol* (2).

DIGNERAS

Noun: *small pieces of money.*

DIHT

1. Noun: *order, arrangement, disposal, disposition; order, command, direction, dictating, prescription, precept; purpose, deliberation, contriving; administration, office.*

2. Noun: *saying, dictum, oracle.*

DIHTAN

See *(ge)dihtan.*

DIHTEND

Noun: *director, ruler.*

DIHTERE

Noun: *informant, expositor, expounder; manager, arranger; steward; one who dictates.*

DIHTFÆSTENDÆG

Noun: *appointed fast.*

DIHTNERE

1. Noun: *arranger, manager, steward.*

2. See *dihtere.*

DIHTNIAN

See *(ge)dihtnian.*

DIHTNUNG

See *(ge)dihtnung.*

DILE

Noun: *dill, anise.*

DĪLEGIAN

See *(ge)dīlegian*.

DĪLIGNES

Noun: *destruction, extermination, annihilation.*

DIMHĪW

Adjective: *dark-coloured, gloomy.*

DIMHOF

Noun: *place of concealment, hiding or lurking-place.*

DIMHOFE

Noun: *place of concealment, hiding or lurking-place.*

DIMHŪS

Noun: *prison, dungeon.*

DIMLIC

Adjective: *dim, obscure; hidden, concealed, secret*.

DIMM

Adjective: *dim, dark, obscure, gloomy; blurred, faint; hidden; wicked; sad, unhappy, grievous, wretched.*

DIMMIAN

Verb: *to be or become dim.*

DIMNES

Noun: *dimness, darkness, obscurity, gloom; obscuration, dark place; moral obliquity, evil*.

DIMSCŪA

Noun: *dimness, darkness; sin.*

DINGIUNG

Noun: *dunging, manuring.*

DINNE

Noun: *storm, tempest; noise; dashing.*

DĪNOR

Noun: *coin, a piece of money.*

DIRIGE

Noun: *dirge, the first word of the antiphon.*

DIRNECEORL

Noun: *secret lover*.

DISC

Noun: *dish, plate, bowl.*

DISCBEREND

Noun: *dish-bearer, seneschal.*

DISCIPUL

Noun: *scholar, disciple.*

DISCIPULA

Noun: *female disciple.*

DISCIPULHĀD

Noun: *disciplehood, pupilage.*

DISCÐEGN

Noun: *dish-bearer, dish-servant, seneschal, waiter, steward, minister of food; sewer.*

DISM

Noun: *vapor, fumus.*

DISMA

Noun: *musk, cassia.*

DISME

Noun: *musk, moss, cassi, the herb tansy.*

DISTÆF

Noun: *distaff.*

DŌC

Noun: *bastard son; hybrid, mongrel.*

DOCCE

Noun: *dock, sorrel.*

DOCGA

Noun: *dog (referring to cruel persons).*

DŌCINCEL

Noun: *bastard child.*

DŌERE

Noun: *doer, worker.*

DOFERE

Noun: *Dover.*

DOFIAN

Verb: *to be doting or stupid.*

DOFUNG

Noun: *absurdity, stupidity, madness, frenzy.*

DOGIAN

Verb: *to bear, suffer, endure.*

DŌGOR

Noun: *day.*

DŌGORGERĪM

Noun: *time, allotted time of life, number or series of days.*

DOHTIG

Adjective: *good, competent; doughty, valiant, strong.*

DOHTOR

Noun: *daughter, female descendant; doctor.*

DOHTORSUNU

Noun: *grandson, daughter's son.*

DOL

1. Adjective: *dull, silly, foolish; erring, heretical; presumptuous.*

2. Noun: *folly, stupidity.*

DOLG

Noun: *wound, scar, cut, gash; sore; boil, tumour.*

DOLGBENN

Noun: *wound.*

DOLGBŌT

Noun: *fine or compensation for wounding.*

DOLGIAN

See *(ge)dolgian.*

DOLGILP

Noun: *foolish pride, idle boasting, vain-glory.*

DOLGRŪNE

Noun: *the herb pellitory of the wall.*

DOLGSEALF

Noun: *poultice for a wound, wound salve.*

DOLGSLEGE

Noun: *wounding blow.*

DOLGSWÆÐ

Noun: *scar, trace of a wound.*

DOLGSWÆÐU

Noun: *scars.*

DOLHDRENC

Noun: *antidote, drink or potion for a wound.*

DOLHSMELTAS

Noun: *linen bandages.*

DOLHWUND

Adjective: *wounded.*

DOLLIC

Adjective: *audacious, rash, foolhardy, foolish.*

DOLLĪCE

Adverb: *rashly, foolishly; bewildered.*

DOLSCEAÐA

Noun: *rash or foolish robber, robber who wounds, fell destroyer.*

DOLSCIPE

Noun: *error, folly, foolishness.*

DOLSPRÆC

Noun: *vain talk, foolish or silly talk; loquacity.*

DOLWILLEN

1. Adjective: *bold, rash, mad.*

2. Noun: *rashness, madness.*

DOLWĪTE

Noun: *pain of a wound; punishment for audacity; temerity, fool-hardiness; punishment of the wicked, pains of hell.*

DŌM

Noun: *judgment, sentence, doom, ordeal; law, decree, ordinance; custom; equity, justice; opinion, advice; option, choice, free-will; discretion; condition; authority, power, might, judicial body, court; supremacy, majesty; command, ruling, governing; dignity, reputation, praise, honour, glory, splendour; assembly, court, tribunal; sense, meaning, interpretation; state, condition; question.*

DŌMÆRN

Noun: *tribunal, judgment-place, court-house.*

DŌMBŌC

Noun: *doom-book, code of laws, statute-book, manual of justice.*

DŌMDÆG

Noun: *doomsday, judgment-day.*

DŌMĒADIG

Adjective: *mighty, blessed with power, renowned.*

DŌMERE

Noun: *judge.*

DOMERHĀM

Noun: *Damerham, Wiltshire.*

DŌMFÆST

Adjective: *just, firm in judgement; powerful, mighty, renowned.*

DŌMFÆSTNES

Noun: *firmness of judgment; righteous judgement.*

DŌMGEORN

Adjective: *ambitious, eager for justice; just, righteous; virtuous.*

DŌMHŪS

Noun: *judgement house, tribunal, law-court.*

DŌMHWÆT

Adjective: *strenuous in judgment; eager for renown.*

DŌMIAN

Verb: *to praise, glorify; to magnify.*

DŌMISC

Adjective: *of doomsday, of the day of judgment, of the final judgement.*

DŌMLĒAS

Adjective: *inglorious, powerless, hapless.*

DŌMLIC

Adjective: *famous, glorious, praiseworthy; judicial; canonical.*

DŌMLĪCE

Adverb: *powerfully, judicially; gloriously.*

DOMMOCCEASTER

Noun: *Dunwich, Suffolk.*

DOMNE

Noun: *lord; nun, abbess.*

DŌMSETL

Noun: *judgment-seat, tribunal.*

DŌMSETTEND

Noun: *lawyer, judge, jurisconsult.*

DŌMSTŌW

Noun: *judgement-place, tribunal.*

DŌMWEORÐUNG

Noun: *honour, glory.*

DŌN

Verb: *to do, make, act, perform; to put, place; to make, cause; to take (from, to or away); to take, bring; to give, confer, bestow; to consider, esteem; to observe, keep; to give, supply, furnish.*

DONAFELD

Noun: *Tanfield, near Ripon, Yorkshire.*

DŌNLIC

Adjective: *active.*

DONUA

Noun: *The river Danube.*

DOOC

Noun: *the south wind.*

DOPENED

Noun: *diver; water-fowl, dipping-duck, fen-duck, moorhen, coot.*

DOPFUGEL

Noun: *diver; water-fowl, dipping-fowl, gull, moorhen.*

DOPPETTAN

Verb: *to dip in, plunge in, immerse.*

DOR

1. Noun: *door, gate, opening, pass.*

2. Noun: *Dore, Derbyshire.*

DORA

Noun: *humble-bee, dumble-dore.*

DORCECEASTER

Noun: *Dorchester, chief town of Dorsetshire.*

DORMCEASTER

Noun: *Dornford or Dorgford, in Huntingdonshire, on the river Nen.*

DORNSÆTE

Noun: *inhabitants or men of Dorsetshire.*

DORWEARD

Noun: *doorkeeper, porter, janitor.*

DORWITCEASTER

Noun: *Canterbury.*

DOTT

Noun: *dot, peck, small spot; head of a boil.*

DOX

Adjective: *dark-coloured, dark-haired, dusky.*

DOXIAN

Verb: *to turn dark, become dark-coloured.*

DRABBE

Noun: *drab, dregs, lees.*

DRACA

Noun: *sea-monster, serpent, dragon; the serpent, the devil.*

DRACANBLŌD

Noun: *dragon's blood, pigment obtained from the dragon's blood-tree.*

DRĀCENTSE

Noun: *dragon-wort.*

DRACU

Noun: *affliction, trouble.*

DRÆDAN

Verb: *to fear, dread.*

DRĀFAN

See *(ge)drǣfan.*

DRÆFEND

Noun: *hunter.*

DRÆGE

Noun: *drag, drag-net.*

DRÆGNETT

Noun: *drag-net.*

DRÆSTIG

Adjective: *full of dregs, feculent, rubbishy.*

DRĀF

Noun: *driving out, expulsion; drove, herd; band, company; road along which cattle are driven.*

DRAGAN

See *(ge)dragan.*

DRĀN

Noun: *drone.*

DRĒAHNIAN

Verb: *to drain, strain out.*

DRĒAM

Noun: *joy, gladness, rejoicing, delight, mirth, jubilation, ecstasy, frenzy, rapture; melody, harmony, music, song, singing, rapturous music; instrument of music.*

DRĒAMCRÆFT

Noun: *art of music, music.*

DRĒAMERE

Noun: *musician.*

DRĒAMHÆBBENDE

Adjective: *happy, joyful, possessing bliss.*

DRĒAMHEALDENDE

Adjective: *happy, joyful.*

DRĒAMLĒAS

Adjective: *sad, joyless.*

DRĒAMLIC

Adjective: *joyous, musical.*

DRĒAMNES

Noun: *singing.*

DRĒARIEND

Noun: *inrushing tide.*

DRECCAN

See *(ge)dreccan.*

DRECCEDNES

See *(ge)dreccednes.*

DRECCUNG

See *(ge)dreccung.*

DRĒFAN

See *(ge)drēfan.*

DRĒFEDNES

See *(ge)drēfednes.*

DREFELA

Noun: *driveller, slobberer.*

DRĒFEND

See *(ge)drēfend.*

DREFLIAN

Verb: *to drivel; to slaver, drool, sniffle.*

DRĒFLIENDE

Adjective: *troubled with rheum.*

DRĒFRE

Noun: *disturber, turbulent person.*

DRĒFUNG

Noun: *disturbance.*

DRĒGAN

Verb: *to dry, dry up, rub dry.*

DRENC

Noun: *drink, dose, drench; cup, draught; drowning.*

DRENCAN

Verb: *to give drink; to make drunk; to intoxicate; to drench, saturate, soak; to submerge, plunge, drown, sink.*

DRENCCUPPE

Noun: *drinking-vessel, cup.*

DRENCFLŌD

Noun: *flood, deluge.*

DRENCHORN

Noun: *drinking-horn.*

DRENCHŪS

Noun: *drinking-house.*

DRENG

Noun: *youth; warrior, soldier.*

DRĒOGAN

See *(ge)drēogan.*

DRĒOHLÆCAN

Noun: *magicians, sorcerers.*

DRĒOPAN

See *(ge)drēopan.*

DRĒOPIAN

Verb: *to drop, drip, trickle.*

DRĒOPUNG

Noun: *dropping, dripping.*

DRĒOR

Noun: *blood.*

DRĒORFĀH

Adjective: *stained with gore.*

DRĒORIG

Adjective: *bloody, blood-stained, gory; sad, dreary, sorrowful, mournful; causing grief, grievous, cruel, horrid; headlong.*

DRĒORIGFERÐ

Adjective: *sad in soul, sorrowful.*

DRĒORIGHLĒOR

Adjective: *sad of countenance.*

DRĒORIGIAN

Verb: *to be or become sad or dreary.*

DRĒORIGLĪCE

Adverb: *drearily, sorrowfully, mournfully.*

DRĒORIGMŌD

Adjective: *sad of mind.*

DRĒORIGNES

Noun: *sadness, dreariness, sorrow.*

DRĒORILIC

Adjective: *bloody, blood-stained; sad, sorrowful, mournful; grievous, cruel, horrid; headlong.*

DRĒORSELE

Noun: *dreary, desolate-looking hall.*

DRĒORUNG

Noun: *falling, dropping, distilling.*

DRĒOSAN

See *(ge)drēosan.*

DRĒOSENDLIC

Adjective: *perishable.*

DREPAN

See *(ge)drepan.*

DREPE

Noun: *stroke, blow, violent death, slaying; stripe.*

DREPEN

Noun: *stroke.*

DRĪAS

Noun: *falling, fall.*

DRIF

See *(ge)drif*.

DRĪFAN

See *(ge)drīfan*.

DRIFFELD

Noun: *Great Driffield, in the East Riding of Yorkshire*.

DRIHT

Noun: *Driht the Lord*.

DRIHTNES

Noun: *of the Lord*.

DRINC

See *(ge)drinc*.

DRINCAN

See *(ge)drincan*.

DRINCERE

Noun: *drinker, drunkard, wine-bibber*.

DRINGLAGU

Noun: *drinking-law*.

DRISNE

Noun: *false hair, wig; fibrous growths, hair-like fibres or filaments in plants, hair-like flaws in gems; tree-tops*.

DRĪTING

Noun: *the voiding of excrement*.

DRŌF

See *(ge)drōf*.

DRŌFDENU

Noun: *den or valley where droves of cattle feed*.

DRŌFE

Adverb: *grievously, with trouble; severely*.

DRŌFIG

Adjective: *troubled*.

DRŌFLIC

Adjective: *sad, disturbed, agitated; irksome, troublesome, tormenting*.

DRŌFMAN

Noun: *drove-man, cattle-keeper*.

DRŌFNYS

Noun: *dirtiness; sedition.*

DROGE

Noun: *dung, excrement.*

DROHT

1. Noun: *manner or condition of life.*

2. Noun: *pull, draught; pull of the oars.*

DROHTAÐ

Noun: *condition, life, manner or way of life, conduct; environment, society; conversation; employment.*

DROHTIAN

Verb: *to live, lead a life, behave, conduct oneself; to continue; to carry out a practice; to associate with, dwell or keep company with; to converse.*

DROHTNUNG

See *(ge)drohtnung.*

DROPA

Noun: *drop; disease, paralysis, gout, choler, humour.*

DROPFĀG

1. Adjective: *spotted, variegated in spots, speckled, drop-coloured.*

2. Noun: *starling.*

DROPIAN

Verb: *to drop, drip, trickle.*

DROPMÆLUM

Adverb: *by drops, drop by drop.*

DROPPETAN

Verb: *to drop, drip, fall by drops, distil.*

DROPPETUNG

Noun: *dropping, dripping, falling by drops.*

DRŌS

Noun: *sediment, lees, dregs; dross, dirt, filth; ear-wax.*

DROSENLĪC

Adjective: *weak, brittle.*

DRŌSNE

Noun: *grounds, sediment, lees, dregs; dirt; ear-wax.*

DRUGIAN

Verb: *to become dry; to wither.*

DRŪGIAN

See *(ge)drūgian*.

DRŪGOÐ

Noun: *dryness, drought; dry place, desert*.

DRŪGOÐA

Noun: *dryness, drought; dry place, desert*.

DRŪGUNG

Noun: *dryness, drought; dry place, desert*.

DRUH

Noun: *something dry*.

DRUNCEN

1. Noun: *drunkenness*.

2. Adjective: *refreshed; drunk, drunken*.

DRUNCENGEORN

Adjective: *drink-desirous, drunken*.

DRUNCENHĀD

Noun: *drunkenness*.

DRUNCENIG

Adjective: *drunken*.

DRUNCENLÆT

Adjective: *slow*.

DRUNCENLÆWE

Adjective: *inebrians*.

DRUNCENNES

Noun: *drunkenness*.

DRUNCENSCIPE

Noun: *drunkenness*.

DRUNCENWILLEN

Adjective: *drunken*.

DRUNCMENNEN

Noun: *drunken maid-servant*.

DRUNCNIAN

See *(ge)druncnian*.

DRUNCNING

Noun: *a making drunk*.

DRŪPUNG

Noun: *drooping, dejection, torpor.*

DRŪSAN

Verb: *to drowse, become low, slow or inactive; to sink.*

DRŪSIAN

Verb: *to become sluggish, droop, stagnant, turbid.*

DRŪT

Noun: *friend, beloved one.*

DRŸ

Noun: *wizard, magician, sorcerer; sorcery.*

DRŸCRÆFT

Noun: *magic, sorcery, witchcraft; magic art or practice; magician's apparatus.*

DRŸCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *skilful in magic or sorcery; magical.*

DRŸCRÆFTIGA

Noun: *sorcerer.*

DRŸFAN

Verb: *to disturb, excite, afflict, trouble, stir up, vex.*

DRŸGAN

See *(ge)drȳgan.*

DRŸGE

Adjective: *dry, parched, withered.*

DRŸGNES

Noun: *dryness.*

DRŸGSCĒOD

Adjective: *dry-shod.*

DRYHT

See *(ge)dryht.*

DRYHTBEARN

Noun: *child of the people, noble child, princely youth.*

DRYHTCWĒN

Noun: *noble queen.*

DRYHTDŌM

Noun: *noble judgement.*

DRYHTEALDORMAN

Noun: *the rules of a household, meeting or feast, the lord of a feast; bridesman.*

DRYHTEN

1. Noun: *ruler, lord, prince, king; God, Christ, The Lord.*

2. Adjective: *Lordly, royal.*

DRYHTENBĒAG

Noun: *payment (to a lord) for killing a freeman; lord-ring.*

DRYHTENBEALU

Noun: *great misfortune, profound misery, extreme evil.*

DRYHTENDŌM

Noun: *lordship, sovereignty, majesty.*

DRYHTENHOLD

Adjective: *loyal to one's lord.*

DRYHTENLIC

Adjective: *belonging to the Lord, divine.*

DRYHTENLĪCE

Adverb: *according to the Lord, by the Lord.*

DRYHTENWEARD

Noun: *lord, king.*

DRYHTFOLC

Noun: *people, multitude, nation, troop.*

DRYHTGESĪÐ

Noun: *associate, attendant, retainer; warrior.*

DRYHTGESTRĒON

Noun: *nation's or people's treasure, princely treasure.*

DRYHTGUMA

Noun: *man, popular man, man of the people; retainer, follower, bridesman; warrior; pl. men.*

DRYHTLĒOÐ

Noun: *hymn, national song, lordly song.*

DRYHTLIC

Adjective: *distinguished, noble, lordly.*

DRYHTLĪCE

Adverb: *in a lordly manner; divinely.*

DRYHTMANN

Noun: *retainer, bridesman; warrior.*

DRYHTMĀÐM

Noun: *noble or lordly treasure, princely treasure.*

DRYHTNĒ

Noun: *dead body of a host; warrior's corpse.*

DRYHTSCIPE

Noun: *rulership, lordship, domination; dignity, virtue, valour, heroic deeds.*

DRYHTSELE

Noun: *princely hall or dwelling.*

DRYHTSIBB

Noun: *peace, peace between two nations, high alliance; lordly kinship.*

DRYHTWĒMEND

Noun: *bridesman.*

DRYHTWĒMERE

Noun: *bridesman.*

DRYHTWERAS

Noun: *men, chieftains.*

DRYHTWUNIENDE

Adjective: *living among people.*

DRYHTWURÐ

Adjective: *divine.*

DRYHTWURÐA

Noun: *theologian, divine.*

DRŸICGE

Noun: *sorceress, witch.*

DRŸLĀC

Noun: *sorcery, magic.*

DRŸLIC

Adjective: *of magic, magical.*

DRŸMAN

Verb: *to rejoice, be joyful; to make a joyous sound, play on an instrument, sing a song, sing aloud.*

DRŸMANN

Noun: *magician, sorcerer.*

DRŸME

See *(ge)drŷme.*

DRŸMING

Noun: *soft or murmuring noise.*

DRYNC

Noun: *drink, potion, beverage; cup, draught.*

DRYNCEHORN

Noun: *drinking-horn.*

DRYNCELĒAN

Noun: *scot-ale, the ale given by a seller to a buyer on concluding a bargain; entertainment given by the lord of the manor.*

DRYNCFÆT

Noun: *drinking-vessel, cup.*

DRYNCGEMETT

Noun: *measure of drink.*

DRYNCWĪRIG

Adjective: *satisfied with drinking, drink weary, drunk, stupid with drink.*

DRŸPAN

Verb: *to drop, cause to fall in drops; to moisten.*

DRYPPAN

Verb: *to drip.*

DRYRE

Noun: *ceasing, decline, fall; deposit.*

DRŸSCĒOD

Adjective: *dry-shod.*

DRYSLIC

Adjective: *fearful, terrible.*

DRYSMIAN

Verb: *to make sad; to mourn; to become dark, obscure or gloomy.*

DRYSNAN

See *(ge)drysnan.*

DRYSNE

Adjective: *terrible.*

DUBBIAN

Verb: *to dub, knight, strike (by striking with a sword); to create.*

DŪCE

Noun: *duck.*

DŪFAN

Verb: *to dive, sink, duck.*

DŪFEDOPPA

Noun: *pelican.*

DUGAN

Verb: *to avail, be worth, able, capable of, competent or good for anything, be fit; to thrive, be strong; to be good, virtuous, kind, honest, bountiful or liberal.*

DUGUÐ

1. Noun: *people, manhood, men; host, multitude, troops, army; the nobles, nobility; attendant; the heaven lost; virtue, power, strength; glory, majesty, magnificence, excellence; ornament; good, gain, advantage; happiness, prosperity, riches, blessings, salvation; gift, benefit, profit, wealth, prosperity; that which is fit, suitable or seemly.*

2. Adjective: *good, virtuous, honourable.*

DUGUÐA

Adverb: *splendidly.*

DUGUÐGIFU

Noun: *liberality, munificence.*

DUGUÐLIC

Adjective: *chief, authoritative, noble.*

DUGUÐLĪCE

Adverb: *with authority.*

DUGUÐMIHT

Noun: *supreme power.*

DUGUÐNÆMERE

Noun: *inhabitant; one who takes a benefit.*

DULMUNUS

Noun: *the warship of the Greeks.*

DUMB

Adjective: *dumb, mute, silent, speechless.*

DUMBNES

Noun: *dumbness, speechlessness.*

DUMLE

Noun: *pelican.*

DŪN

1. Noun: *down, hill, mountain; moor; height.*

2. Adjective: *hilly, mountainous.*

3. See *dune.*.

DŪNÆLF

Noun: *mountain fairy or elf.*

DŪNE

Adverb: *down, downwards.*

DŪNEĀSTĪGAN

Verb: *to descend.*

DŪNELFEN

Noun: *down or mountain fairy or elf.*

DŪNESTĪGAN

Verb: *to descend.*

DŪNESTĪGENDE

Adjective: *descending.*

DŪNEWARD

Adverb: *downwards.*

DUNFEALU

Adjective: *dun or tawny colour.*

DUNG

1. Noun: *prison, dungeon, subterranean chamber.*

2. Noun: *dung.*

DUNGRÆG

Adjective: *dark, dusky; dark-grey.*

DŪNHOLM

Noun: *Durham.*

DŪNHUNIG

Noun: *downland honey.*

DŪNIAN

Verb: *to fall down.*

DUNIENDLIC

Adjective: *falling down, tottering.*

DŪNIG

Adjective: *down, mountain.*

DŪNLAND

Noun: *down or hilly land, open country.*

DŪNLENDISC

Adjective: *hilly, mountainous land.*

DŪNLIC

Adjective: *of a mountain, mountain-dwelling.*

DUNN

Adjective: *dun, dark-coloured, dingy brown.*

DUNNANTŪN

Noun: *Dunna's town, Dunnington.*

DUNNIAN

Verb: *to darken, obscure; to grow dark, become invisible.*

DŪNSÆTE

Noun: *Mountaineers, inhabitants of the mountains of Wales.*

DŪNSCRÆF

Noun: *mountain or hill-cave.*

DŪNSTĀN

Noun: *Dunstan.*

DŪNSTRÆT

Noun: *hilly road.*

DŪRELĒAS

Adjective: *doorless.*

DURHERE

Noun: *folding-door.*

DURRAN

Verb: *to dare, venture; to presume.*

DURSTODL

Noun: *door-post.*

DURU

Noun: *door, gate, wicked, opening.*

DURUHALDEND

Noun: *doorkeeper.*

DURUÐEGN

Noun: *door-keeper.*

DURUÐĪNEN

Noun: *female door-keeper.*

DURUWEARD

Noun: *door-ward, doorkeeper.*

DŪST

Noun: *dust.*

DŪSTDRENC

Noun: *drink made of the seeds of herbs rubbed to dust.*

DŪSTIG

Adjective: *dusty.*

DŪSTSCĒAWUNG

Noun: *contemplation of dust; visit to a grave.*

DŪSTSWERM

Noun: *dust-like swarm, cloud of dust; atoms.*

DŪÐHAMOR

Noun: *papyrus; sedge.*

DWÆS

See *(ge)dwæs.*

DWÆSCAN

See *(ge)dwæscan.*

DWÆSIAN

Verb: *to become foolish or stupid.*

DWÆSLIC

Adjective: *foolish, silly, stupid.*

DWÆSLĪCE

Adverb: *foolishly, stupidly.*

DWÆSNES

Noun: *foolishness, stupidity, dullness.*

DWĀSLIHT

Noun: *false light.*

DWELAN

Verb: *to err, be led into error.*

DWELLAN

Verb: *to prevent, mislead, hinder, delay; to deceive, lead astray; to err, be lead astray, wander; to continue, remain; to dwell.*

DWELSIAN

Verb: *to wander, stray.*

DWEOLIGAN

Verb: *to err, wander; to deceive, lead astray; to prevent, hinder; to be lead astray.*

DWEORG

Noun: *dwarf.*

DWEORGEDWOSLE

Noun: *pennyroyal (a kind of herb), flea-bane.*

DWILD

See *(ge)dwild.*

DWILMAN

Verb: *to confuse, perplex, confound.*

DWIMOR

See *(ge)dwimor.*

DWĪNAN

Verb: *to dwindle, fade or pine away, waste away, languish, disappear.*

DWOLA

See *(ge)dwola.*

DWOLCRÆFT

See *(ge)dwolcræft.*

DWOLIAN

See *(ge)dwolian.*

DWOLIGENDLIC

Adjective: *heretical.*

DWOLLIC

Adjective: *foolish; erroneous, heretical.*

DWOLLĪCE

See *(ge)dwollīce.*

DWOLMA

See *(ge)dwolma.*

DWOLMAN

See *(ge)dwolman.*

DWOLSCIPE

Noun: *error.*

DWOLÐING

Noun: *erroneous thing, deceit, imposture; idol; sorcery, magical delusion.*

DWOLUNG

Noun: *absurdity, foolishness, folly; insanity, dotage.*

DYBBIAN

Verb: *to pay attention to.*

DȳDAN

Verb: *to put to death, kill.*

DYDRIAN

Verrb: *to deceive, delude.*

DYDRIN

Noun: *yolk.*

DYDRUNG

Noun: *illusion, delusion; pretence.*

DȳFAN

See *(ge)dȳfan.*

DYFEN

Noun: *desert; reward.*

DȳFING

Noun: *immersion, diving.*

DYFLEN

Noun: *Dublin.*

DYHTAN

Verb: *to arrange, dispose, appoint; to direct, dictate, impose; to write, compose; to do, make.*

DYLMENGON

Noun: *dissimulation.*

DYLSTA

Noun: *mucus, matter, festering matter; corruption; filth.*

DYLSTIHT

Adjective: *mattery, mucous.*

DYNCGE

Noun: *litter, dung, manure; ploughed land, fallow land, manure land.*

DYNE

See *(ge)dyne.*

DYNIAN

Verb: *to make a noise, din, resound.*

DȳNIGE

Noun: *name of a plant.*

DYNT

Noun: *blow, stroke, dint, bruise; thud; stripe.*

DŸPAN

1. Verb: *baptize; to dip.*

2. Verb: *to make greater, increase, augment; to make deep, deepen.*

DYPLE

Adjective: *double.*

DYPPAN

Verb: *to dip, immerse; to baptize.*

DYRFAN

See *(ge)dyrfan.*

DYRFING

Noun: *affliction, molestation.*

DYRNEFORLEGEN

Adjective: *adulterous, guilty of fornication.*

DYRNEFORLEGERNES

Noun: *fornication.*

DYRNEGELEGERSCIPE

Noun: *fornication, adultery.*

DYRNEGELIGERE

1. Noun: *secret lying, fornication, adultery.*

2. Noun: *fornicator.*

DYRNELEGER

Adjective: *adulterous.*

DYRNELEGERE

1. Adverb: *licentiously.*

2. See *dyrnegeligre* (1).

DYRNGEWRIT

Noun: *secret writing, pl. The Apocrypha.*

DYRNHÆMENDE

Adjective: *fornicating, adulterous.*

DYRNLIC

Adjective: *secret.*

DYRNLĪCE

Adverb: *secretly.*

DYRNLICGAN

Verb: *to fornicate, commit adultery, lie secretly.*

DYRNMAGA

Noun: *president at mysteries.*

DYRSTIG

See *(ge)dyrstig.*

DYRSTIGLĪCE

See *(ge)dyrstiglīce.*

DYRSTIGNES

See *(ge)dyrstignes.*

DYRSTLÆCAN

See *(ge)dyrstlæcan.*

DYRSTLÆCUNG

Noun: *courage, boldness.*

DYSGIAN

See *(ge)dysgian.*

DYSGUNG

Noun: *folly, madness; foolishness, silliness.*

DYSIAN

Verb: *to be foolish, act foolishly; to err, make mistake; to talk foolishly, blaspheme.*

DYSIG

1. Adjective: *ignorant, unwise, foolish, stupid; dizzy; weak.*

2. Noun: *folly; ignorance, foolishness; error.*

3. Noun: *fool; folly.*

DYSIGCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *skilled in foolish arts.*

DYSIGDŌM

Noun: *folly; ignorance, foolishness.*

DYSIGIAN

Verb: *to be foolish; to act foolishly, err; to talk foolishly, blaspheme.*

DYSIGLIC

Adjective: *foolish.*

DYSIGLĪCE

Adverb: *foolishly.*

DYSIGNES

Noun: *folly, madness; blasphemy; foolish, irrational or erroneous practice.*

DYSLIC

Adjective: *foolish, stupid.*

DYSLĪCE

Adverb: *foolishly.*

DYTTAN

Verb: *to close, shut up; to stop.*

DŸÐ

Noun: *fuel, tinder.*

ĒA

1. Noun: *water, running water, river, stream.*

2. Interjection: *alas! oh! lo!.*

ĒABRYCG

Noun: *bridge over a river.*

ĒAC

1. Adverb: *also, moreover, likewise; however, nevertheless.*

2. Adposition: *with, together with, in addition to, besides.*

ĒACA

Noun: *addition, increase, reinforcement; advantage, profit; excess, usury; additional words, supplement, appendix; more (with numbers).*

ĒACAN

Verb: *to be increase, enlarged, augmented.*

ĒACEN

Adjective: *great, powerful, strong, vast, vigorous; increased, augmented; richly endowed; noble, excellent; pregnant.*

ĒACENCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *huge; exceedingly strong.*

ĒACERSE

Noun: *water-cress.*

ĒACIAN

Verb: *to increase.*

ĒACNIAN

See *(ge)ēacnian.*

ĒACNIENDLIC

Adjective: *to be increased.*

ĒACNIGENDE

Adjective: *bringing forth.*

ĒACNUNG

See *(ge)ēacnung.*

ĒAD

Noun: *possession, riches, wealth; happiness, felicity, prosperity, good fortune, bliss; safety, security.*

ĒADAN

Verb: *to give, concede, grant.*

ĒADBALD

Noun: *Eadbald, son of Ethelbert, king of Kent.*

ĒADEN

Adjective: *granted (by Fate).*

ĒADESBURH

Noun: *Eddesbury, Cheshire.*

ĒADFRUMA

Noun: *giver of prosperity, author of happiness.*

ĒADGAR

Noun: *Edgar, second son of Edmund.*

ĒADGIEFA

Noun: *Giver of prosperity or happiness.*

ĒADGIEFU

Noun: *gift of prosperity or blessedness, blessed grace.*

ĒADHRĒÐIG

Adjective: *happy, blessed; triumphant.*

ĒADIG

Adjective: *happy, fortunate, perfect, blessed; prosperous, rich, wealthy, opulent.*

ĒADIGAN

See *(ge)ēadigan.*

ĒADIGLIC

Adjective: *happy, blessed; prosperous, rich.*

ĒADIGLĪCE

Adverb: *happily; blessedly.*

ĒADIGNES

Noun: *happiness, prosperity.*

ĒADLUFU

Noun: *happiness of love; blessed love.*

ĒADMUND

Noun: *Edmund, the martyr.*

ĒADMUNDESBURH

Noun: *St. Edmundsbury, Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk.*

ĒADNES

Noun: *inner peace, prosperity; ease; gentleness; happiness, joy.*

ĒADOCCE

Noun: *water-dock, water-lily, nimphea.*

ĒADORGEARD

1. Noun: *inclosure of arteries, the body.*

2. See *ealdorgeard* (1).

ĒADRED

Noun: *Eadred Atheling, third son of Edward the Elder.*

EADULFESNÆS

Noun: *Eadulf's ness, Walton-on-the-naze.*

ĒADWACER

1. Noun: *watchman of property.*

2. Adjective: *easily roused; alert, vigilant.*

ĒADWEARD

Noun: *Edward the elder: Edward the martyr.*

ĒADWELA

Noun: *happiness, blessedness; prosperity, riches.*

ĒADWĪG

Noun: *Eadwig, son of Edmund; Eadwig was king of Wessex and Northumbria.*

EÆLLENGE

Interjection: *behold.*

ĒAFISC

Noun: *river-fish.*

EAFOR

1. Noun: *the obligation to carry goods and convey messengers, due to the king from a tenant (?).*

2. Noun: *boar, wild boar, draught-horse.*

3. See *eofor.*

EAFORA

Noun: *child, offspring, son, successor, heir; posterity.*

EAFOÐ

Noun: *might, power, strength, violence.*

ĒAGÆPPEL

Noun: *apple of the eye.*

ĒAGANBRĒGH

Noun: *eyebrow.*

ĒAGANBYRHTM

Noun: *eye's twinkle, flash of the eye; moment.*

ĒAGBEORHT

Noun: *moment, eye's twinkle.*

ĒAGBRÆW

Noun: *eye-lid.*

ĒAGDURU

Noun: *eye-door, windows.*

ĒAGE

Noun: *eye; aperture, hole; eye of a needle.*

ĒAGĒCE

Noun: *eye-ache.*

ĒAGESPRING

Noun: *spring or twinkling of the eye.*

ĒAGFLĒAH

Noun: *spot in the eye.*

ĒAGGEBYRD

Noun: *nature of the eye.*

ĒAGGEMEARC

Noun: *limit of view; horizon.*

ĒAGHLID

Noun: *eye-lid.*

ĒAGHRING

Noun: *socket of the eye; pupil.*

ĒAGHYLL

Noun: *eyebrow.*

ĒAGHYRNE

Noun: *corner of the eye.*

ĒAGMIST

Noun: *dimness of the eye.*

ĒAGSEALF

Noun: *eye-salve.*

ĒAGSĒOUNG

Noun: *eye-disease, cataract; eye-seeing, eye-sight.*

ĒAGSȳNE

Adjective: *visible to the eye.*

ĒAGSȳNES

Adverb: *with one's eyes, ocularly, evidently.*

ĒAGÐYREL

Noun: *eye-hole; windows.*

ĒAGWÆRC

Noun: *pain of the eyes.*

ĒAGWUND

Noun: *wound in the eye.*

ĒAGWYRT

Noun: *eye-wort, eye-bright.*

EAHT

Noun: *assembly, council; deliberation, estimation, consideration; valuation, reckoning.*

EAHTA

Numeral: *eight.*

EAHTAFEALD

Adjective: *eightfold.*

EAHTAHYRNEDE

Adjective: *eight-cornered, octagonal.*

EAHTAN

Verb: *to persecute, pursue; to estimate, appreciate.*

EAHTANIHTE

Adjective: *eight days old (moon).*

EAHTATĒOÐA

Numeral: *eighteenth.*

EAHTATĪENE

Numeral: *eighteen.*

EAHTATIG

Numeral: *eighty.*

EAHTATȲNEWINTRE

Adjective: *eighteen years old.*

EAHTAWINTRE

Adjective: *eight years old.*

EAHTEND

Noun: *persecutor, pursuer; assailant.*

EAHTERE

Noun: *valuer, estimator, appraiser, censor.*

EAHTIAN

See *(ge)eahtian.*

EAHTOÐA

Numeral: *eighth.*

EAHTUNG

See *(ge)eahtung.*

ĒALĀ

Interjection: *alas! oh! lo!*

ĒALĀD

Noun: *water-way.*

ĒALAND

Noun: *island, water-land, maritime land, sea-board.*

ĒALANDCYNING

Noun: *island king.*

EALAÐWYRT

Noun: *ale-wort.*

EALCYN

Adjective: *of every kind, universal.*

EALD-SEAXE

Noun: *Old-Saxons, Continental Saxons.*

EALD

Adjective: *old, elder, aged, ancient, antique, primeval; experienced, tried; great, eminent, honoured, exalted; chief.*

EALDA

Noun: *old man, elder; chief; the Devil, Leas.*

EALDBACEN

Adjective: *stale, baked long ago.*

EALDCȳÐÐ

Noun: *old home, former dwelling-place; old country, native country; old acquaintance.*

EALDDAGAS

Noun: *former times.*

EALDDŌM

Noun: *age.*

EALDEALDFÆDER

Noun: *great-grandfather.*

EALDEFÆDER

Noun: *grandfather.*

EALDEMŌDOR

Noun: *grandmother.*

EALDFÆDER

Noun: *ancestor, forefather, grandfather.*

EALDFĒOND

Noun: *old foe, hereditary foe; the Devil.*

EALDGECYND

Noun: *old or original nature.*

EALDGEFĀ

Noun: *ancient foe.*

EALDGEFĒRA

Noun: *old comrade.*

EALDGEMÆRE

Noun: *ancient boundary.*

EALDGENĒAT

Noun: *old companion or comrade.*

EALDGENĪÐLA

Noun: *old or ancient foe; Satan.*

EALDGERIHT

Noun: *ancient right.*

EALDGESEGEN

Noun: *ancient tradition, old saga.*

EALDGESĪÐ

Noun: *old companion or comrade.*

EALDGESTRĒON

Noun: *old or ancient treasure.*

EALDGEÐUNGEN

Adjective: *old and distinguished.*

EALDGEWEORC

Noun: *ancient or old-standing work; the world.*

EALDGEWINN

Noun: *ancient conflict.*

EALDGEWINNA

Noun: *old foe or enemy.*

EALDGEWYRHT

Noun: *ancient action, former deed.*

EALDHETTENDE

Noun: *old foes.*

EALDHLĀFORD

Noun: *old, ancient or hereditary lord, rightful or liege lord.*

EALDHLĀFORDCYNN

Noun: *old royal family, rightful royal line.*

EALDHRĪÐER

Noun: *old ox.*

EALDHRYÐERFLÆSC

Noun: *meat that has been stored away.*

EALDIAN

See *(ge)ealdian.*

EALDLAND

Noun: *ancestral property; land that has remained long untilled.*

EALDLANDRÆDEN

Noun: *established law of landed property.*

EALDLIC

Adjective: *old, senile; belonging to early times; venerable; original, authentic.*

EALDNES

Noun: *old age, oldness.*

EALDOR

1. Noun: *elder; parent, head of a family, pl. ancestors; civil or religious authority; chief, master, leader; lord, governor, prince, king; author, source, primitive.*

2. Noun: *life, vital part; age, old age; eternity.*

EALDORAPOSTOL

Noun: *chief apostle.*

EALDORBANA

Noun: *life-destroyer.*

EALDORBEALU

Noun: *vital evil; death.*

EALDORBISCOP

Noun: *elder or chief bishop, archbishop; high priest of the Jews.*

EALDORBOLD

Noun: *royal house or villa, chief residence, mansion, palace, court of a king.*

EALDORBURG

Noun: *royal city, metropolis.*

EALDORCEARU

Noun: *great sorrow; care for life.*

EALDORDÆG

Noun: *day of life.*

EALDORDĒMA

Noun: *chief or supreme judge, prince.*

EALDORDĒOFOL

Noun: *chief or prince of the devils.*

EALDORDŌM

Noun: *power, dominion, authority, rule, lordship, magistracy; superiority, pre-eminence, principality; eldership; beginning.*

EALDORDŌMLIC

Adjective: *preeminent.*

EALDORDŌMLICNES

Noun: *authority, control.*

EALDORDŌMSCIPE

Noun: *aldermanship.*

EALDORDUGUÐ

Noun: *nobility, chief nobility, flower of the chiefs.*

EALDORFRĒA

Noun: *chief, lord.*

EALDORGEARD

1. Noun: *body; inclosure of the arteries; enclosure of life.*

2. See *ēadorgeard* (1).

EALDORGEDĀL

Noun: *separation from life, death.*

EALDORGESCEAFT

Noun: *condition or state of life.*

EALDORGEWINNA

Noun: *vital adversary.*

EALDORLANG

Adjective: *life-long, eternal.*

EALDORLĒAS

Adjective: *lifeless, dead; deprived of parents, orphaned; without a chief, leader or lord.*

EALDORLEGU

Noun: *course of life, fate, destiny; death.*

EALDORLIC

Adjective: *principal, chief; excellent, princely; authentic.*

EALDORLĪCE

Adverb: *principally, chiefly; excellently; vigorously, strongly.*

EALDORLICNES

Noun: *principality, authority.*

EALDORMANN

Noun: *ruler, chief, leader, magistrate, alderman, senator; high civil or religious officer; nobleman, duke, prince.*

EALDORNERU

Noun: *life's preservation or salvation, refuge, asylum.*

EALDORSĀCERD

Noun: *high priest.*

EALDORSCIPE

Noun: *seniority, eldership; headship, supremacy, sovereignty.*

EALDORSETL

Noun: *official seat.*

EALDORSTŌL

Noun: *throne, lord's seat.*

EALDORÐEGN

Noun: *principal thane or servant, chief attendant, retainer, distinguished courtier; chief apostle.*

EALDORWISA

Noun: *chief, ruler.*

EALDOÐ

Noun: *vessel, trough; channel.*

EALDRIHT

Noun: *ancient right.*

EALDSPELL

Noun: *old saying, old story.*

EALDSPRÆC

Noun: *old speech, proverb; by-word.*

EALDUNG

Noun: *age; process of growing old.*

EALDWERIG

Adjective: *wasted with age, worn; vile of old.*

EALDWĪF

Noun: *old woman.*

EALDWITA

Noun: *sage, elder, venerable man, senior; priest.*

EALDWRĪTERE

Noun: *writer on ancient history, antiquarian.*

EALEÐETŪN

Noun: *ale-house.*

EALFARA

Noun: *pack-horse.*

EALFELA

Adverb: *very much, full many.*

EALFELO

Adjective: *dire, baleful, very baleful.*

EALGEADOR

Adverb: *altogether.*

EALGEARO

Adjective: *all ready or prepared.*

EALGIAN

See *(ge)ealgian.*

EALGODWEBB

Noun: *all-silk cloth.*

EALGODWEBBEN

Adjective: *all of silk.*

EALH

Noun: *sheltering place, residence, temple, fane.*

EALHSTEDE

Noun: *protecting or sheltering place, temple; city.*

ĒALIC

1. Adjective: *of a river.*

2. See *hēalic.*

ĒALIFER

Noun: *Liverwort.*

ĒALĪÐEND

Noun: *seafaring man, sailor, wave-sailor.*

EALL

1. Adjective: *all, every, entire, whole, universal; pl. all men.*

2. Adverb: *fully, entirely, wholly, quite.*

3. Noun: *all, everything.*

4. See ***æ****l* (1).

EALLBEORHT

Adjective: *all-bright or shinning, resplendent.*

EALLCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *all-powerful, all-mighty.*

EALLE

Adverb: *all, entirely, fully, wholly, quite.*

EALLENCTEN

Noun: *the season of Lent.*

EALLERĪCA

Noun: *Alaric, king of the Goths.*

EALLES

Adverb: *all, entirely, fully, wholly, quite.*

EALLEÐERN

Adjective: *wholly of leather.*

EALLGELĒAFLIC

Adjective: *universally believed; catholic.*

EALLGŌD

Adjective: *all-good, infinitely good.*

EALLGRĒNE

Adjective: *green, all-green; young, fresh.*

EALLGYLDEN

Adjective: *all-golden.*

EALLHĀLGUNG

Noun: *consecration, all worship.*

EALLHĀLIG

Adjective: *all-holy.*

EALLHWĪT

Adjective: *all-white.*

EALLIC

Adjective: *general, universal; catholic.*

EALLĪREN

Adjective: *all of iron.*

EALLĪSIG

Adjective: *all-icy; very cold.*

EALLMÆGEN

Noun: *all-might, all-power; might, strength, utmost effort.*

EALLMǼST

Adverb: *almost, nearly all, for the most part.*

EALLMIHT

Noun: *omnipotence.*

EALLNACOD

Adjective: *entirely naked.*

EALLNĪWE

Adjective: *all-new, quite new.*

EALLOFFRUNG

Noun: *holocaust.*

EALLRIHTE

Adverb: *just, quite directly, exactly.*

EALLSEOLCEN

Adjective: *made all of silk.*

EALLSWĀ

Adverb: *as, just as, even as, as if, likewise, so as, even so; also.*

EALLSWILC

Adverb: *just such.*

EALLTELA

Adverb: *quite well.*

EALLUNGA

Adverb: *altogether; completely, entirely, wholly, utterly, at all, quite; indeed, certainly, assuredly.*

EALLWEALDA

1. Adjective: *all-ruling, all-powerful, almighty.*

2. Noun: *all-ruler, the Almighty, God.*

EALLWEALDEND

Noun: *ruler of all, almighty, the omnipotent, the Deity.*

EALLWEALDENDE

Adjective: *all-ruling, allmighty, all-wielding, omnipotent.*

EALLWIHTA

Noun: *all beings, all creatures; strange creatures, monsters.*

EALLWRITEN

Adjective: *all written with one's own hand, holograph.*

EALLWUNDOR

Noun: *very wonderful thing, marvel.*

EALNEG

Adverb: *always, perpetually; quite.*

EALRIHT

Adjective: *all-right.*

EALSEALF

Noun: *ambrosia, herb called the oak of Jerusalem or the oak of Cappadocia.*

EALTEAW

Adjective: *entirely good.*

EALU

Noun: *ale, beer.*

EALUBENC

Noun: *ale-bench.*

EALUCLYFA

Noun: *place for storing ale, beer-cellar.*

EALUFÆT

Noun: *ale-vat, vessel in which ale was left to ferment.*

EALUGAFOL

Noun: *tax or tribute paid in ale.*

EALUGĀL

Adjective: *drunk with ale.*

EALUGĀLNES

Noun: *drunkenness.*

EALUGEWEORC

Noun: *ale-work, brewing.*

EALUHŪS

Noun: *ale-house.*

EALUMALT

Noun: *malt used for making ale.*

EALUSCERWEN

Noun: *deprival of joy, distress, mortal panic; serving of bitter ale, ale-deprival.*

EALUSCOP

Noun: *singer in alehouses.*

EALUSELE

Noun: *alehouse.*

EALUWÆGE

Noun: *ale-cup, ale-can, ale-flagon.*

EALUWOSA

Noun: *ale-drinker or tippler.*

EALWERLĪCE

Adverb: *liberally, freely, all-manly.*

ĒAM

Noun: *uncle chiefly on the mother's side.*

ĒANIAN

See *(ge)ēanian.*

ĒAŌFER

Noun: *river-bank.*

ĒAR

1. Noun: *ear of corn.*

2. Noun: *wave, sea, ocean.*

3. Noun: *name of the rune for ēa; earth.*

4. See *ær* (3).

5. See *ēare.*

6. See *ār* (3).

7. See *ār* (4).

8. See *ār* (2).

9. See *ær* (1).

EAR

Noun: *harrow.*

ĒARACU

Noun: *river bed.*

ĒARBLÆD

Noun: *stalk, straw, stubble, haulm, blade (of corn).*

EARC

1. Noun: *coffer, chest, ark; the ark of Noah; the ark of the covenant.*

2. See *arc* (1).

ĒARCLÆNSEND

Noun: *little finger.*

ĒARCOÐU

Noun: *ear-disease, tumour near the ears.*

EARD

Noun: *native place, dwelling place, home; earth, land, region, province, estate, country; cultivated ground; state, condition.*

EARDBEGENGA

Noun: *inhabitant, dweller.*

EARDBEGENGNES

Noun: *habitation, abode.*

EARDERE

Noun: *dweller.*

EARDFÆST

Adjective: *established in a place, settled; abiding; domiciled.*

EARDGEARD

Noun: *place of habitation, dwelling-place; world, the earth.*

EARDGYFU

Noun: *gift from one's native land.*

EARDIAN

See *(ge)eardian.*

EARDIEND

Noun: *dweller, inhabitant.*

EARDIENDLIC

Adjective: *inhabitable; habitable.*

EARDLAND

Noun: *country, native land.*

EARDLUFE

Noun: *dear home.*

EARDRĪCE

Noun: *habitation, dwelling-land.*

EARDSTAPA

Noun: *wanderer, land-stepper.*

EARDSTEDE

Noun: *habitation, dwelling-place.*

EARDUNGBURG

Noun: *city of habitation, dwelling-city, city of tabernacles.*

EARDUNGHŪS

Noun: *habitation, tabernacle.*

EARDUNGSTŌW

Noun: *habitation, dwelling-place, tabernacle, tent.*

EARDWEALL

Noun: *land-rampart, bulwark.*

EARDWĪC

Noun: *dwelling-place.*

EARDWRECCA

Noun: *exile.*

EARDWUNUNG

Noun: *living in one's native land.*

ĒARE

Noun: *ear; handle (on a pot); shrill sound.*

ĒAREDE

Adjective: *having a handle.*

ĒAREFINGER

Noun: *little finger, ear-finger.*

EARENDEL

Noun: *dayspring, dawn; shining light, ray of light.*

EARFE

Noun: *tare.*

EARFORÐTÆCNE

Adjective: *difficult to be shown.*

EARFOÐCIERRE

Adjective: *hard to turn, difficult to convert.*

EARFOÐCYNN

Noun: *violent generation, depraved race.*

EARFOÐDÆDE

Adjective: *difficult, hard to do.*

EARFOÐDÆG

Noun: *trouble-day, day of tribulation.*

EARFOÐE

1. Noun: *suffering, woe, difficulty, hardship, trouble, torment, torture, pains, disease; work, labour.*

2. Adjective: *difficult, hard, laborious, toilsome, troublesome; grievous.*

3. Adverb: *with difficulty.*

EARFOÐFĒRE

Adjective: *difficult to pass through, hard to travel.*

EARFOÐFYNDE

Adjective: *hard to find.*

EARFOÐHĀWE

Adjective: *difficult to be seen.*

EARFOÐHWĪL

Noun: *time of hardship.*

EARFOÐHYLDE

Adjective: *discontented, dissatisfied.*

EARFOÐIAN

See *(ge)earfoðian.*

EARFOÐLÆRE

Adjective: *hard to teach, indocile, undisciplined.*

EARFOÐLÆTE

Adjective: *hard to discharge, difficult to be sent forth.*

EARFOÐLIC

Adjective: *difficult, full of hardship, irksome; grievous.*

EARFOÐLĪCE

Adverb: *with difficulty, hardly; grievously, painfully; reluctantly; scarcely; sorely.*

EARFOÐLICNES

Noun: *difficulty, hardship, trouble; misfortune, affliction, pain.*

EARFOÐMÆCG

Noun: *unhappy or unfortunate man.*

EARFOÐNES

Noun: *difficulty, hardship, misfortune; affliction, trouble, tribulation, anxiety, pain.*

EARFOÐRECCE

Adjective: *difficult to be told, hard to relate.*

EARFOÐRIHTE

Adjective: *hard to correct, incorrigible.*

EARFOÐRĪME

Adjective: *hard to enumerate.*

EARFOÐSÆLIG

Adjective: *unhappy, unfortunate, unblessed.*

EARFOÐSĪÐ

Noun: *misfortune, calamity; laborious or troublesome journey.*

EARFOÐTÆCNE

Adjective: *difficult to be shown.*

EARFOÐÐRĀG

Noun: *sorrowful time, time of tribulation.*

EARFOÐWYLDE

Adjective: *hard to subdue.*

EARG

Adjective: *inert, spiritless; slothful, sluggish; weak, cowardly, craven, timorous; timid; useless; bad, vicious, wretched, vile, evil; depraved; prodigal, profligate; swift; difficult.*

EARGE

Adverb: *inertly, badly.*

ĒARGEBLAND

Noun: *surge, wave-blend, wave-mingling.*

ĒARGESPECA

Noun: *whisperer; counsellor; privy.*

EARGIAN

See *(ge)eargian.*

EARGLIC

Adjective: *shameful, timid, cowardly, craven; slothful; bad.*

EARGLĪCE

Adverb: *in a cowardly manner; disgracefully, fearfully; timidly; basefully.*

EARGNES

Noun: *licentiousness, profligacy.*

ĒARGRUND

Noun: *bottom of the sea, ocean's ground.*

EARGSCIPE

Noun: *cowardice, pusillanimity; idleness, profligacy.*

EARH

1. Noun: *arrow.*

2. See *earg.*

3. See *ēar* (2).

EARHFARU

Noun: *flight or shooting of an arrow.*

ĒARHRING

Noun: *ear-ring.*

EARHWINNENDE

Adjective: *cowardly conquering (of a poisoned arrow).*

ĒARISC

Noun: *reed, rush, water-rush, bulrush; flag.*

ĒARĪÐ

Noun: *water-stream.*

ĒARLÆPPA

Noun: *external ear, ear-lap.*

ĒARLIPRICA

Noun: *external ear, flap of the ear.*

ĒARLOCC

Noun: *lock of hair over the ear.*

EARM

1. Noun: *arm; foreleg; arm of a cross; power.*

2. Adjective: *poor, destitute, helpless, miserable, pitiful; miserable, wretched; the poor and destitute for whom the church made a provision.*

EARMBĒAG

Noun: *bracelet, arm-ring.*

EARMCEARIG

Adjective: *miserable, sad, full of sorrows.*

EARME

Adverb: *miserably, wretchedly, badly.*

EARMELLA

Noun: *sleeve.*

EARMFUL

Adjective: *poor in spirit, miserable, wretched; humble.*

EARMGEGIRELA

Noun: *bracelet.*

EARMHEORT

Adjective: *humble; tender-hearted, merciful; poor in spirit, pitiful.*

EARMHEORTNES

Noun: *pity.*

EARMHRĒAD

Noun: *arm-ornament.*

EARMIAN

Verb: *to commiserate; to cause pity.*

EARMING

Noun: *miserable or wretched being, poor wretch; poor thing.*

EARMLIC

Adjective: *mean, miserable, wretched, deplorable; pitiable; sorry, poor, mean.*

EARMLĪCE

Adverb: *miserably, meanly, wretchedly; piteously, pitiably.*

EARMSCANCA

Noun: *arm-bone.*

EARMSCEAPEN

Adjective: *miserable, wretched; unfortunate, suffering hardship.*

EARMSLĪFE

Noun: *arm-sleeve.*

EARMSTOC

Noun: *sleeve.*

EARMSTRANG

Adjective: *muscular, strong of arm.*

EARMSWĪÐ

Adjective: *muscular, strong, strong of arm.*

EARMÐU

1. Noun: *misery, poverty; compassion, pity.*

2. See *iermð.*

EARMŪÐA

Noun: *Great Yarmouth, Norfolk.*

EARN

1. Noun: *eagle.*

2. See ***æ****rn.*

EARNCYN

Noun: *eagle-kind.*

EARNGĒAP

Noun: *vulture, species of falcon.*

EARNIAN

See *(ge)earnian.*

EARNINGLAND

Noun: *land earned or made freehold.*

EARNULF

Noun: *Arnulf, emperor of Germany from AD 887 to 899.*

EARNUNG

Noun: *earning, merit, desert; pay, consideration, reward; labour; compassion.*

EARP

Adjective: *dark, dusky, swarthy; brown.*

ĒARPLÆTTAN

See *(ge)ēarplættan.*

ĒARPLÆTTIGAN

See *(ge)ēarplættigan.*

ĒARPRĒON

Noun: *ear-pin, ear-ring.*

ĒARRING

Noun: *ear-ring.*

EARS

Noun: *hind part, buttocks, breech; fundament.*

ĒARSCRIPEL

Noun: *little finger, ear-finger, ear-scraper.*

ĒARSEALF

Noun: *ear-salve.*

EARSENDU

Noun: *buttocks.*

EARSGANG

Noun: *privy; excrement; anus.*

ĒARSLEGE

Noun: *blow that strikes off an ear.*

EARSLING

Adverb: *on the back, backwards.*

EARSLȳRA

Noun: *breech, buttocks.*

EARSODE

Adjective: *having a breech, breeched.*

ĒARSPINL

Noun: *ear-ring.*

EARSÐERL

Noun: *anus.*

ĒARÐYREL

Noun: *ear-passage; fistula.*

ĒARWÆRC

Noun: *ear-ache.*

ĒARWELA

Noun: *the sea, watery realm, wealth of oars.*

ĒARWICGA

Noun: *worm, earwig.*

EARWUNGA

Adverb: *without cause, gratuitously.*

ĒARȳÐ

Noun: *wave of the sea.*

ĒASE

Noun: *wild carrot; lipped vessel, beaker.*

ĒASPRYNG

Noun: *spring, fountain; departure.*

ĒAST-DENE

Noun: *the East-Danes.*

ĒAST-ENGLE

Noun: *the East-Angles.*

ĒAST-FRANCAN

Noun: *the East-Franks.*

ĒAST-SEAXAN

Noun: *The East-Saxons, people of Essex, Essex.*

ĒAST-WILLE

Noun: *the people of some district in England.*

ĒAST

1. Adjective: *east, easterly.*

2. Adverb: *east, to the east, eastwards, in an easterly direction, in or from the east.*

3. See *ēaste.*

ĒASTÆÐ

Noun: *river-bank, sea-shore.*

ĒASTAN

Adverb: *from the east, easterly.*

ĒASTĀN

Noun: *river-stone.*

ĒASTANE

Adverb: *from the east, easterly.*

ĒASTANNORÐAN

Adverb: *from the north-east.*

ĒASTANNORÐANWIND

Noun: *north-east wind.*

ĒASTANSŪÐAN

Adverb: *from the south-east.*

ĒASTANSŪÐANWIND

Noun: *south-east wind.*

ĒASTANWIND

Noun: *east wind.*

ĒASTCENTINGAS

Noun: *the East Kentians, men of East Kent.*

ĒASTCYNING

Noun: *eastern king.*

ĒASTDÆL

Noun: *eastern quarter, the east.*

ĒASTE

Noun: *the East.*

ĒASTENDE

Noun: *east-end, east quarter.*

EASTENGLE

Noun: *the East-Anglians; East Anglia.*

ĒASTERĀFEN

Noun: *Easter-eve.*

ĒASTERDÆG

Noun: *Easter-day; day of the Passover.*

ĒASTERFÆSTEN

Noun: *Easter-fast, Lent.*

ĒASTERFEORM

Noun: *feast of Easter.*

ĒASTERFRĒOLSDÆG

Noun: *feast day of the Passover.*

ĒASTERGEWUNA

Noun: *Easter custom.*

ĒASTERLIC

Adjective: *Easter, paschal.*

ĒASTERMŌNAÐ

Noun: *Easter-month, April.*

ĒASTERNE

Adjective: *eastern, oriental.*

ĒASTERNIHT

Noun: *Easter-night.*

ĒASTERSUNNANDÆG

Noun: *Easter Sunday.*

ĒASTERSYMBEL

Noun: *the Passover.*

ĒASTERTĪD

Noun: *Easter-tide, Paschal season.*

ĒASTERÐĒNUNG

Noun: *the Passover; paschal lamb.*

ĒASTERWUCU

Noun: *Easter- week, Guth.*

ĒASTEWEARD

Adjective: *east, eastward.*

ĒASTFOLC

Noun: *eastern people.*

ĒASTGĀRSECG

Noun: *eastern ocean.*

ĒASTGEMÆRE

Noun: *eastern boundary.*

ĒASTHEALF

Noun: *east-side.*

ĒASTLAND

Noun: *eastern land, the East; Esthonia.*

ĒASTLANG

1. Adverb: *eastward, along the east.*

2. Adjective: *lying in an easterly direction.*

ĒASTLĒODE

Noun: *eastern people, Orientals.*

ĒASTMEARC

Noun: *eastern boundary.*

ĒASTNORÐ

Adverb: *north-easterly.*

ĒASTNORÐERNE

Adjective: *north-east.*

ĒASTNORÐWIND

Noun: *north-east wind.*

ĒASTOR

Adjective: *eastern.*

ĒASTPORTIC

Noun: *east porch or portico.*

ĒASTRE

Noun: *Easter; Passover; spring; paschal lamb.*

ĒASTRĒAM

Noun: *water-stream, river, ocean.*

ĒASTRĪCE

Noun: *eastern country, empire or kingdom; the East; East Anglia.*

ĒASTRIHTE

Adverb: *eastwards.*

ĒASTRIHTES

Adverb: *due east.*

ĒASTRODOR

Noun: *eastern part of heaven.*

ĒASTSÆ

Noun: *east sea.*

ĒASTSTÆÐ

Noun: *east bank of a stream.*

ĒASTSŪÐ

Adverb: *south-eastwards.*

ĒASTSŪÐDÆL

Noun: *south-east part.*

ĒASTSŪÐLANG

Adverb: *from east to south.*

ĒASTÐĒOD

Noun: *eastern people.*

ĒASTÐYRINGAS

Noun: *The East Thuringians.*

ĒASTWEARD

Adverb: *east, eastward.*

ĒASTWEARDES

Adverb: *eastwards.*

ĒASTWEG

Noun: *way to or in the east; pl. eastern parts, the east.*

EATOLE

Noun: *Italy.*

EATOLWARE

Noun: *the Italians.*

ĒAÐBEDE

Adjective: *exorable, easy to be entreated.*

ĒAÐBEGĒATE

Adjective: *easy to get.*

ĒAÐBELG

Noun: *irritability.*

ĒAÐBĒNE

Adjective: *exorable, easy to be entreated.*

ĒAÐBYLGNES

Noun: *irascibility, irritability.*

ĒAÐBYLIGE

Adjective: *easily irritated.*

ĒAÐCNÆWE

Adjective: *easy to recognize.*

ĒAÐDÆDE

Adjective: *easy to do.*

ĒAÐE

1. Adjective: *easy; good natured, pleasant, kindly, mild, agreeable; soft, smooth; easily moved; easy to do; ready.*

2. Adverb: *easily, lightly; soon, readily; willingly; conveniently; possibly, perhaps, may be.*

3. Noun: *easy thing.*

ĒAÐELIC

Adjective: *easy; possible; insignificant, mean, poor, scanty; inconsiderable, slight, trifling; weak.*

ĒAÐELĪCE

Adverb: *easily; weakly; fickly.*

ĒAÐELICNES

Noun: *easiness.*

ĒAÐFĒRE

Adjective: *easy to travel.*

ĒAÐFYNDE

Adjective: *easy to find.*

ĒAÐGEORN

Adjective: *easily pleased; pleasant, gracious, amiable.*

ĒAÐGESŸNE

Adjective: *visible, easy to see.*

ĒAÐGĒTE

Adjective: *ready, prepared, easy to obtain.*

ĒAÐHYLDE

Adjective: *easily held or content; easily inclined; satisfied, contented.*

ĒAÐLÆCE

Adjective: *easy to cure.*

ĒAÐLÆRE

Adjective: *capable of being taught or instructed; easily taught.*

ĒAÐMĒDAN

See *(ge)ēaðmēdan*.

ĒAÐMĒDLĪCE

Adverb: *humbly*.

ĒAÐMĒDU

Noun: *gentleness, kindness, graciousness, affability, condescension; humility, lowliness; obedience, submission, reverence*.

ĒAÐMĒDUM

Adverb: *kindly, humbly*.

ĒAÐMĒTTU

Noun: *humility; weakness, impotency*.

ĒAÐMŌD

Adjective: *humble; obedient, meek, submissive; gentle, mild, gracious, benevolent, condescending; friendly, affectionate*.

ĒAÐMŌDHEORT

Adjective: *humble of heart or mind*.

ĒAÐMŌDIAN

See *(ge)ēaðmōdian*.

ĒAÐMŌDIG

Adjective: *humble, humble-minded; obedient; gentle, friendly, gracious, affectionate, benevolent*.

ĒAÐMŌDLIC

Adjective: *humble, respectful*.

ĒAÐMŌDLĪCE

Adverb: *humbly; meekly, submissively; kindly*.

ĒAÐMŌDNES

Noun: *humility, humbleness, meekness; gentleness, kindness, graciousness, condescension; humanity*.

ĒAÐMYLTE

Adjective: *easily digested*.

ĒAÐNES

Noun: *easiness, facility, lightness; gentleness; favour*.

ĒAÐRÆDE

Adjective: *easy to guess*.

ĒAÐWYLTE

Adjective: *easily turned*.

ĒAWDNES

Noun: *disclosure.*

ĒAWISCLIC

Adjective: *open, manifest, displayed.*

ĒAWISCLĪCE

Adverb: *openly; manifestly.*

ĒAWISCNESS

Noun: *openness, manifestness.*

ĒAWODNESS

Noun: *showing.*

ĒAWUNGA

Adverb: *openly, plainly; publicly.*

ĒAWYRT

Noun: *river-wort, burdock.*

EAX

1. Noun: *axis, axle, axle-tree.*

2. See ***æ****cs.*

EAXANCEASTER

Noun: *Exeter, Devon.*

EAXANMINSTER

Noun: *the minster on the river Ex, Axminster, Devon.*

EAXANMŪÐA

Noun: th*e mouth of the river Ex, Exmouth, Devon.*

EAXELGESPANN

Noun: *shoulder-span.*

EAXL

Noun: *shoulder.*

EAXLCLĀÐ

Noun: *scapular.*

EAXLGESTEALLA

Noun: *nearest or bosom friend, shoulder companion, comrade, counsellor; competitor.*

EBBA

Noun: *ebb.*

EBBIAN

See *(ge)ebbian.*

ĒBEREMORÐ

Noun: *open murder, manslaughter.*

EBRĒAS

Noun: *the Hebrews.*

EBRĒISC

Adjective: *Hebrew, belonging to Jews.*

EBRĒISCLĪCE

Adverb: *in Hebrew.*

ĒCE

1. Adjective: *durable, eternal, perpetual, everlasting.*

2. Adverb: *ever, evermore, eternally, perpetually.*

3. See *ece.*

ECE

Noun: *ache, pain.*

ECED

Noun: *acid, vinegar.*

ECEDDRENC

Noun: *acid drink, vinegar.*

ECEDFÆT

Noun: *an acid-vat, a vinegar-vessel.*

ECEDWĪN

Noun: *wine mingled with myrrh, acid-wine.*

ĒCELIC

Adjective: *eternal, perpetual, everlasting.*

ĒCELĪCE

Adverb: *ever, eternally, perpetually.*

ECG

Noun: *edge, point, verge; weapon, blade, sword, battle-axe.*

ECGAN

See *(ge)ecgan.*

ECGBANA

Noun: *slayer with the sword.*

ECGBRYHT

Noun: *Egbert, king of Wessex.*

ECGBRYHTESSTĀN

Noun: *Brixton Deverill, Wilts.*

ECGCLIF

Noun: *water-cliff or shore.*

ECGED

Adjective: *edged.*

ECGHEARD

Adjective: *hard of edge.*

ECGHETE

Noun: *hostile hate, sword hate; war.*

ECGHWÆS

Adjective: *sharp of edge.*

ECGLĀST

Noun: *sword's edge.*

ECGPLEGA

Noun: *battle, sword fight.*

ECGÐRACU

Noun: *sword strength; hot contest, war.*

ECGUNG

Noun: *harrowing.*

ECGWÆL

Noun: *sword-slaughter.*

ECLINGA

Adverb: *on the edge.*

ECLYPSIS

Noun: *eclipse.*

ĒCNES

Noun: *eternity, everlasting.*

ĒCSŌÐ

Adverb: *verily, but truly; but also.*

ĒCSŌÐLĪCE

Adverb: *verily, but truly.*

EDCĒLNES

Noun: *refreshment, recooling.*

EDCENNING

Noun: *regeneration.*

EDCIERR

Noun: *return.*

EDCWIC

Adjective: *regenerate, restored to life.*

EDCWICIAN

See *(ge)edcwician.*

EDCWIDE

Noun: *narrative, retelling; relation; rehearsal.*

EDGEONG

Adjective: *becoming or being young again.*

EDGIFT

Noun: *restitution.*

EDGINNAN

Verb: *to begin again.*

EDGRŌWUNG

Noun: *re-growing.*

EDGYLDAN

Verb: *to requite, remunerate.*

EDGYLDEND

Noun: *rewarder, remunerator.*

EDHWIERFAN

Verb: *to return, retrace one's steps.*

EDHWYRFAN

See *(ge)edhwyrfan.*

EDHWYRFT

Noun: *return, going back, reverse; change.*

EDISC

Noun: *park, enclosed pasture.*

EDISCHENN

Noun: *edish hen, quail.*

EDISCWEARD

Noun: *park-keeper, gardener.*

EDLÆCAN

See *(ge)edlæcan.*

EDLÆCUNG

Noun: *repetition.*

EDLÆSIAN

See *(ge)edlæsian.*

EDLĒAN

Noun: *reward, recompense; retribution, requital.*

EDLĒANIAN

See *(ge)edlēanian.*

EDLĒANIEND

Noun: *rewarder, one who recompenses, remunerates.*

EDLĒANUNG

See *(ge)edlēanung.*

EDLESENDE

See *(ge)edlesende.*

EDLESENDLIC

Adjective: *relative, reciprocal.*

EDLESENDLĪCE

Adverb: *relatively.*

EDLESUNG

Noun: *relation.*

EDMÆLE

Noun: *religious festival.*

EDMĒLTID

Noun: *festival time.*

EDNĪWAN

Adverb: *again, anew.*

EDNĪWE

1. Adjective: *renewed, new.*

2. Adverb: *anew, again.*

EDNĪWIAN

See *(ge)ednīwian.*

EDNĪWIGEND

Noun: *restorer, repairer.*

EDNĪWINGA

Adverb: *anew, again.*

EDNĪWUNG

See *(ge)ednīwung.*

EDRECCAN

Verb: *to chew, ruminate.*

EDRING

Noun: *refuge, return.*

EDROC

Noun: *gullet; rumination, chewing the cud.*

EDRYNE

Noun: *return; meeting.*

EDSCEAFT

Noun: *new creation, regeneration.*

EDSIHÐ

Noun: *respect, looking again.*

EDSPELLUNG

Noun: *recapitulation.*

EDSTAÐELIAN

See *(ge)edstaðelian.*

EDSTAÐELIG

Adjective: *strong, firm.*

EDSTAÐELIGEND

See *(ge)edstaðeligend.*

EDSTAÐELUNG

See *(ge)edstaðelung.*

EDÐINGUNG

Noun: *reconciliation.*

EDWEND

Noun: *alteration, change, reversal; end.*

EDWENDAN

Verb: *to return, turn back; to cease to affect.*

EDWENDEN

Noun: *alteration, change, reverse; end.*

EDWIELLE

Noun: *dizziness, vortex, whirlpool, eddy.*

EDWIHTE

Pronoun: *something, anything.*

EDWINDE

Noun: *vortex, whirlpool; abyss.*

EDWIST

Noun: *being, existence; substance, essence, food.*

EDWISTLIC

Adjective: *existing, substantial; substantive.*

EDWĪT

Noun: *shame; disgrace, abuse; reproach, blame; contempt, scorn.*

EDWĪTAN

Verb: *to reproach, blame, revile; to upbraid.*

EDWITAN

Verb: *to reproach, blame; to upbraid.*

EDWĪTFUL

Adjective: *shameful, disgraceful, ignominious.*

EDWĪTFULLĪC

Adjective: *disgraceful.*

EDWĪTFULLĪCE

Adverb: *disgracefully.*

EDWĪTLĪF

Noun: *disgraceful life, life of dishonour.*

EDWĪTSCIPE

Noun: *shame, cowardice; disgrace.*

EDWĪTSPRÆC

Noun: *contemptuous speech, scorn.*

EDWĪTSPRECA

Noun: *blame-speaker, scoffer, caviller.*

EDWĪTSTÆF

Noun: *reproach; disgrace, dishonour, scandal.*

EDWYLM

Noun: *heat of fire; fiery whirlpool.*

EDWYRPAN

See *(ge)edwyrpan.*

EDWYRPING

Noun: *recovering, growing better.*

ĒFE

Noun: *Eve.*

EFEN

1. Adjective: *equal, like, even; just; level, plain, calm, harmonious; true.*

2. Adverb: *evenly, equally, exactly, just as; quite, fully; namely.*

EFENÆÐELE

Adjective: *equally noble.*

EFENĀMETAN

Verb: *to assemble together, compare.*

EFENĀMETEN

Adjective: *compared.*

EFENAPOSTOL

Noun: *fellow-apostle.*

EFENBEHĒFE

Adjective: *equally useful or necessary.*

EFENBEORHT

Adjective: *equally bright.*

EFENBISCEOP

Noun: *co-bishop.*

EFENBLISSIAN

Verb: *to rejoice with, to rejoice equally.*

EFENBLĪÐE

Adjective: *rejoicing with another.*

EFENBOREN

Adjective: *of equal birth.*

EFENBRĀD

Adjective: *equally broad, as broad (as long).*

EFENBYRDE

Adjective: *of equal birth.*

EFENCEASTERWARAN

Noun: *fellow-citizens.*

EFENCEMPA

Noun: *fellow-soldier.*

EFENCRĪSTEN

Adjective: *fellow-christian.*

EFENCUMAN

Verb: *to agree, come together; to assemble together, convene.*

EFENDȳRE

Adjective: *equally dear.*

EFENĒADIG

Adjective: *equally blessed; rich.*

EFENEALD

Adjective: *contemporary, coeval, of the same age.*

EFENEARDIGENDE

Adjective: *dwelling together.*

EFENĒCE

1. Adjective: *co-eternal.*

2. Adverb: *in a 'co-eternal' manner.*

EFENEDWISTLIC

Adjective: *consubstantial.*

EFENĒHÐ

Noun: *plain; neighbourhood.*

EFENEMN

Adjective: *equally level.*

EFENESNE

Noun: *fellow-servant.*

EFENETAN

Verb: *to eat as much as any one.*

EFENĒÐE

1. Adjective: *equally easy, just as easy.*

2. See *efenīeðe.*

EFENFELA

Adjective: *equally, as many, just so many.*

EFENFORD

Adjective: *equally advanced.*

EFENFRĒFRAN

Verb: *consolari.*

EFENGEDÆLAN

Verb: *to share alike.*

EFENGEFĒON

Verb: *to sympathise, rejoice together.*

EFENGELĪC

Adjective: *like, co-equal, alike, even-like.*

EFENGELĪCA

Noun: *equal, coequal; fellow.*

EFENGEMÆCCA

Noun: *equal, companion, fellow, associate, consort.*

EFENGEMETAN

Verb: *to compare.*

EFENGEMETGIAN

Verb: *to temper equally.*

EFENGEMYND

Noun: *commemoration.*

EFENGEMYNDIG

Adjective: *commemorative.*

EFENGESPITTAN

Verb: *to spit upon so.*

EFENGŌD

Adjective: *equally good.*

EFENHĀDA

Noun: *equal in rank, co-bishop.*

EFENHĀDABISCEOP

Noun: *co-bishop.*

EFENHĀLIG

Adjective: *equally holy.*

EFENHĒAFDA

Noun: *fellow, comrade.*

EFENHEAFODLING

Noun: *equal, fellow, mate.*

EFENHĒAH

Adjective: *equally high, equally exalted.*

EFENHĒAP

Noun: *band of comrades.*

EFENHEMMAN

Verb: *to fetter.*

EFENHEORT

1. See *efenheorte*.

2. Adjective: *concordant, harmonious.*

EFENHEORTE

Noun: *concord, harmony.*

EFENHEORTENES

Noun: *harmony.*

EFENHERENES

Noun: *praising together.*

EFENHERIAN

Verb: *to praise together.*

EFENHLĒOÐOR

Noun: *harmony, union of sounds or voices.*

EFENHLĒOÐRIAN

Verb: *to sing together.*

EFENHLĒOÐRUNG

Noun: *singing together, concert.*

EFENHLŸTE

Adjective: *equal in rank.*

EFENHLYTTA

Noun: *companion, partner, mate, fellow; sharer, consort.*

EFENĪEÐE

Adjective: *just as easy.*

EFENLǢCAN

See *(ge)efenlǣcan.*

EFENLǢCE

Adjective: *imitative.*

EFENLǢCEND

Noun: *imitator.*

EFENLǢCERE

Noun: *follower, imitator.*

EFENLǢCESTRE

See *(ge)efenlǣcestre.*

EFENLǢCUNG

See *(ge)efenlǣcung.*

EFENLANG

Adjective: *equally long.*

EFENLANGE

Adposition: *along.*

EFENLĀSTE

Noun: *the herb mercury, everlasting.*

EFENLĒOF

Adjective: *equally dear.*

EFENLEORNERE

Noun: *fellow-disciple.*

EFENLIC

See *(ge)efenlic.*

EFENLĪCA

Noun: *equal.*

EFENLĪCE

See *(ge)efenlīce.*

EFENLICIAN

See *(ge)efenlician.*

EFENLICNES

Noun: *equality, equity, evenness.*

EFENLING

Noun: *equal, fellow, consort.*

EFENMÆRE

Adjective: *equally great, famous, renowned or illustrious.*

EFENMÆSSEPRĒOST

Noun: *fellow-priest.*

EFENMEDOME

Adjective: *equally worthy.*

EFENMETAN

Verb: *to compare; to make equal; to assemble together.*

EFENMICEL

Adjective: *equally great, equally much, just as much as.*

EFENMID

Adjective: *middle.*

EFENMIHTIG

Adjective: *equally mighty.*

EFENMŌDLĪCE

Adverb: *with equanimity, calmly.*

EFENNĒAH

Adverb: *equally near.*

EFENNEAHTLIC

Adjective: *equinoctial.*

EFENNES

Noun: *equity, evenness, justice; comparison.*

EFENNIHT

Noun: *equinox (23 Sep.).*

EFENNIHTE

Noun: *equinox (23 Sep.).*

EFENRĒÐE

Adjective: *equally fierce or cruel.*

EFENRĪCE

Adjective: *equally mighty or powerful.*

EFENRĪCSIAN

Verb: *to be co-regnant with.*

EFENSĀCERD

Noun: *fellow-priest.*

EFENSĀRE

Adverb: *equally bitterly.*

EFENSĀRGIAN

Verb: *to sympathize, condole, commiserate, sorrow.*

EFENSĀRGUNG

Noun: *sympathy, compassion.*

EFENSĀRIG

Adjective: *equally sorry; compassionate.*

EFENSĀRIGNYSS

Noun: *compassion.*

EFENSCEARP

Adjective: *equally sharp.*

EFENSCOLERE

Noun: *fellow-scholar, fellow-pupil.*

EFENSCYLDIG

Adjective: *equally guilty.*

EFENSORGIAN

Verb: *to be sorry for, compassionate.*

EFENSPĒDIGLIC

Adjective: *consubstantial.*

EFENSPRÆC

Noun: *confabulation.*

EFENSTĀLIAN

Verb: *to prepare, make ready, execute.*

EFENSTAÐELIAN

Verb: *to prepare, make ready, execute.*

EFENSWĪÐE

Adverb: *just as much.*

EFENTĒAM

Noun: *pulling together, conspiracy.*

EFENÐEGN

Noun: *fellow-servant.*

ĒFENÐĒNUNG

Noun: *even-food, supper.*

EFENÐĒOW

Noun: *fellow-servant.*

EFENÐĒOWEN

Noun: *fellow-servant (female).*

EFENÐRŌWIAN

Verb: *to sympathise, compassionate, commiserate, suffer together.*

EFENÐRŌWUNG

Noun: *compassion, suffering together.*

EFENÐWÆRE

Adjective: *agreeing.*

EFENUNWEMME

Adjective: *equally inviolate.*

EFENWÆGE

Noun: *counterpoise.*

EFENWEAXAN

Verb: *to grow together.*

EFENWEL

Adverb: *as well; equally, even.*

EFENWEORÐ

Adjective: *of equal worth or rank, worthy equivalent.*

EFENWEROD

Noun: *band of comrades.*

EFENWESENDE

Adjective: *contemporaneous, co-existent.*

EFENWIHT

Noun: *equal, fellow, associate.*

EFENWRĪTAN

Verb: *to present, set down, state (something in writing).*

EFENWYRCEND

Noun: *co-operator.*

EFENWYRCUNG

Noun: *cooperating.*

EFENWYRHTA

Noun: *fellow worker.*

EFENYRFEWEARD

Noun: *co-heir.*

EFERWĪC

Noun: *York.*

EFES

Noun: *side, edge, border, brink, brim, eaves (of a house).*

EFESIAN

See *(ge)efesian.*

EFESTUNG

Noun: *hastening.*

EFESUNG

Noun: *hair-cutting, shaving, shearing, tonsure; clipping; polling.*

EFESUNGSCEARA

Noun: *a pair of scissors or shears.*

EFETA

Noun: *lizard, newt, eft.*

EFETE

Noun: *lizard, newt, eft.*

EFICISC

Adjective: *of Ephesus.*

EFNAN

See *(ge)efnan.*

EFNE

1. Adverb: *evenly, just, equally, exactly, precisely; fully; simply, merely; alike, likewise; regularly, uniformly; directly, just now.*

2. Interjection: *truly! behold! indeed!*

3. Noun: *alum.*

4. Noun: *material.*

EFNEĀCUNNIAN

Verb: *to demonstrate, prove.*

EFNEBEÐECCAN

Verb: *to clothe.*

EFNEFORCUMAN

Verb: *to be overcome in argument.*

EFNEGEBRENGAN

Verb: *to hire, employ; to press close, pack together, compress.*

EFNEGECUNNIAN

Verb: *to demonstrate, prove.*

EFNEGECYRRAN

Verb: *to turn, turn around.*

EFNEGEGADRIAN

Verb: *to join together.*

EFNEGEHEAÐORIAN

Verb: *to constrict, constrain.*

EFNEGETRYMMAN

Verb: *to confirm.*

EFNEGEÐANCIAN

Verb: *to rejoice.*

EFNEGEÐEAHTIAN

Verb: *to agree, consent.*

EFNEGEWYRCAN

Verb: *to work together, cooperate; to collect, put together; to compose.*

EFNENŪ

Interjection: *behold now.*

EFNES

Adverb: *quite, just, exactly.*

EFNESCĒAWIAN

Verb: *to contemplate, take into account.*

EFNETTAN

See *(ge)efnettan.*

EFNEUNRŌTNESS

Noun: *sadness.*

EFNEUNRŌTSIAN

Verb: *to sadden, grieve, distress.*

EFNING

Noun: *partner, consort.*

EFORWĪCINGAS

Noun: *Yorkists, people of York.*

EFSIAN

Verb: *to cut, shear, clip, round.*

EFT

Adverb: *again, anew, a second time; restoration, renewal; then, thereupon, afterwards; hereafter, thereafter; moreover, likewise; back, behind.*

EFTĀCENNED

Adjective: *re-born, born again.*

EFTĀCENNEDNES

Noun: *regeneration.*

EFTĀDRĪFAN

Verb: *to reject, repudiate.*

EFTÆRIST

Noun: *resurrection.*

EFTAGYFAN

Verb: *to give back.*

EFTĀLȲSAN

Verb: *to redeem.*

EFTĀRĪSAN

Verb: *to rise again.*

EFTĀSTREGDAN

Verb: *to sprinkle sth.*

EFTBECWEÐAN

Verb: *to refute.*

EFTBĒTAN

See *(ge)eftbētan.*

EFTBĒTUNG

Noun: *making whole; restoration to health.*

EFTBOREN

Adjective: *re-born, born again.*

EFTBŌT

Noun: *restoration to health.*

EFTBRENGAN

Verb: *to give in, bring back, return/render (thanks); to bring forth (fruit); to report (sth).*

EFTCNEORESO

Noun: *regeneration.*

EFTCUMAN

Verb: *to come back.*

EFTCYME

Noun: *coming again, return.*

EFTCYNNES

Noun: *regeneration.*

EFTCYRR

Noun: *return.*

EFTCYRRAN

Verb: *to turn back, return.*

EFTDRÆGEND

Adjective: *recalcitrans.*

EFTDRAGAN

Verb: *to resist, draw back from, kick against sth.*

EFTEDWĪTAN

Verb: *to reprove, upbraid again.*

EFTERN

Noun: *evening.*

EFTFLŌWAN

Verb: *to flow back.*

EFTFLŌWUNG

Noun: *redundance.*

EFTFORDRĪFAN

Verb: *to drive away, repel.*

EFTFORFINDAN

Verb: *to reprove.*

EFTFORGIFNES

Noun: *remissio, reconciliation.*

EFTFORÐRYCCAN

Verb: *to repress, restrain, hold in check.*

EFTGĀN

Verb: *to go.*

EFTGEAFUNG

Noun: *remuneration.*

EFTGEBRENGAN

Verb: *to bring back, give in return/render (thanks); to bring forth (fruit).*

EFTGECĪGAN

Verb: *to recall, call back; to summon.*

EFTGECYRRAN

Verb: *to go back, return; to turn.*

EFTGELȳSAN

Verb: *to redeem.*

EFTGEMETAN

Verb: *to measure again.*

EFTGEMYNDGIAN

Verb: *to remember.*

EFTGEMYNDIG

Adjective: *remembering.*

EFTGETRAHTIAN

Verb: *to interpret, translate.*

EFTGEÐINGIAN

Verb: *to bring together, reconcile.*

EFTGEWÆXEN

Adjective: *grown again.*

EFTGIAN

Verb: *to repeat, iterate.*

EFTHWEORFAN

Verb: *to turn back, return.*

EFTHWYRFAN

Verb: *to return, recur.*

EFTLAÐIAN

Verb: *to invite again or in return.*

EFTLĒAN

Noun: *recompense.*

EFTLĒANIEND

Noun: *remunerator, rewarder, recompenser.*

EFTLIBBAN

Verb: *to live again, come back to life.*

EFTLĪSEND

Noun: *redeemer.*

EFTLĪSING

Noun: *redemption.*

EFTLŌCUNG

Noun: *regard.*

EFTMYNDIG

Adjective: *remembering.*

EFTNĪWUNG

Noun: *restoration, renewal.*

EFTONCNĀWAN

Verb: *to recollect, recall to mind; to know, perceive again.*

EFTONFŌND

Noun: *receiver.*

EFTONGĒNBĪGAN

Verb: *to untwist again, to unwreathe.*

EFTRYNE

Noun: *return.*

EFTSCĒAWIAN

Verb: *to take notice of, have regard for (sth).*

EFTSCĒOGIAN

Verb: *to put one's shoes on again.*

EFTSCIPPAN

Verb: *to recreate.*

EFTSELENES

Noun: *retribution, requital; recompense.*

EFTSITTAN

Verb: *to sit down/up, sit again; to reside.*

EFTSĪÐ

Noun: *journey back, return.*

EFTSĪÐGENDE

Adjective: *turning back, retreating.*

EFTSĪÐIAN

Verb: *to go back, return.*

EFTSŌNA

Adverb: *again, a second time; repeatedly; soon after; likewise.*

EFTSPELLUNG

Noun: *recapitulation.*

EFTSWĀMICEL

Adverb: *even so much.*

EFTÐANCIAN

Verb: *to recompense, reward.*

EFTÐINGUNG

Noun: *reconciliation.*

EFTWUNIAN

Verb: *to remain behind.*

EFTWYRD

1. Noun: *judgement day; resurrection at doom's day; future fate.*

2. Adjective: *future.*

ĒGAN

Verb: *to fear, dread.*

EGE

Noun: *awe, fear, dread, terror; overawing influence, cause of fear.*

EGEFUL

Adjective: *inspiring or feeling awe, awful, fearful, terrible; timorous; tremendous.*

EGEFULLĪCE

Adverb: *in a way that inspires awe, awfully, fearfully.*

EGEHEALDAN

Verb: *to correct; to hold in fear.*

EGELĀF

Noun: *survivors of a battle.*

EGELĒAS

Adjective: *fearless.*

EGELĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *fearlessly; unconcernedly.*

EGELĒASNES

Noun: *confidence, boldness, presumption.*

EGELIC

Adjective: *terrible.*

EGENU

Noun: *husk, chaff.*

EGENWIRHT

Noun: *hire, wages; gift.*

EGESA

Noun: *awe, fear, dread, horror; monstrous thing; horrible deed; peril.*

EGESFUL

Adjective: *inspiring or feeling awe, awful, fearful, terrible; wonderful.*

EGESFULLIC

Adjective: *awful, fearful, terrible.*

EGESFULLĪCE

Adverb: *terribly.*

EGESFULNES

Noun: *fear; formidableness.*

EGESGRĪMA

Noun: *ghost, spectre; horrible mask.*

EGESGRIME

Noun: *sorceress, witch.*

EGESIAN

See *(ge)egesian.*

EGESIG

Adjective: *terrible, horrible.*

EGESLIC

Adjective: *awful, fearful, dreadful, terrible, horrible; threatening; terrific.*

EGESLĪCE

Adverb: *fearfully, horribly; sternly.*

EGESUNG

Noun: *fear, dread, terror; threatening.*

EGESWĪN

Noun: *kind of fish.*

EGEÐGETIGU

Noun: *harrowing implements.*

EGEWYLM

Noun: *terrible wave or surge.*

EGIPTE

Noun: *Egyptians, Egypt.*

EGIPTISC

Adjective: *Egyptian.*

EGL

Noun: *mote, ear (of barley), awn; talon, claw.*

EGLAN

See *(ge)eglan.*

EGLE

1. Adjective: *troublesome, grievous, painful; hateful, loathsome; horrid, hideous.*

2. See *egl.*

ĒGNES

Noun: *fear.*

EGONESHĀM

Noun: *Ensham or Eynsham, Oxforshire.*

ĒGOR

Noun: *high tide, flood.*

ĒGORHERE

Noun: *flood, deluge.*

ĒGORSTRĒAM

Noun: *water-stream, sea, ocean.*

EGÐE

Noun: *rake, harrow, instrument to bear out corn.*

EGÐERE

Noun: *harrower, one who harrows or rakes.*

EGÐWIRF

Noun: *young ass used for harrowing.*

EHENNYS

Noun: *modesty.*

ĒHT

1. Noun: *value, estimation; deliberation, council; pursuit.*

2. See *ōht* (1).

ĒHTAN

Verb: *to chase, follow after, persecute, pursue; to annoy, afflict; to harass, attack, assail.*

ĒHTERE

Noun: *persecutor.*

ĒHTNES

Noun: *persecution.*

ĒHTUNG

Noun: *persecution.*

EIT

Noun: *island.*

ĒL

Noun: *small island.*

ELCIAN

Verb: *to delay, put off; to procrastinate.*

ELCIEND

Noun: *procrastinator.*

ELCOR

Adverb: *else, besides; otherwise, in another way; elsewhere; except, if not, under other conditions, on another supposition; if so.*

ELCORA

Adverb: *else, otherwise.*

ELCUNG

Noun: *delay.*

ELE

Noun: *oil.*

ELEBACEN

Adjective: *cooked in oil.*

ELEBĒAM

Noun: *olive-tree.*

ELEBĒAMEN

Adjective: *of or belonging to the olive-tree.*

ELEBĒAMSTYBB

Noun: *stump of an olive tree.*

ELEBEARU

Noun: *olive-grove.*

ELEBEARUMŌR

Noun: *mounts of olives.*

ELEBERENDE

Adjective: *containing oil.*

ELEBERGE

Noun: *olive.*

ELEBYTT

Noun: *oil vessel or cruet; chrismatory.*

ELEDRŌSNA

Noun: *dregs of oil.*

ELEFÆT

Noun: *oil-vat, cruise or pot.*

ELEGRĒOFA

Noun: *oil pot; fibrous material saturated with oil.*

ELEHORN

Noun: *oil-flask.*

ELEHTRE

Noun: *the plant lupine.*

ELELĒAF

Noun: *olive-leaf.*

ELELĒAST

Noun: *lack of oil.*

ELELENDISC

Adjective: *strange, foreign.*

ELENE

Noun: *Helena; The wife of the Roman emperor Constantius, and mother of Constantine the Great.*

ELESEALF

Noun: *oil-salve, sweet balm.*

ELESEOCCHE

Noun: *oil-strainer.*

ELETREDDE

Noun: *oil-press.*

ELETRĒOW

Noun: *olive-tree.*

ELETRĒOWEN

Adjective: *of olive-trees.*

ELETWIG

Noun: *small branch of olive, oleaster.*

ĒLEÐ

Noun: *allodium, freehold.*

ELEWANA

Noun: *lack of oil.*

ELHYGD

Noun: *distraction, alienation of mind, ecstasy.*

ĒLIG

Noun: *the isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire.*

ĒLIGBURH

Noun: *the city of Ely, Cambridgeshire.*

ĒLIGMYNSTER

Noun: *monastery of Ely.*

ĒLIOTROPUS

Noun: *turnsole.*

ELL

Noun: *the letter l.*

ELLAND

Noun: *foreign country, strange land.*

ELLEAHTOR

Noun: *misuse of the letter l.*

ELLEN

1. Noun: *power, strength, fortitude; vigour, valour, courage; zeal; conflict, contest, strife; contention.*

2. Noun: *elder-tree.*

3. Adjective: *of elder (wood).*

ELLENAHSE

Noun: *elder-ash.*

ELLENCAMPIAN

Verb: *to contend courageously or vigorously.*

ELLENCRÆFT

Noun: *might, power, strength.*

ELLENDĀD

Noun: *bold, valiant or heroic deed.*

ELLENDE

1. Adjective: *strange, foreign, exiled.*

2. Noun: *foreign parts.*

ELLENDŪN

Noun: *Allington, Wilts.*

ELLENGÆST

Noun: *bold or powerful spirit or demon.*

ELLENGRĀFA

Noun: *elder-grove.*

ELLENHEARD

Adjective: *mighty, brave, bold, courageous.*

ELLENHETE

Noun: *jealousy.*

ELLENLÆCA

Noun: *champion, combatant.*

ELLENLĒAF

Noun: *elder-leaf.*

ELLENLĒAS

Adjective: *lacking courage.*

ELLENLIC

Adjective: *valiant, brave, courageous.*

ELLENLĪCE

Adverb: *boldly, daringly.*

ELLENMÆRÐU

Noun: *glory of valour or courage.*

ELLENRIND

Noun: *elder-rind or bark.*

ELLENRŌF

Adjective: *powerful, remarkably strong; brave, courageous, daring.*

ELLENSĒOC

Adjective: *infirm, languid; mortally wounded.*

ELLENSPRÆC

Noun: *strong or powerful speech.*

ELLENSTUBB

Noun: *elder-stump.*

ELLENTĀN

Noun: *elder-twig.*

ELLENTRĒOW

Noun: *elder-tree.*

ELLENÐRĪSTE

Adjective: *bold.*

ELLENWEORC

Noun: *good work; work of valour, valiant or powerful act, heroic deed.*

ELLENWŌD

1. Noun: *zeal.*

2. Adjective: *furious, raging; earnest, zealous.*

ELLENWŌDIAN

Verb: *to emulate; to strive with zeal.*

ELLENWŌDNES

Noun: *zeal, envy; emulation, ardour.*

ELLENWYRT

Noun: *dwarf-elder; danewort.*

ELLENWYRTTRUMA

Noun: *root of elder.*

ELLEOHT

Noun: *incorrect use (elision of) of l.*

ELLES

Adverb: *else, besides; in another manner, otherwise, under other conditions; elsewhere.*

ELLHEORT

1. Adjective: *disheartened.*

2. See *hellheort* (1).

ELLOR

Adverb: *elsewhere, elsewither.*

ELLORFŪS

Adjective: *ready or desirous to depart.*

ELLORGĀST

Noun: *departing or alien spirit.*

ELLORSĪÐ

Noun: *departure; death.*

ELLRET

Noun: *elder copse.*

ELM

Noun: *elm, elm-tree.*

ELMEDSÆTE

Noun: *the inhabitants of Elmet, the ancient British Loidis, an independent district in Yorkshire.*

ELMRIND

Noun: *elm-rind or bark.*

ELN

Noun: *measure of length, ell; fore-arm, ell.*

ELNBOGA

Noun: *elbow.*

ELNGEMET

Noun: *ell-measure.*

ELNIAN

See *(ge)elnian.*

ELNUNG

Noun: *comfort; consolation; emulation, zeal, envy.*

ELPEND

Noun: *elephant.*

ELPENDBÆNEN

Adjective: *made of ivory.*

ELPENDBĀN

Noun: *ivory, elephant's tusk.*

ELPENDTŌÐ

Noun: *ivory, elephant's tusk.*

ELRA

Adjective: *other.*

ELREORD

Adjective: *of strange or foreign speech, barbarous.*

ELREORDIG

Adjective: *foreign-speaking, barbarous.*

ELREORDIGNES

Noun: *barbarism, barbarousness, outlandishness.*

ELÐĒOD

Noun: *strange people, foreign nation.*

ELÐĒODGIAN

Verb: *to be or live abroad; to travel, wander as a pilgrim.*

ELÐĒODIG

Adjective: *strange, foreign, hostile, barbarous, exiled.*

ELÐĒODIGE

Adverb: *in or to foreign parts, abroad.*

ELÐĒODIGLIC

Adjective: *strange, foreign, born abroad.*

ELÐĒODIGLĪCE

Adverb: *in foreign parts, abroad, among foreigners.*

ELÐĒODIGNES

Noun: *being or living abroad, pilgrimage, exile.*

ELÐĒODISC

Adjective: *strange, foreign.*

ELÐĒODUNG

Noun: *going or travel abroad, living or residence abroad.*

EM

Noun: *the letter m.*

EMBENE

Noun: *the inhabitants of Amiens, Amiens, in Picardy, France.*

EMBREN

Noun: *bucket, pail, urn.*

EMBRIN

Noun: *fetter.*

EME

Noun: *deceit, fraud.*

EMERTUNG

Noun: *itching, tickling.*

EMLEAHTOR

Noun: *incorrect use (elision?) of m.*

EMNET

Noun: *a plain, level ground.*

EMNLAND

Numeral: *a plain, even land.*

EMNSĀR

Noun: *equal sorrow or contrition.*

EMPIRE

Noun: *empire.*

EMTWĀ

Adverb: *in half, into two equal parts.*

ĒND

Adverb: *formerly, of old.*

ENDE

Noun: *end, conclusion; death; limit, border, boundary; direction, quarter, district, region; part, division, portion; class, kind, sort, species.*

ENDEBYRD

Noun: *order, arrangement.*

ENDEBYRDAN

See *(ge)endebyrdan.*

ENDEBYRDEND

Noun: *one who orders or arranges.*

ENDEBYRDES

Adverb: *in order, orderly; regularly; properly.*

ENDEBYRDLIC

Adjective: *ordinal.*

ENDEBYRDLĪCE

See *(ge)endebyrdlīce.*

ENDEBYRDNES

Noun: *order, disposition, arrangement; series, row, succession; way, manner, means, method, rule; grade, degree, rank, position, condition.*

ENDEDÆG

Noun: *the last day; the day of death.*

ENDEDĒAÐ

Noun: *death as the end of life.*

ENDEDŌGOR

Noun: *last or final day, death-day.*

ENDEFÆSTEND

Noun: *finisher.*

ENDEFURH

Noun: *bounding trench, end-furrow.*

ENDELĀF

Noun: *last remnant.*

ENDELĒAN

Noun: *final reward.*

ENDELĒAS

Adjective: *endless, infinite, eternal, boundless.*

ENDELĒASLIC

Adjective: *endless, everlasting, eternal, boundless.*

ENDELĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *endlessly, everlastingly, infinite, eternally.*

ENDELĒASNES

Noun: *endlessness, infinity, eternity.*

ENDELĪF

Noun: *death.*

ENDEMANN

Noun: *person living in the latest age of the world.*

ENDEMEST

1. Adverb: *equally, likewise, in like manner; together, unanimously; at the same time, at time, straightway; fully, entirely; in procession.*

2. Adjective: *last.*

ENDEMESTNES

Noun: *extremity.*

ENDENĒHST

Adjective: *last, final; extreme; uttermost.*

ENDENĒHSTNES

Noun: *extremity.*

ENDERĪM

Noun: *number, final number.*

ENDESÆTA

Noun: *end or border inhabitant.*

ENDESPÆC

Noun: *epilogue.*

ENDESTÆF

Noun: *end conclusion; death.*

ENDETĪMA

Noun: *last day or hour, end of life.*

ENDEÐRÆST

Noun: *end, destruction.*

ENDIAN

See *(ge)endian.*

ENDLEOFAN

Numeral: *eleven.*

ENDLIGFANGILDE

Adjective: *entitled to eleven-fold compensation.*

ENDLYFENFEALD

Adjective: *eleven-fold.*

ENDLYFTA

Numeral: *eleventh.*

ENDLYFTE

Adverb: *in the eleventh place, eleventhly.*

ENDUNG

See *(ge)endung.*

ENDWERC

Noun: *pain in the buttocks.*

ENED

Noun: *duck, drake; coot; water-fowl.*

ENGE

1. Adjective: *close, narrow, confined, straitened, constrained; anxious, troubled, vexed; severe, oppressive, cruel; painful, grievous.*

2. Adverb: *sadly, anxiously; narrowly.*

ENGEL

1. Noun: *messenger, angel.*

2. See *Angel* (3).

ENGELCUND

Adjective: *angelic.*

ENGELCYNN

Noun: *race or order of angels.*

ENGELLIC

Adjective: *angelic.*

ENGLAFELD

Noun: *Englefield, or Inglefield, near Reading, Berkshire.*

ENGLALAND

Noun: *England.*

ENGLAN

Noun: *Angles.*

ENGLISC

Adjective: *English.*

ENGLISCMANN

Noun: *Englishman.*

ENGU

Noun: *narrowness, confinement.*

ENT

Noun: *giant.*

ENTCYNN

Noun: *giant-kind, giant-race.*

ENTISC

Adjective: *belonging to or made by a giant.*

EODOR

Noun: *dwelling, house; zone, region; hedge, limit, boundary; protector, sovereign, lord, prince; fence, enclosure; fold.*

EODORBRECÐ

Noun: *breach of an enclosure.*

EODORBRICE

Noun: *breach of an enclosure, house-breaching.*

EODORCAN

Verb: *to chew, ruminate.*

EODORGONG

Noun: *taking refuge; begging; robbery.*

EODORWĪR

Noun: *wire fence or enclosure.*

EOFESHAM

Noun: *Evesham, Worcestershire.*

EOFOLE

Noun: *(plant name) danewort, endive.*

EOFOR

Noun: *boar, wild boar; boar-image on a helmet.*

EOFORCUMBOL

Noun: *boar-banner, boar image, boar-shaped ensign.*

EOFOREN

Adjective: *belonging to a boar.*

EOFORENDENU

Noun: *boar-vale.*

EOFORFEARN

Noun: *a species of fern, polypody.*

EOFORHĒAFODSEGN

Noun: *boar-head banner.*

EOFORHWÆT

Adjective: *bold as a boar.*

EOFORLĪC

Noun: *boar-image (on a helmet).*

EOFORSPERE

Noun: *boar-spear.*

EOFORSPRĒOT

Noun: *boar-spear.*

EOFORSWĪN

Noun: *boar pig, male swine.*

EOFORÐRING

Noun: *(boar-throng), the constellation Orion.*

EOFORÐROTE

Noun: *carline thistle.*

EOFORWĪCCEASTER

Noun: *York.*

EOFORWĪCSCĪR

Noun: *Yorkshire.*

EOFORWĪCSTŌL

Noun: *the see of York.*

EOFOT

See *(ge)eofot.*

EOH

Noun: *charger, war-horse; name of the rune for e.*

ĒOH

Noun: *yew-tree; name of the rune for Ēo.*

EOLET

Noun: *the sea, ocean.*

EOLH

Noun: *Elk, the name of rune.*

EOLHSAND

Noun: *amber.*

EOLHSECG

Noun: *kind of sedge or reed.*

EOLONE

Noun: *the herb elecampane.*

EORCNANSTĀN

Noun: *gem, precious stone, topaz, pearl; jewel.*

ĒORED

Noun: *company, band, legion, troop, cavalry; chariot.*

ĒOREDCIST

Noun: *company, troop.*

ĒOREDGEATWE

Noun: *military apparel or trappings.*

ĒOREDGERĪD

Noun: *troop of horsemen.*

ĒOREDHĒAP

Noun: *troop, host.*

ĒOREDMÆCG

Noun: *horseman.*

ĒOREDMANN

Noun: *horseman, trooper; a man riding in a chariot.*

ĒOREDMENIGU

Noun: *legion.*

ĒOREDÐRĒAT

Noun: *host, company, band, troop.*

ĒOREDWEOROD

Noun: *company, band, multitude.*

EORL

Noun: *brave man, warrior; leader, chief; nobleman; Anglo-Saxon nobleman of high rank, the yarl of the Danes.*

EORLCUND

Adjective: *noble, earl kind.*

EORLDŌM

Noun: *earldom, rank of an earl.*

EORLE

Noun: *the Eruli.*

EORLGEBYRD

Noun: *noble birth, nobility.*

EORLGESTRĒON

Noun: *wealth, riches, treasure.*

EORLGEWÆDE

Noun: *armour.*

EORLGIFU

Noun: *gift of a noble.*

EORLICE

Adverb: *strongly, manfully, greatly.*

EORLISC

Adjective: *of noble rank, earlish.*

EORLLIC

Adjective: *manly, chivalrous.*

EORLMÆGEN

Noun: *host of men, band of noble warriors.*

EORLRIHT

Noun: *earl's riht or privilege.*

EORLSCIPE

Noun: *bravery, courage; manliness; nobility; supremacy.*

EORLWEOROD

Noun: *band of men, noble warrior band.*

EORMANRIC

Noun: *the celebrated king of the Ostrogoths, or East Goths, the Alexander of the Goths.*

EORMENCYNN

Noun: *the human race, mankind.*

EORMENGRUND

Noun: *wide world.*

EORMENLĀF

Noun: *a huge or great legacy.*

EORMENSTRŸND

Noun: *generation, race; the great generation.*

EORMENÐĒOD

Noun: *great or mighty people.*

EORNES

1. Noun: *duel, combat; anger.*

2. See *iernes.*

EORNOST

Noun: *duel, combat, battle; seriousness, earnestness, zeal.*

EORNOSTE

1. Adjective: *serious, earnest, zealous.*

2. Adverb: *seriously, earnestly; courageously, strongly, fiercely.*

EORNOSTLĪCE

1. Adverb: *truly, earnestly; indeed; strictly.*

2. Conjunction: *therefore; but.*

EORÐÆPPEL

Noun: *earth apple, cucumber.*

EORÐÆRN

Noun: *earth-house, grave, tomb, sepulchre.*

EORÐBEOFUNG

Noun: *earthquake.*

EORÐBERGE

Noun: *strawberry.*

EORÐBĪGENGA

Noun: *earth-dweller.*

EORÐBĪGENNES

Noun: *agriculture.*

EORÐBRYCG

Noun: *a bridge made by placing poles across a stream and laying earth and sods on them.*

EORÐBŪEND

Noun: *man, earth-dweller.*

EORÐBYRGEN

Noun: *grave.*

EORÐBYRIG

road, embankment, earthwork; mound.

EORÐCAFER

Noun: *earth-bettle, cockchafer.*

EORÐCENNED

Adjective: *earth-born.*

EORÐCRÆFT

Noun: geometry.

EORÐCROP

Noun: *unknown plant.*

EORÐCRYPPEL

Noun: *paralytic or palsied man; creeper on the earth.*

EORÐCUND

Adjective: *earthly, terrestial, mortal.*

EORÐCUNDLIC

Adjective: *earthly, mortal.*

EORÐCYNING

Noun: *earthly king.*

EORÐCYNN

Noun: *earth-kind, human race.*

EORÐDENU

Noun: *valley.*

EORÐDRACA

Noun: *earth-dragon.*

EORÐDYNE

Noun: *Earth din, an earthquake.*

EORÐE

Noun: *soil, ground, earth, dust, mould; world, the earth; land, district, country.*

EORÐEN

Adjective: *of or in the earth.*

EORÐFÆST

Adjective: *earthfast, fixed in the earth.*

EORÐFÆT

Noun: *body, earthen vessel.*

EORÐGEALLA

Noun: *(plant name) earth-gall, lesser centaury.*

EORÐGEBYRST

Noun: *chasm in the ground.*

EORÐGEMĀRE

Noun: *boundary of the earth, end of the earth.*

EORÐGEMET

Noun: *geometry.*

EORÐGESCEAFT

Noun: *earthly creature.*

EORÐGESTRĒON

Noun: *earthly treasure.*

EORÐGRÆF

Noun: *hole in the earth, ditch, well.*

EORÐGRĀP

Noun: *earth's grasp.*

EORÐHELE

Noun: *a covering of the ground(?).*

EORÐHRĒRNES

Noun: *earthquake.*

EORÐHŪS

Noun: *earth-house, cave, den.*

EORÐĪFIG

Noun: *ground-ivy, terebinthus.*

EORÐLIC

Adjective: *worldly, earthly, terrestial, mundane.*

EORÐLĪCE

Adverb: *in an earthly manner.*

EORÐMÆGEN

Noun: *earthly power.*

EORÐMATA

Noun: *vermis, earth-worm.*

EORÐMISTEL

Noun: *basil (plant).*

EORÐNAFELA

Noun: *asparagus; earth-navel.*

EORÐNUTU

Noun: *earth-nut, pig-nut.*

EORÐRECED

Noun: *cave.*

EORÐREST

Noun: *resting or lying on the ground.*

EORÐRĪCE

Noun: *earth, earthly kingdom.*

EORÐRIMA

Noun: *kind of plant, dodder.*

EORÐRYNE

Noun: *earthquake.*

EORÐSCRÆF

Noun: *cavern; grave, tomb, sepulchre.*

EORÐSELE

Noun: *cave.*

EORÐSLIHTES

Adverb: *close to the ground.*

EORÐSTEDE

Noun: *earth-place.*

EORÐSTYREN

Noun: *earthquake.*

EORÐSTYRENNES

Noun: *earthquake.*

EORÐSTYRUNG

Noun: *earth-stirring, earthquake.*

EORÐTILIA

Noun: *farmer, husbandman, earth-tiller.*

EORÐTILÐ

Noun: *agriculture, earth-tilth, earth-tillage.*

EORÐTILUNG

Noun: *agriculture.*

EORÐTŪDOR

Noun: *human race, men.*

EORÐTYREWE

Noun: *earth-tar, asphalt; bitumen.*

EORÐWÆSTM

Noun: *fruit of the earth.*

EORÐWARAN

Noun: *earth-dwellers.*

EORÐWARU

Noun: *earth-dwellers.*

EORÐWEALL

Noun: *mound, rampart; side or roof of a cave.*

EORÐWEARD

Noun: *fortress; region of the earth.*

EORÐWEG

Noun: *earth, earth-way.*

EORÐWELA

Noun: *earth-wealth, fertility.*

EORÐWEORC

Noun: *earth-work.*

EORÐWEROD

Noun: *mankind.*

EOTALAND

Noun: *Jutland.*

EOTEN

Noun: *enemy, giant, monster.*

EOTENAS

Noun: *the Jutes, Jutlanders, the ancient inhabitants of Jutland in the north of Denmark.*

EOTENISC

Adjective: *gigantic.*

EOTONWEARD

Noun: *watch agains monsters or giants.*

ĒOW

1. Interjection: *Wo! alas!*

2. See *gīw.*

3. See *īw* (1).

4. Noun: *sheep.*

ĒOWD

Noun: *herd, flock; sheepfold.*

ĒOWDE

Noun: *flock (of sheep), herd.*

ĒOWDESCĒAP

Noun: *sheep of the flock.*

ĒOWENDE

Noun: *testiculis.*

ĒOWERLENDISC

Adjective: *of your land or country, vestras.*

ĒOWESTRE

Noun: *sheepfold.*

ĒOWIGENDLIC

Adjective: *demonstrative.*

EOWLAND

Noun: *Oeland, an island on the coast of Sweden.*

ĒOWOCIG

Adjective: *greasy with yolk.*

ĒOWOHUMELE

Noun: *female hop-plant.*

ĒOWOMEOLUC

Noun: *ewe's milk.*

ĒOWU

Noun: *ewe, female sheep.*

EPACTAS

Noun: *epacts.*

EPIPHANIA

Noun: *the Epiphany.*

ERETIC

Adjective: *heretical.*

ERHE

Adverb: *fearfully.*

ERIAN

Verb: *to plough; to ear.*

ERINACES

Noun: *hedgehogs.*

ERINGLAND

Noun: *arable land.*

ERIUNG

Noun: *ploughing; earing.*

ERMINGSTRÆT

Noun: *Erming-street, one of the four great Roman roads in Britain.*

ERN

1. Noun: *grain, harvest.*

2. See ***æ****rn.*

ERNÐ

Noun: *crop of corn.*

ERSC

Noun: *stubble-field.*

ERSCGRĀFA

Noun: *copse near a stubble-field.*

ERSCHEN

Noun: *quail.*

ESAU

Noun: *Esau.*

ESNE

Noun: *man, youth; scholar; labourer, servant, retainer, slave.*

ESNECUND

Adjective: *of the servile class.*

ESNEMON

Noun: *servant, hireling.*

ESNEWYRHTA

Noun: *hireling, mercenary.*

ESNLĪCE

Adverb: *manfully, valiantly.*

ESOL

Noun: *ass.*

ESOLE

Noun: *she-ass.*

ESS

Noun: *name of the letter s.*

ESSIAN

Verb: *to consume, waste, waste away.*

ĒST

Noun: *favour, grace, will, consent, liberality; bounty; harmony, kindness, love; pleasure; delicacies, luxuries.*

ĒSTAN

1. Verb: *to feast; to live luxuriously.*

2. See *ēastan.*

ĒSTE

1. Adjective: *gracious, liberal, bountiful.*

2. Noun: *the Esthonians or Osterlings, a Finnish race.*

ĒSTĒADIG

Noun: *luxurious.*

ĒSTELIC

Adjective: *kind, gracious, delicate, dainty; devout.*

ĒSTELĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, gladly, delicately, daintily, courteously; luxuriously.*

ĒSTFUL

Adjective: *full of kindness, gracious; ready to serve, devoted to; fond of luxuries.*

ĒSTFULLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, devotedly.*

ĒSTFULNES

Noun: *fullness of liberality, daintiness; zeal; devotion; luxury, lasciviousness, lechery.*

ĒSTGEORN

Adjective: *delicate, fond of luxuries.*

ĒSTIG

Adjective: *gracious, liberal, bounteous.*

ĒSTINES

Noun: *kindness, benignity, bounteousness.*

ĒSTMERE

Noun: *the Frische Haff, or fresh water lake which is one on the north of east Prussia.*

ĒSTMETE

Noun: *delicacy, dainties; luxuries; dainty (food).*

ĒSTNES

Noun: *bliss.*

ĒSTUM

Adverb: *kindly, gladly, willingly, bounteously; freely.*

ESULCWEORN

Noun: *mill-stone turned by an ass.*

ETAN

See *(ge)etan.*

ETELOND

Noun: *pasture land.*

ETEND

1. Noun: *eater, glutton.*

2. Adjective: *voracious, gluttonous.*

ETENLÆS

Noun: *pasture.*

ETING

Noun: *eating.*

ETNA

Noun: *Etna, the volcano of Sicily.*

ETOL

Adjective: *voracious, gluttonous.*

ETOLNES

Noun: *voracity, gluttony, greediness.*

ETTAN

Verb: *to graze.*

ETTULMAN

Noun: *gluttonous man.*

EÐANDŪN

Noun: *Eddington, near Westbury, Wiltshire.*

ĒÐEL

1. Noun: *home, native land or country, fatherland, ancestral home; name of the rune for oe.*

2. See *ēleð.*

ĒÐELBODA

Noun: *native preacher, apostle of a country.*

ĒÐELCYNING

Noun: *a country's king, king of the land.*

ĒÐELDRĒAM

Noun: *domestic joy or pleasure.*

ĒÐELEARD

Noun: *native dwelling.*

ĒÐELFÆSTEN

Noun: *country's fortress.*

ĒÐELLAND

Noun: *native land, fatherland.*

ĒÐELLĒAS

Adjective: *homeless, countryless, exiled.*

ĒÐELMEARC

Noun: *one's country's boundary, territory.*

ĒÐELRĪCE

Noun: *native-realm, native-country.*

ĒÐELRIHT

Noun: *land or country's right.*

ĒÐELSELD

Noun: *native seat, settlement.*

ĒÐELSTÆF

Noun: *successor, heir; family staff or support.*

ĒÐELSTAÐOL

Noun: *native settlement.*

ĒÐELSTŌL

Noun: *habitation; chief city, royal city; hereditary seat.*

ĒÐELSTŌW

Noun: *dwelling-place.*

ĒÐELTURF

Noun: *native turf or soil, native country.*

ĒÐELÐRYMM

Noun: *one's country's dignity, glory of one's own land.*

ĒÐELWEARD

Noun: *man, country's guardian or ruler, king.*

ĒÐELWYNN

Noun: *joy of country, joy of ownership.*

ĒÐGUNG

Noun: *breath, breathing, inspiration; panting; flatulency.*

ĒÐIAN

See *(ge)ēðian.*

ĒÐUNG

1. Noun: *laying waste, destroying.*

2. See *ēðgung.*

ĒUWĀ

Interjection: *alas, woe.*

EVANGELISTA

Noun: *evangelist.*

ĒWBRYCE

Noun: *adultery.*

EX

1. Noun: *brain.*

2. See *eax* (1).

3. Noun: *the river Ex; Isca, in Devon.*

EXĀMERON

Noun: *work on the six days of creation.*

EXODUS

Noun: *going out.*

EXORCISTA

Noun: *exorcist.*

FĀCEN

Noun: *deceit, guile, sin, treachery, fraud, wickedness, malice, crime, evil; blemish, fault (in an object).*

FĀCENDÆD

Noun: *sin, wicked deed, crime.*

FĀCENFUL

Adjective: *deceitful, crafty.*

FĀCENFULLIC

Adjective: *deceitful, crafty.*

FĀCENFULLĪCE

Adverb: *deceitfully, cunningly.*

FĀCENFULNES

Noun: *deceit, deceitfulness.*

FĀCENGECWIS

Noun: *conspiracy, wicked consent.*

FĀCENLĒAS

Adjective: *simple, innocent, without deceit, guileless; pure, of precious metals or jewels; simplex.*

FĀCENLIC

Adjective: *deceitful.*

FĀCENLĪCE

Adverb: *deceitfully, fraudulently.*

FĀCENNES

Noun: *deceit, guile, wile.*

FĀCENSEARU

Noun: *treachery, treacherous wile.*

FĀCENSTÆF

Noun: *deceit, treachery, treacherous wile.*

FĀCENTĀCEN

Noun: *deceitful token, false sign, sign of crimes.*

FACG

Noun: *flat-fish, plaice, flounder.*

FĀCIAN

Verb: *to get, try to obtain; to wish for, desire to obtain; to reach, arrive at a point.*

FADIAN

See *(ge)fadian.*

FADIEND

one that directs or regulates, manager, moderator.

FADUNG

See *(ge)fadung.*

FÆC

Noun: *space of time, interval, portion of time, while; distance; period of five years; room; difference of condition.*

FĀECAN

Verb: *to desire to go.*

FÆCELE

1. Noun: *torch.*

2. See *Ðæcele.*

FÆCFUL

Adjective: *broad, spacious.*

FĀECNE

1. Adjective: *deceitful, guileful, treacherous, fraudulent, vile, wicked, worthless.*

2. Adverb: *deceitfully, disgracefully, fraudulently, maliciously; exceedingly.*

FĀECNIG

Adjective: *crafty.*

FĀECNUNG

Noun: *suspicion.*

FÆDER

Noun: *father, male ancestor, god-father; the Father, God; patron; (in pl) parents, ancestors.*

FÆDERA

Noun: *uncle, father´s brother.*

FÆDERÆÐELO

Noun: *patrimony; paternal kinship.*

FÆDEREN

Adjective: *paternal, belonging to a father.*

FÆDERENBRŌÐOR

Noun: *brother (from the same father).*

FÆDERENCNŌSL

Noun: *paternal race, father's kin.*

FÆDERENCYNN

Noun: *paternal kin or race.*

FÆDERENHEALF

Noun: *father's side.*

FÆDERENMÆG

Noun: *paternal kinsman, paternal relation.*

FÆDERENMÆGÐ

Noun: *paternal kindred.*

FÆDERĒÐEL

Noun: *paternal home, father-land.*

FÆDERĒÐSTŌL

Noun: *paternal seat, father-land.*

FÆDERFEOH

Noun: *dowry (paid by the father of the bride).*

FÆDERGEARD

Noun: *paternal habitation, father's dwelling.*

FÆDERGESTRĒON

Noun: *patrimony, father's property.*

FÆDERHĪWISC

Noun: *paterfamilias.*

FÆDERLAND

Noun: *inheritance, paternal land.*

FÆDERLĒAS

Adjective: *fatherless.*

FÆDERLIC

Adjective: *paternal, fatherly; ancestral; lineal (of succession).*

FÆDERLĪCE

Adverb: *as a father.*

FÆDERNAMA

Noun: *surname.*

FÆDERRĪCE

Noun: *paternal kingdom, heaven.*

FÆDERSLAGA

Noun: *parricide, father-slayer.*

FÆDERSWICA

Noun: *traitor to one's father.*

FÆDRUNGA

Noun: *paternal relation, any parental relation.*

FĀGAN

Verb: *to paint.*

FĀGE

Adjective: *destined, fated, fey, condemned, damned, doomed (to death); dead, killed, slain; accursed; unhappy; timid, feeble, cowardly.*

FÆGEN

See *(ge)fægen.*

FÆGENNES

Noun: *joy.*

FÆGER

1. Adjective: *fair, beautiful, handsome, attractive, desirable; pleasant, agreeable, sweet, lovely; joyous; plausible; free from trouble or impropriety.*

2. Noun: *fairness, beauty; beautiful object.*

FÆGERLĪCE

Adverb: *splendidly, sumptuously.*

FÆGERNES

Noun: *fairness, beauty.*

FÆGERWYRDE

Adjective: *fair in word, smooth-speaking.*

FÆGN

Adjective: *fain, glad, joyful, rejoicing.*

FÆGNUNG

See *(ge)fægnung.*

FĀGNYS

Noun: *difference, diversity, variety.*

FÆGRE

Adverb: *softly, pleasantly, gently, kindly, without haste or violence; elegantly; well, justly, in equity, fairly; without defect, beautifully; with happy result; with propriety, in a becoming manner; plausibly; speciously; early; slowly.*

FÆGRIAN

See *(ge)fægrian.*

FĀGÐ

Noun: *hostility; imminent death.*

FĀHÐ

Noun: *feud, enmity, hostility, violence; revenge, vengeance, vendetta; deadly feud.*

FÆHÐBŌT

Noun: *feud-amends.*

FÆLE

1. Adjective: *true, faithful, trusty; good; dear, beloved.*

2. Adverb: *truly, faithfully; well, pleasantly.*

FÆLSIAN

Verb: *to cleanse, purify; to expiate.*

FÆMAN

Verb: *to foam or froth.*

FÆMNE

See *(ge)fæmne.*

FÆMNHĀD

Noun: *virginity; womanhood, maidenhood.*

FÆMNHĀDESMON

Noun: *virgin.*

FÆMNHĀDLIC

Adjective: *virginal, virginlike; maidenly.*

FÆPPINGAS

Noun: *people of a district of Mercia.*

FÆR

See *(ge)fær.*

FĀR

1. Noun: *danger, peril; fear, terror; sudden attack; calamity, accident, disaster, evil; terrible sight.*

2. See *fēfēr.*

3. See *fæger* (2).

4. See *fæger* (1).

FÆRÆRNING

Noun: *quick riding.*

FĀRAN

Verb: *to frighten, terrify; to seize quickly, take by surprise; to raven.*

FÆRBĒNA

Noun: *peasant, small-holder; one that has to ask leave to go from his lord; a person of the churl class one that asks for passage on a ship.*

FÆRBIFONGEN

Adjective: *beset by dangers, with perils encompassed.*

FÆRBLÆD

Noun: *sudden or fearful blast.*

FÆRBRYNE

Noun: *terrible or scorching heat.*

FÆRCLAMM

Noun: *sudden seizing.*

FÆRCOÐU

Noun: *sudden sickness or death; apoplexy.*

FÆRCUMEN

Adjective: *sudden.*

FÆRCWEALM

Noun: *sudden pestilence.*

FÆRCYLE

Noun: *intense or terrible cold.*

FÆRDĒAÐ

Noun: *sudden death.*

FÆRDRYRE

Noun: *sudden or pernicious fall.*

FÆRELBŌC

Noun: *itinerary.*

FÆRELD

Noun: *way, going, motion, journey, course, passage, track, expedition; going, walking; company, retinue; relation; track of an animal; vehicle, carriage, train; way of life, course of life; movement, progress; the Passover.*

FÆRELDFRĒOLS

Noun: *the Passover feast.*

FÆRFRĪGE

Adjective: *with freedom to go.*

FÆRFYLL

Adverb: *headlong.*

FÆRGRIPE

Noun: *sudden or pernicious grasp.*

FÆRGRYRE

Noun: *perilous or awful horror.*

FÆRHAGA

Noun: *hedge of terrors.*

FÆRING

Noun: *journey, wandering, travelling; accusation; ecstasy, trance, rapture, swooning.*

FÆRINGA

Adverb: *suddenly, unexpectedly, by chance, forthwith, without warning or notice, all at once, without premeditation; soon, early; quickly, without delay.*

FÆRLIC

Adjective: *sudden, unexpected; rapid, quick; horrible.*

FÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *suddenly, unexpectedly, by chance, all at once; soon; quickly, immediately, in a hurry; not of set purpose, without forethought; haphazard.*

FÆRNES

Noun: *passage, traffic, transmigration; fare.*

FÆRNES

Noun: *suddenness.*

FÆRNĪÐ

Noun: *mischief, hostile attack.*

FÆRRÆS

Noun: *sudden or violent rush.*

FÆRRÆSENDE

Adjective: *rushing impetuously.*

FÆRRIHT

Noun: *fare.*

FÆRSCEATT

Noun: *passage-money, fare-scot.*

FÆRSCEAÐA

Noun: *sudden or dangerous enemy.*

FÆRSCYTE

Noun: *sudden or pernicious shot.*

FÆRSEARO

Noun: *sudden artifice.*

FÆRSĒAÐ

Noun: *deep pit, abyss, gulf.*

FÆRSLIDE

Noun: *sudden fall.*

FÆRSPELL

Noun: *sudden message; horrible message, dreadful tidings.*

FÆRSPRYNG

Noun: *sudden pustule, ulcer of a rash.*

FÆRSTEORFA

Noun: *murrain.*

FÆRSTICE

Noun: *sudden stitch or pain.*

FÆRSTYLT

Noun: *amazement, stupor.*

FÆRSWĪGE

Noun: *amazement.*

FÆRSWILE

Noun: *sudden swelling.*

FÆRUNTRYMNES

Noun: *sudden sickness.*

FÆRWEG

Noun: *cart-road.*

FÆRWUNDOR

Noun: *sudden or stupendous wonder.*

FÆS

Noun: *border, fringe.*

FÆSL

Noun: *offspring, progeny, seed.*

FÆST

1. Adjective: *fast, firm, fixed, steadfast, stiff; bound, enclosed, closed; strong, fortified; watertight; secure; constant; dense, heavy; obstinate; costive.*

2. See *fæsð* (1).

FÆSTAN

See *(ge)fæstan.*

FÆSTE

Adverb: *fast, firmly; strictly, straitly; securely; heavily; speedily, urgently; at once.*

FÆSTEN

Noun: *fastness; wall, enclosure, stronghold, fortification, fortress, bulwark, castle, prison; cloister; sky, firmament; fast, abstinence from food.*

FÆSTENBRYCE

Noun: *breach of a fast.*

FÆSTENDÆG

Noun: *fast-day.*

FÆSTENDĪC

Noun: *forth or castle-ditch, moat.*

FÆSTENGEAT

Noun: *fortress, castle or city gate.*

FÆSTENGEWEORC

Noun: *repairing or construction of fortifications.*

FÆSTENTĪD

Noun: *fast-time.*

FÆSTENWUCE

Noun: *week of fasting, week in Lent.*

FÆSTERN

Noun: *fast; Quadragesima.*

FÆSTERNLIC

Adjective: *quadragesimal, Lenten.*

FÆSTGANGOL

Adjective: *firm, steady, constant; faithful.*

FÆSTHAFOL

Adjective: *firm, steadfast, firm; tenacious, retentive; sparing; miserly; parsimonious.*

FÆSTHAFOLNES

Noun: *economy, sparingness; stinginess.*

FÆSTHEALD

Adjective: *firmly fixed or joined.*

FÆSTHŸDIG

Adjective: *constant, steadfast.*

FÆSTIAN

See *(ge)fæstian.*

FÆSTING

Noun: *trust, guardianship, commendation; entrusting, act of confidence.*

FÆSTINGAN

Verb: *to make firm, fix, fasten, bind; to secure; to confirm, ratify.*

FÆSTINGMANN

Noun: *servants, retainers.*

FÆSTLAND

Noun: *land that is hard to invade.*

FÆSTLIC

Adjective: *firm, fixed, steadfast; resolute, vigorous; solid.*

FÆSTLĪCE

See *(ge)fæstlīce.*

FÆSTMŌD

Adjective: *steadfast, constant in mind.*

FÆSTNES

Noun: *firmness, stability, fastness; massiveness; stronghold, fortification; tenancy, vigour, resolution; firmament.*

FÆSTNIAN

See *(ge)fæstnian.*

FÆSTNUNG

See *(ge)fæstnung.*

FÆSTRĀD

Adjective: *firm, steadfast, inflexible; constant.*

FÆSTRĀDLIC

Adjective: *steadfast, constant.*

FÆSTRĀDLĪCE

Adverb: *constantly; firmly; boldly.*

FÆSTRĀDNES

Noun: *constancy, resolution, fortitude.*

FÆSTSTEALL

Adjective: *standing firmly.*

FÆSÐ

1. Noun: *stronghold, fastness; enclosure, cloister fortress, prison; fastener.*

2. See *fæst* (1).

FÆT

Noun: *thin plate of metal, gold-leaf ornament; jar, cup, vessel, vat; box, casket; division.*

FĀTAN

See *(ge)fātan.*

FÆTED

1. Adjective: *golden, covered or ornamented with gold.*

2. Adjective: *fat, fatted.*

FÆTEDHLĒOR

Adjective: *ornamented cheek.*

FÆTEDSINC

Noun: *gilded treasure.*

FÆTELS

Noun: *vessel, vat; bag, sack, pouch.*

FÆTELSIAN

Verb: *to put into a vessel.*

FÆTELSOD

Adjective: *provided with a sheath.*

FÆTFYLLERE

Noun: *cupbearer; one who fills a vessel.*

FÆTGOLD

Noun: *gold drawn out into thin plates.*

FÆTHENGEST

Noun: *riding-horse.*

FÆTNES

Noun: *fatness; the richest part of anything.*

FÆTT

1. Adjective: *fat, fatted.*

2. Adjective: *golden, covered or ornamented with gold.*

3. Noun: *fat.*

FÆÐM

Noun: *outstretched or encircling arms, grasp, embrace; protection; interior; breast, bosom, lap; womb; forearm; fist; fathom, cubit; power; surface; expanse; deep, abyss.*

FÆÐMAN

Verb: *to surround, envelop, embrace; to fathom; to clasp; to contain; to devour.*

FÆÐME

Noun: *outstretched or encircling arms; grasp, embrace, protection; interior; bosom, lap, breast, womb; fathom, cubit; power; expanse, surface.*

FÆÐMLIC

Adjective: *enclosing, encompassing, embracing; bending, winding; sinuous.*

FÆÐMRĪM

Noun: *fathom, cubit.*

FĀG

1. Adjective: *spotted, dappled, stained; coloured, variegated, dyed; shining, gleaming; tessellated.*

2. See *(ge)fāh* (1).

FAGE

Noun: *plaice, loach.*

FĀGETTAN

Verb: *to change or vary colour; to grow dark; to quibble.*

FĀGETUNG

Noun: *change of colour; growing dark.*

FĀGIAN

See *(ge)fāgian.*

FĀGNES

Noun: *eruption, ulcer, scab; variety of colour; brilliancy.*

FĀGUNG

Noun: *variety (of colour).*

FĀGWYRM

Noun: *basilisk.*

FĀH

See *(ge)fāh.*

FĀHMANN

Noun: *enemy, foeman.*

FALA

1. Noun: *plank; tube, pipe.*

2. See *fela* (1).

3. See *fela* (2).

FĀLÆCAN

Verb: *to be at enmity with, be at feud, show hostility to.*

FALD

Noun: *fold; stable, cattle-pen, sheepfold, ox-stall.*

FALDERE

Noun: *one who folds animals.*

FALDGANG

Noun: *pasture land.*

FALDGANGÐENIG

Noun: *fold-going money, money paid by a vassal to be free from sending sheep to fold on his lord's land.*

FALDHRĪÐER

Noun: *beast kept in a fold, stalled ox.*

FALDIAN

Verb: *to make a fold, hurdle off sheep.*

FALDWYRÐE

Adjective: *entitled to have his own fold.*

FALS

1. Adjective: *false (of weight or coinage).*

2. Noun: *falsehood, fraud; counterfeit.*

FALSTER

Noun: *an island in the Baltic.*

FALÐING

Noun: *mass, load; great weight; something that falls.*

FĀM

Noun: *foam; sea.*

FĀMBLĀWENDE

Adjective: *emitting foam.*

FĀMGIAN

Verb: *to boil, foam.*

FĀMIG

Adjective: *foamy.*

FĀMIGBORD

1. Adjective: *with foaming banks (of a stream).*

2. Noun: *foaming bank.*

FĀMIGBŌSM

Adjective: *with foamy bosom.*

FĀMIGHEALS

Adjective: *foamy-necked.*

FANA

Noun: *standard, banner, vane; plant, iris, flower de luce.*

FANBYRD

Noun: *banner-bearing.*

FANBYRDE

Adjective: *standard-bearing.*

FANDERE

Noun: *trier, tester, tempter.*

FANDIAN

See *(ge)fandian.*

FANDUNG

Noun: *test, proof, trial, experiment, investigation; temptation.*

FANG

Noun: *booty, plunder.*

FANGENNES

See *(ge)fangennes.*

FANN

Noun: *fan; implement for winnowing grain.*

FANNIAN

Verb: *to fan; to winnow corn.*

FANT

fount, spring, fountain; baptismal water.

FANTBÆÐ

Noun: *baptismal font, laver of baptism; baptism.*

FANTBLĒTSUNG

Noun: *consecration of a font.*

FANTFÆT

Noun: *baptismal font.*

FANTHĀLGUNG

Noun: *consecration of a font.*

FANTHĀLIG

Adjective: *consecrated in a font.*

FANTWÆTER

Noun: *fountain or spring water, water used at baptism; laver of baptism.*

FARAN

Verb: *to go, move, set forth, proceed, wander, march, travel, journey, sail; to come; to be, exist, happen, act, turn out; to undergo, suffer; to get on, fare. to pass away, depart; to be current, be in use.*

FARENDLIC

Adjective: *pervious.*

FARISEISC

Adjective: *Pharisean.*

FARISĒOS

Noun: *the Pharisees.*

FARNEAEALOND

Noun: *Farn Island, on the coast of Northumberland, near Lindisfarne.*

FARNIAN

Verb: *to prosper.*

FAROÐ

Noun: *stream; shore.*

FAROÐHENGEST

Noun: *sea-horse; ship.*

FAROÐLĀCENDE

1. Adjective: *swimming, sailing.*

2. Noun: *sailors.*

FAROÐRĪDENDE

Adjective: *sailing.*

FAROÐSTRÆT

Noun: *path of the sea.*

FARU

Noun: *way, going, journey, course, march, expedition; going away; voyage (of an army)vehicle, carriage, vessel, ship; troop, crew; life, path in life, course of life; proceeding, adventures; passage, entrance, thoroughfare, road; movable possessions.*

FASTITOCALON

Noun: *large whale.*

FAÐE

Noun: *father's sister, paternal aunt.*

FAÐUSUNU

Noun: *father's sister's son.*

FAUL

Noun: *expression used as a charm; evil spirit.*

FĒA

1. See *feoh.*

2. Adjective: *few.*

3. Adverb: *even a little, at all.*

4. Noun: *joy.*

FEALCEN

Noun: *falcon.*

FEALDAN

See *(ge)fealdan.*

FEALGIAN

Verb: *to fallow, break-up land.*

FEALH

Noun: *fallow land; felly (of a wheel).*

FEALLAN

See *(ge)feallan.*

FEALLE

Noun: *pitfall, snare, trap.*

FEALLENDLIC

Adjective: *unstable, frail, perishable; transitory.*

FEALLETAN

Verb: *to fall down.*

FĒALŌG

Adjective: *destitute.*

FEALOHILTE

Adjective: *having a yellow or golden handle.*

FEALU

1. Adjective: *yellow, fallow, tawny, dun-coloured; dark, dusky; grey.*

2. Adjective: *fallow ground.*

FEALWIAN

Verb: *to grow or become yellow, fallow, wither; to ripen, fade.*

FĒANES

Noun: *fewness, paucity.*

FEARH

Noun: *little pig, hog; litter, farrow.*

FEARHHAMA

Noun: *womb of a pig; hide of pig; little stem.*

FEARHRŸÐER

Noun: *bull.*

FEARLIC

Adjective: *of a bull.*

FEARM

Noun: *load, freight, cargo.*

FEARN

Noun: *fern.*

FEARNBED

Noun: *fern-bed.*

FEARNBRACU

fern-brake.

FEARNDŪN

Noun: *Faringdon, Berkshire or Farndon.*

FEARNEDISC

Noun: *fern-pasture.*

FEARNHAM

Noun: *Farnham, in Surrey.*

FEARNHEGE

Noun: *hedge with ferns.*

FEARNIG

Adjective: *full of fern.*

FEARNLÆS

Noun: *fern-pasture.*

FEARNLĒAS

Adjective: *fernless.*

FEARR

1. Noun: *bull, ox; the Bull (sign of the zodiac).*

2. See *feorr* (1).

3. See *feorr* (2).

FĒASCEAFT

Adjective: *naked; having few things, poor, destitute; miserable, helpless.*

FĒASCEAFTIG

Adjective: *poor, destitute.*

FĒASCEAFTNES

Noun: *poverty.*

FĒAWA

1. Noun: *cattle, herd; property, movable goods, money, riches, treasure; name of the rune for f.*

2. See *feoh.*

3. See *fēa* (2).

4. See *fēa* (3).

FĒAWLIC

Adjective: *few.*

FĒAWNES

See *(ge)fēawnes.*

FEAX

Noun: *hair, locks.*

FEAXCLĀÐ

Noun: *band for the head, cap; fillet.*

FEAXECAS

Noun: *forelock.*

FEAXEDE

Adjective: *hairy, bushy; long-haired.*

FEAXFANG

Noun: *seizing or dragging by the hair.*

FEAXFEALLUNG

Noun: *falling off or loss of the hair; mange.*

FEAXHĀR

Adjective: *hoary, grey-haired.*

FEAXNÆDEL

Noun: *crispin pin.*

FEAXNES

Noun: *hair.*

FEAXNETT

Noun: *hair-net.*

FEAXPRĒON

Noun: *hair-pin.*

FEAXSCĒARA

Noun: *scissors for hair-cutting, hair shears, curling-tongs.*

FEAXWUND

Noun: *wound under the hair.*

FECCAN

See *(ge)feccan*.

FĒDAN

See *(ge)fēdan*.

FĒDELFUGOL

Noun: *fatted bird*.

FĒDELS

Noun: *keep, feeding, fatling*.

FĒDELSSWĪN

Noun: *fattened pig*.

FĒDING

Noun: *feeding*.

FĒDNES

Noun: *nourishment*.

FĒFĒR

Noun: *fever*.

FĒFERĀDL

Noun: *fever*.

FĒFERCYN

Noun: *a kind of fever*.

FĒFERFŪGE

Noun: *ferverfew (herb)*.

FĒFERIAN

Verb: *to be feverish, suffer from fever*.

FĒFERIG

Adjective: *feverish*.

FĒFERSĒOC

Adjective: *feverish*.

FĒGAN

See *(ge)fēgan*.

FĒGING

See *(ge)fēging*.

FEHT

Noun: *shaggy pelt, sheepskin with the fleece on it*.

FEL

Adjective: *savage, cruel, baleful*.

FELA

1. Adjective: *many, much, very.*

2. Adverb: *many, very much.*

FELAÆTE

Adjective: *eating much.*

FELAFÆCNE

Adjective: *very crafty or treacherous.*

FELAFEALD

Adjective: *manifold.*

FELAFEALDNES

Noun: *multitude.*

FELAFRĒCNE

Adjective: *very wild, savage or fierce; bold.*

FELAFRICGENDE

Adjective: *well informed.*

FELAGĒOMOR

Adjective: *very sad, sorrowful.*

FELAGEONG

Adjective: *very young.*

FELAGEONGE

Adjective: *having travelled much.*

FELAHRŌR

Adjective: *very strenuous, full of exploits.*

FELAĪDELSPRÆCE

Adjective: *talking very idly.*

FELALĒOF

Adjective: *very dear.*

FELAMEAHTIG

Adjective: *much mighty.*

FELAMŌDIG

Adjective: *very daring.*

FELAN

Verb: *to stick, adhere.*

FĒLAN

See *(ge)fēlan.*

FELARĪCE

Adjective: *very rich.*

FELASPECOL

Adjective: *talkative, loquacious.*

FELASPECOLNES

Noun: *talkativeness, loquacity.*

FELASPRÆC

Noun: *much speaking, loquacity.*

FELASPRÆCE

Adjective: *talkative, loquacious.*

FELASYNNIG

Adjective: *very sinful.*

FELAWLONC

Adjective: *very stately.*

FELAWYRDE

Adjective: *talkative.*

FELAWYRDNES

Noun: *talkativeness.*

FELCYRF

Noun: *foreskin.*

FELD

Noun: *field, plain, open or cultivated land.*

FELDBĒO

Noun: *humble-bee.*

FELDBISCEOPWYRT

Noun: *field-bishopwort (plant).*

FELDCIRICE

Noun: *country church.*

FELDDENU

Noun: *valley in which there is pasturage.*

FELDEFARE

Noun: *fieldfare.*

FELDELFEN

Noun: *wood fairy or nymph.*

FELDGANGENDE

Adjective: *roaming over the land.*

FELDHOPPE

Noun: *plantain, peewit.*

FELDHRĪÐER

Noun: *field-ox.*

FELDHŪS

Noun: *tent.*

FELDLÆS

Noun: *pasture in open country.*

FELDLAND

Noun: *plain, meadow-land.*

FELDLIC

Adjective: *rural; wild (applied to plants).*

FELDMÆDERE

Noun: *field-madder, rosemary.*

FELDMINTE

Noun: *field or wild mint.*

FELDMORE

Noun: *carrot, parsnip.*

FELDOXA

Noun: *field-ox.*

FELDRUDE

Noun: *wild rue.*

FELDSÆTEN

Noun: *country occupied as pasture-land.*

FELDSWAMM

Noun: *fungus, toadstool.*

FELDWĒSTEN

Noun: *field waste or desert.*

FELDWŌP

Noun: *plantain, peewit.*

FĒLELĒAS

Adjective: *insensible, devoid of feeling; dead.*

FELGE

Noun: *rim of a wheel.*

FELGEROLE

Noun: *polipodium.*

FELIGEAN

Verb: *to follow, pursue, persecute; to observe, attend to; to practise; to obey; to obtain.*

FELL

Noun: *skin, hide.*

FELLEN

Adjective: *made of skins.*

FELLERĒAD

Adjective: *purple.*

FELLSTYCCE

Noun: *piece of skin.*

FĒLNES

See *(ge)fēlnes.*

FELOFEORÐ

Noun: *maw, breast, stomach.*

FELOFOR

Noun: *sultana hen, bittern.*

FELT

Noun: *felt.*

FELTERE

Noun: *plant centaury.*

FELTŪN

Noun: *enclosed place, garden, privy, dunghill.*

FELTŪNGRĒP

Noun: *privy, dunghill; drain of a privy.*

FELTWURMA

Noun: *wild marjoram (plant).*

FELTWYRT

Noun: *field-wort, gentian, mullein (plant).*

FENAMPRE

Noun: *water-dock, marsh plant.*

FENCERSE

Noun: *fen or water-cress.*

FENESTER

Noun: *window.*

FENFEARN

Noun: *fen, water or marsh-fern; flowering fern, osmund-royal, christopher (herb).*

FENFISC

Noun: *fen-fish.*

FENFREOÐO

Noun: *fen-refuge.*

FENFUGOL

Noun: *fen-bird, fen fowl.*

FENG

See *(ge)feng.*

FENGEL

Noun: *lord, prince, king.*

FENGELĀD

Noun: *fen-path.*

FENGEMIRCE

Noun: *boundary of marsh-land.*

FENGNES

Noun: *susceptio.*

FENGNETT

Noun: *net for catching.*

FENGTŌÐ

Noun: *canine tooth, molar tooth, fang tooth.*

FENHLĪÐ

Noun: *fen-slope, bank of a fen; (pl.) fen-coverts.*

FENHOP

Noun: *fen-hollow, land in the midst of fens.*

FENIX

Noun: *bird phoenix; genus of palms; date tree.*

FENLAND

Noun: *fen-land, marshy land.*

FENLIC

Adjective: *dirty, muddy, miry, fenlike, fenny, marshy.*

FENMINTE

Noun*: fen-mint, water-mint.*

FENN

Noun: *dirt, mud, mire; marsh, fen, moor; the fen country.*

FENNIG

1. Adjective: *dirty, muddy, fenny, marshy.*

2. See *fynig.*

FENNÐÆC

Noun: *covering of thatch from a hen.*

FENȲCE

Noun: *snail; tortoise.*

FĒOGAÐ

Noun: *hatred.*

FEOH

Noun: *living animals, cattle, herd; property, riches, money, treasure, wealth; portion; value, price, fee, reward, bribe; metal, coin name of the rune for f.*

FEOHBEHĀT

Noun: *promise of money.*

FEOHBĪGENGA

Noun: *hersman, cattle-keeper.*

FEOHBŌT

Noun: *money compensation.*

FEOHERN

Noun: *money-place, treasury.*

FEOHFANG

Noun: *taking money as a bribe; fine inflicted for bribery.*

FEOHGAFOL

Noun: *duty, tax; usury.*

FEOHGEHĀT

Noun: *promise of money.*

FEOHGEORN

Adjective: *greedy, avaricious, covetous.*

FEOHGEORNNESS

Noun: *covetousness.*

FEOHGERĒFA

Noun: *steward, bailiff.*

FEOHGESCEOT

Noun: *payment of money.*

FEOHGESTEALD

Noun: *possession of riches.*

FEOHGESTRĒON

Noun: *possessions, riches, treasure.*

FEOHGĪFRE

Adjective: *greedy of money, avaricious, covetous.*

FEOHGIFT

Noun: *money-gift, precious gift; largess.*

FEOHGĪTSERE

Noun: *avaricious or covetous person, miser.*

FEOHGĪTSUNG

Noun: *money-desire or greed, avarice, covetousness, miserliness.*

FEOHGŌD

Noun: *property in cattle.*

FEOHGYRNES

Noun: *greed, avarice, covetousness.*

FEOHHORD

Noun: *treasury.*

FEOHHŪS

Noun: *treasure-house.*

FEOHLÆNUNG

Noun: *lending of money, mortgage.*

FEOHLAND

Noun: *pasture-land.*

FEOHLĒAS

Adjective: *moneyless; priceless.*

FEOHLĒASNES

Noun: *want of money, poverty.*

FEOHLUFU

Noun: *love of money.*

FEOHSCEATT

Noun: *money-payment, wages.*

FEOHSPĒD

Noun: *property, money; pl. riches, wealth.*

FEOHSPĒDA

Noun: *property, money; pl. riches, wealth.*

FEOHSPILLING

Noun: *waste of money, profusion.*

FEOHSTRANG

Adjective: *well off, possessing cattle or money.*

FEOHT

See *(ge)feoht.*

FEOHTAN

See *(ge)feohtan.*

FEOHTE

See *(ge)feohte.*

FEOHTEGOD

Noun: *war-god.*

FEOHTEHORN

Noun: *fighting or battle-horn.*

FEOHTEND

Noun: *fighter, warrior.*

FEOHTERE

Noun: *fighter, warrior.*

FEOHTGEGYRELA

Noun: *military apparel, fighting dress.*

FEOHTLĀC

Noun: *fight.*

FEOHTLING

Noun: *fighter, warrior, soldier.*

FEOHTWĪTE

Noun: *penalty or fine for fighting.*

FEOHWĪTE

Noun: *fine for coining false money; fine for fighting.*

FĒOL

Noun: *file.*

FĒOLAGA

Noun: *fellow, colleague, partner.*

FĒOLAGSCIPE

Noun: *fellowship, partnership.*

FĒOLAN

See *(ge)fēolan.*

FĒOLHEARD

Adjective: *hardened by the file.*

FĒOLIAN

Verb: *to file.*

FEOLOGAN

Verb: *to become fallow; to become discoloured.*

FEOLUFŌR

Noun: *fieldfare.*

FĒON

Verb: *to gain*; *to be glad, rejoice, exult; to hate; to persecute.*

FĒOND

Noun: *adversary, enemy, foe; hostile spirit, fiend; the Devil.*

FĒONDÆT

Noun: *acting of the sacrifice to an idol.*

FĒONDGRĀP

Noun: *grip of a foe, hostile grasp.*

FĒONDGYLD

Noun: *idol, idolatry; sacrifice to devils; demoniacal possession.*

FĒONDLIC

Adjective: *hostile, outrageous, hateful, diabolic, fiendish.*

FĒONDLĪCE

Adverb: *hostilely.*

FĒONDMANN

Noun: *enemy.*

FĒONDRÆDEN

Noun: *enmity.*

FĒONDRÆS

Noun: *hostile attack, assault, onslaught.*

FĒONDSCEAÐA

Noun: *enemy, robber.*

FĒONDSCIPE

Noun: *hostility, enmity, hatred, friendship.*

FĒONDSĒOC

Adjective: *devil possessed, demoniac.*

FĒONDULF

Noun: *scoundrel, rascal, enemy, malefactor, criminal.*

FEORBŪEND

Adjective: *dwelling far off.*

FEORCUMEN

Adjective: *come from afar.*

FEORCŸÐÐ

Noun: *distant land, far country.*

FEORH

Noun: *life, soul, spirit; living being, person.*

FEORHĀDL

Noun: *mortal disease.*

FEORHBANA

Noun: *man-slayer.*

FEORHBEALU

Noun: *mortal affliction, violent death; deadly evil.*

FEORHBENN

Noun: *mortal wound.*

FEORHBEREND

Noun: *living being.*

FEORHBERENDE

Adjective: *living.*

FEORHBOLD

Noun: *body.*

FEORHBORA

Noun: *life-bearer.*

FEORHCWALU

Noun: *death, slaughter; murrain of hogs.*

FEORHCWEALM

Noun: *death, slaughter.*

FEORHCYNN

Noun: *kinds of living creatures, race of mortals.*

FEORHDÆG

Noun: *life-day.*

FEORHDAGAS

Noun: *life-day; pl. days of life.*

FEORHDOLG

Noun: *deadly wound.*

FEORHĒACEN

Adjective: *living.*

FEORHFÆGEN

Adjective: *fain of life, glad to live.*

FEORHGEBEORH

Noun: *refuge, life's security.*

FEORHGEDĀL

Noun: *death.*

FEORHGENER

Noun: *preservation of life, salvation of life.*

FEORHGENĪÐLA

Noun: *mortal foe.*

FEORHGIEFA

Noun: *giver of life.*

FEORHGIEFU

Noun: *gift of life.*

FEORHGŌMA

Noun: *deadly jaws.*

FEORHGŌME

Noun: *means of subsistence.*

FEORHHORD

Noun: *breast, soul, spirit.*

FEORHHŪS

Noun: *body.*

FEORHHYRDE

Noun: *life guardian or protector.*

FEORHLĀST

Noun: *step taken to preserve life.*

FEORHLĒAN

Noun: *gift or recompense for life saved.*

FEORHLEGU

Noun: *life; death.*

FEORHLIC

Adjective: *vital.*

FEORHLĪF

Noun: *life.*

FEORHLOCA

Noun: *breast.*

FEORHLYRE

Noun: *loss of life.*

FEORHNERU

Noun: *refuge; preservation of life, salvation; sustenance, food, nourishment.*

FEORHNEST

Noun: *provisions.*

FEORHRÆD

Noun: *salvation.*

FEORHSCYLDIG

Adjective: *guilty of death.*

FEORHSĒOC

Adjective: *mortally wounded.*

FEORHSWENG

Noun: *deadly blow.*

FEORHÐEARF

Noun: *urgent need, distress of life.*

FEORHWUND

Noun: *mortal wound.*

FEORLAND

Noun: *distant land.*

FEORLIC

Adjective: *far off, strange, alien.*

FEORM

Noun: *sustenance, provision, food; meal, supper, feast; entertainment; goods, possessions; stores; use, benefit, profit, enjoyment; tilling; disposal.*

FEORMEHĀM

Noun: *farm.*

FEORMEND

1. Noun: *entertainer.*

2. Noun: *cleanser, polisher, furbisher.*

FEORMENDLĒAS

Adjective: *wanting a polisher or a burnisher.*

FEORMERE

Noun: *purveyor; farmer.*

FEORMFULTUM

Noun: *purveyance, food-support.*

FEORMIAN

See *(ge)feormian.*

FEORMUNG

Noun: *harbouring, entertaining; cleansing, polishing, furbishing.*

FEORNES

Noun: *distance, farness.*

FEORR

1. Adjective: *far, distant, remote.*

2. Adverb: *far, at a distance, remote; far back; besides, moreover, further.*

FEORRAN

1. Adverb: *at a distance, far off; from afar, from a remote time or place.*

2. Verb: *to remove, take away, turn aside, withdraw; to avert; to proscribe.*

FEORRANCUMEN

Adjective: *stranger, come from far.*

FEORRANCUND

Adjective: *come from afar, foreign born.*

FEORRANE

Adverb: *at a distance, far off; from a distance, from a remote time or place.*

FEORRIAN

See *(ge)feorrian.*

FEORRUNG

Noun: *removal, departure, withdrawal.*

FEORSIAN

Verb: *to separate, put far, remove, expel; to go beyond, depart.*

FEORSIBB

Adjective: *distantly related.*

FEORSTUÐU

Noun: *support, buttress, sloping beam.*

FEORTING

Noun: *farting.*

FĒORÐA

Adjective: *the fourth.*

FEORÐANDÆL

Noun: *fourth, fourth part.*

FEORÐE

Adverb: *fourthly.*

FEORÐĒOD

Noun: *far country.*

FĒORÐLING

Noun: *fourth part, farthing.*

FĒORÐUNG

Noun: *fourth part, quarter, farthing.*

FEORWEG

Noun: *remote part, far or long way.*

FEORWITGEORNES

Noun: *curiosity.*

FĒOUNG

enmity, hatred.

FĒOWER

Numeral: *four, four times.*

FĒOWERCGE

Adjective: *four cornered, square.*

FĒOWERDŌGOR

1. Noun: *four days.*

2. Adjective: *lasting four days.*

FĒOWERECGEDE

Adjective: *four-cornered, square.*

FĒOWERFEALD

Adjective: *four-fold.*

FĒOWERFEALDAN

Verb: *to make fourfold.*

FĒOWERFEALDLĪCE

Adverb: *quadruply*.

FĒOWERFĒTE

Adjective: *four-footed*.

FĒOWERFŌTE

Adjective: *four-footed*.

FĒOWERGÆREDE

Adjective: *four-pointed*.

FĒOWERGILD

Noun: *fourfold payment or compensation*.

FĒOWERHWĒOLOD

Adjective: *four-wheeled*.

FĒOWERNIHTE

Adjective: *four days old*.

FĒOWERSCŸTE

Adjective: *square, quadrangular*.

FĒOWERSTRENGE

Adjective: *four-stringed*.

FĒOWERTĒME

Adjective: *four-teamed*.

FĒOWERTĒOÐA

1. Numeral: *the fourteenth*.

2. See *fēowertigoða*.

FĒOWERTĪENE

Numeral: *fourteen*.

FĒOWERTĪENENIHT

Noun: *fourteen*.

FĒOWERTĪENEWINTRE

Adjective: *fourteen years old*.

FĒOWERTIG

Numeral: *forty*.

FĒOWERTIGFEALD

Adjective: *fortyfold*.

FĒOWERTIGGĒARE

Adjective: *of forty years*.

FĒOWERTIGGETEL

Noun: *number of forty.*

FĒOWERTIGLIC

Adjective: *of or belonging to forty, quadragesimal.*

FĒOWERTIGOÐA

Numeral: *fortieth.*

FĒOWERTŸNENIHTE

Adjective: *fourteen nights old.*

FĒOWERÐEMŌDER

Noun: *great-great-grandmother*.

FĒOWERWINTRE

Adjective: *four years old.*

FĒOWUNG

See *(ge)fēowung.*

FĒRAN

1. Verb: *to go, march, set out, depart, make a journey, travel, sail; to come; to behave, act.*

2. See *fǣran.*

FĒRBEDD

Noun: *litter, portable bed.*

FERCIAN

Verb: *to carry, conduct, bring, convey; to help, support, assist; to proceed; to stuff up (with lies), to go; to make one's way.*

FERCUNG

Noun: *sustenance, provision, food; support.*

FĒRCUÐ

Adjective: *frugal, thrifty.*

FERDWYRT

Noun: *field-wort, gentian (plants).*

FĒRE

Adjective: *able to go, passable, fit for service, seaworthy.*

FERELE

Noun: *rod.*

FĒREND

Noun: *traveller, sailor; messenger.*

FĒRENDE

Adjective: *mobile.*

FERESCEAT

Noun: *passage-money, fare.*

FERESŌCA

Noun: *bag made of swine's skin.*

FERGAN

Verb: *to carry, bear, bring, covey; to go, depart, betake oneself to; to be versed in.*

FERHT

1. Adjective: *honest, honourable.*

2. See *ferhð.*

FERHTLIC

Adjective: *honest, just, equitable; rational, wise.*

FERHÐ

Noun: *soul, spirit; mind, intellect; life; person; crowd.*

FERHÐBANA

Noun: *murderer.*

FERHÐCEARIG

Adjective: *of anxious mind.*

FERHÐCLEOFA

Noun: *breast.*

FERHÐFREC

Adjective: *brave, bold.*

FERHÐFRIÐENDE

Adjective: *sustaining life.*

FERHÐGENĪÐLA

Noun: *mortal enemy.*

FERHÐGEWIT

Noun: *understanding, mental wit.*

FERHÐGLĒAW

Adjective: *prudent, wise, sagacious.*

FERHÐGRIM

Adjective: *savage, fierce of spirit.*

FERHÐLOCA

Noun: *body, breast, bosom.*

FERHÐLUFU

Noun: *mental love, soul's love.*

FERHÐSEFA

Noun: *mind, thought, intellect.*

FERHÐWĒRIG

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful, soul-weary.*

FERHWEARD

Noun: *guard of life.*

FERIAN

See *(ge)ferian.*

FERIATUS

Noun: *Spanish robber.*

FERIGEND

Noun: *bringer, leader.*

FERING

Noun: *vehicle, carriage.*

FĒRLÆCAN

See *(ge)fērlæcan.*

FĒRNES

See *(ge)fērnes.*

FERS

Noun: *verse, verse of the Bible; sentence; title.*

FERSC

Adjective: *pure, fresh, not salted; sweet.*

FERSCETA

Noun: *freshet.*

FĒRSCIPE

See *(ge)fērscipe.*

FERSIAN

Verb: *to versify.*

FERÐE

Noun: *skin.*

FĒSAN

1. Verb: *to drive away, put to flight.*

2. See *fȳsan.*

FĒSTERMENN

Noun: *bondsmen.*

FĒTE

Adjective: *provided with feet, footed.*

FETEL

Noun: *belt, girdle.*

FETELHILT

Noun: *belted or ringed hilt.*

FETELSOD

See *(ge)fetelsod.*

FETIAN

See *(ge)fetian.*

FETOR

Noun: *check; restrain, fetter, shackle.*

FETORWRĀSEN

Noun: *chain, fetter.*

FETTAN

Verb: *to bring near, fetch; to obtain; to bring on, induce; to marry.*

FETTIAN

Verb: *to contend, strive, dispute.*

FĒÐA

Noun: *foot-soldier; company, host, troop, infantry; tribe.*

FĒÐAN

Verb: *to walk, go or travel on foot.*

FĒÐANLEAG

Noun: *Frethern, Glouccestershire.*

FĒÐE

Noun: *motion, going, walking, pace; power of locomotion.*

FĒÐECEMPA

Noun: *foot-solider; champion.*

FĒÐEGANG

Noun: *journey on foot.*

FĒÐEGEORN

Adjective: *desirous of going.*

FĒÐEGEST

Noun: *traveller, pedestrian guest.*

FĒÐEHERE

Noun: *infantry.*

FĒÐEHWEARF

Noun: *pedestrian multitude, company or band of footmen.*

FĒÐELĀST

Noun: *step, track, course.*

FĒÐELĒAS

Adjective: *without the power to walk, crippled.*

FĒÐEMANN

Noun: *pedestrian; foot-soldier.*

FĒÐEMUND

Noun: *fore-paw.*

FEÐER

1. Noun: *feather, pen, quill; wing of an army; pl. wings.*

2. See *fēower.*

FEÐERBÆRE

Adjective: *feathered, winged.*

FEÐERBEDD

Noun: *feather-bed.*

FĒÐERBEREND

Noun: *feathered creature.*

FEÐERBERENDE

Adjective: *feathered.*

FĒÐERCRÆFT

Noun: *art of feather-embroidering.*

FEÐERE

Adjective: *feathered.*

FĒÐERGEARWE

Noun: *feathers of the arrow.*

FĒÐERGEWEORC

Noun: *feather-embroidered work.*

FĒÐERHAMA

Noun: *feathers, plumage, wings.*

FEÐERSWĒG

Noun: *sound of wings.*

FĒÐESPĒDIG

Adjective: *speedy of foot.*

FĒÐEWĪG

Noun: *battle on foot, affray.*

FEÐORBYRSTE

Adjective: *split into four, having four bristles.*

FĒÐRE

Adjective: *loaded.*

FEÐRIAN

Verb: *to become feathered, be fledged.*

FEÐRIHT

Adjective: *feathered, winged.*

FĒÐUNG

Noun: *motion, walking.*

FĪC

Noun: *fig, fig-tree; venereal ulcer, haemorrhoids.*

FĪCĀDL

Noun: *fig-disease.*

FĪCÆPPEL

Noun: *fig.*

FĪCBĒAM

Noun: *fig-tree.*

FICIAN

Verb: *to flatter; to deceive.*

FĪCLĒAF

Noun: *fig-leaf.*

FICOL

Adjective: *crafty, cunning, tricky, false, deceitful; fickle.*

FĪCTRĒOW

Noun: *fig-tree.*

FICUNG

Noun: *fraud, trickery.*

FĪCWYRM

Noun: *intestinal worm, fig worm.*

FĪCWYRT

Noun: *fig-wort (herb).*

FIELL

See *(ge)fiell.*

FĪENDWĪC

Noun: *enemy's dwelling or camp.*

FIERD

Noun: *campaign, national levy or army, force; military expedition; camp, ford.*

FIERSN

Noun: *heel.*

FĪF

Numeral: *five.*

FĪFALDE

Noun: *butterfly.*

FĪFBĒC

Noun: *Pentateuch.*

FĪFBURGHA

Noun: *the five towns: Leicester, Lincoln, Nottingham, Stamford, Derby.*

FĪFECGEDE

Adjective: *five cornered.*

FĪFEL

Noun: *giant, monster, sea-monster.*

FĪFELCYNN

Noun: *monster-race, race of sea-monsters.*

FĪFELDŌR

Noun: *door of sea-monsters, river Eider.*

FIFELE

Noun: *buckle.*

FĪFELSTRĒAM

Noun: *frightful or horrid stream, sea, ocean.*

FĪFELWÆG

Noun: *terrific wave, sea, ocean.*

FĪFFEALD

Adjective: *five-fold; five each.*

FĪFFĒTEDE

Adjective: *having five feet.*

FĪFFINGRE

Noun: *plant of uncertain identification, stavesacre, cinquefoil.*

FĪFFLĒRE

Adjective: *five-floored, five-storied.*

FĪFGĒAR

Noun: *period of five years, lustrum.*

FĪFHUND

Numeral: *five hundred.*

FĪFLÆPPEDE

Adjective: *having five laps or lobes.*

FĪFLĒAF

Noun: *fiveleaf, cinquefoil.*

FĪFLĒAFE

Noun: *fiveleaf, cinquefoil.*

FĪFMÆGEN

Noun: *magic power; quintuple powers.*

FĪFNIHTE

Adjective: *five days old.*

FĪFTA

Adjective: *fifth.*

FĪFTE

Adverb: *fifthly.*

FĪFTEOGOÐA

Numeral: *fiftieth.*

FĪFTĒOÐA

Numeral: *fifteenth.*

FĪFTĪENE

Numeral: *fifteen.*

FĪFTĪENENIHTE

Adjective: *fifteen days old.*

FĪFTĪENEWINTRE

Adjective: *fifteen years old.*

FĪFTIG

Numeral: *fifty.*

FĪFTIGDÆG

Noun: *Pentecost.*

FĪFTIGESMAN

Noun: *captain of fifty.*

FĪFTIGFEALD

Adjective: *fiftyfold, containing fifty.*

FĪFTIGWINTRE

Adjective: *fifty years old.*

FĪFWINTRE

Adjective: *five years old.*

FĪGAN

Verb: *to be or become an enemy, be at enmity.*

FIHL

Noun: *cloth, rag.*

FIHTUNG

Noun: *fighting, quarrelling.*

FILD

Noun: *curdled milk.*

FILDBURNE

Noun: *stream in a plain.*

FILDCUMB

Noun: *milk-pail.*

FILDE

Adjective: *even, flat, level; of or pertaining to a level field.*

FILEÐE

Noun: *hay.*

FĪLIENDE

Adjective: *rubbing.*

FILIÐLĒAG

Noun: *meadow.*

FILLE

Noun: *thyme.*

FILLEN

1. See *fellen.*

2. See *fyllen.*

3. Noun: *dropping.*

FILMEN

Noun: *film, membrane, thin skin, foreskin, prepuce.*

FĪN

Noun: *heap, pile.*

FĪNA

Noun: *woodpecker.*

FINC

Noun: *finch.*

FINCHAMSTEDE

Noun: *Finchamstead, Berkshire.*

FINDAN

See *(ge)findan.*

FINDEND

Noun: *finder, discoverer.*

FINDING

Noun: *device, invention; initiative.*

FINGER

Noun: *finger.*

FINGERÆPPEL

Noun: *finger fruit, finger apple, date.*

FINGERDOCCA

Noun: *finger-muscle.*

FINGERLIC

Adjective: *of or belonging to a finger or ring.*

FINGERLIÐ

Noun: *finger-joint.*

FINGERMĀEL

Noun: *finger's length.*

FINN

Noun: *fin.*

FINNAS

Noun: *the Finns; Finwood.*

FINOL

Noun: *fennel (herb).*

FINOLSĀED

Noun: *fennel seed.*

FINTA

1. Noun: *tail; consequence, sequel, result.*

2. See *funta.*

FINUGLE

Noun: *fennel.*

FĪRAS

Noun: *human beings, mankind, men*.

FIREN

Noun: *transgression, sin, outrage, crime; suffering, torment, tribulation, pain; violence.*

FIRENBEALU

Noun: *transgression.*

FIRENCRÆFT

Noun: *sinful craft, wickedness.*

FIRENDĀD

Noun: *sinful or wicked deed, crime.*

FIRENEARFEÞE

Noun: *sinful woe.*

FIRENFREMMENDE

Adjective: *sinful.*

FIRENFUL

Adjective: *unjust, sinful, wicked.*

FIRENGEORN

Adjective: *sinful.*

FIRENHICGA

Noun: *adulterer.*

FIRENHICGE

Noun: *adulteress, harlot.*

FIRENHICGEND

Noun: *adulteress, harlot.*

FIRENIAN

See *(ge)firenian.*

FIRENLEAHTER

Noun: *great sin, crime.*

FIRENLIC

Adjective: *grievous, wicked, gross, flagitious, criminal.*

FIRENLĪCE

Adverb: *rashly, vehemently; sinfully, wickedly, grossly, flagitiously.*

FIRENLIGERIAN

Verb: *to commit fornication.*

FIRENLUST

Noun: *lust, luxury, wantonness.*

FIRENLUSTFUL

Adjective: *luxurious, wanton.*

FIRENLUSTGEORN

Adjective: *luxurious, wanton, lascivious; voluptuous.*

FIRENSYNN

Noun: *great sin; sin of yore.*

FIRENSYNNIG

Adjective: *sinful.*

FIRENTĀCN

Noun: *sin-mark, pollution of sin.*

FIRENTĀCNIAN

Verb: *to commit misdeeds; to mark or pollute with sin.*

FIRENÐEARF

Noun: *great or dire distress.*

FIRENÐĒOF

Noun: *robber.*

FIRENUM

Adverb: *very, excessively; intensely; fearfully, horribly; sinfully, criminally, malignantly.*

FIRENWEORC

Noun: *sin, crime.*

FIRENWYRCENDE

Adjective: *sinful, evil-doing.*

FIRENWYRHTA

Noun: *sinner, evil-doer.*

FIRGEN

Noun: *mountain, mountain-woodland.*

FIRGENBĒAM

Noun: *mountain-tree.*

FIRGENBEORG

Noun: *mountain.*

FIRGENBUCCA

Noun: *mountain-buck, ibex.*

FIRGENGĀT

Noun: *mountain-goat, ibex, chamois.*

FIRGENHOLT

Noun: *mountain-wood.*

FIRGENSTRĒAM

Noun: *mountain-stream; the ocean.*

FIRMETTAN

Verb: *to ask, request, beg, pray.*

FIRST

1. Noun: *time, space of time, period; respite, truce.*

2. Noun: *ceiling, inner roof; ridgepole.*

3. See *fyrst* (4).

FIRSTHRŌF

Noun: *ceiling, ridge-pole.*

FIRSTMEARC

Noun: *period or space of time, interval, intermission; appointed time; respite.*

FIRÐRIENDE

Adjective: *furthering.*

FISC

Noun: *fish.*

FISCAÐ

Noun: *fishing; fishpond.*

FISCBRŸNE

Noun: *fish-brine.*

FISCCYNN

Noun: *kind of fishes.*

FISCDĒAH

Noun: *purple dye obtained from a shell-fish.*

FISCERE

Noun: *fisher; kingfisher (bird).*

FISCFELL

1. Noun: *fishpond*.

2. See *fiscwelle*.

FISCFLŌDU

Noun: *sea, fish-flood*.

FISCHŪS

Noun: *place for storing fish*.

FISCIAN

See *(ge)fiscian*.

FISCLACU

Noun: *fish-pond or stream*.

FISCMERE

Noun: *fish-pond*.

FISCNETT

Noun: *fishing-net*.

FISCPŌL

Noun: *fishpond*.

FISCÐRŪT

Noun: *small fish*.

FISCWELLE

Noun: *fish-pond*.

FISCWER

Noun: *fish-weir, fish-trap; fishing-ground*.

FISCWYLLE

Adjective: *full of fish*.

FISTING

Noun: *breaking wind (silently), farting*.

FITELFŌTA

Adjective: *having white feet*.

FITERSTICCA

Noun: *tent-nail*.

FITT

1. Noun: *fight, struggle, contest, strife*.

2. Noun: *song, poem*.

FIÐELE

Noun: *fiddle*.

FIÐELERE

Noun: *fiddler.*

FIÐELESTRE

Noun: *female fiddler.*

FIÐERBÆRE

Adjective: *feathered, winged.*

FIÐERCIAN

Verb: *to flutter.*

FIÐERDÆLED

Adjective: *divided into four parts, quartered.*

FIÐERE

Noun: *wing.*

FIÐERFEALD

Adjective: *four-fold.*

FIÐERFLĒDENDE

Adjective: *flowing in four parts, running in four streams.*

FIÐERFLŌWENDE

Adjective: *flowing in four parts, running in four streams.*

FIÐERFŌTNĪETEN

Noun: *four-footed animal.*

FIÐERHAMA

Noun: *covering of feathers with wings, plumage.*

FIÐERHĪWE

Adjective: *four-formed.*

FIÐERIAN

See *(ge)fiðerian.*

FIÐERLĒAS

Adjective: *without wings.*

FIÐERLING

Noun: *quarter, farthing.*

FIÐERRĪCA

Noun: *tetrarch.*

FIÐERRĪCE

Noun: *tetrarchy.*

FIÐERSCĒATAS

Noun: *four corners or quarters.*

FIÐERSLEHT

Noun: *flapping of wings; joy.*

FIÐERTĒME

Adjective: *having four horses abreast.*

FLĀ

Noun: *dart, arrow, javelin.*

FLACG

Noun: *plaster, cataplasm, poultice.*

FLACOR

Adjective: *flickering; flying (of arrows).*

FLÆRE

Noun: *earlap.*

FLĀSC

Noun: *flesh; body; living creatures; carnal nature.*

FLĀSCÆT

Noun: *eating of flesh.*

FLĀSCBANA

Noun: *murderer, slayer, executioner.*

FLĀSCBESMITENNES

Noun: *defilement of the flesh.*

FLĀSCCOFA

Noun: *body.*

FLĀSCCOSTNUNG

Noun: *carnal desire.*

FLĀSCCWELLERE

Noun: *slayer, executioner.*

FLĀSCCȲPING

Noun: *flesh or meat market.*

FLĀSCEHT

Adjective: *fleshy.*

FLĀSCEN

Adjective: *of flesh.*

FLĀSCGEBYRD

Noun: *incarnation.*

FLÆSCHAMA

Noun: *body.*

FLÆSCHAMIAN

Verb: *to become incarnate.*

FLÆSCHORD

Noun: *body.*

FLÆSCHŪS

Noun: *place where meat is sold.*

FLÆSCLIC

Adjective: *carnal, fleshy.*

FLÆSCLĪCE

Adverb: *carnally.*

FLÆSCLICNES

Noun: *incarnation, fleshliness.*

FLÆSCMANGERE

Noun: *butcher.*

FLÆSCMAÐU

Noun: *maggot.*

FLÆSCMETE

Noun: *flesh, flesh-meat.*

FLÆSCNES

See *(ge)flæscnes.*

FLÆSCNIMING

Noun: *incarnation.*

FLÆSCSAND

Noun: *portion or dish of meat.*

FLÆSCSTRÆT

Noun: *meat-market.*

FLÆSCTĀWERE

Noun: *butcher; executioner.*

FLÆSCTŌÐ

Noun: *one of the teeth.*

FLÆSCÐĒNUNG

Noun: *allowance of animal food.*

FLÆSCWYRM

Noun: *maggot.*

FLÆÐ

Noun: *wool, fleece.*

FLÆÐECOMB

Noun: *weaver's comb.*

FLĀH

1. Noun: *wickedness, treachery.*

2. Adjective: *wily, hostile, deceitful, cruel.*

FLĀN

1. Noun: *dart, arrow, lance, javelin, barb.*

2. See *flā.*

FLĀNBOGA

Noun: *arrow-bow.*

FLANC

Noun: *flank.*

FLĀNGEWEORC

Noun: *fight of arrows.*

FLĀNHRED

Adjective: *swift as an arrow.*

FLĀNIHT

Adjective: *relating to darts, provided with darts or points.*

FLĀNÐRACU

Noun: *attack, onset.*

FLASCE

Noun: *flask, bottle.*

FLAXFŌTE

Adjective: *broad-footed, flat-footed, web-footed.*

FLĒA

1. Noun: *flea.*

2. See *flēah* (1).

FLEAÐE

Noun: *water-lily.*

FLĒAH

1. Noun: *white spot in the eye; disease of the eye.*

2. Noun: *flea.*

3. See *flēa* (1).

FLĒAM

Noun: *flight.*

FLĒAMDŌM

Noun: *condition of a fugitive; flight.*

FLĒAMING

Noun: *exile, runaway, fugitive.*

FLĒAMLĀST

Noun: *track of a fugitive, apostasy.*

FLĒAN

Verb: *to flay, pull off the skin.*

FLEARD

See *(ge)fleard.*

FLEARDERE

Noun: *trifler.*

FLEARDIAN

Verb: *to be foolish; to err, go astray.*

FLEAÐORWYRT

Noun: *water-lily.*

FLĒAWYRT

Noun: *fleabane, fleawort.*

FLEAX

Noun: *linen, flax.*

FLĒDE

Adjective: *flooded, overflowed.*

FLĒGE

1. Noun: *little ship.*

2. See *flēoge.*

FLEGEWĪL

Noun: *flying wile, cunning trick, dart of Satan.*

FLEHTRAFLYNE

Noun: *hurdle.*

FLEMISC

Adjective: *Flemish.*

FLĒOGAN

See *(ge)flēogan*.

FLĒOGE

Noun: *winged insect, fly*.

FLĒOGENDA

Noun: *bird, fowl*.

FLĒOGENDE

Adjective: *winged, flying*.

FLĒOGENDLIC

Adjective: *winged, flying*.

FLĒOGRYFT

Noun: *net for keeping off flies*.

FLĒOHCYNN

Noun: *kind of flies*.

FLĒOHNET

Noun: *curtain, fly-net*.

FLEOHTA

Noun: *hurdle*.

FLEOHTAN

Verb: *to weave, plait*.

FLĒON

See *(ge)flēon*.

FLĒOT

Noun: *water, river, sea; bay, gulf, estuary; vessel, ship, boat, raft*.

FLĒOTAN

Verb: *to float, swim; to sail, drift, flow; to skim*.

FLĒOTENDE

Adjective: *floating*.

FLĒOTIG

Adjective: *rapid, swift, fleet*.

FLĒOTWYRT

Noun: *seaweed, floatwort, alga*.

FLEOÐOMUM

Noun: *watery place, marsh*.

FLĒRE

Adjective: *having a floor*.

FLĒRING

Noun: *flooring, story (of a building).*

FLESWIAN

Verb: *to whisper; to profess to do something; to dissemble.*

FLETRÆST

Noun: *couch.*

FLETSITTEND

Noun: *guest, courtier.*

FLETT

Noun: *ground, floor; dwelling, house, habitation, abode, cottage, hall, mansion.*

FLETTGEFEOHT

Noun: *fighting in a house.*

FLETTGESTEALD

Noun: *dwelling-place; household goods, domestic wealth.*

FLETTPÆÐ

Noun: *floor.*

FLETWEROD

Noun: *body-guard.*

FLĒWSA

Noun: *flowing, flux; issue.*

FLEXÆCER

Noun: *flax land.*

FLEXGESCOT

Noun: *contribution of flax paid to a church.*

FLEXHAMM

Noun: *flax field.*

FLEXLĪNE

Noun: *cord for hanging flax on.*

FLICCE

Noun: *ham, flitch of bacon.*

FLICORIAN

Verb: *to move the wings, flutter, flicker.*

FLĪEMA

Noun: *exile, outlaw, runaway, fugitive.*

FLĪEMAN

See *(ge)flīeman.*

FLĪEMANFEORM

Noun: *penalty for sheltering fugitives from justice.*

FLĪEMANFEORMING

Noun: *offence of or penalty for sheltering fugitives from justice.*

FLĪEMING

Noun: *banished person, exile, fugitive, outlaw.*

FLĪES

Noun: *fur, sealskin; wool, fleece.*

FLĪETE

Noun: *stream, river; boat, raft, punt; cream, skimming, curds.*

FLIGAN

Verb: *to put to flight.*

FLIGEL

Noun: *flail.*

FLIND

Noun: *genetrix.*

FLINT

Noun: *rock, flint.*

FLINTEN

Adjective: *of flint.*

FLINTGRĀG

Adjective: *grey like flint.*

FLIT

See *(ge)flit.*

FLĪTA

Noun: *foe, fighter, striver.*

FLĪTAN

See *(ge)flītan.*

FLITCRÆFT

Noun: *logic.*

FLITCRÆFTLIC

Adjective: *logical, dialectical.*

FLĪTERE

Noun: *disputer, brawler; wrangler; schismatic.*

FLITFUL

See *(ge)flitful*.

FLITFULLIC

See *(ge)flitfullic*.

FLITGEORN

See *(ge)flitgeorn*.

FLITMÆLUM

See *(ge)flitmælum*.

FLŌC

Noun: *flat fish, sole, flounder*.

FLŌCAN

Verb: *to clap, applaud*.

FLOCC

Noun: *company, band, troop, division; flock, herd*.

FLOCCMÆLUM

Adverb: *in troops or companies, flockwise*.

FLOCGIAN

Verb: *to spring forth*.

FLOCRĀD

Noun: *riding company, invading band, troop*.

FLŌD

Noun: *mass of water, flowing of water, flux, current, stream, tide; wave, flood; the Flood, Deluge*.

FLŌDBLĀC

Adjective: *made pale by water*.

FLŌDE

Noun: *channel, gutter; sink*.

FLŌDEGSA

Noun: *flood-terror*.

FLŌDEN

Adjective: *of a river*.

FLŌDGRÆG

Adjective: *flood-grey*.

FLŌDHAMM

Noun: *piece of land surrounded by water*.

FLŌDLIC

Adjective: *of or belonging to a stream or river.*

FLŌDMÆD

Noun: *meadow-land subject to flooding.*

FLŌDWEARD

Noun: *sea-wall, flood-guard.*

FLŌDWEG

Noun: *watery way, sea.*

FLŌDWUDU

Noun: *ship.*

FLŌDWYLM

Noun: *flowing stream, raging flood.*

FLŌDȳÐ

Noun: *wave of the sea.*

FLOGA

Noun: *one who flies or flees, fugitive.*

FLOGETTAN

Verb: *to fly about, flutter; to be uncertain, vacillate, waver.*

FLOGOÐA

Noun: *liquor, venom.*

FLŌH

Noun: *piece of stone, chip.*

FLOHTENFŌTE

Adjective: *web-footed.*

FLŌR

Noun: *ground, floor, pavement; bottom.*

FLŌRISC

Adjective: *flowery.*

FLŌRSTĀN

Noun: *paving-stone, tessella.*

FLOT

Noun: *deep water, sea.*

FLOTA

Noun: *vessel, ship, boat; crew, fleet; sailor, pirate.*

FLOTERIAN

Verb: *to fly, flutter, flicker; to be disquiet or troubled; to float, be carried or tossed by waves.*

FLOTHERE

Noun: *naval force, piratical fleet.*

FLOTIAN

Verb: *to float.*

FLOTLIC

Adjective: *naval, nautical, of a fleet.*

FLOTMANN

Noun: *sailor, pirate; used of the Scandinavians ravaging England.*

FLOTSCIP

Noun: *ship, light bark.*

FLOTSMERU

Noun: *floating fat or grease.*

FLOTWEG

Noun: *sea, ocean.*

FLOTWYRT

Noun: *sea-weed.*

FLŌWAN

Verb: *to flow, stream, issue; to become liquid, melt; to abound.*

FLŌWEDNES

Noun: *flowing, flux, torrent, stream.*

FLŌWENDE

Adjective: *flowing.*

FLŌWENDLIC

Adjective: *flowing, liquid, melting.*

FLŌWING

Noun: *flowing, flux; inundation.*

FLUGOL

Adjective: *swift, fleet; apt to fly or flee; fugitive.*

FLUSTRIAN

Verb: *to weave, plait; to flatter.*

FLYCGE

Adjective: *able to fly, fledged.*

FLŸGAN

Verb: *to disperse, put to flight.*

FLYGE

Noun: *flight.*

FLYGEPĪL

Noun: *flying dart.*

FLYGERĒOW

Adjective: *wild in flight.*

FLYHT

Noun: *flight.*

FLYHTE

Noun: *patch of cloth.*

FLYHTECLĀÐ

Noun: *joining, binding or tying together, patch.*

FLYHTHWÆT

Adjective: *swift of flight.*

FLYNE

Noun: *batter.*

FLȲTME

Noun: *lancet, fleam.*

FNÆD

See *(ge)fnæd.*

FNĀRAN

Verb: *to breath heavily, snort, fume.*

FNĀRETTAN

Verb: *to breath heavily, fume, make a loud sound with the breath, snort, neigh.*

FNÆS

Noun: *fringe.*

FNĀST

Noun: *breath, blowing, puff, blast; voice.*

FNĀSTIAN

Verb: *to breathe hard, pant.*

FNĒOSAN

Verb: *to sneeze.*

FNĒOSUNG

Noun: *sneezing.*

FNESAN

Verb: *to breathe hard, gasp, pant.*

FNĒSAN

Verb: *to breathe hard, pant, gasp.*

FNORA

Noun: *sneezing, sneeze.*

FOCA

Noun: *cake baked on the hearth.*

FŌDA

Noun: *food, nourishment; fuel.*

FŌDDER

1. Noun: *food, corn, hay, fodder; darnel, tares.*

2. Noun: *cover, sheath, case.*

3. Noun: *hatchet.*

FŌDDERBILL

Noun: *instrument for cutting fodder.*

FŌDDERBRYTTA

Noun: *distributor of food, herdsman.*

FŌDDERGIFU

Noun: *food.*

FŌDDERHEC

Noun: *rack or manger to hold fodder.*

FŌDDORNOÐ

Noun: *sustenance, nourishment.*

FŌDDORÐEGU

Noun: *feeding.*

FŌDDURWELA

Noun: *abundance of food, provisions.*

FŌDNOÐ

Noun: *support, sustenance, food.*

FŌDRERE

Noun: *forager.*

FŌGCLĀÐ

Noun: *patch.*

FŌGSTĀN

Noun: *hewn stone.*

FŌH

Adjective: *measurable, comprehensible, moderate.*

FŌHLĪC

Adjective: *measurable, comprehensible, moderate.*

FŌHLĪCE

Adverb: *measurably, comprehensibly, moderately.*

FOLA

Noun: *foal, colt.*

FOLC

Noun: *people, folk, nation, multitude; tribe, family; laity; army, troop.*

FOLCĀGENDE

Adjective: *ruling, folk-owning.*

FOLCBEALO

Noun: *great tribulation or torment.*

FOLCBEARN

Noun: *popular man, folk-child.*

FOLCCŪ

Noun: *cow of the herd.*

FOLCCŪÐ

Adjective: *public, noted, well-known, celebrated.*

FOLCCWĒN

Noun: *queen of a nation.*

FOLCCWIDE

Noun: *popular saying.*

FOLCCYNING

Noun: *king of a nation.*

FOLCDRYHT

Noun: *multitude of people, assemblage.*

FOLCEGSA

Noun: *general terror.*

FOLCFIREN

Noun: *public crime.*

FOLCFRĒA

Noun: *lord of a nation.*

FOLCFRĪG

Adjective: *having full rights of citizenship.*

FOLCGEDRĒFNES

Noun: *tribulation.*

FOLCGEFEOHT

Noun: *great battle, pitched battle.*

FOLCGEMŌT

Noun: *meeting of the people of a town or district.*

FOLCGERĒFA

Noun: *public officer, people's governor.*

FOLCGESETNESS

Noun: *decree or ordinance of the people.*

FOLCGESĪÐ

Noun: *officer, chief, noble or prince of a nation.*

FOLCGESTEALLA

Noun: *follower, companion in war.*

FOLCGESTRĒON

Noun: *public treasure.*

FOLCGETÆL

Noun: *number of a people or army.*

FOLCGETRUM

Noun: *host, army.*

FOLCGEWINN

Noun: *fighting, battle, war.*

FOLCHEREPAÐ

Noun: *public road, highway.*

FOLCISC

Adjective: *of the people, popular, common, secular; vulgar.*

FOLCLAGU

Noun: *public law.*

FOLCLAND

Noun: *land held by freemen according to tribal rules of family inheritance.*

FOLCLĀR

Noun: *popular instruction, sermon, homily.*

FOLCLĒASUNG

Noun: *public lying, slander.*

FOLCLIC

Adjective: *popular, public, common, secular; national.*

FOLCMÆGEN

Noun: *public force, army; tribe.*

FOLCMĀGÐ

Noun: *tribe, nation.*

FOLCMĀRE

Adjective: *popular, celebrated.*

FOLCNĒD

Noun: *people's need.*

FOLCRĀD

Noun: *public benefit.*

FOLCRĀDEN

Noun: *nation's law, decree of the people.*

FOLCRIHT

1. Noun: *right of the people, common law.*

2. Adjective: *according to common law.*

FOLCSÆL

Noun: *house.*

FOLCSCEARU

Noun: *people, multitude, province, nation.*

FOLCSCEAÐA

Noun: *villain, tyrant.*

FOLCSCIPE

Noun: *people, nation.*

FOLCSLITE

Noun: *sedition.*

FOLCSŌÐ

Noun: *simple truth.*

FOLCSTEDE

Noun: *dwelling place; battlefield.*

FOLCSTŌW

Noun: *public place, country place.*

FOLCSWĒOT

Noun: *multitude, troop.*

FOLCTALU

Noun: *genealogy.*

FOLCTOGA

Noun: *chieftain, commander.*

FOLCTRUMA

Noun: *host.*

FOLCWELEG

Adjective: *populous.*

FOLCWER

Noun: *man.*

FOLCWIGA

Noun: *warrior.*

FOLCWITA

Noun: *public councillor, senator.*

FOLCWŌH

Noun: *public wrong.*

FOLDÆRN

Noun: *cave, grave, sepulchre.*

FOLDĀGEND

Noun: *earth-dweller, earth-possessor.*

FOLDBOLD

Noun: *house, royal palace, castle.*

FOLDBŪEND

Noun: *man, inhabitant of a land or country, earth-dweller.*

FOLDE

Noun: *soil, ground; clay, earth, land, territory, district, region, country; world, the Earth.*

FOLDGRÆF

Noun: *earth-grave.*

FOLDGRĒG

Adjective: *grey as the earth, earth-coloured.*

FOLDHRĒRENDE

Adjective: *touching or moving on the earth; earth-stirring.*

FOLDRÆST

Noun: *resting place in the earth, grave.*

FOLDWÆSTM

Noun: *fruits of the earth.*

FOLDWEG

Noun: *way, path, road; earth.*

FOLDWELA

Noun: *earth-wealth, earthly riches.*

FOLDWONG

Noun: *plain earth.*

FOLDWYLM

Noun: *earth-stream.*

FOLGERE

Noun: *follower, attendant; successor, disciple.*

FOLGIAN

Verb: *to follow, accompany; to follow after, pursue, go behind, run after; to be guided by; to follow as a servant, attendant or disciple; to yield to.*

FOLGOÐ

Noun: *following, retinue, train, pursuit; service, office, employment, dignity, authority; rule, jurisdiction, district; condition of life, destiny.*

FOLM

Noun: *palm of the hand, hand.*

FOLMA

Noun: *palm, hand.*

FŌN

See *(ge)fōn.*

FONFŸR

Noun: *firefang.*

FOR-

Affix: *intensive; pejorative; opposite sense; denoting loss or destruction.*

FOR

1. Adpositon: *for, in order to, on account of, for the sake of, because of, by reason of; with; according to, as regards, in the sight of; instead of, in place of, equivalent to, in preference to; though, in spite of; during, as far as; before, fore, in front of.*

2. Adverb: *too, very.*

3. Conjunction: *for, because.*

FŌR

1. Noun: *going, course, journey, expedition; way or manner of life; approach.*

2. Noun: *pig, hog.*

FORAN

1. Adposition: *before, opposite.*

2. Adverb: *before, in front of; forward, to the front; forehand; sooner.*

FORANBODIG

Noun: *chest, thorax.*

FORANDÆG

Noun: *early part of the day.*

FORANE

1. Adjective: *opposite, before.*

2. Adverb: *opposite, before.*

FORANHĒAFOD

Noun: *forehead.*

FORANLENCTEN

Noun: *early spring, early part of Lent.*

FORANNIHT

Noun: *early part of the night, evening, dusk.*

FORANNIHTSANG

Noun: *compline.*

FŌRANONSETTENDE

Adjective: *closing in.*

FORANSCĒAWIAN

Verb: *to provide.*

FORANSWĪÐRIAN

Verb: *to prevail.*

FORBÆRNAN

Verb: *to consume, burn up; to cause to burn.*

FORBÆRNEDNES

Noun: *burning.*

FORBÆRNING

Noun: *burning, heal of inflammation.*

FŌRBED

Noun: *portable, litter.*

FORBELGAN

Verb: *to get angry, be enraged.*

FORBĒN

Noun: *prayer.*

FORBĒODAN

Verb: *to forbid, prohibit; to restrain; to refuse; to suppress; to annul; to repeat.*

FORBĒODENDLIC

Adjective: *dissuasive, dehortative.*

FORBEORNAN

Verb: *to burn; to be consumed by fire.*

FORBERAN

1. Verb: *to abstain from, forbear, refrain; to restrain; to suffer, endure; to tolerate, humour.*

2. See *foreberan.*

FORBERENDLĪCE

Adverb: *tolerably.*

FORBERSTAN

Verb: *to break, burst asunder; to vanish; to fail; to let go by default.*

FORBĪGAN

Verb: *to ben down, bow down; to depreciate, humiliate, humble, abase, degrade, destroy; to pass by, avoid.*

FORBINDAN

Verb: *to bind or tie up, muzzle.*

FORBĪTAN

Verb: *to bite to pieces, destroy by biting.*

FORBLĀWAN

Verb: *to blow, inflate; to blow away.*

FORBLINDIAN

Verb: *to blind.*

FŌRBŌC

Noun: *itinerary.*

FORBOD

Noun: *forbidding, prohibition, countermand.*

FORBOREN

Adjective: *restrained, forborne; endured; restrained from the effect of herb.*

FORBRECAN

Verb: *to break, break in pieces, bruise, crush, destroy; to violate.*

FORBRĒDAN

Verb: *to tear; to pull, snatch away; to cover; to draw over; to change, transform.*

FORBRĪCAN

Verb: *to consume, use up, destroy.*

FORBRĪTAN

Verb: *to break in pieces, smash, bruise, crush.*

FORBRŸTEDNES

Noun: *sorrow, contrition.*

FORBRYTEDNYS

Noun: *sorrow, bruisedness.*

FORBŪGAN

Verb: *to bend from, refrain from, decline; to avoid, shun, eschew; to escape, flee from; hold down.*

FORBYRD

Noun: *abstention; bearing pain, long suffering, endurance.*

FORBYRDIAN

Verb: *to wait for; to endure; to forbear.*

FORBYRDIG

Adjective: *patient, forbearing.*

FORCA

Noun: *fork.*

FORCE

Noun: *fork.*

FORCĒAP

Adjective: *forestalling (in trade).*

FORCEL

Noun: *pitchfork.*

FORCEORFAN

Verb: *to cut down, cut off; to divide; to carve out.*

FORCĒOWAN

Verb: *to bite or chew off.*

FORCIERRAN

Verb: *to turn aside, prevent, avert; to avoid; to escape, turn oneself away; to pervert; to subvert.*

FORCIERREDNES

Noun: *turning aside, perversity.*

FORCIERRING

Noun: *turning aside.*

FORCILLED

Adjective: *chilled.*

FORCINNAN

Verb: *to repudiate, destroy.*

FORCIPPIAN

See *(ge)forcippian.*

FORCLÆMAN

Verb: *to stop or plaster up.*

FORCLINGAN

Verb: *to shrink up, wither.*

FORCLYCCAN

Verb: *to close, stop up.*

FORCLŸSAN

Verb: *to close or shut up.*

FORCOMPIAN

Verb: *to fight for.*

FORCOSTIAN

Verb: *to tempt.*

FORCRAFIAN

Verb: *to require.*

FORCUMAN

Verb: *to come before, prevent, surprise; to harass, destroy; to wear out; to reject; to seize, get hold of; to obtain, overcome, surpass, conquer.*

FORCUNNIAN

Verb: *to try, tempt.*

FORCŪÐ

Adjective: *bad, infamous, despised, foul, perverse, wicked, despicable; thrifty, frugal; worthless; unclean.*

FORCŪÐE

Adverb: *infamously, wickedly, evilly.*

FORCŪÐLIC

Adjective: *bad, infamous, ignoble, wicked, despicable, worthless, foul; disgraceful, poor.*

FORCŪÐLĪCE

Adverb: *contemptibly, perversely; feebly; ignominiously.*

FORCWEÐAN

Verb: *to speak ill, abuse; to refuse, reject; to censure, reprove; to rebuke; to boast.*

FORCWOLSTAN

Verb: *to swallow down.*

FORCWȲSAN

Verb: *to shake violently.*

FORCȲÐAN

Verb: *to reprove, refute; to rebuke.*

FORD

Noun: *ford; waterway.*

FORDÆDLA

Noun: *destroyer.*

FORDÆLAN

Verb: *to deal out; to spend, expend.*

FORDĒAD

Adjective: *dead; as if dead.*

FORDELFAN

Verb: *to delve, dig up; to destroy by digging.*

FORDĒMAN

Verb: *to sentence, condemn, doom damn; to prejudice; to decide.*

FORDĒMEDLIC

Adjective: *to be condemned.*

FORDĒMEDLĪCE

Adverb: *accursedly.*

FORDĒMEDNES

Noun: *condemnation, proscription.*

FORDĒMEND

Noun: *accuser.*

FORDĒMING

Noun: *confiscation, spoliation, sequestration, plunder.*

FORDEMMAN

Verb: *to block up, shut or dam up.*

FORDĪCIGAN

Verb: *to block up, shut out by a ditch, barricade.*

FORDILEMENGAN

Verb: *to disregard, dissemble, ignore; to gloss over.*

FORDĪLGIAN

Verb: *to blot out, abolish, destroy.*

FORDIMMIAN

Verb: *to darken, obscure, make very dim.*

FORDŌN

1. Verb: *to undo; to bring to nought, ruin, destroy, kill; to seduce, defile, corrupt.*

2. Adjective: *corrupt, wicked; abandoned.*

FORDRÆFAN

Verb: *to drive; to compel.*

FORDRENCAN

Verb: *to make drunk, inebriate, intoxicate.*

FORDRĪFAN

Verb: *to drive away, sweep away, eject, expel, banish; to force, compel, impel; to overtask; to overtax.*

FORDRIFNES

Noun: *objection, opposition.*

FORDRINCAN

Verb: *to make drunk, inebriate; to be drunk.*

FORDRŪGIAN

Verb: *to dry up, parch, wither.*

FORDRUNCEN

Adjective: *drunk.*

FORDRUNCNIAN

Verb: *to be made drunk.*

FORDWER

Noun: *weir at a ford.*

FORDWILMAN

Verb: *to confound.*

FORDWĪNAN

Verb: *to vanish, dwindle away.*

FORDYSLIC

Adjective: *very foolish.*

FORDYTTAN

Verb: *to close, shut up; to obstruct, block up, stop up.*

FORE-

Affix: *meaning before.*

FORE

1. Adposition: *for, because of, on account of, for the sake of, by reason of; before, in the sight of, in the presence of; from; instead of; through.*

2. Adverb: *before, formerly, once, beforehand, aforetime; before, in front; at the head, as chief.*

FOREĀDIHTIAN

Verb: *to order or arrange beforehand.*

FŌREÆTŸWIAN

Verb: *to foreshow, to go before and show the way.*

FOREALDIAN

Verb: *to grow or wax old, become old, decay; to run out, expire.*

FOREALDUNG

Noun: *old age.*

FOREĀSTRECCAN

Verb: *to lay low, overthrow; to lay or stretch out before.*

FOREĀÐ

Noun: *preliminary oath.*

FORĒAÐE

Adverb: *very easily.*

FORĒAÐELĪCE

Adverb: *very easily.*

FOREBĒACEN

Noun: *sign; portent, wonder, prodigy.*

FOREBĒGAN

Verb: *to intercept.*

FOREBĒON

Verb: *to be before or over; to preside.*

FOREBERAN

Verb: *to prefer.*

FOREBĒTAN

Verb: *to make legal amends.*

FOREBĪCNUNG

Noun: *prophecy.*

FOREBISCOP

Noun: *high priest.*

FOREBISEGIAN

Verb: *to preoccupy.*

FOREBOD

Noun: *preaching; prophecy; prohibition.*

FOREBODA

Noun: *messenger, crier; forerunner.*

FOREBODERE

Noun: *herald, crier.*

FOREBODIAN

Verb: *to announce, declare.*

FOREBODUNG

Noun: *preaching; prophecy.*

FOREBRÆDAN

Verb: *to overshadow; to prolongue.*

FOREBRENGAN

Verb: *to produce, bring forth.*

FOREBRĒOST

Noun: *chest, breast.*

FOREBURH

Noun: *entrance, vestibule; principal town; outwork.*

FOREBYSEN

Noun: *example.*

FORECENNEDNES

Noun: *progeny.*

FORECEORFEND

Noun: *front tooth.*

FORECĒOSAN

Verb: *to choose in preference.*

FORECLIPIAN

Verb: *to declare, proclaim, cry out.*

FORECNĒOWRISN

Noun: *progeny.*

FORECNYLL

Noun: *first signal given by a bell.*

FORECOSTIAN

Verb: *to pollute, profane; to try, test.*

FORECOSTUNG

Noun: *profanation.*

FORECWEDEN

Adjective: *aforesaid.*

FORECWEÐAN

Verb: *to predict, foresay; to preach.*

FORECWIDE

Noun: *prediction, prophecy; introduction, heading.*

FORECYME

Noun: *proceeding forth.*

FŌRECYNN

Noun: *progenitors, predecessors, ancestors.*

FORECYNREN

Noun: *progeny.*

FORECŸÐAN

Verb: *to make known beforehand, foretell, predict, prophesy.*

FOREDĒMAN

Verb: *to prejudge.*

FOREDURU

Noun: *vestibule, porch.*

FOREDYRE

Noun: *porch, vestibule.*

FOREDYRSTIG

Adjective: *presumptuous.*

FOREFENGNES

Noun: *protective skirting (of woods).*

FOREFEOHTEND

Noun: *defender, propugnator.*

FOREFĒRAN

Verb: *to precede, go before.*

FOREFEX

Noun: *forelock.*

FOREFLĒON

Verb: *to flee away.*

FOREFŌN

Verb: *to take before, anticipate, prevent.*

FOREFRĒFREND

Proconsul.

FOREGĀN

1. Verb: *to excel; to precede, go before; to pass over, stand out; to abstain form, not to do.*

2. Verb: *to go before, precede; to project; to stand out.*

FOREGANGAN

1. Verb: *to go before, precede, excel; to abstain from.*

2. Verb: *to go before, precede; to project.*

FOREGEARWIAN

Verb: *to prepare, make ready.*

FOREGEARWUNG

Noun: *preparation.*

FOREGEBIDDAN

Verb: *to intercede.*

FOREGEBLIND

Adjective: *blinded.*

FOREGECĒOSAN

Verb: *to choose beforehand.*

FOREGEGEARWIAN

Verb: *to prepare, make ready.*

FOREGEHĀT

Noun: *vow, forepromise.*

FOREGEHĀTAN

Verb: *to order; to promise; to invite.*

FOREGELÆRAN

Verb: *to forewarn.*

FOREGELĒORAN

Verb: *to pass away.*

FOREGEMEARCIAN

Verb: *to stipulate, prescribe, fix beforehand.*

FOREGENGA

Noun: *predecessor, ancestor; attendant; forerunner; leader, ruler.*

FOREGENGAN

Verb: *to go before, ahead or in front.*

FOREGENGEL

Noun: *predecessor.*

FOREGESECGAN

Verb: *to predestine.*

FOREGESELLAN

Verb: *to advance (money).*

FOREGESETTAN

Verb: *to place before, precede; to propose; to prefer; to shut in.*

FOREGESWEOTOLIAN

Verb: *to investigate, search into.*

FOREGESWUTELIENDE

Adjective: *indagande.*

FOREGETĒON

Verb: *to point out.*

FOREGEÐINGIAN

Verb: *to interercede, defend, plead for.*

FOREGEÐĪSTROD

Adjective: *darkened.*

FOREGEWIS

Adjective: *having foreknowledge.*

FOREGEWISSIAN

Verb: *to direct beforehand.*

FOREGIDD

Noun: *proverb.*

FOREGIELPAN

Verb: *to boast greatly.*

FOREGĪMNES

Noun: *observation.*

FOREGĪSL

Noun: *preliminary hostage, hostage given as security for the performance of a promise.*

FOREGLĒAW

Adjective: *wise, prudent, foreseeing, provident.*

FOREGLĒAWLĪCE

Adverb: *carefully, prudently, providently, with forethought.*

FŌREGLĒAWNES

Noun: *carefulness, prudence, providence.*

FOREGYRNAN

Verb: *to show before.*

FOREHĀLIG

Adjective: *very holy.*

FOREHŪS

Noun: *porch.*

FOREIERNAN

Verb: *to run before, out run.*

FOREIERNEND

Noun: *forerunner.*

FOREIERNERE

Noun: *forerunner.*

FORELĀDTĒOW

Noun: *leader, chief.*

FORELÆREND

Noun: *teacher.*

FORELÆRENDE

Adjective: *acting as guide and teacher.*

FORELĀR

Noun: *preaching.*

FORELĀTTĒOW

Noun: *leader.*

FORELCIAN

Verb: *to delay, put off too long.*

FORELĒORAN

Verb: *to go before, pass by.*

FORELOCC

Noun: *forelock.*

FORELŌCIAN

Verb: *to look forth/out.*

FOREMÆRE

Adjective: *famous, renowned, celebrated, eminent, illustrious.*

FOREMÆRLIC

Adjective: *eminent.*

FOREMÆRNES

Noun: *greatness, fame, renown, eminence, glory; brightness.*

FOREMANIAN

Verb: *to forewarn.*

FOREMANIG

Adverb: *very many.*

FOREMEAHTIGLIC

Adjective: *very strong, strenuous.*

FOREMEARCOD

Adjective: *before-mentioned.*

FOREMEARCUNG

Noun: *heading, tittle.*

FOREMIHTIG

Adjective: *prepotent, most mighty.*

FOREMIHTIGLĪCE

Adverb: *most mightily.*

FOREMUNT

Noun: *promontory.*

FORENAMA

Noun: *pronomen.*

FORENEMNAN

See *(ge)forenemnan.*

FORENEMNED

Adjective: *named previously.*

FORENYME

Noun: *taking before.*

FORERĪM

Noun: *prologue, preface.*

FORERYNEL

Noun: *forerunner, herald, harbinger; morning star.*

FORESACAN

Verb: *to forbid.*

FORESÆD

Adjective: *aforesaid.*

FORESÆGDNES

Noun: *preface.*

FORESAGA

Noun: *preface, prologue; translation.*

FORESCĒAWERE

Noun: *foreseer, foreshewer.*

FORESCĒAWIAN

Verb: *to foresee, forethink, foreshew, preordain; to appoint, decree; to provide, furnish with.*

FORESCĒAWODLĪCE

Adverb: *thoughtfully, considerately.*

FORESCĒAWUNG

Noun: *foresight, forethought, foreshow; consideration, contemplation, providence.*

FORESCIELDNES

Noun: *protection.*

FORESCYNIAN

Verb: *to give way before, shun.*

FORESCYTTELS

Noun: *bar, bolt.*

FORESCȳWA

Noun: *shadow.*

FORESCȳWUNG

Noun: *overshadowing.*

FORESĒCAN

1. Verb: *to appeal (for justice).*

2. Verb: *to afflict, punish, attack; to seek with hostile intent.*

FORESECGAN

Verb: *to mention before, predict, foretell; to announce, proclaim, preach.*

FORESELD

Noun: *first seat.*

FORESELLAN

Verb: *to spend, advance (money).*

FORESENDAN

Verb: *to send before.*

FORESĒON

Verb: *to foresee; to provide; to despise.*

FORESĒOND

Noun: *one who foresees; provider.*

FORESĒONES

Noun: *foreseeing, foresight, providence; contempt, looking down; care.*

FORESETL

Noun: *seat of honour, chief seat.*

FORESETNES

Noun: *proposition; purpose, intention; preposition.*

FORESETTAN

Verb: *to place before, precede; to propose; to prefer; to close in, shut in.*

FORESETTENDLIC

Adjective: *set before, prepositive.*

FORESINGEND

Noun: *precentor.*

FORESITTAN

Verb: *to preside, sit before or in front.*

FORESLÆPAN

Verb: *to pass away, die, fall sleep in the Lord.*

FORESMĒAGAN

Verb: *to think beforehand, premeditate.*

FŌRESMĒAGUNG

Noun: *premeditation.*

FORESNOTOR

Adjective: *very wise, highly sagacious.*

FORESPRÆC

Noun: *agreement, assenting, arrangement; defence, advocacy, excuse; introduction, preface, prologue, preamble; promise.*

FORESPRECA

Noun: *mediator, intercessor, defender, advocate; patron, sponsor.*

FORESPRECAN

1. Verb: *to speak out, be surety for, intercede for; to answer for.*

2. See *forsprecan.*

FŌRESPRECEN

Adjective: *forementioned, aforesaid.*

FORESTÆPPAN

1. Verb: *to prevent, forestall; to go before, precede, excel.*

2. Verb: *to precede, anticipate, come or go before; to prevent.*

FORESTÆPPEND

Noun: *precursor.*

FORESTÆPPUNG

Noun: *anticipation, preventing.*

FORESTANDAN

Verb: *to lead, preside; to excel; to prevail against.*

FORESTANDENDE

Adjective: *standing before.*

FORESTAPUL

Adjective: *previous, going before.*

FORESTEALL

Noun: *intervention, rescue, ambush; assault, offence of waylaying in the highway; fine for such an offence; opposition, resistence, hindrance.*

FORESTEMNAN

Verb: *to prevent, hinder, prohibit.*

FORESTĒORA

Noun: *pilot, man at the prow of a ship.*

FORESTĪGAN

Verb: *to go before, excel.*

FORESTIGE

Noun: *entrance, vestibule.*

FORESTIHTIAN

Verb: *to predestine, fore-ordain.*

FŌRESTIHTOD

Adjective: *determined, fore-appointed or ordained.*

FORESTIHTUNG

Noun: *predestination, fore-appointment.*

FORESWERIAN

Verb: *to declare before, swear before.*

FORETĀCN

Verb: *to presage, prognostic, prodigy; to sign; to wonder.*

FORETĀCNIAN

Verb: *to foreshow.*

FORETEOHHIAN

Verb: *to foreordain, destine.*

FORETEOHHUNG

Noun: *predestination.*

FORETĒON

Verb: *to arrange, pre-dispose, pre-ordain.*

FORETĒÐ

Noun: *front teeth.*

FORETĪGE

Noun: *forecourt, porch; market.*

FORETIMBRIGENDE

Adjective: *enclosing, impeding, shutting up, building before.*

FORETŸNED

Adjective: *foreclosed, shut in.*

FOREÐANC

Noun: *consideration, providence.*

FOREÐANCFUL

Adjective: *prudent, provident.*

FOREÐANCLIC

Adjective: *thoughtful, prudent, provident; careful, cautious.*

FOREÐANCLĪCE

Adverb: *considerately, carefully, prudently.*

FOREÐANCOL

Adjective: *prudent, forethoughtful, provident; sagacious.*

FOREÐANCOLNES

Noun: *prudence.*

FOREÐENCAN

Verb: *to consider, be mindful, premeditate; to distrust; to despair.*

FOREÐĒON

Verb: *to excel, surpass.*

FOREÐINGERE

Noun: *mediator, intercessor.*

FOREÐINGIAN

Verb: *to intercede, defend, plead for.*

FOREÐINGIEND

Noun: *intercessor.*

FOREÐINGRÆDEN

Noun: *intercession.*

FOREÐINGUNG

Noun: *intercession.*

FOREWARNIAN

Verb: *to take warning beforehand, forewarn.*

FOREWEALL

Noun: *rampart, bulwark.*

FOREWEALWIAN

Verb: *to wither up, wither away.*

FOREWEARD

1. Noun: *agreement, treaty, compact, bargain; condition; precaution, provision.*

2. Noun: *forewarder, scout, outpost.*

3. Adjective: *early, former, forward, fore; continual, everlasting.*

4. Adverb: *in front; onwards, towards the future; continually, always.*

5. See *forweard* (1).

6. See *forweard* (2).

FOREWEARDE

Adverb: *in front, towards the future; above all.*

FOREWEARDNES

Noun: *beginning.*

FOREWEORÐAN

Verb: *to predestinate.*

FOREWESAN

Verb: *to be before, preside, rule over.*

FOREWĪS

Adjective: *forewise, foreknowing.*

FOREWITAN

Verb: *to foreknow.*

FOREWĪTEGIAN

Verb: *to foresay, prophesy.*

FOREWĪTEGUNG

Noun: *foretelling, prophecy.*

FOREWITIG

Adjective: *knowing, foreknowing, prophetic; sagacious.*

FOREWITOL

Adjective: *foreknowing.*

FOREWITTIENDLIC

Adjective: *foreknowing, prophetic, prescient.*

FOREWORD

Noun: *condition, stipulation; agreement.*

FOREWORDEN

Adjective: *predestined.*

FOREWRITEN

Adjective: *above or before-written.*

FOREWRITENNES

Noun: *proscription, exile, banishment.*

FOREWYRCAN

Verb: *to work for, do anything for anyone.*

FOREWYRCEND

Noun: *servant, slave.*

FOREWYRD

Noun: *agreement; condition; what is said before.*

FOREWYRDAN

See *(ge)forewyrdan.*

FORFÆGER

Adjective: *very fair, very beautiful.*

FORFANG

Noun: *seizing, capture; rescuing, recovery of cattle or other property; reward for rescuing property.*

FORFANGFEOH

Noun: *reward for rescuing stolen cattle or lost property.*

FORFARAN

Verb: *to go or pass away, perish; to lose; to run, destroy; to obstruct, intercept, blockade; to go before.*

FORFEALLAN

Verb: *to overwhelm, destroy by falling.*

FORFĒRAN

Verb: *to go or pass away, depart, perish, die.*

FORFERIAN

Verb: *to let die.*

FORFLĒON

Verb: *to flee from, avoid, evade, escape.*

FORFLŸGAN

Verb: *to put to flight.*

FORFŌN

Verb: *to seize, clutch, arrest; to anticipate, forestall, prevent; to surprise; to forfeit.*

FORFYLLAN

Verb: *to obstruct, stop up; to fill up.*

FORFYRHT

Adjective: *terrified.*

FORGÆGAN

Verb: *to exceed, transgress, trespass; to prevaricate; to pass by, omit; to neglect.*

FORGÆGEDNES

Noun: *transgression, trespass; stubbornness, prevarication.*

FORGÆGEND

Noun: *transgressor.*

FORGÆGUNG

Noun: *transgression, excess, fault.*

FORGÆLAN

Verb: *to avoid.*

FORGĀN

1. Verb: *to pass, pass over, by or away; abstain from, neglect; to lose.*

2. See *foregān* (1).

3. See *foregān* (2).

FORGANGAN

Verb: *to pass, pass over by or away; to precede, go before; to abstrain from, neglect; to lose.*

FORGEARE

Adverb: *very well, very certainly.*

FORGEARWIAN

Verb: *to let go, set free, release (so form captivity).*

FORGEBIND

Noun: *stricture.*

FORGEDŌN

Verb: *to undo, bring to naught, ruin, destroy, abolish, kill; to corrupt; to seduce, defile.*

FORGEEARNUNG

Noun: *merit.*

FORGEFENES

1. Noun: *forgiveness, pardon, remission; indulgence, gift; permission.*

2. See *forgiefnes.*

FORGELĒORED

Adjective: *departed, deceased.*

FORGENDRAD

Adjective: *conglutinatus.*

FORGENGE

Adjective: *hard to carry out, impracticable.*

FORGEORNE

Adjective: *very earnestly; very attentively, very diligently.*

FORGIEFAN

Verb: *to give, grant, bestow, supply; to allow, permit; to forgive, overlook, remit; to give up, leave off; to give in marriage.*

FORGIEFEDNES

Noun: *forgiveness.*

FORGIEFEN

Adjective: *mild, gentle, tolerable, not hard; forgiven, indulgent, pardoned; punishment.*

FORGIEFNES

Noun: *forgiveness, pardon, remission; mildness, lenity, indulgence; gift; permission; release; laxity.*

FORGIELDAN

Verb: *to pay for, reward, indemnify, requite; to forfeit, pay double (as penalty); to give, render; to give up; to make good.*

FORGIELPAN

Verb: *to boast of; to trumpet forth.*

FORGĪEMAN

Verb: *to pass by, transgress, neglect.*

FORGĪEMELĒASIAN

Verb: *to give up, abandon, neglect, omit.*

FORGIETAN

Verb: *to forget; to neglect.*

FORGIFEND

Noun: *one who grants.*

FORGIFENDLIC

Adjective: *bearable, tolerable, excusable, forgiving, pardonable, free from obligation; giving, dative.*

FORGIFENLIC

Adjective: *giving, dative; forgiving, excusable; bearable, tolerable.*

FORGIFENLĪCE

Adverb: *easily, without hardship from burdensome claims.*

FORGIFESTRE

Noun: *female giver.*

FORGIFU

Noun: *gratia.*

FORGIFUNG

Noun: *giving, gift, donation.*

FORGITEL

Adjective: *forgetful.*

FORGITELIAN

Verb: *to forget.*

FORGITELNES

Noun: *forgetfulness, oblivion.*

FORGITEN

Adjectgive: *forgetful.*

FORGITING

Noun: *forgetfulness.*

FORGLENDRIAN

Verb: *to swallow up, eat greedily, devour; to cast down.*

FORGNAGAN

Verb: *to gnaw or eat up.*

FORGNĪDAN

Verb: *to beat or break into pieces, crush; to rub together, dash or thow down; to grind together.*

FORGNIDEN

Adjective: *contrite.*

FORGNIDENNES

Noun: *sorrow, contrition; tribulation.*

FORGRINDAN

1. Verb: *to grind down; to crush, mangle, pulverize, ruin, destroy; to consume.*

2. Verb: *to send to the bottom; to destroy.*

FORGRINDET

Noun: *grinding, pounding.*

FORGRĪPAN

Verb: *to seize, grasp; to attack, assail, overwhelm; to take before, pre-occupy.*

FORGRĪWAN

Verb: *to sink (in vice).*

FORGRŌWAN

Verb: *to grow to excess or fullness.*

FORGRŌWEN

Adjective: *grown up, overgrown.*

FORGYLT

Adjective: *condemned, guilty.*

FORGYLTAN

Verb: *to make guilty; to be or become guilty.*

FORGȳMEDNES

Noun: *neglect.*

FORGȳMELĒASNES

Noun: *carelessness, neglect.*

FORGYRDAN

Verb: *to enclose, encircle, girdle.*

FORHABBAN

Verb: *to hold in, restrain; to retain, keep back, abstain, refrain; to avoid.*

FORHÆBBEND

Noun: *abstinent or continent person, unmarried person.*

FORHÆFED

Adjective: *continent, abstemious, celibate.*

FORHÆFEDNES

Noun: *continence, restrain, abstinence; temperance.*

FORHÆFENDLĪCE

Adverb: *continently.*

FORHĀLAN

Verb: *to injure, make unsound.*

FORHĀELDE

Noun: *offence.*

FORHĀETAN

Verb: *to overheat.*

FORHĀEÐAN

Verb: *to consume, burn out, parch up.*

FORHĀEÐED

Adjective: *burnt up.*

FORHĀTAN

Verb: *to renounce, forswear; to declare criminal, outlaw, proscribe.*

FORHĀTENA

Noun: *ill-named or reprobate person, the devil.*

FORHĒAFOD

Noun: *forehead, brow, skull.*

FORHEALDAN

Verb: *to hold improperly, rebel against; to keep too long; to forsake, fall away from; to let go; to disregard, neglect; to misuse, abuse a privilege; to defile, pollute.*

FORHEALDNES

Noun: *incontinence, unchasteness.*

FORHEARD

Adjective: *very hard.*

FORHEARDE

Adverb: *very much.*

FORHEARDIAN

Verb: *to grow or become hard, harden.*

FORHĒAWAN

Verb: *to cut or hew in pieces, kill, slaughter.*

FORHELAN

Verb: *to cover over, hide, conceal; to protect.*

FORHELIAN

Verb: *to cover, clothe; to hide.*

FORHERGEND

Noun: *ravager.*

FORHERGIAN

Verb: *to devastate, lay waste, destroy; to ravage, harry, plunder.*

FORHERGUNG

Noun: *harassing, devastation; annoyance, molesting, trouble.*

FORHĪENAN

Verb: *to humiliate, humble, oppress, outrage; to defeat, waste; to cast down.*

FORHLADAN

Verb: *to exhaust.*

FORHOGD

Adjective: *despicable, contemptible, despised, good-for-nothing.*

FORHOGIAN

Verb: *to disregard, neglect, despise; to accuse.*

FORHOGIEND

Noun: *despiser, contemner.*

FORHOGIGENDLIC

Adjective: *despicable, contemptible.*

FORHOGODLIC

Adjective: *contemptuous, denoting scorn.*

FORHOGODLĪCE

Adverb: *with contempt, contemptuously.*

FORHOGODNES

Noun: *contempt, disdain.*

FORHOGUNG

Noun: *contempt.*

FORHRADIAN

Verb: *to prevent, anticipate; to go too quickly, hurry, hasten; to frustrate.*

FORHRÆDLĪCE

Adverb: *very quickly; suddenly, too soon.*

FORHRAÐE

Adverb: *very quickly or speedily, soon.*

FORHREPIAN

Verb: *to catch.*

FORHRĒRED

Adjective: *annulled, made void.*

FORHT

Adjective: *afraid, fearful; cowardly; timid; frightful, dreadful, terrible; formidable.*

FORHTE

Adverb: *despairingly.*

FORHTFERÐ

Adjective: *terrified at heart.*

FORHTFUL

Adjective: *fearful, fainthearted, timorous.*

FORHTIAN

See *(ge)forhtian.*

FORHTIENDLIC

Adjective: *timorous; fearful, dreadful, terrible.*

FORHTIG

Adjective: *timid, abashed.*

FORHTIGE

Adverb: *humbly, submissively.*

FORHTIGEND

Adjective: *timid, dreadful.*

FORHTLĒASNES

Noun: *fearlessness.*

FORHTLIC

Adjective: *trembling, fearful, dreadful, terrible; afraid, timid.*

FORHTLĪCE

Adverb: *tremblingly, fearfully.*

FORHTMŌD

Adjective: *timid, timorous, pusillanimous, mind-frighted.*

FORHTNES

Noun: *fear, dread, terror; amazement.*

FORHTO

Noun: *fear.*

FORHTUNG

Noun: *fear.*

FORHWEGA

Adverb: *somewhere, somewhere about.*

FORHWEORFAN

Verb: *to pass away, come to an end, be destroyed.*

FORHWIERFAN

Verb: *to change, transform; to remove, turn aside, transfer; to pervert, deprave.*

FORHWIERFEDLIC

Adjective: *perverse.*

FORHWIERFEDNES

Noun: *perversity.*

FORHWON

Adverb: *wherefore; why, for what reason.*

FORHWȳ

Adverb: *wherefore; why.*

FORHYCGAN

Verb: *to disdain, neglect, reject, despise, scorn; to condemn.*

FORHYCGEND

Noun: *despiser, contemner.*

FORHȳDAN

Verb: *to hide.*

FORHYGDELIC

Adjective: *despicable, despised.*

FORHYLMAN

Verb: *to refuse obedience, neglect; to cover over, conceal; to leave unperformed.*

FORHYRDAN

Verb: *to harden.*

FORIELDAN

Verb: *to put off, delay, defer.*

FORIERÐ

Noun: *a head-land in the case of land with furrows at right angles to those of the adjacent land.*

FORINLĪCE

Adverb: *thoroughly, exceedingly.*

FORINWEARDLĪCE

Adverb: *thoroughly; genuinely.*

FORLĀCAN

Verb: *to seduce, mislead, deceive, betray.*

FORLÆDAN

Verb: *to seduce, mislead, lead astray; to bring out; to bring or lead forth, produce.*

FORLÆRAN

Verb: *to seduce, misteach, deceive, pervert, corrupt, lead astray.*

FORLÆTAN

Verb: *to let, allow, permit; to give, grant; to suffer; to lose, surrender; to leave, quit, abandon, relinquish, neglect; to excuse, pardon, remit; to loose, release.*

FORLÆTE

Noun: *loss.*

FORLÆTENDE

Verb: *to be relaxed or remitted.*

FORLÆTENNES

Noun: *leaving, departure; absence; loss, perdition; desolation; remission; end, cessation, divorce; intermission.*

FORLÆTING

Noun: *leaving, intermission.*

FORLÆTU

Noun: *losses, sufferings.*

FORLÆÐAN

Verb: *to loathe.*

FORLĒAN

Verb: *to blame much, reprehend strongly.*

FORLECGAN

Verb: *to cover up.*

FORLEGENLIC

Adjective: *mean-looking, ugly.*

FORLEGIS

Noun: *adulteress, fornicatress, prostitute, harlot.*

FORLEGNES

Noun: *fornication, adultery.*

FORLEGNIS

Noun: *prostitute.*

FORLĒOGAN

Verb: *to lie, slander; to accuse falsely, perjure oneself.*

FORLĒORNES

Noun: *transgression.*

FORLEORNUNG

Noun: *error, deception.*

FORLĒOSAN

Verb: *to lose, let go, abandon; to ruin, destroy.*

FORLĒTERE

Noun: *forsaker.*

FORLETTAN

Verb: *to prevent.*

FORLICGAN

Verb: *to commit adultery or fornication; to lie; to defend; to fail, lapse; to be neglected; to screen (a thief).*

FORLICGEND

Noun: *fornicator.*

FORLIDEN

Adjective: *much travelled; shipwrecked.*

FORLIGER

1. Noun: *fornication, adultery, immorality, wantonness.*

2. Noun: *fornicator, fornicatress, adulterer, adulteress; whoremonger.*

3. Adjective: *adulterous.*

FORLIGERBED

Noun: *bed of fornication.*

FORLIGEREN

Adjective: *adulterous, fornicating, whorish.*

FORLIGERHŪS

Noun: *brothel.*

FORLIGERLIC

Adjective: *impure, unchaste, adulterous.*

FORLIGERLĪCE

Adverb: *adulterously.*

FORLIGERWĪF

Noun: *prostitute.*

FORLIGGANG

Noun: *fornication, adultery.*

FORLIGRIAN

Verb: *to fornicate.*

FORLĪSGLENG

Noun: *attire of a harlot.*

FORLĪÐAN

Verb: *to suffer shipwreck.*

FORLIÐENNES

Noun: *shipwreck.*

FORLOGEN

Adjective: *guilty of bearing false witness.*

FORLONG

Adverb: *long ago.*

FORLONGE

Adverb: *long ago.*

FORLOR

Noun: *loss, perdition, destruction.*

FORLORENES

Noun: *perdition, destruction.*

FORLORIAN

Verb: *to lose.*

FORLUSTLĪCE

Adverb: *gladly, very willingly.*

FORLȲTEL

Adjective: *very little.*

FORMA

1. Adjective: *first, earliest, foremost.*

2. Numeral: *first.*

FORMÆL

Noun: *negotiation, agreement, treaty.*

FORMÆLAN

Verb: *to negotiate.*

FORMANIG

Adjective: *very many.*

FORMELLE

Noun: *bench.*

FORMELTAN

Verb: *to dissolve; to melt away, become liquid, liquefy; to burn up.*

FORMENGAN

Verb: *to join together, associate, mingle.*

FŌRMETE

Noun: *food for a journey.*

FORMICEL

Adjective: *very great.*

FORMOGIAN

Verb: *to decay.*

FORMOGOD

Adjective: *corrupted.*

FORMOLSNIAN

Verb: *to decay, corrupt, rot away, putrefy; to crumble.*

FORMOLSNUNG

Noun: *corruption.*

FORMYRÐRIAN

Verb: *to destroy, kill, murder.*

FORN

1. Noun: *trout.*

2. See *forane* (1).

3. See *forane* (2).

4. See *foran* (2).

FORNÆMAN

Verb: *to consume; to be afflicted or worn out.*

FORNE

1. See *foran* (2).

2. Noun: *trout.*

3. See *forn* (1).

FORNĒAH

Adverb: *almost, about, nearly, nigh, very nearly.*

FŌRNEFE

Noun: *nephew's daughter.*

FORNERWIAN

Verb: *to check the growth or fecundity of.*

FORNĒÐAN

Verb: *to expose to danger, risk one's life; to sacrifice.*

FORNIMAN

Verb: *to take away, deprive of; to seize, plunder, ransack; to devastate, destroy; to consume, waste, devour; to annul; to disfigure, deform; to overcome.*

FORNŸDAN

Verb: *to force, compel.*

FORNYTLĪCE

Adverb: *very usefully.*

FOROD

Adjective: *useless, void, weakened, worn out, broken down, fractured, violated; abortive.*

FORODFŌT

Adjective: *having a broken foot, broken-footed.*

FOROFT

Adverb: *very often.*

FORPÆRAN

Verb: *to lose, turn away; to spoil, pervert; to ruin, destroy.*

FORPYNDAN

Verb: *to do away, remove, preclude; to stop, prevent the action of.*

FŌRRACU

Noun: *itinerary.*

FORRÆDA

Noun: *traitor, plotter.*

FORRÆDAN

Verb: *to betray, plot against, deprive by treachery; to wrong, injure; to condemn.*

FORRÆPE

Noun: *newly cultivated land, forest land that has been converted into arable land.*

FORRĒCELĒASIAN

Verb: *to neglect.*

FORREPEN

Adjective: *taken.*

FORRĪDAN

Verb: *to ride before; to intercept.*

FORRIDEL

Noun: *messenger; forerunner, outrider, harbinger.*

FORROTEDNES

Noun: *corruption, rottenness.*

FORROTIAN

Verb: *to decay, rot, putrefy.*

FORSACAN

Verb: *to object to, oppose; to refuse, reject; to deny; to give up, renounce; to forsake.*

FORSACENNES

Noun: *denial.*

FORSACUNG

Noun: *denial.*

FORSÆTIAN

Verb: *to take by surprise; to surround; to beset; to catch by lying in ambush.*

FORSCAMIAN

Verb: *to be or make ashamed.*

FORSCAMUNG

Noun: *modesty, shame.*

FORSCAPUNG

Noun: *mishap, mischance, calamity, destruction.*

FORSCĒADAN

Verb: *to disperse, scatter; to condemn, damn.*

FORSCEAP

Noun: *fault, evil deed, crime.*

FORSCENDING

Noun: *confusion.*

FORSCEORFAN

Verb: *to bite, gnaw, eat up.*

FORSCĒOTAN

Verb: *to anticipate, come before, shoot before, prevent, forestall; to advance money.*

FORSCETA

Noun: *flood-gate, sluice.*

FORSCIEPPAN

Verb: *to change, transform, deform.*

FORSCIP

Noun: *prow.*

FORSCIRED

Noun: *the dead.*

FORSCIRIAN

Verb: *to separate, set apart.*

FORSCRENCAN

Verb: *to oppress, cast down; to supplant; to overcome, vanquish; to dry up.*

FORSCRENCEDNES

Noun: *supplanting, deceit.*

FORSCRENCEND

Noun: *supplanter.*

FORSCRĪFAN

Verb: *to decree; to condemn, doom, proscribe; to blunt a weapon; to bewitch.*

FORSCRĪHAN

Verb: *to resign, give up, abdicate.*

FORSCRINCAN

Verb: *to dry up, wither away; to shrink up, dwindle away.*

FORSCŪFAN

Verb: *to drive away, drive to destruction; to cast down.*

FORSCYLDIG

Adjective: *very guilty, wicked, infamous, flagitious.*

FORSCYLDIGIAN

Verb: *to make guilty, criminate, condemn.*

FORSCYRIAN

Verb: *to separate.*

FORSCYTLIC

Adjective: *that may be shut or bolted.*

FORSCYTTAN

Verb: *to prevent, shoot before; to discharge; to obviate, exclude; to pay off; to shut to, bolt.*

FORSĒARIAN

Verb: *to dry up, wither, sear.*

FORSĒCAN

1. Verb: *to afflict, attack; to punish.*

2. See *foreseēcan* (2).

FORSECGAN

Verb: *to say against, accuse; to pretend, slander; to speak about, discourse on.*

FORSELLAN

Verb: *to sell; to lose, give up; to sacrifice.*

FORSENCAN

Verb: *to drop, let fall; to reject.*

FORSENDAN

Verb: *to send away, banish, exile; to send to destruction, destroy.*

FORSĒON

Verb: *to renounce, reject, despise, scorn; to be ashamed of; to refrain from; to overlook.*

FORSĒOÐAN

Verb: *to wither; to consume by affliction, boil away.*

FORSETNIAN

Verb: *to besiege, beset.*

FORSETTAN

1. Verb: *to obstruct, block, stop up; to hedge in; to oppress, repress.*

2. See *foresettan*.

FORSEWEN

1. Noun: *contempt*.

2. Adjective: *despised, abject.*

FORSEWENLIC

Adjective: *despicable, contemptible, abject, ignominious.*

FORSEWENLĪCE

Adverb: *contemptibly, ignominiously.*

FORSEWENNES

Noun: *despising, contempt; dishonour*.

FORSEWESTRE

Noun: *female despiser*.

FORSITTAN

Verb: *to delay, defer; to obstruct, block; to injure, neglect; to besiege; to fail; to diminish.*

FORSĪÐ

1. Noun: *going forth, decease.*

2. See *forðsīð.*

FORSĪÐIAN

Verb: *to go forth, depart; to perish, die.*

FORSLÆWAN

Verb: *to be slow or unwilling; to lose by sloth, neglect through laziness; to delay, put off.*

FORSLĒAN

Verb: *to break, cut through; to strike with violence, smite; to kill, slay, destroy, lay waste; to condemn.*

FORSLEGENLIC

Adjective: *shameful, mean, ignominious.*

FORSLIET

Noun: *massacre, slaughter.*

FORSLĪTAN

Verb: *to consume, devour; to tear with the teeth.*

FORSMORIAN

Verb: *to suffocate, stifle; to smother, choke.*

FŌRSORGED

Adjective: *made very sad, grieved, sorrowful.*

FORSORGIAN

Verb: *to be too anxious; to despond.*

FORSŌÐ

Adverb: *indeed, truly, verily, certainly.*

FORSPANAN

Verb: *to mislead, seduce, entice, lure to evil, lead astray.*

FORSPANCG

Noun: *enticement, allurement.*

FORSPANEND

Noun: *seducer.*

FORSPANING

Noun: *enticement, allurement.*

FORSPĒDIAN

Verb: *to speed forward, prosper.*

FORSPENDAN

Verb: *to spend, consume, squander; to give out, spend entirely.*

FORSPENNAN

Verb: *to seduce, entice, allure.*

FORSPENNEND

Noun: *procurer; whoremonger.*

FORSPENNENDE

Adjective: *seductive, voluptuous, defiling.*

FORSPENNENDLIC

Adjective: *seductive, enticing, alluring, defiling; voluptuous.*

FORSPENNESTRE

Noun: *procuress; whoremonger.*

FORSPENNING

Noun: *seduction, enticement, evil attraction.*

FORSPILD

Noun: *destruction.*

FORSPILDAN

Verb: *to lose, ruin, bring to nothing, waste, destroy, kill; to disperse.*

FORSPILLEDNES

Noun: *perdition, waste, destruction; spilling.*

FORSPILLIAN

Verb: *to lose, waste, destroy; to disperse, spill; to wanton.*

FORSPRECAN

Verb: *to speak in vain or negatively; to denounce, state amiss; to deny; to lose (a case).*

FORSPYRCAN

Verb: *to dry out; to empty.*

FORST

Noun: *intense cold, frost, hoar-frost, rime.*

FORSTALIAN

Verb: *to steal away.*

FORSTANDAN

Verb: *to help, aid, protect, defend; to resist, withstand, oppose; to prevent, hinder; to benefit, avail; to understand, signify, be equal to; to stand up for.*

FORSTELAN

Verb: *to deprive, steal, rob.*

FORSTIG

Adjective: *frosty.*

FORSTLIC

Adjective: *frozen, glacial.*

FORSTOPPIAN

Verb: *to close, stop up.*

FORSTRANG

Adjective: *very strong, full strong; very severe or overwhelming.*

FORSTREGDAN

Verb: *to destroy.*

FORSTROGDNES

Noun: *dispersion.*

FORSTYLTAN

Verb: *to be amazed, be overcome with astonishment.*

FORSTYNTAN

Verb: *to break, crush, knock, impair; to blunt; to check.*

FORSŪCAN

Verb: *to suck up or in.*

FORSUNCEN

Adjective: *faded out (of the written page).*

FORSUWUNG

Noun: *silence.*

FORSWÆLAN

Verb: *to burn, burn up, inflame, scorch, consume; to injure or destroy with heat.*

FORSWĀPAN

Verb: *to sweep away, drive off.*

FORSWARUNG

Noun: *perjury.*

FORSWEFIAN

1. Verb: *to prosper; to prevail, profit, to perish, kill.*

2. See *forspēdian*.

FORSWELAN

Verb: *to burn up, kindle.*

FORSWELGAN

Verb: *to swallow up, consume, devour; to absorb.*

FORSWELGEND

Noun: *devourer.*

FORSWELTAN

Verb: *to disappear, perish, die.*

FORSWEORCAN

Verb: *to be very dark, grow dark or obscure; to darken, obscure.*

FORSWEORFAN

Verb: *to cleanse, polish; to demolish, destroy, wipe out, grind away.*

FORSWEOTOLE

Adverb: *very plainly, very clearly.*

FORSWERIAN

Verb: *to swear falsely, perjure.*

FORSWIGIAN

Verb: *to keep silent; to conceal by silence; to pass over, suppress.*

FORSWĪÐ

Adjective: *very great, very strong.*

FORSWĪÐAN

Verb: *to overcome, conquer; to surpass, excel; to press upon, crush; to repress; to drive away, force away.*

FORSWĪÐE

Adverb: *very much; utterly; very strong; vehemently.*

FORSWORCENLIC

Adjective: *dark, obscure.*

FORSWORCENNES

Noun: *darkness, obscurity.*

FORSWOREN

Adjective: *perjured, forsworn.*

FORSWORENNES

Noun: *false swearing, perjury.*

FORSYNGIAN

Verb: *to sin greatly.*

FORTENDAN

Verb: *to burn off or away, sear.*

FORTENDE

Noun: *the seared ones, Amazons.*

FORTĒON

Verb: *to mislead, seduce, draw over, lead astray; to cover over, obscure; to draw away; to gripe.*

FORTIMBRAN

Verb: *to build before or in front of, obstruct, close up, stop up.*

FORTĪN

Noun: *portent.*

FORTOG

Noun: *gripes, colic.*

FORTOGEN

Adjective: *tugged or drawn together; griped.*

FORTOGENES

Noun: *spasm, convulsion, cramp, tugging, griping.*

FORTOGIAN

Verb: *to contract.*

FORTREDAN

Verb: *to tread down or upon, tread under foot, trample on.*

FORTREDDAN

Verb: *to tread down, destroy by treading.*

FORTREDING

Noun: *treading down, crushing.*

FORTRENDAN

Verb: *to stop an opening, obstruct by rolling.*

FORTRŪWIAN

Verb: *to presume, be presumptuous, be over confident or rash.*

FORTRŪWODNES

Noun: *arrogance, presumption, over-confidence, precipitancy.*

FORTRŪWUNG

Noun: *presumption, over-confidence.*

FORTRYMMAN

Verb: *to confirm; to testify.*

FORTYHTAN

Verb: *to seduce, lead astray; to draw away.*

FORTYHTIGEND

Noun: *unchaste person; defiler, polluter; seducer.*

FORTYLLAN

Verb: *to draw off from the object, seduce.*

FORTŸNAN

Verb: *to enclose, shut in; to prevent passage, block up.*

FORÐ-

Affix: *in verbal quasi-compounds, mainly element-by-element glosses of Latin verbs in pro-, where forþ may be taken as either adverb or prefix.*

FORÐ

1. Adverb: *forth, forwards, onwards, further; still; hence, henceforth, thenceforward; simultaneously, continually, continuously.*

2. Adposition: *during, forth; out of.*

3. Adjective: *superior, far, great, foremost.*

FORÐĀCĪGAN

Verb: *to call forth.*

FORÐĀDĪLGIAN

Verb: *to blot out, bring to nothing.*

FORÐÆM

1. Adverb: *for that cause, therefore, consequently.*

2. Conjunction: *for that, for that reason, because, owing to; therefore, seeing that; on that account.*

FORÐAGĀN

Adjective: *passed, gone forth.*

FORÐĀGĀN

Verb: *to pass away.*

FORÐĀGOTEN

Adjective: *poured forth, profuse.*

FORÐAHTING

Noun: *exhortation.*

FORÐĀLOTEN

Adjective: *prone.*

FORÐANCFUL

Adjective: *very thankful.*

FORÐASCŪFAN

Verb: *to shove forth, drive forward.*

FORÐASETTAN

Verb: *to set forth; to make, appoint.*

FORÐĀTĒON

Verb: *to produce, bring forth, draw forth.*

FORÐĀTŸDRED

Adjective: *propagated.*

FORÐĀURNEN

Adjective: *elapsed, run forth.*

FORÐBÆRE

Adjective: *productive.*

FORÐBÆRO

Noun: *production, bringing forth; productivity.*

FORÐBECUMAN

Verb: *to proceed, come forth.*

FORÐBERAN

Verb: *to produce, bring forth, bear or carry forth.*

FORÐBERSTAN

Verb: *to burst or break forth.*

FORÐBESĒON

Verb: *to look forth, look out.*

FORÐBI

Adposition: *by, past.*

FORÐBIGFĒRENDE

Adjective: *passing-by.*

FORÐBLÆSTAN

Verb: *to blow forth, putt out, burst out.*

FORÐBLĀWAN

Verb: *to blow forth, belch out.*

FORÐBOREN

Adjective: *of noble birth.*

FORÐBRENGAN

Verb: *to produce, bring forth; to accomplish, fulfil; to adduce quote.*

FORÐBYLDING

Noun: *encouragement, incitement, instigation, emboldening.*

FORÐCLIPUNG

Noun: *appeal, calling forth, provoking.*

FORÐCLYPIAN

Verb: *to call forth, provoke.*

FORÐCUMAN

1. Verb: *to succeed; to come to pass, come true; to be born.*

2. Verb: *to proceed; to arrive at.*

FORÐCYME

Noun: *birth, egress.*

FORÐCŸÐAN

Verb: *to declare, announce, pronounce.*

FORÐDÆD

Noun: *advantage, profit.*

FORÐDŌN

Verb: *to put forth.*

FORÐEAHTUNG

Noun: *encouraging, exhortation.*

FORÐEARLE

Adverb: *very much, greatly; strictly.*

FORÐEARLĪCE

Adverb: *absolutely, entirely; very sternly or severely.*

FORÐECCAN

Verb: *to protect, shield.*

FORÐECGAN

Verb: *to consume (of thirst).*

FORÐEGIDE

Adjective: *consumed.*

FORÐENCAN

1. Verb: *to despair; to despise; to mistrust.*

2. See *foreðencan.*

FORÐĒOFIAN

Verb: *to steal, thieve.*

FORÐĒON

1. Verb: *to oppress, crush.*

2. See *foreðēon.*

FORÐĒOSTRIAN

Verb: *to darken; to be dark.*

FORÐERSCAN

Verb: *to beat down.*

FORÐFÆDER

Noun: *ancestor, great-great-ancestor, great-great-grandfather; pl. fathers, forefathers.*

FORÐFÆDEREN

1. Adjective: *paternal.*

2. Noun: *paternal nature.*

FORÐFARAN

Verb: *to go forth, depart, die.*

FORÐFARU

Noun: *going forth, departure, death.*

FORÐFĒRAN

See *(ge)forðfēran.*

FORÐFĒREDNES

Noun: *going forth, departure, death.*

FORÐFĒRING

Noun: *going forth, deceasing, dying, death.*

FORÐFLĒOGAN

Verb: *to fly forth.*

FORÐFLŌWAN

Verb: *to flow forth.*

FORÐFOLGIAN

Verb: *to follow.*

FORÐFŌR

Noun: *going forth, departure, death.*

FORÐFORLÆTENES

Noun: *free permission, license; fault.*

FORÐFRAMIAN

Verb: *to grow up; to make progress, thrive.*

FORÐFROMUNG

Noun: *going forth or away, departure.*

FORÐFYLIGAN

Verb: *to follow; to fall out; to happen.*

FORÐGĀN

Verb: *to go forth, proceed, advance, go on; to go or pass by, precede; to succeed.*

FORÐGANG

Noun: *going forth, progress, advance; success; passage, drain, privy; evacuation, purging.*

FORÐGANGAN

Verb: *to go forth, proceed; to go before, precede.*

FORÐGEBRENGAN

Verb: *to bring forth or forward; to make known.*

FORÐGECĪGAN

Verb: *to call forth, exhort.*

FORÐGECLIPIAN

Verb: *to call forth, incite, provoke.*

FORÐGEFARAN

Verb: *to go forth, depart, die; to go by, pass.*

FORÐGEFAREN

Adjective: *departed, deceased.*

FORÐGEFĒRAN

See *(ge)forðgefēran.*

FORÐGEFREMMAN

Verb: *to move forwards; to cause to advance.*

FORÐGEGYRD

Noun: *ornament on the martingale of a horse.*

FORÐGEGYRDU

Noun: *ornaments of forðgyrd.*

FORÐGELÆDAN

Verb: *to lead or bring forth, produce; to cause to grow; to conduct.*

FORÐGELANG

Adjective: *dependent.*

FORÐGELĒORAN

Verb: *to pass forth or away, depart, die.*

FORÐGELĒOREDNES

Noun: *departure, decease, death.*

FORÐGELŌCIAN

Verb: *to look forth.*

FORÐGENGE

Adjective: *progressing, flourishing, increasing; effective, thriving, successful.*

FORÐGEORN

Adjective: *impetuous, eager to advance, desirous to go forth.*

FORÐGĒOTAN

Verb: *to pour forth.*

FORÐGERĪMED

Adjective: *in unbroken succession.*

FORÐGESCEAFT

Adjective: *created being or thing, creature; creation, world; future destiny.*

FORÐGESĒON

Verb: *to see forth, onward, or in front.*

FORÐGESTAPAN

Verb: *to step forth, onward or in front.*

FORÐGESTĪGAN

Verb: *to go forth or forwards, advance; to ascend.*

FORÐGESTRANGIAN

Verb: *to make very strong, strengthen much.*

FORÐGESŸNE

Adjective: *visible, conspicuous.*

FORÐGEWENDAN

Verb: *to go or turn out.*

FORÐGEWĪTAN

1. Verb: *to depart, die.*

2. Verb: *to go forth, proceed, depart, die; to go by, pass.*

FORÐGEWITEN

Adjective: *past.*

FORÐGEWITENES

Noun: *going forth, departure.*

FORÐGYRD

Noun: *fore-girdle, martingale.*

FORÐHEALD

Adjective: *bent forward, inclined downwards, stooping; inclined, sloping, steep.*

FORÐHEALDAN

Verb: *to maintain, hold to, follow out, keep up; to observe.*

FORÐHEBBAN

Verb: *to advance, further, carry sth forwards.*

FORÐHERGE

Noun: *host that marches forth, van (of an army).*

FORÐHLĪFIAN

Verb: *to appear; to stand out, be prominent.*

FORÐHNĪGAN

Verb: *to fall down, fall forward.*

FORÐHRĒOSAN

Verb: *to rush forth.*

FORÐIAN

See *(ge)forðian.*

FORÐINDAN

Verb: *to swell up.*

FORÐINGIAN

Verb: *to intercede, arrange or plead for anyone.*

FORÐLÆDNES

Noun: *bringing forth, production.*

FORÐLÆSTAN

Verb: *to accomplish, fulfil; to persevere, follow out.*

FORÐLÆTAN

Verb: *to let or send forth, emit.*

FORÐLĒORAN

Verb: *to go forth, proceed.*

FORÐLIC

Adjective: *forward, advanced; thoroughly.*

FORÐLĪCE

Adverb: *in a state of forwardness.*

FORÐLŌCIAN

Verb: *to look forth.*

FORÐLŪTAN

1. Verb: *to be prone (to).*

2. Verb: *to fall or lean forwards, fall down.*

FORÐMÆRE

Adjective: *very great, very glorious.*

FORÐMAN

Noun: *one very rich or wealthy, man of rank.*

FORÐMID

Adverb: *at the same time.*

FORÐOLIAN

Verb: *to be deprived of, lack, want; to go without.*

FORÐON

1. Adverb: *at first, forthwith; indeed, also.*

2. See *forðæm* (1).

3. See *forðæm* (2).

FORÐONETTAN

Verb: *to hasten forth.*

FORÐONLOTEN

Adjective: *fallen forwards, prostrate.*

FORÐRÆCAN

Verb: *to protrude.*

FORÐRÆSAN

1. Verb: *to jut out, protrude.*

2. Verb: *to rush forth; to rise up, spring up.*

FORÐRÆSTAN

Verb: *to break, bruise, crush, destroy; to afflict, oppress; to suppress, stifle; to strangle, choke.*

FORÐRÆSTED

Adjective: *contrite.*

FORÐRÆSTEDNES

Noun: *breaking into pieces, crushing; tribulation.*

FORÐRIHT

Adjective: *direct, straight forward, plain, without variation or modification.*

FORÐRIHTE

Adverb: *straightaway, at once; directly, simply, plainly, without modification or qualification, unmistakeably; straight on.*

FORÐRIHTES

Adverb: *straight on, without a break.*

FORÐRINGAN

Verb: *to protect or snatch from any one, defend against, rescue from; to displace, thrust aside, elbow out, drive out at.*

FORÐROCCETTAN

1. Verb: *to utter, proclaim.*

2. Verb: *to belch forth.*

FORÐRYCCAN

Verb: *to press, squeeze, crush, tread under; to oppress, supress, overwhelm.*

FORÐRYCCEDNES

Noun: *pressing, oppression, distress, anxiety.*

FORÐRYCNES

Noun: *oppression, extortion, tribulation.*

FORÐRYNE

Noun: *onward course.*

FORÐRYSMAN

Verb: *to suffocate, strangle, choke; to becloud.*

FORÐRYSMED

Adjective: *obscured.*

FORÐSACAN

Verb: *to pass away.*

FORÐSCENCAN

Verb: *to give to drink.*

FORÐSCRĪÐAN

1. Verb: *to depart.*

2. Verb: *to go forth, pass on.*

FORÐSCYPE

Noun: *going forth, progress, growth.*

FORÐSECGAN

Verb: *to announce, proclaim.*

FORÐSENCAN

Verb: *to pour forth, give to drink.*

FORÐSENDAN

Verb: *to send forth.*

FORÐSETENNES

Noun: *loaves of offering, showbread.*

FORÐSIGE

Noun: *departure from this world to the lower regions.*

FORÐSĪÐ

Noun: *going away, departure, death; decease.*

FORÐSNOTER

Adjective: *very wise.*

FORÐSPELL

Noun: *saying, declaration, intimation.*

FORÐSPŌWNES

Noun: *growth, prosperity.*

FORÐSTÆPE

Noun: *advance, progress.*

FORÐSTÆPPAN

Verb: *to go or step forth, proceed; to pass by.*

FORÐSTÆPPING

Noun: *proceeding, process; advance.*

FORÐSTEALLIAN

Verb: *to come to pass.*

FORÐSTEFN

Noun: *prow.*

FORÐSWEBUNG

Noun: *storm; killing.*

FORÐSYLLAN

Verb: *to give out, pay out.*

FORÐTĒON

Verb: *to bring or draw forth; to discover; to betray, make known; to render up.*

FORÐTĪGE

Noun: *entrance, porch, vestibule.*

FORÐTIHTAN

Verb: *to persuade.*

FORÐTILIAN

Verb: *to go on striving.*

FORÐÐEGN

Noun: *chief noble.*

FORÐÐĒON

Verb: *to profit.*

FORÐUNDEN

Adjective: *swollen up.*

FORÐUNG

Noun: *forwarding, furtherance, promotion*.

FORÐWEARD

1. Adjective: *inclined forwards or towards; advanced, progressing, growing; ready; enduring; continual, carried on, everlasting; future.*

2. Noun: *forward guard, pilot.*

3. Adverb: *forwards, onwards, from now on; continually; prospectively.*

FORÐWEARDES

Adverb: *forwards, on.*

FORÐWEARDNES

Noun: *progress, growth in excellence.*

FORÐWEAXAN

Verb: *to grow or break forth, burst forth.*

FORÐWECGAN

Verb: *to press forward.*

FORÐWEG

Noun: *going forth, journey, departure.*

FORÐWEGAN

Verb: *to advance, further, carry sth forwards.*

FORÐWĪF

Noun: *woman of rank, great lady; matron.*

FORÐWĪSIAN

Verb: *to direct, guide forth.*

FORÐWYRFT

Adjective: *tortured, mutilated.*

FORÐWYRFTAN

Verb: *to cut off, cut down.*

FORÐȲ

1. Adverb: *for that, therefore, consequently; wherefore.*

2. Conjunction: *for, for that, because, therefore.*

FORÐYLDEGUNG

Noun: *tolerance.*

FORÐYLDIAN

Verb: *to bear, support, sustain; to suffer, endure, be patient, wait patiently.*

FORÐYLMAN

Verb: *to enclose, encompass, shut in; to cover over, obscure; to suffocate, choke; to consume.*

FORÐYPPAN

Verb: *to declare, make known, publish.*

FORÐYRNAN

Verb: *to precede, run before; to continue.*

FORÐYRRIAN

Verb: *to dry up.*

FORŪTAN

1. Adverb: *except, without.*

2. Adposition: *without, except.*

FORŪTON

1. See *forūtan* (1).

2. Conjunction: *without, except; besides.*

3. See *forūtan* (2).

FORWANA

Noun: *abundance.*

FORWANDIAN

Verb: *to hesitate, be confounded, be reluctant; to be ashamed; to be afraid; to reverence, have in honour.*

FORWANDUNG

Noun: *shame, shyness; dishonour.*

FORWEALLAN

Verb: *to boil away.*

FORWEALLEN

Adjective: *thoroughly boiled.*

FORWEARD

1. Noun: *beginning, heading, title, chapter; front.*
2. Adverb: *continually, onwards, always.*
3. See *foreweard* (3).
4. See *foreweard* (4).

FORWEARDMERCUNG

Noun: *heading.*

FORWEAXAN

Verb: *to progress, overgrow, swell; to be overgrown.*

FORWEDDIAN

Verb: *to pledge sth.(of property or money).*

FORWEDDOD

Adjective: *pledged.*

FORWEGAN

Verb: *to kill.*

FORWEL

Adverb: *very, very well.*

FORWEMMAN

Verb: *to defile.*

FORWĒNAN

Verb: *to suspect, think ill of; to think to highly of.*

FORWENED

Adjective: *accustomed to bad habits, spoiled, insolent.*

FORWĒNED

Adjective: *suspected, apprehended with mistrust or anxiety.*

FORWENEDNES

Noun: *presumption, arrogance, insolence.*

FORWEOREN

Adjective: *very old, worn out with age, decrepit; withered away.*

FORWEORNIAN

Verb: *to dry up, wither; to grow old; to decay, fade, rot.*

FORWEORPAN

Verb: *to throw, cast, cast away, reject, drive off; to squander.*

FORWEORPNES

Noun: *migration, ejection, expulsion.*

FORWEORÐAN

Verb: *to vanish; to become nothing, perish, pass away, die; to deteriorate, sicken.*

FORWEORÐFULLIC

Adjective: *very worthy, excellent.*

FORWEOSAN

Verb: *to waste away.*

FŌRWERNEDLĪCE

Adverb: *hardly, very grievously.*

FORWEROD

Adjective: *very old, worn out.*

FORWERODNES

Noun: *old age.*

FORWIERNAN

Verb: *to oppose, hinder, prohibit; to prevent, keep from, restrain; to refuse, deny; to repel, repudiate; to withhold.*

FORWIERNEDNES

Noun: *restraining, continence; forbidding.*

FORWIRNEDLĪCE

Adverb: *with restraint, abstemiously, continently.*

FORWISNIAN

Verb: *to dry up, wither away; to decay, fade, pine, rot.*

FORWITOLNES

Noun: *intelligence, foreknowledge; diligence, industry.*

FORWLENCAN

Verb: *to make very proud, fill with pride, exalt; to puff up.*

FORWORD

1. Noun: *iota.*

2. See *foreword*.

FORWORDENES

Noun: *failure, coming to nothing, perishing, ruin, destruction.*

FORWORDENLIC

Adjective: *perishable, damnable; perishing.*

FORWOREN

Adjective: *decayed, decrepit; tottering.*

FORWOST

Noun: *chief, captain, prince.*

FORWRACNED

Adjective: *banished.*

FORWRACNIAN

Verb: *to be an exile.*

FORWRECAN

Verb: *to carry away, drive out or forth, banish, expel.*

FORWRĒGAN

Verb: *to accuse; to calumniate.*

FORWRĒON

Verb: *to cover over.*

FORWRĪTAN

Verb: *to cut in two; to proscribe, banish.*

FORWRĪÐAN

Verb: *to bind up, stanch.*

FORWUNDIAN

Verb: *to wound badly, ulcerate.*

FORWUNDORLIC

Adjective: *very wonderful.*

FORWUNDORLĪCE

Adverb: *very wonderfully.*

FORWYNSUMIAN

Verb: *to enjoy thoroughly.*

FORWYRCAN

1. Verb: *to do wrong, miswork, sin; to undo, ruin, destroy; to condemn, convict; to curse; to forfeit.*

2. Verb: *to obstruct, barricade, close up.*

FORWYRD

Noun: *loss, perdition, fall, damage, ruin, destruction, death.*

FORWYRDAN

Verb: *to corrupt, destroy.*

FORWYRDENDLIC

Adjective: *perishable.*

FORWYRHT

Noun: *sin, misdeed, evil doing, crime; ruin, destruction.*

FORWYRHTA

Noun: *agent, deputy, vicegerent; evil doer, malefactor; ruined person.*

FORWYRPNES

Noun: *casting out, rejection.*

FORYLDU

Noun: *great age, old age.*

FORYRMAN

Verb: *to afflict greatly, harass; to bring low, reduce to poverty.*

FOSS

Noun: *ditch.*

FOSTERE

Noun: *spade.*

FŌSTOR

Noun: *sustenance, maintenance, food, nourishment, provisions.*

FŌSTORBEARN

Noun: *foster-child.*

FŌSTORBRŌÐOR

Noun: *foster-brother.*

FŌSTORCILD

Noun: *foster-child.*

FŌSTORFÆDER

Noun: *foster-father; nourisher, bringer up.*

FŌSTORLAND

Noun: *land assigned for the procuring of provisions, land granted for the support of monks.*

FŌSTORLĒAN

Noun: *payment for maintenance.*

FŌSTORLING

Noun: *nursling, pupil, foster-child.*

FŌSTORMANN

Noun: *surety, bondsman.*

FŌSTORMŌDOR

Noun: *foster-mother; nurse.*

FŌSTORNŌÐ

Noun: *pasture; sustenance.*

FŌSTORSWEOSTOR

Noun: *foster-sister.*

FŌSTRAÐ

Noun: *food, manna.*

FŌSTRE

Noun: *fosterer, nurse.*

FŌSTRIAN

Verb: *to foster, nourish.*

FŌSTRING

Noun: *fosterchild; disciple.*

FŌT

Noun: *foot (as limb and as measure).*

FŌTĀDL

Noun: *foot disease, the gout.*

FŌTĀDLIG

Adjective: *having the foot diseased, gouty.*

FŌTBRED

Noun: *foot-board, stirrup.*

FŌTCOPSIAN

See *(ge)fōtcopsian.*

FŌTCOSP

Noun: *foot-fetter.*

FŌTCOÐU

Noun: *foot-disease, gout.*

FŌTCYPSED

Adjective: *fettered.*

FŌTECE

Noun: *foot-ache, gout.*

FŌTFETER

Noun: *fetter for the feet.*

FŌTGANGENDE

Adjective: *going on foot, foot (soldiers).*

FŌTGEMEARC

Noun: *length of a foot, space of a food.*

FŌTGEMET

Noun: *foot-measure; foot-band, fetter.*

FŌTGESWELL

Noun: *swelling of the foot.*

FŌTGEWÆDE

Noun: *covering for the feet.*

FŌTLÆSTLĒAS

Adjective: *soleless.*

FŌTLĀST

Noun: *footprint, foot-step, foot-trace.*

FŌTLIC

Adjective: *on foot, pedestrian; low in style.*

FŌTMÆL

Noun: *foot measure; foot mark or print.*

FŌTMÆLUM

Adverb: *step by step, by degrees.*

FŌTRĀP

Noun: *rope of a ship which fastens the sail.*

FŌTSCEAMOL

Noun: *footstool.*

FŌTSCEANCA

Noun: *foreleg, shank.*

FŌTSETL

Noun: *footstool.*

FŌTSETLA

Noun: *inferior member of a company, one who sits on a footstool.*

FŌTSĪD

Adjective: *reaching to the feet (of a garment).*

FŌTSĪÐGERIF

Noun: *taking away or stoppage of a foot-path.*

FŌTSĪÐSTICEL

Noun: *cloak, mantle.*

FŌTSPOR

Noun: *footprint, foot-track, foot-trace, spoor.*

FŌTSPURE

Noun: *foot-support, foot-rest.*

FŌTSTĀN

Noun: *base, pedestal.*

FŌTSTAPOL

Noun: *footstep.*

FŌTSWÆÐ

Noun: *footprint, foot-trace.*

FŌTSWAÐU

Noun: *footprint, footstep; foot.*

FŌTSWYLE

Noun: *swelling of the foot.*

FŌTÐWĒAL

Noun: *washing of the feet.*

FŌTWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the foot, gout.*

FŌTWELM

Noun: *sole of the foot; instep.*

FŌÐOR

Noun: *food, fodder, nutriment; case, basket; load, cartload, waggon-load.*

FŌÐORN

Noun: *fothorn, surgeon's instrument.*

FOX

Noun: *fox.*

FOXESCLĀTE

Noun: *burdock.*

FOXESCLĪFE

Noun: *greater burdock.*

FOXESFŌT

Noun: *water plant, fox foot, bur reed.*

FOXESGLŌFA

Noun: *foxglove.*

FOXHOL

Noun: *fox-hole, fox's earth.*

FOXHYLL

Noun: *fox-hill.*

FOXUNG

Noun: *craftiness, foxlike trick.*

FRACOÐ

1. Adjective: *bad, vile, wicked, impious, criminal; filthy, abominable, hateful; useless, worthless.*

2. Noun: *insult, contumely; disgrace; infamy, wickedness.*

FRACOÐDÆD

Noun: *misdeed.*

FRACOÐE

Adverb: *shamefully.*

FRACOÐLIC

Adjective: *shameful, base, ignominious, lewd; foul, filthy.*

FRACOÐLĪCE

Adverb: *shamefully, disgracefully; wickedly.*

FRACOÐLICNES

Noun: *vileness, coarseness, obscenity.*

FRACOÐNES

Noun: *vileness; coarseness, obscenity.*

FRACOÐSCIPE

Noun: *shameful or scandalous conduct.*

FRACOÐU

Noun: *infamy, wickedness.*

FRACOÐWORD

Noun: *abusive or insulting word, bad language.*

FRACU

Noun: *impudence, wickedness.*

FRÆFEL

1. Noun: *cunning, craft.*

2. Adjective: *cunning, crafty; wanton.*

FRÆFELE

Adjective: *saucy.*

FRÆFELIAN

Verb: *to be cunning.*

FRÆFELLĪCE

Adverb: *cunningly, craftily, astutely; shamelessly, wantonly; carefully, solicitously.*

FRÆFELNES

Noun: *cunning, craftiness, sharpness, shrewdness.*

FRÆGNING

Noun: *asking, questioning, enquiry.*

FRÆPGIAN

See *(ge)fræpgian.*

FRĀET

Adjective: *proud, obstinate; shameful, perverse, foul; wanton.*

FRÆTENES

Noun: *ornament.*

FRĀETGENGA

Noun: *fugitive, apostate.*

FRĀETIG

Adjective: *proud; wicked, perverse.*

FRÆTLÆPPA

Noun: *dew-lap.*

FRÆTWA

Noun: *ornaments, adornments, decorations, treasures; trappings armour.*

FRÆTWAN

See *(ge)frætwan.*

FRÆTWEDNES

Noun: *decoration, ornament, adorning; trifle.*

FRÆTWUNG

See *(ge)frætwung.*

FRAM-

Affix: *in verbal quasi-compounds, either element-by-element or partial loan-translation glosses of Latin verbs in a-, ab(s)-, de-, dis-, ex-, and re-, where fram may be taken as either adverb or prefix.*

FRAM

1. Adposition: *from, by; of, about, concerning; since; as a result of.*

2. Adverb: *from; forth, out, away.*

3. Adjective: *active, quick, rapid, prompt, vigorous, strenuous; firm, bold, valiant, strong; rich, abundant; excellent.*

FRAMĀCYRRAN

Verb: *to turn from or away; to take from.*

FRAMĀDŌN

Verb: *to do or take from or away; to cut off.*

FRAMĀDRĪFAN

Verb: *to drive away, remove, expel; to send away, drive out.*

FRAMĀDRŸFAN

Verb: *to drive from or away, expel.*

FRAMĀHYLDAN

Verb: *to turn from or away.*

FRAMĀNŸDAN

Verb: *to drive away, force away.*

FRAMĀSCÆCAN

Verb: *to shake off.*

FRAMĀSCŪFAN

Verb: *to drive away.*

FRAMĀSTYRIAN

Verb: *to remove.*

FRAMĀTĒON

Verb: *to draw away from.*

FRAMĀTERAN

Verb: *to tear in pieces, snatch away.*

FRAMĀWENDAN

Verb: *to turn from or away.*

FRAMĀWEORPAN

Verb: *to throw away, cast from or away.*

FRAMBIGE

Noun: *backsliding, default, apostasy.*

FRAMBRINGAN

Verb: *to take or bring from or away.*

FRAMBŪGAN

Verb: *to turn from or away, leave.*

FRAMCUMAN

Verb: *to descend, derive from; to be rejected, condemned.*

FRAMCYME

Noun: *issue, posterity; race, progeny.*

FRAMCYNN

Noun: *origin, ancestry; offspring, progeny; issue, posterity.*

FRAMCYRRAN

Verb: *to turn from, avert; take from.*

FRAMDŌN

Verb: *to put off, stop, interrupt.*

FRAMEALD

Adjective: *very old, ancient.*

FRAMFÆR

Noun: *going away, departure.*

FRAMFÆRELD

Noun: *departure.*

FRAMFARU

Noun: *excess.*

FRAMFLĒON

Verb: *to flee from.*

FRAMFUNDUNG

Noun: *going away, departure.*

FRAMGEWĪTAN

Verb: *to go away from, depart from; to apostatize.*

FRAMIAN

Verb: *to do good, avail, benefit, profit.*

FRAMIERNING

Noun: *outflowing.*

FRAMIGENDLIC

Adjective: *effective, beneficial, profitable.*

FRAMLĀD

Noun: *departure, retreat.*

FRAMLĒCE

Adjective: *turned from.*

FRAMLIC

Adjective: *strong, stout; daring, bold.*

FRAMLĪCE

Adverb: *quickly, speedily, promptly; strenuously; boldly, strongly, stoutly; firmly.*

FRAMLŌCIAN

Verb: *to look from or away, look back.*

FRAMNES

Noun: *strength; vigour, excellence.*

FRAMRINC

Noun: *chief, prince.*

FRAMSCIPE

Noun: *action, proceeding, exercise; energy, vigour; progress, advancement, success; fraternity.*

FRAMSĪÐ

Noun: *going from or away, departure; absence on a journey.*

FRAMSĪÐIAN

Verb: *to go from or away, depart.*

FRAMSLITNES

Noun: *desolation.*

FRAMSTANDAN

Verb: *to stand away from, stand aloof.*

FRAMSWENGAN

Verb: *to shake from or away, shake off, swing away.*

FRAMWEARD

Adjective: *about to depart, departing, doomed to die; with the face turned away.*

FRAMWEARDES

Adverb: *away from.*

FRAMWESENDE

Adjective: *absent.*

FRANCA

Noun: *lance, javelin.*

FRANCAN

Noun: *the Franks.*

FRANCLAND

Noun: *Frank-land, the country of the Franks.*

FRANCRĪCE

Noun: *kingdom of the Franks.*

FRĀSIAN

See *(ge)frāsian.*

FRĀSUNG

Noun: *asking, question, inquiring; tempting, temptation.*

FRĒA-

Affix: *very, in a greater degree, exceedingly; before.*

FRĒA

1. Noun: *ruler, master, lord, king; husband; the Lord, Christ, God.*

2. See *frēo* (1).

FRĒABEORHT

Adjective: *exceedingly bright, glorious.*

FRĒABODIAN

Verb: *to declare, proclaim.*

FRĒABREGD

Noun: *mighty device.*

FRĒADRĒMAN

Verb: *to shout for joy, rejoice exceedingly, exult.*

FRĒADRIHTEN

Noun: *noble lord or master; the Lord.*

FRĒAFÆTT

Adjective: *very fat.*

FRĒAGLĒAW

Adjective: *very wise or prudent.*

FRĒAHBEORHTIAN

See *(ge)frēahbeorhtian.*

FRĒAHRÆD

Adjective: *very quick, speedy or swift.*

FRĒAMÆRE

Adjective: *very famous, renowned, celebrated or excellent.*

FRĒAMEAHT

Noun: *lordly power.*

FRĒAMICEL

Adjective: *very great, famous, preeminent.*

FRĒAMIHT

Noun: *great strength.*

FRĒAOFESTLĪCE

Adverb: *very quickly, speedily, hastily.*

FRĒARECCERE

Noun: *chief ruler, prince.*

FRĒATORHT

Adjective: *very bright, radiant, brilliant, splendid.*

FRĒAÐANCIAN

Verb: *to rejoice greatly, exult.*

FRĒAWINE

Noun: *noble friend, dear or beloved lord.*

FRĒAWLITIG

Adjective: *very beautiful.*

FRĒAWRĀSN

Noun: *diadem, noble or royal chain.*

FREC

Adjective: *eager; bold, daring, audacious; dangerous; greedy, gluttonous, voracious.*

FRECA

Noun: *bold man, warrior, hero.*

FRĒCELSIAN

Verb: *to endanger, imperil.*

FRĒCELSOD

Adjective: *endangered.*

FRĒCEN

Noun: *danger, peril.*

FRĒCENDLĪCE

Adverb: *dangerously.*

FRĒCENFUL

Adjective: *dangerous, perilous; harmful.*

FRĒCENLIC

Adjective: *dangerous, perilous; mischievous, terrible.*

FRĒCENNES

Noun: *danger, peril, hazard; harm; mischief.*

FRĒCENSPRÆCE

Adjective: *using dangerous or mischievous speech.*

FRECFUL

Adjective: *greedy, gluttonous.*

FRECIAN

Verb: *to be greedy, eat voraciously.*

FRECLĪCE

Adverb: *greedily.*

FRECMĀSE

Noun: *titmouse (bird).*

FRĒCNE

1. Adjective: *dangerous, perilous; savage, wicked, dire, terrible, horrible; daring, bold.*

2. Noun: *peril.*

3. Adverb: *severely, savagely, fiercely, horribly; dangerously, boldly, audaciously; insolently.*

FRECNES

Noun: *greediness, gluttony, voracity.*

FRECNIAN

See *(ge)frecnian.*

FRECU

Noun: *greediness.*

FRECWĀSEND

Noun: *gluttony.*

FRĒFER

Noun: *consolation, soothing.*

FRĒFERGENDE

Adjective: *comforting.*

FRĒFERNES

Noun: *consolation.*

FRĒFRAN

See *(ge)frēfran.*

FRĒFREND

Noun: *comforter, consoler; the Comforter (Holy Ghost).*

FRĒFUNG

Noun: *comfort; comforting, consolation.*

FREGEN

Noun: *question.*

FREGENSYLLIC

Adjective: *very strange; very wonderful.*

FREGNÐEARLE

Adverb: *very much, excessively; inquiringly.*

FREGNUNG

Noun: *questioning.*

FREMDE

Adjective: *strange, foreign, alien, remote from; unfriendly; devoid of.*

FREMDIAN

Verb: *to make indifferent to, estrange, alienate; to deprive of; to excommunicate.*

FREMDNYS

Noun: *strangeness, condition of a foreigner.*

FREME

1. Adjective: *good, vigorous, flourishing; bold, strenuous.*

2. See *fremu.*

FREMEDLÆCAN

Verb: *to alienate, estrange.*

FREMEDLĪCE

Adverb: *perfectly.*

FREMEDNES

See *(ge)fremednes.*

FREMFUL

Adjective: *useful, well-disposed, beneficent, profitable.*

FREMFULLIC

Adjective: *useful, advantageous, beneficial, profitable; well-disposed.*

FREMFULLĪCE

Adverb: *effectually, beneficially.*

FREMFULNES

Noun: *utility, usefulness; profit, beneficence, beneficial operation.*

FREMIAN

See *(ge)fremian.*

FREMIGENDLIC

Adjective: *beneficial, profitable.*

FREMLIC

Adjective: *advantageous, profitable.*

FREMMAN

See *(ge)fremman.*

FREMMING

See *(ge)fremming.*

FREMSUM

Adjective: *kind, gracious, courteous, beneficent, benign.*

FREMSUME

Adverb: *kindly, benignly.*

FREMSUMLIC

Adjective: *kind, benign.*

FREMSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, benignly.*

FREMSUMNES

Noun: *kindness, benignity, liberality; benefit.*

FREMU

Noun: *advantage, good, benefit, gain, profit.*

FREMUNG

Noun: *advantage, profit, good.*

FRENCE

Noun: *rough cloak.*

FRENCISC

Adjective: *French.*

FRENCISCA

Noun: *Frenchman.*

FRĒO

1. Adjective: *free; glad, joyful; noble, illustrious.*

2. Noun: *woman, lady.*

3. See *frēa* (1).

4. Noun: *freedom, immunity.*

FRĒOBEARN

Noun: *child of gentle birth.*

FRĒOBRŌÐOR

Noun: *own brother.*

FRĒOBURH

Noun: *free city.*

FRĒOD

1. Noun: *friendship, affection; peace, good-will.*

2. See *frēot*.

FRĒODOHTOR

Noun: *freeborn or legitimate daughter*.

FRĒODŌM

Noun: *freedom, liberty, emancipation; deliverance; charter*.

FRĒOGAN

See *(ge)frēogan*.

FRĒOGYLD

Noun: *free guild or society*.

FRĒOLĀC

Noun: *free offering, oblation*.

FRĒOLÆTA

Noun: *freedman*.

FRĒOLIC

See *(ge)frēolic*.

FRĒOLĪCE

See *(ge)frēolīce*.

FRĒOLS

1. Noun: *freedom, immunity; privilege; feast day, festival, holy day; charter of freedom*.

2. Adjective: *free, festive*.

FRĒOLSÆFEN

Noun: *festival-eve, vigil*.

FRĒOLSBŌC

Noun: *charter of freedom*.

FRĒOLSBRYCE

Noun: *breach or violation of a festival*.

FRĒOLSDÆG

Noun: *feast day, festival day*.

FRĒOLSEND

Noun: *deliverer; liberator, redeemer*.

FRĒOLSGEFA

Noun: *emancipator*.

FRĒOLSGĒR

Noun: *feast year, jubilee year*.

FRĒOLSIAN

See *(ge)frēolsian.*

FRĒOLSLIC

1. Adjective: *free; festive.*

2. Adverb: *freely; solemnly.*

FRĒOLSMANN

Noun: *freeman.*

FRĒOLSNIHT

Noun: *eve of a festival.*

FRĒOLSSTŌW

Noun: *festival-place.*

FRĒOLSTĪD

Noun: *feast-day, festival, anniversary, festival of the Church.*

FRĒOLSUNG

Noun: *celebration of a feast, feasting.*

FRĒOMÆG

Noun: *relation; kinsman, free kinsman.*

FRĒOMANN

Noun: *freeman, free-born man.*

FRĒONAMA

Noun: *surname, noble name.*

FRĒOND

Noun: *friend, relative, lover; associate.*

FRĒONDHEALD

Adjective: *friendly, amiable.*

FRĒONDHEALDLIC

Adjective: *related, akin.*

FRĒONDLĀR

Noun: *friendly instruction or counsel.*

FRĒONDLAÐU

Noun: *friendly invitation.*

FRĒONDLĒAS

Adjective: *friendless; without relatives, orphan.*

FRĒONDLĒAST

Noun: *want of friends.*

FRĒONDLIC

Adjective: *kindly, well-disposed, amicable, friendly.*

FRĒONDLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, like a friend.*

FRĒONDLĪÐE

Adjective: *kind or gentle with friends or relations.*

FRĒONDLUFU

Noun: *friendship, love, intimacy.*

FRĒONDMYNE

Noun: *amorous mind, amorous intention.*

FRĒONDRÆDEN

Noun: *friendship; conjugal love.*

FRĒONDSCIPE

Noun: *friendship; conjugal love.*

FRĒONDSPĒD

Noun: *abundance of friends.*

FRĒONDSPĒDIG

Adjective: *rich in friends.*

FRĒORIG

Adjective: *freezing; cold, chilly, frozen; rigid; sad, trembling, mournful.*

FRĒORIGFERÐ

Adjective: *sad.*

FRĒORIGMŌD

Adjective: *sad.*

FRĒORIHT

Noun: *common right, right of a freeman.*

FRĒOSAN

See *(ge)frēosan.*

FRĒOSCEAT

Noun: *freehold property.*

FRĒOT

Noun: *freedom, liberty, enfranchisement; manumission; priviledge.*

FRĒOTGIFA

Noun: *liberator, emancipator.*

FRĒOTGIFU

Noun: *emancipation.*

FRĒOTMANN

Noun: *freedman.*

FREOÐAN

Verb: *to froth.*

FREOÐOÐĒAW

Noun: *peaceful behaviour or manner.*

FREOÐOWEARD

Noun: *guardian of peace.*

FRĒOWĪF

Noun: *freeborn woman.*

FRESCYNNING

Noun: *Frisian king.*

FRESISC

1. Adjective: *of or belonging to Friesland, Frisian.*

2. Adverb: *in the Frisian manner.*

FRETAN

See *(ge)fretan.*

FRETERE

Noun: *glutton.*

FRETNES

Noun: *devouring, ravening.*

FRETTAN

Verb: *to consume, eat, up, feed upon, devour.*

FRETTOL

Adjective: *greedy, gluttonous, voracious.*

FRĪANDÆG

Noun: *Friday.*

FRICCA

Noun: *preacher, herald, crier.*

FRICG

Noun: *the name of a Teutonic goddess, the wife of Odin.*

FRICGAN

Verb: *to ask, question, inquire, investigate, seek after; to find out; to learn, get information of.*

FRĪCIAN

Verb: *to dance.*

FRICLAN

Verb: *to seek for, desire.*

FRICLO

Noun: *appetite, eager desire.*

FRICO

Noun: *usury; interest.*

FRIG

Noun: *affection, love; favour.*

FRĪGEÆFEN

Noun: *Thursday evening.*

FRĪGEDÆG

Noun: *Friday.*

FRIGEDŌM

Noun: *deliberation.*

FRĪGENIHT

Noun: *Thursday night.*

FRIGNAN

See *(ge)frignan.*

FRIGNES

See *(ge)frignes.*

FRĪGNES

Noun: *freedom.*

FRIGNUNG

Noun: *question, inquiry.*

FRIHT

Noun: *divination.*

FRIHTERE

Noun: *soothsayer, diviner.*

FRIHTRIAN

Verb: *to divine.*

FRIHTRUNG

Noun: *soothsaying, divination.*

FRĪS

1. Adjective: *crisped, curled.*

2. Adjective: *Frisian.*

FRISAN

Noun: *Frisians.*

FRĪÐ

1. Adjective: *fair; beautiful, stately.*

2. See *frēo* (1).

FRIÐ

Noun: *peace, tranquillity, security; refuge; restoration of rights.*

FRIÐA

Noun: *protector, defender.*

FRIÐĀÐ

Noun: *oath of peace.*

FRIÐBĒNA

Noun: *suppliant, refugee.*

FRIÐBORH

Noun: *surety for peace; pledge; bondman.*

FRIÐBRÆC

Noun: *breach of the peace.*

FRIÐBURG

Noun: *town with which there is peace, city of refuge, asylum.*

FRIÐCANDEL

Noun: *peace-candle; the sun.*

FRIÐEN

Adjective: *protected, sheltered.*

FRIÐGĒAR

Noun: *a year of peace or jubilee.*

FRIÐGEARD

Noun: *enclosed place, habitation of peace, asylum, sanctuary; heaven.*

FRIÐGEDĀL

Noun: *death.*

FRIÐGEGILDA

Noun: *member of a peace-guild.*

FRIÐGEORN

Adjective: *peaceable.*

FRIÐGEWRIT

Noun: *peace agreement.*

FRIÐGILD

Noun: *free guild or society.*

FRIÐGĪSL

Noun: *peace-hostage.*

FRIÐHENGEST

Noun: *stately horse.*

FRIÐHERPAÐ

Noun: *king's highway.*

FRIÐHŪS

Noun: *house of peace, refuge, asylum, sanctuary.*

FRIÐIAN

Verb: *to make peace with; to be at peace with; to keep, protect; to give asylum to; to observe.*

FRIÐIEND

Noun: *helper, protector, defender.*

FRIÐLAND

Noun: *friendly territory.*

FRIÐLĒAS

Adjective: *peaceless; outlawed.*

FRIÐLIC

Adjective: *gentle, mild, peaceable, lenient.*

FRIÐLĪCE

Adverb: *peaceably, quietly.*

FRIÐMĀL

Noun: *article of peace.*

FRIÐMANN

Noun: *man under special peace-protection.*

FRIÐOBĒACEN

Noun: *sign of peace.*

FRIÐOSCEALC

Noun: *minister of peace, angel.*

FRIÐOSIBB

Noun: *protecting peace; peace-bringer.*

FRIÐOSPĒD

Noun: *peaceful speed or prosperity, abundant peace; protecting power.*

FRIÐOTĀCN

Noun: *token or sign of peace.*

FRIÐOÐĒAWAS

Noun: *peaceful state.*

FRIÐOWÆR

Noun: *treaty or covenant of peace, agreement, compact.*

FRIÐOWANG

Noun: *peaceful plain; place of refuge.*

FRIÐOWARU

Noun: *protection.*

FRIÐOWEBBA

Noun: *peace-maker, angel.*

FRIÐOWEBBE

Noun: *peace-maker; woman.*

FRIÐSCIP

Noun: *ship for defence.*

FRIÐSCIPE

Noun: *state of peace.*

FRIÐSŌCN

Noun: *asylum, sanctuary.*

FRIÐSPLOTT

Noun: *asylum.*

FRIÐSTŌL

Noun: *refuge, asylum, sanctuary.*

FRIÐSTŌW

Noun: *refuge, asylum, sanctuary.*

FRIÐSUM

Adjective: *peaceful, pacific.*

FRIÐSUMIAN

Verb: *to reconcile, make peaceful.*

FRIÐU

Noun: *peace, pardon; protection, safety, security; refuge, asylum.*

FRŌD

Adjective: *prudent, wise, sage, skilful; old.*

FRŌDIAN

Verb: *to be wise or prudent.*

FRŌFOR

See *(ge)frōfor*.

FRŌFORBŌC

Noun: *book of consolation*.

FRŌFORGĀST

Noun: *the Spirit of consolation, the Holy Ghost, Paraclete*.

FRŌFORLIC

Adjective: *kind, consolatory, helpful*.

FRŌFORLĪCE

Adverb: *in a way that consoles or comforts or succours*.

FRŌFORNES

Noun: *comfort, consolation*.

FRŌFORWORD

Noun: *word or talk of consolation*.

FROGGA

Noun: *frog*.

FRŌM

Noun: *Frome, Somersetshire*.

FROMĀCNŸSLIAN

Verb: *to degenerate*.

FROMAWÆLTAN

Verb: *to roll away*.

FROMFĒRAN

Verb: *to go out, go from*.

FROMGANGAN

Verb: *to go away*.

FROMGENIMMA

Verb: *to take away*.

FROMHWEORFAN

Verb: *to go or depart from, turn from*.

FRŌMMŪÐA

Noun: *the mouth of the river Frome in Dorsetshire, where the Frome discharges itself into Poole Bay*.

FROMSWĪCAN

Verb: *to withdraw, desert*.

FROMWENDAN

Verb: *to avert.*

FROSC

Noun: *frog.*

FRŌWE

Noun: *woman, lady.*

FRUM

1. Adjective: *original, primitive, first.*

2. See *fram* (2).

3. See *fram* (3).

4. See *fram* (1).

FRUMA

Noun: *origin, beginning, commencement, source; creation; originator, author, founder, inventor; chief, ruler, prince, king.*

FRUMĀCENNES

Noun: *nativity.*

FRUMBEARN

Noun: *first-born child.*

FRUMBYRD

Noun: *birth, nativity.*

FRUMBYRDLING

Noun: *youth.*

FRUMCENNED

Adjective: *original, primitive; first born.*

FRUMCENNENDE

Adjective: *primitive, first born.*

FRUMCENNING

Noun: *first-born.*

FRUMCNĒOW

Noun: *primal generation.*

FRUMCYN

Noun: *original kind, origin, lineage, descent, ancestry; race, tribe.*

FRUMCYNNEND

Adjective: *original, primitive, first-begotten, first-born.*

FRUMCYRR

Noun: *first turn or time.*

FRUMDYSIG

Noun: *first offence or folly, beginning of sin.*

FRUMGĀR

Noun: *leader, chieftain, patriarch; noble, prince.*

FRUMGESCEAP

Noun: *creation of the world.*

FRUMGEWEORC

Noun: *original construction.*

FRUMGEWRIT

Noun: *original writing; original deed.*

FRUMGIFU

Noun: *original gift, privilege, prerogative.*

FRUMGRIPA

Noun: *first-fruit, firstling.*

FRUMGYLD

Noun: *first payment or compensation.*

FRUMHĒOWUNG

Noun: *original formation or creation.*

FRUMHRÆGL

Noun: *first garment.*

FRUMILDO

Noun: *early or first age, youth.*

FRUMLĒOHT

Noun: *first light, dawn.*

FRUMLIC

Adjective: *original, primitive.*

FRUMLĪCE

Adverb: *originally.*

FRUMLĪDA

Noun: *chief sailor, captain of a vessel.*

FRUMLŸHTAN

Verb: *to dawn.*

FRUMMEOLUC

Noun: *fresh milk, nectar, beestings.*

FRUMMYNETSLÆGE

Noun: *first coinage or minting.*

FRUMRÆD

Noun: *first or primary ordinance.*

FRUMRÆDEN

Noun: *original condition or ordinance; space of time.*

FRUMRĪPA

Noun: *first-fruits.*

FRUMSCEAFT

Noun: *origin, first creation, primeval condition, birth, the creation; creature; home.*

FRUMSCEAPEN

Adjective: *first formed or created; original.*

FRUMSCEATT

Noun: *first-fruits.*

FRUMSCEPEND

Noun: *originator, creator, author.*

FRUMSCYLD

Noun: *original sin.*

FRUMSETNES

Noun: *authority.*

FRUMSETNUNG

Noun: *foundation, creation.*

FRUMSLÆP

Noun: *first sleep.*

FRUMSPELLUNG

Noun: *original story, first telling.*

FRUMSPRÆC

Noun: *opening words, first words of a discourse; speech, promise, covenant.*

FRUMSTAÐOL

Noun: *original station, first state.*

FRUMSTEMN

Noun: *prow.*

FRUMSTŌL

Noun: *original or principal seat; proper residence or station, mansion-house; paternal home.*

FRUMTALU

Noun: *first accusation, first words of witnesses.*

FRUMTĒAM

Noun: *first team (of animals harnessed in line).*

FRUMTĪD

Noun: *beginning, first part or a period.*

FRUMTYHTLE

Noun: *first accusation or charge.*

FRUMWÆSTM

Noun: *first-fruits.*

FRUMWEORC

Noun: *ancient or primeval work; creation.*

FRUMWĪFUNG

Noun: *first marriage.*

FRUMWYLM

Noun: *new-born zeal; first inflammation.*

FRUMWYRHTA

Noun: *creator, author.*

FRYMDIG

Adjective: *asking, curious, inquisitive; desirous, suppliant.*

FRYMETLING

Noun: *youngling, young cow.*

FRYMÐ

1. Noun: *origin, beginning, foundation, first-fruits; creature.*

2. See *fyrmð* (1).

3. See *fyrmð* (2).

FRYMÐLIC

Adjective: *primitive, original, principal, first; chief.*

FRYMÐLĪCE

Adverb: *originally.*

FRYMÐYLDE

Adjective: *of early age, young.*

FRYSA

Noun: *Frisian.*

FRYSCA

1. Noun: *a bird, kite, bittern.*

2. Noun: *pusio.*

3. Adjective: *fresh, youth.*

FRYSLAND

Noun: *Friesland.*

FUGEL

Noun: *bird, fowl.*

FUGELBONA

Noun: *fowler, bird-killer.*

FUGELCYNN

Noun: *brid-tribe, fowl-kind.*

FUGELDÆG

Noun: *day on which poultry might be eaten.*

FUGELDOPPE

Noun: *water or dipping-fowl.*

FUGELESWȳSE

Noun: *larkspur (plant).*

FUGELHWATA

Noun: *augur, diviner by birds.*

FUGELLĪM

Noun: *bird-lime.*

FUGELNETT

Noun: *bird-net.*

FUGELNOÐ

Noun: *bird-catching, fowling.*

FUGELTIMBER

Noun: *young bird; bird material.*

FUGELTRĒO

Noun: *pole for spreading bird-nets, prop (of a snare for birds).*

FUGELWEOHLERE

Noun: *augur, soothsayer, diviner by birds.*

FUGELWYLLE

Adjective: *abounding in birds, swarming with birds; producing birds.*

FUGLERE

Noun: *fowler.*

FUGLESBĒAN

Noun: *vetch.*

FUGLIAN

Verb: *to catch birds, fowl.*

FUGLUNG

Noun: *bird catching, fowling.*

FŪHT

Adjective: *moist, damp.*

FŪHTIAN

Verb: *to be or become moist.*

FŪHTIENDE

Adjective: *moist, damp.*

FŪL

1. Adjective: *impure, unclean, dirty, miry, foul, stinking, corrupt, rotten; disgraceful, vile, infamous, guilty.*

2. Noun: *impurity, filth, foulness; offence, fault, crime; guilt.*

3. Noun: *convicted offender.*

4. Noun: *foul, common or unconsecrated place, highway where criminals were buried.*

FUL

1. Noun: *cup, beaker; clouds, sea.*

2. See *full* (1).

3. See *full* (2).

FULBEALDLĪCE

Adverb: *very bold, fully bold.*

FŪLBĒAM

Noun: *black alder.*

FULBEORHT

Adjective: *very bright, resplendent.*

FULBŌT

Noun: *full amends.*

FULBRECAN

Verb: *to break entirely, violate.*

FULCĀFLĪCE

Adverb: *very eagerly; full quickly.*

FULCYRTEN

Adjective: *very beautiful.*

FULDŌN

Verb: *to perform, complete, satisfy; to arrange.*

FULDYSLĪCE

Adverb: *very foolishly.*

FŪLE

Adverb: *foully.*

FULEARMLĪCE

Adverb: *very wretchedly, full miserably.*

FŪLETRĒO

Noun: *black alder.*

FULFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to ratify fully.*

FULFARAN

Verb: *to travel, perform a journey.*

FULFEALDAN

Verb: *to explain.*

FULFRĒOLIC

Adjective: *very liberal.*

FULGEARE

Adverb: *quite well, full well; fully, thoroughly.*

FULGEHENDE

Adposition: *very near, full nigh.*

FULGEMÆC

Adjective: *very suitable.*

FULGENIHTSUM

Adjective: *quite sufficient, very abundant.*

FULGĒOMOR

Adjective: *very sad, full sad.*

FULGŌD

Adjective: *very good.*

FULHĀR

Adjective: *very hoary, entirely grey.*

FULHĒALĪCE

Adverb: *very highly, full highly.*

FŪLIAN

Verb: *to decay, be or become foul, defile, rot, putrefy.*

FULL-

Affix: *in composition, denoting completeness, fullness, perfection.*

FULL

1. Adjective: *complete, full, entire, utter, filled; perfect; plump.*

2. Adverb: *very, fully, completely, entirely, thoroughly.*

3. See *ful* (1).

FULLA

Noun: *fullness, perfection; assembly.*

FULLÆST

Noun: *help, aid, support.*

FULLÆSTAN

See *(ge)fullæstan.*

FULLÆÐELE

Adjective: *very noble, full noble.*

FULLANHAM

Noun: *Fulham, Middlesex.*

FULLBERSTAN

Verb: *to be shattered, burst completely.*

FULLBĒTAN

Verb: *to make full satisfaction or amends.*

FULLBLĀC

Adjective: *very bright, full bright.*

FULLBLĪÐE

Adjective: *very glad, very joyful.*

FULLBOREN

Adjective: *of noble birth, fully born.*

FULLBRYCE

Noun: *full or entire breach of the peace, violation of the rights of a clerical offender.*

FULLCLÆNE

Adjective: *very pure, full clean.*

FULLCUMAN

Verb: *to attain.*

FULLCŪÐ

Adjective: *public, famous, notorious, full known.*

FULLCWĒMAN

Verb: *to satisfy, gratify (sth).*

FULLCŸÐAN

Verb: *to declare.*

FULLDYSIG

Adjective: *very foolish or ignorant.*

FULLĒAÐE

Adverb: *very easily, full easily.*

FULLENDIAN

Verb: *to complete, end fully, finish.*

FULLERE

Noun: *fuller, bleacher.*

FULLFLĒON

Verb: *to take to flight, flee away, escape completely.*

FULLFORÐIAN

Verb: *to fulfil.*

FULLFREMED

Adjective: *perfect.*

FULLFREMEDLIC

Adjective: *perfect.*

FULLFREMEDLĪCE

Adverb: *completely, fully, entirely; perfectly.*

FULLFREMEDNES

Noun: *completeness, fulfilment; perfection.*

FULLFREMMAN

See *(ge)fullfremman.*

FULLFYLIGAN

Verb: *to follow (a teacher), obey; to pursue.*

FULLFYLLAN

Verb: *to accomplish, fulfil.*

FULLGĀN

Verb: *to fulfil, finish; to perfect; to carry out, perform, accomplish; to follow, go after, imitate; to obey; to help, aid.*

FULLGEARWIAN

Verb: *to complete, finish; to prepare or equip fully.*

FULLGEDRIFEN

Adjective: *full (of wild beasts); crammed full.*

FULLGEORNE

Adverb: *very diligently, full well, full earnestly.*

FULLGETRĒOW

Adjective: *very true, full true.*

FULLGEWĒPNED

Adjective: *fully armed, full weaponed.*

FULLGLĒAWLĪCE

Adverb: *very prudently, full wisely.*

FULLGRŌWAN

Verb: *to come to maturity, grow to perfection.*

FULLHĀL

Adverb: *thoroughly well.*

FULLHEALDEN

Adjective: *contented; sufficient, ample.*

FULLHEARDE

Adverb: *very firmly or tightly, full strongly.*

FULLIAN

See *(ge)fullian.*

FULLIC

Adjective: *full; universal; catholic.*

FŪLLIC

Adjective: *shameful, base; objectionable; unclean, foul.*

FULLĪCE

Adverb: *completely, fully, entirely; perfectly; abundantly.*

FŪLLĪCE

Adverb: *shamefully, foully.*

FULLIGAN

See *(ge)fulligan.*

FULLMÆGEN

Noun: *great power, authority.*

FULLMANNOD

Adjective: *fully peopled, full manned.*

FULLMEDEME

Adjective: *excellent, perfect.*

FULLMEDOMLĪCE

Adverb: *fully, perfectly.*

FULLNES

Noun: *fullness.*

FULLOC

Noun: *final or definite agreement.*

FULLOFT

Adverb: *very often, full oft.*

FULLONGE

Adverb: *very long, full long.*

FULLRAÐE

Adverb: *full quickly, immediately.*

FULLRECEN

Adjective: *very quick, full quick.*

FULLRICENE

Adverb: *very quickly, full quickly, immediately.*

FULLRĪPOD

Adjective: *mature.*

FULLSINGAN

Verb: *to sing in full.*

FULLSLĀW

Adjective: *very slow, full slow.*

FULLSLĒAN

Verb: *to effect the death of a person, kill outright.*

FULLSŌÐ

Adverb: *very truly, full sooth.*

FULLSTRONG

Adjective: *full strong, most rigid.*

FULLSUMNES

Noun: *abundance.*

FULLTRYMMAN

Verb: *to confirm, corroborate.*

FULLÐUNGEN

Adjective: *high, lofty; complete, fully grown, perfect.*

FULLÐUNGENNES

Noun: *completeness, full development; perfection, full capacity.*

FULLUNGA

Adverb: *fully.*

FULLUNRŌT

Adjective: *very unhappy, full sad.*

FULLWEARM

Adjective: *fully warm.*

FULLWEAXAN

Verb: *to grow to maturity.*

FULLWEAXEN

Adjective: *full-grown.*

FULLWELIG

Adjective: *very rich, full wealthy.*

FULLWEORÐLĪCE

Adverb: *full worthily, very honourably.*

FULLWĒPNOD

Adjective: *fully armed.*

FULLWER

Noun: *complete wer, full atonement.*

FULLWĒRIG

Adjective: *very tired.*

FULLWĪTE

Noun: *full fine.*

FULLWUNIAN

Verb: *to remain, continue to be.*

FULLWYRCAN

Verb: *to complete, fulfil; to commit, accomplish.*

FULMONEG

Adjective: *very many, full many.*

FULNĒAH

1. Adjective: *very near, full nigh.*

2. Adverb: *almost, very nearly, full nearly.*

FŪLNES

Noun: *impurity, filthy smell, foulness, stench.*

FULRIHT

Adjective: *full right, most right or direct.*

FULRIHTE

Adverb: *very rightly, full rightly.*

FULSĀRLĪCE

Adverb: *very harsly or violently, full sorely.*

FULSCRID

Adjective: *very swift, full quick.*

FULSĒFTE

Adjective: *very soft, full soft.*

FULSMĒÐE

Adjective: *very smooth, full smooth.*

FŪLSTINCENDE

Adjective: *foul-stinking.*

FULSWĪÐE

Adverb: *very, very much.*

FULTRUM

Adjective: *very firm, full strong.*

FULTRŪWIAN

Verb: *to confide in, trust fully in.*

FULTUM

Noun: *help, aid, assistance, support, protection, succour; forces, army; helper.*

FULTUMAN

See *(ge)fultuman.*

FULTUMGESTRE

Noun: *helper.*

FULTUMIEND

See *(ge)fultumiend.*

FULTUMLĒAS

Adjective: *without help, helpless.*

FULÐICLĪCE

Adverb: *very often or frequently; full thickly.*

FULWA

Noun: *fuller.*

FULWACOR

Adjective: *very watchful, full watchful.*

FULWÆRLĪC

Adjective: *very cautious or prudent, full wary.*

FULWERE

Noun: *baptist, baptizer.*

FULWIAN

See *(ge)fulwian.*

FULWĪDE

Adverb: *round about, all around, full widely.*

FULWIHT

Noun: *baptism; Christianity.*

FULWIHTBÆÐ

Noun: *bath or font of baptism.*

FULWIHTBĒNA

Noun: *applicant for baptism.*

FULWIHTELE

Noun: *baptismal oil.*

FULWIHTERE

Noun: *baptizer, the Baptist.*

FULWIHTFÆDER

Noun: *baptizer; godfather.*

FULWIHTHĀD

Noun: *baptismal order or vow.*

FULWIHTNAMA

Noun: *baptismal or Christian name.*

FULWIHTSTŌW

Noun: *baptistery.*

FULWIHTTĪD

Noun: *time of baptism.*

FULWIHTÐĒAW

Noun: *rite of baptism.*

FULWIHTÐĒNUNG

Noun: *baptismal service.*

FULWIHTWÆTER

Noun: *baptismal water, laver of baptism.*

FULWIHTWERE

Noun: *baptist, the Baptist.*

FULWRÆTLĪCE

Adverb: *very wonderfully, full wondrously.*

FULWURÐLĪCE

Adverb: *full worthily, very honourably.*

FULYRRE

Adjective: *very angry, full angry.*

FUNDIAN

Verb: *to tend to; to intend, aspire to; to endeavour, strive after; to desire, wish for; to hasten; to go, set out, go forward.*

FUNDUNG

Noun: *going, departure.*

FUNTA

Noun: *fount, spring, brook.*

FURH

Noun: *furrow, trench.*

FURHWUDU

Noun: *pine, fir-wood, fir-tree.*

FŪRIAN

See *(ge)fūrian.*

FURLANG

Noun: *length of furrow; land the breadth of furrow.*

FURÐORLUCOR

Adverb: *more perfectly.*

FURÐUM

Adverb: *even, quite; just as; already; also, indeed; further; exactly; at first, previously.*

FURÐUMLIC

Adjective: *luxurious, indulgent.*

FŪS

Adjective: *ready, prepared; quick, prompt, hastening; expectant, eager, willing; striving forward; inclined to, prone; brave; dying.*

FŪSLĒOÐ

Noun: *death-song, dirge.*

FŪSLIC

Adjective: *ready, prepared; excellent.*

FŪSLĪCE

Adverb: *readily, promptly; gladly.*

FŪSNES

Noun: *quickness.*

FUSTRA

Noun: *stone used for striking fire, firestone, flint.*

FŪSTRENDEL

Noun: *focus.*

FŸHTAN

Verb: *to moisten.*

FYLCIAN

See *(ge)fylcian.*

FYLD

Noun: *fold, crease, wrinkle, plait; volume.*

FYLDESTŌL

Noun: *folding-seat.*

FYLGAN

See *(ge)fylgan.*

FYLGEND

Noun: *follower; observer; performer, fulfiller.*

FYLGENDLIC

Adjective: *that may be imitated.*

FYLGESTRE

Noun: *female follower.*

FYLGING

1. Noun: *following, harrow.*

2. Noun: *fallow-land.*

FYLIGENDLIC

Adjective: *that may be imitated.*

FYLIGNES

Noun: *following, executing, practice, completing.*

FYLLAN

See *(ge)fyllan.*

FYLLAÐ

Noun: *filling, completion; full moon.*

FYLLEN

Noun: *a dropping.*

FYLLESĒOC

Adjective: *epileptic, falling sick; lunatic.*

FYLLESĒOCNES

Noun: *epilepsy, the falling sickness.*

FYLLEÐFLŌD

Noun: *high or spring tide.*

FYLLEWÆRC

Noun: *epilepsy.*

FYLLING

See *(ge)fylling.*

FYLLNES

See *(ge)fyllnes.*

FYLLO

Noun: *feast, fullness, satiety, gluttony.*

FYLNES

See *(ge)fylnes.*

FYLST

1. Noun: *help, aid, assistance.*

2. See *fullæst.*

FYLSTAN

See *(ge)fylstan.*

FYLSTEND

See *(ge)fylstend.*

FŸLÐ

Noun: *impurity, filth, uncleanness, rottenness; moral impurity, foul practice.*

FYLWĒRIG

Adjective: *faint to death, slaughter-weary.*

FYNDE

Adjective: *able to be found.*

FYNDELE

Noun: *device, invention.*

FYNE

Noun: *moisture, mould.*

FYNEGIAN

Verb: *to become mouldy or musty.*

FYNIG

Adjective: *damp, musty, mouldy; decayed.*

FYNIHT

Adjective: *fenny, marshy.*

FŸR

Noun: *fire, hearth; disease.*

FŸRAN

See *(ge)fŷran.*

FŸRBÆRE

Adjective: *fiery; fire-bearing.*

FŸRBÆÐ

Noun: *fire-bath, hell-fire.*

FŸRBEND

Noun: *bar forged in the fire.*

FŸRBĒTA

Noun: *fireman, stoker.*

FŸRBRYNE

Noun: *fire burning, conflagration.*

FYRCLIAN

Verb: *to flash, flicker; to fork into many rays.*

FŸRCLOMM

Noun: *fire-bond.*

FŸRCRŪCE

Noun: *cooking vessel, kettle; crucible.*

FŸRCYNN

Noun: *kind of fire.*

FŸRDCRÆFT

Noun: *expedition.*

FYRDEND

Adjective: *enrolled for military service.*

FYRDESNE

Noun: *warrior.*

FYRDFÆRELD

Noun: *military expedition or service.*

FYRDFARU

Noun: *military service; military expedition.*

FYRDFŌR

Noun: *military service.*

FYRDGEATEWE

Noun: *warlike trappings or arms.*

FYRDGEMACA

Noun: *companion in war, fellow-soldier.*

FYRDGESTEALLA

Noun: *comrade in arms, martial comrade.*

FYRDGETRUM

Noun: *martial band, band of warriors, company of soldiers.*

FYRDHOM

Noun: *corselet.*

FYRDHRÆGL

Noun: *corselet.*

FYRDHWÆT

Adjective: *brave, bold, warlike.*

FYRDIAN

Verb: *to march, go on an expedition, be at war.*

FYRDING

Noun: *army, armament; progression, march, expedition; fighting; military service; camp; fine for evading military service.*

FYRDLĀF

Noun: *survivors of a battle, remnants of an army.*

FYRDLĒAS

Adjective: *unprotected, without an army.*

FYRDLĒOÐ

Noun: *war-song.*

FYRDLIC

Adjective: *martial, military.*

FYRDMANN

Noun: *warrior, soldier.*

FYRDNOÐ

Noun: *liability to military service.*

FŸRDRACA

Noun: *fire-spewing dragon.*

FYRDRIAN

Verb: *to serve in the army.*

FYRDRINC

Noun: *warrior, soldier.*

FYRDSCEORP

Noun: *armour.*

FYRDSCIP

Noun: *ship of war.*

FYRDSEARU

Noun: *war-equipment.*

FYRDSŌCN

Noun: *military service; seeking of the army.*

FYRDSTEMN

Noun: *army-corps.*

FYRDSTRÆT

Noun: *high road, military road.*

FYRDTĪBER

Noun: *military sacrifice.*

FYRDTRUMA

Noun: *martial band, army.*

FYRDWÆN

Noun: *military wagon.*

FYRDWEARD

Noun: *military watch, army-guard.*

FYRDWEROD

Noun: *host, army, phalanx.*

FYRDWĪC

Noun: *camp, army-station.*

FYRDWĪSA

Noun: *leader of an expedition, chieftain.*

FYRDWĪSE

Noun: *military manner or style.*

FYRDWĪTE

Noun: *fine for evading military service.*

FYRDWYRÐE

Adjective: *mighty in war, famous or distinguished in war; fit to bear arms.*

FŸREN

Adjective: *of fire, flaming, burning, red-hot; fiery.*

FŸRENCYLLE

Noun: *lamp, fiery torch.*

FŸRENFUL

Adjective: *fiery.*

FYRENFULNES

Noun: *luxury; riot.*

FŸRENTĀCEN

Noun: *fiery sign.*

FŸRENÐECELE

Noun: *firebrand, fiery torch.*

FŸRFEAXEN

Adjective: *having locks of flame.*

FŸRFŌDA

Noun: *fuel, twigs for burning.*

FŸRGEARWUNG

Noun: *cooking; fuel.*

FŸRGEARWUNGE

Noun: *fire-preparation.*

FŸRGEBEORH

Noun: *fire-screen.*

FŸRGEBRÆC

Noun: *crackling of fire.*

FYRGENHĒAFOD

Noun: *mountain headland.*

FŸRGNĀST

Noun: *spark of fire.*

FYRH

Noun: *fir.*

FŸRHĀT

Adjective: *hot as fire, ardent, burning.*

FŸRHEARD

Adjective: *hardening by fire.*

FYRHT

See *(ge)fyrht.*

FYRHTAN

See *(ge)fyrhtan.*

FYRHTNES

Noun: *fear.*

FYRHTO

See *(ge)fyrhto.*

FYRHÐ

See *(ge)fyrhð.*

FŸRHŪS

Noun: *room with fireplace.*

FŸRIAN

Verb: *to make a fire, supply with firing; to keep warm; to give warmth, cherish; to make a furrow; to plough, till.*

FYRLEN

1. Adjective: *distant, remote, far off.*

2. Noun: *distance.*

FŸRLĒOHT

Noun: *fire-flight, gleam of fire.*

FŸRLĒOMA

Noun: *gleam of fire.*

FŸRLOCA

Noun: *fiery prison.*

FYRM

1. Noun: *cleansing.*

2. See *feorm.*

3. See *forma* (1).

FŸRMÆL

Noun: *mark burnt in by fire.*

FYRMÐ

1. Noun: *harbouring, entertaining.*

2. Noun: *cleansing, washing.*

FYRMEST

at first; most; very well, best.

FYRN

1. Adjective: *former, old, ancient.*

2. See *(ge)fyrn.*

FYRNDAGAS

See *(ge)fyrndagas.*

FYRNGĒAR

Noun: *past year, former year, preceding year.*

FYRNGĒARA

Adverb: *of old times.*

FYRNGEFLIT

Noun: *old conflict, quarrel or strife.*

FYRNGEFLITA

Noun: *enemy of old.*

FYRNGEMYND

Noun: *ancient history.*

FYRNGESCEAP

Noun: *ancient decree.*

FYRNGESETU

Noun: *former dwelling-place, former seat.*

FYRNGESTRĒON

Noun: *ancient treasure.*

FYRNGEWEORC

Noun: *ancient work.*

FYRNGEWINN

Noun: *ancient war, primeval struggle.*

FYRNGEWRIT

Noun: *old writing or scripture.*

FYRNGEWYRHT

Noun: *former work; fate.*

FYRNGIDD

Noun: *ancient prophecy.*

FYRNMANN

Noun: *man of old times.*

FYRNSÆGEN

Noun: *old saying, ancient tradition.*

FYRNSCEAÐA

Noun: *old enemy, fiend or devil.*

FYRNSTRĒAMAS

Noun: *ancient streams; the ocean.*

FYRNWEORC

Noun: *ancient work; the creation.*

FYRNWITA

Noun: *old counsellor or prophet; ancient sage.*

FŸRPANNE

Noun: *brazier; fire-pan, pan for burning odoriferous herbs.*

FŸRRACE

Noun: *rake, fire-rake, fire-pan, implement for removing ashes from a fireplace.*

FYRS

1. Noun: *bramble, furze, gorse.*

2. See *fers.*

FŸRSCOFL

Noun: *fire-shovel.*

FYRSGĀRA

Noun: *furzy corner.*

FYRSĪG

Noun: *island on which furze grows.*

FYRSLĒAH

Noun: *furzy lea.*

FŸRSMEORTENDE

Adjective: *fire-smarting.*

FŸRSPEARCA

Noun: *fire-spark.*

FYRSPENN

Noun: *pen or fold made of furze.*

FYRSRÆW

Noun: *row or fence of furze.*

FYRST

1. See *first* (1).

2. See *first* (2).

3. See *forma* (1).

4. Noun: *door, first entrance, threshold; top, ceiling, roof, ridge.*

5. Adverb: *at first.*

FŸRSTĀN

Noun: *flint, firestone.*

FŸRSWEART

Adjective: *blackened with fire.*

FŸRTANG

Noun: *fire-tongs.*

FŸRTORR

Noun: *lighthouse, beacon.*

FŸRÐOLLE

Noun: *oven, furnace, frying pan; apparatus for torture.*

FYRÐRAN

See *(ge)fyrðran.*

FYRÐRIEND

Noun: *promoter, patron.*

FYRÐRINGNES

Noun: *furtherance, promotion; exalting.*

FYRÐRUNG

Noun: *furtherance, promotion.*

FYRWIT

1. Noun: *curiosity, yearning.*

2. Adjective: *curious, inquisitive.*

FYRWITFUL

Adjective: *careful, curious, anxious.*

FYRWITGEORN

Adjective: *anxious, curious, inquisitive.*

FYRWITGEORNES

Noun: *curiosity, anxiety; fornication.*

FYRWITGEORNLĪCE

Adverb: *carefully, studiously.*

FYRWITNES

Noun: *curiosity.*

FŸRWYLM

Noun: *wave of fire.*

FŸSAN

Verb: *to make ready, prepare oneself, hasten; to make eager, stimulate, incite, impel; to drive away, send forth, put to flight, banish.*

FŸST

Noun: *fist.*

FŸSTGEBĒAT

Noun: *hitting with the fist.*

FŸSTSLÆGEN

Adjective: *struck with the fist.*

FYXE

Noun: *she-fox, vixen.*

FYXEN

Adjective: *of or belonging to a fox.*

FYXENHŸD

Noun: *she-fox's skin.*

GABOTE

Noun: *small dish, side or dessert dish, platter.*

GABULROID

Noun: *compass.*

GĀD

1. Noun: *lack, want, need; desire.*

2. Noun: *goad, sting, prick; point of a weapon, arrow or spearhead.*

GADA

See *(ge)gada.*

GADERIAN

Verb: *to gather, bring together, join, assemble, unite; to collect, compile, accumulate, amass, store up, garner; to pluck; to associate with; to concentrate.*

GADERSCIPE

See *(ge)gaderscipe.*

GADERTANG

Adjective: *continuous; united, conjoint, contiguous, in contact or connexion.*

GADERTANGNES

Noun: *continuation.*

GADERTENGAN

Verb: *to continue; to join.*

GADERUNG

See *(ge)gaderung.*

GADERWIST

See *(ge)gaderwist.*

GADINCA

Noun: *wether sheep; maimed animal.*

GĀDĪREN

Noun: *goad, gad-iron.*

GADRIAN

See *(ge)gadrian.*

GADRIGENDLIC

Adjective: *collective, congregative.*

GÆD

Noun: *society, fellowship, union.*

GÆDELING

Noun: *kinsman, relative, fellow, comrade, companion in arms.*

GÆLÆÐ

Noun: *cage to sell or punish bondmen in.*

GĀLAN

Verb: *hinder, impede; to delay, linger; to hesitate, keep in suspense; to dupe.*

GĀLING

Noun: *delay.*

GĀLS

Noun: *wantonness, lust, voluptuousness; (worldly) care, luxury, greedy person; pride.*

GĀLSA

Noun: *wantonness, lust; pride; (worldly) care; luxury, extravagance; greedy person, glutton.*

GĀLSLIC

Adjective: *luxurious, producing wantonness or excess.*

GÆNCG

See *(ge)gæncg.*

GÆNGANG

1. Adjective: *pregnant.*

2. See *gēangang.*

GÆNT

Noun: *Ghent.*

GĀRED

Adjective: *wedge-shaped, fork.*

GÆRS

Noun: *grass, herb, blade (of grass) grass-covered ground; pasture, grazing, herbage; plant; hay, young corn.*

GÆRSBEDD

Noun: *grass-bed, grave.*

GÆRSCĪÐ

Noun: *blade of grass.*

GÆRSEN

Adjective: *grass-grown.*

GÆRSGRĒNE

Adjective: *grass-green.*

GÆRSHOPPA

Noun: *grasshopper, locust.*

GÆRSHOPPE

Noun: *grasshopper, locust.*

GÆRSING

Noun: *pasture.*

GÆRSSWŸN

Noun: *pasturage-swine.*

GÆRST

Adjective: *green like grass.*

GÆRSTAPA

Noun: *grasshopper, locust.*

GÆRSTŪN

Noun: *meadow, grass-enclosure.*

GÆRSTŪNDĪC

Noun: *grass-meadow-dike.*

GÆRSUM

Noun: *riches, costly gift, treasure, jewel.*

GÆRSUMA

Noun: *riches, costly gift, treasure, jewel.*

GÆRSWONG

Noun: *field of grass, grassy plain.*

GÆRSWYRT

Noun: *herb, grass.*

GÆRSYRÐ

Noun: *grass-land, pasturage, pasturage in return for ploughing-labour.*

GĒSNE

Adjective: *barren, sterile; lacking, wanting, void of, deprived of, destitute; empty; dead, lifeless.*

GĒSTAN

Verb: *to frighten; to afflict, torment.*

GÆSTLĪÐEND

Adjective: *hospitable.*

GĒTEN

Adjective: *of or belonging to a goat.*

GAF

Adjective: *base, vile, lewd, wanton.*

GAFELUC

Noun: *spear, javelin.*

GAFFETUNG

Noun: *mocking, scoffing.*

GAFOL

1. Noun: *gift, offering; due, debt, tax, duty, tribute, rent; profit, interest; usury; fork.*

2. Noun: *fork.*

GAFOLBERE

Noun: *barley paid as rent.*

GAFOLFISC

Noun: *fish paid as rent or tribute.*

GAFOLFRĒO

Adjective: *free from tax or tribute.*

GAFOLGERĒFA

Noun: *tax gatherer, publican.*

GAFOLGIELDA

Noun: *debtor, rent-payer, tribute-payer, tenant.*

GAFOLGYLD

Noun: *revenue.*

GAFOLGYLDERE

Noun: *debtor, tribute-payer.*

GAFOLHEORD

Noun: *taxable stock; swarm or hive of bees.*

GAFOLHWĪTEL

Noun: *tribute-blanket, legal tender instead of coin for the rent of a hide of land.*

GAFOLIAN

See *(ge)gafolian.*

GAFOLLAND

Noun: *leased land, tribute-land.*

GAFOLLIC

Adjective: *fiscal, of or belonging to tribute or taxes.*

GAFOLMÆD

Noun: *meadow which was mown as part of the rent.*

GAFOLMANN

Noun: *tribute payer.*

GAFOLMANUNG

Noun: *demanding of tax or tribute, 'the receipt of custom'.*

GAFOLPENIG

Noun: *tribute-penny.*

GAFOLRÆDEN

Noun: *tribute, rent, tax.*

GAFOLRAND

Noun: *compasses.*

GAFOLSWĀN

Noun: *swineherd who had a herd of swine from the lord on condition of paying a certain part of the stock.*

GAFOLTĪNING

Noun: *fencing-wood given as part of the rent.*

GAFOLWUDU

Noun: *firewood supplied as part of the rent.*

GAFOLYRÐ

Noun: *the cultivation of tribute-land.*

GAFSPRĀC

See *(ge)gafspræc.*

GAFSPRĀCE

See *(ge)gafspræce.*

GAFULFORD

Noun: *Camelford, Cornwall.*

GAGĀTES

Noun: *precious stone, agate, jet.*

GAGĀTSTĀN

Noun: *agate, jet.*

GAGEL

Noun: *gale, sweet gale, bog-myrtle.*

GAGELCROPPAN

Noun: *tufts or catkins of gale.*

GAGOL

1. Adjective: *gay, light, frolicsome; wanton, lascivious; wicked; proud.*

2. See *gāl* (1).

3. See *gagel.*

GAGOLBĀRE

Adjective: *wanton, lascivious.*

GAGOLBÆRNES

Noun: *wantonness, luxury, riot.*

GAGOLISC

Adjective: *light, frolicsome; wanton, lascivious.*

GAGULSUILLAN

Verb: *to gargle.*

GĀL

1. Noun: *lust, wanton, lascivious; luxury; folly, levity; lightness.*

2. Adjective: *pleasant, gay, light, licentious; wanton; wicked; proud.*

GALAN

See *(ge)galan.*

GALDOR

Noun: *magic, incantation, charm, spell, enchantment, sorcery; divination; song, poem; sound, the sound of a trumpet; lore.*

GALDORCRÆFT

Noun: *magic art, occult art, incantation.*

GALDORCRÆFTIGA

Noun: *enchanter, wizard.*

GALDORCWIDE

Noun: *magic saying or song, incantation.*

GALDORGALEND

Noun: *enchanter, magician.*

GALDORGALERE

Noun: *enchanter, wizard, soothsayer.*

GALDORLĒOÐ

Noun: *magic song, incantation, charm, spell, enchantment.*

GALDORSANG

Noun: *incantation.*

GALDORWORD

Noun: *magic word, word of incantation.*

GALDRE

Noun: *enchanter, charmer, wizard, magician, sorcerer, soothsayer, diviner.*

GALDRICGE

Noun: *enchantress, magician.*

GALDRYGEA

Noun: *enchanter.*

GALEND

Noun: *enchanter.*

GALERE

Noun: *enchanter, snake-charmer, wizard.*

GĀLFERHÐ

Adjective: *wanton, licentious, mind-lustful.*

GĀLFRĒOLS

Noun: *revel, licentious festivals (plural).*

GĀLFUL

Adjective: *wanton, lustful, licentious, luxurious.*

GĀLFULLĪCE

Adverb: *in a wanton, lustful, luxurious manner.*

GĀLIAN

Verb: *to be wanton or licentious.*

GALILĒA

Noun: *Galilee.*

GALILĒISC

Adjective: *Galilean.*

GALLEAS

Noun: *Gauls, Franks, French.*

GALLIARĪCE

Noun: *the kingdom of the Gauls, France.*

GĀLLIC

Adjective: *wanton, lustful.*

GĀLLĪCE

Adverb: *in a lustful manner, wantonly, licentiously.*

GALLISC

Adjective: *Gaulish, French.*

GALLOC

Noun: *comfrey, gall-apple.*

GALMANHŌ

Noun: *Anglo-Saxon Abbey at York, afterwards St. Mary's.*

GĀLMŌD

Adjective: *wanton, licentious, light-minded.*

GĀLNES

Noun: *wantonness, lustfulness, lust, luxury, frivolity.*

GĀLSCIPE

Noun: *wantonness, lustfulness, lasciviousness, lewdness, luxury, excess; pride.*

GĀLSERE

Noun: *lustful or licentious person.*

GĀLSMÆRE

Adjective: *light, laughing, giggling, jocose, facetious, frivolous.*

GALUNG

Noun: *incantation.*

GALWALAS

Noun: *Gauls, Frenchmen; France.*

GĀLWRÆNE

Adjective: *luxurious, lecherous.*

GAMEN

Noun: *amusement, pastime, game, jest, sport; joy, mirth, pleasure.*

GAMENIAN

Verb: *to play, game, joke, pun.*

GAMENLIC

Adjective: *theatrical, ridiculous.*

GAMENLĪCE

Adverb: *sportingly; deceitfully, artfully.*

GAMENUNG

Noun: *pastime, playing, gaming, jesting.*

GAMENWĀÐ

Noun: *merry journey, joyous path.*

GAMENWUDU

Noun: *pleasure-wood, glee-wood: musical instrument, harp.*

GAMING

Noun: *playing, gaming, gesticulation.*

GAMOL

Adjective: *old, aged, advanced, ancient, hoary.*

GAMOLFEAX

Adjective: *grey-haired, with hoary locks.*

GAMOLFERHÐ

Adjective: *old, aged.*

GAMOLIAN

Verb: *to grow old.*

GĀN

See *(ge)gān.*

GANDIS

Noun: *the river Ganges.*

GANDRA

Noun: *gander.*

GANG

Noun: *going, journey, walk, progress; step, way, path, track; flow, stream; drain, privy; passage, course (of time); platform, stage, bed; legal process; stream of words, narrative; company of people.*

GANGAN

Verb: *to go; to go on foot, walk; to turn out.*

GANGDÆG

Noun: *Perambulation days, the three days before Ascension day or Holy Thursday, Rogation days.*

GANGENDE

Adjective: *alive; going on foot.*

GANGERE

Noun: *footman; ganger.*

GANGERN

Noun: *privy.*

GANGEWIFRE

Noun: *spider, ganging weaver.*

GANGFEORMERE

Noun: *privy-cleanser, jakes-farmer.*

GANGGETELD

Noun: *tent, travelling or portable tent, pavilion.*

GANGHERE

Noun: *foot-army, infantry.*

GANGPYTT

Noun: *privy.*

GANGSETL

Noun: *privy.*

GANGSTŌL

Noun: *privy, stool.*

GANGTŪN

Noun: *privy, latrine; draught-house.*

GANGWEG

Noun: *way, road, thoroughfare, gang-way.*

GANGWUCE

Noun: *rogation week, week of holy Thursday.*

GĀNIAN

Verb: *to, open, gape, yawn.*

GANOT

Noun: *gannet, swan, sea-bird, water-fowl, fen-duck.*

GĀNUNG

Noun: *yawning, gaping (in scorn); chattering; braying.*

GĀR

1. Noun: *weapon, arms, spear, javelin, arrow, dart, shaft.*

2. Noun: *tempest, piercing cold; sharp pain.*

GĀRA

1. Noun: *angular point of land, corner of land, cape, promontory, gore; strip of cloth, saddle cloth, flap, lappet.*

2. Noun: *spear-man.*

GĀRÆCER

Noun: *pointed strip of land.*

GĀRBĒAM

Noun: *spear-shaft, javelin-handle.*

GĀRBEREND

Noun: *warrior, javelin-bearer, soldier.*

GĀRCĒNE

Adjective: *bold in fight, spear-bold.*

GĀRCLIFE

Noun: *agrimony.*

GĀRCWEALM

Noun: *death by the spear, spear-slaughter.*

GĀRDENE

Noun: *armed or warlike Danes, spear-Danes.*

GĀRFARU

Noun: *warlike expedition.*

GĀRGETRUM

Noun: *armed company.*

GĀRGEWINN

Noun: *fight with spears, battle.*

GĀRHĒAP

Noun: *band of warriors.*

GĀRHOLT

Noun: *shafted spear, javelin.*

GĀRLĒAC

Noun: *garlic.*

GĀRMITTING

Noun: *battle.*

GĀRNĪÐ

Noun: *spear-battle, conflict, war.*

GĀRRÆS

Noun: *rush of spears, battle, war.*

GĀRSECG

Noun: *sea, ocean; spear-man.*

GĀRTORN

Noun: *fighting rage.*

GĀRÐRACU

Noun: *battle, attack of javelins.*

GĀRÐRĪST

Adjective: *bold or daring with a spear.*

GĀRWIGA

Noun: *warrior, spear-fighter.*

GĀRWIGEND

Noun: *warrior, spearman.*

GĀRWUDU

Noun: *spear-shaft, lance, javelin.*

GĀSRĪC

Noun: *savage or furious animal, impetuous creature.*

GĀST

Noun: *spirit, ghost, angel, demon; life, breath; soul, spirit; Holy Ghost; man, human being.*

GĀSTAN

Verb: *to meditate.*

GĀSTBEREND

Noun: *man, living soul, spirit-bearer.*

GĀSTBONA

Noun: *soul-slayer, the Devil.*

GĀSTBRŪCENDE

Adjective: *practising in the spirit.*

GĀSTCOFA

Noun: *breast.*

GĀSTCUND

Adjective: *Spiritual.*

GĀSTCWALU

Noun: *torment, torment of soul, pains of hell.*

GĀSTCYNING

Noun: *soul's king, God.*

GĀSTEDŌM

Noun: *spirituality.*

GĀSTGEDĀL

Noun: *death, separation of soul and body.*

GĀSTGEHYGD

Noun: *thought, thought of mind.*

GĀSTGEMYND

Noun: *thought, thought of mind or spirit.*

GĀSTGENĪÐLA

Noun: *devil, persecutor or foe of souls.*

GĀSTGERŸNE

Noun: *thought, consideration; ghostly or spiritual mystery, mystery of the mind.*

GĀSTGEWINN

Noun: *torment of soul, pains of hell.*

GĀSTGIFU

Noun: *spiritual gift or grace, special gift of the Holy Spirit.*

GĀSTHĀLIG

Adjective: *holy, holy in spirit.*

GĀSTLĒAS

Adjective: *lifeless, dead.*

GĀSTLIC

Adjective: *holy, spiritual, clerical (not lay); terrible, ghastly, ghostly, spectral.*

GĀSTLĪCE

Adverb: *spiritually.*

GĀSTLUFU

Noun: *spiritual love, soul's love.*

GĀSTSUNU

Noun: *spiritual son, Christ.*

GĀT

Noun: *she-goat.*

GĀTAHŪS

Noun: *goat-house.*

GĀTALOC

Noun: *goat-house.*

GĀTĀNSTĪG

Noun: *goat-path.*

GĀTBUCCA

Noun: *he-goat.*

GĀTEHÆR

Noun: *goat's hair.*

GĀTESHĒUED

Noun: *Gateshead, near Newcastle, Durham.*

GĀTETRĒOW

Noun: *cornel tree.*

GĀTHYRDE

Noun: *goat-herd.*

GAUELSESTER

Noun: *measure of rent ale.*

GE-

Affix: *originally gave a collective or intensive sense.*

GĒ

1. Pronoun: *you, ye.*

2. See *gēa.*

GE

Conjunction: *and, also; even.*

GĒA

Adverb: *yes, yea.*

GEĀBILGIAN

Verb: *to offend, make angry, exasperate.*

GĒAC

1. Noun: *cuckoo; gawk.*

2. See *gēað.*

GĒACESŪRE

Noun: *wood-sorrel.*

(GE)ACLIAN

Verb: *to excite, frighten.*

GEĀCOLMŌDIAN

Verb: *to alarm, sadden, cow, terrify.*

(GE)ĀDLIAN

Verb: *to be diseased or ill, languish; to ail, cause disease, make ill.*

GEÆCNŌSLIAN

Verb: *to degenerate.*

GEÆCNŌSLIENDE

Adjective: *degenerating.*

(GE)ÆFESTIAN

Verb: *to envy; to be or become envious.*

(GE)ÆFNAN

Verb: *to do, perform, carry out, fulfil; to labour; to suffer, endure, be in miserable condition; to cause; to hold, sustain; to show.*

(GE)ÆFNIAN

Verb: *to grow or draw towards evening.*

GEÆHTENDLĪC

Adjective: *valuable, estimable.*

GEÆHTLE

Noun: *esteem, consideration; estimation.*

(GE)ÆLAN

Verb: *to light, kindle, burn, set on fire.*

GEÆLFREMED

Adjective: *estranged; free, separated from.*

GEÆLFREMEDAN

Verb: *to estrange, alienate.*

(GE)ĀMTIGIAN

Verb: *to empty; to be void, be unoccupied, be vacant, have time for, be at leisure; to devote one's self to.*

GEĀNAN

Verb: *to join with, unite oneself to.*

GEĀRENDIAN

Verb: *to go on an errand, carry a message, send word to; to intercede, negotiate for; to seek for; to obtain; to speed; to succeed; to tell, ask, intercede; to succeed, speed.*

(GE)ÆRNAN

1. Verb: *to run, race, gallop, ride; to run for, reach by running, galloping or riding, gallop up to (sth/sw.).*

2. See *(ge)iernan* (1).

GEÆRWE

Adjective: *wicked, perverse, depraved.*

(GE)ĀSWICIAN

Verb: *to offend, deceive; to apostatize; to desert.*

(GE)ĀTRIAN

Verb: *to poison, envenom; to become poisonous.*

(GE)ĀÐAN

Verb: *to swear, make oath.*

GEÆÐELE

Adjective: *natural; suitable, congenial.*

GEÆÐELIAN

Verb: *to make renowned, celebrated or excellent, ennoble; to improve.*

GEĀWIERDLIAN

Verb: *to injure.*

(GE)ĀWNIAN

Verb: *to marry.*

GEAFLAS

Noun: *jaws.*

GEAFLIAN

Verb: *to get, obtain.*

GEAFORUD

Adjective: *lifted up.*

(GE)ĀGEN

Adjective: *own, proper, peculiar.*

GĒAGL

1. Noun: *jaw, jowl; throat, gullet.*

2. See *gāl* (1).

3. See *gagol* (3).

GĒAGLSWILE

Noun: *swelling of the jaws.*

(GE)ĀGNIAN

Verb: *to own, posses, inherit; to appropriate, arrogate, usurp; to adopt; to enslave; to make over (to).*

(GE)ĀGNIENDLIC

Adjective: *owning, possessive; genitive (case).*

GEĀGNOD

Adjective: *own.*

(GE)ĀGNUNG

Noun: *owning, possession, ownership, acquisition, appropriation; power or dominion over anything.*

GEALĀDL

Noun: *gall-disease, jaundice.*

GĒALĀGĒ

Noun: *yea, amen.*

GEALD

Adverb: *possibly, perhaps.*

GEALG

Adjective: *sad; angry.*

GEALGA

1. Noun: *gallows, gibbet, cross.*

2. Noun: *sadness, melancholy, gloom.*

GEALGMŌD

Adjective: *sad, gloomy; angry, furious.*

GEALGMŌDLĪCE

Adverb: *bitterly.*

GEALGMŌDNESS

Noun: *gloominess, sullenness.*

GEALGTRĒOW

Noun: *gallows-tree, gallows, cross.*

GEALLA

Noun: *gall, bile; fretted or galled place on the skin.*

GEALLĀDL

Noun: *melancholia; jaundice.*

GEALLEDE

Adjective: *fretted, galled.*

GEALLIG

Adjective: *acris, tristis.*

GEALPETTAN

Verb: *to boast.*

GEALPETTUNG

Noun: *boastfulness, noisy talking.*

GEALT

Noun: *boar.*

GEAMBIHTAN

Verb: *to serve, minister.*

GĒAN-

Affix: *return, reciprocal action; against, in opposition to; toward so as to meet; repetition.*

GĒAN

1. Adposition: *against, over against, on the opposite side.*

2. See *gēn* (1).

3. See *gēn* (2).

(GE)ANBIDIAN

Verb: *to wait, wait for, await, expect; to stay; to abide.*

(GE)ANBĪDUNG

Noun: *waiting for, expectation; delay; abiding, tarrying.*

GEANBŌC

Noun: *counterpart, duplicate charter.*

GĒANCUMENDE

Adjective: *meeting.*

GĒANCYME

Noun: *meeting.*

GĒANCYRNES

Noun: *meeting; return.*

GĒANCYRR

Noun: *meeting, turning or coming against.*

GĒANCYRRENDLIC

Adjective: *relative.*

(GE)ĀNDAGIAN

Verb: *to appoint a day or term, cite; to adjourn.*

GEANDBYRDAN

Verb: *to oppose, bear or strive against; to resist; to violate.*

GĒANDELE

Adjective: *steep.*

(GE)ANDETNES

Noun: *acknowledgment, confession; praise, thanksgiving; honour, glory; profession.*

(GE)ANDETTAN

Verb: *to acknowledge, give thanks; to confess; to praise; to promise, vow.*

(GE)ANDSPYRIAN

Verb: *to cause to stumble, to offend, scandalize.*

(GE)ANDSWARIAN

Verb: *to answer, respond.*

(GE)ANDWEARD

Adjective: *present, actual, existing; opposite to.*

(GE)ANDWEARDIAN

Verb: *to present, bring before one.*

(GE)ANDWERD

Adjective: *present, actual, existing; opposite to.*

GEANDWLĀTOD

Adjective: *shameless, bold-faced.*

(GE)ANDWYRDAN

Verb: *to answer.*

GĒANDȳNE

Adjective: *steep, arduous.*

GĒANFÆR

Noun: *return, returning, going again.*

GĒANGANG

Noun: *return, going back.*

GĒANGEWRIT

Noun: *rescriptio.*

(GE)ANGIAN

Verb: *to be troubled, afflicted or in anguish.*

(GE)ANGSUMIAN

Verb: *to make anxious or uneasy, afflict, vex; to be solicitous.*

GĒANHWEORFAN

Verb: *to return, turn again.*

GĒANHWORFENNES

Noun: *return.*

GĒANHWURF

Noun: *return, turning again.*

GĒANHWYRFT

Noun: *turning again.*

GEĀNIAN

Verb: *to unite.*

(GE)ĀNLÆCAN

Verb: *to make one, join, unite; to get together, assemble, collect.*

GEANMĒDAN

Verb: *to encourage.*

GĒANNES

Noun: *meeting.*

GĒANOÐ

Noun: *complaint.*

GĒANRYNE

Noun: *meeting; running against.*

GĒANSPRECAN

Verb: *to contradict.*

GEANTALU

Noun: *contradiction, objection, rejoinder, dispute.*

GĒANÐINGIAN

Verb: *to answer, reply, speak again.*

GEANUL

Adjective: *obvious, so as to meet.*

GEANWYRDAN

Verb: *to conspire; to be in agreement.*

GEANWYRDE

Adjective: *known, manifest, acknowledged, confessed.*

GĒAP

1. Adjective: *bent, curved, crooked, vaulted (roof), rounded (mountain), with convex surface; open, wide, broad, wide, extensive, spacious, roomy, steep, lofty, deep; clever, intelligent, astute, crafty, cunning, shrewd, sly, deceitful.*

2. See *gōp.*

GĒAPLIC

Adjective: *crafty, cunning; deceitful.*

GĒAPLĪCE

Adverb: *cleverly, boldly, cunningly; deceitfully.*

GĒAPNEB

Adjective: *arched, with a bent beak, crooked-nibbed; meshed.*

GĒAPNES

Noun: *cleverness, astuteness, cunning.*

GĒAPSCIPE

Noun: *cleverness, astuteness, craft, cunning, trickery, artifice, deceit, fraud.*

GĒAR

Noun: *year; yearly tribute; name of the rune for g.*

GĒARA

Adverb: *once, formerly, long since, of yore.*

GEARBŌT

Noun: *penance lasting a year.*

GEARC

Adjective: *ready, active, quick.*

GEARCIAN

See *(ge)gearcian.*

GEARCUNG

Noun: *preparation, preparing.*

GEARCUNGDÆG

See *(ge)gearcungdæg.*

GĒARCYNING

Noun: *consul, year-king.*

GĒARCYNINGDŌM

Noun: *enclosure, enclosed place; land, yard, garden, region; court, consulate; dwelling, home.*

GEARD

1. Noun: *yard, fence; enclosure, residence, dwelling, home, land, garden, court; hedge.*

2. See *gierd.*

GEARDÆG

Adverb: *formerly, in days of yore.*

GĒARDAGAS

Noun: *days, yore-days, lifetime.*

GEARDSTEALL

Noun: *stack- or cattle-yard.*

GEARDUNG

Noun: *habitation.*

GĒARFÆC

Noun: *space of a year.*

GĒARGEMEARC

Noun: *measurement of time expressed in years.*

GĒARGEMYND

Noun: *yearly commemoration of a person's death.*

GĒARGERIHT

Noun: *yearly due.*

GĒARGERIM

Noun: *numbering by years.*

GĒARGETÆL

Noun: *number of years, age of a person; tale of years.*

GĒARHWAMLĪCE

Adverb: *yearly, annually.*

(GE)ĀRIAN

Verb: *to respect, honour, reverence; to care for, regard, favour; to be merciful to, pardon, spare; to pity; to endow, present.*

(GE)ĀRĪSAN

Verb: *to rise, stand up; to rise together; to be fit, be proper.*

GĒARLANGES

Adverb: *for a year.*

GĒARLIC

Adjective: *yearly, annual.*

GĒARLĪCE

Adverb: *yearly, from year to year.*

GĒARMÆLUM

Adverb: *yearly, year by year.*

GĒARMARCET

Noun: *yearly market, annual fair.*

GEARN

Noun: *yarn, spun wool.*

GEARNWINDE

Noun: *reel, yarn-winder.*

GEARO

1. Adjective: *ready, prepared, equipped, finished, yare.*

2. See *gearwe* (1).

GEAROBRYGD

Noun: *quick movement, prompt vibration; deft playing (of an instrument).*

GEAROFANG

Noun: *grapping hook.*

GEAROFOLM

Adjective: *with ready hand.*

GEAROLĪCE

Adverb: *readily, fully; well, clearly.*

GEAROSNOTOR

Adjective: *very skilful or wise.*

GEAROÐONCOL

Adjective: *very considerate or prudent, ready witted.*

GEAROWITA

Noun: *intellect, understanding.*

GEAROWITOL

Adjective: *sagacious, ready-witted; austere.*

GEAROWITOLNES

Noun: *sagacity.*

GEAROWYRDE

Adjective: *fluent of speech.*

GEAROWYRDIG

Adjective: *ready of speech, speaking with ease or fluency, eloquent.*

GĒARRĪM

Noun: *number of years.*

GĒARRYNE

Noun: *cycle of the year.*

GĒARTORHT

Adjective: *perennially bright, bright with the beauty of spring.*

GĒARÐĒNUNG

Noun: *annual service.*

GEARUGANGENDE

Adjective: *going quickly or swiftly.*

GĒARWÆSTM

Noun: *yearly fruit.*

GEARWE

1. Adverb: *well, certainly, effectually; enough, sufficiently; clearly; very much, utterly, thoroughly, entirely, altogether; readily, quickly, promptly; near.*

2. Noun: *clothing, attire, equipment, trappings; adornment, ornament; harness, armour, arms; pl. furniture; gear for horses.*

3. Noun: *yarrow.*

4. See *gearo* (1).

(GE)ĀRWEORÐIAN

Verb: *to honour, reverence, extol, worship.*

GEĀRWIERÐAN

Verb: *to honour.*

GEARWUNG

See *(ge)gearwung.*

GEARWUNGDÆG

Noun: *day of preparation.*

(GE)ĀSCIAN

Verb: *to ask, inquire, interrogate; to ask for, demand; to seek for, learn by inquiry; to call, summon, announce; to observe, examine; to discover, hear of; to obtain; to experience.*

(GE)ĀSCUNG

Noun: *asking, question, inquiry, inquisition, interrogation; information.*

(GE)ĀSMIRIAN

Verb: *to smear, anoint.*

GEASPIS

Noun: *jasper.*

(GE)ĀSUNDRAN

Verb: *to separate, disjoin, take apart, sunder, divide, sever; to distinguish; to except.*

(GE)ĀSYNDRIAN

Verb: *to separate, disjoin, take apart, divide, sunder, sever; to distinguish; to except.*

GEAT

Noun: *door, gate, opening.*

GĒAT

Noun: *Geat.*

GĒATAN

Verb: *to say yea, confirm, assent to, grant, consent.*

GEATELOD

Adjective: *deformed, misshapen, hideous.*

GĒATISC

Adjective: *of the Geats.*

GEATOLHĪWIAN

Verb: *to make hideous, horrible.*

GEATOLIC

Adjective: *ready, prepared, equipped; adorned, magnificent, splendid, stately.*

GEATTORR

Noun: *gate-tower.*

GEATWAN

Verb: *to make ready, equip, adorn.*

GEATWE

Noun: *trappings, garments, ornaments, arms.*

GEATWEARD

Noun: *gate-ward, door-keeper, porter.*

GĒAÐ

Noun: *foolishness, lightmindedness, mockery; luxury.*

GEBÆC

Noun: *anything baked, bakemeats, baking.*

GEBÆCU

Noun: *back or hinder parts.*

(GE)BÆDAN

Verb: *to force, compel, constrain; to press, urge, impel; to afflict, oppress; to require, solicit, exact; to defile sth.*

GEBÆLCAN

Verb: *to root up.*

GEBÆLDAN

Verb: *to encourage, excite, exhort, embolden, impel; to confirm; to cover, protect; to bind a book.*

GEBĀENE

Noun: *bones.*

GEBĀERAN

Verb: *to bear, bear or conduct one's self, behave, fare.*

GEBÆRDSTĀN

Noun: *Calcisvia.*

GEBĀERE

Noun: *behaviour, bearing, conduct, demeanour, manners; movement, action, gesture; voice, cry.*

(GE)BÆRNAN

Verb: *to consume, burn, burn up, set on fire, kindle (fire); to light; to expose to the action of heat; to cause to give light (lamp); to cauterize.*

GEBĀERNES

Noun: *manner, bearing, behaviour.*

GEBÆRNLĪM

Noun: *quicklime.*

GEBĀTAN

Verb: *(of a horse) to bridle, bit, saddle, spread a covering; to curb, restrain, rein in.*

GEBĀTE

Noun: *bridle, saddle, bit, harness; pl. trappings.*

GEBĀN

Noun: *bones.*

GEBANN

1. Noun: *command, proclamation, edict, ordinance, decree, summons, interdict; indiction (cycle of* 15 *years).*

2. See *gebenn.*

(GE)BANNAN

Verb: *to order, command, summon, proclaim; to summon, call together.*

GEBANNGĒAR

Noun: *indiction-year.*

(GE)BĀSNIAN

Verb: *to await, expect.*

GEBASWIAN

Verb: *to stain red, dye purple or crimson.*

GEBĀTAD

Adjective: *abated.*

(GE)BAÐIAN

Verb: *to wash, lave, bathe; to give baths (to others).*

(GE)BĒACEN

Noun: *sign, token, standard, beacon; audible signal; phenomenon, portent, apparition.*

(GE)BĒACNIAN

Verb: *to show, indicate, point out, make signs, signify, beckon; to signify, denote; to announce, betoken, summon; to nod; to wink.*

GEBĒACNUNG

Noun: *sign, presage.*

GEBĒAGIAN

Verb: *to crown, set a garland on.*

GEBEARDED

Adjective: *bearded; grown up.*

(GE)BEARU

Noun: *wood, grove.*

GEBĒAT

Noun: *blow, beating, scourging.*

(GE)BĒATAN

Verb: *to bear, thrust, pound, strike, dash; to injure, hurt, lash; to tramp, tread, trample, beat with the feet.*

GEBĒCAN

Verb: *to charter; to give or grant by book or charter, furnish with books.*

GEBĒCNENDLĪCE

Adverb: *figuratively.*

(GE)BED

Noun: *petition, prayer, supplication; ordinance, religious service, religious worship.*

GEBEDBIGEN

Noun: *payment for prayers.*

(GE)BEDCLEOFA

Noun: *bed chamber, bed place; closet.*

GEBEDDA

Noun: *consort, wife, husband, bedfellow.*

(GE)BEDDAGAS

Noun: *prayer-days, rogation-days.*

GEBĒDED

Adjective: *compelled, driven.*

GEBEDGIHT

Noun: *evening, prayer-time, bed-time.*

(GE)BEDHŪS

Noun: *chapel, oratory, prayer-house.*

GEBEDIAN

Verb: *to pray, worship.*

GEBEDMANN

Noun: *prayer-man, worshiper, priest.*

(GE)BEDRÆDEN

Noun: *prayer, intercession.*

GEBEDSCIPE

Noun: *marriage, wedlock, cohabitation, bed-fellowship.*

GEBEDSEALM

Noun: *precatory psalm.*

GEBEDSTŌW

Noun: *prayer place, oratory.*

GEBEDTĪD

Noun: *time of prayer.*

GEBĒGNES

Noun: *crookedness.*

(GE)BĒHĀT

Noun: *boast, boastful speech; promise, vow; to command; danger peril; threat.*

GEBELDAN

Verb: *to cover, bind (a book).*

GEBELG

Noun: *offence, anger; arrogance.*

(GE)BELGAN

Verb: *to be or become angry; to provoke, offend, irritate, anger, make angry, incense.*

(GE)BELIMPAN

Verb: *to happen, occur, befall; to concern, regard; to belong to; to conduce to; to befit; to appertain.*

(GE)BĒN

Noun: *petition, request, favour; supplication, prayer, entreaty; deprecation; demand, compulsory service.*

(GE)BENDAN

Verb: *to bend; to fetter, bind, put in bonds.*

GEBENN

Noun: *command, edict.*

(GE)BENNIAN

Verb: *to wound.*

(GE)BĒNSIAN

Verb: *to pray, supplicate, implore.*

(GE)BĒODAN

Verb: *to order, command, decree, summon; to declare, inform, announce, proclaim; to offer, bid; to give, proffer, grant, surrender; to behave; to collect; to threaten; to exact; to inspire; to bode.*

GEBĒOGOL

Adjective: *submissive, obedient, subject; forgiving.*

GEBĒOR

Noun: *guest, guest at a meal, pot-companion.*

GEBEORC

Noun: *barking.*

GEBEORG

Noun: *protection, defence, refuge, safety.*

GEBEORGLIC

Adjective: *fitting, becoming, profitable; safe, prudent, cautious.*

GEBEORHNES

Noun: *refuge.*

GEBEORHSTŌW

Noun: *place of refuge.*

GEBEORHTIAN

Verb: *to brighten, glorify.*

(GE)BEORHTNES

Noun: *clearness, brightness, lightning, splendour; beauty.*

(GE)BEORHTNIAN

Verb: *to become bright, glorify.*

GEBEORMAD

Adjective: *leavened.*

(GE)BĒORSCIPE

Noun: *entertainment, feast, banquet, beer-ship, drinking party.*

(GE)BEORÐOR

Noun: *birth, child-birth, offspring; foetus; child-bearing.*

(GE)BĒOT

Noun: *command; threat, menace; boast, boastful speech; promise, vow; danger, peril.*

(GE)BĒOTIAN

Verb: *to promise, vow; to boast; to threaten.*

(GE)BĒOTLIC

Adjective: *arrogant, boastful, exulting; threatening.*

(GE)BĒOTLĪCE

Adverb: *threateningly; arrogantly, boastingly, vauntingly.*

(GE)BĒOTUNG

Noun: *raging, threatening; boasting.*

(GE)BERAN

Verb: *to bear, carry, bring; to produce, bring forth, carry out; to offer; to take away; to extend; to be situated by birth; to wear; to endure, suffer; to support, sustain.*

GEBERBED

Adjective: *barbed; bordered.*

GEBERED

Adjective: *oppressed, vexed, harassed; crushed, kneaded.*

GEBERST

Noun: *bursting, eruption.*

(GE)BERSTAN

Verb: *to break, burst, crash, crack, dash; to fall; to resound, crash, crack; to fail; to escape.*

GEBĒSMED

Adjective: *bellied (of sails), swelled out by the wind; bent, crooked.*

(GE)BĒTAN

Verb: *make better, improve, ameliorate, restore, reform, repair, amend, cure (medical sense); to make strong, fortify, surround with a wall; to make good, make amends, atone, compensate; to repent of, do penance for sin; to obtain reparation for, avenge; to trim a lamp, kindle or mend a fire.*

GEBĒTENDNES

Noun: *amendment.*

(GE)BETERIAN

Verb: *to make better, improve, ameliorate, excel; to trim (lamp).*

(GE)BETERUNG

Noun: *making better, improvement, ameliorating, amending.*

GEBĒTUNG

Noun: *maintenance, bettering, repairing, restoring, amending, renewing.*

(GE)BEÐIAN

Verb: *to heat, warm; to wash, bathe; to foment; to cherish; to immerse.*

GEBIDDAN

Verb: *to ask, beg; to pray, worship, adore.*

(GE)BĪCNENDLIC

Adjective: *allegorical, mystical; indicative, pointing out; indicative (grammar).*

(GE)BĪCNIGEND

Noun: *discover, discloser, informer; indicator, index; forefinger.*

(GE)BĪCNUNG

Noun: *beckoning, nodding; sign, token, symbol, figure, trope; figurative speech, speaking by tropes or figures.*

(GE)BĪDAN

Verb: *to live; to stay, remain, continue, tarry; to wait for, await, look for, expect; to delay; to meet with; to find; to experience, endure, undergo, abide; to obtain, attain, reach; to possess.*

(GE)BĪEGAN

Verb: *to bend, turn, bow, bow down, crush; to incline, recline; to turn back; to press down, depress, subdue, bring under; to humble, humiliate, abase; to inflect or decline a part of speech; to subject; to persuade; to convert; to settle.*

(GE)BIELDAN

Verb: *to encourage, excite, impel, exhort; to confirm.*

GEBIERHTAN

Verb: *to brighten, illuminate, enlighten; to shine; to celebrate, glorify; to make beautiful.*

GEBĪGEDNES

Noun: *inflection, declension, case; bending, declining.*

GEBĪGENDNES

Noun: *inflection, declension, case; bending, declining.*

(GE)BĪGNES

Noun: *bending, bowing, winding; declining; declension, case.*

GEBILD

Adjective: *confident, brave, bold, courageous.*

GEBILOD

Adjective: *having a bill, snout or nib.*

GEBIND

Noun: *fastening, binding, fetter; constipation, costiveness; bind (measure).*

(GE)BINDAN

Verb: *to bind, tie, tie up, fasten, fetter, restrain; to deceive; to adorn.*

GEBIRG

Noun: *taste.*

GEBIRGAN

Verb: *to eat, taste.*

(GE)BISCEOPIAN

Verb: *to confirm.*

(GE)BISENIAN

Verb: *to give or set an example, instruct by example, exemplify; to model; to serve as model, to inform.*

(GE)BISENUNG

Noun: *pattern, example.*

(GE)BISGIAN

Verb: *to occupy, employ, busy; to fatigue, afflict, agitate, vex, weaken, trouble, oppress, harass; to overcome; to destroy.*

(GE)BISMERIAN

Verb: *to laugh at, mock, deride, irritate; to revile, provoke, ill-treat; to reproach, blaspheme.*

(GE)BISMERUNG

Noun: *mockery, scorn; blasphemy, infamy; deceit.*

GEBISNERE

Noun: *imitator.*

(GE)BĪTAN

Verb: *to bite, tear; to cut, wound; to dash down.*

(GE)BITERIAN

Verb: *to make bitter; to be or become bitter.*

GEBITT

Noun: *biting, biting together, gnashing, grinding.*

GEBLÆCAN

Verb: *to disfigure; to make pale.*

GEBLÆDAN

Verb: *to puff up, inflate.*

(GE)BLÆDFÆST

Adjective: *prosperous, fruitful, flourishing, glorious.*

GEBLÆDFÆSTNES

Noun: *prosperity, success.*

(GE)BLAND

Noun: *mixture, blending, mingling; confusion, commotion.*

(GE)BLANDAN

Verb: *to mix, blend, mingle; to colour, stain; to disturb, trouble; to corrupt; to infect, prepare with harmful ingredients.*

(GE)BLĀWAN

Verb: *to blow, inflate, breath; to be blown; to aspire; to sound; to flame.*

GEBLĀWAN

Verb: *to kindle, inflame; to spit.*

GEBLECTE

Adjective: *destroyed.*

GEBLEGENOD

Adjective: *blistered, having blains.*

(GE)BLĒO

Noun: *colour, hue; form, appearance, complexion; blue or azure colour.*

GEBLĒOD

Adjective: *beautiful; coloured, variegated.*

(GE)BLĒTSIAN

Verb: *to bless; to ordain, consecrate, hallow, call holy; to give thanks, adore, extol; to sign with the cross; to prosper; to favour, benefit; to pronounce or make happy.*

GEBLINDFELLIAN

Verb: *to blind; to blindfold, cover the face or eyes.*

(GE)BLINNAN

Verb: *to cease, desist, leave off; to rest from; to lose, forfeit; to be vacant (bishopric).*

(GE)BLISSIAN

Verb: *to be glad, rejoice, exult; to make happy, gladden, delight, applaud, fill with bliss; to endow; to bless.*

(GE)BLĪÐE

1. Adjective: *glad, joyous, cheerful, blithe, merry; pleasant; gentle, kind, mild, friendly, agreeable, sweet; gracious, well-disposed, willing; quiet, calm, peaceful.*

2. Adverb: *joyfully, gladly; kindly, mildly.*

(GE)BLĪÐIAN

Verb: *to make glad.*

(GE)BLŌDGIAN

Verb: *to make or become bloody; to be blood thirsty; to cover with blood.*

(GE)BLŌT

Noun: *sacrifice.*

GEBLŌTSIAN

Verb: *to bless.*

(GE)BLŌWAN

1. Verb: *to blow; to bloom, blossom, flourish, flower.*

2. See *(ge)blāwan.*

(GE)BŌCIAN

Verb: *to book; to grant by book, charter, supply with books.*

(GE)BOD

Noun: *command, order, mandate, edict; order of the Deity; message, preaching, precept.*

(GE)BODIAN

Verb: *to tell, make known, announce, proclaim, publish; to preach; to foretell, prophesy; to boast; to promise.*

(GE)BODSCIPE

Noun: *command, message; embassy.*

(GE)BŌGIAN

Verb: *to dwell, inhabit, occupy land; to possess.*

GEBOLSTRIAN

Verb: *to support with pillows, prop up.*

GEBŌNIAN

Verb: *to ornament.*

GEBORGA

Noun: *protector, guardian.*

(GE)BORHFÆSTAN

Verb: *to pledge, fasten or bind by a pledge or surety; to determine.*

GEBŌSMED

Adjective: *bent, crooked, bosomed.*

GEBŌTAD

Adjective: *bettered, mended.*

GEBRÆC

Noun: *sound, noise, breaking, crashing, clamour.*

(GE)BRĀC

Noun: *cough, catarrh; rheum.*

(GE)BRĀCDRENC

Noun: *cough medicine, medicine for the windpipe; drink for epilepsy.*

(GE)BRĀCSĒOC

Adjective: *epileptic; mad, delirious, frantic, lunatic.*

(GE)BRĀDAN

Verb: *to make broad, broaden, extend, enlarge, increase; to spread, stretch out; to rise, grow; to cherish, nourish; to warm; to cook, bake, toast, roast, broil.*

(GE)BRÆGDEN

Adjective: *cunning, crafty, deceitful.*

(GE)BRÆGDENLĪCE

Adverb: *cunningly, deceitfully.*

GEBRÆCSĒOCNES

Noun: *epilepsy.*

GEBRÆGDNYS

Noun: *craft, deceit.*

GEBRASTL

Noun: *crackling sound.*

GEBREADIAN

Verb: *to regenerate, restore the flesh or body.*

(GE)BRECAN

Verb: *to break, tear, crush, shatter, burst, break up, destroy, demolish; to bruise; to curtail, oppress; to injure, violate; to tame, subdue; to press, urge, force; to interrupt, break into, storm,*

capture (city); to break or crash through, burst forth, spring out; to retch; to make a noise or crash; to sail; to intersect.

(GE)BRECNES

Noun: *breach.*

GEBREDAN

Verb: *to draw, unsheathe, brandish; to inspire, take breath, draw breath; to weave, plait; to pretend, feign.*

(GE)BRĒDAN

1. Verb: *to move quickly, shake, vibrate; to bend, weave, swing; to pull, draw, pluck; to drag; to join together, bind, knot, knit, braid; to colour; to vary, change, turn into, transform.*

2. See *(ge)brædan.*

GEBRĒFAN

Verb: *to write down shortly, state briefly, epitomize.*

GEBREGD

Noun: *quick movement; agitation, tossing; change; fabric.*

GEBREGDAN

Verb: *to take away, pull out, draw, withdraw, unsheathe; to breathe, draw breath; to pretend, feign; to scheme; to bind, knot; to bring a charge against a person, braid.*

GEBREGDNES

Noun: *suddenness of movement or action; dread.*

(GE)BRĒMAN

Verb: *to celebrate, honour, extol; to fulfil, respect.*

(GE)BRENGAN

1. Verb: *to bring, bear, carry, lead; to produce, bring forth; to adduce.*

2. See *(ge)bringan.*

(GE)BRENGNES

Noun: *support, food; offering, oblation.*

(GE)BRĒOWAN

Verb: *to brew.*

(GE)BRĪDLIAN

Verb: *to bridle, restrain, curb.*

(GE)BRINGAN

Verb: *to bring, bear, carry, lead; to produce, bring forth; to offer, present; to adduce.*

GEBRITTAN

Verb: *to exhibit; to give; to break, crumble.*

(GE)BRĪWAN

Verb: *to cook; to make a poultice.*

GEBROC

Noun: *affliction, misery, trouble, adversity, tribulation; labour, toil; care; sickness, disease, malady; breaking, breach; fragment.*

GEBRŌC

Noun: *sorrow, affliction.*

(GE)BROCIAN

Verb: *to molest, afflict, oppress, injure, hurt, vex; to blame; to break up.*

(GE)BROGNE

Noun: *bough, bush.*

(GE)BROSNIAN

Verb: *to decay, wither, perish, be corrupted, rot; to fall to pieces, crumble; to corrupt.*

GEBROSNODLIC

Adjective: *corruptible; corrupted; transitory, perishable.*

(GE)BROSNUNG

Noun: *decay, corruption, ruin.*

GEBROT

Noun: *fragment, broken material.*

(GE)BRŌÐOR

Noun: *brother; fellowman, monk.*

GEBRŌÐORSCIPE

Noun: *brotherhood, fraternity.*

GEBRŌÐRU

Noun: *brethren, brothers.*

(GE)BRYCE

1. Noun: *breaking, breach, rupture, fracture; fragment; infringement, violation; brick, tile.*

2. Adjective: *fragile, breakable, brittle; worthless; fleeting.*

3. Noun: *use, service; advantage, profit, gain, enjoyment; fruit.*

(GE)BRŸCIAN

Verb: *to use, enjoy; to profit, benefit; to do good.*

(GE)BRŸCSIAN

Verb: *to use, enjoy; to profit, benefit.*

GEBRYDDAN

Verb: *to frighten, terrify.*

GEBRŸDIAN

Verb: *to marry.*

(GE)BRYIDAN

Verb: t*o take; to seize property improperly held by another.*

(GE)BRYRDNES

Noun: *stimulation, incitement, instigation, compunction; pricking, goading.*

(GE)BRŸSAN

Verb: *to bruise, crush, pound; to season.*

GEBRŸSEDNES

Noun: *bruising, crushing.*

(GE)BRŸTAN

Verb: *to break, crush, bruise, pound, destroy.*

(GE)BRYTNIAN

Verb: *to divide, dispense, distribute, administer, parcel out; to spend.*

(GE)BRYTSEN

Noun: *fragment.*

GEBRYTSNIAN

Verb: *to enjoy; to possess.*

(GE)BRYTTIAN

Verb: *to divide, distribute, dispense, grant a share of; to possess, enjoy the use of; to rule over.*

(GE)BŪAN

Verb: *to live, dwell, inhabit; to stay, lie (of land); to cultivate; to abide.*

(GE)BŪGAN

1. Verb: *to bend, turn, stoop, bow, bow down, submit, sink, give way; to turn towards, turn away; to revolt; to retire, flee, depart; to join, go over to; to convert.*

2. See *(ge)būan.*

3. See *(ge)bīegan.*

GEBUNDENNES

Noun: *obligation; binding.*

GEBŪNES

Noun: *dwelling, habitation.*

GEBŪR

Noun: *dweller, villain, farmer, husbandman, countryman, peasant.*

(GE)BURHSCIPE

Noun: *neighbourhood, township, civil district.*

GEBUTERIAN

Verb: *to butter.*

GEBȳCNIAN

Verb: *to show, indicate; to beckon.*

(GE)BȳGENDLIC

Adjective: *bending, flexible, pliable; inflectional, declined with cases.*

GEBYGU

Noun: *bend.*

GEBYHT

Noun: *bend, angle, corner; bay, bight.*

GEBYLGAN

Verb: *to provoke, anger, make angry; to cause to swell.*

GEBȳRAN

Verb: *to colonize.*

GEBYRD

1. Noun: *origin, beginning, birth, descent, parentage, family, lineage; offspring, natural; nature, natural quality, race, rank, condition; fate, lot.*

2. Adjective: *burdened.*

3. See *gebearded.*

GEBYRDAN

Verb: *to board, embroider, fringe.*

GEBYRDBODA

Noun: *one who announces a birth.*

GEBYRDDÆG

Noun: *birthday, anniversary of birth.*

GEBYRDE

1. Adjective: *natural, innate, inborn.*

2. See *gebyrd* (1).

3. See *gebearded.*

GEBYRDELĪCE

Adverb: *suitably, orderly; energetically, zealously.*

GEBYRDLIC

Adjective: *harmonious, orderly.*

GEBYRDTĪD

Noun: *birth-time; the day of Christ's birth and the days following up to Twelfth-night.*

GEBYRDWIGLERE

Noun: *astrologer, birth-diviner.*

GEBYRDWĪTEGA

Noun: *astrologer, birth-prophet.*

GEBYRE

Noun: *time, period; opportunity; occurrence.*

GEBYREDLIC

Adjective: *suitable, fitting, convenient, due; congenial.*

GEBYREDLĪCE

Adverb: *conveniently.*

(GE)BYRGAN

Verb: *to hide, bury, inter, cover with a mound, raise a mound.*

GEBYRGEDNES

Noun: *burial.*

GEBYRGEN

1. See *(ge)byrgen.*

2. Noun: *tinipa.*

(GE)BYRGEN

Noun: *burying place, grave, tomb, sepulchre.*

(GE)BYRIAN

1. Verb: *to happen; to belong to, pertain; to fall out; to be concerned with, behove, be incumbent on, be the duty of; to be suitable, appropriate, convenient, befit; to be granted, be allotted to a person or object; to fall to.*

2. See *(ge)byrgan.*

GEBYRMAN

Verb: *to ferment, leaven; to swell up; to be proud.*

GEBYRMED

Noun: *leavened bread.*

GEBYRNOD

Adjective: *furnished with a coat of mail, corsleted.*

GEBYRST

Adjective: *bristly, having bristles.*

GEBYRÐEN

Noun: *what is born, a child.*

(GE)BYTLAN

Verb: *to build, erect.*

GEBYTLU

Noun: *dwelling-place, residence, group of buildings.*

(GE)BYTLUNG

Noun: *building, edifice.*

GECAFSTRIAN

Verb: *to bridle, restrain, curb.*

GECAMP

Noun: *conflict, contest, combat, battle, struggle, warfare; field, plain.*

(GE)CAMPIAN

Verb: *to fight, strive, contend against; to serve as a soldier.*

(GE)CANC

Noun: *mock, jeering, derision, scorn, gibe.*

GECAPITULOD

Adjective: *divided into chapters.*

GECEALCIAN

Verb: *to whiten.*

GECEALFE

Adjective: *great with calf.*

(GE)CĒAPIAN

Verb: *to buy, purchase, obtain by payment, trade, bargain; to endeavour to bribe.*

(GE)CEASTERWARE

Noun: *citizens, townsmen, burghers.*

GECĒLAN

Verb: *(trans.) to cool, refresh, quench or allay (thirst); to revive; (intrans.) to become cold, be refreshed.*

(GE)CĒLNES

Noun: *coolness, cool air, breeze.*

(GE)CEMBAN

Verb: *to comb.*

GECENENIS

Noun: *delight.*

(GE)CENNAN

Verb: *to produce, create, bring forth, conceive, beget; to declare, prove, give forth (a statement), make known, clear, show oneself; to assign, attribute, give; to choose out, nominate.*

GECENNES

Noun: *calling, summon.*

GECENNICE

Noun: *genetrix.*

(GE)CEORFAN

Verb: *to cut, tear, cut off, cut out, carve; to cut down; to slay, behead, engrave.*

(GE)CEORIAN

Verb: *to complain; to murmur.*

(GE)CEORLIAN

Verb: *to marry, take a husband.*

GECEORRAN

Verb: *to turn, change, convert, be converted; to turn oneself; to go, come, proceed, turn back, return; to regard; to translate; to persuade; to agree to; to submit, make to submit; to reduce.*

(GE)CĒOSAN

Verb: *to choose, select, seek out, elect; to decide; to accept, approve; to prove, test, try.*

GECĒOSENDLĪC

Adjective: *to be chosen.*

(GE)CĒOWAN

Verb: *to chew, gnaw; to eat, consume.*

GECĪD

Noun: *debate, contention, strife, altercation, quarrel; reproof, chiding.*

(GE)CĪDAN

Verb: *to contend, dispute, strive, quarrel; to reprove, complain, blame, chide.*

(GE)CĪEGAN

Verb: *to call, name, call out; to exclaim, cry out; to call upon, convene, summon, call forth, invoke; to provoke, incite; to invite; to bid; to obey.*

(GE)CIERRAN

Verb: *to turn, convert, change, be converted; to go, proceed, come; to return, turn oneself, turn back; to regard; to translate; to persuade; to agree to; to submit; to reduce.*

GECIERREDNES

Noun: *conversion, turning; entrance; admission; going to a place, the going of a monk to a monastery.*

(GE)CIERRING

Noun: *turning, conversion, changing.*

GECĪGEDNES

Noun: *calling, summons; name, appellation.*

GECĪGENDLIC

Adjective: *calling, addressing, vocative.*

GECĪGNES

Noun: *calling, summons, invocation; name; entreaty.*

(GE)CĪGUNG

Noun: *calling, invocation, naming.*

GECILLED

Adjective: *made cool.*

(GE)CLÆMAN

Verb: *to smear, plaster, caulk, anoint.*

(GE)CLÆNSIAN

Verb: *to cleanse; to purify, chasten, cleanse from sin; to clear out, purge; to justify, clear oneself, prove innocent of a charge.*

(GE)CLÆNSUNG

Noun: *cleansing; purifying, chastening; purity, chastity; castigation, expiation.*

GECLĀÐIAN

Verb: *to clothe.*

GECLIBS

Noun: *clamour, outcry.*

(GE)CLIFIAN

Verb: *to adhere, stick, cleave.*

(GE)CLIPIAN

Verb: *to speak, to call; to call upon, summon, invoke; cry out; implore, cry to.*

(GE)CLIPUNG

Noun: *call, claim, appeal, words of address; crying, clamour, prayer; articulation.*

GECLOFA

Noun: *duplicate charter, counterpart.*

GECLŪTOD

Adjective: *clouted; patched, nailed.*

(GE)CLYCCAN

Verb: *to clutch, clench; to bend, incurve.*

GECLYFT

Adjective: *cleft, split.*

(GE)CLYPPAN

Verb: *to clip; to embrace, clasp; to surround, enclose; to grip; to prize, honour; to cherish.*

GECNÆWE

Adjective: *conscious, aware, cognizant of, knowing, acknowledging; known, notorious, manifest.*

GECNĀWAN

Verb: *to know, perceive, understand; to recognise, be acquainted with; to acknowledge, ascertain; to declare, make known*

GECNĀWNES

Noun: *acknowledgement.*

(GE)CNĒATIAN

Verb: *to argue, dispute, contend.*

GECNEORD

Adjective: *eager, zealous; intent, diligent.*

(GE)CNEORDLÆCAN

Verb: *to study, examine; to apply oneself to learning, be diligent, endeavour earnestly.*

GECNEORDLĪC

Adjective: *diligent.*

(GE)CNEORDNES

Noun: *study, diligence; invention; zeal.*

GECNĒORENES

Noun: *generation, ancestry; descent, genealogy; race.*

GECNĒOWIAN

Verb: *to bend the knee, kneel.*

(GE)CNŌDAN

Verb: *to attribute, assign to, load with; to impute.*

GECNOS

Noun: *collision.*

(GE)CNUCIAN

Verb: *to knock; to beat, pound.*

GECNYCC

Noun: *bond.*

(GE)CNYCCAN

Verb: *to bind, tie.*

GECNYCLAN

Verb: *to bend, crook.*

GECNYCLED

Adjective: *bent, crooked, knuckled.*

(GE)CNYLLAN

Verb: *to toll a bell, knell; to strike, knock, clap.*

(GE)CNYSSAN

Verb: *to press; to beat, strike, dash, crash, hew to pieces; to toss; to trouble, oppress; to overcome, overwhelm.*

(GE)CNYTTAN

Verb: *to bind, tie, fasten; to knit; to add, annex, append.*

GECŌCNIAN

Verb: *to season food.*

GECŌCSIAN

Verb: *to cook, fry, roast.*

(GE)CŌLIAN

Verb: *to cool, be or grow cold.*

GECOLLENFERHTAN

Verb: *to make empty or void, render desolate.*

GECŌP

Adjective: *fit, proper.*

GECŌPLIC

Adjective: *fit, proper.*

GECŌPLĪCE

Adverb: *well, fitly; readily.*

GECOR

Noun: *choice, decision.*

GECORDED

Adjective: *having a cord.*

(GE)COREN

Adjective: *fit; chosen, choice, elect; dear, precious.*

GECORĒNIAN

Verb: *to crown.*

GECORENLIC

Adjective: *elegant; choice.*

GECORENLĪCE

Adverb: *elegantly; choicely.*

(GE)CORENNES

Noun: *choice, election; goodness.*

(GE)CORENSCIPE

Noun: *election; excellence.*

GECOSPED

Adjective: *fettered.*

GECOSPENDE

Adjective: *fettered.*

(GE)COST

Adjective: *tried, prove; chosen; excellent.*

(GE)COSTIAN

Verb: *try, prove, test; to try, tempt; to examine; to afflict, vex.*

GECOSTNES

Noun: *proving, trial, temptation.*

(GE)COSTUNG

Noun: *tribulation; testing, temptation; trial.*

GECOW

Noun: *what is chewed, food.*

(GE)CRÆFTAN

Verb: *to bring about, contrive, exercise a craft; to build.*

GECRÆFTGIAN

Verb: *to strengthen, make powerful.*

(GE)CRAMMIAN

Verb: *to cram, stuff.*

(GE)CRĀWAN

Verb: *to crow.*

(GE)CRĒOPAN

Verb: *to creep, crawl.*

(GE)CRIMMAN

Verb: *to put in, insert, stuff, cram.*

(GE)CRINGAN

Verb: *to fall, sink, yield; to die.*

(GE)CRĪSTNIAN

Verb: *to christianise, catechize, baptize.*

(GE)CROCED

Adjective: *saffron-coloured.*

GECRŌCOD

Adjective: *crooked, bent.*

GECROD

Noun: *crowd.*

GECROGED

Adjective: *saffron-hued.*

GECRYMIAN

Verb: *to crumble.*

GECRYMPAN

Verb: *to curl, crimp.*

(GE)CRYPPAN

Verb: *to bend, crook (finger); to close (hand).*

(GE)CUMAN

Verb: *to go, come, approach, get to, attain, arrive; to come together, assemble; to come to, recover; to depart, escape from; to become, get converted.*

(GE)CUNNAN

Verb: *to know, be or become acquainted with, be thoroughly conversant with; to know, know how to, be able to, can; to have power; to express (thanks); to have carnal knowledge.*

(GE)CUNNIAN

Verb: *to search into, seek for, explore, investigate; to try to know, attempt; to enquire, ascertain; to try, test, prove; to experience; to afflict, vex.*

(GE)CŪÐ

Adjective: *known, usual, noted, well-known, famous; related, familiar, friendly, intimate; known, plain; certain; manifest; excellent.*

(GE)CŪÐIAN

Verb: *to become known, take knowledge of, regard.*

(GE)CŪÐLÆCAN

Verb: *to make known; to make friends with.*

GECWEALMBÆRAN

Verb: *to torture, kill.*

GECWEALMFUL

Adjective: *pernicious.*

(GE)CWECCAN

Verb: *to move, shake, swing, vibrate; to give up, shake off.*

GECWED

Noun: *declaration; appointment.*

GECWEDFÆSTEN

Noun: *appointed fast.*

GECWEDRÆDEN

Noun: *agreement, contract; statute; conspiracy.*

GECWEDRÆDNES

Noun: *agreement, covenant.*

GECWEDSTŌW

Noun: *appointed or meeting place.*

(GE)CWELLAN

Verb: *to kill, murder, execute.*

(GE)CWĒMAN

Verb: *to please, satisfy, gratify; to propitiate; to serve, comply with, be obedient to.*

(GE)CWĒME

Adjective: *pleasant, pleasing, grateful, agreeable, acceptable; fit, suitable, convenient.*

GECWĒMEDLIC

Adjective: *pleasing, satisfying; well pleased; suitable.*

(GE)CWĒMEDNES

Noun: *satisfaction, contentment, pleasure.*

(GE)CWĒMING

Noun: *satisfaction, pleasing, complaisance.*

(GE)CWĒMLIC

Adjective: *pleasing, agreeable, satisfying; fit, suitable.*

(GE)CWĒMLĪCE

Adverb: *satisfactorily, agreeably, acceptably, graciously, kindly; humbly; fitly, suitably, conveniently.*

(GE)CWĒMNES

Noun: *satisfaction, pleasure; mitigation, appeasing.*

(GE)CWĒMSUM

Adjective: *agreeable, pleasing.*

(GE)CWEÐAN

Verb: *to say, tell, speak, pronounce, call, name, proclaim, declare, announce; to order, give orders; to propose, offer; to agree, settle; to consider, regard.*

(GE)CWICIAN

Verb: *to quicken; to create, come to life.*

GECWICUNG

Noun: *restoration of life.*

GECWIDE

Noun: *word, phrase, sentence, opinion, argument, declaration, proposal, speech, discourse, command, proverb, homily; will, testament; decision, agreement, condition, decree, enactment, judgement.*

(GE)CWIELMAN

Verb: *to afflict, torment, punish, mortify; to destroy, kill.*

(GE)CWILDFUL

Adjective: *deadly, pernicious.*

GECWIS

Noun: *conspiracy; consent.*

(GE)CWȳSAN

Verb: *to crush, squeeze, quash; to shake; to dash against, bruise.*

GECȳFT

Noun: *meeting.*

GECYNDBŌC

Noun: *Genesis.*

(GE)CYND

Noun: *origin, nature; generation, birth offspring; nakedness; race, species; nature, kind, sort; place by nature; property, quality, character.*

GECYNDE

Adjective: *natural, innate, inborn; genial; proper, fitting; rightful, lawful.*

(GE)CYNDELIC

Adjective: *natural, innate, inherent; generative; suitable, proper; kindly; lawful.*

(GE)CYNDELĪCE

Adverb: *naturally, inherently.*

GECYNDESPRÆC

Noun: *natural speech, idiom.*

GECYNDLIM

Noun: *womb, birth-limb; in plural, sexual organs, genitalia (male), vulva, uterus (female), symbol of indecency.*

GECYNDNES

Noun: *nation; produce, increase.*

(GE)CYNEHELMIAN

Verb: *to crown.*

GECYNNESS

Noun: *generation.*

(GE)CȳPAN

Verb: *to buy, purchase; to sell; to traffic, barter.*

GECȳPE

Adjective: *for sale.*

GECYRNLAD

Adjective: *having kernels.*

GECYRNOD

Adjective: *rough, jagged, granulated.*

GECYRTAN

Verb: *to shorten, cut off.*

(GE)CYRTENLÆCAN

Verb: *to beautify, make lovely or elegant; to make sweet.*

(GE)CYSPAN

Verb: *to bind, fetter.*

(GE)CYSSAN

Verb: *to kiss.*

(GE)CȳÐAN

Verb: *to tell, relate, make know, manifest; to inform, announce, proclaim, give notice, report; to show, reveal, declare, confess, testify; to prove; to perform, practise, exercise; to make celebrated, renowned, famed.*

GECȳÐEDNES

Noun: *testimony.*

GECȳÐIG

Adjective: *knowing, aware of, cognizant.*

(GE)CȳÐLÆCAN

Verb: *to become known.*

(GE)CȳÐNES

Noun: *testimony, manifestation, testament; witness; testament (of the scriptures); knowledge; acquaintance.*

(GE)CȳÐÐ

Noun: *place, region, country; home, native land; relation, relationship, kinship, familiarity, kith; acquaintance, neighbours; knowledge, familiarity.*

(GE)DÆFTAN

Verb: *to prepare, make ready, put in order, arrange.*

GEDÆFTE

Adjective: *gentle, mild, meek.*

GEDÆFTELĪCE

Adverb: *gently, mildly; in a fitting manner, suitably; in moderation, in season.*

GEDÆFTU

Noun: *gentleness, meekness.*

(GE)DĀLAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, part; to distribute, share, deal, dole, partake, impart, dispense, hand over to; to spend; to take part in; to spread, diffuse, bestow; to separate, split up, break up, torn to pieces; to part, depart.*

GEDĀLEDLĪCE

Adverb: *apart, separately.*

GEDÆMAN

Verb: *to obstruct, dam.*

GEDÆRSTED

Adjective: *leavened, fermented.*

GEDAFEN

1. Noun: *what is due or fitting.*

2. Adjective: *fit, suitable, proper, becoming.*

GEDAFENES

Noun: *in time of fitness.*

GEDAFENIAN

Verb: *to be fit, seemly or becoming, befit, behove, beseem.*

GEDAFENIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *suitably, agreeably, conformably; consequently.*

GEDAFENLIC

Adjective: *fit, suitable, proper, right, convenient, decent, becoming, agreeable; due.*

GEDAFENLĪCE

Adverb: *fitly, properly, becomingly; justly.*

(GE)DAFENLICNES

Noun: *fit time, opportunity; convenience, decency.*

GEDAFNIENDLIC

Adjective: *fit, suitable, proper, right, convenient, becoming, agreeable.*

(GE)DĀL

Noun: *division, separation, parting; distribution, sharing, giving out; difference, distinction; destruction; portion, share, lot; allotment; destiny.*

GEDĀLLAND

Noun: *partible land, land belonging to several proprietors, land under joint ownership.*

GEDĒAD

Adjective: *dead.*

(GE)DĒADIAN

Verb: *to die.*

(GE)DĒAGIAN

Verb: *to colour, dye.*

GEDĒAÐIAN

Verb: *to kill.*

GEDĒAW

Adjective: *dewy, bedewed.*

(GE)DĒCAN

Verb: *to smear, daub, plaster.*

GEDĒFE

1. Adjective: *fit, suitable, proper, convenient, becoming, seemly; good, kindly, gentle, mild, agreeable, benevolent, quiet, meek; decent, righteous; staid, sober.*

2. Adverb: *becomingly, decently.*

3. Noun: *what is seemly; seemliness.*

GEDĒFELIC

Adjective: *fit, suitable, proper, becoming; honest, decent.*

GEDĒFELĪCE

Adverb: *fitly, suitably, properly, becomingly.*

GEDĒFLIC

Adjective: *fit, proper, convenient, becoming.*

GEDĒFNES

Noun: *gentleness, quietness, mildness.*

GEDELF

Noun: *hole, excavation, digging, quarry, delving, ditch, trench, canal.*

(GE)DĒMAN

Verb: *to determine, decide, ordain, decree, sentence, judge, deem, condemn, doom, censure; to think, consider, estimate, reckon, examine, compute; to prove; to assign, settle; to tell, declare; to praise, glorify.*

(GE)DĒON

Verb: *to suck.*

(GE)DĒOPIAN

Verb: *to deepen, become or get deep.*

(GE)DĒORAN

Verb: *to hold dear, love, endear, glorify.*

(GE)DEORF

Noun: *labour, difficulty, hardship, trouble, danger; trouble, tribulation, affliction.*

(GE)DEORFAN

Verb: *to labour, exert oneself, do hard work; to perish, be wrecked, be destroyed; to be in peril.*

GEDEORFLĒAS

Adjective: *prosperous, without effort or labour, free from trouble.*

GEDEORFNES

Noun: *trouble, tribulation.*

GEDEORFSUM

Adjective: *afflictive, troublesome, grievous.*

GEDEORSTERLĪCE

Adverb: *daringly, boldly; rashly.*

GEDEREDNES

Noun: *injury, hurt.*

GEDERIAN

Verb: *to hurt, injure.*

GEDĒÐAN

Verb: *to kill, mortify.*

(GE)DĪCIAN

Verb: *to make a dike, mound or bank.*

(GE)DĪEGLAN

Verb: *to cover, hide, hide oneself, conceal; to make private; to separate, detach; to lie hid.*

(GE)DĪEGOLLĪCE

Adverb: *secretly; softly (of the voice).*

(GE)DIERNAN

Verb: *to hide, conceal, keep secret; to hide oneself; to restrain, repress.*

GEDĪGAN

Verb: *to endure, carry through, overcome, survive; to pass through, escape; to endure, tolerate; to profit, benefit, do good.*

GEDĪGLIC

Adjective: *hidden, secret.*

GEDIHT

Noun: *composition, piece of writing, literary work.*

(GE)DIHTAN

Verb: *to dispose, put in order, arrange, conspire; to compose, write; to construct; to order, direct, appoint; to order, manage, regulate, rule; to do, make, perform; to adorn, deck; to dictate (what is to be written).*

(GE)DIHTNIAN

Verb: *to arrange, dispose, appoint; to direct, dictate, impose; to compose, write; to do, make.*

(GE)DIHTNUNG

Noun: *ordering, disposition, regulation; dispensation.*

(GE)DĪLEGIAN

Verb: *to destroy, abolish, erase, blot out; to perish.*

GEDOF

Noun: *nonsense, absurdity, stupidity.*

(GE)DOLGIAN

Verb: *to wound.*

GEDŌN

Verb: *to do, make, act, perform; to put, place; to put or bring into a position or relation; to make, cause, effect; to take (from, to or away); to give, confer, bestow; to expend; to consider, esteem; to observe, keep; to arrive at, reach a place; to halt, encamp, cast anchor; to reduce; to commit sin or crime*

(GE)DRĀFAN

Verb: *to drive, drive out, push, urge; to trouble.*

GEDRÆG

Noun: *band, multitude, tumult; assembly, concourse, what is drawn together.*

(GE)DRAGAN

Verb: *to go, drag; to draw; to extend, protract.*

(GE)DRECCAN

Verb: *to irritate, annoy; to afflict, trouble, oppress, torment, vex; to provoke; to injure, destroy.*

(GE)DRECCEDNES

Noun: *affliction, tribulation.*

(GE)DRECCUNG

Noun: *affliction, tribulation.*

(GE)DRĒFAN

Verb: *to disturb, disquiet, offend, annoy; to agitate, stir up, excite; to afflict, trouble, vex.*

GEDRĒFEDLIC

Adjective: *troublesome, oppressive; thick, dense (of darkness).*

(GE)DRĒFEDNES

Noun: *disorder, disquiet, disturbance, distress, anxiety; affliction, trouble, tribulation, offense, vexation; confusion; scandal.*

(GE)DRĒFEND

Noun: *disturber, turbulent person.*

GEDRĒFNES

Noun: *disturbance; confusion; tempest.*

GEDREHTNES

Noun: *affliction, contrition.*

GEDRĒOG

1. Noun: *dressing, something used in preparing material for use; seemly or orderly behaviour; gravity.*

2. Adjective: *fit, suitable; gentle, quiet, orderly, tame; serious, sober.*

3. Noun: *retiring, modesty.*

GEDREOG

Noun: *rubbing.*

(GE)DRĒOGAN

Verb: *to do, work, perform, act, labour, commit, perpetrate, fulfil, take part in, conduct; to pass life, lead (a certain) life; to experience, bear, suffer, endure, sustain, tolerate; to fight; to accomplish, finish; to be busy, be employed; to enjoy; to do battle, wage war.*

GEDRĒOGLÆCAN

Verb: *to arrange, regulate, put in order.*

GEDRĒOGLĪCE

Adverb: *carefully, cautiously; discreetly, modestly, humbly, meekly.*

(GE)DRĒOPAN

Verb: *to drop, drip.*

(GE)DRĒOSAN

Verb: *to fall, fall down, fall to pieces, fall together, disappear, sink; to become weak, perish, droop, come to an end, die; to fail, fall in battle; to rush.*

GEDREP

Noun: *blow, stroke.*

(GE)DREPAN

Verb: *to strike, kill; to overcome.*

GEDRETTAN

Verb: *to consume.*

(GE)DRIF

Noun: *fever.*

GEDRĪF

Noun: *drive, tract through which something moves rapidly; what is driven; stubble.*

(GE)DRĪFAN

Verb: *to drive; to force; to drive away, impel, expel, chase, hunt; to thrust; to act impetuously, rush with violence; to carry on, conduct, prosecute, pursue; to do, practise, exercise, follow up; to undergo, suffer, carry out, pursue; to speak of, bring up, agitate, trot out.*

GEDRĪHÐ

Noun: *sobriety, seemliness of behaviour; gravity.*

(GE)DRINC

Noun: *drink, beverage, potion, draught; drinking, cup; carousal.*

GEDRINCA

Noun: *cup-bearer; one who drinks with another; guest, companion.*

(GE)DRINCAN

Verb: *to drink, imbibe, absorb; to swallow up; to quench thirst; to be entertained.*

GEDRINCE

Noun: *drink, beverage, draught; drinking, carousal.*

GEDRĪTAN

Verb: *to defecate.*

(GE)DRŌF

Adjective: *dirty, muddy, swampy, dreggy; turbid, troubled.*

GEDRŌFENLĪC

Adjective: *troublous.*

(GE)DROHTNUNG

Noun: *condition, life, way of life, conduct, actions, reputation; conversation.*

GEDROPA

Noun: *kind of date.*

GEDRORENLIC

Adjective: *transitory, perishable, frail.*

(GE)DRŪGIAN

Verb: *to dry up, become dry, wither.*

(GE)DRUNCNIAN

Verb: *to be or get drunk; to drown, sink.*

GEDRYCNAN

Verb: *to dry up, emaciate.*

GEDRYCNED

Adjective: *dried up, emaciated.*

(GE)DRŸGAN

Verb: *to dry, make dry, dry up, rub dry, wipe; to become dry.*

GEDRYHT

1. See *(ge)dryht.*

2. Noun: *fortune, fate; company, host.*

(GE)DRYHT

Noun: *multitude, band, company; body of retainers, army; people, nation, pl. men.*

GEDRYHTA

Noun: *comrade, fellow-soldier.*

(GE)DRŸME

Adjective: *cheerful, joyous, harmonious, melodious.*

GEDRŸMED

Adjective: *melodious, harmonious, cheerful.*

GEDRYNCNES

Noun: *immersion, dipping, baptism.*

(GE)DRYSNAN

Verb: *to put out, quench, extinguish.*

GEDRYSNIAN

Verb: *to disappear, vanish; to put out, extinguish, quench.*

GEDŪFAN

Verb: *to plunge, dive, duck, sink, be drowned.*

(GE)DWÆS

1. Adjective: *stupid, foolish, dull.*

2. Noun: *clumsy impostor.*

(GE)DWÆSCAN

Verb: *to put out, extinguish; to destroy.*

GEDWÆSMANN

Noun: *fool, silly person.*

(GE)DWILD

Noun: *wandering; error; deception; false opinion, false religion; heresy; spectre; prodigy.*

GEDWILDLIC

Adjective: *false, deceptive.*

GEDWILDMAN

Noun: *heretic.*

GEDWIMERE

Noun: *juggler, sorcerer.*

(GE)DWIMOR

Noun: *illusion; apparition, phantom, ghost; error, delusion; deception; necromancy.*

GEDWIMORLIC

Adjective: *unreal, illusive; visionary.*

GEDWIMORLĪCE

Adverb: *not really, illusorily, fantastically; in appearance only.*

GEDWOL

Adjective: *heretical.*

(GE)DWOLA

Noun: *error, erroneous opinion or doctrine; doubt; madness, madman; heresy; deceiver, heretic, schismatic.*

GEDWOLBISCOP

Noun: *heretical bishop.*

(GE)DWOLCRÆFT

Noun: *magic, occult art, deception; foolish craft.*

GEDWOLEN

Adjective: *erroneous, wrong; perverse; foolish, wanting in understanding.*

GEDWOLENLIC

Adjective: *senseless, foolish.*

GEDWOLFÆR

Noun: *going astray.*

GEDWOLGOD

Noun: *false god, idol or image.*

GEDWOLHRING

Noun: *erroneous cycle.*

(GE)DWOLIAN

Verb: *to deceive, lead astray, seduce; to err, make mistake, go astray; to err, wander (out of the way), stray; to prevent, hinder.*

(GE)DWOLLĪCE

Adverb: *ignorantly, foolishly, stupidly; erroneously, heretical.*

(GE)DWOLMA

Noun: *darkness; chaos, chasm, state or place of confusion.*

(GE)DWOLMAN

Noun: *erring man, impostor, heretic.*

GEDWOLMIST

Noun: *mist of error.*

GEDWOLPÆÐ

Noun: *path leading astray.*

GEDWOLSPRĀEC

Noun: *heretical talk, heresy.*

GEDWOLSUM

Adjective: *misleading; erroneous.*

(GE)DŸFAN

Verb: *to dip, plunge, immerse.*

GEDYHTEDUM

Adverb: *splendidly.*

(GE)DYNE

Noun: *noise, din.*

GEDYNGAN

Verb: *to dung, manure.*

GEDŸPAN

Verb: *to anoint, baptize; to dip.*

GEDYRE

Noun: *door, door post.*

(GE)DYRFAN

Verb: *to afflict, molest, injure; to imperil, endanger.*

GEDŸRSIAN

Verb: *to prize, praise, hold dear, glorify, honour.*

GEDYRST

Noun: *tribulation.*

(GE)DYRSTIG

Adjective: *bold, daringly, audacious, venturesome; rash.*

GEDYRSTIGIAN

Verb: *to dare; to presume.*

GEDYRSTLIC

Adjective: *bold, daring, venturesome, audacious, presumptuous.*

(GE)DYRSTIGLĪCE

Adverb: *boldly, daringly; presumptuously; with temerity.*

(GE)DYRSTIGNES

Noun: *daring, boldness; audacity, rashness, arrogance, presumption, insolence.*

(GE)DYRSTLÆCAN

Verb: *to dare; to presume.*

(GE)DYSGIAN

Verb: *to be foolish, act foolishly; to err, make mistake; to talk foolishly, blaspheme.*

(GE)ĒACNIAN

Verb: *to add, increase, augment, be enlarged; to become pregnant; to produce; to conceive, bring forth.*

(GE)ĒACNUNG

Noun: *increase; conceiving, conception, birth, bringing forth, parturition; what is born.*

(GE)ĒADIGAN

Verb: *to bless; to call blessed; to make happy, count fortunate; to enrich.*

(GE)EAHTIAN

Verb: *to value, estimate, esteem; to consider, meditate, deliberate, deem, consult about; to watch over; to speak of with praise.*

(GE)EAHTUNG

Noun: *estimation, valuation, price; deliberation, counsel.*

(GE)EALDIAN

Verb: *to grow or wax old, decay.*

(GE)EALGIAN

Verb: *to protect, defend.*

GEĒANE

Adjective: *yeaning.*

(GE)ĒANIAN

Verb: *to yean, bring forth (usually lambs).*

(GE)EARDIAN

Verb: *to dwell, inhabit, live; to abide.*

GEEARDUNG

Noun: *tabernacle; living, abode.*

(GE)EARFOÐIAN

Verb: *to trouble.*

(GE)EARGIAN

Verb: *to fear, terrify; to turn coward; to shun.*

(GE)EARNIAN

Verb: *to acquire, earn, win, merit, deserve; to labour for, strive after; to enjoy.*

(GE)ĒARPLÆTTAN

Verb: *to strike on the ear, to box the ear, buffet.*

(GE)ĒARPLÆTTIGAN

Verb: *to buffet, box the ears.*

GEĒASTRIAN

Verb: *to put after Easter.*

(GE)ĒAÐMĒDAN

Verb: *to subdue, humiliate, humble, humble oneself, prostrate oneself; to adore, worship; to deign, condescend.*

(GE)ĒAÐMŌDIAN

Verb: *to humiliate, humble or submit oneself; to obey; to be humble; to condescend, deign, vouchsafe; to worship, adore.*

(GE)EBBIAN

Verb: *to ebb.*

(GE)ECGAN

Verb: *to give an edge, sharpen, harrow.*

GEEDBYRDAN

Verb: *to regenerate, cause to be born again.*

GEEDCENNAN

Verb: *to create; to revive, regenerate, requicken.*

GEEDCĪEGAN

Verb: *to recall.*

GEEDCUCODA

Noun: *man restored to life.*

(GE)EDCWICIAN

Verb: *to recover consciousness, revive, requicken.*

GEEDFRĒOLSIAN

Verb: *to restore to freedom; to re-grant by charter.*

GEEDGYRNAN

Verb: *to seek again; to return to (sth); to recover (sth).*

GEEDHĪWIAN

Verb: *to reform, reshape; to conform.*

(GE)EDHWYRFAN

Verb: *to return; to come to mind, to be remembered; to kick back; to recover, get well.*

GEEDHYRTAN

Verb: *to refresh; to reanimate; to recruit.*

(GE)EDLÆCAN

Verb: *to repeat, renew.*

(GE)EDLÆSIAN

Verb: *to restore.*

GEEDLÆSTAN

Verb: *to repeat.*

GEEDLĒANEND

Noun: *rewarder, remunerator.*

(GE)EDLĒANIAN

Verb: *to repay; to recompense, reward, remit.*

(GE)EDLĒANUNG

Noun: *remuneration, recompense, rewarding; retribution, requital.*

(GE)EDLESENDE

Adjective: *relative, reciprocal.*

GEEDLIAN

Verb: *to renew.*

(GE)EDNĪWIAN

Verb: *to restore, reform, change, renew, renovate, repeat.*

(GE)EDNĪWUNG

Noun: *reparation, restoration; renovation, renewal.*

GEEDSTĀLIAN

Verb: *to restore, reestablish, renew, rebuild; to repeat.*

GEEDSTALIAN

Verb: *to restore.*

(GE)EDSTAÐELIAN

Verb: *to re-establish, restore, repair, rebuild; to repeat.*

(GE)EDSTAÐELIGEND

Noun: *restorer.*

(GE)EDSTAÐELUNG

Noun: *re-establishment, restoration, repair, renewal.*

GEEDÐRĀWEN

Adjective: *twisted back.*

GEEDWISTIAN

Verb: *to support, feed; to make to share.*

(GE)EDWYRPAN

Verb: *to revive, recover, become better; to amend.*

GEEDYPPOL

Adjective: *that is to be reviewed.*

(GE)EFENLĀCAN

Verb: *to be like, equal, match, imitate.*

(GE)EFENLĀCESTRE

Noun: *female imitator.*

(GE)EFENLĀCUNG

Noun: *copying, imitation.*

(GE)EFENLIC

Adjective: *equal, even, comparable to; of like age.*

(GE)EFENLĪCE

Adverb: *equally, evenly, even-like, alike; calmly, patiently.*

(GE)EFENLICIAN

Verb: *to make equal or even, liken; adjust; conform to.*

(GE)EFESIAN

Verb: *to cut, shear, clip, crop, round.*

(GE)EFNAN

1. Verb: *to make even, equal, liken; to match; to level; to compare.*

2. See *(ge)æfnan.*

(GE)EFNETTAN

Verb: *to make even or equal, regulate, level, adjust, square; to imitate; to agree, suit; to compare.*

(GE)EFTBĒTAN

Verb: *to make good again, restore; to renew.*

GEEFTGADRIAN

Verb: *to repeat.*

GEEFTGIAN

Verb: *to restore, strengthen.*

(GE)EGESIAN

Verb: *to frighten, terrify, affright; to threaten.*

GEEGGIAN

Verb: *to incite, urge, egg on, excite.*

(GE)EGLAN

Verb: *to afflict, trouble, grieve, plague, molest, injure, pain.*

GEEGÐAN

Verb: *to harrow.*

GEĒHTAN

Verb: *to acquire, purchase, get by pursuit; to follow, persecute, pursue; to harass, attack.*

(GE)ELNIAN

Verb: *to emulate; to be zealous, strive with zeal after another; to make strong, strengthen, gain strength; to comfort oneself.*

GEELÐĒODGIAN

Verb: *to make strange, alienate; to disturb.*

GEENCGD

Adjective: *anxious; careful.*

GEENDADUNG

Noun: *finishing, consummation.*

(GE)ENDEBYRDAN

Verb: *to set in order, ordain, dispose, place, arrange, adjust; to narrate.*

(GE)ENDEBYRDLĪCE

Adverb: *in order, orderly, in succession.*

(GE)ENDIAN

Verb: *to end, finish; to complete, accomplish; to abolish, destroy; to come to an end, die; to make perfect; to perform, fulfil.*

GEENDODLIC

Adjective: *finite.*

(GE)ENDUNG

Noun: *end, ending, finish; death, end of the world.*

GEENGAN

Verb: *to distress, trouble, vex; to constrain.*

GEENGED

Adjective: *sad, troubled, anxious.*

(GE)EOFOT

Noun: *sin, guilt, crime; debt.*

(GE)ETAN

Verb: *to consume, eat, feed, devour; to eat together.*

(GE)ĒÐIAN

Verb: *to breathe, inspire; to smell.*

(GE)FADIAN

Verb: *to set in order, dispose, arrange, regulate; to guide, direct; to adorn, ornament.*

(GE)FADUNG

Noun: *order, disposition, arranging, arrangement; rule; dispensation; interpretation, version.*

GEFÆD

1. Adjective: *orderly, discreet, well-conducted; calm, composed.*

2. Noun: *order, discretion, decorum.*

GEFÆDERA

Noun: *godfather, male sponsor.*

GEFÆDERE

Noun: *godmother, female sponsor.*

GEFÆDEREN

Adjective: *having the same father.*

GEFÆDLIC

Adjective: *fit, suitable, proper.*

GEFÆDLĪCE

Adverb: *orderly; quietly; craftily.*

GEFÆGE

Adjective: *cheerful; acceptable to; popular with.*

(GE)FÆGEN

Adjective: *fain, glad, joyful, rejoiced, elated.*

GEFÆGNIAN

Verb: *to be glad, rejoice, exult; to make a movement that expresses joy, applaud; to be delighted with; to wish for; to welcome, receive with pleasure, fawn.*

(GE)FÆGNUNG

Noun: *rejoicing, exultation.*

(GE)FÆGRIAN

Verb: *to adorn, decorate; to become fair or beautiful.*

GEFĀLSIAN

Verb: *to cleanse, purify; to expiate, pass through.*

(GE)FĀMNE

Noun: *virgin; woman, maid, damsel.*

(GE)FÆR

Noun: *going, journey, passage, course, march, expedition, life; movement, proceeding; means of subsistence; movable possessions; vessel, ship, ark; highway.*

GEFĀRAN

Verb: *to bring, lead.*

GEFĀREDE

Adjective: *frightened.*

(GE)FÆSTAN

Verb: *to place; to make firm, fast or steadfast, fasten, establish; to commit, entrust; to commend; to abstain from food; to atone for; to shut up; to imprison.*

GEFÆSTEN

Noun: *fast (abstinence from food); sky, firmament.*

(GE)FÆSTIAN

Verb: *to commit, entrust, commend.*

(GE)FÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *certainly; fixedly, steadily, firmly, stoutly; fast; constantly, unceasingly; quickly, vigorously, strictly; verily; but.*

(GE)FÆSTNIAN

1. Verb: *to fasten, bind; to establish, determine, fix; to confirm, ratify; to conclude (peace); to betroth; to bestow upon; to make safe, secure; to imprison.*

2. See *(ge)fæstan.*

(GE)FÆSTNUNG

Noun: *fastening, bond, strengthening; stability; protection, shelter, safety, security; defence; confirmation, ratification; pledge, engagement; exhortation.*

(GE)FĀTAN

Verb: *to cram, put in load, lay as a burden; to adorn, ornament.*

GEFĀTNIAN

Verb: *to fatten, become fat; to anoint.*

GEFÆTTIAN

Verb: *to fatten, grow or become fat; to anoint.*

GEFÆTTIG

Adjective: *fat; rich.*

(GE)FĀGIAN

Verb: *to change or vary colour; to grow dark; to be variegated.*

(GE)FĀH

1. Adjective: *inimical, outlawed, proscribed, hostile, guilty, criminal.*

2. Noun: *enemy, foe; (legal sense) one who is party to a blood-feud.*

(GE)FANDIAN

Verb: *to try, attempt, tempt; to provoke; to examine, test, prove, explore; to seek, search out; to visit, experience.*

(GE)FANGENNES

Noun: *taking, laying hold of; apprehension.*

GEFANGIAN

Verb: *to join, fasten.*

GEFARA

Noun: *(travelling) companion, comrade, traveller.*

GEFARAN

Verb: *to go, set forth, proceed, wander, travel, journey; to come, arrive; to be, exist, happen, act; to occupy; to get on, fare; to undergo, suffer, experience; to die, depart; to attack; to obtain, reach, capture, overcome; to carry out, execute.*

GEFĒA

Noun: *gladness, joy; favour; glory.*

GEFEALD

Noun: *fold; field, enclosure, region, abode.*

(GE)FEALDAN

Verb: *to fold up, wrap, wrap up, roll up, roll about; to join, attach closely; to involve, implicate (oneself in sth), entangle.*

GEFĒALIC

Adjective: *joyous, pleasant, delightful.*

GEFĒALĪCE

Adverb: *joyously.*

(GE)FEALLAN

Verb: *to fall; to stumble; to perish, fall, die; to overthrow; to be ruined; to decline, decay, fail; to inflict (on), attack; to flow; to reach by falling; to cause by falling.*

GEFĒANES

Noun: *joy.*

GEFEARHSUGU

Noun: *sow in farrow.*

(GE)FĒAWNES

Noun: *fewness, paucity.*

GEFEAXE

Adjective: *haired, having hair.*

GEFEAXODE

Adjective: *haired, having hair.*

(GE)FECCAN

Verb: *to bring, fetch; to bring to; to seek; to take; to get, obtain, gain; to draw; to seize.*

(GE)FĒDAN

Verb: *to feed, nourish; to sustain, support, bring up, foster, suckle; to produce, bear, bring forth.*

GEFĒG

Noun: *joining, joint, juncture; composition; diagram.*

(GE)FĒGAN

Verb: *to join, unite, attach, bind; to fix; to adapt, square; to constrain, confine; to compose; to compact.*

GEFĒGE

Adjective: *fit, adapted.*

GEFĒGEDNES

Noun: *connection, joining, conjunction, bond, fetter; figure, shape.*

(GE)FĒGING

Noun: *joining, conjunction; composition.*

GEFĒGNES

Noun: *association, companionship; conjunction.*

(GE)FĒLAN

1. Verb: *to feel, perceive; to touch.*

2. See *(ge)fēolan.*

GEFĒLE

Adjective: *sensitive.*

(GE)FĒLNES

Noun: *sense, feeling, perception.*

(GE)FENG

Noun: *taking, grasp, grip, span, capture, captivity; embrace, hug; prey, booty.*

GEFĒOGAN

Verb: *to hate; to persecute.*

(GE)FEOHT

Noun: *fight, combat, contest, battle, war; conflict, struggle, strife.*

(GE)FEOHTAN

Verb: *to fight contend, combat, make war; to win, obtain by fighting; to strive, struggle.*

GEFEOHTDÆG

Noun: *fight-day, day of battle.*

(GE)FEOHTE

Noun: *fight, combat, battle, strife.*

GEFEOHTSUMNES

Noun: *joyousness, gladsomeness.*

(GE)FĒOLAN

Verb: *to be joined to; to adhere, stick to cleave; to proceed; to persist, persevere in; to come; to pass into, through or over, enter, penetrate, betake oneself to; to undergo; to reach.*

GEFĒON

Verb: *to be glad, rejoice, exult.*

(GE)FEORMIAN

Verb: *to entertain, receive as guest; to support, cherish; to sustain, feed; to consume, devour; to benefit, profit; to clean, cleanse, free from impurity, furbish, scour; to harbour (stolen goods).*

(GE)FEORRIAN

Verb: *to depart, go away; to keep apart, remove to a distance.*

(GE)FĒOWUNG

Noun: *joy, rejoicing, delight.*

GEFĒRA

Noun: *companion, partner, associate, fellow, colleague, comrade, neighbour; consort, man, wife; follower, adherent; servant.*

GEFĒRAN

Verb: *to go, march, depart, travel, fare, sail, traverse; to come, get to a place; to happen; to effect, bring about; to accomplish, attain, gain, obtain, succeed; to suffer, undergo, experience; to bring, bear; to be derived.*

GEFĒRE

1. Noun: *society, community, company.*

2. Noun: *companion.*

3. Adjective: *accessible.*

GEFĒRED

Adjective: *associated, banded together.*

(GE)FERIAN

Verb: *to move, carry, bear, conduct, convey, lead; to bring; to go, depart, betake oneself to; to be versed in.*

(GE)FĒRLÆCAN

Verb: *to keep company or fellowship, accompany; to unite, associate.*

GEFĒRLIC

Adjective: *associated, social.*

GEFĒRLĪCE

Adverb: *sociably, together.*

(GE)FĒRNES

Noun: *going, passage; transition, passing away.*

GEFĒRRÆDEN

Noun: *society, companionship, fellowship, congregation, church; familiarity, fraternity, friendship.*

GEFĒRRÆDNES

Noun: *society.*

(GE)FĒRSCIPE

Noun: *society, community, companionship; company, association; fellowship, clan, retinue, guild, order, fraternity, brotherhood; wedlock.*

GEFĒRSCIPIAN

Verb: *to unite, accompany.*

GEFESTRE

Noun: *giver.*

GEFETAN

Verb: *to fall; to make.*

(GE)FETELSOD

Adjective: *belted, provided with a belt or sheath; ornamented, polished, trimmed.*

GEFETERIAN

Verb: *to bind, fetter.*

(GE)FETIAN

1. Verb: *to bring near; to send for, fetch; to obtain; to induce, bring on; to marry.*

2. See *(ge)feccan.*

GEFĒĐRIAN

Verb: *to load.*

GEFIC

Noun: *deceit, fraud, guile.*

(GE)FIELL

Noun: *ruin, destruction, death, slaughter; fall, precipice; fall in a moral sense; case, inflection.*

GEFĪEND

Noun: *enemies, foes.*

GEFIGO

Noun: *disease, cimosis.*

GEFILDAN

Verb: *to fold up.*

GEFILDE

Noun: *field, plain.*

(GE)FINDAN

Verb: *to find, meet with, come upon; to imagine, devise, invent, contrive; to discover, obtain by search or study; to provide; to recover; to consider, determine, decide; to show, inform; to dispose, arrange, order.*

GEFINDIG

Adjective: *capable; finding; receiving.*

(GE)FIRENIAN

Verb: *to sin; to revile; to commit adultery.*

(GE)FISCIAN

Verb: *to fish.*

GEFIÐERHAMOD

Adjective: *covered with feathers.*

(GE)FIÐERIAN

Verb: *to feather, give wings to; to flutter.*

GEFLĀSCHAMOD

Adjective: *incarnate.*

(GE)FLĀSCNES

Noun: *incarnation.*

GEFLĀSCOD

Adjective: *incarnate.*

(GE)FLEARD

Noun: *nonsense, trifling, folly, madness, error; superstition; vanity; deception, fraud.*

(GE)FLĒOGAN

Verb: *to fly, fly over; to flee, take to flight.*

(GE)FLĒON

Verb: *to fly; to flee, fly from, put to flight, escape, avoid; to conquer.*

GEFLEROD

Adjective: *flared.*

(GE)FLĪEMAN

Verb: *to drive away, cause to flee, banish, exile; to put to flight; to rout.*

GEFLĪEME

Adjective: *fugitive.*

GEFLIT

1. See *(ge)flit.*

2. Noun: *fan to clean corn.*

(GE)FLIT

Noun: *dispute, contention, strife.*

(GE)FLĪTAN

Verb: *to dispute, rebel, quarrel, strive, fight, contend.*

(GE)FLITFUL

Adjective: *contentious, dialectical.*

(GE)FLITFULLIC

Adjective: *contentious.*

GEFLITFULNES

Noun: *litigiousness, contentiousness, quarrelsomeness.*

GEFLITGEORN

1. See *(ge)flitgeorn.*

2. Adjective: *contentious.*

(GE)FLITGEORN

Noun: *contentious person, quarreller.*

GEFLITGLĪW

Noun: *mockery, jeering.*

GEFLITLĪCE

Adverb: *eagerly; earnestly; contentiously, emulously.*

(GE)FLITMÆLUM

Adverb: *contentiously, strifewise, emulously; eagerly; earnestly.*

GEFLOG

Noun: *infectious disease.*

GEFLOTA

Noun: *swimmer, floater (whale).*

GEFLŌWAN

Verb: *to overflow.*

(GE)FNÆD

Noun: *border, edge, fringe, hem.*

GEFNĒSAN

Verb: *to sneeze.*

GEFŌG

1. Noun: *joining, joint; fitness, suitability.*

2. Adjective: *fit, suitable.*

GEFOL

Adjective: *having a foal.*

GEFOLGIAN

Verb: *to reach, attain; to follow, accompany; to follow after; to obey, serve; to observe.*

(GE)FŌN

Verb: *to take, catch, seize, grasp; to capture, entrap, arrest, make prisoner; to accept, assume, undertake; to receive; to meet with, encounter; to bring, carry.*

(GE)FORCIPPIAN

Verb: *to cut off.*

(GE)FORENEMNAN

Verb: *to mention beforehand.*

GEFOREWRIT

Noun: *prologue.*

(GE)FOREWYRDAN

Verb: *to agree.*

(GE)FORHTIAN

Verb: *to be afraid or surprised, tremble; to fear, dread; to frighten; to be in danger.*

(GE)FORÐFĒRAN

Verb: *to go forth, depart, die.*

(GE)FORÐGEFĒRAN

Verb: *to go forth, depart, die.*

(GE)FORÐIAN

Verb: *to carry out, accomplish, perform; to promote, further, advance, prosper; to contribute; to present, proffer, put forth; to aid, assist.*

(GE)FŌTCOPSIAN

Verb: *to fetter.*

GEFŌTCYPSAN

Verb: *to fetter.*

GEFŌTIAN

Verb: *to hasten up.*

GEFRÆGE

1. Noun: *information, knowing, knowledge, report, inquiry, hearsay.*

2. Adjective: *known, well-known, renowned, famous, remarkable, notorious, celebrated; infamous, disreputable.*

GEFRÆGNIAN

Verb: *to ask, inquire, question, ask for information; to make famous.*

(GE)FRÆPGIAN

Verb: *to accuse; to reverence; to be afraid of, fear, be in awe of.*

(GE)FRÆTWAN

Verb: *to equip, attire; to adorn, ornament, deck, trim, embroider; to dress, clothe, cover over.*

(GE)FRÆTWUNG

Noun: *adorning, ornament.*

GEFRĀGIAN

Verb: *to learn by asking or inquiry.*

(GE)FRĀSIAN

Verb: *to ask, question, inquire, interrogate; to find out by inquiry; to try, tempt.*

(GE)FRĒAHBEORHTIAN

Verb: *to make very clear; to declare, proclaim.*

(GE)FRECNIAN

Verb: *to endanger, imperil; to make or become bold or fierce.*

GEFRĒDAN

Verb: *to feel, perceive, be sensible of; to know.*

GEFRĒDENDLIC

Adjective: *perceptible, sensible.*

GEFRĒDMÆLUM

Adverb: *gradually, little by little; imperceptibly.*

GEFRĒDNES

Noun: *feeling, sense, perception.*

GEFRĒDRA

Adjective: *more acute.*

(GE)FRĒFRAN

Verb: *to console, comfort, cheer.*

(GE)FREMEDNES

Noun: *fulfilment, accomplishment, effect.*

(GE)FREMIAN

1. Verb: *to do good, benefit, profit, avail.*

2. See *(ge)fremman.*

(GE)FREMMAN

Verb: *to further, advance, promote; to do, make, accomplish, perform, effect, bring to pass; to commit, perpetrate; to frame; to support, afford; to get good, profit; to perfect; to finish.*

(GE)FREMMING

Noun: *effect, purpose; performance, advance, progress, efficacy.*

GEFRENÐIAN

Verb: *to estrange; to curse, anathematize; to excommunicate.*

(GE)FRĒOGAN

Verb: *to free, release, liberate, manumit; to like, love, think of lovingly; to caress, embrace; to honour; to consume, eat up, gnaw, devour; to fret; to break, burst, destroy.*

GEFRĒOGEND

Noun: *liberator.*

(GE)FRĒOLIC

Adjective: *free, freeborn; goodly, noble, stately, glorious, magnificent; comely, beautiful, charming; ready, willing; liberal; ingenuous.*

(GE)FRĒOLĪCE

Adverb: *readily; freely, without hindrance or impunity; as a festival; splendidly, nobly.*

(GE)FRĒOLSIAN

Verb: *to deliver; to set free, liberate; to celebrate, keep a fest or holy day.*

(GE)FRĒOSAN

Verb: *to freeze.*

(GE)FRETAN

Verb: *to ear, consume, devour; to break.*

GEFRICGAN

Verb: *to learn by asking or inquiry; to hear of.*

GEFRĪEND

Noun: *friends.*

(GE)FRIGNAN

Verb: *to ask, inquire, consult; to learn by inquiry, find out; to hear of.*

(GE)FRIGNES

Noun: *asking, question, interrogation, inquiry; freeness, immunity.*

GEFRIÐIAN

Verb: *to keep, guard, preserve; to protect, shelter, cherish; to defend, save, rescue; to observe; to deliver*

GEFRIÐSUM

Adjective: *safe, fortified.*

(GE)FRŌFOR

Noun: *comfort, consolation, help; refuge; joy; compensation, benefit, profit.*

GEFÐAS

Noun: *The Gepidae.*

(GE)FULLÆSTAN

Verb: *to held, give aid, assist, support.*

(GE)FULLFREMMAN

Verb: *to complete, fulfil; to perfect; to do, perform, accomplish; to practise, perpetrate; to finish, bring to an end.*

(GE)FULLIAN

1. Verb: *to complete, fill up, become full, perfect; to baptize.*

2. Verb: *to baptize.*

3. See *(ge)fulwian.*

(GE)FULLIGAN

1. Verb: *to baptize.*

2. See *(ge)fulwian.*

GEFULTUMA

Noun: *helper.*

(GE)FULTUMAN

Verb: *to help, aid, assist, support, supply; to be propitious to; to overlook.*

(GE)FULTUMIEND

Noun: *helper, assistant, co-operator, fellow-worker.*

(GE)FULWIAN

Verb: *to baptize.*

GEFULWIHTNIAN

Verb: *to baptize.*

(GE)FŪRIAN

Verb: *to furrow.*

GEFŸLAN

Verb: *to defile, pollute, foul, befoul.*

GEFYLCE

Noun: *collection of people, band of men, tribe, host, division, troop, army; province, country.*

GEFYLCEA

Noun: *ally.*

(GE)FYLCIAN

Verb: *to set in order for fighting, array or marshal troops.*

(GE)FYLGAN

Verb: *to follow, pursue, persecute; to obtain, reach by following; to attend to; to observe; to obey; to practise, carry out.*

(GE)FYLLAN

1. Verb: *to fill, fill up, replenish, cram; to complete, fulfil, satisfy; to accomplish, perform; to finish, put an end to; to overthrow.*

2. Verb: *to cause to fall, tumble, throw down, fell, cut down, cast down; to cause to stumble; to defeat, destroy, strike down, kill; to deprive of; to offend.*

GEFYLLEDNES

Noun: *fullness, fulfilment, satiety; completion, end, finishing.*

GEFYLLENDLIC

Adjective: *filling, expletive; capable of completion.*

(GE)FYLLING

Noun: *performing; fulfilling, filling, completion.*

(GE)FYLLNES

Noun: *fullness, completion, plenitude, satiety, abundance; performance, fulfilment; supplement.*

GEFYLLINGTĪD

Noun: *compline, time that completes a part of a series.*

(GE)FYLNES

1. Noun: *fall, stumbling-block; offence; ruin.*

2. See *(ge)fyllnes.*

GEFYLSTA

Noun: *assistant, helper.*

(GE)FYLSTAN

Verb: *to help, give help, aid, assist, support, protect.*

(GE)FYLSTEND

Noun: *helper.*

(GE)FȲRAN

Verb: *to furrow, cut with ploughshare; to castrate.*

(GE)FYRHT

Adjective: *timid, afraid.*

(GE)FYRHTAN

Verb: *to fear, be afraid; to make afraid, frighten, terrify; to tremble.*

(GE)FYRHTO

Noun: *fear, fright, dread, terror; trembling; horrible sight; doubt.*

(GE)FYRHÐ

Noun: *wood, wooded country.*

GEFȲRIAN

Verb: *to cut a furrow.*

(GE)FYRN

Adverb: *once, long ago, formerly, of old, of yore.*

(GE)FYRNDAGAS

Noun: *days of old, days of yore.*

GEFYRNGEWITEN

Adjective: *long-past.*

GEFYRNNES

Noun: *antiquity.*

GEFYRST

Noun: *frost.*

(GE)FYRÐRAN

Verb: *to further, advance, promote; to get on, improve; to help, support; to urge on; to endow, benefit, enrich; to be enriched.*

GEFYRÐRING

Noun: *removal.*

GEFȲSTLIAN

Verb: *to beat or strike with the fists; to buffet.*

GEFYXAN

Verb: *to trick.*

(GE)GADA

Noun: *companion, associate, comrade, confederate, consort, fellow-traveller.*

GEGADERE

Adverb: *together, unitedly, altogether.*

GEGADEREDNES

Noun: *gathering, abscess.*

(GE)GADERSCIPE

Noun: *matrimony; union, joining.*

(GE)GADERUNG

Noun: *gathering, joining, union, bond; assembly, congregation, council; synagogue; crowd, accumulation; text.*

(GE)GADERWIST

Noun: *company, companionship, intercourse; assembly for feasting.*

GEGADERWYRHTAN

Noun: *assembled workmen.*

(GE)GADRIAN

Verb: *to gather, collect, compile, store up; to put together, unite, join, assemble; to agree, associate (with); to concentrate (thoughts); to pluck (flowers, etc.).*

GEGÆDE

Noun: *collection, congregation.*

(GE)GÆNCG

Noun: *meeting, assembly, society.*

(GE)GAFOLIAN

Verb: *to rent, seize as tribute; to impose a fine; to confiscate; to proscribe.*

(GE)GAFSPRĀEC

Noun: *scoffing or foolish speech, scurrility; buffoonery; idle, wanton.*

(GE)GAFSPRĀECE

Adjective: *given to buffoonery, scurrilous.*

(GE)GĀN

Verb: *to GO, come; to move, proceed, advance, traverse, walk; to depart, go away; to happen, take place, turn out; to be pregnant; to pass, elapse (of time); to be current (of coinage); to apply to, betake oneself to; to attain, reach, extend.*

GĒGAN

Verb: *to cry out.*

GEGĀN

Verb: *to go, proceed, walk, depart, pass away; to pass over; to happen; to get, gain, acquire, accomplish; to do, perform, effect; to occupy, subdue, conquer, overrun; to observe; to practise, exercise; to pass, elapse.*

GEGANG

Noun: *chance, fate, hap; occurrence, event; accident, falling out; passage of time.*

GEGANGAN

Verb: *to go, proceed, walk, depart; to come, arrive; to happen, take place, befall; to observe; to pass over; to overcome, subdue, conquer; to practise, exercise, go over; to effect; to acquire, obtain, accomplish.*

(GE)GEARCIAN

Verb: *to prepare, make ready, equip; to procure, supply, furnish, present.*

(GE)GEARCUNGDÆG

Noun: *preparation-day, day before the Sabbath.*

(GE)GEARWUNG

Noun: *preparation; working.*

GEGEARWUNGNES

Noun: *preparation.*

GEGEGNIAN

Verb: *to meet.*

(GE)GENG

Noun: *gang, company, troop, flock, body of fellow-travellers.*

GEGENGA

Noun: *fellow-traveller, companion.*

(GE)GENGE

1. Adjective: *going; appropriate, agreeable, effectual, valid; prevalent; seasonable; current.*
2. Noun: *company, troop.*
3. Noun: *privy, drain.*

(GE)GEOCIAN

Verb: *to join, yoke.*

(GE)GEOLWIAN

Verb: *to become yellow.*

GEGĒORENDLIC

Adjective: *transitory.*

(GE)GĒOTAN

Verb: *to pour, pour forth, shed, cast; to flow, gush, flood, overwhelm; to found.*

(GE)GĪDSIAN

Verb: *to sob; to desire.*

GEGIELD

Noun: *guild, brotherhood; idol, god.*

(GE)GIELDAN

Verb: *to yield, render; to pay, pay for, requite, reward; to serve, worship, sacrifice to; to punish; to restore.*

(GE)GIERELA

Noun: *clothing, garment, dress, robe, habit, apparel; adornment, apparel; banner.*

(GE)GIERELIAN

Verb: *to clothe.*

GEGIERELIC

Adjective: *pertaining to clothes.*

GEGIERING

Noun: *direction.*

(GE)GIERNAN

Verb: *to be eager, desire, yearn, long for; to beg, entreat; to strive; to seek for, ask for, require, demand, beg, entreat.*

(GE)GIERNENDLIC

Adjective: *desirable.*

(GE)GIERWAN

Verb: *to make ready, prepare; to procure, provide, supply, endue; to dress, put on, clothe, equip, arm; to do, perform; to prepare, cook; to adorn, deck, furnish; to endow, grant.*

GEGIFIAN

Verb: *prestolari.*

(GE)GILDA

Noun: *person who belongs to a guild, club, or corporation; companion, fellow, guild-brother; one who pays; one who does worship or sacrifice.*

GEGILDE

Noun: *membership of a guild.*

(GE)GILDSCIPE

Noun: *society, guild, brotherhood.*

(GE)GIMMIAN

Verb: *to put forth buds, adorn with gems.*

GEGĪSCAN

Verb: *to close, stop up, bolt, bar.*

GEGITE

Adjective: *conscious.*

GEGĪTSIAN

Verb: *to covet, obtain with greed, extort.*

(GE)GIWIAN

Verb: *to ask, demand.*

(GE)GLADIAN

Verb: *to make glad, gladden, rejoice, gratify, appease; to be bright, shine, gleam, glisten; to reconcile; to propitiate.*

(GE)GLÆDNES

Noun: *joy, gladness, cheerfulness; kindness, gentleness, favour.*

GEGLĒDAN

Verb: *to make hot, kindle.*

(GE)GLENGAN

Verb: *to adorn, decorate, trim, deck, ornament, embellish; to set in order, arrange, compose.*

GEGLENDRIAN

Verb: *to throw down, precipitate.*

GEGLENGENDLĪC

Adjective: *splendid, brilliant.*

GEGLENGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *delicately, elegantly.*

GEGLŌFED

Adjective: *gloved.*

GEGNCWIDE

Noun: *answer, reply, retort; (in pl.) conversation.*

GEGNESBURH

Noun: *Gainsborough.*

GEGNPÆÐ

Noun: *opposing path.*

GEGNSLEGE

Noun: *battle, exchange of blows, striking back again.*

GEGNUM

Adverb: *forwards, straight on, directly; away, thither.*

GEGNUNGA

Adverb: *clearly, plainly; truly, certainly, precisely; directly, straightforward, immediately; completely, fully.*

GEGNYSSAN

Verb: *to press, overwhelm, oppress; to strike, dash, toss, crash (together), hew to pieces; to overcome, beat.*

(GE)GŌDIAN

Verb: *to make or get better, improve; to endow, present, furnish with, bestow goods upon, enrich; to enhance; to make abundant, accumulate.*

GEGOGUD

Adjective: *relying on.*

GEGOT

Noun: *shedding of tears.*

GEGRÆPPIAN

Verb: *to seize.*

(GE)GRĀPIAN

Verb: *to seize, lay hold of; to touch, feel, grope; to reach, attain.*

(GE)GREMIAN

Verb: *to provoke, excite, irritate, incense, enrage, exasperate; to revile, vex; to inflame.*

GEGRĒTAN

Verb: *to greet, salute, welcome; to speak to, address, accost; to challenge; to seek out; to come to, approach, visit; to illtreat, attack, assail; to touch, handle, take hold of; to deal with; to have an effect upon; to cohabit with*

GEGRĒTLIC

Adjective: *of greeting, commendatory.*

(GE)GRĪN

Noun: *snare; noose, halter; gin.*

GEGRIND

Noun: *impact, crash, clashing; noise, whizzing, grinding or rubbing together; commotion.*

(GE)GRINDAN

Verb: *to grate, scrape, grind or rub together, gnash; to sharpen, grind to powder; to oppress, crush.*

GEGRINDSWILE

Noun: *swelling caused by friction.*

GEGRĪNIAN

Verb: *to ensnare.*

(GE)GRĪPAN

Verb: *to take, seize, grasp, get hold of, lay hold of, snatch, apprehend; to obtain, acquire; to attack, assail.*

GEGRIPENNES

Noun: *taking, seizing, captivity; snare.*

(GE)GRIPPAN

Verb: *to seize, obtain.*

(GE)GRŌWAN

Verb: *to grow, flourish, spring, sprout, germinate, bear (of soil); to grow together, unite by growing; to produce; to increase.*

GEGRUNDSTAÐELIAN

Verb: *to establish firmly, found.*

GEGRUNDWEALLIAN

Verb: *to establish, found.*

GEGRYND

Noun: *plot of ground.*

GEGRYNDAN

Verb: *to found (of a house).*

GEGYLD

Adjective: *golden, gilded.*

(GE)GYLDAN

1. Verb: *to gild.*

2. See *(ge)gieldan.*

(GE)GYLTAN

Verb: *to sin, offend, commit guilt or sin; to be or become guilty.*

(GE)GYMMIAN

Verb: *to cut, pierce the flesh.*

GEGYRDAN

Verb: *to grind, invest with attributes.*

(GE)HABBAN

Verb: *to have, own, possess; to keep, hold, retain, preserve; to get, take; to maintain; to look after, cherish; to consider, esteem; to entertain; to carry on, cause to move; to be subject to, experience, allow, suffer; to get, obtain; to declare, assert, express; to use, treat; to put, place; to contain.*

GEHĀDA

Noun: *one of the same state or order, brother monk.*

(GE)HĀDIAN

Verb: *to ordain, consecrate.*

GEHÆCCA

Noun: *sausage.*

(GE)HÆFT

1. Noun: *bond, fetter; servant, captive, slave; bondage, keeping, imprisonment; affliction; seizing.*

2. Adjective: *bound, captive.*

3. Noun: *haft, handle.*

4. Noun: *taking, holding, capture.*

(GE)HÆFTAN

Verb: *to take, seize, lay hold of; to bind, fetter; to detain, arrest, take captive, imprison, cast into prison, confine; to condemn; to restrict, restrain.*

GEHÆFTEDNES

Noun: *captivity, snare.*

GEHÆFTEND

Noun: *prisoner.*

GEHÆFTFÆST

Adjective: *captive.*

(GE)HÆFTNIAN

Verb: *to seize, detain, take prisoner.*

GEHÆFTNĪEDAN

Verb: *to seize, take captive.*

GEHÆG

Noun: *meadow, enclosed piece of land.*

GEHÆGAN

Verb: *to vex, harass; to surround as with a hedge.*

GEHÆGHOLT

Noun: *copse in an enclosure.*

(GE)HÆLAN

Verb: *to relieve, heal, cure, save; to greet, salute, hail.*

(GE)HÆLED

Adjective: *whole, entire; good, well, healthy, uninjured, sound, hale, salutary; secure, safe; straightforward, genuine.*

GEHÆLEDNES

Noun: *healing.*

(GE)HÆMAN

Verb: *to marry; to cohabit with, lie with, have intercourse with, commit fornication.*

GEHÆME

Adjective: *familiar, with which one is at home, to which one is accustomed.*

GEHÆP

Adjective: *fit, convenient.*

GEHÆPLIC

Adjective: *fit, convenient, orderly.*

GEHÆPLICNES

Noun: *fitness, convenience, opportunity.*

GEHÆRE

Adjective: *hairy.*

GEHÆREDE

Adjective: *hairy.*

(GE)HÆTAN

Verb: *to heat; to become hot.*

GEHAGIAN

Verb: *to please; to be convenient or suitable.*

(GE)HĀL

Adjective: *whole, entire, complete, unbroken, undivided; well, healthy, uninjured, sound, hale; secure, safe; straightforward, genuine.*

GEHALA

Noun: *protector, supporter, confidant, counsellor.*

(GE)HĀLETTAN

Verb: *to greet, salute, hail.*

(GE)HĀLGIAN

Verb: *to dedicate; to consecrate, bless, hallow, make or keep holy, sanctify, purify; to ordain; to reverence; to initiate.*

GEHĀLGIGEND

Noun: *one who hollows, sanctifier.*

(GE)HĀLGUNG

Noun: *consecration, sanctification; sanctuary.*

(GE)HĀLIGAN

1. Verb: *to get well, become hale or whole, recover, heal; to be saved.*

2. See *(ge)hālgian.*

GEHĀLSIAN

Verb: *to take oath, swear; to entreat, adjure; to exorcise; to call upon, convoke, implore, entreat, augur.*

(GE)HĀMETTAN

Verb: *to domicile; to bring debtors back to their home.*

GEHĀMIAN

Verb: *to establish or settle in a home.*

GEHAMMEN

Adjective: *patched, clouted.*

GEHANDFÆSTAN

Verb: *to betroth.*

(GE)HANDLIAN

Verb: *to feel, handle; to deal with, discuss.*

GEHANGE

Adjective: *disposed or inclined to.*

(GE)HANGIAN

Verb: *to be suspended, hang; to depend, be attached, hold fast, cling to; to lean over.*

(GE)HĀT

Noun: *promise, vow.*

GEHATA

Noun: *opponent, rival, enemy, hater.*

(GE)HĀTAN

1. Verb: *to order, direct, command; to bid; to promise, vow; to call, summon, name; to be called.*

2. See *(ge)hætan.*

(GE)HĀTHEORT

Adjective: *passionate ardent, whole-hearted; furious, wrathful.*

(GE)HĀTHEORTLĪCE

Adverb: *furiously, ardently, fervently.*

(GE)HĀTHIERTAN

Verb: *to be or become angry; to make angry, enrage.*

(GE)HATIAN

Verb: *to hate, treat as an enemy.*

GEHĀTLAND

Noun: *promised land.*

(GE)HĀWIAN

Verb: *to look at, gaze on, view, notice; to observe, regard, inspect, survey; to look after.*

GEHĒAFDOD

Adjective: *having a head.*

(GE)HEALDAN

Verb: *to keep, hold, guard, protect, support; to maintain, preserve, retain; to contain, possess; to hold, grasp; to restrain, confine, curb, withhold; to lock up; to detain; to last; to inhabit; to control, rule, govern, reign, compel; to defend, uphold; to take care, cherish, foster; to observe, regard; to do, practise, fulfil; to pay; to celebrate; to go, proceed; to treat, behave to, bear oneself; to keep in mind; to hold fast.*

GEHEALDDAGAS

Noun: *kalends.*

GEHEALDE

Adjective: *contented, careful.*

GEHEALDEN

Noun: *observance, keeping, holding.*

(GE)HEALDEND

Noun: *keeper, protector, guardian; ruler, king, lord, God.*

GEHEALDFÆST

Adjective: *safe, secure.*

(GE)HEALDNES

Noun: *keeping, holding, guard, watch, observance; office of a bishop.*

GEHEALDSUM

Adjective: *economical, saving, sparing, protective, frugal; continent, chaste, modest, sober; safe, inviolate, virtuous.*

(GE)HEALDSUMNES

Noun: *keeping, observance, devotion; preservation, custody; restraint, continence, abstinence, chastity.*

(GE)HĒAN

Verb: *to raise, exalt, extol, heighten.*

(GE)HĒAPIAN

Verb: *to heap up, collect, bring together, accumulate.*

(GE)HEARDIAN

Verb: *to be or become hard; to harden.*

(GE)HEAÐORIAN

Verb: *to control, restrain, shut in.*

GEHĒAW

Noun: *striking together, gnashing, grinding.*

(GE)HĒAWAN

Verb: *to cut off, hew, hack, gash; to kill; to make by hewing; to strike, smite, deal blows.*

(GE)HEBBAN

Verb: *to heave; to raise, lift, mount; to elevate, exalt, extol; to set up, institute.*

(GE)HĒDAN

1. Verb: *to heed, attend, take care, protect, guard; to take, obtain, receive; to observe, take note of.*

2. See *(ge)hȳdan* (1).

GEHEFED

Adjective: *weighed down.*

(GE)HEFELDIAN

Verb: *to fix the weft, begin the web.*

(GE)HEFIGIAN

Verb: *to make heavy; to become heavy; to be oppressed or burdened; to afflict, oppress, grieve, weary, vex; to become depressed or weakened; to grow worse, aggravate.*

(GE)HĒGAN

Verb: *to perform, achieve; to hold (a meeting); to exalt, worship.*

GEHĒHAN

Verb: *to raise, exalt, extol.*

(GE)HELAN

Verb: *to cover, hide, conceal.*

(GE)HELIAN

Verb: *to cover, cover over, hide, conceal.*

(GE)HELMIAN

Verb: *to cover; to provide with a helmet, crown.*

(GE)HELPAN

Verb: *to help, aid, support, assist, preserve, succour; to amend, cure; to do good, benefit; to be of use, avail, profit.*

GEHĒME

Adjective: *customary.*

GEHENDAN

Verb: *to hold; to catch, seize, grasp.*

GEHENDE

1. Adjective: *near, at hand; next, neighbouring; convenient.*

2. Adverb: *near, closely, at home; in detail.*

3. Adposition: *near, nigh.*

GEHENDNES

Noun: *proximity, nearness, propinquity, neighbourhood, vicinity.*

(GE)HENTAN

Verb: *to pursue, attack; to seize, appropriate.*

(GE)HĒORAN

Verb: *to hear, listen (to); to follow, serve, obey; to grant, accede to; to be subject to, belong to.*

(GE)HEORCNIAN

Verb: *to hear, listen, hearken.*

(GE)HEORDNES

Noun: *watch, keeping, guard, custody.*

(GE)HEORDRĀEDEN

Noun: *keeping, care, guard, watch, custody; keeping-place.*

GEHEORDUNG

Noun: *keeping, guard, watch.*

(GE)HEORT

Adjective: *hearty, high-minded; animated, courageous, stout-hearted.*

GEHEORTLĪCE

Adverb: *vigorously, cheeringly; thoroughly.*

GEHERD

Noun: *guard, watch.*

(GE)HERENES

Noun: *praise.*

(GE)HERGIAN

Verb: *to devastate, plunder, ravage, pillage; to harass, lay waste; to afflict, harry; to take, seize, capture, carry off by force; to make war.*

(GE)HERIAN

Verb: *to praise, extol, commend, honour, glorify; to cry; to help.*

(GE)HERIGENDLIC

Adjective: *praiseworthy, laudable, commendable; excellent.*

(GE)HERIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *praiseworthily.*

GEHEÐERIAN

Verb: *to control, restrain.*

(GE)HIELD

Noun: *keeping, regarding, protection, guard, custody; loyalty, fidelity; favour, grace; observation, watching; secret place; protector, guardian; preservation.*

(GE)HIELDAN

Verb: *to bend, bend or bow down, incline, slope; to force downwards; to learn.*

GEHIELDELIC

Adjective: *safe.*

GEHIELDNES

Noun: *observance, keeping.*

(GE)HĪENAN

Verb: *to overcome, fell, defeat; to prostrate; to weaken, bring or lay low, afflict, humble, humiliate, oppress, ill-treat, abase, oppress; to crush; to treat with dishonour or contempt, treat with insult or contumely, despise, degrade, injure, insult; to rebuke; to dismiss; to subject, accuse; to condemn.*

GEHĪENE

Adjective: *ready to fall, frail.*

GEHĪERAN

Verb: *to hear, listen; to follow, serve, obey; to grant, accede to; to be subject to, belong to; to judge.*

(GE)HIERDAN

Verb: *to strengthen, harden, fortify; to encourage, embolden; to confirm.*

GEHĪEREND

Noun: *hearer.*

GEHĪERENDLIC

Adjective: *audible.*

(GE)HĪERNES

Noun: *hearing, report; obedience, subjection; allegiance; district, jurisdiction; parish.*

(GE)HIERSTAN

Verb: *to fry, roast, scorch; to pain.*

(GE)HĪERSUM

Adjective: *obedient, docile, compliant.*

GEHĪERSUMIAN

Verb: *to reduce, subject, conquer; to make obedient; to obey, serve.*

(GE)HĪERSUMNES

Noun: *obedience, submission, subjection, service; humility.*

(GE)HIERTAN

Verb: *to cherish; to encourage, animate, cheer, hearten; to refresh, be renewed; to comfort, revive.*

(GE)HIERWAN

Verb: *to oppress, disparage, deride, despise, ill-treat, abuse, vex, scorn; to blame, condemn; to blaspheme.*

GEHILMED

Adjective: *helmeted; covered with foliage.*

(GE)HILTE

Noun: *handle, hilt (of sword).*

(GE)HINDRIAN

Verb: *to check; to hinder, impede, obstruct, repress.*

GEHISCAN

Verb: *to hate.*

GEHĪWCŪÐLICIAN

Verb: *to make known or familiar to.*

GEHĪWENDLIC

Adjective: *figurative, allegorical.*

(GE)HĪWIAN

1. Verb: *to make, form, fashion; to colour, paint; to seem, appear; to dissimulate, feign, pretend; to figure; to signify; to transform, transfigure.*

2. Verb: *to marry.*

GEHĪWLÆCAN

Verb: *to form, shape, fashion; to colour.*

GEHĪWODLĪCE

Adverb: *apparentlȲ formally.*

GEHĪWUNG

Noun: *appearance, form, shape, figure, likeness; position, portrayal; fashion; predicament; pretence, hypocrisy*

(GE)HLADAN

Verb: *to load, burden, lade, freight, heap up; to draw or take in water.*

GEHLÆG

Noun: *ridicule, derision, scorn.*

(GE)HLÆNIAN

Verb: *to become or make lean, starve, thin.*

(GE)HLÆNSIAN

Verb: *to make lean, weaken.*

(GE)HLĒAPAN

Verb: *to go, run; to leap, jump, spring, dance; to mount.*

GEHLENCAN

Verb: *to twist, bend.*

(GE)HLĒOTAN

Verb: *to get, obtain or receive by lots, cast lots; to allot.*

(GE)HLĒOÐ

Adjective: *harmonious.*

GEHLĒOÐOR

Adjective: *harmonious.*

(GE)HLĒOW

Adjective: *sheltered, warm; warm, sunny.*

(GE)HLĒOWAN

Verb: *to cover; to shelter, cherish; to warm, become warm or hot.*

(GE)HLĒOWE

Adverb: *warmly, snugly.*

GEHLĒÐA

Noun: *companion, comrade; denizen.*

(GE)HLID

Noun: *cover, lid, roof, vault; inclosure; opening, door, gate.*

GEHLIDIAN

Verb: *to cover with a lid.*

GEHLIDOD

Adjective: *having a lid.*

(GE)HLIEHHAN

Verb: *to laugh, laugh at, deride, scorn; rejoice.*

(GE)HLINIAN

Verb: *to lean, bend; to lie down, recline, rest.*

(GE)HLINUNG

Noun: *leaning, reclining, kneeling, resting; seat, couch.*

(GE)HLIÐIAN

Verb: *to soften, calm, mitigate, assuage, appease; to be mild.*

GEHLOT

Noun: *determination, settlemen; portion, share, lot, allotment.*

GEHLOTLAND

Noun: *inheritance, allotted land.*

GEHLŌW

Noun: *lowing, bellowing, bleating.*

(GE)HLŪTTRIAN

Verb: *to clear, purify; to grow or make clean, pure or bright.*

(GE)HLŸD

Noun: *sound, noise, din; murmuring, rumour; tumult, clamour; uproar, cry, outcry, disturbance; dissension.*

(GE)HLYNN

1. Noun: *sound, noise, din, tumult, clamour.*

2. Noun: *torrent.*

(GE)HLYST

Noun: *sense of hearing; listening.*

(GE)HLYSTAN

Verb: *to hear, listen, hearken; to attend to, obey.*

GEHLYSTE

Adjective: *audible.*

GEHLYSTFUL

Adjective: *gracious, attentive, exorable.*

GEHLYTA

Noun: *companion.*

GEHLYTTA

Noun: *partner, fellow; one chosen by lot.*

GEHLYTTO

Noun: *fellowship; lot.*

(GE)HNÆCAN

Verb: *to check; to crush, bruise, destroy, kill; to restrain.*

(GE)HNÆGAN

1. Verb: *to bend or bow down: curb; to humble, humiliate; to subdue, vanquish; to cast down.*

2. Verb: *to neigh.*

3. See *(ge)nægan* (1).

GEHNÆST

Noun: *conflict, collision, battle, slaughter.*

GEHNÆSTAN

Verb: *to contend with.*

(GE)HNESCIAN

Verb: *to make or become soft or nesh, soften, weaken, enfeeble; to alleviate; to waver; to give way.*

(GE)HNIGIAN

Verb: *to bow or bend down (the head).*

GEHNYCNED

Adjective: *wrinkled, pinched, drawn.*

GEHNYSCAN

Verb: *to crush.*

GEHOFEROD

Adjective: *hump-backed.*

GEHŌFOD

Adjective: *hoofed.*

(GE)HOGIAN

Verb: *to think, mind, reflect, consider; to know, understand, resolve; to intend, purpose; to strive, wish for; to be troubled or anxious; to be wise or prudent.*

(GE)HOLEN

Noun: *protector; prince; holly.*

GEHOLIAN

Verb: *to get, obtain.*

(GE)HOPIAN

Verb: *to hope, expect; to look for, watch; to trust, have confidence.*

GEHOPP

Noun: *little bag; pod.*

GEHORGIAN

1. Verb: *to defile, spit.*

2. See *gehornian.*

GEHORNIAN

Verb: *to insult.*

(GE)HORSIAN

Verb: *to set or mount on a horse; to provide with horses.*

GEHORWIGIAN

Verb: *to defile, spit upon.*

(GE)HRADIAN

Verb: *to be quick, hasten, accelerate, rush; to do or come quickly or diligently; to further, prosper, forward; to put briefly.*

GEHRADOD

Adjective: *quick.*

(GE)HRĒFAN

Verb: *to cover, roof.*

(GE)HREMMAN

Verb: *to hinder, impede, obstruct; to prevent, cumber.*

(GE)HRĒOSAN

Verb: *to fall, fall down, sink; to glide away; to fail, go to ruin; to rush; to attack.*

(GE)HRĒOW

1. Noun: *sorrow, lamenting, regret; repentance; penitence, penance.*

2. Adjective: *sorrowful, repentant, penitent.*

3. Adjective: *rough, angry; wild, savage, fierce; sad, sorrowful, grieved, troubled, disturbed; penitent; stormy, tempestuous.*

4. Adjective: *raw.*

(GE)HRĒOWAN

Verb: *to make sorry, rue, repent, be penitent; to cause sorrow, grieve, distress, vex.*

(GE)HRĒOWSIAN

Verb: *to feel sorrow, be grieve or repent; to lament for; to do penance.*

(GE)HRĒRAN

Verb: *to move, shake, agitate; to stir together, mix up.*

GEHRESP

Noun: *stripping, spoliation, plundering.*

GEHRESPAN

Verb: *to strip, spoil, plunder; to tear.*

(GE)HRĒÐAN

Verb: *to rejoice, exult; to triumph, glory.*

(GE)HRĪEMAN

Verb: *to call; to lament, cry, bewail; to shout, cry out, rave; to murmur; to implore; to exult; to boast, vault.*

GEHRIERED

Adjective: *destroyed.*

(GE)HRIF

Noun: *belly, womb.*

GEHRIFIAN

Verb: *to bring forth.*

GEHRIFNIAN

Verb: *to tear off; to become rapacious or ferocious.*

(GE)HRĪNAN

Verb: *to touch; to seize, take hold of, lay hold of, reach; to strike.*

(GE)HRINE

Noun: *sense of touch, touch; contact.*

(GE)HRINENES

Noun: *contact, touch.*

(GE)HRISIAN

Verb: *to move, shake, clatter; to shake together.*

(GE)HRODEN

Adjective: *covered, adorned, ornamented; laden.*

GEHROR

Noun: *fall, calamity, ruin, plague, death.*

GEHRORENES

Noun: *affliction, downfall, ruin.*

GEHRORENLIC

Adjective: *transitory, perishable, unstable, ready to fall.*

GEHRŪXL

Noun: *noise, tumult.*

GEHÐU

Noun: *care, anxiety, grief.*

GEHŪFUD

Adjective: *with pontifical headband.*

GEHUGOD

Adjective: *minded, disposed.*

(GE)HUNTIAN

Verb: *to hunt.*

(GE)HŪSA

Noun: *member of a householf.*

GEHŪSED

Adjective: *having a house.*

(GE)HŪSIAN

Verb: *to house, give shelter in a house.*

(GE)HŪSLIAN

Verb: *to give the Eucharist; to administer the sacrament.*

(GE)HŪSSCIPE

Noun: *house, household, family; race.*

GEHWĀ

Pronoun: *each one, any one, whoever, everyone.*

GEHWÆDE

Adjective: *little, small; young; slight, moderate, scanty.*

GEHWÆDNES

Noun: *fewness, insignificance; poorness; smallness, slenderness; paucity, subtlety.*

GEHWÆMLIC

Adjective: *each, every.*

GEHWÆR

Adverb: *everywhere, on every side, in all directions; somewhere; always, on every occasion.*

(GE)HWÆTNES

Noun: *activity, quickness, agility.*

GEHWÆÐER

Pronoun: *each; either; both.*

(GE)HWÆÐERE

Adverb: *yet, however, nevertheless; still.*

GEHWANON

Adverb: *from all sides.*

GEHWEARF

Noun: *change, exchange; vicissitude, error; going, distance.*

GEHWEARFNES

Noun: *conversion.*

(GE)HWELIAN

Verb: *to suppurate, cause to suppurate; to turn to matter, inflame with foul matter.*

(GE)HWEMMAN

Verb: *to bend, incline, slope; to turn.*

GEHWEORF

1. Noun: *turning.*

2. Adjective: *converted; clever, versed, practised.*

3. See *gehwearf.*

(GE)HWEORFAN

Verb: *to turn, change; to move, go, come, go away, proceed, depart; to go or wander about; to return, turn back; to die; to exchange, be converted, pass as property, fall as a lot; to roar.*

(GE)HWETTAN

Verb: *to incite, encourage, excite, egg on; to sharpen, whet.*

GEHWIDER

Adverb: *everywhere, in every direction, anywhere, whithersoever.*

GEHWIELFAN

Verb: *to bend over, arch; to vault.*

GEHWIERFAN

Verb: *to change, turn, convert, transfer, revolve; to exchange; to go, depart, return; to go on, proceed; to overturn, destroy.*

GEHWILC

Pronoun: *each, some, any, whoever, whatever; many; every one, all.*

(GE)HWILCNES

Noun: *quality.*

(GE)HWĪTAN

Verb: *to whiten, make white; to polish, brighten.*

GEHWYRFEDNES

Noun: *change, conversion; inclination.*

(GE)HWYRFT

Noun: *turning, revolution; motion, going, course; circle, orb, circuit, orbit; way out, outlet.*

GEHWYRFTNES

Noun: *return.*

GEHWYRFTNIAN

Verb: *to tear.*

(GE)HYCGAN

Verb: *to think, consider, meditate, study; to search out; to understand; to determine, purpose; to remember; to hope; to devise; to care; to resolve; to intend; to conceive.*

GEHYCGLIC

Adjective: *considerable.*

GEHȳD

1. Adjective: *provided with a skin.*

2. See *gehygd.*

(GE)HȳDAN

1. Verb: *to hide, conceal, preserve, hide oneself; to sheath (a sword); to bury (a corpse); to fasten with a rope of hide.*

2. See *(ge)hēdan* (1).

GEHȳDNES

1. Noun: *comfort, security.*

2. See *gehȳðnes.*

GEHYGD

Noun: *mind, thought, cogitation; meditation reflection, forethought; deliberation; consultation.*

(GE)HYHT

Noun: *expectation, trust, promise hope, desire; intent; comfort, refuge; joy, exultation.*

(GE)HYHTAN

Verb: *to trust; to hope; to be glad, rejoice, exult; to soften (hardship).*

GEHYHTENDLIC

Adjective: *to be hoped for.*

(GE)HYHTLĪCE

Adverb: *suitably, pleasantly.*

GEHYLCED

Adjective: *curved, bent, bandy.*

GEHYLDIG

Adjective: *patient.*

GEHYLMAN

Verb: *to cover, crown, provide with a helmet.*

(GE)HYNGRAN

Verb: *to be hungry, hunger; to hunger for.*

GEHŸPAN

Verb: *to bring together, accumulate, heap, heap up, collect.*

GEHYPSAN

Verb: *to mock, deride, revile, scorn; to reproach.*

(GE)HYRNED

Adjective: *having angles or corners, horned, beaked.*

(GE)HYRST

Noun: *decoration, ornament; equipment, implement, trappings, accoutrements, armour; jewel, treasure.*

(GE)HYRSTAN

Verb: *to decorate, adorn, ornament, deck; to equip.*

GEHYRSTAN

1. See *(ge)hyrstan.*

2. Verb: *to murmur.*

GEHŸRSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *obediently.*

GEHŸRUNG

Noun: *hiring.*

(GE)HYSCAN

Verb: *to mock, jeer at, deride, taunt; to reproach; to rail.*

GEHYSPENDLIC

Adjective: *despicable, abominable.*

GEHŸÐE

Adjective: *suitable, appropriate, convenient.*

(GE)HŸÐEGIAN

Verb: *to facilitate.*

(GE)HŸÐELIC

Adjective: *suitable, proper, convenient, opportune; favourable, advantageous, seasonable.*

(GE)HŸÐELĪCE

Adverb: *suitably, conveniently.*

GEHŸÐELICNES

Noun: *opportunities.*

GEHŸÐIG

Adjective: *suitable, convenient, agreeable.*

GEHŸÐIGIAN

Verb: *to make suitable, free from restraint or distress.*

GEHŸÐNES

Noun: *occasion, opportunity; advantage.*

GEHŸÐÐO

Noun: *subsistence.*

GEHŸWAN

Verb: *to show, display; to disclose, reveal; to point out.*

GEĪCENDLĪC

Adjective: *added to, adjective.*

(GE)ĪDLIAN

Verb: *to become useless, render worthless, come to nought; to become idle or vain; to be or become empty, be unoccupied; to profane.*

(GE)ĪECAN

Verb: *to add, increase, enlarge, augment, prolong, eke; to carry out, fulfil.*

(GE)IELDAN

Verb: *to delay, postpone, defer, tarry, put off; to forbear; to keep, hold; to prolong; to procrastinate; to hesitate; to dissimulate, conceal; to connive at.*

GEIERFIAN

Verb: *to stock with cattle.*

(GE)IERMAN

Verb: *to make miserable or wretched, afflict, vex, harass.*

GEIERNAN

1. Verb: *to move rapidly, run, hasten; to flow, spread; to pursue; to cause to move rapidly, turn, grind; to get to, attain; to meet with; to occur (to one's mind); to coagulate; to grow up.*

(GE)IERSIAN

Verb: *to be angry (with), rage; to irritate, provoke, make angry, enrage.*

GEĪEÐAN

Verb: *to make easy or light, alleviate; to be merciful; to ravage, devastate, desolate, lay waste, destroy.*

GEĪEÐRIAN

Verb: *to make or become easier, suffer less, get better.*

(GE)ĪEWAN

Verb: *to show, display, point out; to manifest, reveal, disclose, discover; to bestow, confer.*

GEIHT

Adjective: *yoked together.*

GEĪHTNYSS

Noun: *addition, epact.*

(GE)ILCA

Pronoun: *the same.*

GEILLEROCAD

Adjective: *surfeited with wine.*

GEIMPIAN

Verb: *to busy oneself with; to introduce into, mingle in, engraft; to imp, implant, graft.*

(GE)INBŪAN

Verb: *to inhabit.*

GEINCFULLIAN

Verb: *to offend, scandalize.*

GEINDĒPAN

Verb: *to dip in.*

(GE)INLAGIAN

Verb: *to restore or reverse an outlaw to the protection of the law.*

(GE)INLĪHTAN

Verb: *to enlighten, illumine.*

(GE)INNIAN

Verb: *to go in; to lodge, put up; to include, fill in, get within, bring in; to supply; to charge; to restore.*

(GE)INNĪWIAN

Verb: *to renew.*

(GE)INSEGLIAN

Verb: *to seal, place a seal upon.*

(GE)INTIMBRIAN

Verb: *to edify; to instruct.*

(GE)ĪSNIAN

Verb: *to furnish or cover with iron (armour).*

GELAC

Noun: *assembly, tumult, commotion; motion, play.*

GELĀCIAN

Verb: *to give, bestow, present; to accompany with gifts.*

(GE)LĀCNIAN

Verb: *to heal, cure, dress (a wound); to treat; to take care of, look after, tend.*

GELĀD

Noun: *way, course, path, road, street, water-way, lode; support, maintenance; leading, carriage.*

(GE)LĀDIAN

Verb: *to excuse, clear oneself of a charge, exculpate oneself, let off; to defend.*

GELÆCA

Noun: *rival, competitor.*

GELÆCAN

Verb: *to emulate; to join with, make common cause with.*

(GE)LÆCCAN

Verb: *to take, seize, catch, grasp, capture, snatch up, apprehend; to get, receive; to comprehend; to rescue.*

(GE)LÆDAN

Verb: *to lead, guide, conduct, convoy; to take, carry, bring, convey, derive; to bring forth, produce; to pass, lead (life); to mark or beat the bounds of land; to do, perform, take part in; to place, lay; to grow, spread, sprout forth; to cause to move, lift; to excuse; to deal with, treat.*

(GE)LÆDENDLIC

Adjective: *ductile, malleable.*

GELÆFA

Noun: *leave, permission.*

(GE)LÆFAN

Verb: *to leave, leave behind; to leave, bequeath, spare; to remain, have left; to allow, remain.*

(GE)LÆNAN

Verb: *to give, lend, grant, lease.*

GELÆR

Adjective: *empty, void; empty-handed.*

(GE)LÆRAN

Verb: *to teach, instruct, educate; to guide, show the way, direct; to preach, teach a particular tenet or dogma, give religious teaching; to convert; to order, prescribe, enjoin a rule; to suggest, advise, exhort, urge; to persuade; to admonish; to declare, proclaim.*

(GE)LÆRED

Adjective: *learned; spiritual; clerical.*

GELÆREDNES

Noun: *learning, skill; knowledge, erudition.*

(GE)LÆSTAN

Verb: *to follow, accompany; to help, attend, serve; to do, perform, carry out, practise, accomplish, fulfil, execute; to observe; to last, endure; to remain, continue; to furnish; to pay, grant; to discharge.*

GELÆSTFULLIAN

Verb: *to testify, prove by witness.*

(GE)LÆSWIAN

Verb: *to feed, pasture, graze.*

(GE)LÆTAN

Verb: *to let, allow, permit; to remain, leave behind, bequeath; to depart from, let alone; to think, consider, estimate, regard as, suppose; to leave undone; to cause to do; to conduct oneself; to behave, treat; to set free, let out; to assert, profess; to appear, pretend, make as if; to assign, allot; to let go, forsake, give up, dismiss; to desist; to suffer; to make; to have, get; to emit; to commit, entrust.*

GELÆTE

1. Noun: *manners, bearing.*

2. Noun: *junction of roads.*

(GE)LÆWAN

Verb: *to betray.*

(GE)LAFIAN

Verb: *to wash, bathe, lave; to refresh; to ladle out, pour water on.*

(GE)LAGIAN

Verb: *to constitute, ordain, decree, make a law; to fix, appoint.*

GELAGU

Noun: *extent, surface; collection of water.*

GELAN

Verb: *to pour.*

GELANDA

Noun: *fellow-countryman, compatriot; kinsman.*

GELANDOD

Adjective: *having landed property.*

GELANG

Adjective: *belonging to, attributable, dependent on; along, consequent, resulting from, attainable from; present in.*

GELANGIAN

Verb: *to call, summon; to call or send for; to seize, apprehend, get hold of; to deliver, liberate.*

(GE)LĀST

Noun: *accomplishment, observance; duty, due, obligation, vow.*

GELĀSTFUL

Adjective: *helpful, aiding, assisting, serviceable, officious.*

(GE)LATIAN

Verb: *to be slow or indolent; to delay, linger, loiter; to hesitate.*

GELATU

Noun: *hindrance.*

(GE)LĀÐ

Adjective: *unpleasant, grievous, injurious, hateful, hated, malignant, hostile, evil; displeasing, unwilling, loth, loathsome, noxious.*

(GE)LAÐIAN

Verb: *to call, call upon, summon, invite; to ask, demand; to assemble, congregate.*

(GE)LAÐUNG

Noun: *calling, summoning, invitation; assembly, congregation; church.*

GELAURED

Adjective: *laurel-flavoured.*

GELDE

Adjective: *sterile, barren, unproductive.*

GELĒAF

1. Adjective: *leafy.*

2. See *(ge)lēaf.*

(GE)LĒAF

Noun: *permission, license, leave, privilege.*

(GE)LĒAFA

Noun: *trust, belief, faith; confidence; creed; leave*

(GE)LĒAFE

Noun: *permission, license, leave.*

(GE)LĒAFFUL

Adjective: *believing, faithful; Orthodox (Christian); trustworthy; holy.*

(GE)LĒAFFULĪCE

Adverb: *confidently; in accordance with faith, faithfully; in accordance with the Christian faith.*

GELĒAFFULNES

Noun: *belief, faith, trust; faithfulness.*

GELĒAFLĒAS

Adjective: *unbelieving.*

GELĒAFLĒASNES

Noun: *unbelief, incredulity.*

GELĒAFLIC

Adjective: *faithful, credible; catholic.*

GELĒAFLĪCE

Adverb: *credibly; in accordance with Christian belief.*

GELĒAFNESWORD

Noun: *password.*

GELĒAFSUM

Adjective: *believing, faithful, credible.*

(GE)LEAHTRIAN

Verb: *to blame, accuse, charge with crime; to reproach, revile, reprove; to impeach; to corrupt, vitiate.*

(GE)LĒANIAN

Verb: *to requite, recompense, reward; to pay, repay.*

GELĒAS

Adjective: *false, untruthful, deceitful; faithless; worthless, vain, lax.*

GELEAÐIAN

Verb: *to invite, summon, call upon; to ask.*

(GE)LECGAN

Verb: *to put, place, lay, set, deposit, prostrate; to establish, arrange, dispose, put before; to attach, annex; to bury; to submit; to impose; to go, betake oneself; to cast down; to lay low; to kill, slay.*

GELED

Noun: *catasta.*

GELĒDD

Adjective: *malleable, ductile.*

GELĒFED

Adjective: *weak, sickly; corrupted, injured; aged.*

GELĒFENSCIPE

Noun: *justification, excuse; permission.*

GELEGE

Noun: *bed, lair.*

GELEGERED

Adjective: *confined to bed.*

GELEGERGIELD

Noun: *Lupercalia.*

(GE)LEMIAN

Verb: *to enfeeble, lame, cripple, strike, disable; to subdue.*

GELEND

Adjective: *furnished with land.*

GELENDA

Noun: *rich man, one rich in land.*

GELENDAN

Verb: *to endow with land; to arrive, land.*

GELENGAN

Verb: *lengthen, prolong, protract, delay, defer; to extend; to reach, attain; to belong; to call for.*

GELENGE

Adjective: *related to, belonging to; addicted to; near (of time).*

GELĒOD

Noun: *fellow-countryman, compatriot; chief, prince, king.*

(GE)LĒOF

Adjective: *valued, dear, beloved; pleasant, agreeable, acceptable, desirable; acceptable.*

(GE)LĒOGAN

Verb: *to lie, tell a lie, say falsely, play false, deceive, belie, betray; to feign; to be in error, make a mistake.*

(GE)LĒOMA

Noun: *light, radiance, sheen, glare, splendour; ray or beam of light, lightning.*

GELĒOMOD

Adjective: *having rays of light.*

(GE)LĒON

Verb: *to give, lend, grant for a time.*

(GE)LĒORAN

Verb: *to go, depart, emigrate; to pass, pass away, vanish, die, cease to exist; to pass over.*

(GE)LĒOREDNES

Noun: *going, departure, migration, transmigration; passing away, death; anniversary; vision, ecstasy.*

(GE)LĒORNES

Noun: *going, departure, transmigration; withdrawal; death, anniversary of a death.*

(GE)LEORNIAN

Verb: *to learn, study, think about; to read; to inquire.*

GELEOÐUWĀCIAN

Verb: *to soften, mitigate, render gentle; to make pliant or flexible, restore the activity of.*

(GE)LEOÐUWÆCAN

Verb: *to become or to make soft or pliant; to grow calm; to soften, calm, appease, assuage, mitigate; to revive.*

(GE)LETTAN

Verb: *to let; to hinder, impede, oppress; to offend; to delay, cause to be slow; to stop.*

GELĪC

1. Adjective: *like, alike, similar, equal; likely; suitable.*

2. Noun: *likeness, similitude; parable.*

GELĪCA

Noun: *equal, peer.*

GELĪCBISEN

Noun: *copy, imitation; imitator.*

GELĪCBISNUNG

Noun: *imitation.*

GELICCETTAN

Verb: *to imitate.*

GELĪCE

1. *(ge)līce.*

2. See *gelīca.*

(GE)LĪCE

Adverb: *similarly, as, like, likewise, equally; in the same way, as in the case; also.*

GELĪCGEMACA

Noun: *an equal.*

(GE)LICGAN

Verb: *to be situated, have a position, remain; to be at rest, lie prostrate; to lie, lie low, lie dead; to yield; to cease, fail, fall, subside; to extend; to lead; to go, flow, run; to belong to, appertain to; to border; to exist, dwell, reside.*

GELICHAMIAN

Verb: *to clothe with flesh.*

GELĪCHAMOD

Adjective: *incarnate.*

GELĪCIAN

1. See *(ge)līcian.*

2. Verb: *to be or make like, seem likely, imitate; to please, delight.*

(GE)LĪCIAN

Verb: *to please; to be sufficient.*

GELĪCLÆTAN

Verb: *to liken, compare.*

GELĪCLIC

Adjective: *likely, fitting, proper, apparently suitable for a purpose.*

GELĪCLĪCE

Adverb: *equally.*

(GE)LĪCNES

Noun: *likeness, similarity, resemblance, copy; form, shape, image, figure, stature; parable, proverb.*

(GE)LĪCUNG

Noun: *liking, pleasing, pleasure, gratification.*

(GE)LĪCWYRÐE

Adjective: *pleasant, well-pleasing, agreeable, acceptable; estimable, praiseworthy; recognised; sterling (of money).*

GELĪEFAN

1. See *(ge)līefan* (1).

2. See *(ge)līefan* (2).

3. Verb: *to make or be dear to.*

(GE)LĪEFAN

1. Verb: *to allow, permit; to grant, concede.*

2. Verb: *to believe, trust, confide in; to hope; to allow, give permission; to grant.*

GELĪEFED

Adjective: *believing, faithful, pious.*

GELĪEFEDLIC

Adjective: *allowable, permissible.*

GELĪEFEDLĪCE

Adverb: *faithfully, trustfully, confidently, credulously; lawfully.*

GELĪEFEN

Adjective: *excused, having permission.*

GELĪEFENSCIPE

Noun: *justification.*

(GE)LĪESAN

Verb: *to loosen, release, liberate; to deliver, redeem, spare; to save; to break, dissolve.*

(GE)LĪFFÆST

Adjective: *living, having life, full of life, vigorous; quickened; settled.*

(GE)LĪFFÆSTAN

Verb: *to give life, endow with life, vivify; to quicken, make alive.*

GELĪFFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to quicken.*

GELIGER

Noun: *adultery, fornication; lying with.*

GELIGERE

Noun: *adultery, fornication, concubinage.*

GELIGERNES

Noun: *adultery, fornication, concubinage.*

GELĪHTAN

Verb: *to make light or easy, lighten, relieve, assuage, alleviate, mitigate; to dismount, alight; to shine, grow light; to come, approach.*

GELĪMAN

Verb: *to join, connect, glue or stick together, cement.*

GELIMP

Noun: *occurrence, event, outcome; fortune, lot; accident, misfortune, mishap.*

(GE)LIMPAN

Verb: *to happen, occur, take place, befall; to exist, be made or produced; to belong to, pertain, belong or be assigned to, fall to; to affect, concern; to suit, befit; to come upon.*

(GE)LIMPFUL

Adjective: *suitable, fit, convenient.*

GELIMPLIC

Adjective: *fit, suitable, seasonable; happening; fatal.*

(GE)LIMPLĪCE

Adverb: *suitably, fitly, conveniently, opportunely, seasonably; rightly, properly.*

GELIMPLICNES

Noun: *opportunity, occasion.*

GELISE

Noun: *learning, study, reading; care.*

GELĪSIAN

Verb: *to slip, slide.*

GELĪÐAN

Verb: *to go, travel, sail; to arrive.*

GELIÐEN

Adjective: *having travelled much.*

(GE)LIÐIAN

Verb: *to release, unloose, relax.*

(GE)LĪÐIGIAN

Verb: *to soften, soothe, calm, mitigate, appease, relieve, assuage; to be mild or yielding.*

GELLET

Noun: *bowl, basin.*

(GE)LOCCIAN

Verb: *to attract, entice, allure, win over by gentle means; to sooth.*

(GE)LŌCIAN

Verb: *to look, see, observe, gaze, regard, behold; to notice; to take care, take heed; to rely on; to belong, pertain.*

GELODA

1. Noun: *brother.*

2. Noun: *joints of the back.*

GELODR

Noun: *backbone, spine.*

GELODWYRT

Noun: *silverweed.*

(GE)LOFIAN

Verb: *to praise, exalt; to value, put a price upon.*

GELŌGENDLIC

Adjective: *to be kept in order; disposable.*

(GE)LŌGIAN

Verb: *to place, lodge; to arrange, dispose, settle, put in order; to put or bring together, collect; to frame; to divide, portion out; to discourse; to occupy, fill a place; to put, deposit; to bring; to storage; to write in good style.*

GELŌGOD

Adjective: *interpolated; arranged.*

GELŌGUNG

Noun: *order, arrangement.*

(GE)LŌMA

Noun: *tool, implement, utensil, article of furniture.*

(GE)LŌME

1. Adjective: *frequent.*

2. Adverb: *often, frequently, continually, repeatedly.*

(GE)LŌMLÆCAN

Verb: *to frequent, use often, repeat; to be frequent.*

GELŌMLÆCENDE

Adjective: *frequent; frequentative.*

GELŌMLÆCING

Noun: *frequency, repeated action.*

GELŌMLÆCNES

Noun: *numerous assembly.*

GELŌMLIC

Adjective: *frequent, repeated, numerous.*

GELŌMLĪCE

Adverb: *often, frequently, repeatedly; in many places.*

GELŌMLĪCIAN

Verb: *to become frequent.*

GELŌMLICNES

Noun: *frequency, repetition; numerous assembly.*

GELOMRÆDE

Adjective: *frequent.*

(GE)LOSIAN

Verb: *to be deprived of, be lost; to lose; to fail, lose strength, faint, perish, decay; to destroy; to escape, get away, stray; to be destroyed, come to nothing, die.*

(GE)LŪCAN

Verb: *to close, lock, shut up, enclose; to fasten; to close, conclude; to interlock, intertwine; to twist, wind.*

(GE)LUFIAN

Verb: *to love, feel affection for, esteem, caress, cherish, fondle; to show love; to approve, delight in; to practise.*

GELUMPENLIC

Adjective: *occasional, accidental; suitable, opportune.*

GELUSTFUL

Adjective: *desirable, welcome.*

(GE)LUSTFULLIAN

Verb: *to enjoy, rejoice, be glad, be delighted, take pleasure; to give delight; to desire.*

(GE)LUSTFULLĪCE

Adverb: *gladly, with joy or pleasure; eagerly, willingly; earnestly; studiously.*

(GE)LUSTFULLUNG

Noun: *pleasure, delight; desire.*

(GE)LUSTFULNES

Noun: *pleasure, delight; desire.*

GELUSTIAN

Verb: *to take pleasure, delight in.*

GELŪTAN

Verb: *to bend, lay down; to stoop; to decline; to entreat; to approach an end.*

(GE)LŪTIAN

Verb: *to hide, lie hid, be concealed, lurk, skulk; to be latent.*

GELȲCOST

Noun: *twin.*

(GE)LYGNIAN

Verb: *to give one the lie, convict or charge with falsehood.*

GELYGNOD

Adjective: *perjured.*

(GE)LYNDE

Noun: *fat, fatness, grease, lard.*

GELYNDU

Noun: *joints of the spine.*

(GE)LYSTAN

Verb: *to list; to desire, provoke longing; to cause pleasure or desire, please.*

GELYSTED

Adjective: *desirous of.*

(GE)LȲTAN

Verb: *to bend, bow; to fall down, entreat, make obeisance; to stoop; to decline.*

(GE)LȲTLIAN

Verb: *to make or become little, diminish, decrease, lessen, run short, shorten, curtail; to fall out of use, abrogate; to humble, belittle, depreciate.*

GELȲTLUNG

Noun: *lack, want, insufficiency, diminution, failure.*

GEMĀD

Adjective: *unreasoning, foolish, silly, mad.*

(GE)MÆC

Adjective: *agreeable, well-suited, well-matched; similar, equal.*

GEMÆCCA

Noun: *consort, husband, wife; pair; equal, match; one of a pair, companion, mate, comrade.*

GEMÆCLIC

Adjective: *conjugal, relating to a wife.*

GEMÆCNES

Noun: *cohabitation; companionship; mixture.*

GEMÆCSCIPE

Noun: *cohabitation; fellowship, connection.*

GEMǢDAN

Verb: *to make mad or foolish.*

GEMǢDLA

Noun: *madness, fury.*

(GE)MǢG

1. Noun: *relative, kinsman, parent, son, brother, nephew, cousin; compatriot.*

2. Noun: *woman, kinswoman, female relative, wife, maiden.*

GEMÆGENIAN

Verb: *to establish, confirm.*

GEMÆGFÆST

Adjective: *gluttonous.*

GEMÆGÐ

Noun: *power, greatness.*

(GE)MǢGÐ

1. Noun: *people, race, family, clan, tribe; generation; relatives, kindred; nation, province, country.*

2. Noun: *longing; ambition, greed.*

GEMǢL

Adjective: *marked, stained, dyed.*

GEMÆLAN

1. Verb: *to mark, stain, spot, blemish.*

2. See *(ge)mælan.*

(GE)MÆLAN

Verb: *to speak, talk, harangue.*

(GE)MÆNAN

1. Verb: *to mean, signify; to mean, intend; to consider.*

2. Verb: *to tell, relate, declare, mention, speak of, announce, communicate to; to utter, pronounce; to complain of, moan, groan; to lament, sorrow, grieve, mourn, bewail.*

GEMÆNE

1. See *(ge)mæne.*

2. Adjective: *subdued, overpowered.*

3. Noun: *fellowship, intercourse.*

(GE)MÆNE

Adjective: *common, general, universal, public; owned in common, mutual; catholic; lower (clergy).*

(GE)MÆNELIC

Adjective: *common, ordinary; general, universal; mutual; public.*

(GE)MÆNELĪCE

Adverb: *generally, collectively; in common, mutually; jointly, together.*

GEMÆNELICNES

Noun: *generality.*

GEMÆNNES

Noun: *fellowship, community; land held in common; union, connection; sharing.*

GEMÆNSCIPE

Noun: *fellowship, community; union, communion; common.*

(GE)MÆNSUMIAN

Verb: *to impart; to partake of, participate in; to have fellowship, have the companionship of a person, live with, marry; to communicate; to administer Eucharist.*

GEMÆNSUMNES

Noun: *fellowship; communion, participation (in Eucharist).*

GEMÆNSUMUNG

Noun: *administrator of the Eucharist; communion.*

GEMÆNUNG

Noun: *fellowship, communion, marriage.*

GEMÆRAN

1. See *(ge)mæran.*

2. Verb: *to determine, fix limits, form the boundary of land.*

(GE)MÆRAN

Verb: *to declare, proclaim, divulge, spread about; to celebrate, honour, glorify.*

(GE)MÆRE

Noun: *limit, boundary, border, confine, end; balk of a plough-land.*

GEMÆRHAGA

Noun: *boundary fence.*

GEMÆRIAN

1. Verb: *to limit, mark out, fix the bounds of.*

2. See *gemæran.*

GEMÆRLACU

Noun: *boundary stream.*

(GE)MÆRSIAN

Verb: *to make or become famous; to spread (fame); to celebrate, exalt, praise, honour, glorify, magnify; to celebrate, perform a rite; to make great, extend, enlarge; to declare, proclaim, announce; to limit, bound, mark out.*

(GE)MÆRSUNG

Noun: *report, rumour; renown, greatness, favour, fame, celebrity, honour, excellency, magnificence; celebration, festival.*

GEMÆRTRĒOW

Noun: *boundary-tree.*

(GE)MÆRÐORN

Noun: *boundary thornbush, hawthorn tree which serves as a boundary.*

(GE)MÆRU

Noun: *border, margin, coast; termination, ending.*

GEMÆRUNG

Noun: *ending, finishing, termination.*

(GE)MÆRWEG

Noun: *boundary road.*

GEMÆRWYLL

Noun: *boundary-stream.*

GEMÆSSIAN

Verb: *to attend mass; to say or celebrate may.*

(GE)MÆSTAN

Verb: *to feed with mast, fatten; to anoint.*

(GE)MĀTAN

Verb: *to dream.*

GEMĀTE

Adjective: *fit, suitable, meet; moderate.*

GEMÆTGIAN

Verb: *to regulate, moderate, temper, allay; to control, order, govern; to consider, meditate, deliberate, measure, weigh in mind; to prepare, dispose, manage properly.*

(GE)MĀÐEGIAN

Verb: *to respect, honour; to spare.*

(GE)MĀÐIAN

Verb: *to respect, honour; to regard; to bestow, spare.*

GEMÆÐLA

Noun: *talk.*

(GE)MĀÐRIAN

Verb: *to show respect to, honour.*

GEMAGIAN

Verb: *to recover (health).*

(GE)MĀH

Adjective: *shameless, bad, wicked, wanton, impious; importunate, obstinate, stubborn.*

GEMĀHLIC

Adjective: *importunate, pertinacious; shameless, wanton; wicked.*

GEMĀHLĪCE

Adverb: *importunately, urgently, peremptorily, pertinaciously; boldly; pertly, saucily; impudently.*

GEMĀHLICNES

Noun: *importunity, inconvenience; shamelessness, wantonness; time of need.*

GEMĀHNES

Noun: *perseverance, persistence, stubbornness, contumacy; boldness, shamelessness; importunity, petulance.*

GEMĀLECA

Adjective: *importunate.*

GEMALMÆGEN

Noun: *assembly.*

GEMAN

Adjective: *having a mane.*

GEMĀNA

Noun: *society, fellowship, association, community, companionship, common property; intercourse, commerce, conjunction; partaking of the Eucharist; familiarity, cohabitation, marriage.*

GEMĀNE

Adjective: *having a mane.*

GEMANG

Noun: *union, mixture; crowd, multitude, throng, company, troop; meeting, assembly, congregation; business; cohabitation.*

GEMANGENNES

Noun: *mixture, mingling; confection.*

(GE)MANGIAN

Verb: *to trade, traffic; to act as a monger; to mix.*

GEMANIAN

1. See *(ge)manian.*

2. Verb: *to be restored to health.*

(GE)MANIAN

Verb: *to bring to mind, remember remind; to advise, warn; to suggest, instigate, exhort; to teach, instruct; to ask, claim, demand; to admonish; to prompt.*

GEMANIGEAN

Verb: *to be restored to health.*

(GE)MANIGFEALDAN

Verb: *to become numerous or abundant, multiply, increase, extend; to reward.*

(GE)MANIGFEALDIAN

Verb: *to become numerous or abundant, multiply, increase, extend; to reward.*

GEMANÐWÆRIAN

Verb: *to make gentle, humanize.*

GEMĀRIAN

Verb: *to make greater, increase, enlarge.*

GEMARTYRIAN

Verb: *to torture, martyr.*

GEMAÐEL

Noun: *talking, speech, conversation, harangue.*

(GE)MEARC

Noun: *mark, sign; limit, boundary, border, line of division, standard; term; defined area, district, province.*

(GE)MEARCIAN

Verb: *to mark, stain, seal, make a mark on anything; to fix the bounds or limits of a place, mark a boundary; to measure; to define, describe, portray; to appoint, assign, designate; to plan, mark out, design, draw up; to create; to observe; to note, record.*

GEMEARCOD

Adjective: *baptized; marked.*

(GE)MEARCUNG

Noun: *description, disposition, arrangement; marking out; constellation; title, chapter.*

GEMEARGIAN

Verb: *to be rich; to fill with marrow.*

GEMEARR

1. Noun: *hindrance, obstruction; error; emptiness, vanity.*

2. Adjective: *wicked, fraudulent.*

GEMEC

Adjective: *well-suited, companionable; equal, matched, similar.*

GEMĒDE

1. Noun: *good will, consent, pleasure; covenant.*

2. Adjective: *agreeable, pleasant; suitable, adequate.*

(GE)MEDEMIAN

Verb: *to place, assign, allot, mete out, vouchsafe; to estimate, fix the measure of anything; to order, regulate, moderate; to respect, esteem, condescend, deign, honour, deem worthy; to humble, humiliate.*

(GE)MEDEMNES

Noun: *worth, dignity; kindness, condescension, benignity.*

GEMĒDRED

Adjective: *maternal, of a mother; having the same mother.*

GEMĒDREN

Adjective: *born of the same mother.*

GEMĒDRIAN

Verb: *to mother, adopt or have as son or daughter.*

(GE)MELCAN

Verb: *to milk.*

(GE)MELDIAN

Verb: *to tell, declare, announce, proclaim, reveal; to accuse, inform against.*

(GE)MELTAN

1. Verb: *to consume by fire, burn up; to melt, become liquid; to be dissolved, digest.*

2. See *(ge)mieltan.*

(GE)MENGAN

Verb: *to unite, join, combine, mix, mingle, stir up; to associate with, consort; to cohabit with; to disturb; to converse; to confuse, confound.*

GEMENGEDLIC

Adjective: *mixed, confused.*

GEMENGEDLĪCE

Adverb: *confusedly.*

GEMENGEDNES

Noun: *mixture, mingling; connection; sexual intercourse.*

GEMENGUNG

Noun: *confusion; mixing.*

(GE)MEOLCIAN

Verb: *to milk, give milk, suckle.*

GEMET

1. See *(ge)met.*

2. Adjective: *fit, proper, apt, meet.*

(GE)MET

Noun: *measure, quantity; act of measuring, appointed share; distance, space; limit, boundary; degree; ability, capacity, adequacy; power, order, rule, law; mood (inflection); metre; moderation; way, manner, means.*

(GE)MĒTAN

Verb: *to find, find out; to meet with, encounter, come across, come upon, fall in with; to obtain; to paint; to design.*

GEMĒTEDNES

Noun: *finding, discovery, invention.*

GEMĒTEND

Noun: *inventor, discoverer.*

GEMETFÆST

Adjective: *moderate, reasonable, modest, discreet, sober; gentle, kind, honest, meek; frugal, not extravagant; orderly.*

GEMETFÆSTAN

Verb: *to compare.*

GEMETFÆSTLIC

Adjective: *moderate, modest; gentle.*

(GE)METFÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *modestly, humbly; gently, meekly.*

GEMETFÆSTNES

Noun: *moderation, modesty, discretion, sobriety; gentleness, meekness.*

GEMETFÆT

Noun: *measure; measuring-vessel.*

(GE)METGIAN

Verb: *to control, regulate, moderate, govern; to consider, meditate upon, measure in the mind; to assign due measure; to order, dispose, prepare, deliver; to temper, allay.*

GEMETGIEND

Noun: *ruler, governor.*

(GE)METGUNG

Noun: *moderation, temperance, frugality; meditation, reflection; direction, regulation, rule, governance; arrangement.*

GEMETHĀT

Adjective: *temperate.*

(GE)MĒTING

Noun: *meeting, assembly, association, congregation, society; finding, discovery; agreement; painting, picture.*

GEMETLÆCAN

Verb: *to moderate.*

GEMETLIC

Adjective: *moderate, measurable, temperate, discreet, sober; fitting, suitable, sufficient; mild, gentle.*

GEMETLĪCE

Adverb: *moderately, temperately, modestly; fitly, suitably, meetly.*

GEMETLICUNG

Noun: *adjustment, regulation; measure, moderation.*

GEMETMĒTE

Adverb: *fitly, meetly, in a proper manner.*

GEMETNES

Noun: *moderation.*

GEMETODLĪCE

Adverb: *inevitably.*

(GE)METSIAN

Verb: *to feed, supply with food, furnish with provisions.*

GEMETTA

Noun: *sharer in food, guest.*

GEMĒÐGIAN

Verb: *to fatigue, tire out, weary, exhaust; to impair.*

(GE)MICELNES

Noun: *size; mass, quantity, amount; abundance, multitude; greatness, magnificence, great deed.*

(GE)MICLIAN

Verb: *to become great, increase, extend; to make great or larger, magnify, extol.*

(GE)MICLUNG

Noun: *doing of great things or deeds; greatness, magnificence, glory.*

GEMIDLEAHTRIAN

Verb: *to reproach.*

GEMIDLIAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, halve; to mediate.*

(GE)MĪDLIAN

Verb: *to restrain, bridle, curb.*

(GE)MIDSĪÐEGIAN

Verb: *to accompany, associate with.*

(GE)MIDSĪÐIAN

Verb: *to accompany, associate.*

(GE)MIELTAN

Verb: *to melt, become liquid; to soften; to digest; to purge, refine; to exhaust.*

GEMIERCE

Noun: *mark, sign, token; limit, boundary.*

(GE)MIERRAN

Verb: *to disturb, upset, deceive; to obstruct, hinder; to err; to confuse; to spoil, mar; to scatter, waste, squander; to trouble, force.*

(GE)MĪGAN

Verb: *to make water; to water.*

GEMILDGIAN

Verb: *to mitigate, make mild or calm.*

GEMILSCAD

Adjective: *honeyed, mixed or sweetened with honey.*

(GE)MILTSIAN

Verb: *to compassionate, show mercy, have or take pity or mercy upon, pardon; to soften, make mild or kind.*

(GE)MILTSIGEND

Noun: *one who takes pity.*

(GE)MILTSUNG

Noun: *favour, sympathy, compassion, mercy, pity; pardon, indulgence; moderation, reduction (of punishment).*

GEMIMOR

Adjective: *known, well-known.*

GEMIMORLĪCE

Adverb: *by heart.*

(GE)MINSIAN

Verb: *to become small, diminish, lessen.*

(GE)MITTAN

Verb: *to meet, meet with, find; to come upon or across.*

(GE)MITTING

Noun: *meeting, assembly, convention.*

GEMŌD

1. See *(ge)mōd.*

2. Adjective: *of one mind, agreed, harmonious, peaceful.*

(GE)MŌD

Noun: *mind, heart, spirit, courage; mood, temper; pride, arrogance; power, violence.*

GEMŌDOD

Adjective: *minded, disposed.*

GEMŌDSUM

Adjective: *in agreement, accordant.*

GEMŌDSUMIAN

Verb: *to agree.*

GEMŌDSUMNES

Noun: *agreement, concord.*

GEMOLCEN

Adjective: *milked.*

(GE)MOLSNIAN

Verb: *to decay, wither, moulder; to corrupt; to become corrupt.*

(GE)MŌT

Noun: *meeting, assembly, society, synod; moot; court, council; mitigation.*

(GE)MŌTÆRN

Noun: *meeting-place, hall, courthouse.*

GEMŌTAN

Verb: *to meet, find, find out, fall in with, encounter; to obtain.*

(GE)MŌTBEORH

Noun: *hill of meeting.*

(GE)MŌTHŪS

Noun: *house where a court or assembly is held, moot-hall.*

(GE)MŌTIAN

Verb: *to speak to or about, converse with, address, harangue; to discuss, argue, dispute, moot a question; to plead.*

GEMŌTLĒAH

Noun: *meadow of meeting.*

GEMŌTMANN

Noun: *orator; counsellor; auditor of accounts.*

GEMŌTSTEDE

Noun: *meeting-place.*

(GE)MŌTSTŌW

Noun: *place of assembly, council, forum.*

GEMUN

Adjective: *mindful, remembering.*

(GE)MUNAN

Verb: *to remember, remind; to think, consider, meditate; to think about, be mindful of; to be careful; to mention, record.*

(GE)MUNDBYRDAN

Verb: *to protect, defend, patronize.*

(GE)MUNDIAN

Verb: *to protect, guard, shelter, watch over; to act as a guardian.*

GĒMUNG

Noun: *marriage, nuptials; entertainment, wedding feast; care, keeping, guarding, management; rule, ruling; being anxious.*

GĒMUNGIAN

Verb: *to marry.*

GĒMUNGLIC

Adjective: *nuptial, belonging to a marriage.*

GEMUNING

Noun: *remembrance.*

(GE)MYND

Noun: *memory, remembrance; memorial, act of commemoration, recording; thought, purpose; mind, intellect, consciousness; reminder, warning; mention, record.*

GEMYNDBLĪÐE

Adjective: *memorial; having happy memories.*

GEMYNDDÆG

Noun: *anniversary, commemoration day.*

GEMYNDE

1. Adjective: *mindful.*

2. Noun: *river-mouth.*

GEMYNDEWYRÐE

Adjective: *worth mentioning or remembering.*

GEMYNDFUL

Adjective: *of good memory, mindful.*

(GE)MYNDGIAN

Verb: *to remember, be mindful of, remind, recall, recollect; to intend; to mention, commemorate; to impel, exhort, warn; to demand payment.*

GEMYNDGOD

Adjective: *aforesaid.*

(GE)MYNDIG

Adjective: *mindful, recollecting; memorable; wise, thoughtful.*

GEMYNDIGLIC

Adjective: *memorable; hortatory.*

GEMYNDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *by heart, without book; thoughtfully; hortatory, admonitory.*

GEMYNDIGLICNES

Noun: *remembrance, memorial.*

(GE)MYNDLĒAS

Adjective: *senseless, foolish, witless.*

GEMYNDLȳST

Noun: *madness, senselessness.*

GEMYNDSTŌW

Noun: *monument, tomb.*

GEMYNE

Adjective: *mindful.*

(GE)MYNEGUNG

Noun: *advice, exhortation, warning, admonition; claim; memorandum; place of toll, district for purposes of tribute or taxation; residents in a taxing district.*

(GE)MYNETIAN

Verb: *to coin, mint.*

GEMYNT

Noun: *intention.*

(GE)MYNTAN

Verb: *to determine, resolve; to mean, intend, purpose; to destine; to think, suppose; to bring forth; to give up to.*

GEMȳÐE

Noun: *confluence or junction of two streams, mouth of a river.*

(GE)MYSCAN

Verb: *to afflict, offend, injure.*

GĒN

1. Adverb: *yet, still; now; again; also, besides, moreover, further; hitherto.*

2. Adverb: *directly, concisely, briefly.*

3. Verb: *to groan, cry out.*

GENACOD

1. Adjective: *bare, naked, nude, unsheathed, not fully clothed; empty, destitute or stripped of property.*

2. Noun: *nakedness.*

GENACODIAN

Verb: *to lay bare, strip.*

(GE)NÆGAN

1. Verb: *to speak to, address; to approach, accost; to attack, assail, assault.*

2. See *(ge)hnæ*æ*gan* (1).

3. See *(ge)hnæ**æ**gan* (2).

(GE)NÆGLIAN

Verb: *to nail, fasten with nails.*

GENÆMAN

Verb: *to take away.*

(GE)NÆTAN

Verb: *to afflict, annoy, injury, trouble, crush; to press upon, subdue; to corrupt, destroy.*

GENĀG

Adjective: *pressing, striking.*

(GE)NAMIAN

Verb: *to name, call by name; to enumerate; to mention, nominate, speak of, invoke; to relate; to address, speak to; to appoint.*

GENAMN

Adjective: *having the same name.*

(GE)NĒADIAN

1. Verb: *to force, compel, impel, urge; to constrain.*

2. See *(ge)nēodian.*

GENĒAH

Noun: *sufficiency; abundance.*

(GE)NEAHHE

Adverb: *enough, sufficiently; very much, abundantly; often, frequently; earnestly.*

GENEAHHELĪCE

Adverb: *sufficiently; abundantly; frequently, usually.*

GENĒAHIAN

Verb: *to draw near to.*

GENĒAHSEN

Adjective: *near.*

GENĒAHWIAN

Verb: *to approach, draw near; to cleave to, adhere.*

(GE)NĒALÆCAN

Verb: *to approach, come or draw near, be near; to adhere, cling to; to be like; to come, happen.*

(GE)NEARWIAN

Verb: *to make narrow, straiten, compress; to become smaller, shrink; to crowd; to restrain, confine, constrain; to afflict, oppress.*

GENĒAT

Noun: *companion, associate; follower, dependant, vassal, tenant.*

(GE)NĒATLAND

Noun: *land of a dependant or vassal.*

GENĒATMANN

Noun: *companion; follower, dependant, vassal, tenant.*

GENĒATRIHT

Noun: *regulations as to the tenure of genĒatland.*

GENEATSCOLU

Noun: *band of comrades or companions.*

(GE)NEFA

Noun: *nephew, stepson; second cousin; grandson.*

(GE)NEMNAN

Verb: *to name, nominate, call by name, mention, invoke; to enumerate; to speak to, address; to relate.*

(GE)NĒODIAN

Verb: *to be necessary, be required; to require.*

GENĒOPAN

Verb: *to overwhelm, engulf.*

GENEORÐ

Adjective: *content, contented.*

(GE)NĒOSUNG

Noun: *access; visit, visitation.*

(GE)NER

Noun: *refuge, safety, protection, asylum.*

GENEREDNES

Noun: *deliverance, taking away.*

(GE)NERIAN

Verb: *to save, rescue, liberate, set free; to defend, protect, preserve; to take away, deliver.*

GENERSTEDE

Noun: *refuge, asylum, sanctuary.*

(GE)NESAN

Verb: *to escape from, survive, be saved or preserved.*

GENETTIAN

Verb: *to ensnare, entangle.*

(GE)NĒÐAN

Verb: *to attempt, strive; to dare, venture, risk, have courage to do.*

GENG

See *(ge)geng.*

GENGAN

Verb: *to go, pass.*

GENGE

See *(ge)genge.*

GENĪEDEDLIC

Adjective: *compulsory, forced.*

(GE)NĪEHSTA

Noun: *neighbour, closest friend.*

(GE)NIERWAN

Verb: *to constrain; to oppress, confine, repress, rebuke, chasten, beset; to blame, threaten; to make narrow, compress, contract; to diminish, reduce, curtail.*

GENIHTIAN

Verb: *to become night; to grow dark.*

(GE)NIMAN

Verb: *to take, get, obtain, receive, accept, assume, undertake; to keep, hold, seize, catch, grasp; to take away, remove; to adopt, appropriate; to suffer, tolerate, experience; to carry, bring, bear; to deduce, infer; to go, move or betake oneself, proceed, get on, develop, flourish; to take place, occur; to understand, comprehend, apprehend; to give, deliver, hand over; to include; to promote.*

GENIP

Noun: *darkness, obscurity; cloud, mist.*

(GE)NĪPAN

Verb: *to grow dark, obscure; to rise as a cloud.*

GENIPFUL

Adjective: *dark, gloomy, cloudy.*

(GE)NIÐERIAN

Verb: *to depress, abase, oppress, humiliate, degrade, subdue; to cast down, bring low; to accuse, condemn.*

GENIÐERIGENDLIC

Adjective: *deserving condemnation.*

GENĪÐLA

Noun: *enemy, foe; enmity, hate, fierceness.*

GENIWUNG

Noun: *renewing, recovering.*

GĒNLĀD

Noun: *estuary.*

GENŌG

1. Adjective: *enough, sufficient; much, many, abundant.*

2. Adverb: *sufficiently; very, quite, abundantly, fully.*

GENŌGIAN

Verb: *to be abundant; to multiply.*

GENOTIAN

1. See *(ge)notian.*

2. Verb: *to note, mark.*

(GE)NOTIAN

Verb: *to enjoy; to use, consume, employ; to discharge an office.*

GENUGAN

Verb: *to suffice, not to lack.*

GENŸDENLIC

Adjective: *compulsory, forced.*

(GE)NŸDMÆG

Noun: *blood-relation, near kinsman; cousin.*

(GE)NŸDMĀGE

Noun: *blood-relation, near kinswoman; cousin.*

GENYHT

Noun: *abundance, plenty, fulness, fulfilment; opulence; sufficiency.*

GENYHTFUL

Adjective: *abundant, plentiful.*

GENYHTLĪCE

Adverb: *abundantly.*

(GE)NYHTSUM

Adjective: *abundant, abounding, plentiful, copious, rich; satisfied, contented; fruitful.*

(GE)NYHTSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *abundantly, plentifully, copiously; sufficiently.*

GENYHTSUMIAN

Verb: *to suffice, abound.*

GENYHTSUMNES

Noun: *abundance, plenty, copiousness; sufficiency.*

GENYHTSUMUNG

Noun: *abundance.*

GĒO

Adverb: *of old, formerly, earlier, before, once; already.*

GĒOABBOD

Noun: *former abbot.*

GĒOC

Noun: *help, aid, support, safety; consolation, succour; rescue; comfort.*

GEOC

Noun: *yoke, yoke of oxen; pair of horses; measure of land; consort.*

GEOCBOGA

Noun: *bow or curved part of a yoke.*

GĒOCEND

Noun: *preserver; Saviour.*

GEOCIAN

See *(ge)geocian.*

GĒOCIAN

Verb: *to preserve; to save rescue; to join, yoke.*

GEOCLED

Noun: *measure of land, yokelet.*

GEOCLETA

Noun: *measure of land.*

GĒOCOR

Adjective: *sad, bitter, harsh, strong, fierce, terrible, dire.*

GĒOCRE

Adverb: *harshly, roughly.*

GEOCSA

Noun: *sob; hiccough.*

GEOCSIAN

Verb: *to sigh, sob.*

GEOCSTECCA

Noun: *bar or stick of a yoke.*

GEOCSUNG

Noun: *sobbing.*

GEOCTĒMA

Noun: *animal yoked with another.*

GĒODÆD

Noun: *deed done of old or formerly.*

GĒODÆG

Noun: *former day, day of old.*

GEOFOLA

Noun: *bit of food, morsel, mouthful.*

(GE)OFESTAN

Verb: *to be quick, hasten; to approach, draw near; to undertake, strive after, endeavour to do.*

(GE)OFFRIAN

Verb: *to offer, sacrifice, immolate; to bring an oblation.*

GEOFON

Noun: *flood, deluge; sea, ocean.*

GEOFONFLŌD

Noun: *sea or ocean flood.*

GEOFONHŪS

Noun: *ship, vessel.*

GĒOGĒARA

Adverb: *formerly, of old.*

GĒOGELERE

Noun: *magician.*

GEOGUÐ

Noun: *youth, young people, junior warriors; young cattle.*

GEOGUÐCNŌSL

Noun: *young offspring; youthful family.*

GEOGUÐFEORHT

Noun: *youth, youthful life.*

GEOGUÐHĀD

Noun: *youth; adolescence.*

GEOGUÐHĀDNES

Noun: *youth; adolescence.*

GEOGUÐLIC

Adjective: *youthlike, youthful.*

GEOGUÐLUST

Noun: *youthful pleasure, lust.*

GEOGUÐMYRÐ

Noun: *joy or tenderness of youth.*

GEOHT

Noun: *yoke of oxen, pair of horses.*

GĒOHWĪLUM

Adjective: *formerly, of old.*

GĒOL

Noun: *Christmas, Yuletide.*

GĒOLA

Noun: *December or January; Christmas, Yule-tide.*

GEOLCWEARTE

Noun: *nightingale.*

GĒOLDÆG

Noun: *Yule-day, day at Yuletide.*

GĒOLĒAN

Noun: *reward for something done long ago.*

GĒOLMŌNAÐ

Noun: *December.*

GEOLNA

Noun: *kind of Egyptian stork.*

GEOLOCA

Noun: *yolk.*

GEOLORAND

Noun: *yellow buckler, shield.*

GEOLSTER

Noun: *matter, disease, pus, venom, poison; poisonous humour; corruption.*

GEOLSTRIG

Adjective: *purulent, full of corrupt; matter poisonous.*

GEOLU

Adjective: *yellow, saffron, bay.*

GEOLUHWĪT

Adjective: *pale yellow.*

GEOLURĒAD

Adjective: *reddish yellow.*

GEOLWE

Adjective: *yellow, yellowish.*

GEOLWIAN

See *(ge)geolwian.*

GĒOMAGISTER

Noun: *former teacher.*

GĒOMANN

Noun: *man of old, of a former time.*

GĒOMĒOWLE

Noun: *old woman, aged wife; one who was a maiden long ago.*

GĒOMOR

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful, mournful, miserable, wretched, troubled; murmuring.*

GĒOMORE

Adverb: *sadly, mournfully.*

GĒOMORFRŌD

Adjective: *very old; old with sadness.*

GĒOMORGIDD

Noun: *mournful song, elegy, dirge; lamentation.*

GĒOMORLIC

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful, mournful, miserable, grievous, painful.*

GĒOMORLĪCE

Adverb: *sadly, lamentably, mournfully, miserably.*

GĒOMORMŌD

Adjective: *sad of mind, sorrowful.*

GĒOMORNES

Noun: *sadness, trouble, tribulation.*

GĒOMRIAN

Verb: *to be sad, lament, sorrow, mourn, bewail; to complaint; to murmur, sigh, groan.*

GĒOMRUNG

Noun: *lamentation, grief, groaning, moaning.*

(GE)ONBRYRDAN

Verb: *to encourage, excite, stimulate, inspire, incite, instigate, animate; to grieve, prick, sting, prick in the heart; to make contrite, remorseful.*

GEOND

1. Adposition: *in, through; for, during, through; across, throughout; over, about; beyond, yonder, thither; as far as, up to; among, between.*
2. Adverb: *beyond, yonder, thither.*

GEONDAN

Adposition: *beyond.*

GEONDBLĀWAN

Verb: *to inspire, illuminate.*

GEONDBRǼDAN

Verb: *to cover entirely, overspread; to extend, enlarge.*

GEONDDRENCAN

Verb: *to drink excessively, get drunk.*

GEONDEARDIAN

Verb: *to inhabit.*

GEONDFARAN

Verb: *to go through, traverse, pervade; to penetrate, permeate.*

GEONDFĒOLAN

Verb: *to fill completely, permeate.*

GEONDFĒRAN

Verb: *to go through, traverse, surpass.*

GEONDFLŌWAN

Verb: *to flow over or through.*

GEONDFLŌWENDE

Adjective: *ebbing and flowing.*

GEONDGANGAN

Verb: *to go through or about, traverse, perambulate.*

GEONDGĒOTAN

Verb: *to pour, pour about, spread; to soak, saturate, suffuse.*

GEONDHWEORFAN

Verb: *to pass over or through, traverse; to go about.*

GEONDHYRDAN

Verb: *to harden thoroughly.*

GEONDLĀCAN

Verb: *to go through or over, traverse; to flow over.*

GEONDLECCAN

Verb: *to water. wet through, moisten thoroughly, irrigate.*

GEONDLECCUNG

Noun: *moistening, watering.*

GEONDLĪHTAN

Verb: *to illuminate, enlighten.*

GEONDLĪHTEND

Noun: *illuminator.*

GEONDMENGAN

Verb: *to confuse, bewilder; to mingle.*

GEONDRĒCAN

Verb: *to smoke thoroughly, fill with smoke.*

GEONDSĀWAN

Verb: *to spread abroad, scatter, strew, sow.*

GEONDSCĒAWIAN

Verb: *to look at, survey; consider, have regard to.*

GEONDSCĪNAN

Verb: *to shine upon, illuminate.*

GEONDSCRĪÐAN

1. Verb: *ramble (of the mind).*

2. Verb: *to go or pass through or about, traverse.*

GEONDSCRĪÐING

Noun: *course, passage.*

GEONDSĒCAN

Verb: *to search thoroughly; to pervade.*

GEONDSENDAN

Verb: *to overspread.*

GEONDSĒON

Verb: *to examine, see beyond or through.*

GEONDSMĒAGAN

Verb: *to investigate, examine, search through; to discuss.*

GEONDSPÆTAN

Verb: *to spit or squirt through.*

GEONDSPRENGAN

Verb: *to scatter over or through, besprinkle.*

GEONDSPRINGAN

Verb: *to spread about, be diffused; to penetrate.*

GEONDSPRŪTAN

Verb: *to pervade.*

GEONDSTRĒDAN

Verb: *to scatter, besprinkle, suffuse.*

GEONDSTRĒDNES

Noun: *dispersion.*

GEONDSTYRIAN

Verb: *to move or stir violently, agitate.*

GEONDÐENCAN

Verb: *to consider, think over, contemplate, reflect over.*

GEONDWADAN

Verb: *to know thoroughly, be versed in.*

GEONDWEARDAN

Verb: *to answer.*

GEONDWLĪTAN

Verb: *to look about or around, look through or over, contemplate, examine, scan.*

GEONDYRNAN

Verb: *to run over or about.*

GEŌNETTAN

Verb: *to seize, get quickly; to occupy; to make useless.*

GEONG

1. Adjective: *young, youthful; new, recent, fresh.*

2. See *gang.*

GEONGA

Noun: *young man.*

GEONGLÆCAN

Verb: *to pass one's youth, grow up.*

GEONGLIC

Adjective: *young, youthful.*

GEONGLICNES

Noun: *youth.*

GEONGLING

Noun: *youth, youngling.*

GEONGORDŌM

Noun: *subjection, discipleship, allegiance; service, obedience, vassalage; youngership; minority.*

GEONGORSCIPE

Noun: *service, discipleship; allegiance; youngership.*

GEONGRA

Noun: *youth; assistant, attendant; follower, disciple, dependant, servant, vassal; deputy.*

GEONGRE

Noun: *assistant, female attendant, follower, servant; deputy.*

GEONLĪCIAN

Verb: *to liken, compare; to make like, simulate.*

GEONLĪCUNG

Noun: *likeness.*

GEONOFER

Adverb: *thither.*

GEONSĪÐ

Noun: *journey to the other world, death.*

(GE)ONÐRACIAN

Verb: *to be afraid of, fear, dread; to frighten.*

GEONWEALDIAN

Verb: *to have dominion over, exercise authority.*

GĒOPAN

Verb: *to take in, receive; to take up.*

(GE)OPENIAN

Verb: *to open; to declare, expound, proclaim; to show, reveal, disclose, manifest, make known; to make clear, explain; to spread apart, expand.*

(GE)OPENUNG

Noun: *opening, manifestation, revelation, disclosure.*

GEORMANLĒAF

Noun: *mallow.*

GEORMENLETIC

Noun: *mallow.*

GEORN

Adjective: *eager, desirous, zealous, ardent, anxious; careful, diligent, earnest, studious; intent.*

GEORNE

Adverb: *eagerly, willingly, zealously; carefully, diligently, earnestly; gladly; completely, exactly; well; readily, quickly; complainingly.*

GEORNFUL

Adjective: *eager, desirous, zealous, solicitous, anxious; diligent, strenuous; intent.*

GEORNFULLIC

Adjective: *earger, desirious, zealous; careful, diligent; assiduous.*

GEORNFULLĪCE

Adverb: *eagerly, willingly, anxiously; carefully, attentively; earnestly, diligently; well.*

GEORNFULNES

Noun: *earnestness, diligence; eagerness, desire, zeal, anxiety, fervour, devotion.*

GEORNLIC

Adjective: *desirable; earnest.*

GEORNLĪCE

Adverb: *earnestly, diligently, strenuously; carefully; willingly, zealously.*

GEORNNES

Noun: *desire, zeal; purpose; endeavour, earnest, diligence, industry; petition, prayer; importunity; care; assiduity.*

GEORNUNG

Noun: *desire, yearning; diligence; petition, prayer.*

(GE)ORRETTAN

Verb: *to put confusion, disturb; to put to shame; to disgrace.*

GEORSTU

Interjection: *oh.*

GEORWĒNAN

Verb: *to despair, to be out of hope.*

GEORWYRÐAN

Verb: *to dishonour, defame, disgrace.*

GEORWYRÐE

Adjective: *disgraced, dishonoured, traduced; defeated.*

GĒOSCEAFT

Noun: *fate, destiny.*

GĒOSCEAFTGĀST

Noun: *doomed or ancient spirit.*

GEOSTRA

1. Adverb: *yester.*

2. Adjective: *of yesterday.*

GEOSTRAN

Adverb: *yester.*

GĒOTAN

See *(ge)gēotan*.

GĒOTEND

Noun: *artery, vein*.

GĒOTENDÆDER

Noun: *artery*.

GĒOTENLIC

Adjective: *fluid, molten*.

GĒOTERE

Noun: *pourer, founder, melter*.

(GE)OTRĪEWAN

Verb: *to distrust, disbelieve; to despair; to doubt*.

GEOWEORÐA

Noun: *Jugurtha*.

GĒOWINE

Noun: *friend of old or former times, departed friend*.

GEPALMTWIGIAN

Verb: *to deck with palm-branches*.

GEPĪCIAN

Verb: *to pitch, cover with pitch*.

GEPĪLED

Adjective: *spiked, spiky*.

(GE)PĪLIAN

Verb: *to pound in a mortar*.

(GE)PĪNIAN

Verb: *to torment, punish, torture*.

(GE)PIPORIAN

Verb: *to pepper, season with pepper*.

(GE)PLANTIAN

Verb: *to plant*.

GEPLATOD

Adjective: *plated (of gold); beaten into thin plates*.

(GE)PLEGIAN

Verb: *to move rapidly; to occupy or busy oneself, exercise, amuse oneself, play, sport with, dance; to mock; to play on an instrument; to clap the hands, applaud; to fight, contend; to cohabit (with).*

(GE)PORTIAN

Verb: *to beat, pound, bray in a mortar.*

(GE)POS

Noun: *cold, catarrh.*

(GE)PRICIAN

Verb: *to pierce; to prick, sting; to produce a pricking sensation.*

(GE)PŪNIAN

Verb: *to beat, pound, bray, bruise.*

GEPYNDAN

Verb: *to shut up, impound.*

GERACENTĒAGIAN

Verb: *to chain.*

GERĀD

1. Noun: *consideration, account; intention; design; reason, sense, understanding, discernment; wisdom; prudence, discretion; manner, mode; condition, stipulation.*

2. See *(ge)rād.*

(GE)RĀD

Adjective: *conditioned, suited, circumstanced; ordered, disposed, well arranged, adapted; wise, clever, skilful, expert; skilled, learned, instructed; straight*

GERĀDIAN

Verb: *to prepare, arrange; to reckon with, call to account; to reason, argue.*

GERĀDIGIAN

Verb: *to reckon with, call to account; to arrange.*

GERĀDLIC

Adjective: *fitting, proper, appropriate, reasonable.*

GERĀDLĪCE

Adverb: *intelligently, clearly.*

GERĀDOD

Adjective: *intelligent, reasonable.*

GERĀDSCIPE

Noun: *discretion, prudence; intelligence, understanding.*

GERÆC

Noun: *opportunity.*

GERÆCAN

Verb: *to get, reach, obtain, attain, gain; take, seize; to overtake; to give; arrive; to speak, address to; to handle, deal with; to strike.*

(GE)RÆDAN

Verb: *to advice, counsel, persuade; to ask advice, consult; to discuss, debate, deliberate; to have an idea; to plot, design; to equip; to look to, provide for; to bring, deliver; to help; to decide, decree, determine, resolve after deliberation; to guess, forebode; to direct, guide, rule, govern, have control over, possess; to arrange, put in order; to read; to explain.*

GERÆDE

1. Noun: *trappings, armour, harness; housing; accoutrements, equipage, ornaments.*
2. Noun: *design, device; counsel.*

GERÆDE

1. Noun: *housing, harness, trappings, equipage, armour, accoutrements, ornament; counsel.*
2. See *(ge)ræde.*
3. Noun: *device, design.*

GERÆDELĪCE

Adverb: *prudently wisely, skilfully, cunningly; deliberately, on purpose; completely, fully; clearly, explicitly.*

(GE)RÆDEND

Noun: *controller, ruler, disposer; diviner.*

(GE)RÆDNES

Noun: *arrangement, agreement, conspiracy; condition; determination, decision, resolution, readiness, promptness; decree, ordinance; intention, purpose; definition.*

GERÆDOD

Adjective: *harnessed, furnished with trappings.*

GERÆF

Adjective: *convicted of; brought home to.*

(GE)RÆPAN

Verb: *to bind, chain, fetter, yoke together; to capture, enslave.*

GERÆPTAN

Verb: *to bind, fetter.*

GERÆÐLE

Noun: *trappings, harness.*

(GE)RÆW

Noun: *line, row, succession; hedgerow.*

GERÆWE

Adjective: *arranged in rows.*

GERÆWED

Adjective: *arranged in rows, drawn up in line (of troops).*

GERÆWEN

Adjective: *arranged in rows; having strips.*

GERĀR

Noun: *roaring, howling.*

GERASINGAS

Noun: *the Gergesenes.*

GERĀWAN

Verb: *to arrange in line.*

GERĒAFIAN

1. Verb: *to rob, spoil, plunder, ravage, take by force; to waste; to carry off, remove, transport; to strip.*

2. See *(ge)rēafian.*

(GE)RĒAFIAN

Verb: *to robe*

GEREC

1. Noun: *order, direction, management, rule, decree; government; explanation, exposition, account; tumult.*

2. Noun: *pinnace.*

3. See *gerecu.*

(GE)RECAN

Verb: *to move, go, proceed hastily; to carry, bring, convey.*

(GE)RĒCAN

Verb: *to steam, smoke; to expose to smoke or steam, fumigate; to cause to emit smoke, burn incense.*

GERECCAN

Verb: *to decide, give judgement; to guide, control, order, rule, direct, decree, wield (authority), govern, correct; to subdue, reduce; to say, tell, relate, narrate, quote; to express, denote, explain, instruct; to interpret, translate; to show, prove; to reprove, reproach; to count, reckon; to set forth, extend; to assign.*

(GE)RECCELĪC

Adjective: *extended, stretched out; strict, firm, steadfast.*

(GE)RECEDNES

Noun: *narrative, history, report; interpretation; explanation, direction, correction; proof.*

(GE)RECENIAN

Verb: *to pay; to explain, relate, recount; to set in order, arrange, dispose; to reckon.*

GERECLIC

Adjective: *circumstantial; that affords proof or explanation.*

GERECLĪCE

Adverb: *directly, straight; firmly, strictly, methodically; extensively; smoothly.*

GERECNES

Noun: *direction, inclination.*

GERECU

Noun: *rule, decree; government; explanation, exposition, account; orderly condition, quiet time.*

GERĒDE

Adjective: *ready, prepared, skilled; ready for riding (horse); simple.*

GEREDIAN

Verb: *to get at, reach; to discover; to do, carry out, effect; to find out, hit upon.*

(GE)RĒFA

Noun: *high official, consul, reeve, sheriff, fiscal officer of the shire or county; steward, prefect; judge; count.*

GERĒFÆRN

Noun: *court-house.*

GERĒFLAND

Noun: *land held by a reeve.*

GERĒFLANG

Noun: *minister, one who serves under a reeve.*

GERĒFMÆD

Noun: *reeve's meadow.*

GERĒFMANN

Noun: *official, courtier.*

GERĒFSCIPE

Noun: *stewardship, consulate, reeve's office.*

GERĒFSCĪR

Noun: *stewardship, prefecture.*

GEREGNUNG

Noun: *preparation of drugs.*

GERĒN

Noun: *ornament; building.*

GERENDRIAN

Verb: *to peel, strip off bark.*

GERĒNE

Noun: *structure, edification, building; instrument; ornament.*

(GE)RĒNIAN

Verb: *to set in order, arrange, dispose, prepare; to adorn, ornament, garnish, trim; to plan, contrive; to mend.*

GERENNAN

Verb: *to coagulate.*

GERĒNUNG

Noun: *arranging, making up.*

(GE)RĒONIAN

Verb: *to plot, devise, conspire, frame; to talk low, whisper, murmur, mutter; to ordain.*

(GE)RĒONUNG

Noun: *soft speech, whispering, muttering; secret talking; wheedling; conspiracy, confederacy; astrology.*

GEREORD

1. See *(ge)reord* (1).

2. See *(ge)reord* (2).

3. Adjective: *having a language.*

(GE)REORD

1. Noun: *language, tongue; speech; voice.*

2. Noun: *sustenance, food, meal; refection, feast.*

GEREORDDÆG

Noun: *feast-day.*

GEREORDGLĒAWNES

Noun: *skill with the voice.*

GEREORDIAN

Verb: *to feed; to refresh; to entertain, feast.*

GEREORDNES

Noun: *food, repast, dinner, banquet; fullness, satiety.*

(GE)REORDUNG

Noun: *meal, taking food, refection.*

GEREORDUNGHŪS

Noun: *refectory.*

GEREORDUNGTĪD

Noun: *meal-time.*

GERESP

Adjective: *convicted of, proved against (on) a person.*

GEREST

Noun: *resting-place, couch, bed, grave.*

(GE)RESTA

Noun: *one who rests with another, bedfellow, consort, wife.*

GERESTAN

Verb: *to give rest to, lodge; to lie, remain, rest, repose; to sit; to cease, not be active; to dwell, lodge.*

GERESTSCIPE

Noun: *cohabitation; rest, ease.*

(GE)RĒTAN

Verb: *to delight, gladden, comfort; to cheer.*

(GE)RĒÐRA

Noun: *rower, oarsman; sailor.*

GERĒÐRE

Adjective: *constant.*

(GE)RĒÐRU

Noun: *oars; tackle of a skip; rudder, helm.*

GERID

Noun: *riding; food, meat.*

GERĪDAN

Verb: *to ride, ride up; to occupy, seize, take possession of, reach or obtain by riding.*

GERĪF

Noun: *garment.*

GERIF

Noun: *seizing, catch (of fish); string of things.*

GERIFIAN

Verb: *to wrinkle.*

(GE)RIHT

1. Noun: *right; equity, justice; rule, canon, law; cause, legal action; privilege; truth, correctness; due, duty, obligation; direction, ordinance, precept; account, reckoning; service, payment; office of the church, rite.*

2. Adjective: *right; direct, straight, erect; fair, just, equitable; regular, permissible, lawful, legitimate; true, correct, righteous; real, genuine; proper, fitting, appropriate, orthodox; right (as opposed to left).*

(GE)RIHTAN

Verb: *to right; to set or put right, rectify, correct, amend, rebuke; to direct, guide, rule, govern; to set up, erect; to assign; to restore, replace.*

GERIHTE

Noun: *right, due; direction, rule, canon; service, office, religious rite; payment.*

GERIHTGESWINC

Noun: *lawful work.*

(GE)RIHTLĀECAN

Verb: *to make straight, put right, correct, rectify, reprove, amend; to set in order, reform; to direct; to agree, be fitting; to justify.*

GERIHTNES

Noun: *correction.*

GERIHTRECCAN

Verb: *to guide, direct; to show rightly, demonstrate.*

(GE)RIHTWĪSIAN

Verb: *to make righteous, justify; to direct alright, rule; to exculpate, make free from penalty; to show an action; to be right.*

GERIHTWĪSUNG

Noun: *justification.*

(GE)RĪM

Noun: *counting, number, computation, reckoning; calendar, diary; numeral.*

(GE)RĪMAN

Verb: *to count, number, enumerate; to count, calculate, compute, reckon, count up; to tell, relate, recount, account.*

GERĪMBŌC

Noun: *calendar; numeral.*

(GE)RĪMCRÆFT

Noun: *computation, reckoning, arithmetic; calendar.*

GERĪMIAN

Verb: *to calculate, compute.*

GERĪNAN

Verb: *to rain on, wet with rain.*

(GE)RINELĪC

Adjective: *prosperous.*

GERINNAN

Verb: *to run, flow; to run together, blend; to coagulate, congeal, condense; to come together, congregate.*

GERINNING

Noun: *coagulation, thickening.*

(GE)RĪP

Noun: *harvest, reaping; cut corn; maturity, ripeness; sheaf.*

GERĪPAN

1. See *(ge)rīpan.*

2. Verb: *to rob, spoil.*

(GE)RĪPAN

Verb: *to reap, cut corn.*

GERĪS

Noun: *rage, fury.*

(GE)RĪSAN

Verb: *to rise, stand up; to be proper, suit, be fit; to take, seize, carry off, snatch away.*

GERISEN

Noun: *seizure.*

GERISENLIC

Adjective: *suitable, befitting, convenient, becoming; honest, honourable.*

GERĪSENLĪCE

Adverb: *fitly, suitably, appropriately, becomingly; honourably, creditably.*

GERISLIC

Adjective: *equal to, like, similar; convenient, in agreement.*

(GE)RISNE

1. Adjective: *suitable, fitting, proper, convenient, becoming.*

2. Noun: *what is fit or suitable; dignity, honour.*

GERISNES

Noun: *convenience, agreeableness, congruity.*

GERISNIAN

Verb: *to agree, accord.*

(GE)RĪÐE

Noun: *stream, rivulet.*

GERMANIA

Noun: *Germany.*

GERŌDFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to crucify.*

GERŌSOD

Adjective: *of roses; rose-scented.*

GERŌSTIAN

Verb: *to dry, dry by fire, roast.*

(GE)ROTIAN

Verb: *to rot, putrefy; to get corrupt; to ulcerate.*

GERŌTSIAN

Verb: *to comfort, gladden, delight.*

(GE)RŌWAN

Verb: *to go by water, row, sail; to swim.*

GĒRSCIPE

Noun: *jest.*

GERSUMA

Noun: *treasure.*

(GE)RŪM

1. Adjective: *wide, spacious, ample, roomy, great, large, extensive, far-reaching; long, extended; liberal; unfettered, unrestricted, loose, lax, open, clear, free from, unoccupied, unencumbered; noble, august.*

2. Noun: *room, local; scope, space (extent or time); opportunity.*

GERŪMA

Noun: *space, room, place.*

(GE)RŪME

Adverb: *widely, spaciously, amply, extensively, far and wide; in a high degree, abundantly; light-heartedly; liberally, without restriction or encumbrance; plainly, clearly; without contraction, in full, in detail.*

(GE)RŪMLĪCE

Adverb: *fully, largely, at large, at length; liberally; graciously, kindly, benignly; abundantly.*

GERŪNA

Noun: *counsellor, confidant.*

GERYDDAN

Verb: *to clear (land).*

GERŸDE

Adjective: *ready, prepared; easy; usual.*

(GE)RŸMAN

Verb: *to clear, open up; to extend, expand, widen, prolong, enlarge, amplify; to spread; to manifest; to retire; to give place, make a room, yield.*

(GE)RŸNE

Noun: *mystery, dark or mysterious saying; sacrament, mystic rite; sacramental elements.*

(GE)RŸNELIC

Adjective: *mystical, sacramental; figurative, allegorical; secret.*

(GE)RŸNELĪCE

Adverb: *mystically; in secret, mysteriously.*

(GE)RŸNIG

Adjective: *good in counsel.*

GERŸPAN

1. Verb: *to rob, spoil, plunder.*

2. Noun: *sheaves.*

3. Verb: *to bind, fetter; to capture, enslave, yoke together.*

4. Verb: *to reap.*

5. See *gerīpan.*

(GE)SACA

Noun: *adversary, opponent, foe.*

(GE)SACU

Noun: *conflict, strife, dispute, dissension, contention, sedition, war, battle; reproof; distress, affliction, hostility, trouble; persecution; fault, sin, crime; guilt; action, cause, trial, lawsuit.*

(GE)SADELIAN

Verb: *to saddle.*

GESADIAN

Verb: *to fill, satisfy, satiate.*

(GE)SǢGAN

Verb: *to settle; to cause to fall, fell, cause to sink, lay low, destroy; to cast down.*

(GE)SǢGEDNES

Noun: *sacrifice; mystery.*

(GE)SÆLAN

1. Verb: *to happen, take place, betide; to succeed.*

2. Verb: *to bind, tie, fetter, fasten; to restrain, confine, curb.*

(GE)SĒLIG

Adjective: *happy, blessed, fortunate; fortuitous; prosperous, wealthy.*

GESĒLIGE

Adverb: *happily.*

GESĒLIGLIC

Adjective: *happy, fortunate, blessed.*

GESĒLIGLĪCE

Adverb: *happily.*

GESĒLIGNES

Noun: *happiness, blessedness, beatitude; fortune, hap.*

GESĒLNES

Noun: *occurrence, event, chance, hap.*

(GE)SĒLÐ

Noun: *fortune, hap; happiness, joy, felicity; prosperity, wealth, blessing, good fortune, good advantage; event.*

GESÆT

Noun: *act of sitting.*

GESĀTE

Noun: *snare, ambushes.*

GESĒWE

Adjective: *that may be seen, visible, apparent.*

GESAGA

Noun: *narrative.*

(GE)SAGU

Noun: *say, saying; narration, telling, report, story, tale, tradition; presage, prophecy, foretelling; witness, testimony.*

(GE)SAMHĪWAN

Noun: *members of the same house-hold, married persons.*

(GE)SAMNIAN

Verb: *to assemble, gather or bring together, collect, unite, join, meet; to glean; to marry.*

GESAMNING

Noun: *synagogue.*

(GE)SAMNUNG

Noun: *union, meeting, assembly, congregation, council; collection; union in marriage; church, synagogue.*

GESAMODLÆCAN

Verb: *to put or bring together.*

GESANCO

Noun: *suckers.*

(GE)SĀRGIAN

Verb: *to make sad, afflict, grieve, trouble, wound, damage; to suffer, languish, be sore, be pained; to feel sorry or pain for.*

(GE)SĀWAN

Verb: *to sow, strew seed; to implant, disseminate, originate, do an action which produces a result.*

GESĀWELED

Adjective: *provided with soul.*

GESĀWELOD

Adjective: *having a soul; endowed with life.*

GESCĀDWĪS

Adjective: *reasonable, rational, wise, intelligent, discerning, sagacious; discreet, prudent, cautious.*

GESCĀDWYRT

Noun: *oxeye.*

GESCǢNAN

1. See *(ge)scænan.*

2. Verb: *to cause to shine, make bright, render brilliant.*

(GE)SCǢNAN

Verb: *to break, shatter; to wound, bruise; to wrench open; to diminish.*

GESCǢNED

Adjective: *ornamented.*

(GE)SCAFAN

Verb: *to shave, scrape, plane; to shred; to polish.*

GESCǢNINGES

Noun: *breaking, collision.*

GESCĒAD

Adjective: *reasonable; discreet, prudent; calculated.*

(GE)SCĒADAN

Verb: *to separate, part, divide; to arrange; to determine, decide, decree, appoint; to differ, discern, be distinguished; to discriminate; to scatter, shed; to expound; to write down; to deprive of.*

GESCĒADENLĪCE

Adverb: *severally; separately, distinctly.*

GESCĒADLIC

Adjective: *reasonable; suitable, accurate; discreet, wise.*

GESCĒADLĪCE

Adverb: *reasonably, rationally; fitly; discreetly.*

GESCĒADNES

Noun: *decree.*

(GE)SCĒADWĪS

Adjective: *reasonable, rational, sagacious, discriminating; prudent, wise, intelligent; cautious.*

(GE)SCĒADWĪSLIC

Adjective: *reasonable, rational, sagacious; wise, intelligent.*

(GE)SCĒADWĪSLĪCE

Adverb: *with discretion, rationally; clearly.*

GESCEAFT

Noun: *creature, created being, existence; origin, creation, construction; dispensation; destiny, fate; nature, condition.*

GESCEAND

Adjective: *ashamed.*

(GE)SCEAP

Noun: *shape, form; creation, birth; creature, created being; dispensation; fate, destiny; decree; nature, condition; sex; private part, genitalia.*

GESCEAPENNES

Noun: *creation; disposition, ordering of events, formation.*

GESCĒAPLĪCE

Adverb: *fitly, properly, ably, well.*

(GE)SCEARFIAN

Verb: *to scrape, shred, cut off.*

(GE)SCEAÐIAN

Verb: *to harm, hurt, injure; to spoil; to rob, steal.*

(GE)SCĒAWIAN

Verb: *to look, look at, see, observe, gaze, behold, view; to consider, examine, revise what is written, inspect, scrutinize, reconnoitre, review troops; to look out; to look for, seek for; to have respect to; to choose, select; to exhibit, display, show; to grant, decree.*

(GE)SCENC

Noun: *drink, draught; cup*

(GE)SCENCAN

Verb: *pour out, give drink.*

(GE)SCENDAN

Verb: *to shame, put to shame, discomfit, disgrace; to disturb, insult, harm, injure; to abuse, spoil, mar, corrupt; to disfigure; to confound, abash; to blame, rebuke.*

GESCENDNES

Noun: *shame, confusion.*

GESCENDÐ

Noun: *confusion.*

GESCENTO

Noun: *shame, confusion; harm.*

(GE)SCĒON

1. Verb: *to happen, occur, come upon, fall (to); to go quickly; to fly.*

2. Verb: *to shoe.*

GESCEORF

Noun: *skin disease, scurf; irritation of the stomach.*

GESCEORFAN

Verb: *to scrape, shred.*

(GE)SCEORPAN

Verb: *to bite, gnaw, carve in pieces; to scrape, irritate.*

(GE)SCĒOT

Adjective: *ready; quick.*

(GE)SCĒOTAN

Verb: *to shoot, cast or hurl missiles; to hit, strike, push, thrust, press forward, send forth; to move quickly, run, rush, dart, plunge; to pay, contribute; to refer to, appeal to (law); to assign, allot; to happen, occur, fall to, befall.*

(GE)SCEÐÐAN

Verb: *to disturb, harm, hurt, injure, oppress, scathe, crush.*

GESCEÐÐENDLIC

Adjective: *hurtful.*

GESCIELDOD

Adjective: *provided with a shield.*

GESCIELD

Noun: *protection, defence; part of a bird's plumage.*

(GE)SCIELDAN

Verb: *to cover, protect, shield, defend, defend oneself, guard; to save.*

GESCIERPIENDLĪCE

Adverb: *fittingly.*

(GE)SCIEPPAN

Verb: *to shape, form; to make, create; to order, arrange; to destine, adjudge, assign.*

(GE)SCIEPPEND

Noun: *the Creator.*

(GE)SCIERAN

Verb: *to cut, hew, cleave; to cut or shave hair, shear; to receive tonsure.*

(GE)SCIERPAN

1. Verb: *to clothe, equip, furnish, adorn, deck.*

2. Verb: *to sharpen, whet; to arouse, rouse; to strengthen, invigorate, make active.*

GESCIERPLA

Noun: *clothing, garments.*

GESCIERPT

Adjective: *acute (accent).*

(GE)SCILDEND

Noun: *protector, defender, guardian, saviour.*

(GE)SCILDERE

Noun: *protector, shielder, defender.*

(GE)SCILDNES

Noun: *protection, shielding, defence.*

GESCĪNAN

Verb: *to shine upon, illuminate.*

GESCINCIO

Noun: *the fat about the kidneys.*

GESCIPE

Noun: *fate; condition, nature, shape.*

(GE)SCIPIAN

Verb: *to take ship, embark; to man or equip a ship; to provide with ships.*

GESCIR

Noun: *action, movement.*

(GE)SCĪRAN

1. Verb: *to make clear; to say, tell, declare, make known; to distinguish, decide; to discharge an office; to act as an steward; to clear from, get rid of obligation or trouble, get exemption.*

2. Verb: *to arrange; to determine, decide, decree; to act in authority.*

(GE)SCIRIAN

Verb: *to appoint, ordain; to count, number, reckon; to provide, assign, bestow, allot, grant, dispense; to separate, divide; to mark off.*

GESCOLA

Noun: *companion, comrade, fellow-scholar, fellow-debtor.*

GESCŌLA

Noun: *fellow-student or scholar.*

(GE)SCORTIAN

Verb: *to become or get short, shorten; to make short; to fail, run short.*

(GE)SCOT

Noun: *arrow, dart, javelin, spear; shot, missile; rapid motion; shooting, darting; scot payment, tribute; private apartment, sanctum, chancel.*

GESCOTA

Noun: *fellow-soldier, comrade.*

GESCOTFEOHT

Noun: *fight with arrows or darts, battle, shooting.*

(GE)SCOTIAN

Verb: *to shoot; to shoot a weapon at a person, hurl a javelin; to move rapidly.*

(GE)SCRÆF

Noun: *hole, pit, cave, cavern; den, hovel, miserable dwelling.*

(GE)SCRĒADIAN

Verb: *to cut up, trim, cut off; to shred; to peel, prune, pare.*

(GE)SCRENCAN

Verb: *to cause to fall, throw down; to cause to stumble, trip up; to lay a stumbling-block in a person's way; to deceive, ensnare; to destroy; to supplant.*

GESCRENCE

Adjective: *dry, withered, shrunken.*

GESCRENCEDNES

Noun: *overturning, supplanting; tripping up.*

GESCRĒPE

1. Noun: *advantage.*

2. See *(ge)scrēpe.*

(GE)SCRĒPE

Adjective: *suitable, fit, convenient, meet, apt; adapted, accommodated.*

(GE)SCRĒPELĪCE

Adverb: *fitly, conveniently, meetly, aptly.*

GESCRĒPNES

Noun: *convenience, advantage, commodity; applying; fitting, accommodation.*

GESCRIF

Noun: *judgement, edict; ceremony, rite.*

(GE)SCRĪFAN

Verb: *to prescribe, ordain, decree; to judge, deem; to assign, appoint, allot, adjudge; to impose (punishment); to reprehend; to hear confession, shrive; to receive absolution; to have regard to, be troubled about, care for; to censure.*

(GE)SCRINCAN

Verb: *to contract, shrink; to dry up, wither, shrivel up; to become weak, pine away.*

(GE)SCRȳDAN

Verb: *to clothe, dress, put clothes on a person; to rig a ship.*

(GE)SCUNIAN

Verb: *to shun, avoid; to be afraid, fear; to detest, abhor.*

GESCȳ

Noun: *pair of shoes.*

GESCȳGEAN

Verb: *to furnish with shoes.*

(GE)SCYLD

1. Noun: *fault, offence, sin, crime; guilt; obligation, liability; due, debt.*

2. See *(ge)scield.*

GESCYLDAN

Verb: *to accuse.*

GESCYLDIAN

Verb: *to prove guilty, charge with guilt, render liable to punishment.*

(GE)SCYRDAN

Verb: *to harm, hurt, injure; to destroy.*

GESCȳRDAN

Verb: *to clothe, dress.*

(GE)SCYRTAN

Verb: *to shorten, make short; to decrease, lessen, contract, run short, fail.*

GĒSE

Adverb: *yes.*

(GE)SEALDNES

Noun: *act of giving; grant, gift.*

(GE)SEALFIAN

Verb: *to salve; to anoint.*

GESĒAW

Adjective: *succulent, juicy; full of moisture, soaked.*

(GE)SĒCAN

1. Verb: *to look for, seek, search for; to ask for, inquire, enquire about; to try, strife after, aim at; to look for, long for, wish, desire; to move, go or come to, visit; to get, attain to, approach; to attack, go to war, resort to; to afflict, persecute, beset, invade; to follow, pursue, proceed; to appoint, dispose.*

2. See *(ge)sȳcan* (1).

GESECGAN

Verb: *to say, tell, speak, relate, narrate, recite, inform, announce, declare, give account of; to make known; to mean, signify; to explain, expound, discuss, prove; to utter; to recite a poem; to attribute to, lay to the charge of, accuse; to avoid.*

GESĒDAN

Verb: *to satisfy.*

(GE)SĒFTE

Adjective: *mild, gentle, pleasant, not stern; soft, comfortable, easy; undisturbed, untroubled; effeminate; luxurious, voluptuous.*

(GE)SEGEN

Noun: *saying, telling, statement, assertion, speech, conversation; narration, relation, report; premonition, prophecy; story, legend, tradition.*

GESEGLAN

Verb: *to sail; to equip with a sail.*

GESEGNES

Noun: *saying, expressing.*

(GE)SEGNIAN

Verb: *to sign, make the sign of the cross, cross oneself; to bless, consecrate; to offer, dedicate.*

(GE)SEHTIAN

Verb: *to settle, bring about agreement, conciliate.*

(GE)SEHTLIAN

Verb: *to settle, come to an agreement, reconcile.*

(GE)SEHTNES

Noun: *agreement, accord, concord, reconciliation, peace.*

GESELDA

Noun: *companion, comrade, retainer.*

GESELE

Noun: *tabernacle.*

(GE)SELENES

Noun: *tradition; giving.*

GESELL

Noun: *hut (usually on a swine pasture).*

(GE)SELLAN

Verb: *to give, supply, furnish, lend; to surrender, give up, yield up; to betray; to entrust, commit, deliver to; to appoint, allot, hand over; to produce, give forth, be the source of; to lay by, hide; to give in payment, sell; to promise; to pay tribute, offer, dedicate to God.*

GESĒM

Noun: *agreement, reconciliation, compromise.*

(GE)SĒMAN

Verb: *to settle, smooth over, put right, reconcile, pacify; to arbitrate, bring about agreement.*

GESEN

Noun: *entrails, intestines.*

(GE)SENCAN

Verb: *to immerse, submerge, plunge; to drown, sink, flood with water.*

(GE)SENDAN

Verb: *to send, send forth, despatch, cause to go; to impel, drive; to throw, cast, hurl; to put, place, lay; to utter.*

GESĒNE

Adverb: *clearly.*

GESĒON

Verb: *to see, look, behold; to observe, perceive; to understand, know; to inspect, visit; to experience, suffer; to appear; to seem; to provide*

GESĒORED

Adjective: *leavened.*

(GE)SĒOÐAN

Verb: *to cook in a liquid, boil, seethe; to be troubled in mind, brood; to afflict, disturb, reduce by pain or disease; to feed a person with hopes.*

(GE)SET

Noun: *sitting, seat, habitation, house; camp, stall, entrenchment; ambush; fold; setting (of the sun).*

GESETENNES

Noun: *sitting.*

GESETL

Noun: *seat; settle, assembly.*

GESETLA

Noun: *assessor, fellow-judge, one who sits with another.*

(GE)SETNES

Noun: *foundation, creation, construction, constitution; arrangement, appointment; position; size, extent; institution; regulation, ordinance, law, decree, statute, will; instruction; ceremony; record; composition, narrative; sentence, paragraph, figure of speech; religion; tradition.*

(GE)SETTAN

Verb: *to set, place, put, lay, deposit, cause to take a certain position; to occupy, be situated; to establish, settle, set or put down, confirm, institute, fix, implant, decree; to assign, appoint, ordain; to make, create, form, compose, base, found; to prepare, set off; to build, erect; to sow, plant; to abate, subside, sink; to compose, write, set down, compile; to lay in wait; to garrison a place with; to possess; to expose, allay.*

GESETTENDLIC

Adjective: *appointed, canonical.*

(GE)SĒÐAN

Verb: *to declare; to testify, prove, attest, state as true affirm.*

GESĒÐEDLIC

Adjective: *probable.*

(GE)SĒÐEND

Noun: *asserter, affirmer.*

GESĒÐNES

Noun: *affirmation, assertion.*

(GE)SĒÐUNG

Noun: *affirmation, assertion; attestation, proof.*

GESĒULING

Noun: *servant.*

GESEWENLIC

Adjective: *visible.*

GESEWENLĪCE

Adverb: *visibly, evidently.*

(GE)SIBB

1. Noun: *kinsman, kinswoman.*

2. Adjective: *near; related, familiar, akin; peaceable, friendly.*

(GE)SIBBIAN

Verb: *to appease, gladden; to bring together, conciliate, reconcile, make people friends, pacify, make peace between disputants; to ally.*

(GE)SIBLING

Noun: *relative, kinsman; relation.*

GESIBNES

Noun: *relationship, affinity.*

(GE)SIBSUM

Adjective: *peace-loving, peaceful, pacific, friendly.*

GESIBSUMGEND

Noun: *peace-maker.*

GESIBSUMIAN

Verb: *to come to an agreement, reconcile, conciliate; to be reconciled.*

(GE)SIBSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *peaceably, in peace.*

GESIBSUMUNG

Noun: *conciliation.*

(GE)SĪCLIAN

Verb: *to become ill or weak, be infirm, sicken.*

(GE)SĪDE

Noun: *side; flank (of living things).*

GESIDIAN

Verb: *to arrange, order, set right; to determine.*

GESĪENE

1. Adjective: *visible, seen, plain, evident.*

2. Adverb: *clearly, plainly, openly, manifestly.*

GESĪENELIC

Adjective: *visible.*

GESĪENELĪCE

Adverb: *visibly.*

GESIERIAN

See *(ge)sierwan.*

(GE)SIERWAN

Verb: *to deliberate, devise, plan, contrive; to plot, conspire, machinate; to entrap, lay snares for; to lie in wait for; to equip, fit out, arm, furnish with arms, put on armour.*

GESIG

Noun: *victory.*

(GE)SĪGAN

1. Verb: *to sink; to set (of the sun); to descend, decline, fall, fall down; to move, go, advance, move towards a point, approach; to ooze, run as matter; to strain, filter, act as a filter.*

2. See *(ge)sǣgan.*

GESIGFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to triumph, be crown as victor.*

GESIHT

Noun: *faculty or act of sight; aspect; thing seen, vision, apparition; respect.*

GESIHÐNES

Noun: *vision.*

(GE)SINCAN

1. Verb: *to become submerged, sink; to subside; to digest easily, act as an aperient.*

2. See *(ge)sencan.*

GESINGALIAN

Verb: *to continue, perpetuate.*

(GE)SINGALLĪCE

Adverb: *continually, constantly, perpetually.*

(GE)SINGAN

Verb: *to sing, chant, intone, celebrate in song; to recite, narrate, read, relate musically or in verse; to write, compose verse; to crow, sing (of birds); to sound, resound, ring, clank.*

GESINGE

Noun: *wife.*

(GE)SINHĪWAN

Noun: *wedded couple, married pair.*

GESINHĪWEN

Adjective: *married.*

GESINIG

Noun: *marriage.*

GESINIGAN

Verb: *to marry.*

GESINLĪCE

Adverb: *often, more frequently, continually; diligently.*

(GE)SINSCIPE

Noun: *cohabitation, marriage, wedlock; married couple.*

GESINSCIPLIC

Adjective: *conjugal, matrimonial.*

GESINSCIPPAN

Verb: *to marry.*

GESINSCIPPEND

Adjective: *married.*

(GE)SITTAN

1. Verb: *to sit, sit down, be seated; to recline, lean; to rest, remain; to continue; to be situated, stay, settle, encamp, dwell, inhabit, reside, sojourn, occupy; to possess; to lie in wait, besiege, invest; to preside over; to perch, roost; to ride.*

2. See *(ge)settan.*

GESĪÐ

1. Noun: *companion, fellow, comrade; attendant, retainer, companion or follower of a chief or king; warrior; count, thane.*

2. Noun: *company, fellowship.*

GESĪÐCUND

Adjective: *fit to rank as a thane.*

GESĪÐCUNDLIC

Adjective: *intimate; pertaining to a companion.*

GESĪÐLIC

Adjective: *intimate.*

GESĪÐMÆGEN

Noun: *multitude of companions, band of warriors.*

GESĪÐMANN

Noun: *company.*

GESĪÐRÆDEN

Noun: *company, troop.*

(GE)SĪÐSCIPE

Noun: *society, fellowship.*

(GE)SĪÐWĪF

Noun: *noble lady.*

(GE)SLÆPAN

Verb: *to sleep; to lie with a person; to motionless, inactive, be benumbed; to die, rest in the grave.*

(GE)SLĒAN

Verb: *to strike, strike down, beat, smite, quell; to win, conquer; to stamp, coin (money), forge (weapons); to make a mark, sound or signal by a stroke; to throw, cast; to sting (snake); to pitch (tent); to strike across a country or into a path, dash, break, rush, come quickly; to slay, kill; to cast into chains.*

GESLĒFED

Adjective: *having sleeves.*

GESLIEHT

Noun: *conflict, fight, battle.*

GESLIT

Noun: *tearing, renting, bite; something to be torn or rent; calumny, backbiting.*

(GE)SLĪTAN

Verb: *to tear, slit, split, divide, break, rend to pieces, cleave; to irritate, wound, bite, sting; to shiver; to consume, waste, destroy; to carp at backbite.*

GESLITGLĪW

Noun: *jesting, jeering, raillery.*

(GE)SMACIAN

Verb: *to flatter, coax, allure, seduce; to pat, caress, smack.*

(GE)SMÆCCAN

Verb: *to taste.*

(GE)SMĒAGAN

Verb: *to think, consider, meditate on; to look closely into, examine; to ponder, scrutinize; to discuss, deliberate; to inquire; to search, seek an opportunity; to penetrate; to reflect.*

GESMĒAH

Noun: *intrigue.*

(GE)SMĒAUNG

Noun: *search, investigation; intrigue; deliberation, discussion, inquiry; meditation, reflection, thought; interpretation; intention, effort.*

(GE)SMĒÐAN

Verb: *to soothe, soften, appease; to smooth, polish.*

(GE)SMEÐIAN

Verb: *to smoothen; to become smooth.*

GESMICEROD

Adjective: *worked, neatly made, well-fashioned.*

(GE)SMIERWAN

Verb: *to anoint, smear, salve.*

(GE)SMITTIAN

Verb: *to smear, befoul; to pollute, infect; to defile.*

GESMYLTAN

Verb: *to calm, appease, assuage quiet.*

(GE)SNÆDAN

1. Verb: *to cut, slice, slop off; to cut, lop or prune braches of tress; to trim or hew stones.*

2. Verb: *to eat, take food, take a meal.*

GESNEORCAN

Verb: *to dry up, shrivel.*

(GE)SNID

Noun: *cut, slice; killing, slaughter.*

GESNĪÐAN

See *(ge)snīðan.*

(GE)SNĪÐAN

Verb: *to cut, make an incision; to cut off, lance, amputate; to lie or hew down; to slay, kill; to mow, reap; to cut hair.*

GESNOT

Noun: *mucus, snot.*

(GE)SNYTTRU

Noun: *cleverness, sagacity, intelligence, wisdom; prudence.*

(GE)SOC

Noun: *suck, sucking.*

GESOD

Noun: *cooking, boiling; trial (as by fire).*

GESŌM

Adjective: *united, unanimous; friendly, peaceable.*

(GE)SŌÐFÆSTIAN

Verb: *to justify.*

(GE)SŌÐIAN

Verb: *to prove true, bear witness to.*

GESPÆNNING

Noun: *incitement, provocation.*

GESPAN

1. Noun: *suggestion; persuasion, seduction, prompting, allurement, enticing; artifice.*

2. See *gespann.*

(GE)SPANAN

Verb: *to draw on; to persuade, seduce, allure, entice, urge, lure, decoy, attract; to mislead; to incite, instigate, induce.*

(GE)SPANG

Noun: *fastening, binding, clasp.*

GESPANN

Noun: *joining, fastening, band, buckle, clasp, yoke.*

(GE)SPANNAN

Verb: *to join, attach, fasten, clasp, link; to join in matrimony; to harness or yoke oxen; to span; to attack.*

(GE)SPARIAN

Verb: *to spare, be indulgent or merciful to; to preserve, save, use sparingly, not to use, leave alone; to forbear, abstain from, refrain from.*

GESPARRIAN

Verb: *to shut, bar.*

(GE)SPĒDAN

Verb: *to prosper, succeed; to speed.*

GESPĒDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *prosperously, successfully.*

GESPĒDSUMIAN

Verb: *to prosper, succeed.*

GESPELIA

Noun: *represent, deputy, vicegerent; substitute.*

(GE)SPELLIAN

Verb: *to speak, talk, converse, discourse; to announce, proclaim; to utter, tell, relate; to conspire.*

GESPEOFTIAN

Verb: *to spit upon.*

GESPEROD

Adjective: *armed with a spear.*

(GE)SPILLAN

Verb: *to dissipate, destroy, mutilate, kill; to waste; to spill (blood).*

(GE)SPINNAN

Verb: *to spin, twist, writhe.*

(GE)SPITTAN

Verb: *to spit.*

GESPLOTTOD

Adjective: *spotted.*

(GE)SPŌWAN

Verb: *to prosper, succeed, thrive, be successful; to profit, avail; to help.*

GESPRÆCE

Adjective: *eloquent, affable.*

GESPRÆCELIC

Adjective: *incapable of being used alone (of the inseparable prepositions).*

GESPRÆDAN

Verb: *to extend, stretch forth, spread out.*

GESPREC

Noun: *faculty of speech; language; talk, speech, discourse, dialogue, conversation, colloquy, discussion; advice, oracle.*

(GE)SPRECA

Noun: *spokesman, one who speaks in council, councillor.*

GESPRECAN

Verb: *to utter, speak, say, make a speech; to converse; to declare, tell off; to agree, settle; to address, accost.*

GESPRECEN

Noun: *what is said.*

GESPRECENDLIC

Adjective: *that should be spoken; what is said.*

(GE)SPRENGAN

Verb: *to scatter, strew, sprinkle, sow; to spring, break, burst, split, crack; to apply a clyster.*

(GE)SPRINGAN

Verb: *to rise; to spring, burst forth; to fly; to jump, leap, bound; to spread, grow, be diffused; to want, lack.*

GESPRINTAN

Verb: *to emit, burst forth; to utter, send forth words.*

(GE)SPURNAN

Verb: *to strike against, kick; to spurn, reject; to perch, tread upon; to stumble.*

(GE)SPYRIAN

Verb: *to go, track, travel, journey; to follow out, pursue; to ask about, enquire, investigate, examine; to search, seek; to know about.*

GESTÆFLĀRED

Adjective: *learned, instructed, literate, lettered, book learned.*

(GE)STĀLAN

Verb: *to found, institute; to carry on; to admit, confess; to put upon, set up; to accuse of, charge with, declare against, impute to; to avenge.*

GESTÆLLAN

Verb: *to stall, stable.*

(GE)STĀNAN

Verb: *to stone, cast stones at; to adorn with precious stones.*

(GE)STÆPPAN

Verb: *to go, proceed, advance, step.*

(GE)STÆÐÐIG

Adjective: *serious, staid, grave, sober; sedate; firm, steadfast.*

(GE)STÆÐÐIGNES

Noun: *seriousness, staidness, gravity; sedateness, maturity; consistency, steadiness.*

GESTAL

Noun: *objection, obstacle.*

(GE)STĀL

Noun: *recrimination, accusation, charge, plaint; confession.*

GESTALA

Noun: *accomplice in theft, accessory in theft.*

(GE)STĀLIAN

Verb: *to establish, confirm, strengthen, found; to make an accusation.*

GESTALIAN

Verb: *to steal.*

(GE)STALU

Noun: *stealing, robbery, theft; stolen article; fine for stealing.*

(GE)STANDAN

Verb: *to stand, occupy a place; to remain, continue, stand firm, stand up, be upheld; to reside, abide; to be valid, stand good; to be, exist, take place, last; to oppose; to oppress, attack, assail; to resist attack; to reprove; to stop, cease to move, stand still; to appear, arise, come; to be present to, come upon (of fear); to be fixed as a law or regulation; to urge; to seize.*

(GE)STARIAN

Verb: *to look fixedly, stare, gaze.*

GESTAÐELIEND

Noun: *one who establishes.*

GESTAÐOLFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to make firm, establish, found; to secure from disturbance; to carry into effect.*

(GE)STAÐOLIAN

Verb: *to establish, settle, place, fix; to establish, found; to confirm; to strengthen, fortify, make steadfast; to erect, build; to repair, restore.*

GESTAÐOLIEND

Noun: *founder.*

(GE)STAÐOLUNG

Noun: *settlement, foundation; placing, ordinance; firmness, stability.*

GESTEAL

Noun: *structure, constitution, frame.*

GESTEALD

Noun: *dwelling, habitation, abode; settled place, station.*

GESTĒDHORS

Noun: *stallion.*

GESTEDIGIAN

Verb: *to stand still.*

GESTEFNAN

1. See *(ge)stefnan.*

2. Verb: *to fringe, provide with a border or fringe.*

(GE)STEFNAN

Verb: *to place, arrange, fix, institute; to direct, regulate; to alternate, reciprocate.*

(GE)STEFNIAN

Verb: *to cite, summon.*

(GE)STELAN

Verb: *to steal, rob.*

GESTEN

Noun: *groaning.*

(GE)STENCAN

Verb: *to emit breath with effort, pant; to stink; to scatter; to afflict.*

GESTENCE

Adjective: *odorous, fragrant.*

(GE)STENCNES

Noun: *odour, scent.*

GESTĒPAN

1. Verb: *to raise, erect; to elevate, honour, exalt; to enrich, adorn; to assist, help, support, sustain.*

2. Verb: *to initiate; to consecrate*

(GE)STICE

Noun: *thrust with a pointed implement, prick, puncture, stab; pricking sensation, pain in the side, stitch.*

(GE)STICIAN

Verb: *to stick, pierce, prick, transfix, stab; to goad; to thrust out, gouge out; to kill; to be placed, lie, remain; to be prevented, be hampered, lie encumbered; to project; to be involved; to be inherent; to lurk, to be in possession of (of demoniacal possession); to run.*

(GE)STIELLAN

1. Verb: *to move quickly, rush, leap, spring; to attack, assail.*

2. Verb: *to make stalls for cattle or to put them in stalls.*

(GE)STĪERAN

Verb: *to direct, guide, steer (a vessel); to direct, control, rule, govern; to restrain, withhold, prohibit; to correct; to reprove, chide, rebuke; to punish; to keep back from what is good.*

(GE)STĪGAN

Verb: *to move, go; to reach; to go up, rise, mount, ascend, scale; to go down, descend.*

GESTIHT

Noun: *dispensation, provision.*

(GE)STIHTAN

Verb: *to direct, regulate, order, rule, ordain; to arrange, dispose, order; to determine, decide; to instigate, incite.*

(GE)STIHTUNG

Noun: *arrangement, disposition; dispensation, providence; instigation.*

(GE)STILLAN

1. Verb: *to have rest; to be or become calm or still; to calm, still, appease, relieve, mitigate, assuage, abate, quiet, hush; to pacify; to stop, stall; to restrain.*

2. See *(ge)stiellan* (1).

(GE)STINCAN

Verb: *to smell, stink; to exhale, emit a smell or vapour; to sniff; to rise (of dust, vapour, etc.).*

GESTĪÐIAN

Verb: *to become hard or strong; to make firm, stiffen; to grow up, mature.*

(GE)STRANGIAN

Verb: *to strengthen, make strong; to confirm; to comfort; to grow or be strong, prevail, flourish; to press (after); to establish; to move or act with energy, vigour or force.*

(GE)STRANGUNG

Noun: *strengthening, invigorating, nourishing; vigour.*

GESTRĒAGUNG

Noun: *vegetation.*

GESTRENGAN

Verb: *to strengthen.*

GESTRENGED

Adjective: *made, formed.*

(GE)STRĒON

Noun: *acquisition, property, product; advantage, gain, profit; riches, wealth, treasure; generating, procreation, begetting; business, commerce, traffic; power; interest, revenue, usury; robbery.*

GESTREŌND

Noun: *gain; progeny.*

GESTRĒONFUL

Adjective: *valuable, costly, expensive; full of riches, precious, sumptuous.*

(GE)STRĒWIAN

Verb: *to scatter, strew.*

(GE)STRIC

Noun: *plague; sedition, strife, munity.*

(GE)STRĪCAN

Verb: *to pass lightly over the surface, stroke, rub, smooth, wipe; to make a stroke; move, go, run; to strike.*

GESTRICIAN

Verb: *to knit (together), mend; to net.*

(GE)STRĪENAN

Verb: *to get, obtain, acquire, gain, amass; to create, generate, beget, procreate; to increase, augment.*

GESTRĪENENDLIC

Adjective: *producing, begetting; genitive.*

GESTROD

Noun: *confiscation, robbery, plunder, rapine, spoil, booty; banishment; wealth.*

(GE)STROGDNES

Noun: *scattering, sprinkling; aspersion.*

(GE)STRŪDAN

Verb: *to spoil, ravage, destroy; to defraud, plunder, pillage.*

(GE)STRŪDIAN

Verb: *to plunder.*

GESTRŸDAN

Verb: *to deprive, rob.*

GESTRYNGE

Noun: *struggler, wrestler.*

GESTUN

1. Noun: *deafening noise, crash, din; storm, tempest, hurricane, whirlwind.*

2. See *gestund.*

GESTUND

Noun: *noise, din.*

(GE)STYLTAN

Verb: *to be amazed, astonished, dazed or confounded, hesitate, be doubtful, be at a loss; to be silent from astonishment.*

GESTYNTAN

Verb: *to make dull or blunt, stupefy.*

GESTYNÐO

Noun: *coercion.*

GESTYRENES

Noun: *trouble, tribulation.*

(GE)STYRIAN

Verb: *to move, stir, remove, agitate; to be in motion; to disturb, trouble; to rouse, excite, urge, incite; to deal with, treat, handle; to cause; to tell; to rehearse.*

GESUFEL

Adjective: *bread with a relish added to it.*

(GE)SUGIAN

Verb: *to swallow, sip, sup, drink; to taste.*

GESUND

Adjective: *sound (i-sound); safe, unhurt, uninjured, healthy, sound; whole, entire; favourable, prosperous.*

GESUNDFUL

Adjective: *healthy, sound, whole; prosperous, successful; happy.*

GESUNDFULLIAN

Verb: *to prosper, be successful, be made prosperous.*

GESUNDFULLIC

Adjective: *safe, sound, sure.*

GESUNDFULLĪCE

Adverb: *safely, securely; prosperously, successfully.*

(GE)SUNDFULNES

Noun: *soundness, safety, healthiness; good fortune, prosperity, abundance.*

GESUNDIG

Adjective: *favourable, prosperous.*

GESUNDIGLIC

Adjective: *prosperous, favouring; healthy, safe.*

GESUNDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *safely; prosperously, happily.*

GESUNDLIC

Adjective: *prosperous; healthy, safe; happy.*

(GE)SŪPAN

Verb: *to take (fluid) into the mouth, sup, sip, absorb, suck, drink; to swallow, taste.*

GESWÆCCAN

Verb: *to smell.*

(GE)SWĀLAN

Verb: *to light, kindle, burn.*

GESWĀNESS

Noun: *the surface of the sea.*

GESWĀPA

Noun: *sweepings, rubbish.*

GESWÆRE

Adjective: *sad, afflicted, oppressed; grievous, heavy, oppresive; inactive, weak, sluggish.*

GESWÆRED

Adjective: *oppressed, weighed down.*

(GE)SWÆS

Adjective: *own, intimate; special, favourite; dear, beloved, familiar; gentle, kind, pleasant, gracious, agreeable, benevolent, charitable; sweet, sugary; persuasive, alluring.*

GESWÆSE

Adverb: *blandly; pleasantly, agreeably.*

(GE)SWÆSLÆCAN

Verb: *to flatter, wheedle, cajole; to speak fair.*

GESWÆSLIC

Adjective: *kindly, pleasant, agreeable, friendly.*

GESWÆSLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, pleasantly, agreeably, in a gracious or friendly manner; blandly; properly; plausibly.*

(GE)SWÆSNES

Noun: *sweet or fair word, compliment, wheedling, blandishment; allurement, enticement; pleasure, dainty.*

GESWÆSSCIPE

Noun: *companionship, friendship.*

(GE)SWÆTAN

Verb: *to sweat, exude; to labour, toil; to weld; to bleed; to oppress; to forge together.*

GESWÆÐIAN

Verb: *to track or trace out, investigate.*

(GE)SWĀPAN

Verb: *to sweep, swing, rush (of wind), drive; to wrap; to take possession of.*

GESWĀT

Adjective: *sweaty, sweating.*

(GE)SWEARTIAN

Verb: *to make or become black.*

(GE)SWEBBAN

Verb: *to put or send to sleep, lull; to kill, put to death.*

GESWEFIAN

Verb: *to appease, lull; to cause or put to sleep.*

GESWEFNIAN

Verb: *to dream; to appear in a dream.*

(GE)SWĒGE

Adjective: *sounding, sonorous, concordant, harmonious.*

GESWĒGSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *harmoniously; unanimously, with one voice.*

GESWELG

Noun: *abyss, gulf; whirlpool.*

(GE)SWELGAN

Verb: *to swallow, drink; to absorb, accept, imbibe (wisdom), take in the mind; to consume, devour, engulf; to incorporate.*

(GE)SWELGEND

Noun: *whirlpool, vortex; very deep place, abyss, chasm; gulf; swallow; glutton, drunkard; debauchee.*

GESWELL

Noun: *swelling, tumour, boil.*

(GE)SWELLAN

Verb: *to swell.*

(GE)SWELTAN

Verb: *to die, perish; to die of or from something, be no longer conscious or under the action of something.*

(GE)SWENC

Noun: *affliction, trial, trouble, tribulation; labour, toil; temptation.*

(GE)SWENCAN

Verb: *to afflict, distress, fatigue, trouble, torment, oppress, vex, harass, mortify; to chasten.*

GESWENCEDNES

Noun: *affliction, sorrow, trouble, tribulation; toil.*

GESWĒOR

Noun: *cousin.*

GESWEORC

Noun: *cloud, mist, smoke; darkness.*

(GE)SWEORCAN

Verb: *to darken; to become dark, be obscured, become overcast; to be troubled, gloomy or sad, become troublesome or angry, become grievous; to fall out (of mind).*

GESWEORCENES

Noun: *affliction, gloom; horror; cloudiness.*

GESWEORDOD

Adjective: *armed with a sword.*

GESWEORF

Noun: *filings.*

(GE)SWEORFAN

Verb: *to file or grind away; to wipe, rub or polish off, scour.*

GESWĒORU

Noun: *hills.*

(GE)SWEOTOLIAN

Verb: *to show, make clear, make known or manifest, reveal; to declare, state, publish; to explain; to prove.*

(GE)SWEOTOLUNG

Noun: *manifestation, Epiphany; definition, showing, exposition, explanation, visible display; declaration, testimony, evidence; testament; certificate, title-deed; prescript.*

(GE)SWEOTOLUNGDÆG

Noun: *Epiphany.*

GESWEOSTOR

Noun: *sisters.*

GESWEOSTREN

Adjective: *of sisters.*

GESWĒTLÆCAN

Verb: *to batten; to flatter.*

(GE)SWEÐRIAN

Verb: *to retire, retreat, withdraw; to decrease, weaken, abate, dwindle, subside; to vanish, melt away, destroy.*

GESWEÐRUNG

Noun: *failure; diminution, want.*

GESWIC

Noun: *offence; cessation; snare.*

(GE)SWĪCAN

Verb: *to move about, wander; to move away, depart, abandon, desert, escape; to desist from, cease from, yield, give way, leave off; to stop; to fail, fall short; to deceive, turn traitor; to retire, withdraw; to relinquish.*

GESWICENNES

Noun: *cessation, leaving off; abstention; repentance.*

GESWĪCING

Noun: *intermission, cessation.*

(GE)SWICN

Noun: *discharge, clearance, purgation (from a criminal charge).*

GESWĪCNAN

Verb: *to clear (of a charge).*

GESWICU

Noun: *cessation.*

(GE)SWĪGIAN

Verb: *to be or become silent; to keep silence, be quiet or still; to pass over in silence.*

GESWIGRA

Noun: *nephew, cousin.*

(GE)SWĪGUNG

Noun: *silence, absence of speech; time of silence; silence from astonishment or amazement; delay; spasm.*

(GE)SWIMMAN

Verb: *to swim, float.*

GESWIN

Noun: *melody, song.*

(GE)SWINC

Noun: *exercise, work, labour, toil, effort; affliction, fatigue, trouble, inconvenience, hardship, tribulation, torment; temptation; the produce of labour; banishment.*

(GE)SWINCAN

Verb: *to labour, toil, travail, work with effort; to strive, struggle; to be in trouble, difficulty or distress; to languish.*

GESWINCDÆG

Noun: *labour-day, day of toil.*

(GE)SWINCFUL

Adjective: *laborious, toilsome; painful, full of trouble or distress, wearisome; disastrous.*

GESWINCFULNES

Noun: *affliction, sorrow, difficulty, trouble, tribulation.*

(GE)SWINCLĒAS

Adjective: *without labour or toil.*

GESWINCNES

Noun: *distress, hardship, trouble, tribulation, trial, labour.*

GESWING

Noun: *vibration, swing, surge, fluctuation.*

(GE)SWIPOR

Adjective: *cunning, astute.*

GESWIPORE

Adverb: *craftily, cunningly.*

GESWIPORLĪCE

Adverb: *cunningly.*

GESWIPORNES

Noun: *art, cunning, craftiness, wile; hypocrisy.*

(GE)SWĪÐAN

Verb: *to strengthen; to establish, confirm, support; to prevail, be strong, use force against; to comfort.*

(GE)SWĪÐFROM

Adjective: *very strong, vigorous, of great energy.*

(GE)SWĪÐFROMLĪCE

Adverb: *strenuously, with great energy.*

GESWOGEN

Adjective: *senseless; inanimate, swooned, dead; silenced.*

GESWŌGUNG

Noun: *swooning.*

GESWŌPE

Noun: *sweepings, rubbish; refuge.*

(GE)SŸCAN

1. Verb: *to suckle, cause to suck; to wean.*

2. See *(ge)sēcan* (1).

GESYD

Noun: *wallowing-place, mud.*

GESYDIAN

1. Verb: *to extend.*

2. See *gesidian.*

GESYFLAN

Verb: *to provide with flavour or relishes.*

GESYFLEDHLĀF

Noun: *panis lacinio et ovorum luteo maceratus.*

GESYFLMELU

Noun: *dough.*

(GE)SYLHÐ

Noun: *team of oxen.*

(GE)SYLTAN

Verb: *to salt, season.*

GESYNDGIAN

Verb: *to prosper, make to prosper.*

GESYNDIGLIC

1. Adjective: *prosperous.*

2. See *gesundiglic.*

GESYNDLÆCAN

Verb: *to prosper, cause to prosper.*

(GE)SYNDRIAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, sunder.*

(GE)SYNGIAN

Verb: *to make a mistake, err, sin, transgress, commit adultery, perpetrate crime.*

(GE)SYNTO

Noun: *prosperity, success; safety, soundness, health, welfare; advantage, benefit, profit.*

GETACCIAN

Verb: *to tame, subdue.*

(GE)TĀCNIAN

Verb: *to show, mark, indicate, point out, make a mark upon something; to instruct; to betoken, denote, signify, represent, symbolise; to portend; to demonstrate, prove, express; to witness; to seal.*

GETĀCNIGENDLIC

Adjective: *significative, symbolical, emblematic, bearing a sign; typical.*

GETĀCNIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *figuratively, symbolically.*

(GE)TĀCNUNG

Noun: *mark, sign, token, signal, indication, type, symptom; evidence, proof, demonstration; presage, prognostic; manifestation, signification, emblem; dispensation; phase (of moon), zodiacal sign; direction, ordering.*

(GE)TÆCAN

Verb: *to show, present; to declare, demonstrate; to teach, instruct, train; to direct, appoint, assign, prescribe, enjoin, impose; to warn, persuade; to indicate, signify; to transfer, translate; to send.*

(GE)TÆCNAN

1. Verb: *to mark by a token, mark out, point out; to show, present, make known; to appoint, denote, designate, prescribe.*

2. See *getaccian.*

GETÆL

1. Noun: *number, numeral; series; computation, recounting, reckoning; catalogue, register; opinion, estimation; company, race, tribe.*

2. Adjective: *ready, active, quick, swift; competent, having mastery of.*

(GE)TÆLAN

Verb: *to reproach, rebuke, reprove, blame, reprehend, scold, accuse, censure, condemn; to speak ill of, slander, calumniate, backbite; to mock, jeer at, deride, insult, maltreat, abuse, despise, vex, scorn; to dispute.*

GETÆLCIRCUL

Noun: *cycle, series.*

GETÆLCRÆFT

Noun: *arithmetic.*

GETÆLFÆST

Adjective: *measurable.*

GETÆLFUL

Adjective: *numerous.*

GETÆLRĪM

Noun: *order, succession.*

(GE)TÆLSUM

Adjective: *numerous, in numbers; rhythmic, harmonious.*

GETÆLWĪS

Adjective: *skilled in arithmetic or computation.*

(GE)TÆSAN

Verb: *to pull or tear to pieces; to comb, card, tease wool, pluck; to wound, injure, assault; to touch, influence, affect the mind.*

(GE)TÆSE

1. Adjective: *mild, pleasant; suitable, convenient, meet; for general use, easy.*

2. Noun: *advantage, convenience, useful thing; implement.*

GETÆSLIC

Adjective: *convenient.*

GETÆSLĪCE

Adverb: *conveniently; gently, softly, smoothly.*

GETÆSNES

Noun: *convenience, advantage, profit; fitness.*

GETĀH

Noun: *teaching.*

GETALSCIPE

Noun: *multitude, number.*

(GE)TALIAN

1. Verb: *to count, number, enumerate, calculate, reckon, account; to think, consider, esteem, value; to assign, impute, ascribe; to argue; to tell, relate.*

2. See *(ge)tellan.*

GĒTAN

1. Verb: *to destroy, kill.*

2. See *gēatan.*

GETANG

1. See *(ge)tang.*

2. Adjective: *close to an object, in contact with.*

(GE)TANG

Noun: *a pair of tongs, pincers, forceps.*

GETANGE

Adverb: *near to, in connexion with.*

GETANGLĪCE

Adverb: *together.*

GETANNED

Adjective: *tanned.*

GETARGED

Adjective: *provided with a shield.*

(GE)TĀWIAN

Verb: *to prepare, make ready, dress or prepare material; to make, taw; to cultivate, till; to treat badly, afflict, insult, abuse, harass; to reduce; to bring to.*

GETĒAGAN

Verb: *to make, prepare, dress; to till.*

GETĒAMA

Noun: *advocate, warrantor; voucher, surety.*

(GE)TELD

Noun: *cover, tent, pavilion, tabernacle; left still in tilt of a cart.*

(GE)TELDAN

Verb: *to spread a covering.*

GETELDUNG

Noun: *tent, tabernacle.*

GETELDWURÐUNG

Noun: *feast of tabernacles.*

GETELGAN

Verb: *to dye.*

(GE)TELGIAN

Verb: *to flourish, put forth shoots or branches.*

(GE)TELLAN

Verb: *to tell, relate, narrate, recount, state, announce, state a case; to count, number, enumerate, calculate, reckon, account, estimate, compute; to think, consider, believe, esteem, value; to assign, ascribe; to argue; to charge against, impute to.*

GETELWĪS

Adjective: *skilled in reckoning or computation.*

(GE)TEMESIAN

Verb: *to sift.*

(GE)TEMIAN

Verb: *to tame; to suffer; to allow, permit; to subdue passion.*

(GE)TEMPRIAN

Verb: *to regulate, moderate, control, temper; to prepare, adapt; to curb; to heal, cure; to mix, mingle.*

GETENGE

Adjective: *near to, close to, resting on; distress, oppressing, attacking, burdensome.*

GĒTENWYRDE

Adjective: *agreeing, consenting.*

GETENYS

Noun: *procuring, getting attaining; instruction, education.*

GETĒOH

Noun: *matter, material; universe; pl. instrument, implements, utensils.*

GETEOHHUNG

Noun: *determination, arrangement, ordinance.*

(GE)TĒON

1. Verb: *to pull, draw, tug, row (boat); to draw or bind together; to take, withdraw; to allure, entice, attract; to lead, induce, bring; to give, contribute, bestow, gift; to produce, bring forth; to arrogate; to restrain; to go, betake oneself to, roam; to bring up, educate;*

2 Verb: *to do, make, form, create, produce, construct, work, effect, contrive; to cause; to establish, determine, appoint, settle, fix, decree; to prepare, arrange, furnish forth, adorn, deck; to constitute; to ordain, assign; to frame.*

GETĒON

Verb: *to dispute; to string up, play (instrument).*

(GE)TĒORIAN

Verb: *to tire, weary, exhaust; to be tired or exhausted, become weary; to faint, fail, cease, perish, come to an end.*

(GE)TĒORIGENDLIC

Adjective: *failing, defective.*

(GE)TĒORUNG

Noun: *weariness, exhaustion, languishing: fainting, failing.*

(GE)TĒOÐIAN

Verb: *to divide by ten, tithe, give a tenth part.*

(GE)TERAN

Verb: *to tear, lacerate, rend; to bite.*

GETER

Noun: *tearing; dissension, discord, tumult.*

GETĒÐED

Adjective: *toothed.*

(GE)TĪDAN

Verb: *to happen, betide, befall; to fall to (one's lot).*

(GE)TĪDRIAN

Verb: *to get weak or infirm, become feeble; to get or be frail, perishable; to decay.*

(GE)TĪEGAN

Verb: *to join, tie, bind; to connect.*

(GE)TĪEMAN

Verb: *vouch to warranty.*

GETĪEME

1. Adjective: *suitable.*

2. Noun: *team; yoke, yoke of oxen.*

(GE)TILIAN

Verb: *to gain, obtain, procure; to provide; to make, generate, work, labour, toil; to try, attempt, exert oneself, strive after or for, endeavour; to tend, cherish; to treat, attend, cure; to cultivate, till, plough; to trade, traffic; to aim at, aspire to, seek after.*

GETILLAN

Verb: *to touch; to reach, attain.*

(GE)TILÐ

Noun: *labour, cultivation, tilth, tillage, husbandry; employment; crop, harvest, fruit, produce; gain, profit, acquisition.*

(GE)TIMBER

Noun: *building material, timber; trees, woods; structure, building, edifice; building of a house, ship, etc.*

GETIMBERNES

Noun: *building, edification.*

(GE)TIMBRAN

Verb: *to erect, build, construct, edify; to do, effect; to instruct; to cut timber.*

GETIMBRE

Noun: *structure, construction, fabric, building, edifice.*

GETIMBRU

Noun: *structure, construction, fabric, building, edifice.*

(GE)TIMBRUNG

Noun: *act of building; structure, edification, building.*

GETĪMIAN

Verb: *to happen, befall, fall out.*

GETING

Noun: *state, condition.*

GETINGAN

Verb: *to press against, throng.*

GETINGCRÆFT

Noun: *mechanics; rhetoric.*

(GE)TINTREGIAN

Verb: *to afflict, torment, punish, torture.*

(GE)TINTRIAN

Verb: *to torment, punish, torture.*

(GE)TĪTELIAN

Verb: *to appoint, indicate by a written mark; to ascribe; to entitle.*

(GE)TIÐIAN

Verb: *to give, bestow, grant; to permit.*

(GE)TĪÐIAN

Verb: *to give, bestow, grant; to permit.*

(GE)TĪÐRIAN

Verb: *to be favourable (to).*

GETĪUNG

Noun: *agreement, arrangement.*

GETOG

Noun: *contraction, convulsion, spasm, cramp, tugging; trace.*

GETOGENNES

Noun: *convulsion, cramp.*

GETOGU

Noun: *traces (of a horse).*

GETOHT

Noun: *battle, battle array, warlike expedition.*

GETŌNAMIAN

Verb: *to name besides, surname.*

(GE)TORFIAN

Verb: *to throw, cast, scatter; to stone (a person), shoot, strike with a missile; to be tossed.*

GETOT

Noun: *vainglory, splendour, pomp, parade.*

(GE)TRÆGLIAN

Verb: *to pull, pluck.*

(GE)TRAHTIAN

Verb: *to deal with, treat, consider, comment on, expound, discuss; to interpret, translate.*

(GE)TRAHTNIAN

Verb: *to treat, consider, comment on, expound; to interpret, translate.*

(GE)TRĒAGIAN

Verb: *to repair, mend, sew together.*

GETRED

Noun: *assembly of people, crowd.*

(GE)TREDAN

Verb: *to tread, tread down, step on, trample upon; to traverse, pass over; to tread upon, step upon, walk upon; to enter upon, roam through; to press with the foot, hold the foot on something.*

GETREGIAN

Verb: *to despise, feel repugnance at.*

GETREMINC

Noun: *fort, fortress.*

(GE)TRĒOWAN

Verb: *to believe, hope; to trust in, rely (on), confide; to exculpate; to suggest, persuade; to make true or credible; to be faithful (to), be confident; to prove one's self true; to confederate (with).*

(GE)TRĒOWFÆST

Adjective: *true; faithful.*

GETRĒOWFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to be trusty, faithful; to be firm or strong.*

(GE)TRĒOWFUL

Adjective: *faithful, trusty; true.*

(GE)TRĒOWFULLĪCE

Adverb: *faithfully.*

GETRĒOWFULNES

Noun: *faithfulness; Israel.*

(GE)TRĒOWLĒAS

Adjective: *false, faithless, infidel, treacherous.*

GETRĒOWLĒASNES

Noun: *faithlessness, unbelief; treachery, heresy.*

GETRĒOWNES

Noun: *trust, confidence; faithfulness.*

(GE)TRĒOWSIAN

Verb: *to engage, pledge one's self; to plight one's faith; to exculpate oneself.*

(GE)TRĒOWÐ

Noun: *truth, veracity; faith, fidelity, honour; pledge; covenant.*

GETRICCE

Adjective: *contented.*

(GE)TRIFULIAN

Verb: *to break, pound, grind, triturate; to stamp.*

GETRĪOWED

Adjective: *shafted.*

(GE)TRUCIAN

Verb: *to fail; to run short; to disappoint, deceive, fail a person; to come to an end.*

GETRŪGUNG

Noun: *certainty; defence, refuge.*

GETRUM

Noun: *mass, knot, host, band, company of soldiers, army.*

(GE)TRUMA

Noun: *array, troop (of soldiers), legion; order of troops; support.*

(GE)TRUMIAN

Verb: *to grow or become strong; to make strong; to amend, recover health.*

(GE)TRŪWA

Noun: *trust, confidence; belief, faith, fidelity; promise, pledge; agreement, covenant; protection; solemn assurance.*

GETRŪWUNG

Noun: *trust, confidence; stay, prop.*

GETRYCCAN

Verb: *to trust, confide.*

GETRYM

Noun: *firmament.*

(GE)TRYMMING

Noun: *establishing, confirmation; support, encouragement, protection; strengthening, fortress, recovery; ordinance; edification.*

(GE)TRYMNES

Noun: *firmness, stability, soundness, health; solidity, strengthening; certainty, confirmation; support, encouragement; support, prop; instruction; setting in order, arrangement; sureness, reliability; firmament, heaven.*

(GE)TŪCIAN

Verb: *to disturb, ill-treat, afflict, torment, punish, vex, harass; to bedeck.*

GETUNECOD

Adjective: *clothed in a toga or tunic.*

GETWÆFAN

Verb: *to separate from, deprive of; to divert, hinder, detain; to put an end to.*

(GE)TWÆMAN

Verb: *to separate, part, divide; to cause to cease; to settle, adjust; to postpone, defer.*

GETWANC

Noun: *deception, collusion.*

(GE)TWĒO

Noun: *uncertainty, doubt, hesitation, ambiguity; delay.*

(GE)TWĒOGAN

Verb: *to doubt, hesitate; to seem doubtful.*

(GE)TWĒON

1. Noun: *doubt.*

2. See *(ge)twēogan.*

(GE)TWIFEALD

Adjective: *twofold, double; doubtful, ambiguous, irresolute; deceitful, not straightforward.*

(GE)TWIFEALDAN

Verb: *to double.*

(GE)TWIFEALDIAN

Verb: *to double.*

(GE)TWĪGAN

Verb: *to doubt, hesitate; to seem doubtful.*

GETWINN

Noun: *twin; (pl) twins, triplets.*

GETWINNES

Noun: *junction, pairing; repetition of a word.*

GETWIS

Adjective: *having the same parents.*

GETWISA

Noun: *twin.*

GETŸD

Adjective: *skilled, learned.*

GETŸDNES

Noun: *edification; learning, knowledge, skill.*

(GE)TŸDRAN

Verb: *to produce, bring forth, propagate, beget; to be prolific; to nourish, foster.*

(GE)TYHTAN

Verb: *to pull, draw, stretch; to incite, exhort, provoke, prompt, urge, seduce, persuade, attract, solicit; to instigate, lead astray; to suggest, bring to the mind; to invite; to talk over; to instruct, teach, train.*

(GE)TŸN

Verb: *to instruct, teach, educate; to imbue.*

(GE)TŸNAN

1. Verb: *to close, enclose, fence, shut, hedge in; to close, shut up; to conclude, bring to an end.*

2. Verb: *to irritate, insult, revile, trouble, vex.*

GETŸNE

Noun: *court; entrance.*

(GE)TYNGE

1. Adjective: *fluent, eloquent, rhetorical, skilful with the tongue; skilful, witty.*

2. Adverb: *courteously.*

GETYNGELIC

Adjective: *rhetorical, eloquent, elegant or pleasant of speech, affable, polished.*

(GE)TYNGELĪCE

Adverb: *eloquently; courteously.*

GETYNGNES

Noun: *eloquence, fluency, ease of speech; skill.*

GETYRFAN

Verb: *to afflict; to attack, strike, assault, assail with missiles.*

(GE)ÐACA

Noun: *covering, roof, thatcher.*

(GE)ÐACCIAN

Verb: *to clap, pat, stroke, touch or strike gently; to beat, smack; to tame.*

(GE)ÐÆSLÆCAN

Verb: *to agree, accord, fit; to become.*

GEÐAFA

1. Noun: *favourer, helper, supporter; assenter, consenter.*

2. Adjective: *agreeing, consent, acquiescing.*

(GE)ÐAFETTAN

Verb: *to consent.*

(GE)ÐAFIAN

Verb: *to allow, permit, agree with, approve of, assent to, consent, favour, submit to; to admit; to obey; to bear, suffer, endure; to bear with, tolerate.*

GEÐAFSUM

Adjective: *agreeing, consenting.*

GEÐAFSUMNES

Noun: *agreement, consent, assent.*

(GE)ÐAFUNG

Noun: *allowance, permission, consent, assent; toleration.*

GEÐANC

1. Noun: *thought, mind.*

2. See *(ge)ðang.*

(GE)ÐANC

Noun: *thought, reflection, sentiment, idea, opinion; mind, understanding; will, purpose; grace, mercy, favour, pardon; thanks, gratitude; pleasure, satisfaction; reward, recompense; sake.*

GEÐANCFUL

Adjective: *thoughtful, ingenious, clever; pleasing, agreeable; satisfied, contented, thankful; energetic, spirited.*

(GE)ÐANCIAN

Verb: *to thank, give thanks; to recompense, reward; to rejoice, feel gratified.*

(GE)ÐANCOL

Adjective: *thoughtful, mindful, considerate, suppliant; thankful, grateful; prudent, wise, acute; desirous.*

GEÐANG

Noun: *growth, increase; advancement; honour.*

(GE)ÐEAHT

Noun: *thought, consideration, advice, counsel; determination, deliberation, resolution; direction, plan, device, council; assembly; design, scheme, contrivance.*

GEÐEAHTA

Noun: *adviser, counsellor.*

GEÐEAHTEND

Noun: *counsellor.*

GEÐEAHTENDLIC

Adjective: *deliberative.*

(GE)ÐEAHTERE

Noun: *counsellor.*

(GE)ÐEAHTIAN

Verb: *to consider, ponder, consult, deliberate upon, take counsel; to agree.*

(GE)ÐEAHTUNG

Noun: *agreement, deliberation, counsel, consultation.*

(GE)ÐEARFAN

Verb: *to be need or in want; to starve.*

GEÐEARFIAN

Verb: *to impose necessity.*

GEÐĒAWOD

Adjective: *well-mannered, moral.*

GEÐĒAWE

Adjective: *usual, customary.*

(GE)ÐĒAWIAN

Verb: *to bring up well, educate, make (well) mannered.*

(GE)ÐECCAN

Verb: *to cover, cover over, conceal; to swallow up.*

(GE)ÐEGNIAN

Verb: *to serve, minister to, attend upon; to provide, supply; to administer, serve an office, perform the duties of an office.*

(GE)ÐENCAN

1. Verb: *to think, meditate, reason, consider, conceive, intend, bear in mind; to perceive; to suppose, hold as an opinion of belief; to imagine; to remember, recollect; to attempt, pursue; to devise; to learn; to invent; to determine, resolve; to mean, intend; to seek, look to, expect to, desire; to wish, desire, long for; to weight.*

2. See *(ge)ðyncan.*

(GE)ÐENNAN

Verb: *to extend, stretch, spread out; to bend (a bow); to overthrow, prostrate; to strain, make an effort, exert one's self, press on; to magnify, exalt, spread the fame of.*

GEÐĒNSUM

Adjective: *helpful, serviceable, obsequious; useful; obliging.*

(GE)ÐĒODAN

Verb: *to join, connect, unite, associate (with), attach or subject oneself to; to come to, be near; to adjust; to apply; to engage in; to translate.*

GEÐĒODE

Noun: *language, speech, idiom; meaning; translation; nation.*

GEÐĒODENDLIC

Adjective: *joining, conjunctive, copulative.*

GEÐĒODLÆCAN

Verb: *to adhere, cleave to.*

GEÐĒODLIC

Adjective: *social, intimate.*

(GE)ÐĒODNES

Noun: *junction, joining, suture, conjunction, association, connexion; company, society, fellowship; conjugation; translation.*

(GE)ÐĒODRÆDEN

Noun: *company, society, association, fellowship, communion; intercourse.*

(GE)ÐĒOFIAN

Verb: *to thieve, steal.*

(GE)ÐĒON

1. Verb: *to be or become great, prosper, flourish, thrive, succeed, excel; to grow, increase; to grow up, ripen; to lengthen (of days).*

2. See *(ge)ðȳwan.*

3. Verb: *to do, perform, commit, effect.*

GEÐĒON

1. *See (ge)ðēon* (1).

2. *See (ge)ðēon* (2).

3. *See (ge)ðēon* (3).

4. Verb: *to get, take, receive.*

(GE)ÐĒOSTRIAN

Verb: *to make or grow dark, obscure, become dim, be eclipsed.*

GEÐĒOT

Noun: *shout, howling.*

GEÐĒOWA

Noun: *enslaved person.*

(GE)ÐĒOWIAN

1. Verb: *to attend to, serve, minister to, be subject to, be devoted to; to be a servant or slave; to enslave, give over into slavery, deprive of freedom.*

2. See *(ge)ðēodan.*

GEÐĒOWTIAN

Verb: *to bring into captivity.*

GEÐERSC

Noun: *beating, thrashing, whipping, flogging.*

(GE)ÐERSCAN

Verb: *to thrash (corn); to strike, beat, flog, scourge; to pound, batter.*

GEÐICFYLDAN

Verb: *to make thick or dense.*

(GE)ÐICGAN

Verb: *to take, receive, accept; to partake of; to consume, take food, eat, drink, taste.*

GEÐĪEDE

Adjective: *pleasing.*

GEÐIND

Noun: *swelling.*

GEÐINDE

Noun: *rivals.*

GEÐINGAN

Verb: *to grow, thrive, become excellent.*

GEÐINGE

Noun: *meeting, assembly, council; agreement, arrangement, compact, covenant; intercession; fate, destiny.*

GEÐINGELĪC

Adjective: *concerning a council.*

(GE)ÐINGERE

Noun: *intercessor, mediator, advocate; priest.*

GEÐINGIO

Noun: *provision.*

GEÐINGSCEAT

Noun: *ransom.*

GEÐINGÐ

Noun: *agreement, intercession; composition; court where claims are settled.*

(GE)ÐINGUNG

Noun: *intercession, intervention, mediation, advocacy.*

GEÐOFTA

Noun: *companion, mate, fellow, associate, ally, comrade; follower; client; society, fellowship.*

GEÐOFTIAN

Verb: *to join, associate, make a league or alliance with, ally oneself; to write.*

(GE)ÐOFTRÆÐEN

Noun: *companionship, fellowship; converse.*

(GE)ÐOFTSCIPE

Noun: *society, companionship, fellowship, alliance, league; intimacy.*

GEÐOGEN

Adjective: *grown up, adult; virtuous, excellent.*

(GE)ÐŌHT

Noun: *thought, mind, idea, conscience; determination, intention, purpose; deliberation; compassion; device, design; opinion, advice, counsel, decree.*

(GE)ÐOLIAN

Verb: *to undergo, bear, suffer, endure, sustain; to bear with, tolerate; to allow; to persevere, hold out, survive; to continue; to lose, lack, forfeit, dispense with, be deprived of; to remain, wait; to stop; to stick, cleave.*

GEÐOTA

Noun: *shout, howl.*

(GE)ÐRÆC

Noun: *force, pressure; violence; equipment; crowd, throng, crush, tumult.*

GEÐRACEN

Adjective: *strong, hardy, enduring; stout of frame.*

GEÐRĀF

Adverb: *unanimously.*

GEÐRÆF

Noun: *pressure, compulsion; rebuke.*

(GE)ÐRĀSTAN

Verb: *to twist, writhe, roll about; to press, force, constrain; to oppress, bind; to crush, smash; to afflict, hurt, distress, torment, harass, torture, plague, vex, destroy.*

GEÐRĀSTED

Adjective: *contrite.*

GEÐRĀSTEDNES

Noun: *contrition, crushing.*

(GE)ÐRĀSTNES

Noun: *affliction, contrition, trouble, pain, grief.*

GEÐRAFU

1. Noun: *pressure, compulsion; rebuke.*

2. See *geðræf.*

GEÐRANG

Noun: *throng, crowd, tumult.*

(GE)ÐRĀWAN

Verb: *to throw; to turn, twist, curl; to rack, torture.*

(GE)ÐRĒAGAN

Verb: *to reprove, rebuke, chastise, reproach; to afflict, distress, torment, vex, harass; to oppress, attack; to threaten, menace; to correct, chasten, punish; to constrain; to compel.*

(GE)ÐREODIAN

Verb: *to deliberate, meditate, think over; to determine, resolve; to hesitate.*

GEÐRING

Noun: *crowd, tumult, throng; press; commotion.*

(GE)ÐRINGAN

Verb: *to press, squeeze, press forward; to press, force; to oppress; to crowd, throng; to advance, rush on, hasten; to pinch (with cold); to gain (by force).*

GEÐRĪSTIGAN

Verb: *to dare, presume.*

(GE)ÐRĪSTIAN

Verb: *to dare, presume.*

(GE)ÐRĪSTLÆCAN

Verb: *to presume, become bold; to dare.*

GEÐRĪSTLÆCUNG

Noun: *presumption.*

(GE)ÐRŌWIAN

Verb: *to suffer, endure; to die; to pay for, atone for; to sympathise.*

(GE)ÐRYCCAN

Verb: *to crush, trample on; to afflict, oppress, repress, press down; to restrain; to press, push; to express.*

(GE)ÐRYCCEDNES

Noun: *distress, trouble.*

GEÐRŸL

Noun: *crowd, multitude; press.*

GEÐRŸN

Verb: *to press, bind; to express; to restrain, repress.*

(GE)ÐRYSCAN

Verb: *to press, afflict, oppress, depress, press or weigh down.*

(GE)ÐRYSMAN

Verb: *to press; to oppress, stifle, suffocate, choke; to keep in subjection.*

GEÐRYSMIAN

Verb: *to press, oppress, stifle.*

GEÐRŸÐED

Adjective: *mighty, powerful.*

(GE)ÐRŸÐIAN

Verb: *to strengthen, arm.*

GEÐŪF

Adjective: *thriving, luxuriant; leafy, bushy.*

GEÐŪHSIAN

Verb: *to make dark or misty, get obscured by clouds.*

GEÐUHTSUM

Adjective: *abundant.*

GEÐUN

Noun: *noise, loud noise.*

GEÐUNGEN

1. Adjective: *grown, advanced, thriven, mature; distinguished, virtuous, noble, eminent; competent, excellent, perfect; pious; fitted.*

2. Noun: *notable, king's thane.*

GEÐUNGENLĪCE

Adverb: *virtuously, soberly.*

(GE)ÐUNGENNES

Noun: *growth, increase, maturity; progress, advance; goodness, virtue, perfection, excellence; distinction, nobility, eminence; gravity; chastity, piety.*

(GE)ÐUNRIAN

Verb: *to thunder.*

(GE)ÐWÆNAN

Verb: *to soften; to wet, moisten.*

(GE)ÐWÆRE

Adjective: *united, concordant, accordant, agreeing, consonant, harmonious; compliant, obedient; gentle, mild, pleasant, agreeable; peaceful; prosperous.*

(GE)ÐWÆRELĪCE

Adverb: *in agreement, in accord, harmoniously; gently.*

(GE)ÐWÆRIAN

Verb: *to agree, consent, make harmonious; to reconcile; to fit, suit.*

(GE)ÐWÆRLÆCAN

Verb: *to agree, assent to, consent; to reconcile; to fit, suit.*

GEÐWÆRLIC

Adjective: *concordant, agreeing, harmonious.*

GEÐWÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *gently; in accord, in agreement, harmoniously.*

(GE)ÐWÆRNES

Noun: *agreement, concord; peace; gentleness, mildness.*

GEÐWÆRUNG

Noun: *consent.*

(GE)ÐWĒAN

Verb: *to wash, cleanse; to anoint.*

(GE)ÐWĒORIAN

Verb: *to oppose, thwart; to be opposed, adverse to or at variance; to be different.*

(GE)ÐWĒORNES

Noun: *perversity, depravity, iniquity, evil; forwardness; obstinacy; crookedness.*

(GE)ÐWERAN

Verb: *to stir, beat or mix together, churn, twirl; to soften, render malleable; to forge.*

GEÐWINGLOD

Adjective: *fastened or bound up, compressed.*

GEÐWIT

Noun: *cuttings, shavings, chips.*

GEÐȲDE

Adjective: *good, virtuous.*

GEÐYHT

Adjective: *good, advantageous.*

(GE)ÐYLD

Noun: *patience, resignation.*

(GE)ÐYLDELIC

Adjective: *patient.*

(GE)ÐYLDELĪCE

Adverb: *patiently; quietly.*

GEÐYLDGIAN

Verb: *to wait for, be patient; to bear, endure, sustain, tolerate, give in; to agree.*

GEÐYLDIAN

Verb: *to wait for, be patient; to bear, endure, sustain, tolerate, consent to do, give in; to agree.*

(GE)ÐYLDIG

Adjective: *patient; quiet.*

(GE)ÐYLDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *patiently.*

GEÐYLDMŌD

Adjective: *patient.*

GEÐYLDMŌDNES

Noun: *patience.*

GEÐYLDUM

Adverb: *patiently, steadfastly.*

GEÐYLL

Noun: *air, breeze.*

GEÐYLLIC

Adjective: *densus.*

GEÐYLMAN

Verb: *to overwhelm.*

GEÐYLMED

Adjective: *brought down, abashed.*

(GE)ÐYNCAN

Verb: *to seem, appear; to seem good or fit.*

(GE)ÐYNCÐO

Noun: *office, condition, rank, honour, dignity; meeting, assembly; court of justice; private agreement.*

(GE)ÐYNGO

Noun: *progress, promotion.*

(GE)ÐYNNIAN

Verb: *to lessen, diminish, make or become thin; to weaken, wither; to dispel, dilute.*

GEÐYRST

Adjective: *thirsty.*

(GE)ÐŸWAN

Verb: *to press, urge, impel, force; to drive; to impress; to stab, pierce, press with a weapon; to push, crush, oppress, subjugate, tame; to check; to threaten; to rebuke.*

(GE)UFERIAN

Verb: *to make later, delay, put off; to elevate, raise up, make higher; to exalt, extol, honour.*

GEUNĀRIAN

Verb: *to dishonour.*

GEUNBLISSIAN

Verb: *to make unhappy, distress.*

(GE)UNCLÆNSIAN

Verb: *to soil, pollute, defile.*

GEUNFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to unfasten, detach.*

(GE)UNFÆSTNOD

Adjective: *not fixed in the mark (referring to an arrow).*

(GE)UNGEWLITIGIAN

Verb: *to deprive of beauty, disfigure.*

GEUNHÆLAN

Verb: *to weaken, debilitate.*

GEUNLUSTIAN

Verb: *to loathe.*

GEUNMIHTAN

Verb: *to deprive of strength.*

(GE)UNNAN

Verb: *to give, concede, bestow, grant; to allow, consent; to be glad to see; to wish, desire.*

(GE)UNRĒTAN

Verb: *to make sad or sorrowful, trouble.*

(GE)UNRŌTSIAN

Verb: *to be or become sad, be sorrowful or grieved, become troubled or discontented; to make sad or sorrowful, grieve, offend, disquiet, trouble.*

GEUNSŌÐIAN

Verb: *to disprove, refute, prove false; to falsify.*

GEUNSTILLAN

Verb: *to disquiet, disturb, agitate.*

GEUNTRUM

Adjective: *weak, sick, ill, infirm.*

GEUNÐWÆRIAN

Verb: *to disagree, differ.*

(GE)UNWEORÐIAN

Verb: *to treat with contempt, slight; to dishonour, disgrace; to become dishonoured, become worthless or vile.*

(GE)UNWLITEGIAN

Verb: *to transform, disfigure, destroy the beauty of; to become disfigured.*

(GE)ŪTIAN

Verb: *to remove, put out, expel, eject, banish; to alienate (property).*

(GE)ŪTLAGIAN

Verb: *to banish, proscribe, outlaw.*

(GE)WADAN

Verb: *to move, go, proceed, advance, pass, traverse, go through, strive, wade; to pervade.*

(GE)WÆCAN

Verb: *to weaken, afflict, oppress, trouble, vex; to affect; to weary, exhaust.*

(GE)WÆCCAN

Verb: *to watch, wake.*

GEWÆCEDNES

Noun: *weakness.*

(GE)WÆD

Noun: *ford, shallow water; water, sea, ocean.*

(GE)WÆDE

Noun: *covering, clothing, garment, apparel, dress, robe; sail.*

GEWÆDIAN

Verb: *to equip, furnish, dress, wrap up, clothe; to adorn with hangings, tapestry; to furnish a ship with sails.*

(GE)WÆGAN

Verb: *to afflict, trouble, vex, harass; to deceive, delude, falsify.*

GEWÆGE

Noun: *measure, weigh.*

GEWÆGNIAN

Verb: *to disappoint, deceive; to affect, frustrate, oppress, weigh down; to condemn.*

(GE)WÆLAN

Verb: *to afflict, torment, vex.*

(GE)WÆPNIAN

Verb: *to arm, provide or furnish with weapons.*

GEWÆPNU

Noun: *armour, arms, weapons.*

(GE)WÆPNUNG

Noun: *armour, arms; army.*

GEWÆR

Adjective: *aware (of), watchful, on one's guard.*

GEWÆRLÆCAN

Verb: *to warn.*

(GE)WÆRLAN

Verb: *to go, wend; to turn; to pass by.*

GEWÆSC

Noun: *washing up or overflow of water.*

GEWÆSTMBÆRIAN

Verb: *to be or make fruitful.*

(GE)WÆTAN

Verb: *to wet, moisten, bedew, water; to become wet; to emit moisture.*

(GE)WÆTERIAN

Verb: *to moisten, water, irrigate, supply water (to); to lead (cattle) to water.*

GEWANA

Adjective: *lacking, wanting.*

GEWAND

Noun: *hesitation, scruple; shrinking, fear.*

GEWANHÆLAN

Verb: *to weaken, impair the health or soundness of something.*

(GE)WANIAN

Verb: *to diminish, lessen, abate, curtail, dwindle, make less, make inferior, degrade, depreciate; to cause to cease or fail, bring to nought, frustrate, destroy; to injure, impair; to infringe, annul; to weaken, decline, decay; to fade, wane.*

(GE)WARNIAN

Verb: *to warn, caution; to take warning or heed, guard oneself against, put on guard; to ward off; to abstain, avoid, deny.*

GEWEALC

Noun: *rolling or tossing motion; the rolling of waves; attack, military expedition.*

(GE)WEALCAN

Verb: *to revolve, move round, roll, toss; to fluctuate; to consider, reflect, discuss, scheme; to deal with, turn over; to go, traverse; to press.*

(GE)WEALCIAN

Verb: *to roll up, muffle up; to curl (with a curling-iron).*

GEWEALD

Noun: *might, power, control, command; possession, dominion; protection; subjection; bridle; groin.*

(GE)WEALDAN

Verb: *to control, direct, rule, command, regulate, ordain, have power or dominion over, bear sway, wield power, govern; to determine; to wield (a weapon); to possess, have at command, be master of; to cause, bring about, author; to have power to do, be able.*

GEWEALDEN

1. Adjective: *easily controlled, subject; small, inconsiderable.*

2. Adverb: *moderately.*

(GE)WEALDENDE

Adjective: *mighty, powerful, ruling.*

GEWEALDENDLĪCE

Adverb: *mightily, powerfully.*

GEWEALDENMŌD

Adjective: *self controlled, subdued in mind.*

(GE)WEALDES

Adverb: *voluntarily, of one's own accord, willingly; purposely.*

(GE)WEALDLEÐER

Noun: *rein, bridle, power or directing-leather.*

GEWEALLAN

Verb: *to be agitated, rage, toss; to torment, agitate; to swarm; to be hot, boil, seethe; to flow, well, bubble, foam.*

GEWEALLOD

Adjective: *walled, forged.*

(GE)WEARMIAN

Verb: *to become or make warm.*

(GE)WEAXAN

Verb: *to increase, grow; to be produced; to prosper, flourish, grow in honour, become powerful; to take shape.*

(GE)WEAXNES

Noun: *waxing, growth, increase; interest, usury.*

(GE)WECCAN

Verb: *to wake, waken; to arouse, awaken; to produce, bring forth, give life or rise to; to recall; to encourage, exhort, stimulate, enliven, refresh; to stir up, excite; to move, set in motion; to kindle.*

GEWĒD

Noun: *foolishness, madness; rage, fury.*

(GE)WĒDAN

Verb: *to rave, rage, be or become mad.*

GEWEDDIAN

Verb: *to promise, engage, covenant, vow, pledge oneself; to undertake; to give to wife, betroth; to wed, marry.*

GEWĒDE

Noun: *fury, rage, madness.*

GEWEDFÆSTAN

Verb: *to pledge.*

GEWEF

Noun: *woof; web; context, text.*

(GE)WEFAN

Verb: *to weave; to plan, arrange, device, contrive, construct, put together.*

GEWEGAN

1. See *(ge)wegan.*

2. Verb: *to fight.*

(GE)WEGAN

Verb: *to move, go, proceed; to bear, carry, bring, transport; to support, sustain; to cause; to wear; to weigh, measure; to have a feeling.*

(GE)WELHWÆR

Adverb: *(nearly) everywhere, generally, commonly.*

(GE)WELHWILC

Pronoun: *every, each, any.*

(GE)WELIGIAN

Verb: *to be prosperous, become rich or abundant, abound; to endow, enrich, make rich or wealthy.*

(GE)WĒMAN

Verb: *to entice, allure, attract, persuade, convince; to lead astray; to turn, incline.*

(GE)WEMMAN

Verb: *to stain, spot, besmirch, blemish, mar, disfigure, spoil; to profane, defile, pollute, corrupt, degrade; to ill-treat, revile, injure, abuse, destroy.*

GEWEMMEDLIC

Adjective: *corruptible.*

GEWEMMEDLĪCE

Adverb: *impurely, corruptly.*

GEWEMMEDNES

Noun: *defilement, impurity, pollution; decay, death.*

(GE)WEMMEND

Noun: *fornicator, adulterer.*

GEWEMMENDLIC

Adjective: *corrupting, seducing, polluting.*

(GE)WEMMING

Noun: *defilement, pollution, spoiling, blemishing; corruption, profanation, violation.*

GEWEMMODLĪCE

Adverb: *impurely, corruptly.*

GEWĒN

Verb: *to bend, twist, make crooked.*

(GE)WĒNAN

Verb: *to think, suppose, ween; to think, believe; to imagine, fancy; to opine; to expect, hope; to wonder; to fear (for); to despair (of); to esteem.*

(GE)WENDAN

Verb: *to turn, direct, return; to go, proceed, wend; to bring about; to cause to move, incline; to change, shift, vary, convert, alter; to interpret, translate.*

(GE)WENDEDNESS

Noun: *alteration.*

GEWĒNE

Adverb: *perhaps.*

(GE)WENIAN

Verb: *to accustom, habituate, inure; to prepare, train, fit; to treat, entertain; to separate, break off, wean from; to draw, attract; to tame.*

(GE)WENNAN

Verb: *to accustom, habituate, inure*; *to treat, entertain; to train; break off, wean from; to tame.*

(GE)WEORC

Noun: *work, labour, travail; action, doing, exercise, performance, deed; occupation, employment; suffering, affliction, grief, pain, distress, trouble; structure, construction, edifice, strong building, fort, fortification, fortress; military work.*

GEWEORCLIC

Adjective: *of work.*

(GE)WEORMIAN

Verb: *to become or make warm.*

(GE)WEORNIAN

Verb: *to dry up, wither; to fade, pine away, become weak; to destroy.*

GEWEORP

Noun: *heap; throwing, what is thrown up, heapdashing, tossing.*

(GE)WEORPAN

1. Verb: *to throw, cast, fling; to throw upon; to cast out, drive out or away; to open; to sprinkle; to hit; to charge with, accuse of.*

2. See *(ge)wierpan.*

(GE)WEORÐ

Noun: *value, worth; price, purchase-money, ransom; content, amount, bulk.*

(GE)WEORÐAN

Verb: *to be, become, be done, be made, come to be, turn to, turn into; to get, come; to happen, take place, come to pass, befall, arise, settle; to get on with, please, agree; think of, occur to; to grow.*

(GE)WEORÐIAN

Verb: *to value, esteem, dignify, celebrate, praise, honour, exalt, worship, adore, venerate, glorify; to treat with reverence or respect; to attend to, care about, heed; to value, set a price on; to distinguish; to adorn, deck, decorate; to reward, enrich, make worthy, ennoble.*

(GE)WĒPAN

Verb: *lament, mourn, wail, bewail, weep, deplore, be grieved at; to complain.*

GEWEREDLÆHT

Adjective: *sweetened, made sweet.*

(GE)WĒRGIAN

Verb: *to be or become tired, weary, fatigue, exhausted.*

(GE)WERIAN

Verb: *to keep, protect, take care of, defend, guard; to prevent, hinder, restrain, ward off, check, dam up (water); to keep off, drive away; to forbid; to occupy, inhabit, live; to continue, remain; to cover over, put on, clothe, wear; to wear or bear a weapon; to use; to stock (land); to associate with, come to an agreement, make a treaty with, make an alliance; to discharge obligations in land, make land free from claims.*

GEWERODLÆCAN

Verb: *to make sweet or pleasant.*

GEWESAN

Verb: *to strive, contend; to soak, steep; to dye.*

(GE)WĒSAN

Verb: *to soak, steep; to suppurate, ooze.*

GEWESNES

Noun: *controversy, dissension.*

(GE)WĒSTAN

Verb: *to desolate, devastate, lay waste; to ravage.*

(GE)WĒÐNES

Noun: *gentleness, mildness, suavity, sweetness.*

(GE)WĪCAN

Verb: *to retire, yield, give way; to fall down, give way; to depart.*

(GE)WĪCIAN

Verb: *to dwell, lodge, rest in, encamp, bivouac; to land, anchor; to harbour.*

GEWIDAGUR

Adjective: *entirely uncertain.*

GEWIDERE

Noun: *weather (good or bad), storm, tempest.*

GEWIDERIAN

Verb: *to be fair or fine weather.*

(GE)WĪDLIAN

Verb: *to pollute, contaminate; to defile, profane, violate; to make common.*

(GE)WĪDMÆRAN

Verb: *to spread abroad, divulge, make widely known, report widely; to celebrate, spread the fame of.*

(GE)WĪDMÆRSIAN

Verb: *to divulge, promulgate, publish, spread abroad; to proclaim, celebrate, become widely known.*

GEWIELD

Noun: *power, control.*

GEWIELDAN

Verb: *to control, rule, have power or dominion over; to compel, restrain; to subdue, make submissive, tame; to seize, conquer, take into one's power; to temper; to secure; to force.*

(GE)WIELDE

Adjective: *strong, powerful, victorious.*

(GE)WIERDAN

Verb: *to do wrong, annoy, hurt, injure, violate; to hinder, obstruct; to destroy, spoil.*

GEWIERDLIAN

Verb: *to hurt, injure, spoil, violate; to obstruct.*

(GE)WIERPAN

Verb: *to get better, recover from illness.*

GEWIF

Noun: *fate, fortune; disease of the eye.*

(GE)WĪFIAN

Verb: *to marry, take a wife.*

GEWIFSǢLIG

Adjective: *fortunate.*

(GE)WĪFUNG

Noun: *marriage, wedlock, taking a wife; in plural, wives.*

GEWIGLIAN

Verb: *to take auspices, divine; to practise sorcery.*

(GE)WĪGLUNG

Noun: *divination, soothsaying, augury; witchcraft, sorcery.*

GEWIHT

Noun: *weight, weighing.*

(GE)WIHTE

Noun: *weight, system or standard of measurement by weighing.*

GEWILBOD

Noun: *announcement of a person's will, commandment.*

GEWILCÐ

Noun: *rolling, tossing, motion (of waves).*

(GE)WILCUMIAN

Verb: *to welcome, greet, salute, bid welcome.*

(GE)WILIAN

Verb: *to bind together, connect.*

GEWILL

Noun: *will, wish, desire, pleasure.*

(GE)WILLIAN

Verb: *to will, wish, desire.*

(GE)WILLUNG

Noun: *desire.*

GEWILNES

Noun: *desire, will.*

(GE)WILNIAN

Verb: *to wish, desire, long for, will; to seek, expect, strive for; to ask for, petition for, beg for, supplicate, entreat; to tend towards, tend to an end.*

(GE)WILNIENDLIC

Adjective: *desirable; capable of desire; unbridled, libidinous, concupiscent.*

(GE)WILNUNG

Noun: *wish, desire, longing, seeking; appetite.*

(GE)WILSUMNES

Noun: *willingness, devotion; free-will offering; vow.*

GEWIND

Noun: *winding or curved thing, spira-shell, snail-shell; woven thing.*

(GE)WINDAN

Verb: *to swing, weave; to bend, twist, curl, whirl, wheel; to roll, roll up, wind, plait; to roll back, unroll, unwind; to start; to fly, leap; to slip; to go, turn; to brandish; to repair; to busy oneself with; to delay; to hesitate; to brandish.*

GEWINDE

Adjective: *blowing.*

GEWINFUL

Adjective: *laborious, hard, troublesome, tedious.*

GEWINFULLIC

Adjective: *laborious, hard, toilsome, tedious.*

GEWINFULLĪCE

Adverb: *with difficulty, laboriously.*

(GE)WINN

Noun: *labour, toil; hardship, trouble; gain, profit; conflict, fight, strife; pasture.*

(GE)WINNA

Noun: *adversary, opponent, enemy, foe, rival.*

GEWINNAN

Verb: *to obtain, gain; to fight, contend, conquer; to win; to bear, endure, suffer; to perform with effort, strive; to be ill.*

(GE)WINNSTŌW

Noun: *wrestling place, battle-place.*

GEWINTĪD

Noun: *time of distress or affliction.*

GEWINTRED

Adjective: *grown up, adult, aged.*

GEWINWORULD

Noun: *world of care or toil.*

GEWĪRED

Adjective: *ornamented; made of wire.*

GEWIS

1. Noun: *Gewis, the great grandfather of Cerdic.*

2. See *gewiss* (1).

3. See *gewiss* (2).

GEWĪSFULLĪCE

Adverb: *knowingly.*

(GE)WĪSIAN

Verb: *to show, point out; to direct, guide, lead, instruct, teach.*

(GE)WISLĪCE

Adverb: *truly, certainly, undoubtedly; accurately, exactly; skilfully, wisely, sagaciously, cunningly; prudently; besides, moreover; especially.*

(GE)WĪSNES

Noun: *teaching; understanding; wisdom.*

GEWISS

1. Noun: *certainty, surety, without any doubt.*

2. Adjective: *knowing; certain, sure; trustworthy.*

3. Adjective: *certainly.*

GEWISSLĪCE

Adverb: *certainly, surely, accurately, without doubt, unquestionably; truly; clearly, explicitly; moreover; especially.*

(GE)WISSIAN

Verb: *to guide, direct, instruct, rule, command, govern; to show, point out; to declare, make known; to inform.*

(GE)WISSUNG

Noun: *showing, instruction, direction, guidance, showing of the way; instruction, teaching; information; certainty; regulation, rule; government.*

(GE)WISTFULGEND

Noun: *banqueter, one that feasts.*

(GE)WISTFULLIAN

Verb: *to feast.*

(GE)WISTFULLUNG

Noun: *feast; delightful thing.*

GEWISTIAN

Verb: *to feast.*

GEWISTLÆCAN

Verb: *to feast, banquet.*

(GE)WITA

Noun: *wise man, sage, philosopher, elder; adviser, leading man, chief person, councillor, senator; accomplice, witness; elder, senior.*

(GE)WITAN

Verb: *to know, have knowledge, understand; to be aware of or conscious of; to be wise or in one's senses; to show respect or honour; to learn.*

(GE)WĪTAN

Verb: *to see; to keep, guard, look after, take heed of; to reproach, blame, accuse, impute; to go, go out, depart, leave off; to pass away, die.*

(GE)WĪTEGIAN

Verb: *to predict, prophesy; to declare, make known.*

GEWĪTENDE

Adjective: *transitory.*

GEWĪTENDLIC

Adjective: *transitory, perishable.*

GEWITENDNES

Noun: *departure, death.*

GEWITENNES

Noun: *departure, death.*

GEWITERIAN

Verb: *to inform.*

GEWITFÆST

Adjective: *of sound mind.*

(GE)WITLĒAS

Adjective: *senseless, foolish, witless, mad.*

(GE)WITLĒAST

Noun: *senselessness, folly, madness, phrensy.*

GEWITLOCA

Noun: *mind.*

(GE)WITNES

Noun: *knowledge, cognisance; witness, testimony.*

GEWITNIAN

Verb: *to confess.*

(GE)WĪTNIAN

Verb: *to afflict, torment, punish, torture, plague; to chastise.*

(GE)WITODLĪCE

Adverb: *truly, verily, certainly, surely, undoubtedly; indeed; for, therefore, thus, wherefore; and; but.*

(GE)WITSCIPE

Noun: *knowledge, evidence, witness.*

(GE)WITSĒOC

Adjective: *insane, mind-sick, lunatic; possessed, demoniac.*

(GE)WITSĒOCNES

Noun: *insanity.*

(GE)WITT

Noun: *sense, knowledge, understanding, consciousness, intellect; wit, intelligence; mind; sense, feeling; conscience, prudence; skill.*

(GE)WITTIG

Adjective: *knowing, conscious, sane; reasonable, skilful, wise, sagacious.*

(GE)WITTIGLĪCE

Adverb: *rationally, sensibly, sanely.*

(GE)WĪÐLAN

Verb: *to defile, pollute, profane.*

GEWĪXLAN

Verb: *to change; to obtain, get by exchange; to grant, give in exchange.*

(GE)WLACIAN

Verb: *to be or become lukewarm, be tepid.*

GEWLÆTAN

Verb: *to defile, debase.*

(GE)WLECCAN

Verb: *to make tepid or lukewarm.*

(GE)WLENCAN

Verb: *to make proud, exalt, enrich.*

(GE)WLITIGIAN

Verb: *to adorn, beautify; to groom or become beautiful; to form, fashion.*

GEWLŌH

Adjective: *adorned.*

GEWOSA

Noun: *intercourse, conversation.*

(GE)WRÆSTAN

Verb: *to bend; to twist or bind together, wrest; to twang.*

(GE)WRÆÐAN

Verb: *to be wroth or savage; to be angry; to molest, anger, attack.*

GEWRAXL

Noun: *wrestling, gymnasium.*

(GE)WRĒGAN

Verb: *to stir up, excite, impel; to accuse, impeach, denounce; to rip.*

GEWRĒGEDNES

Noun: *accusation.*

(GE)WRĒGENDLIC

Adjective: *accusative.*

(GE)WRĒON

Verb: *to cover, clothe, envelop; to spread over; to protect, defend; to hide, conceal; to bind (a book).*

(GE)WREÐIAN

Verb: *to support, sustain, uphold, prop; to stay.*

GEWRID

1. Noun: *thicket, shrubbery, grove, place where shrubs grow.*

2. Noun: *covering, husk.*

GEWRINCLIAN

Verb: *to wind about.*

GEWRINCLOD

Adjective: *wrinkled; crooked, winding; serrated.*

GEWRING

Noun: *drink, strong drink, liquor.*

(GE)WRIT

Noun: *something written, writing, document, letter, book, scripture, treatise, charter, the Scriptures.*

(GE)WRĪTAN

Verb: *to write, compose, be the author of; to draw, engrave, incise; to bestow or convey by writing.*

(GE)WRĪTERE

Noun: *author; writer, scribe, copyist; painter, portrayer, draughtsman; secretary.*

GEWRITRÆDEN

Noun: *written agreement, note of hand.*

GEWRIÐ

Noun: *thong, strap.*

GEWRĪÐAN

Verb: *to grow, thrive, flourish.*

(GE)WRĪÐAN

1. Verb: *to tie, fasten, fetter, bind, bind up, wrap, wrap round, bandage, connect; to twist; to check, restrain; to torment, vex, torture.*

2. See *wrīdan.*

GEWRIÐELIAN

Verb: *to bind together.*

GEWRIÐENNES

Noun: *binding, condition of being bound up.*

GEWRĪÐING

Noun: *binding.*

GEWRIXL

Noun: *turn, change; exchange, interchange, purchase; vicissitude; intercourse; requite; place, office; confusion, disturbance.*

(GE)WRIXLAN

Verb: *to change, exchange, deal, barter, reciprocate; to lend; to change, vary, alter; to speak.*

GEWRIXLE

1. Adjective: *alternate; vicarious.*

2. See *gewrixl.*

GEWRIXLIC

Adjective: *alternate.*

(GE)WRIXLUNG

Noun: *change; loan.*

(GE)WULDORBĒAGIAN

Verb: *to crown.*

(GE)WULDORFULLIAN

Verb: *to glorify.*

(GE)WULDRIAN

Verb: *to praise, extol, glorify; to be glorified; to boast, brag; to live in glory.*

GEWUNA

1.See *(ge)wuna.*

2. Adjective: *usual, customary; used, accustomed, wonted.*

(GE)WUNA

Noun: *manner, costume, habit, wont, use; practice, rite; system, method.*

(GE)WUNDIAN

Verb: *to wound.*

GEWUNDORLÆCAN

Verb: *to magnify, make wonderful.*

(GE)WUNDRIAN

Verb: *to wonder, be astonished; to admire; to magnify, make wonderful.*

(GE)WUNELIC

Adjective: *usual, habitual, ordinary; adapted to, accustomed.*

GEWUNELĪCE

Adverb: *commonly, usually, ordinarily, regularly, generally, according to custom; properly.*

GEWUNIAN

Verb: *to live, dwell, inhabit, abide; to exist, stay; to be used to, be wont to, be accustomed, habituate oneself to; to associate with; to stop; to tarry; to remain, stand, continue, keep one's position to rest, lie.*

GEWUNOD

Adjective: *domiciled.*

GEWYLDOR

Noun: *ruler, governor.*

(GE)WYLTAN

Verb: *to roll.*

GEWYNDE

Noun: *weaving.*

GEWYNSUMIAN

Verb: *to be glad or joyful; to make glad or pleasing, rejoice, exult.*

(GE)WYNSUMLIC

Adjective: *pleasant, delightful.*

(GE)WYNSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *gladly, joyously, happily, pleasantly, agreeably, graciously.*

(GE)WYRCAN

Verb: *to work, labour; to do, make, perform, effect, produce; to be the source or product of; to form, build, construct; to use (tools); to gain, acquire, win; to deserve; to constitute, dispose; to amount to; to strive after.*

GEWYRCE

Noun: *forming, work; profit.*

(GE)WYRD

1. Noun: *fate, destiny, fortune, chance, lot; Fate, the Fates, Providence; fact, event, phenomenon, circumstance, incident, transaction; action, deed; condition, stipulation; pleasure.*

2. Noun: *verbosity.*

GEWYRDE

1. Noun: *sentence, speech, conversation; rule, ordinance.*

2. Adjective: *agreeing with, acknowledging.*

3. See *(ge)weorð.*

GEWYRDELĪC

Adjective: *fortuitous; recording events, historical.*

GEWYRDELĪCE

Adverb: *accurately, eloquently, wisely; historically.*

GEWYRDELICNES

Noun: *eloquence.*

GEWYRDIGNES

Noun: *eloquence, elegance of speech.*

(GE)WYRDWRĪTERE

Noun: *historian, historiographer, chronicler.*

GEWYRHT

Noun: *service, work, merit, deed; desert; transgression.*

GEWYRHTA

Noun: *doer, worker, fellow-worker, accomplice.*

(GE)WYRMAN

Verb: *to warm, make warm.*

GEWYRMS

Adjective: *full of matter, purulent.*

(GE)WYRMSAN

Verb: *to fester, produce corrupt matter.*

GEWYRMSED

Adjective: *full of matter, suppurated, purulent.*

(GE)WYRMSIG

Adjective: *purulent, corrupt matter.*

GEWYRPE

Noun: *heap, thrown up.*

GEWYRTBOX

Noun: *smelling box, scent or perfume box.*

(GE)WYRTIAN

Verb: *to season, spice; to perfume.*

(GE)WYRTTRUMIAN

Verb: *to take root; to establish, fix firmly, root; to root out.*

GEWYRÐAN

Verb: *to estimate, value, appraise.*

(GE)WŸSCAN

Verb: *to wish, desire; to adopt.*

GEWŸSCEDNES

Noun: *adoption.*

GEWŸSCENDLIC

Adjective: *desirable; optative; adoptive.*

GEWŸSCENDLĪCE

Adverb: *by adoption.*

GEWŸSCING

Noun: *adoption.*

(GE)YFELIAN

Verb: *to afflict, wrong, maltreat, injure, hurt; to become bad, grow worse; to suffer.*

(GE)YFELSACIAN

Verb: *to calumniate, blaspheme.*

(GE)YFELSIAN

Verb: *to blaspheme.*

GEYNDONISC

Adjective: *Indian.*

(GE)YPPAN

Verb: *to bring out, open; to declare, manifest; to expose, reveal, disclose, display, betray; to come forth, be disclosed; to utter.*

(GE)YRFEWEARDIAN

Verb: *to inherit, possess an inheritance.*

GICCAN

Verb: *to itch.*

GICCE

Noun: *itch.*

GICCIG

Adjective: *itchy, irritating, purulent.*

GICELA

Noun: *ice, icicle.*

GICELGEBLAND

Noun: *frost, hailstorm.*

GICELIG

Adjective: *icy.*

GICELSTĀN

Noun: *piece of ice, hailstone.*

GICENES

Noun: *itching, irritation of the skin.*

GICER

Noun: *measure of land, acre.*

GICÐA

Noun: *itch, itching; scab; hiccup.*

GĪDSIAN

See *(ge)gīdsian.*

GIEDD

Noun: *song, poem; speech, narrative, saying, proverb, riddle, sermon, story, tale; reason, account, reckoning.*

GIEDDIAN

Verb: *to speak formally, discuss; to recite; to sing.*

GIEDDUNG

Noun: *utterance, saying, discourse, parable, riddle, prophecy; song, metre, poetry, poetical recitation; similitude.*

GIEFA

Noun: *giver, bestower, donor.*

GIEFAN

Verb: *to give, bestow, allow, grant, confer; to commit, entrust, devote; to give in marriage; to release.*

GIEFEND

Noun: *giver, liberal person.*

GIEFL

Noun: *piece of food, morsel; food, meat.*

GIEFNES

Noun: *grace, pardon.*

GIEFU

Noun: *gift, giving, sacrifice; favour, grace, clemency; liberality; name of the rune for g.*

GIELD

Noun: *payment of money, compensation, recompense, substitute; tax, tribute; service, offering, worship; idol, god, heathen deity; guild, brotherhood.*

GIELDAN

See *(ge)gieldan.*

GIELLAN

Verb: *to sound, sing; to shout, yell, chirp.*

GIELLENDE

Adjective: *yelling.*

GIELP

Noun: *pride, arrogance, boasting, ostentation, vain-glory, haughtiness; fame, applause, name, renown, glory.*

GIELPAN

Verb: *to boast; to praise, applaud, exult, glory; to desire earnestly.*

GIELPCWIDE

Noun: *boastful speech.*

GIELPEN

Adjective: *boastful.*

GIELPGEORN

Adjective: *proud, arrogant, boastful, vainglorious; eager for glory.*

GIELPGEORNES

Noun: *pride, arrogance, boastfulness, vainglory.*

GIELPHLÆDEN

Adjective: *boastful, vaunt-laden.*

GIELPING

Noun: *boasting, arrogance, vainglory.*

GIELPLIC

Adjective: *proud, arrogant, boastful, vain-glorious; showy, ostentatious, pompous.*

GIELPLĪCE

Adverb: *proudly, arrogantly, vauntingly.*

GIELPNA

Noun: *boaster.*

GIELPNES

Noun: *boastfulness, pride.*

GIELPPLEGA

Noun: *war.*

GIELPSCEAÐA

Noun: *arrogant or boastful enemy.*

GIELPSPRÆC

Noun: *boastful speech.*

GIELPWORD

Noun: *boast, vaunt.*

GĪEMAN

Verb: *to care for, heal, cure, treat (as a patient); to correct, reprove; to observe, regard, take notice, pay attention, take heed to; to control, take charge of; to be anxious or troubled about.*

GĪEME

Noun: *care.*

GĪEMELĒAS

Adjective: *careless, uncared for, negligent; wandering, stray; incurable.*

GĪEMELĒASIAN

Verb: *to be careless, despise, neglect.*

GĪEMELĒASLIC

Adjective: *thoughtless, careless.*

GĪEMELĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *without taking pains, carelessly, negligently.*

GĪEMELĒASNES

Noun: *carelessness, negligence.*

GĪEMELĒAST

Noun: *indifference, inattention, carelessness, heedlessness, negligence; presumption.*

GĪEMEN

Noun: *consideration, observation, care, heed, anxiety, diligence, solicitude; administration, management, rule; oversight.*

GĪEMEND

Noun: *observer, keeper; ruler, governor.*

GĪEMENES

Noun: *care, anxiety, trouble.*

GĪEMING

Noun: *marriage, nuptials; entertainment, wedding feast; care, keeping, guarding; being anxious; management rule, ruling.*

GIERD

Noun: *stake, rod, twig, fagot; band, girth; yard, measure of length, fourth part of a ride.*

GIERDWEG

Noun: *road with a fence on either side; toad made with faggots.*

GIERDWĪTE

Noun: *affliction caused by (Moses) rod.*

GIERELA

See *(ge)gierela.*

GIERELIAN

See *(ge)gierelian.*

GIERMAN

Verb: *to cry, mourn, roar.*

GIERNAN

See *(ge)giernan.*

GIERNENDLIC

See *(ge)giernendlic.*

GIERWAN

See *(ge)gierwan.*

GIEST

Noun: *guest; stranger; enemy.*

GIESTÆRN

Noun: *guest-place, guest-chamber, inn.*

GIESTERDÆG

Adverb: *yesterday.*

GIESTERNLIC

Adjective: *of yesterday.*

GIESTHOF

Noun: *guest-house.*

GIESTHŪS

Noun: *guest-house, guest-chamber, hospice, hostel, inn.*

GIESTIAN

Verb: *to lodge; to be a guest.*

GIESTIG

Adjective: *strange, being a stranger.*

GIESTING

Noun: *exile.*

GIESTLIC

Adjective: *hospitable, ready for guests.*

GIESTLĪÐE

Adjective: *hospitable, kind to guests.*

GIESTLĪÐIAN

Verb: *to be hospitable.*

GIESTLIÐNES

Noun: *hospitality, shelter, entertainment of guests.*

GIESTNING

Noun: *hospitality, lodging.*

GIESTRAN

Adverb: *yesterday.*

GIESTRANÆFEN

Noun: *yesterday evening.*

GIESTRANÆFENE

Adverb: *yesterday evening.*

GIESTRANDÆG

Noun: *yesterday.*

GIESTRANNIHT

Noun: *yesternight.*

GIESTSELE

Noun: *guest-hall.*

GĪET

Adverb: *yet; still; besides, hereafter; hitherto; even, even now.*

GIETAN

Verb: *to get, obtain, take.*

GIF

1. Conjunction: *if, whether, though.*

2. Noun: *gift, grace.*

3. See *giefu.*

GĪFER

Noun: *glutton.*

GĪFERLĪCE

Adverb: *eagerly, greedily.*

GĪFERNES

Noun: *avarice, covetousness, cupidity; greediness, gluttony, voracity.*

GIFEÐE

1. Adjective: *given or granted by fate.*

2. Noun: *fortune, fate, lot.*

GIFFÆST

Adjective: *capable of, fitted for, endowed, talented, gifted with.*

GIFHEALL

Noun: *hall in which gifts were made or distributed.*

GIFIAN

Verb: *to endow, present, bestow gifts; to glorify.*

GIFIG

Adjective: *rich.*

GIFLE

Noun: *the people of a district in England.*

GIFNES

Noun: *favour, grace.*

GIFOL

Adjective: *generous, liberal, munificent, bountiful; gracious.*

GIFOLA

Noun: *giver.*

GIFOLNES

Noun: *liberality, munificence.*

GĪFRE

Adjective: *eager, desirous of; greedy, voracious, ravenous, rapacious, voracious.*

GIFRE

Adjective: *useful, salutary.*

GIFSCEATT

Noun: *present, gift-treasure.*

GIFSTŌL

Noun: *gift-seat, throne.*

GIFT

Noun: *portion, dowry; gift, marriage gift; marriage, wedlock, nuptials.*

GIFTBŪR

Noun: *wedding-chamber, bride-chamber.*

GIFTFEORM

Noun: *marriage-feast.*

GIFTHŪS

Noun: *house at which a wedding is being celebrated.*

GIFTIAN

Verb: *to marry; to give a woman in marriage.*

GIFTLĒOÐ

Noun: *marriage-song.*

GIFTLIC

Adjective: *nuptial, belonging to a wedding or marriage.*

GIFUNG

Noun: *assent, consent; giving, granting.*

GĪGANT

Noun: *giant.*

GĪGANTMÆCG

Noun: *giant, son of a giant.*

GILDA

See *(ge)gilda.*

GILDDÆG

Noun: *a day for a religious ceremony.*

GILDET

Adjective: *gelded.*

GILDFORD

Noun: *Guildford, a town in Surrey, on the river Wey.*

GILDFRĒO

Adjective: *free of tax.*

GILDHEALL

Noun: *guild-hall.*

GILDLIC

Adjective: *of a guild, festival.*

GILDRÆDEN

Noun: *guild-membership.*

GILDSCIPE

See *(ge)gildscipe.*

GILDSELENN

Noun: *tribute.*

GILDSESTER

Noun: *measure belonging to a guild.*

GILDSETL

Noun: *meeting-place of a guild.*

GILLINGA

Noun: *Gillingham, in Dorsetshire, on the river Stour.*

GILLISTER

Noun: *matter, phlegm, pus.*

GILLISTRE

Noun: *matter, phlegm, pus.*

GILM

Noun: *bundle, sheaf, handful; bottle.*

GILP

1. Noun: *powder; dust; furrow.*

2. See *gielp.*

GILTE

Noun: *young sow, barren pig.*

GIMBÆRE

Adjective: *containing gems, set with gems.*

GIMCYNN

Noun: *precious stone, gem.*

GIMM

Noun: *precious stone, gem, jewel; star, sun.*

GIMMIAN

See *(ge)gimmian.*

GIMMISC

Adjective: *jewelled.*

GIMRECED

Noun: *hall adorned with gems, palace.*

GIMRODOR

Noun: *precious stone, draconite.*

GIMSTĀN

Noun: *precious stone, jewel.*

GIMWYRHTA

Noun: *jeweller.*

GIN

1. Noun: *opening, gap, abyss; yawning deep.*

2. See *gin.*

GĪNAN

1. Verb: *to yawn.*

2. Verb: *to turn or drive back.*

GINFÆST

Adjective: *ample, liberal; noble.*

GINGIBER

Noun: *ginger.*

GINIAN

Verb: *to yawn, gape; to utter a sound.*

GINIEND

Adjective: *yawning.*

GINN

Adjective: *broad, ample, wide, spacious, vast; of great amount.*

GINNAN

Verb: *to begin; to attempt, try hard, endeavour.*

GINNES

Noun: *gap, break, interval.*

GINNWĪSED

Adjective: *very wise, well directed.*

GINUNG

Noun: *opening of the mouth, biting.*

GIPESWĪC

Noun: *Ipswich.*

GIPIAN

Verb: *to gape, yawn.*

GĪSL

Noun: *hostage; pledge.*

GĪSLDU

Noun: *the giving of hostages.*

GĪSLHĀD

Noun: *state of being a hostage.*

GĪSLIAN

Verb: *to give hostages or security.*

GIST

1. Noun: *yeast, barm; froth.*

2. See *giest.*

GISTMÆGEN

Noun: *band of guests.*

GIT

Pronoun: *you two.*

GĪTSERE

Noun: *miser, avaricious or covetous person.*

GĪTSIAN

Verb: *to desire, long for, be greedy, covet.*

GĪTSIENDLIC

Adjective: *insatiable.*

GĪTSIENDNES

Noun: *avarice.*

GĪTSUNG

Noun: *desire, greediness, avarice, covetousness.*

GIÐCORN

Noun: *spurge laurel (plant).*

GIÐRIFE

Noun: *cockle.*

GĪULING

Noun: *July.*

GĪW

Noun: *griffin, vulture.*

GIWIAN

See *(ge)giwian.*

GIWUNG

Noun: *asking, petition.*

GLADE

Adverb: *joyously, gladly.*

GLADIAN

See *(ge)gladian.*

GLADUNG

Noun: *gladdening, cheering, rejoicing; appeasing.*

GLÆD

1. Adjective: *kind, gentle, pleasant, mild, gracious, courteous; joyous, glad, cheerful; bright, shining, brilliant, gleaming.*

2. Noun: *joy, gladness.*

GLÆDAN

Verb: *to cause to slip or totter.*

GLÆDENE

Noun: *iris, gladiolus, gladdon.*

GLÆDLIC

Adjective: *kindly, gentle, agreeable, pleasant, delightful; bright, shining.*

GLÆDLĪCE

Adverb: *joyfully, gladly, cheerfully; kindly, pleasantly; willingly.*

GLÆDMAN

Adjective: *kind, gentle, pleasant, mild, gracious, courteous; joyous, glad, cheerful; bright, shining.*

GLÆDMŌD

Adjective: *joyous, cheerful; kind, pleasant, gracious.*

GLÆDMŌDNES

Noun: *joyfulness, gladness, cheerfulness; kindness; bounty.*

GLÆDNES

See *(ge)glædnes.*

GLÆDSCIPE

Noun: *joy, gladness.*

GLĒM

Noun: *radiance, brightness, gleam; brilliance, splendour; beauty.*

GLÆPPE

Noun: *buckbean.*

GLÆR

Noun: *amber, resin.*

GLÆREN

Adjective: *vitreous, glassy.*

GLÆS

1. Noun: *glass.*

2. Noun: *glass vessel.*

GLÆSEN

Adjective: *made of glass; grey.*

GLÆSENĒAGE

Adjective: *grey-eyed.*

GLÆSFÆT

Noun: *glass, flask, bottle, vessel; lamp.*

GLÆSFUL

Noun: *glassful.*

GLÆSGEGOT

Noun: *poured or molten glass.*

GLÆSHLŪTOR

Adjective: *clear, transparent.*

GLÆSTINGABURH

Noun: *Glastonbury, Somerset.*

GLÆTERIAN

Verb: *to shine, glitter.*

GLÆTERUNG

Noun: *shining, brilliance, glittering.*

GLĒAM

Noun: *joy, jubilation; revelry.*

GLĒAW

Adjective: *prudent, clever, wise, sagacious, clear-sighted, penetrating; good; skilful, keen.*

GLĒAWCEASTER

Noun: *Gloucester, a county town in the west of England.*

GLĒAWE

Adverb: *prudently, wisely, well.*

GLĒAWECESTRESCIR

Noun: *Gloucestershire.*

GLĒAWFERHÐ

Adjective: *prudent, wise, sagacious.*

GLĒAWHYCGENDE

Adjective: *prudent, thoughtful, wise.*

GLĒAWHŸDIG

Adjective: *prudent, thoughtful, wise, sagacious; heedful.*

GLĒAWLIC

Adjective: *prudent, wary, wise, astute, diligent; skilful.*

GLĒAWLĪCE

Adverb: *prudently, wisely, diligently; well, clearly, appropriately, accurately, skilfully.*

GLĒAWMŌD

Adjective: *wise, sagacious.*

GLĒAWNES

Noun: *prudence, cleverness, wisdom, acuteness, sagacity, talent, diligence; ability, skill; penetration; sign, token.*

GLĒAWSCIPE

Noun: *thoughtfulness, wisdom, sagacity, diligence; argument, indication, proof, test, calculation.*

GLĒD

Noun: *burning or glowing coal, ember; fire, flame, spark; instrument of torture.*

GLEDDIAN

Verb: *to throw over, spatter, sprinkle.*

GLĒDE

Noun: *glowing coal.*

GLĒDEGESA

Noun: *terror caused by fire.*

GLEDEMŪÐA

Noun: *Gladmouth.*

GLĒDFÆT

Noun: *chafing-dish, incense-pan, censer.*

GLĒDSCOFL

Noun: *fire-shovel, warming-pan.*

GLĒDSTEDE

Noun: *altar.*

GLEMM

Noun: *spot, blemish.*

GLENDRAN

Verb: *to swallow, devour.*

GLENG

Noun: *decoration, ornament, adornment; honour, glory, splendour.*

GLENGAN

See *(ge)glengan.*

GLENGFUL

Adjective: *adorned, decked out.*

GLENGLIC

Adjective: *brilliant, splendid, magnificent.*

GLENGNES

Noun: *ornamentation, adornment.*

GLĒODÆD

Noun: *trick, merry deed.*

GLEOMU

Noun: *splendour.*

GLĒSAN

Verb: *to explain, gloss.*

GLĒSING

Noun: *explanation, glossing; interpretation.*

GLID

Adjective: *slippery.*

GLIDA

Noun: *kite, vulture.*

GLĪDAN

Verb: *to fall; to glide, slide, slip; to pass away, vanish, glide away.*

GLIDDER

Adjective: *slippery; lustful, lascivious.*

GLIDDRIAN

Verb: *to be unstable, slip, totter.*

GLIDERUNG

Noun: *vision, illusion, apparition, phantom.*

GLIND

Noun: *hedge, fence; railing.*

GLISIAN

Verb: *to shine, glitter, glisten.*

GLISNIAN

Verb: *to shine, glisten, gleam.*

GLITENIAN

Verb: *to shine, glitter, glisten; to be distinguished.*

GLITENUNG

Noun: *flash, gleam, coruscation.*

GLĪW

Noun: *joy, glee, mirth, pleasure; pastime, diversion, play, game, music, sport; minstrelsy, jesting, drollery; mockery.*

GLĪWBĒAM

Noun: *musical instrument, harp, timbrel, tabret.*

GLĪWBYDENESTRE

Noun: *female musician.*

GLĪWCRÆFT

Noun: *music, minstrelsy, art of playing on an instrument.*

GLĪWCYNN

Noun: *kind of music.*

GLĪWDRĒAM

Noun: *music; mirth.*

GLĪWERE

Noun: *jester, buffoon, minstrel; parasite.*

GLĪWGAMEN

Noun: *music, glee-pleasure, merriment; sport; revelry.*

GLĪWGEORN

Adjective: *eager for amusement; fond of jesting, minstrelsy or sport.*

GLIWHLĒOÐRIEND

Noun: *musician, glee-sounder, minstrel.*

GLĪWHLĒOÐRIENDLIC

Adjective: *musical.*

GLĪWIAN

Verb: *to make merry, jest, joke; to play on an instrument; to sing; to adorn.*

GLĪWIEND

Noun: *performer, player.*

GLĪWINGMAN

Noun: *debauchee; gay woman; mocker.*

GLĪWLIC

Adjective: *mimic, jesting, mocking.*

GLĪWMÆDEN

Noun: *female musician.*

GLĪWMAN

Noun: *player, musician, gleeman, minstrel, buffoon, jester; parasite.*

GLĪWSTÆF

Noun: *joy; melody.*

GLĪWSTŌL

Noun: *seat of joy, seat of music and song.*

GLĪWUNG

Noun: *mockery, jeering, boisterous laughter.*

GLĪWWORD

Noun: *song; poem.*

GLŌF

1. Noun: *glove; pouch.*

2. See *lōf.*

GLŌFUNG

Noun: *supplying with gloves.*

GLŌFWYRT

Noun: *glovewort, lily of the valley, hound tongue.*

GLŌM

Noun: *twilight, gloaming; darkness.*

GLŌMUNG

Noun: *twilight, gloaming.*

GLORIA

Noun: *Gloria, name for a liturgical formula, doxology.*

GLŌWAN

Verb: *to glow.*

GLŌWENDE

Adjective: *glowing, burning.*

GLUTO

Adjective: *glutton.*

GLYRENDE

Adjective: *looking askance.*

GNÆT

Noun: *gnat, midge.*

GNAGAN

Verb: *to bite, gnaw.*

GNĀST

Noun: *spark.*

GNĒAÐ

Adjective: *small; scarce, sparing, scanty, frugal; niggardly, stingy.*

GNĒAÐLICNES

Noun: *frugality; parsimony.*

GNĒAÐNES

Noun: *scarcity, frugality; care.*

GNEÐELĪCE

Adverb: *scantily, sparingly, frugally.*

GNĒÐEN

Adjective: *moderate, temperate, modest, low.*

GNĪDAN

Verb: *to rub, rub or grind together; to break, crumble, comminute.*

GNIDENNYS

Noun: *rubbing; contrition.*

GNIDIL

Noun: *rubber; pestle.*

GNĪDING

Noun: *rubbing.*

GNORN

1. Adjective: *sad, sorrowful, depressed, troubled; complaining; regret.*

2. Noun: *sadness, affliction, sorrow, trouble.*

3. See *gnyrn* (1).

GNORNCEARIG

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful, troubled.*

GNORNHOF

Noun: *prison, cell.*

GNORNIAN

Verb: *to be sad, lament, grieve, mourn, bewail, regret; to murmur, express discontent, complaint.*

GNORNSORG

Noun: *sadness, sorrow; care.*

GNORNUNG

Noun: *sadness, lamentation, sorrow, grief; feeling or expression of discontent, complaint or grudge.*

GNORNWORD

Noun: *word of sadness, lamentation, mournful discourse.*

GNORSCENDENDE

Adjective: *hurrying away in sorrow.*

GNUDDIAN

Verb: *to rub.*

GNYRN

1. Noun: *sadness, mourning, calamity; wrong, insult, fault, blemish.*

2. See *gyrn.*

GNYRNWRACU

Noun: *enmity, hate; revenge.*

GNYRRAN

Verb: *to grind the teeth, creak.*

GŌD

1. Adjective: *good, virtuous; favourable, salutary, profitable; pleasant, desirable; kind, gentle, gracious; valid, efficient, suitable; brave; considerable, sufficient, abundant.*

2. Noun: *good thing, advantage, benefit, gift; goodness, welfare, doughtiness; ability, virtue; property, goods, wealth.*

GOD

1. Noun: *deity, God.*

2. Noun: *god.*

3. See *codd.*

GODÆPPEL

Noun: *quince apple.*

GODBEARN

Noun: *divine child, the son of God.*

GODBORG

Noun: *solemn pledge.*

GODBŌT

Noun: *atonement.*

GODCUND

Adjective: *spiritual, religious, devoted to God; sacred, divine, heaven-sent.*

GODCUNDLIC

Adjective: *spiritual, religious, celestial, heavenly, divine, of or from God.*

GODCUNDLĪCE

Adverb: *from heaven, divinely, by God; canonically, ecclesiastically.*

GODCUNDLICNES

Noun: *divine nature, divinity, God-head; divine service; oblation.*

GODCUNDMÆHT

Noun: *divine majesty.*

GODCUNDNES

Noun: *divine nature, divinity, Deity, Godhead; divine service; pious offering, oblation.*

GODCUNDSPĒD

Noun: *divine nature, godhead.*

GŌDDÆD

Noun: *good work, virtuous action, benefit.*

GODDOHTOR

Noun: *goddaughter.*

GŌDDŌND

Noun: *benefactor.*

GODDRĒAM

Noun: *joy of heaven.*

GODFÆDER

Noun: *godfather; God the Father.*

GŌDFREMMEND

Noun: *one doing good or acting bravely.*

GODFYRHT

Adjective: *God-fearing.*

GODGIELD

Noun: *idol, heathen god; heathen rite.*

GODGILDLIC

Adjective: *of idol or heathen worship, phanaticus.*

GODGIM

Noun: *heavenly gem, jewel.*

GODHĀD

Noun: *divine nature.*

GŌDIAN

See *(ge)gōdian.*

GODING

Noun: *son of God.*

GŌDLĀR

Noun: *good teaching.*

GŌDLĒAS

Adjective: *bad, miserable, wretched, evil.*

GODLIC

Adjective: *divine.*

GŌDLIC

Adjective: *goodly, excellent; fair; comely.*

GŌDLĪF

Noun: *good life.*

GODMÆGEN

Noun: *divine power, divinity.*

GODMŌDOR

Noun: *godmother.*

GODMUNDINGAHĀM

Noun: *Goodmanham, between Pocklington and Beverley.*

GŌDNES

Noun: *goodness, kindliness, virtue; beneficence.*

GODSÆD

Noun: *children of God, divine progeny.*

GŌDSCIPE

Noun: *kindness, goodness.*

GODSCYLD

Noun: *impiety, sin against God.*

GODSCYLDIG

Adjective: *impious, guilty against God.*

GODSIBB

Noun: *sponsor.*

GODSIBBRÆDEN

Noun: *sponsorial obligations.*

GŌDSPĒDIG

Adjective: *rich; happy.*

GODSPEL

Noun: *the Gospels; new dispensation; glad tidings.*

GODSPELBODUNG

Noun: *gospel-preaching, new or Christian dispensation.*

GODSPELISC

Adjective: *evangelical.*

GODSPELLBŌC

Noun: *book containing the four gospels.*

GODSPELLERE

Noun: *evangelist, gospeller.*

GODSPELLIAN

Verb: *to preach the gospel, evangelize.*

GODSPELLIC

Adjective: *evangelical; of the gospel.*

GODSPELLTRAHT

Noun: *gospel commentary, homily.*

GODSPRÆCE

Noun: *oracle.*

GODSUNU

Noun: *godson.*

GODÐRYMM

Noun: *divine majesty.*

GODÐRYMNES

Noun: *divine glory.*

GODWEBB

1. Noun: *fine or purple cloth, divine or very precious web; curtain, flag.*

2. Adjective: *of purple or costly material, of silk or cotton.*

GODWEBBCYN

Noun: *kind of cloak or pall, purple.*

GODWEBBEN

Adjective: *of purple or costly material, of silk or cotton.*

GODWEBGYRLA

Noun: *costly robe; cloth of purple.*

GODWEBWYRHTA

Noun: *weaver of purple.*

GŌDWILLENDE

Adjective: *well-pleased.*

GODWRÆC

Adjective: *wicked, impious, sacrilegious, exiled from God.*

GODWRÆCLIC

Adjective: *impious, sacrilegious.*

GODWRECNES

Noun: *wickedness, impiety.*

GOFFIAN

Verb: *to be vain.*

GŌIAN

Verb: *to lament, sigh, groan, cry out.*

GOLD

Noun: *gold.*

GOLDÆHT

Noun: *wealth in gold, possession or treasure of gold.*

GOLDBEORHT

Adjective: *right with gold.*

GOLDBLĒOH

Adjective: *Gold-coloured.*

GOLDBLEOH

Noun: *golden colour.*

GOLDBLŌMA

Noun: *golden bloom, marigold; golden mass.*

GOLDBURG

Noun: *town where gold is distributed or which is ornamented with gold.*

GOLDE

Noun: *marigold.*

GOLDFÆT

Noun: *golden vessel.*

GOLDFÆTED

Adjective: *adorned with gold.*

GOLDFĀG

Adjective: *variegated or adorned with gold.*

GOLDFELL

Noun: *gold skin; gold plate.*

GOLDFELLEN

Adjective: *of gilded leather.*

GOLDFETTUNG

Noun: *mockery.*

GOLDFINC

Noun: *gold-finch.*

GOLDFINGER

Noun: *ring-finger.*

GOLDFORGIFNES

Noun: *divine forgiveness.*

GOLDFRÆTWE

Noun: *gold ornaments.*

GOLDFYLD

Adjective: *covered with gold, gilt.*

GOLDFYLL

Noun: *gold-leaf, gold-foil.*

GOLDGEARWE

Noun: *gold ornaments.*

GOLDGEWEFEN

Adjective: *woven with gold.*

GOLDGIEFA

Noun: *giver of gold; lord, prince.*

GOLDHILTED

Adjective: *having a golden hilt.*

GOLDHLADEN

Adjective: *adorned with gold.*

GOLDHOMA

Noun: *gilded or golden coat of mail.*

GOLDHORD

Noun: *treasury, treasure of gold.*

GOLDHORDHŪS

Noun: *privy.*

GOLDHORDIAN

Verb: *to collect, hoard or lay up a treasure.*

GOLDHRODEN

Adjective: *adorned with gold.*

GOLDHWÆT

Adjective: *greedy for gold.*

GOLDLÆFER

1. Noun: *gold plate.*

2. See *goldlēaf.*

GOLDLÆFRA

Noun: *gold-leaf.*

GOLDLĒAF

Noun: *thin plate of gold.*

GOLDMÆSTLING

Noun: *brass, latten.*

GOLDMĀÐM

Noun: *treasure, precious thing made of gold.*

GOLDŌRA

Noun: *mass of gold.*

GOLDSELE

Noun: *hall in which gold is distributed.*

GOLDSIOWOD

Adjective: *aurus satus, acupictus, segmentatus.*

GOLDSMIÐ

Noun: *goldsmith.*

GOLDSMIÐU

Noun: *the art of the goldsmith.*

GOLDSPĒDIG

Adjective: *wealthy.*

GOLDTORHT

Adjective: *bright like gold.*

GOLDÐĒOF

Noun: *stealer of gold.*

GOLDÐRÆD

Noun: *gold thread.*

GOLDWEARD

Noun: *keeper or guardian of gold (dragon).*

GOLDWECG

Noun: *lump of gold.*

GOLDWEORC

Noun: *golden object.*

GOLDWINE

Noun: *liberal lord, prince or king.*

GOLDWLANC

Adjective: *richly adorned, splendidly adorned with gold.*

GOLDWLENCU

Noun: *golden ornament.*

GOLDWREKEN

Adjective: *inlaid with gold.*

GOLDWYRT

Noun: *marigold, heloptrope, goldwort.*

GŌMA

Noun: *inside of the mouth; palate; jaws; pl. the fauces.*

GOMBE

Noun: *tribute.*

GOMOR

Noun: *Hebrew measure, omer.*

GOMORRINGAS

Noun: *the people of Gomorrha.*

GŌP

Noun: *captive, servant, slave.*

GOR

Noun: *dirt, filth, dung; pulp.*

GORETTAN

Verb: *to gaze, stare about; to pour forth.*

GORETTUNG

Noun: *gazing, wandering gaze, roving look.*

GORIAN

Verb: *to look, gaze, stare about.*

GORS

Noun: *bramble, heath, gorse, furze, juniper.*

GORSTBĒAM

Noun: *furze bush, bramble.*

GORSTEN

Adjective: *grown with gorse.*

GORSTIG

Adjective: *grown with gorse.*

GŌS

Noun: *goose.*

GŌSEFLÆSC

Noun: *gooseflesh.*

GŌSFUGOL

Noun: *goose.*

GŌSHAFOC

Noun: *goshawk.*

GOTA

1. Noun: *Goth.*

2. Noun: *water course.*

GOTISC

Adjective: *of the Goths.*

GOTLAND

Noun: *Gothland.*

GŌTWOÐE

Noun: *goatweed.*

GŌUNG

Noun: *lamentation, groaning, sighing.*

GRĀD

Noun: *step, order, grade, degree, rank.*

GRĀDE

Noun: *step, grade, rank.*

GRÆD

Noun: *grass, herb; greed, rapacity.*

GRÆDAN

Verb: *to cry; to call out; to crow.*

GRÆDE

1. Adjective: *grassy.*

2. See *græd.*

GRÆDIG

Adjective: *hungry, greedy; avaricious, covetous; keen, eager.*

GRÆDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *greedily; covetously; eagerly.*

GRÆDIGNES

Noun: *greediness; avarice, covetousness, cupidity; eager desire.*

GRÆDUM

Adverb: *greedily.*

GRÆF

1. Noun: *den, pit, cave, trench, grave.*

2. Noun: *style for writing; graving instrument.*

GRÆFA

Noun: *bush, grove, bramble, thicket, copse.*

GRÆFE

Noun: *bush, grove, bramble, thicket, copse.*

GRÆFHŪS

Noun: *grave, house of the dead.*

GRÆFSEX

Noun: *graving tool or knife.*

GRÆFT

Noun: *carved or graven image, sculpture.*

GRÆFTGEWEORC

Noun: *carved or graven work.*

GRÆG

Adjective: *grey.*

GRÆGGŌS

Noun: *grey (wild) goose.*

GRÆGHÆWE

Adjective: *grey.*

GRÆGHAMA

Adjective: *grey-coated.*

GRÆGHAMA

Noun: *corslet, coat of mail.*

GRÆGMÆL

Adjective: *grey-coloured.*

GRÆS

1. Noun: *grass, plant.*

2. See *gærs.*

GRÆSGRĒNE

Adjective: *grass-green.*

GRÆSMOLDE

Noun: *grassland, greensward.*

GRÆSWANG

Noun: *grassy plain, greenward.*

GRĀF

Noun: *grove.*

GRĀFA

Noun: *copse, copse.*

GRAFAN

Verb: *to dig, delve, carve, grave, chisel.*

GRAFERE

Noun: *graver, sculptor.*

GRAFET

Noun: *excavation, trench.*

GRAM

1. Adjective: *offended, angry, furious, incensed; oppressive, fierce, hostile, troublesome; worth.*

2. Noun: *enemy.*

GRAMA

1. Noun: *indignation, anger, rage, fury, wrath; trouble.*

2. Noun: *fiend, demon, devil.*

GRAMBÆRE

Adjective: *passionate, angry.*

GRAME

Adverb: *angrily, fiercely, hostilely, cruelly.*

GRAMFÆRNES

Noun: *anger, fury, wrath.*

GRAMHEORT

Adjective: *having fierce or hostile heart or mind.*

GRAMHYCGENDE

Adjective: *having fierce or hostile thought or purpose.*

GRAMHŸDIG

Adjective: *fierce-minded, hostile, malignant.*

GRAMIAN

Verb: *to be furious, rage; to anger, enrage; to be offensive to, vex.*

GRAMIGENDE

Adjective: *raging.*

GRAMLIC

Adjective: *severe, fierce, hostile, cruel, wrathful.*

GRAMLĪCE

Adverb: *fiercely, hostilely, evilly.*

GRAMMATIC

Adjective: *grammatical.*

GRAMMATICCRÆFT

Noun: *art of grammar.*

GRAMMATICERE

Noun: *grammarian.*

GRAMMATISC

Adjective: *grammatical.*

GRAMMŌD

Adjective: *of fierce or cruel mind.*

GRAMWORD

Noun: *speech expressing anger, hate, wrath or evil.*

GRANDORLĒAS

Adjective: *guileless.*

GRĀNIAN

Verb: *to lament, groan; to murmur.*

GRANTABRYCGSCIR

Noun: *Cambridgeshire; the people of that shire.*

GRANTACEASTER

Noun: *Grantchester, a village near Cambridge.*

GRANU

Noun: *moustache.*

GRĀNUNG

Noun: *lamentation, groaning.*

GRANWISC

Noun: *chaff.*

GRĀP

Noun: *grip, grasp, clutch.*

GRĀPIAN

See *(ge)grāpian.*

GRĀPIGENDLIC

Adjective: *tangible.*

GRĀPUNG

Noun: *sense of feeling or touch; action of touching or handling.*

GRĀSCINNEN

Adjective: *made of grey skins or fur.*

GRASIAN

Verb: *to graze.*

GRAÐUL

Noun: *gradual; antiphon.*

GRĒADA

Noun: *bosom, lap.*

GRĒAT

Adjective: *great, tall, large, massive; thick, coarse, stout.*

GRĒATEWYRT

Noun: *meadow saffron.*

GRĒATIAN

Verb: *to become great or enlarged, flourish.*

GRĒATNES

Noun: *thickness, bigness, greatness; coarseness of material; swollen form, bulk.*

GRĒCAS

Noun: *the greeks.*

GRĒCISC

Adjective: *Greek, Grecian.*

GRĒCLAND

Noun: *Greece.*

GREMIAN

See *(ge)gremian.*

GREMUNG

Noun: *provocation, irritation.*

GRĒNAWĪC

Noun: *Greenwich, near London.*

GRENDEL

Noun: *Grendel, a monster destroyed by Beowulf.*

GRĒNE

1. Adjective: *green, immature; raw; living, growing, young; covered with herbage or foliage.*

2. Noun: *green.*

GRĒNHÆWEN

Adjective: *green-coloured.*

GRĒNIAN

Verb: *to become green, flourish.*

GRĒNNES

Noun: *greenness, foliage; pl. green things, plants.*

GRENNIAN

Verb: *to grin, gnash the teeth, grunt.*

GRENNUNG

Noun: *grinning.*

GRĒOFA

Noun: *pot, pan.*

GRĒOSAN

Verb: *to frighten.*

GRĒOSN

Noun: *gravel, pebble.*

GRĒOT

Noun: *earth, sand, gravel, dust, grit.*

GRĒOTAN

Verb: *to lament, cry, weep.*

GRĒOTEN

Adverb: *gravelly.*

GRĒOTHORD

Noun: *body; earthen treasure.*

GRĒP

Noun: *furrow, ditch, drain, privy.*

GRĒTAN

Verb: *to lament, bewail, deplore, bemoan, weep; to greet, salute, welcome; to speak to, call upon, hail; to challenge; to seek out; to come to, approach, accost, visit; to illtreat, attack; to touch, handle, take hold of, lay hands on; to deal with, treat; have an effect upon; to cohabit with.*

GRĒTING

Noun: *greeting, salutation; present.*

GRĒTINGHŪS

Noun: *audience chamber.*

GRĒTINGWORD

Noun: *word of greeting, salutation.*

GREÐE

Adjective: *sodalis (of a comrade).*

GRIFFUS

Noun: *griffon.*

GRĪGHUND

Noun: *greyhound.*

GRILLAN

Verb: *to offend, provoke; to be angry, rage, gnash the teeth.*

GRĪMA

Noun: *mask, visor, helmet; spectre, ghost; goblin; nightmare.*

GRIMENA

Noun: *caterpillar.*

GRIMFUL

Adjective: *fierce, violent, terrible.*

GRĪMHELM

Noun: *helmet with a visor.*

GRĪMING

Noun: *spectre.*

GRIMLIC

Adjective: *severe, grim, fierce, cruel, terrible, bloody.*

GRIMLĪCE

Adverb: *severely; fiercely, cruelly.*

GRIMM

Adjective: *bitter, severe, sharp, grim, fierce, savage, dire, horrible, cruel; painful.*

GRIMMĀN

Noun: *terrible sin.*

GRIMMAN

Verb: *to be fierce, rage; to make angry; to hasten.*

GRĪMME

Adverb: *severely, grimly, fiercely, savagely, cruelly.*

GRIMNES

Noun: *severity, ferocity, fierceness, cruelty; disease.*

GRIMSIAN

Verb: *to be cruel or fierce, rage.*

GRIMSUNG

Noun: *severity, harshness, roughness, fierceness.*

GRIN

Noun: *ilium, region of the groin.*

GRĪN

See *(ge)grīn.*

GRINDAN

See *(ge)grindan.*

GRINDE

Noun: *shingle.*

GRINDEL

Noun: *bar, bolt; pl. hurdle; pl. granting, lattice-work.*

GRINDERE

Noun: *grinder.*

GRINDETŌÐ

Noun: *grinding tooth, molar.*

GRINDLE

Noun: *herring.*

GRINGAN

Verb: *to perish, sink down.*

GRINU

Adjective: *avidious (said of some colour).*

GRIPA

Noun: *handful, sheaf.*

GRĪPAN

See *(ge)grīpan.*

GRĪPE

Noun: *gripe, vulture.*

GRIPE

Noun: *seizing, hold, grasp, grip; clutch, embrace; attack, assault; gripe; power, control, mastery.*

GRĪPEND

Noun: *seizer, robber.*

GRIPPAN

See *(ge)grippan.*

GRIPU

Noun: *kettle, cauldron.*

GRIPUL

Adjective: *able to grasp much, capacious.*

GRĪSAN

Verb: *to shudder, be frightened.*

GRISLA

Noun: *terror.*

GRISLIC

Adjective: *dreadful, horrible, grisly.*

GRISLĪCE

Adverb: *in a grisly, horrible manner.*

GRĪST

Noun: *action of grinding, gnashing of teeth.*

GRISTAN

Verb: *to grind, gnash.*

GRISTBITE

Noun: *gnashing of teeth.*

GRISTBITIAN

Verb: *to gnash or grind the teeth; to rage.*

GRISTBITUNG

Noun: *grinding or gnashing of the teeth.*

GRISTELBĀN

Noun: *gristle bone.*

GRISTLE

Noun: *gristle.*

GRISTLUNG

Noun: *grinding, gnashing, rustling.*

GRĪSTRA

Noun: *baker, miller.*

GRIÐ

Noun: *temporary peace, truce; protection, security, safety.*

GRIÐBRYCE

Noun: *breach of the peace; penalty for such a breach.*

GRIÐIAN

Verb: *to make peace or truce; to protect.*

GRIÐLAGU

Noun: *law of temporary or local peace.*

GRIÐLĒAS

Adjective: *unprotected.*

GRŌF

Noun: *latrinas, cloacas, aquecductus.*

GROPA

Noun: *liquid measure; pot.*

GRORN

1. Noun: *sadness, sorrow, grief.*

2. Adjective: *agitated, sad, troubled.*

GRORNE

Adverb: *sadly, mournfully.*

GRORNHOF

Noun: *house of sadness, hell.*

GRORNIAN

Verb: *to mourn, murmur, complain.*

GRORNTORN

Noun: *sadness.*

GRORNUNG

Noun: *mourning, complaint.*

GROST

Noun: *cartilage, gristle.*

GROT

1. Noun: *particle, atom; meal.*

2. Noun: *groats, coarse meal.*

GROTIG

Adjective: *earthy.*

GRŌWAN

See *(ge)grōwan.*

GRŌWENDE

Adjective: *growing.*

GRŌWNES

Noun: *growth, flourishing condition, prosperity; offspring.*

GRUND

Noun: *bottom, ground, foundation; depth, abyss, hell; earth, land, plain, country; water, sea.*

GRUNDBEDD

Noun: *soil, ground.*

GRUNDBŪEND

Noun: *earth-dweller.*

GRUNDDĒOPE

Noun: *depths of the sea.*

GRUNDESWELGE

Noun: *groundsel.*

GRUNDFŪS

Adjective: *ready for hell, hastening to hell.*

GRUNDHYRDE

Noun: *guard of the abyss.*

GRUNDLĒAS

Adjective: *boundless, groundless, bottomless, endless, interminable; insatiable; immense, vast; unfathomable.*

GRUNDLĒASLIC

Adjective: *boundless, immense, bottomless, vast.*

GRUNDLING

Noun: *groundling (fish).*

GRUNDLINGA

Adverb: *from the bottom, root or foundation; completely, totally, entirely; to the ground.*

GRUNDSCĒAT

Noun: *region of earth.*

GRUNDSELE

Noun: *abysmal dwelling.*

GRUNDSOPA

Noun: *cartilago (plant).*

GRUNDSTĀN

Noun: *foundation-stone, groundstone.*

GRUNDWÆG

Noun: *the earth.*

GRUNDWANG

Noun: *ground, floor, bottom; the earth.*

GRUNDWEALL

Noun: *foundation; lowest part of a mountain.*

GRUNDWELA

Noun: *earthly wealth.*

GRUNDWIERGEN

Noun: *accursed monster of the deep (Grendel's mother).*

GRUNIAN

Verb: *to make a loud noise, grunt; to desire, have an itch for.*

GRUNNETTAN

Verb: *to grunt.*

GRUNNUNG

Noun: *crying out, bellowing, roaring, grunting.*

GRUT

Noun: *abyss, chasm; gulf; whirlpool; stone, rock.*

GRŪT

Noun: *coarse meal, groats; the spent grain after brewing.*

GRYMETTAN

Verb: *to make a loud noise, roar, grunt, rage.*

GRYMETTUNG

Noun: *loud noise, bellowing, roaring, grunting, raging; murmuring.*

GRYMMAN

Verb: *to mourn, wail.*

GRYNDAN

Verb: *to set, descend, come to the ground, sink; to found.*

GRYNDE

Noun: *abyss.*

GRŸNIAN

Verb: *to ensnare.*

GRYNSMIÐ

Noun: *one causing affliction, grief or evil.*

GRYRE

Noun: *terror, dread, horror; fierceness, violence; the state of being terrified.*

GRYREBRŌGA

Noun: *terror, horror.*

GRYREFÆST

Adjective: *terribly fast or firm.*

GRYREFĀH

1. Adjective: *terribly hostile.*

2. Noun: *spotted horror.*

GRYREGÆST

Noun: *terrible stranger, dreadful guest.*

GRYREGEATWE

Noun: *warlike equipment.*

GRYREHWĪL

Noun: *time of terror.*

GRYRELĒOÐ

Noun: *song of terror.*

GRYRELIC

Adjective: *terrible, horrible.*

GRYREMIHT

Noun: *terrible power.*

GRYRESĪÐ

Noun: *terrible way, dangerous expedition.*

GRYRRAN

Verb: *to gnash, chatter (of teeth).*

GRŸTAN

Verb: *to become great, flourish.*

GRŸTO

Noun: *greatness.*

GRYTT

1. Noun: *dust; meal.*

2. See *grytte.*

GRYTTA

Noun: *coarse meal, grits, groats, chaff, bran.*

GRYTTE

Noun: *spider; dust.*

GULLISC

Adjective: *gilded.*

GUMA

Noun: *man, lord, hero.*

GUMCYNN

Noun: *human race, mankind, men, people, family, tribe, race, nation.*

GUMCYST

Noun: *virtue, excellence; bravery; liberality, munificence.*

GUMCYSTUM

Adverb: *excellently.*

GUMDRĒAM

Noun: *enjoyment of life.*

GUMDRYHTEN

Noun: *lord.*

GUMFĒÞA

Noun: *troop.*

GUMFRĒA

Noun: *king.*

GUMMANN

Noun: *man, famous man.*

GUMRĪCE

Noun: *power, rule over man, kingdom; the Earth.*

GUMRINC

Noun: *man, warrior.*

GUMSTŌL

Noun: *ruler's seat, throne.*

GUMÐEGEN

Noun: *man.*

GUMÐĒOD

Noun: *people, folk, nation.*

GUND

Noun: *matter, corruption, pus.*

GUNDIG

Adjective: *goundy, mattery.*

GUPE

Noun: *buttock.*

GUTTAS

Noun: *gut, entrails.*

GŪÐ

Noun: *fight, combat, battle, war.*

GŪÐBEORN

Noun: *warrior, fighting-hero.*

GŪÐBILL

Noun: *sword, battle-bill.*

GŪÐBORD

Noun: *shield, warlike board.*

GŪÐBYRNE

Noun: *corslet, coat of mail.*

GŪÐCEARU

Noun: *war-trouble.*

GŪÐCRÆFT

Noun: *warlike power or skill.*

GŪÐCWĒN

Noun: *warrior queen.*

GŪÐCYNING

Noun: *warlike king.*

GŪÐCYST

Noun: *bravery, warlike excellence; troop.*

GŪÐDĒAÐ

Noun: *death in battle.*

GŪÐFANA

Noun: *standard, ensign, banner, flag, pennon.*

GŪÐFLĀ

Noun: *battle-arrow.*

GŪÐFLĀN

Noun: *battle-arrow.*

GŪÐFLOGA

Noun: *winged fighter; dragon.*

GŪÐFREC

Adjective: *greedy for war or destruction.*

GŪÐFRECA

Noun: *warrior.*

GŪÐFREMMEND

Noun: *warrior.*

GŪÐFUGOL

Noun: *eagle, bird of war.*

GŪÐGĒATAS

Noun: *the warlike Gauts.*

GŪÐGEATWE

Noun: *war-equipments.*

GŪÐGELÆCA

Noun: *companion, comrade in war, warrior.*

GŪÐGEMŌT

Noun: *fight, combat, battle.*

GŪÐGEORN

Adjective: *tempting, looking for a quarrel.*

GŪÐGEÞINGU

Noun: *lot to be expected from impending war; contest, battle.*

GŪÐGEWÆDE

Noun: *war-weeds, armour.*

GŪÐGEWEORC

Noun: *warlike deed, malicious or evil work.*

GŪÐGEWINN

Noun: *battle, warlike contest.*

GŪÐHAFOC

Noun: *eagle, war-hawk.*

GŪÐHEARD

Adjective: *bold in battle.*

GŪÐHELM

Noun: *helmet.*

GŪÐHERE

Noun: *martial band, army.*

GŪÐHORN

Noun: *trumpet, war-horn.*

GŪÐHRĒÐ

Noun: *glory in war.*

GŪÐHWÆT

Adjective: *active, vigorous in war, fierce in battle; valiant.*

GŪÐLĀC

Noun: *the hermit or saint of Crowland.*

GŪÐLĒOÐ

Noun: *war-song.*

GŪÐMÆCGA

Noun: *warrior.*

GŪÐMŌD

Adjective: *of warlike mind.*

GŪÐMYRCE

Noun: *the Ethiopians.*

GŪÐPLEGA

Noun: *attack, battle.*

GŪÐRÆS

Noun: *warlike attack, onslaught.*

GŪÐRĒAF

Noun: *warlike dress, armour.*

GŪÐRĒOW

Adjective: *fierce in fight.*

GŪÐRINC

Noun: *warrior, hero.*

GŪÐRŌF

Adjective: *brave in battle.*

GŪÐSCEAR

Noun: *war-shearing, slaughter in battle.*

GŪÐSCEARU

Noun: *slaughter in battle.*

GŪÐSCEAÐA

Noun: *ravaging invader.*

GŪÐSCEORP

Noun: *war-clothing, armour.*

GŪÐSCRŪD

Noun: *war-clothing, armour.*

GŪÐSEARO

Noun: *arm, armour.*

GŪÐSELE

Noun: *hall of warriors.*

GŪÐSPELL

Noun: *tidings of a war.*

GŪÐSWEORD

Noun: *sword.*

GŪÐÐRACU

Noun: *hostile attack.*

GŪÐÐRĒAT

Noun: *martial band, warlike troop.*

GŪÐWEARD

Noun: *war-guard, king.*

GŪÐWEORC

Noun: *warlike work or deed.*

GŪÐWĒRIG

Adjective: *wounded; weary with battle.*

GŪÐWIGA

Noun: *warrior.*

GŪÐWINE

Noun: *comrade, battle-friend; weapon.*

GŪÐWUDU

Noun: *spear, war-wood.*

GYDEN

Noun: *goddess.*

GYDENLIC

Adjective: *of a goddess, vestal.*

GYDIG

Adjective: *insane, possessed (by a spirit); giddy.*

GYLDE

Noun: *golden flower.*

GYLDAN

See *(ge)gyldan.*

GYLDEN

Adjective: *golden.*

GYLDENBĒAG

Noun: *crown.*

GYLDENBEND

Noun: *golden band.*

GYLDENFEAX

Adjective: *golden-haired.*

GYLDENHILTE

Adjective: *golden-hilted.*

GYLDENHĪWE

Adjective: *golden-hued.*

GYLDENMŪÐA

Adjective: *golden-mouthed (Chrysostom).*

GYLDENWECG

Noun: *gold mine, vein of gold.*

GYLIAN

Verb: *to yell, shout out.*

GYLL

Noun: *valley.*

GYLT

Noun: *offence, sin, wrong, fault, guilt, crime; penalty, fine, debt; state of being guilty.*

GYLTAN

See *(ge)gyltan.*

GYLTEND

Noun: *offender, sinner; debtor.*

GYLTIG

Adjective: *offending; guilty, culpable, liable, delinquent.*

GYLTING

Noun: *sin.*

GYLTLIC

Adjective: *sinful, wicked.*

GYLTLĪCE

Adverb: *faultily.*

GYLTWĪTE

Noun: *fine for a crime.*

GYLUNG

Noun: *garrulity.*

GYMMIAN

See *(ge)gymmian.*

GŸNAN

Verb: *to gain.*

GYPIGEND

Noun: *yawning.*

GYPUNG

Noun: *open mouth, gaping, yawn.*

GYR

1. Noun: *mud, marsh, fen, filth.*

2. Noun: *fir tree.*

GYRDAN

Verb: *to surround, encircle, bind round; to gird.*

GYRDEL

Noun: *zone; belt, girdle; purse.*

GYRDELBRED

1. Noun: *writing-tablet.*

2. Adjective: *carried in the purse.*

GYRDELHRING

Noun: *girdle, buckle.*

GYRDELSHRINGE

Noun: *girdle-buckle, clasp for a girdle.*

GYRLGYDEN

Noun: *goddess of dress, Vesta (the name has been connected by the glosser with vestis).*

GYRN

Noun: *affliction, lamentation, calamity, misfortune, sorrow, grief, trouble, injury, evil.*

GYRNSTAFAS

Noun: *affliction, injury.*

GYRNWRACU

Noun: *vengeance for trouble or injury.*

GYRRAN

Verb: *to sound; to chatter; to gnash; to snarl, grunt; to grate, creak.*

GYRRETAN

Verb: *to roar.*

GYRST

Noun: *grinding, gnashing; anger.*

GYRTRĒOW

Noun: *spruce fir.*

GYRU

1. Adjective: *muddy, marshy.*

2. Noun: *mud, filth, dung.*

3. See *gyr* (1).

GYRWAS

Noun: *the people of a district in which Peterborough was situated.*

GYRWEFENN

Noun: *marsh.*

GYSTERNLĪCDÆG

Adverb: *yesterday.*

GYTE

Noun: *poring, shedding, effusion; flood, inundation.*

GYTESĀEL

Noun: *joy at the pouring out of wine.*

GYTESTRĒAM

Noun: *current, flowing or running stream.*

GYTFEORM

Noun: *ploughing-feast.*

HA HA

Interjection: *ha ha!*

HĀ

Noun: *thole, oar-thole, rowlock.*

HABBAN

See *(ge)habban.*

HACA

Noun: *hook, bolt or bar of a door.*

HACCIAN

Verb: *to hack.*

HACELE

Noun: *upper garment, cloak, mantle, vestment, cassock.*

HACOD

Noun: *pike, mullet.*

HĀD

Noun: *individual character, person; individuality; order, degree, rank, office; state, condition, nature, character; form, manner; sex; kind, race, family, tribe; choir; person of the Trinity.*

HĀDĀRUNG

Noun: *respect of persons; partiality in judgement.*

HĀDBŌT

Noun: *compensation, recompense or atonement for injury or insult to a priest.*

HĀDBRECA

Noun: *injurer of one in (holy) orders.*

HĀDBRYCE

Noun: *injury done to persons in holy orders.*

HĀDELĪCE

Adverb: *in respect to person.*

HADERUNG

Noun: *personarum acceptio.*

HĀDESMANN

Noun: *member of a particular order.*

HĀDGRIÐ

Noun: *security, peace or privilege of holy orders.*

HĀDIAN

See *(ge)hādian.*

HĀDNOTU

Noun: *office, employment or ministry of a priest.*

HĀDOR

1. Noun: *clearness, brightness; serene sky.*

2. Adjective: *clear, bright; fresh; serene; distinct; loud.*

HĀDRE

Adverb: *clearly (of light and of sound).*

HĀDSWÆPA

Noun: *bridesman.*

HĀDSWÆPE

Noun: *bridesmaid.*

HĀDTIMA

Noun: *time of ordination.*

HĀDUNG

Noun: *consecration, ordination.*

HĀDUNGDÆG

Noun: *ordination day; anniversary of a person's ordination.*

HÆBBEDNES

Noun: *continence, restraint.*

HÆBBENDLIC

Adjective: *habilis.*

HÆBBENGA

Adverb: *with constraint, constrainedly.*

HÆBBUNG

Noun: *holding, constraint.*

HÆCC

1. Noun: *hatch, grating, half-gate.*

2. See *hæcce* (1).

HÆCCE

1. Noun: *frontal, crosier.*

2. Noun: *fence.*

3. See *hæcc* (1).

HÆCCELĒAS

Adjective: *without a fence or hatch.*

HÆCGEAT

Noun: *hatch-gate.*

HÆCINE

Noun: *drink made of vinegar and water.*

HÆCLA

Noun: *upper garment, cloak, coat, cassock, mantel.*

HÆCWER

Noun: *weir in which fish were caught, hatch-weir.*

HÆDRE

Adverb: *straightly; hardly, oppressively; anxiously.*

HÆF

1. Noun: *sea, ocean; water.*

2. Noun: *leaven.*

HÆFE

1. Noun: *leaven.*

2. See *hefe* (1).

HÆFELDAN

Noun: *the name of a Slavonic people.*

HÆFEN

1. Noun: *having, owning, possession, property.*

2. Noun: *port, harbour, haven.*

3. See *hefen* (1).

HÆFER

Noun: *he-goat, buck.*

HÆFERBLÆTE

Noun: *bittern, snipe.*

HÆFERGĀT

Noun: *he-goat.*

HÆFERN

Noun: *crab.*

HĀFERNBITE

Noun: *crab's claw.*

HÆFT

See *(ge)hæft.*

HÆFTAN

See *(ge)hæftan.*

HÆFTECLOMM

Noun: *fetter, bond.*

HÆFTEDŌM

Noun: *service, captivity, slavery.*

HÆFTEN

Noun: *custody, confinement, captivity.*

HÆFTINCEL

Noun: *slave.*

HÆFTING

Noun: *fastening, lock.*

HÆFTLIC

Adjective: *captious, sophistical.*

HÆFTLING

Noun: *captive, prisoner.*

HÆFTMĒCE

Noun: *hilted sword.*

HÆFTNIAN

See *(ge)hæftnian.*

HÆFTNĪED

Noun: *custody, confinement, imprisonment, bondage, thraldom; prison.*

HÆFTNĪEDLING

Noun: *captive.*

HÆFTNĪEDNES

Noun: *captivity.*

HÆFTNOÐ

Noun: *keeping, custody, confinement, imprisonment.*

HÆFTNUNG

Noun: *confinement, captivity.*

HÆFTUNG

Noun: *fetter, fastening; confinement, captivity.*

HÆFTWORLD

Noun: *world under bondage; the world before redemption through Christ.*

HÆGHĀL

Adjective: *safe, uninjured, safe and sound.*

HÆGSUGGA

Noun: *hedge-sparrow.*

HÆGTESSE

Noun: *fury; pythoness, hag, witch.*

HÆGWEARD

Noun: *hayward, keeper of cattle in a common field.*

HÆL

1. Noun: *omen, auspice.*

2. Adjective: *well, safe, whole, entire, uninjured, sound, healthy; hale; genuine, straightforward.*

3. See *hǣlu.*

HÆLAN

1. See *(ge)hǣlan.*

2. Verb: *to castrate.*

HÆLE

Noun: *man, brave man, hero.*

HÆLED

See *(ge)hǣled.*

HÆLEND

Noun: *healer, Saviour, Jesus, Christ.*

HÆLENDLIC

Adjective: *salutary, wholesome.*

HÆLESTRE

Noun: *saviour.*

HÆLETOÐ

Noun: *greeting, Hosanna.*

HÆLEÐ

Noun: *man, fighter, hero.*

HÆLFTER

Noun: *halter.*

HÆLFTRE

Noun: *halter.*

HÆLGERE

Noun: *sanctifier.*

HÆLIG

Adjective: *easily moved, unstable, inconstant, fickle, slippery.*

HÆLING

Noun: *healing.*

HÆLNES

Noun: *safety, salvation; haleness; sanctuary.*

HÆLNESGRIÐ

Noun: *privilege of security belonging to a sanctuary.*

HÆLOTĪD

Noun: *prosperous time.*

HÆLÐ

Noun: *health, healing, cure; salvation.*

HÆLU

Noun: *safety, salvation, health, healing, cure; happiness, prosperity, well-being, welfare.*

HÆLUBEARN

Noun: *Saviour, Christ.*

HÆLWYRT

Noun: *pennyroyal.*

HÆMAN

See *(ge)hæman.*

HÆMED

Noun: *cohabitation, marriage; lying with, sexual intercourse, adultery, fornication.*

HÆMEDCEORL

Noun: *married man.*

HÆMEDGEMĀNA

Noun: *marriage, matrimony.*

HÆMEDLĀC

Noun: *sexual intercourse, coition.*

HÆMEDRĪM

Noun: *life of pleasure, pleasure of a vicious life.*

HÆMEDSCIPE

Noun: *matrimony, wedlock; cohabitation.*

HÆMEDÐING

Noun: *cohabitation, marriage; carnal intercourse, coition, venery.*

HÆMEDWĪF

Noun: *married woman.*

HÆMEND

Noun: *adulterer, fornicator.*

HĒMERE

Noun: *consort, bedfellow.*

HĒNAN

Verb: *to stone.*

HÆNEP

Noun: *hemp.*

HÆNNEWOL

Noun: *henbane.*

HÆPLĪC

Adjective: *equal.*

HÆPPAN

Verb: *to move accidentally, go by change, slip.*

HÆPSE

Noun: *fastening, hasp, clasp.*

HÆPSIAN

Verb: *to fasten, hasp, fasten with a bolt.*

HĒR

Noun: *hair.*

HĒRE

Noun: *sackcloth of hair.*

HĒREN

Adjective: *made of hair.*

HÆRENFAGOL

Noun: *hedgehog.*

HÆRFEST

Noun: *autumn, harvest; August.*

HÆRFESTHANDFUL

Noun: *due belonging to the husbandmen on an estate.*

HÆRFESTLIC

Adjective: *autumnal, of harvest.*

HÆRFESTMŌNAÐ

Noun: *harvest month, September.*

HÆRFESTTĪD

Noun: *autumn, harvest-time.*

HÆRFESTTĪMA

Noun: *autumn, harvest-time.*

HÆRFESTWÆTA

Noun: *autumnal wet or rain.*

HÆRGRIPA

Noun: *seizing by the air.*

HÆRIHT

Adjective: *hairy.*

HÆRING

Noun: *herring.*

HÆRINGTĪMA

Noun: *herring-season.*

HÆRLOCCAS

Noun: *locks of hair, curls.*

HÆRN

1. Noun: *wave, sea, ocean; tide.*

2. Noun: *brain.*

HÆRNÆDL

Noun: *hair-pin, curling-pin.*

HÆRNFLOTA

Noun: *ship.*

HÆRSCEARD

Noun: *hare-lip.*

HÆRSYFE

Noun: *hair-sieve.*

HĀRU

Noun: *hoariness.*

HĀS

1. Noun: *behest, hest, bidding; order, command; office, service.*

2. Noun: *brushwood.*

HÆSEL

1. Noun: *hazel shrub.*

2. Noun: *galerus.*

HÆSELHNUTU

Noun: *hazel-nut.*

HÆSELRĀW

Noun: *row of hazels.*

HÆSELWRĪD

Noun: *hazel-thicket.*

HÆSELWYRT

Noun: *Asarabacca, asarum Europæum.*

HĀSERE

Noun: *master, commander; lord.*

HÆSLEN

Adjective: *of hazel.*

HÆSLER

Noun: *hazel.*

HÆSLETT

Noun: *hazel copse.*

HÆSLING

Noun: *place grown with hazels.*

HĀST

1. Adjective: *impetuous, vehement, violent.*

2. Noun: *fury, violence, strife.*

3. See *hās* (2).

HĀSTE

Adverb: *vehemently, fiercely, violently.*

HĀSTLĪCE

Adverb: *vehemently, fiercely, violently.*

HÆSWEALWE

Noun: *kind of hawk.*

HÆT

Noun: *head-covering, hat.*

HĀTAN

See *(ge)hātan.*

HĀTE

Noun: *heat; fire; hot weather; torrid zone.*

HÆTERU

Noun: *garments.*

HĀTING

Noun: *heating, warming.*

HÆTSAN

Verb: *to drive, urge, impel.*

HÆTTIAN

1. Verb: *to scalp.*

2. Verb: *to hate, treat as an enemy.*

HÆTU

Noun: *heat, warmth; fervour, ardour.*

HÆÐ

1. Noun: untilled land, heath, heather; waste.

2. See *hæða.*

HÆÐA

Noun: *heat, hot weather.*

HÆÐBERIE

Noun: *whortleberry, heath-berry, bilberry.*

HÆÐCOLE

Noun: *name of a plant.*

HÆÐEN

1. Adjective: *gentile, heathen, pagan, profane; barbarous; not baptized; not of the Jewish religion.*

2. Noun: *gentile; one who is not a believer, heathen man (especially of the Danes).*

HÆÐENA

Noun: *gentile, heathen.*

HÆÐENCYNING

Noun: *heathen king.*

HÆÐENCYNN

Noun: *heathen race.*

HÆÐENDŌM

Noun: *false religion, paganism, heathendom.*

HÆÐENFEOH

Noun: *heathen sacrifice.*

HÆÐENFOLC

Noun: *heathen people.*

HÆÐENGIELD

Noun: *idolatry, heathen worship, idolatry rite or practice; idol.*

HÆÐENGILDA

Noun: *idolater, heathen, heathen worshipper.*

HÆÐENHERE

Noun: *Danish army.*

HÆÐENISC

Adjective: *pagan, heathenish.*

HÆÐENMANN

Noun: *heathen.*

HÆÐENNES

Noun: *paganism, heathenism; heathen country.*

HÆÐENSCIPE

Noun: *paganism, idolatry, heathenism.*

HÆÐENSTYRC

Noun: *heathen stirk or calf, the golden calf made by the Israelites.*

HÆÐENWĒOH

Noun: *idol.*

HÆÐFELD

Noun: *open uncultivated land, heath-land.*

HÆÐFELDLAND

Noun: *moorland.*

HÆÐIHT

Adjective: *heathy.*

HÆÐSTAPA

Noun: *heath-stepper, heath-stalker, wolf, stag.*

HÆÐUNG

Noun: *heating, parching or drying by heat.*

HÆWE

Adjective: *blue, grey, iron-coloured.*

HÆWEN

Adjective: *blue, purple, azure, green; discoloured.*

HÆWENGRĒNE

Adjective: *bluish green.*

HÆWENHYDELE

Noun: *a plant.*

HÆWMÆNGED

Adjective: *mixes purple.*

HAFEGEAT

Noun: *gate that has to be raised.*

HAFELA

Noun: *head.*

HAFENIAN

Verb: *to hold, grasp; to lift up.*

HAFENLĒAS

Adjective: *destitute, poor, needy, indigent.*

HAFENLĒAST

Noun: *want, poverty, penury, indigence.*

HAFERBĪTE

Noun: *forceps.*

HAFETIAN

Verb: *to clap, applaud; to flap; to beat with the feet; to praise.*

HAFOC

Noun: *hawk.*

HAFOCCYNN

Noun: *hawk species.*

HAFOCERE

Noun: *hawker.*

HAFOCFUGEL

Noun: *hawk.*

HAFOCUNG

Noun: *hawking.*

HAFOCWYRT

Noun: *hawk-weed (plant).*

HAGA

Noun: *enclosure, hedge, haw; homestead, house; trifle.*

HAGING

Noun: *enclosure; land hedged in, garden, paddock.*

HAGOL

Noun: *Hail; hail-shower, hail-storm; name of the rune for h.*

HAGOLBERENDE

Adjective: *producing hail-storms.*

HAGOLFARU

Noun: *hailstorm.*

HAGOLIAN

Verb: *to hail.*

HAGOLSCŪR

Noun: *shower of hail, hailstorm.*

HAGOLSTĀN

Noun: *hailstone.*

HAGORŪN

Noun: *necromancy, spell.*

HAGOSPIND

Noun: *eyelid, cheek.*

HAGOSTEALD

1. Adjective: *young, brave, warrior, military; independent, unmarried.*

2. Noun: *young man, young warrior, bachelor; unmarried person; unmarried man attached to a court.*

3. Noun: *celibacy.*

4. Noun: *virgin, novice.*

HAGOSTEALDHĀD

Noun: *unmarried state, bachelorhood; virginity.*

HAGOSTEALDLIC

Adjective: *virgin.*

HAGOSTEALDMAN

Noun: *bachelor; warrior.*

HAGOSTEALDNES

Noun: *virginity.*

HAGUSTALDESĒA

Noun: *Hexham.*

HAGUÐORN

Noun: *hawthorn.*

HĀL

See *(ge)hāl.*

HALA

Noun: *after-birth.*

HĀLBÆRE

Adjective: *wholesome, salutary.*

HĀLETTAN

See *(ge)hālettan.*

HĀLETTEND

Noun: *middle finger, forefinger.*

HĀLETTUNG

Noun: *greeting, salutation.*

HĀLEWÆGE

Noun: *holy cup.*

HĀLFÆST

Adjective: *salutary.*

HĀLGA

Noun: *saint.*

HĀLGIAN

See *(ge)hālgian.*

HĀLGOLAND

Noun: *district of Norway, Halogaland.*

HĀLGUNG

See *(ge)hālgung.*

HĀLGUNGBŌC

Noun: *benedictional (book containing coronation liturgy).*

HĀLGUNGRAM

Noun: *consecrated ram.*

HĀLIG

1. Adjective: *venerated, consecrated, sacred, holy; godly, saintly; ecclesiastical; pacific, tame.*

2. Noun: *what is holy; godly person, prophet, saint; consecrated, sacred rite.*

HĀLIGAN

See *(ge)hāligan.*

HĀLIGDÆG

Noun: *holy day, Sunday, Sabbath.*

HĀLIGDŌM

Noun: *righteousness; holiness, sanctity; holy place, chapel, sanctuary; relics, holy things; sacrament; holy work or office; holy doctrines.*

HĀLIGDŌMHŪS

Noun: *place where holy things are kept, sacrarium.*

HĀLIGERN

Noun: *holy place, sanctuary; sacrament.*

HĀLIGLĪCE

Adverb: *holily.*

HĀLIGMŌNAÐ

Noun: *holy month, September.*

HĀLIGNES

Noun: *holiness, sanctity; religion; holy thing, relic; holy place, sanctuary; religious worship, rite or practice.*

HĀLIGPORTIC

Noun: *sanctuary.*

HĀLIGRIFT

Noun: *veil, holy garment.*

HĀLIGWÆCCA

Noun: *vigil-keeper.*

HĀLIGWÆTER

Noun: *holy water.*

HĀLIGWARAS

Noun: *holy people, saints.*

HĀLIGWEORC

Noun: *sanctuary.*

HĀLNES

Noun: *wholeness.*

HĀLOR

Noun: *salvation.*

HĀLS

Noun: *health, salvation.*

HĀLSERE

Noun: *augur, soothsayer, diviner, exorcist.*

HĀLSIAN

Verb: *to entreat, beseech, implore; to adjure, conjure; to exorcise.*

HĀLSIGEND

Noun: *augur, soothsayer, exorcist.*

HĀLSUNG

Noun: *augury, divination, exorcism; supplication, entreaty, beseeching, adjuration; greeting; imprecation.*

HĀLSUNGGEBED

Noun: *prayer in a church service.*

HĀLSUNGTĪMA

Noun: *time of supplication.*

HALSWURÐUNG

Noun: *thanksgiving for safety; neck ornament, necklace.*

HĀLWENDA

Noun: *saviour; safety.*

HĀLWENDE

Adjective: *healthful, wholesome, salutary; healing; sanctifying.*

HĀLWENDLIC

Adjective: *healthful, wholesome, salutary.*

HĀLWENDLĪCE

Adverb: *salutarily, so as to promote or produce bodily or spiritual health.*

HĀLWENDNES

Noun: *salubrity; safety, salvation.*

HAM

1. Noun: *covering, garment, shirt, under-garment.*

2. See *hamm* (1).

3. See *hamm* (2).

HĀM

1. Noun: *dwelling, abode, home, house, habitation, residence, hamlet, manor, vill; farm; property; neighbourhood, district, village, region, estate, country; refuge.*

2. Adverb: *home, homewards.*

HAMA

Noun: *covering, garment, dress, integument; membrane, skin; womb; slough of a snake.*

HĀMA

Noun: *cricket.*

HĀMBRINGAN

Verb: *to bring a wife home, marry.*

HĀMCUÐ

Adjective: *familiar.*

HĀMCYME

Noun: *return, home-coming.*

HAMEL

Adjective: *broken; rugged.*

HAMELE

Noun: *rowlock; oar-loop.*

HAMELIAN

Verb: *to hamstring; to mutilate.*

HĀMETTAN

See *(ge)hāmettan.*

HĀMFÆRELT

Noun: *going home.*

HĀMFÆST

Adjective: *resident, dwelling at home, settled in or owning a house.*

HĀMFARU

Noun: *forcible entry into a man's house.*

HĀMHENN

Noun: *domestic fowl.*

HAMLAND

Noun: *enclosed pasture land.*

HĀMLĒAS

Adjective: *homeless.*

HAMM

1. Noun: *dwelling, enclosure, piece of pasture-land, fold; enclosed possession.*

2. Noun: *ham, inner or hind part of the knee.*

HAMOLA

Noun: *person with cropped hair.*

HAMOR

Noun: *hammer.*

HAMORIAN

Verb: *to examine; to purify; to beat out, forge.*

HAMORSECG

Noun: *hammer-sedge.*

HAMORWYRT

Noun: *black hellebore, wall-pellitory.*

HĀMSCĪR

Noun: *aedileship.*

HĀMSITTENDE

Adjective: *resident, dwelling or sitting at home.*

HĀMSĪÐ

Noun: *return home, journey home.*

HĀMSĪÐIAN

Verb: *to return home.*

HĀMSŌCN

Noun: *attack on a man's house; the fine paid for such a breach of the peace.*

HĀMSTEALL

Noun: *homestead, residence.*

HĀMSTEDE

Noun: *homestead.*

HĀMTŪN

Noun: *Hampton.*

HĀMTŪNSCIR

Noun: *Hampshire, Northhamptonshire.*

HĀMWEARD

Adverb: *homewards, on the way home.*

HĀMWEARDES

Adverb: *homewards.*

HĀMWEORÐUNG

Noun: *honour or ornament to the house or home.*

HĀMWEROD

Noun: *household.*

HĀMWYRT

Noun: *home-wort, house-leek.*

HĀN

1. Noun: *projecting stone, boundary-stone.*

2. See *hā.*

HANA

Noun: *cock.*

HANASANG

Noun: *cock-crow.*

HANCRĒD

Noun: *cock-crow.*

HANCRĒDTĪD

Noun: *division of the night, time of cock-crow.*

HAND

1. Noun: *side, hand; control, power; possession, charge; skill; agency; person regarded as holder or receiver of something, heir.*

2. Adverb: *just, exactly.*

HANDÆX

Noun: *kind of axe, hatchet.*

HANDBÆFTIAN

Verb: *to lament, beat with the hands as an expressions of grief.*

HANDBANA

Noun: *homicide, murderer; slaver by hand.*

HANDBELLE

Noun: *hand-bell.*

HANDBŌC

Noun: *hand-book, manual; book containing the order of service for extreme unction, baptism and catechisms.*

HANDBRÆD

Noun: *hand's breadth.*

HANDBRED

Noun: *palm of the hand, breadth of the hand, span.*

HANDCLĀÐ

Noun: *towel.*

HANDCOPS

Noun: *handcuff, manacle.*

HANDCRÆFT

Noun: *skill or power of the hand, handicraft.*

HANDCWYRN

Noun: *hand-mill.*

HANDDÆD

Noun: *handiwork.*

HANDDÆDA

Noun: *doer with his own hand.*

HANDFÆSTNUNG

Noun: *joining hands in confirmation of a pledge.*

HANDFUL

Noun: *handful.*

HANDGANG

Noun: *submission, surrender; laying on of hands.*

HANDGEMACA

Noun: *close companion.*

HANDGEMŌT

Noun: *battle, hand-meeting.*

HANDGESCEAFT

Noun: *handywork, that which is formed by the hand; creature.*

HANDGESELLA

Noun: *companion, comrade.*

HANDGESTEALLA

Noun: *companion, associate, comrade.*

HANDGESWING

Noun: *blow, stroke.*

HANDGEWEALD

Noun: *power, possession.*

HANDGEWEORC

Noun: *handiwork, creation.*

HANDGEWINN

Noun: *manual labour, work; struggle, strife, fighting, contest.*

HANDGEWRIT

Noun: *handwriting, deed, signature, autograph, holograph; agreement.*

HANDGEWRIÐEN

Adjective: *hand-woven.*

HANDGIFT

Noun: *wedding gift.*

HANDGRIPE

Noun: *hand-grip, grasp.*

HANDGRIÐ

Noun: *peace; security, protection.*

HANDHABBEND

Adjective: *having stolen property in one's hand.*

HANDHÆF

Noun: *burden.*

HANDHAMUR

Noun: *hand-hammer.*

HANDHRÆGL

Noun: *napkin, towel.*

HANDHRINE

Noun: *touch with the hand.*

HANDHWĪL

Noun: *instant, moment.*

HANDLE

Noun: *handle.*

HANDLĒAN

Noun: *recompense, reward, requital, retribution.*

HANDLENGU

Noun: *hand's length.*

HANDLIAN

See *(ge)handlian.*

HANDLĪN

Noun: *hand-cloth, napkin; maniple, one of the Eucharistic vestments.*

HANDLINGA

Adverb: *by hand; hand to hand, at close quarters.*

HANDLOCEN

Adjective: *fastened or joined together by hand.*

HANDLUNG

Noun: *handling, touching.*

HANDMÆGEN

Noun: *bodily strength, might.*

HANDMITTA

Noun: *sixth part of an ounce.*

HANDNÆGL

Noun: *finger-nail.*

HANDPLEGA

Noun: *fight, battle.*

HANDPRĒOST

Noun: *domestic priest or chaplain.*

HANDRÆS

Noun: *attack, onset, onrush.*

HANDRŌF

Adjective: *famed for strength.*

HANDSCĪO

Noun: *glove.*

HANDSCOLU

Noun: *retinue.*

HANDSCYLDIG

Adjective: *condemned to lose a hand.*

HANDSEALD

Adjective: *given personality (by the king).*

HANDSEAX

Noun: *dagger, dirk.*

HANDSELEN

Noun: *giving into the hand of another.*

HANDSETEN

Noun: *signature, ratification.*

HANDSLYHT

1. Noun: *blow or slaying with the hand.*

2. See *andslyht.*

HANDSMÆLL

Noun: *blow or slap with the hand.*

HANDSPITEL

Noun: *hand-shovel, kind of spade.*

HANDSPOR

Noun: *talon, claw.*

HANDSPORU

Noun: *finger, claw; long and sharp nail; dagger.*

HANDSTOC

Noun: *cuff, sleeve.*

HANDSWYLE

Noun: *swelling on the hand.*

HANDTAM

Adjective: *submissive to handling.*

HANDÐEGN

Noun: *servant, retainer.*

HANDÐWĒAL

Noun: *washing of the hands.*

HANDWEORC

Noun: *handiwork.*

HANDWORHT

Adjective: *made with hands.*

HANDWUNDOR

Noun: *marvel of handiwork.*

HANDWYRFT

Noun: *time occupied by the turning of the hand, moment.*

HANDWYRM

Noun: *kind of insect; itch-mite.*

HANDWYRST

Noun: *wrist.*

HANGA

Noun: *slope, declivity.*

HANGELLE

Noun: *hanging object.*

HANGIAN

See *(ge)hangian.*

HANGRA

Noun: *hanger; wooded slope.*

HANGWĪTE

Noun: *penalty for miscarriage of justice.*

HĀR

1. Adjective: *hoary, grey; old.*

2. See *hǣr.*

HARA

Noun: *hare.*

HARANHIGE

Noun: *hare's foot (plant).*

HARANSPRECEL

Noun: *viper's bugloss.*

HĀRASTEORRA

Noun: *dogstar.*

HARAÐ

Noun: *wood (only in place names).*

HĀREDAGAS

Noun: *dog days.*

HĀREMINTE

Noun: *white mint.*

HĀREWYRT

Noun: *harewort (plant).*

HĀRHŪNE

Noun: *horehound.*

HĀRIAN

Verb: *to become or grow grey.*

HĀRNES

Noun: *hoariness, greyness of hair.*

HAROLD

Noun: *Harold, second son of Cnut; Harold, son of Earl Godwin.*

HARÐACNUT

Noun: *Hardacnut, son of Cnut.*

HĀRUNG

Noun: *hoariness, greyness; old age.*

HĀRWELLE

Adjective: *hoary, grey-haired.*

HĀRWENGNES

Noun: *hoariness; old age.*

HĀS

Adjective: *hoarse.*

HĀSÆTA

Noun: *rower, oarsman.*

HĀSGRUMEL

Adjective: *sounding hoarsely.*

HĀSHRĪMAN

Verb: *to sound harshly or hoarsely.*

HĀSIAN

Verb: *to be or become hoarse.*

HĀSNES

Noun: *hoarseness.*

HASSUC

Noun: *coarse grass.*

HĀSSWĒGE

Adjective: *sounding hoarsely.*

HASTINGAS

Noun: *Hastings.*

HASU

Adjective: *grey, ashen; dusky, tawny.*

HASUFĀG

Adjective: *grey, ashen.*

HASUPĀD

Adjective: *grey-coated.*

HASUPĀDA

Noun: *one having a grey garment.*

HASWE

Adverb: *greyly.*

HASWIG

Adjective: *dark-coloured.*

HASWIGFEÐRE

Adjective: *grey-feathered.*

HĀT

1. Adjective: *hot; excited, intense, fervent, ardent, flaming, fierce, violent; inspiring, attractive.*

2. Noun: *heat, fire.*

3. See *(ge)hāt.*

HĀTABAÐAN

Noun: *Bath.*

HĀTAN

See *(ge)hātan.*

HĀTE

1. Adverb: *hotly; furiously, fervently, passionately.*

2. Noun: *bidding; invitation.*

HĀTEN

Adjective: *heated.*

HĀTHEORT

1. Noun: *anger, fury, wrath.*

2. See *(ge)hātheort.*

HĀTHEORTLĪCE

See *(ge)hātheortlīce.*

HĀTHEORTNES

Noun: *anger, fury, wrath, rage; zeal, fervour, mania.*

HĀTHIERTAN

See *(ge)hāthiertan.*

HĀTHIGE

Noun: *anger, fury, wrath.*

HATIAN

See *(ge)hatian.*

HĀTIAN

Verb: *to be or become; to be excited or troubled; to be intense, fierce, raging.*

HATIGEND

Noun: *one who hates, enemy.*

HĀTIGENDE

Adjective: *becoming hot.*

HATIGENDLIC

Adjective: *hateful, detestable.*

HĀTLĪCE

Adverb: *ardently, fervently.*

HĀTNES

Noun: *heat, hotness.*

HATOL

Adjective: *hostile, bitter; hateful, odious.*

HATUNG

Noun: *hate, hatred.*

HĀTUNG

Noun: *heating; inflammation.*

HĀTŪNISC

Adjective: *of Northhampton.*

HĀTWENDE

Adjective: *hot, burning, torrid.*

HAÐOLIÐA

Noun: *elbow.*

HĀÐUM

Noun: *Slesvig.*

HĀW

Noun: *look out or prospect.*

HĀWERE

Noun: *observer, spectator.*

HĀWIAN

See *(ge)hāwian.*

HĀWUNG

Noun: *looking, observation; ability to see.*

HE

Pronoun: *he, she, it; pl. they; (reflex. pron.) himself, herself, itself.*

HĒAF

Noun: *lamentation, mourning; wailing, weeping.*

HĒAFDIAN

Verb: *to behead.*

HĒAFLIC

Adjective: *sad, mournful; lamentable, grievous.*

HĒAFOD

Noun: *head; top, summit; chief, leader; eminence; capital (city); origin, source.*

HĒAFODÆ

Noun: *law that affects life.*

HĒAFODÆCER

Noun: *strip of land an acre in extent.*

HĒAFODÆDRE

Noun: *cephalic vein.*

HĒAFODBÆÐ

Noun: *wash of the head.*

HĒAFODBALD

Adjective: *shameless, impudent.*

HĒAFODBĀN

Noun: *skull.*

HĒAFODBĒAG

Noun: *crown.*

HĒAFODBEND

Noun: *diadem, crown; head-bond, fetter about the head.*

HĒAFODBEORG

1. Noun: *head-shelter, helmet.*

2. Noun: *prominent hill.*

HĒAFODBEORHT

Adjective: *having a bright or splendid head.*

HĒAFODBISCOP

Noun: *high priest, head-bishop.*

HĒAFODBOLLA

Noun: *skull.*

HĒAFODBOLSTER

Noun: *pillow.*

HĒAFODBOTL

Noun: *ancestral seat; chief dwelling, principal mansion.*

HĒAFODBRYCE

Noun: *breaking of the skull.*

HĒAFODBURH

Noun: *chief city, capital, metropolis.*

HĒAFODCLĀÐ

Noun: *head-cloth or dress.*

HĒAFODCWIDE

Noun: *important saying; chapter.*

HĒAFODCYRICE

Noun: *cathedral.*

HĒAFODECE

Noun: *headache.*

HĒAFODFÆDER

Noun: *patriarch.*

HĒAFODFRÆTENNES

Noun: *head-ornament, hairpin.*

HĒAFODGEMÆCCA

Noun: *companion, mate, fellow-servant; equal.*

HĒAFODGERĪM

Noun: *majority, greatest number; number of heads.*

HĒAFODGETEL

Noun: *cardinal number.*

HĒAFODGEWÆDE

Noun: *face-covering, veil.*

HĒAFODGILT

Noun: *deadly sin; capital crime or offence.*

HĒAFODGIMM

Noun: *head's gem or jewel; eye.*

HĒAFODGOLD

Noun: *crown.*

HĒAFODHĀR

Noun: *hair of the head.*

HĒAFODHAGA

Noun: *fence running at the head of a piece of land.*

HĒAFODHEBBA

Noun: *author, originator; beginning, starter.*

HĒAFODHRÆGL

Noun: *article of clothing or bedding, pillow, bolster.*

HĒAFODHRĪEFÐO

Noun: *roughness of the head.*

HĒAFODIHT

Adjective: *having a head or tuft.*

HĒAFODLEAHTER

Noun: *deadly sin; capital crime or offence.*

HĒAFODLĒAS

Adjective: *headless.*

HĒAFODLIC

Adjective: *capital, chief, principal, at the top; deadly, mortal.*

HĒAFODLING

Noun: *mate, fellow-servant; equal.*

HĒAFODLOCA

Noun: *skull.*

HĒAFODLOND

Noun: *boundary, headland; strip of land in a field, left for turning a plough.*

HĒAFODMÆG

Noun: *near blood-relation.*

HĒAFODMÆGEN

Noun: *cardinal virtue.*

HĒAFODMANN

Noun: *head-man, captain; prince.*

HĒAFODMYNSTER

Noun: *chief minster, cathedral.*

HĒAFODPANNE

Noun: *skull.*

HĒAFODPORT

Noun: *chief or principal town.*

HĒAFODPYLE

Noun: *pillow.*

HĒAFODRĪCE

Noun: *empire.*

HĒAFODSĀR

Noun: *pain in the head.*

HĒAFODSEALF

Noun: *head-salve.*

HĒAFODSEGN

Noun: *banner, ensign having a head.*

HĒAFODSĪEN

Noun: *eye.*

HĒAFODSLÆGE

Noun: *head of a pillar, architrave; head-stroke, beheading.*

HĒAFODSMÆL

Noun: *opening in a tunic for the head to pass through.*

HĒAFODSTEDE

Noun: *chief place; high or sacred place.*

HĒAFODSTOCC

Noun: *stake on which the head of a beheaded criminal was fixed.*

HĒAFODSTŌL

Noun: *chief place, capital.*

HĒAFODSTŌW

Noun: *place for the head.*

HĒAFODSWĪMA

Noun: *dizziness.*

HĒAFODSYNN

Noun: *deadly sin.*

HĒAFODÐWĒAL

Noun: *washing of the head.*

HĒAFODWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the head.*

HĒAFODWEARD

1. Noun: *watch over the head, body-guard; chapter.*

2. Noun: *chief guardian or protector; chief officer, leader.*

HĒAFODWEG

Noun: *head-road; valley.*

HĒAFODWIND

Noun: *chief wind.*

HĒAFODWĪSA

Noun: *director, ruler, chief.*

HĒAFODWŌÐ

Noun: *voice.*

HĒAFODWUND

Noun: *wound in the head.*

HĒAFODWYLM

Noun: *tears; burning pain in the head.*

HĒAFODWYRHTA

Noun: *chief workman.*

HĒAFSANG

Noun: *lament, dirge.*

HĒAGE

Adverb: *high, aloft.*

HĒAH

1. Adjective: *high, tall, lofty; important, sublime, exalted, illustrious, high-class; proud, haughty; deep; right (hand).*

2. Adverb: *high, aloft; proudly, arrogantly.*

HĒAHALTĀRE

Noun: *high altar.*

HĒAHBEORG

Noun: *high mountain.*

HĒAHBISCOP

Noun: *archbishop, pontiff; (Jewish) high-priest.*

HĒAHBLISS

Noun: *exultation.*

HĒAHBODA

Noun: *archangel.*

HĒAHBURG

Noun: *chief city; large town; town on a height.*

HĒAHBYTLERE

Noun: *chief-builder, architect.*

HĒAHCĀSERE

Noun: *supreme emperor.*

HĒAHCLEOFA

Noun: *principal chamber.*

HĒAHCLIF

Noun: *high or lofty cliff.*

HĒAHCRÆFT

Noun: *high art or skill.*

HĒAHCRÆFTIGA

Noun: *master-builder, architect; highly skilled artist, physician.*

HĒAHCYNING

Noun: *high or chief king; God.*

HĒAHDĒMA

Noun: *high judge.*

HĒAHDĒOR

Noun: *deer, stag.*

HĒAHDĒORHUND

Noun: *deer or stag-hound.*

HĒAHDĒORHUNTA

Noun: *stag-hunter.*

HĒAHDĪACON

Noun: *archdeacon.*

HĒAHEALD

Adjective: *distinguished, excellent.*

HĒAHEALDOR

Noun: *chief ruler, patrician.*

HĒAHEALDORMANN

Noun: *chief ruler, patrician.*

HĒAHENGEL

Noun: *archangel.*

HĒAHFÆDER

Noun: *the great Father, God; patriarch; (church) father.*

HĒAHFÆST

Adjective: *permanent, immutable; very fast, fixed.*

HĒAHFÆSTEN

Noun: *fortified town or city.*

HĒAHFEXEDE

Noun: *a Slavish gloss to alticomun, feaxede of a comet.*

HĒAHFLŌD

Noun: *high tide, deep water.*

HĒAHFORE

Noun: *heifer.*

HĒAHFRĒA

Noun: *high or mighty lord.*

HĒAHFRĒOLS

Noun: *great festival.*

HĒAHFRĒOLSDÆG

Noun: *great feast-day.*

HĒAHFRĒOLSTĪD

Noun: *time of a great festival.*

HĒAHFŸR

Noun: *towering flame.*

HĒAHGÆST

Noun: *Holy Ghost.*

HĒAHGEALDOR

Noun: *powerful charm.*

HĒAHGERĒFA

Noun: *high reeve or sheriff, chief officer, pro-consul, prefect.*

HĒAHGESAMNUNG

Noun: *chief synagogue.*

HĒAHGESCEAFT

Noun: *noble or exalted creature.*

HĒAHGESCEAP

Noun: *fate.*

HĒAHGESTRĒON

Noun: *rich or costly treasure.*

HĒAHGETIMBRAD

Adjective: *high-built.*

HĒAHGETIMBRU

Noun: *lofty edifice, place built on high.*

HĒAHGEÐRING

Noun: *whelming flood.*

HĒAHGEWEORC

Noun: *excellent or sublime work.*

HĒAHGNORNUNG

Noun: *sorrow, mourning, deep grief.*

HĒAHGOD

Noun: *the most High, God.*

HĒAHGRÆFT

Adjective: *carved in relief.*

HĒAHHĀD

Noun: *high or holy orders.*

HĒAHHÆF

Noun: *deep sea.*

HĒAHHEALL

Noun: *palace.*

HĒAHHELM

Adjective: *loftily crested; having foliage high up; having far-reaching rays.*

HĒAHHĒOLOÐE

Noun: *the plant elecampane or horseheal.*

HĒAHHEORT

Adjective: *proud, haughty.*

HĒAHHLIÐ

Noun: *high hill.*

HĒAHHLŪTOR

Adjective: *of great purity.*

HĒAHHWĒOLAD

Adjective: *high-wheeled.*

HĒAHHYLTE

Noun: *high-placed shrubbery.*

HĒAHHYRDE

Noun: *head abbot, chief pastor.*

HĒAHILDEST

Adjective: *most excellent.*

HĒAHLÆCE

Noun: *learned physician.*

HĒAHLAND

Noun: *mountainous country, high ground.*

HĒAHLANDRĪCA

Noun: *irenarcha.*

HĒAHLĀRĒOW

Noun: *head or chief teacher.*

HĒAHLEORNERE

Noun: *high teacher, master.*

HĒAHLUFE

Noun: *great love.*

HĒAHMÆGEN

Noun: *great force, power; sublime or divine might; virtue.*

HĒAHMÆSSE

Noun: *high mass.*

HĒAHMÆSSEDÆG

Noun: *high mass day.*

HĒAHMIHT

Noun: *high authority, great or excellent might; the Almighty.*

HĒAHMŌD

Adjective: *high spirited, exultant; of high or lofty mind, noble; proud, haughty.*

HĒAHMŌDNES

Noun: *pride.*

HĒAHMŌR

Noun: *high moor, lofty mountain.*

HĒAHNAMA

Noun: *great or exalted name.*

HĒAHRECED

Noun: *high or splendid building, temple, palace.*

HĒAHRODOR

Noun: *high or lofty heaven.*

HĒAHRŪN

Noun: *pythoness; mystery in which magic is involved, necromancy.*

HĒAHSĀCERD

Noun: *high or chief priest.*

HĒAHSĀCERHĀD

Noun: *highpriesthood.*

HĒAHSÆ

Noun: *high or deep sea.*

HĒAHSÆL

Noun: *great happiness.*

HĒAHSÆÐĒOF

Noun: *chief pirate.*

HĒAHSANGERE

Noun: *chief singer.*

HĒAHSCEAÐA

Noun: *chief pirate, arch-robber.*

HĒAHSCĒAWERE

Noun: *overseer, chief overlooker.*

HĒAHSCĪREMAN

Noun: *procurator.*

HĒAHSELD

Noun: *throne, rostrum; elevated platform.*

HĒAHSELE

Noun: *high hall.*

HĒAHSETL

Noun: *high seat, seat of honour, throne, judgement-seat; judgement.*

HĒAHSITTENDE

Adjective: *sitting on high or on a lofty throne.*

HĒAHSTĒAP

Adjective: *very high, lofty.*

HĒAHSTEDE

Noun: *high place.*

HĒAHSTEFN

Adjective: *having a high stem or prow.*

HĒAHSTRÆT

Noun: *highway.*

HĒAHSTRENGÐU

Noun: *great strength.*

HĒAHSUNNE

1. Adjective: *very sinful.*

2. Noun: *arch-sun, the Deity.*

HĒAHSYNN

Noun: *deadly sin, wickedness, crime.*

HĒAHTĪD

Noun: *high or holy day, festival, solemnity.*

HĒAHTIMBER

Noun: *lofty building.*

HĒAHTORR

Noun: *high mountain.*

HĒAHTRĒOW

Noun: *solemn or excellent compact.*

HĒAHÐEARF

Noun: *great need.*

HĒAHÐEGEN

Noun: *chief or great officer, captain; apostle; angel.*

HĒAHÐEGNUNG

Noun: *high service, important function.*

HĒAHÐĒOD

Noun: *great people, illustrious race.*

HĒAHÐRĒA

Noun: *great affliction or punishment.*

HĒAHÐRYMM

Noun: *great or exalted glory.*

HĒAHÐRYMME

Adjective: *of exalted glory.*

HĒAHÐRYMNES

Noun: *great glory.*

HĒAHÐUNGEN

Adjective: *of high rank, distinguished, illustrious.*

HĒAHWEG

Noun: *highway, main road.*

HĒAHWĒOFOD

Noun: *high altar.*

HĒAHWITA

Noun: *high or chief councillor.*

HĒALA

Noun: *hydrocele, rupture.*

HEALÆRN

Noun: *hall-building, palace.*

HEALD

1. Noun: *keeping, protection, guardianship, hold, custody; observation, watch; rule.*

2. Adjective: *bent, inclined, sloping.*

HEALDAN

See *(ge)healdan.*

HEALDEND

See *(ge)healdend.*

HEALDENDGEORN

Noun: *continent.*

HEALDIEND

Noun: *preserver.*

HEALDING

Noun: *holding, keeping, observance.*

HEALDNES

See *(ge)healdnes.*

HEALDSUM

Adjective: *careful, protective.*

HEALDSUMNES

See *(ge)healdsumnes.*

HĒALEDE

Adjective: *hydrocelous, ruptured.*

HEALF

1. Adjective: *half.*

2. Noun: *half; part, side, quarter; behalf, account; direction.*

3. Adverb: *half.*

HEALFÆCER

Noun: *measure of land, half-acre.*

HEALFBROCEN

Adjective: *half-broken.*

HEALFCLÆMED

Adjective: *half-plastered.*

HEALFCLUNGEN

Adjective: *half-congealed.*

HEALFCLYPIGENDE

Adjective: *semi-vowel.*

HEALFCWIC

Adjective: *half-dead.*

HEALFDĒAD

Adjective: *half-dead.*

HEALFEALD

Adjective: *half-grown.*

HEALFFERS

Noun: *hemistich.*

HEALFFĒÐE

Adjective: *half-lame.*

HEALFFRĒO

Adjective: *half-free.*

HEALFGEMET

Noun: *diametra.*

HEALFGEWRITEN

Adjective: *half-written.*

HEALFHĀR

Adjective: *half-hoary*.

HEALFHĒAFOD

Noun: *front of the head*.

HEALFHRŪH

Adjective: *half-rough*.

HEALFHUNDING

Noun: *creature having a dog's head*.

HEALFHUNDISC

Adjective: *semi-canine*.

HEALFHWĪT

Adjective: *half-white*.

HEALFHŸD

Noun: *half a hide (of land)*.

HEALFMANN

Noun: *half-man*.

HEALFMARC

Noun: *half-mark*.

HEALFNACOD

Adjective: *half-naked*.

HEALFPENIGWURÐ

Noun: *halfpenny-worth*.

HEALFRĒAD

Adjective: *reddish*.

HEALFSCYLDIG

Adjective: *half-guilty*.

HEALFSESTER

Noun: *half-sester (measure of bulk)*.

HEALFSINEWEALT

Adjective: *half-round, semicircular*.

HEALFSLÆPENDE

Adjective: *half-asleep*.

HEALFSODEN

Adjective: *half cooked*.

HEALFTRYNDEL

Noun: *hemisphere*.

HEALFUNGA

Adverb: *partially, imperfectly; slightly, to some extent; indirectly.*

HEALFWEG

Noun: *half-way.*

HEALFWUDU

Noun: *field-balm.*

HEALGAMEN

Noun: *social enjoyment; song.*

HEALH

Noun: *corner, angle, nook; secret place, recess, cave, closet; small hollow in a hill-side or slope, bay.*

HEALHIHTE

Adjective: *having many angles.*

HEALHÐEGN

Noun: *occupier of the hall.*

HĒALIC

Adjective: *high, tall, lofty, elevated, raised, loud; very, intense, extreme; exalted, sublime; deep, profound; proud; noble, excellent, distinguished.*

HĒALĪCE

Adverb: *highly, aloft; on high; very, greatly, extremely, intensely; specially; nobly; elaborately.*

HĒALICNES

Noun: *sublimity, majesty, dignity; greatness, loftiness.*

HEALL

1. Noun: *hall; dwelling, residence, house; palace, temple, law-court.*

2. See *healh.*

3. Noun: *stone, rock.*

HEALLHĀLGUNG

Noun: *celebration of rites in a hall; Bacchanalian rites.*

HEALLIC

Adjective: *palatial.*

HEALLRĒAF

Noun: *wall-tapestry.*

HEALLRECED

Noun: *hall-building, palace.*

HEALLSITTEND

Noun: *sitter-in-hall.*

HEALLÞEGN

1. Noun: *hall-officer.*

2. See *healhðegn.*

HEALLWĀHRIFT

Noun: *wall-tapestry.*

HEALLWUDU

Noun: *woodwork of a hall.*

HEALM

1. Noun: *haulm, straw, stubble, stem or stalk of grass; thatched roof; harvest-land.*

2. See *helm* (1).

HEALMSTRĒAW

Noun: *straw, stubble.*

HEALRECED

Noun: *palace.*

HEALS

Noun: *neck; prow of a ship.*

HEALSBĒAG

Noun: *necklace, collar.*

HEALSBEORG

Noun: *neck-armour, gorget, hauberk.*

HEALSBEORGGOLD

Noun: *neck ornament.*

HEALSBŌC

Noun: *book which brings safety, amulet, phylactery.*

HEALSBRYNIGE

Noun: *corslet, gorget, hauberk.*

HEALSED

Noun: *head-cloth; neck of a tunic.*

HEALSETA

Noun: *neck of a tunic.*

HEALSFÆST

Adjective: *proud, arrogant, defiant, contemptuous, unsubmissive; stubborn, stiff-necked.*

HEALSFANG

Noun: *fine prescribed in substitution for capital and other punishments.*

HEALSGANG

Noun: *neck-tumour.*

HEALSGEBEDDA

Noun: *beloved bedfellow, wife.*

HEALSGUND

Noun: *neck-tumour.*

HEALSIGENDLIC

Adjective: *imploring, that may be entreated.*

HEALSIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *importunately.*

HEALSLEÐER

Noun: *reins.*

HEALSMÆGEÐ

Noun: *beloved maid.*

HEALSMYNE

Noun: *necklace; neck-ornament.*

HEALSŌME

Noun: *neck-tumour.*

HEALSREFEÐER

Noun: *feathers of a pillow, down.*

HEALSTĀN

Noun: *flat and small cake with a hard crust.*

HEALSUNGBŌC

Noun: *book of exorcism.*

HEALSWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the neck.*

HEALSWRIÐA

Noun: *necklace.*

HEALSWYRT

Noun: *Campanula trachelium, Hare's ear, bupleurum tenuissimum, Scilla autumnalis, Symphytum album, daffodil (plants).*

HEALT

Adjective: *halt, limping, lame.*

HEALTIAN

Verb: *to halt, limp, be lame; to hesitate; to fall away.*

HEALÐEGN

1. Noun: *hall-officer.*

2. See *heallðegn* (1).

HEALWUDU

1. Noun: *woodwork of a hall.*

2. See *heallwudu.*

HĒAMOL

Adjective: *miserly, niggardly, parsimonious; frugal.*

HĒAMOLSCIPE

Noun: *miserliness, niggardliness, parsimony.*

HĒAN

1. Adjective: *lowly, despised, poor, mean, bare, abject; wretched, miserable; ignoble, base; humble; dejected, depressed, cast down.*

2. See *(ge)hēan.*

HĒANDŌM

Noun: *wretchedness.*

HĒANE

Adverb: *shamefully, ignominiously, abjectly.*

HĒANES

Noun: *highness; high place, top, height; excellence, sublimity, majesty, dignity; high rank; deep place.*

HĒANLIC

Adjective: *ignominious; disgraceful, contemptible; common, paltry; poor; base, vile, abject.*

HĒANLĪCE

Adverb: *ignominiously, ingloriously; disgracefully, miserably; humbly.*

HĒANMŌD

Adjective: *sad, dejected, depressed, downcast, cast down, humiliated.*

HĒANNES

1. Noun: *treading down.*

2. See *hēanes.*

HĒANSPĒDIG

Adjective: *poor, scantily endowed.*

HĒAP

Noun: *heap, pile; crowd, troop, band, multitude, company, assembly; great number; army, retinue.*

HĒAPIAN

See *(ge)hēapian*.

HĒAPMÆLUM

Adverb: *by companies, in troops, bands or flocks*.

HĒAPUM

Adverb: *in heaps, in troops*.

HĒAPUNG

Noun: *heap, heaping, pile*.

HEARD

1. Adjective: *hard, harsh, severe, rigorous, stern, cruel; strong, intense, vigorous, violent; firm, stubborn, resistant; bold, brave*.

2. Noun: *hard object; what is hard*.

HEARDCWIDE

Noun: *harsh language or speech, abuse, contumely, reproach*.

HEARDE

Adverb: *hard, firmly, very severely, strictly, sorely; greatly, exceedingly; grievously, painfully; tightly, fastening*.

HEARDECG

1. Adjective: *sharp of edge*.

2. Noun: *sword*.

HEARDHARA

Noun: *mullet, name of a fish*.

HEARDHĒAW

Noun: *cutting implement, chisel*.

HEARDHEORT

Adjective: *hard-hearted, stubborn*.

HEARDHEORTNES

Noun: *hard-heartedness*.

HEARDHICGENDE

Adjective: *bold or brave in purpose*.

HEARDHĪÐENDE

Adjective: *ravaging*.

HEARDIAN

See *(ge)heardian*.

HEARDING

Noun: *bold or brave man, warrior, hero.*

HEARDLIC

Adjective: *hard, harsh, severe, strict, stern; fierce, terrible; bold, warlike; excessive.*

HEARDLĪCE

Adverb: *hardly, harshly, severely, strictly, inflexibly, sorely, sternly; bravely, resolutely, stoutly; excessively.*

HEARDLICNES

Noun: *hardness, severity, strictness, austerity.*

HEARDMŌD

Adjective: *bold, brave, over-confident; obstinate, unyielding spirit, stout-hearted.*

HEARDMŌDNES

Noun: *hardness of mind or heart, obstinacy.*

HEARDNEB

Adjective: *having a hard beak.*

HEARDNEBBA

Noun: *raven.*

HEARDNES

Noun: *hardness.*

HEARDRÆD

Adjective: *firm, steadfast, constant.*

HEARDSÆLIG

Adjective: *unfortunate, unhappy.*

HEARDSÆLNES

Noun: *misfortune, calamity.*

HEARDSÆLÐ

Noun: *unhappiness, misfortune, calamity; wickedness, misconduct.*

HEARDUNG

Noun: *hardening.*

HEARDWENDLĪCE

Adverb: *severely, strictly.*

HEARG

Noun: *temple, fane, sanctuary, altar; grove; idol.*

HEARGEARD

Noun: *dwelling in the woods.*

HEARGLIC

Adjective: *idolatrous; pertaining to a fane.*

HEARGTRÆF

Noun: *idol or heathen temple.*

HEARGWEARD

Noun: *temple-warden, priest.*

HEARM

1. Noun: *evil, harm, hurt, injury, damage; affliction, pain, grief, tribulation; calumny, insult, injurious speech.*

2. Adjective: *evil, malicious, malignant, harmful, injurious, grievous.*

HEARMA

Noun: *mouse, weasel, dormouse.*

HEARMASCINNEN

Adjective: *made of ermine.*

HEARMBERG

Noun: *mound of calamity or affliction.*

HEARMCWALU

Noun: *great suffering or destruction.*

HEARMCWEÐAN

Verb: *to revile, speak ill of.*

HEARMCWEÐEND

Noun: *calumniator, slanderer.*

HEARMCWIDDIAN

Verb: *to calumniate, revile, speak ill of.*

HEARMCWIDE

1. Noun: *calumny, blasphemy, abusive or injurious speech; heavy sentence, curse.*

2. See *heardcwide.*

HEARMCWIDOL

Adjective: *evil-speaking, calumnious, slanderous.*

HEARMCWIDOLIAN

Verb: *to calumniate, slander, speak evil.*

HEARMCWIDOLNES

Noun: *slander.*

HEARMEDWĪT

Noun: *grievous reproach.*

HEARMFUL

Adjective: *evil, harmful, hurtful, injurious.*

HEARMFULLĪC

Adjective: *harmful, hurtful.*

HEARMIAN

Verb: *to harm, hurt, injure.*

HEARMLĒOÐ

Noun: *sorrowful song, elegy; lamentation.*

HEARMLIC

Adjective: *harmful, hurtful, injurious, grievous, calamitous, miserable.*

HEARMLOCA

Noun: *prison; hell.*

HEARMPLEGA

Noun: *fight, strife.*

HEARMSCAÐA

Noun: *grievous or terrible enemy.*

HEARMSCEARU

Noun: *punishment, penalty; affliction.*

HEARMSLEGE

Noun: *grievous blow.*

HEARMSPRĀEC

1. Noun: *calumny, slander.*

2. Adjective: *calumnious.*

HEARMSTÆF

Noun: *harm, hurt, sorrow, trouble, tribulation, affliction.*

HEARMTĀN

Noun: *shoot of sorrow.*

HEARPE

Noun: *harping, harp.*

HEARPENÆGL

Noun: *plectrum, instrument for striking the strings of a harp.*

HEARPERE

Noun: *harper.*

HEARPESTRE

Noun: *female harper.*

HEARPESTRENG

Noun: *harp-string.*

HEARPIAN

Verb: *to play the harp.*

HEARPLIC

Adjective: *of a harp.*

HEARPSANG

Noun: *song to the harp, psalm.*

HEARPSLEGE

Noun: *plectrum, instrument for striking the harp; playing of the harp.*

HEARPSWĒG

Noun: *sound of the harp.*

HEARPUNG

Noun: *harping.*

HEARRA

1. Noun: *lord, master.*

2. See *heorr.*

HEARWIAN

Verb: *to cool.*

HEASCAN

Verb: *to reproach, rail, jeer at.*

HEAÐOR

Noun: *restraint, confinement.*

HEAÐORIAN

See *(ge)heaðorian.*

HEAÐUBYRNE

Noun: *war-corslet.*

HEAÐUDĒOR

Adjective: *bold, brave, stout in war.*

HEAÐUFREMMENDE

Adjective: *fighting.*

HEAÐUFŸR

Noun: *cruel or fierce fire.*

HEAÐUGEONG

Adjective: *young and active in war.*

HEAÐUGLEMM

Noun: *wound got in battle.*

HEAÐUGRIM

Adjective: *very fierce.*

HEAÐUHELM

Noun: *war-helm, cask.*

HEAÐULĀC

Noun: *battle.*

HEAÐULĪÐENDE

Noun: *seafaring warrior.*

HEAÐULIND

Noun: *linden war-shield.*

HEAÐUMÆRE

Adjective: *famed or illustrious in battle.*

HEAÐURÆS

Noun: *attack, onset, onrush.*

HEAÐURĒAF

Noun: *war-gear or dress, armour.*

HEAÐURINC

Noun: *warrior.*

HEAÐURŌF

Adjective: *famed or brave in war.*

HEAÐUSCEARD

Adjective: *dinted in war.*

HEAÐUSĒOC

Adjective: *wounded in fight.*

HEAÐUSIGEL

Noun: *sun.*

HEAÐUSTĒAP

Adjective: *towering in battle.*

HEAÐUSWĀT

Noun: *blood shed in battle.*

HEAÐUSWENG

Noun: *battle-stroke.*

HEAÐUTORHT

Adjective: *clear as a battle-cry.*

HEAÐUWÆD

Noun: *armour, warlike dress.*

HEAÐUWEORC

Noun: *battle-deed, fight.*

HEAÐUWĒRIG

Adjective: *weary from fighting.*

HEAÐUWYLM

Noun: *fierce or intense flame.*

HĒAWAN

See *(ge)hēawan.*

HEBBAN

See *(ge)hebban.*

HEBBENDLIC

Adjective: *exalted.*

HEBRĒISC

Adjective: *Hebrew.*

HĒCEN

Noun: *kid.*

HECG

Noun: *enclosure, fence, hedge.*

HĒDAN

See *(ge)hēdan.*

HĒDDERN

Noun: *storehouse, storeroom.*

HEDECLĀÐ

Noun: *thick upper garment like a chasuble.*

HEDEN

Noun: *hood, robe, chasuble.*

HĒDENDLIC

Adjective: *captious, sophistical.*

HEDENDLĪCE

Adverb: *captiously.*

HEFE

1. Noun: *weight, burden; importance.*

2. See *hæfe* (1).

HEFEFUL

Adjective: *severe; grievous.*

HEFELD

Noun: *thread for weaving.*

HEFELDIAN

See *(ge)hefeldian.*

HEFELDÐRĀED

Noun: *thread for weaving.*

HEFELGYRD

Noun: *weaver's beam.*

HEFEN

1. Noun: *burden.*

2. See *heofon.*

HEFGIAN

Verb: *to make heavy; to afflict, grieve, oppress, weight down; to increase, aggravate; to become heavy, depressed, weakened.*

HEFIG

Adjective: *heavy, weighty, serious, grave, severe, important; troublesome, grievous, oppressive, burdensome, weariness, tedious, toilsome, onerous, overpowering, ponderous; difficult; slow, dull; deep, profound; thick.*

HEFIGE

Adverb: *heavily, hardly, with difficulty; grievously, painfully.*

HEFIGIAN

See *(ge)hefigian.*

HEFIGLIC

Adjective: *heavy, weighty, serious, grave, severe, oppressive, burdensome; hard to do, laborious, wearisome, tedious; deep, profound.*

HEFIGLĪCE

Adverb: *heavily, seriously; intensely, vehemently, deeply, exceedingly, violently; sadly, sorrowfully, grievously, mournfully; sluggishly, dully.*

HEFIGMŌD

Adjective: *troublesome, vexatious, oppressive; sad or heavy-hearted.*

HEFIGNES

Noun: *heaviness, weight; trouble, affliction, grief, difficult matter; oppressiveness, burdensomeness; slowness, dullness, torpor; disease.*

HEFIGTŸME

Adjective: *troublesome, grievous, oppressive, displeasing, annoying, wearisome, tedious; heavy, grave, severe.*

HEFIGTŸMNES

Noun: *trouble, affliction, vexation.*

HEFUNG

Noun: *heaving, lifting up.*

HĒGAN

See *(ge)hēgan.*

HEGE

Noun: *hedge, fence.*

HEGECLIFE

Noun: *hedge clivers.*

HEGEGIAN

Verb: *to enclose, fence in, hedge.*

HEGEHYMELE

Noun: *hop-plant.*

HEGERÆW

Noun: *hedgerow.*

HEGERIFE

Noun: *cleavers.*

HEGESAGOL

Noun: *hedge-stake.*

HEGESĀHL

Noun: *hedge-stake.*

HEGESTEALL

Noun: *place with a hedge.*

HEGESTŌW

Noun: *place enclosed by a hedge.*

HEGESUGGE

Noun: *hedge-sparrow.*

HEGEWEGE

Noun: *road between hedges.*

HEGGE 1

Noun: *hedge, fence.*

HEGIAN

Verb: *to enclose, fence in, hedge.*

HEGSTÆF

Noun: *bar to stop an opening in a fence.*

HEL

1. Noun: *pretext.*

2. See *hell.*

3. See *hele.*

HĒLA

Noun: *heel.*

HĒLADE

Adjective: *having large heels.*

HELAN

See *(ge)helan.*

HĒLAN

Verb: *to calumniate, speak evil of.*

HELCOL

Noun: *Hercules.*

HELDE

1. Noun: *tansy.*

2. See *hyldo.*

3. See *hielde.*

HELE

Noun: *subterfuge, covering, hidden spot.*

HELFAN

Verb: *to halve, divide into two parts.*

HELFLING

Noun: *halfpenny.*

HELIAN

See *(ge)helian.*

HELIC

Noun: *herring.*

HELL

Noun: *hell, place of torment, Gehenna; Hades, infernal regions.*

HELLBEND

Noun: *bond of hell.*

HELLCNIHT

Noun: *devil, demon, infernal servant.*

HELLCRÆFT

Noun: *hellish power or art.*

HELLCUND

Adjective: *of hell, infernal, devilish.*

HELLCWALU

Noun: *pains of hell.*

HELLDOR

Noun: *gate of hell.*

HELLE

Noun: *hell.*

HELLEBEALU

Noun: *hell-bale, woe of hell.*

HELLEBRŌGA

Noun: *terror of hell.*

HELLEBRYNE

Noun: *hell-fire.*

HELLECÆGAN

Noun: *keys of hell.*

HELLECEAFL

Noun: *jaws of hell.*

HELLECINN

Noun: *hellish race.*

HELLECLAMM

Noun: *hell-bond.*

HELLEDĒOFOL

Noun: *devil; god of the infernal regions, Orcus, Pluto.*

HELLEDOR

Noun: *gate of hell.*

HELLEDURU

Noun: *gate of hell.*

HELLEFLŌR

Noun: *floor of hell, courts of hell.*

HELLEFȲR

Noun: *hell-fire.*

HELLEGĀST

Noun: *spirit of hell.*

HELLEGEAT

Noun: *gate of hell.*

HELLEGRUND

Noun: *abyss or depth of hell.*

HELLEGRUT

Noun: *abyss or pit of hell.*

HELLEGRYRE

Noun: *horror of hell.*

HELLEHÆFTA

Noun: *prisoner of hell, devil.*

HELLEHÆFTLING

1. Noun: *prisoner of hell, devil.*

2. See *hellehæfta.*

HELLEHĒAF

Noun: *wailings or howlings of hell.*

HELLEHINCA

Noun: *hell-limper, devil.*

HELLEHUND

Noun: *hell-hound.*

HELLEHŪS

Noun: *hell-house.*

HELLELOC

Noun: *enclosure or prison in hell.*

HELLEMÆGEN

Noun: *troop or host of hell.*

HELLEMERE

Noun: *Stygian lake.*

HELLEMŪÐ

Noun: *mouth of hell.*

HELLENĪÐ

Noun: *torments of hell.*

HELLEPĪN

Noun: *hell-torment.*

HELLERŪNE

Noun: *sorceress, pythoness; necromancer; demon.*

HELLESCEALC

Noun: *devil.*

HELLESĒAÐ

Noun: *pit of hell.*

HELLESTŌW

Noun: *infernal region.*

HELLESŪSL

Noun: *hell-torment.*

HELLETINGREGA

Noun: *hell-torment.*

HELLETINTREG

Noun: *hell-torment.*

HELLEÐEGN

Noun: *devil.*

HELLEWĪTE

Noun: *hell-pains, torment, punishment; hell.*

HELLEWĪTEBRŌGA

Noun: *terror of hell.*

HELLFENLIC

Adjective: *like a fen of hell.*

HELLFIREN

Noun: *hellish crime.*

HELLFŪS

Adjective: *bound for hell.*

HELLGEÐWING

Noun: *confinement in hell.*

HELLGOD

Noun: *god of the lower world.*

HELLHEORT

1. Adjective: *terrified; disheartened.*

2. See *ellheort* (1).

HELLHEOÐO

Noun: *vault of hell.*

HELLIC

Adjective: *of hell, infernal, diabolic, exceedingly wicked.*

HELLSCEAÐA

Noun: *hell-foe, fiend, devil; grave.*

HELLTRÆF

Noun: *hellish building, devil's temple.*

HELLTREGA

Noun: *hell-torment or torture.*

HELLWARAN

Noun: *dwellers in hell.*

HELLWARU

Noun: *dwellers in hell.*

HELLWENDLIC

Adjective: *infernal.*

HELLWEROD

Noun: *host of hell.*

HELLWIHT

Noun: *creature of hell, devil.*

HELM

1. Noun: *helm; covering, concealment, protection, defence; diadem, crown; top (of trees), summit; lord, protector.*

2. See *elm.*

HELMA

Noun: *helm, rudder.*

HELMBĀRE

Adjective: *leafy, bearing foliage.*

HELMBEREND

Noun: *one who wears a helmet.*

HELMBERENDE

Adjective: *leafy, having foliage.*

HELMIAN

See *(ge)helmian.*

HELMIHT

Adjective: *leafy.*

HELMWEARD

Noun: *pilot; sea-warder.*

HELP

Noun: *help, aid, assistance, succour; cure, remedy of disease.*

HELPAN

See *(ge)helpan.*

HELPEND

Noun: *helper.*

HELPENDLIC

Adjective: *to be liberated; auxiliary.*

HELPENDRĀP

Noun: *helping-rope.*

HELRŪNA

Noun: *hellish monster.*

HELRŸNEGU

Noun: *sorceress, witch.*

HĒLSPURE

Noun: *heel.*

HELUNG

Noun: *covering.*

HEM

Noun: *hem, border.*

HEMEÐE

Noun: *undergarment, shirt.*

HEMMAN

Verb: *to close, stop up.*

HEMMING

Noun: *shoe of undressed leather.*

HENDRĪCAS

Noun: *name of the inhabitants of a district in England.*

HENGECLIF

Noun: *overhanging cliff.*

HENGEN

Noun: *hanging; cross; torture, rack; confinement, imprisonment; prison.*

HENGENWĪTNUNG

Noun: *punishment of imprisonment.*

HENGEST

Noun: *stallion, steed, gelding; horse.*

HENGESTRĒOW

Noun: *gallows.*

HENGWĪTE

Noun: *fine for not detaining an offender.*

HENN

Noun: *hen.*

HENNA

Noun: *fowl.*

HENNEÆG

Noun: *hen's egg.*

HENNEÆGSCILL

Noun: *shell of a hen's egg.*

HENNEBELLE

Noun: *henbane.*

HENNEBROÐ

Noun: *chicken broth.*

HENNFUGOL

Noun: *hen.*

HENTAN

See *(ge)hentan.*

HĒO

1. Pronoun: *she, they.*

2. See *hīw* (1).

3. See *hīw* (2).

HĒODÆG

Adverb: *to-day.*

HĒOF

1. Noun: *sorrow, lamentation, mourning, grief, wailing.*

2. See *hēaf.*

HĒOFAN

Verb: *to lament, mourn, grieve, wail, be sorry for.*

HĒOFENDLIC

Adjective: *lamentable, mournful, expressing grief, dismal, funereal.*

HĒOFENDLĪCE

Adverb: *dismally.*

HĒOFIAN

Verb: *to lament, mourn, wail, bewail.*

HĒOFIGENDLIC

Adjective: *lamenting, lamentable, expressing grief, funereal.*

HEOFON

Noun: *heaven, sky, firmament; power or ruler of heaven; ceiling.*

HEOFONBĒACEN

Noun: *sign in the sky.*

HEOFONBEORHT

Adjective: *heavenly bright.*

HEOFONBIGGENDE

Adjective: *chaste.*

HEOFONBŪEND

Noun: *living in heaven.*

HEOFONBȳME

Noun: *heavenly trumpet.*

HEOFONCANDEL

Noun: *heavenly candle or light, sun, moon, stars.*

HEOFONCENNED

Adjective: *heaven-born.*

HEOFONCOL

Noun: *heat of the sun, coal of the heavens.*

HEOFONCUND

Adjective: *heavenly, celestial.*

HEOFONCUNDLIC

Adjective: *heavenly, celestial.*

HEOFONCYNING

Noun: *king of heaven, Christ.*

HEOFONDĒMA

Noun: *heavenly ruler or judge.*

HEOFONDRĒAM

Noun: *joy of heaven.*

HEOFONDUGUÐ

Noun: *heavenly host.*

HEOFONENGEL

Noun: *angel of heaven.*

HEOFONFELD

Noun: *Northumbrian local name.*

HEOFONFLĒOGENDE

Adjective: *flying.*

HEOFONFLŌD

Noun: *torrent, flood produced by heavy rain.*

HEOFONFUGOL

Noun: *fowl of heaven.*

HEOFONFŸR

Noun: *fire from heaven, lightning.*

HEOFONHÆBBEND

Noun: *possessor of heaven, epithet of the Deity.*

HEOFONHĀLIG

Adjective: *heaven-holy.*

HEOFONHĀM

Noun: *heavenly home, heaven.*

HEOFONHĒAH

Adjective: *heaven-high, reaching to heaven.*

HEOFONHEALL

Noun: *heavenly hall.*

HEOFONHLĀF

Noun: *bread of heaven, manna.*

HEOFONHRŌF

Noun: *vault of heaven, heaven; roof, ceiling.*

HEOFONHŪS

Noun: *ceiling.*

HEOFONHWEALF

Noun: *vault of heaven.*

HEOFONHYRST

Noun: *ornament of the heavens.*

HEOFONISC

Adjective: *heavenly.*

HEOFONLĒOHT

Noun: *heavenly light.*

HEOFONLĒOMA

Noun: *heavenly light or radiance.*

HEOFONLIC

Adjective: *heavenly, celestial, divine; chaste.*

HEOFONLĪCE

Adverb: *heavenly, from heaven.*

HEOFONMÆGEN

Noun: *heavenly might or force.*

HEOFONRĪCE

Noun: *kingdom of heaven.*

HEOFONSETL

Noun: *throne of heaven, heavenly dwelling.*

HEOFONSTEORRA

Noun: *star of heaven.*

HEOFONSTŌL

Noun: *throne of heaven.*

HEOFONTIMBER

Noun: *heavenly structure.*

HEOFONTORHT

Adjective: *very bright, glorious.*

HEOFONTUNGOL

Noun: *heavenly luminary.*

HEOFONÐRĒAT

Noun: *heavenly band or company.*

HEOFONÐRYMM

Noun: *heavenly glory or majesty.*

HEOFONWARE

Noun: *inhabitants of heaven.*

HEOFONWARU

Noun: *inhabitants of heaven; heaven.*

HEOFONWEALDEND

Noun: *ruler of heaven, God.*

HEOFONWEARD

Noun: *guardian of heaven, God.*

HEOFONWEROD

Noun: *heavenly host.*

HEOFONWLITIG

Adjective: *divinely fair.*

HEOFONWOLCEN

Noun: *cloud of heaven.*

HEOFONWŌMA

Noun: *terrible noise from heaven.*

HEOFONWULDOR

Noun: *heavenly glory.*

HĒOFSĪÐ

Noun: *lamentable state or condition.*

HĒOFUNG

Noun: *lamentation, mourning, grieving.*

HĒOFUNGDÆG

Noun: *day of mourning.*

HĒOFUNGTĪD

Noun: *time of mourning.*

HEOLCA

Noun: *hoar-frost, rime.*

HEOLFOR

Noun: *blood, gore.*

HEOLFRIG

Adjective: *bloody, gory.*

HEOLOR

Noun: *balance, scales.*

HEOLORBLEDU

Noun: *scale of a balance.*

HEOLORIAN

Verb: *to weigh, ponder; to consider.*

HEOLORUNG

Noun: *turning of a balance or scale.*

HEOLOÐCYNN

Noun: *denizens or devils of hell.*

HEOLOÐHELM

Noun: *helmet which makes the wearer invisible.*

HEOLRA

Noun: *scale of a balance, balance.*

HEOLSTOR

1. Noun: *darkness; cover, hiding-place, concealment, retreat.*

2. Adjective: *dark, shadowy.*

HEOLSTORCOFA

Noun: *dark or concealed chamber, grave.*

HEOLSTORHOF

Noun: *dark dwelling, hell.*

HEOLSTORLOCA

Noun: *dark enclosure, prison.*

HEOLSTORSCEADO

Noun: *concealing shade, darkness.*

HEOLSTORSCUWA

Noun: *concealing shade, darkness.*

HEOLSTRIG

Adjective: *dark, shadowy, obscure, secret.*

HEOLSTRUNG

Noun: *darkness.*

HEONON

Adverb: *hence, from here, away; from now.*

HEONONE

Adverb: *hence, from here, away; from now.*

HEONONSĪÐ

Noun: *death; departure.*

HEONONWEARD

Adjective: *going hence, passing away, transient.*

HEONU

Interjection: *lo, behold.*

HĒOPA

Noun: *bramble, briar.*

HĒOPBRĒMEL

Noun: *dog-rose, wild rose, bramble.*

HĒOPE

Noun: *hip, seed-vessel of wild-rose; bush, brier.*

HĒORAN

See *(ge)hēoran.*

HEORCNIAN

See *(ge)heorcnian.*

HEORCNUNG

Noun: *hearing, listening, hearkening.*

HEORD

1. Noun: *herd, flock; keeping, care, guard, custody.*

2. Noun: *sycamore.*

HEORDE

1. Noun: *hards (of flax), tow.*

2. See *hierde.*

3. See *heord* (1).

4. See *heord* (2).

HEORDNES

See *(ge)heordnes.*

HEORDRĀEDEN

See *(ge)heordrāeden.*

HĒORE

Adjective: *pleasant, gentle, mild; secure; pure.*

HEOROT

Noun: *hart, stag, male deer.*

HEOROTBERGE

Noun: *buckthorn-berry.*

HEOROTBREMBEL

Noun: *buckthorn.*

HEOROTBREMBELLĒAF

Noun: *leaf of the buckthorn.*

HEOROTBRĒR

Noun: *buckthorn.*

HEOROTCLĀEFRE

Noun: *hart-clover.*

HEOROTCROP

Noun: *cluster of hartwort flowers.*

HEOROTFORD

Noun: *Hertford.*

HEOROTSMEORU

Noun: *hart's grease.*

HEOROTSOL

Noun: *stag's wallowing place.*

HEORR

Noun: *hinge; cardinal point.*

HEORT

See *(ge)heort.*

HEORTANCNYS

Noun: *(com)pulsus cordis.*

HEORTCOÐA

Noun: *heart disease.*

HEORTCOÐU

Noun: *heart disease.*

HEORTE

Noun: *heart; breast, bosom; soul, spirit; will, desire, intent, inclination; courage; mind, intellect; affections; character, disposition, temperament.*

HEORTECE

Noun: *heartache.*

HEORTEN

Adjective: *of a heart.*

HEORTGESIDA

Noun: *entrails, the vitals.*

HEORTGRYRE

Noun: *terror of heart.*

HEORTHAMA

Noun: *covering of the heart, pericardium.*

HEORTHOGU

Noun: *heart-care.*

HEORTLĒAS

Adjective: *dispirited, without courage, cowed.*

HEORTLUFU

Noun: *hearty love.*

HEORTSĀRNES

Noun: *grief.*

HEORTSCRÆF

Noun: *heart.*

HEORTSĒOC

Adjective: *heart-sick.*

HEORTSĒOCNES

Noun: *cardialgia.*

HEORTWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the heart.*

HEORÐ

Noun: *hearth, fire-place; house, home.*

HEORÐA

Noun: *deer or goat skin.*

HEORÐBACEN

Adjective: *baked on the hearth.*

HEORÐCNEOHT

Noun: *attendant, domestic.*

HEORÐFÆST

Adjective: *having a settled home.*

HEORÐGENĒAT

Noun: *retainer, hearth-comrade.*

HEORÐPENING

Noun: *hearth-penny, tax (for the Church).*

HEORÐSWĀPE

Noun: *bridesmaid.*

HEORÐWEROD

Noun: *body of retainers, family.*

HEORU

Noun: *sword.*

HEORUBLĀC

Adjective: *mortally wounded.*

HEORUCUMBUL

Noun: *warlike ensign, standard.*

HEORUDOLG

Noun: *deadly or sword wound.*

HEORUDRĒOR

Noun: *sword-blood, gore.*

HEORUDRĒORIG

Adjective: *blood-stained, gory; deathly sick; very sad.*

HEORUDRYNC

Noun: *blood shed by the sword; wound.*

HEORUFÆÐM

Noun: *deadly or hostile grasp.*

HEORUFLĀ

Noun: *arrow.*

HEORUGĪFRE

Adjective: *fierce or greedy for slaughter.*

HEORUGRÆDIG

Adjective: *greedy to destroy, bloodthirsty.*

HEORUGRIMM

Adjective: *savage, fierce, cruel.*

HEORUHŌCIHT

Adjective: *savagely barbed.*

HEORUSCEARP

Adjective: *terribly sharp.*

HEORUSCEORP

Noun: *war equipments, coat of mail.*

HEORUSERCE

Noun: *coat of mail, war-shirt.*

HEORUSWEALWE

Noun: *hawk, falcon.*

HEORUSWENG

Noun: *stroke with a word.*

HEORUWÆPEN

Noun: *weapon of war, sword.*

HEORUWEALLENDE

Adjective: *gushing with destruction.*

HEORUWEARG

Noun: *bloodthirsty wolf; accursed foe.*

HEORUWORD

Noun: *hostile or fierce speech.*

HEORUWULF

Noun: *fierce wolf; warrior.*

HĒOÐU

Noun: *room, hall.*

HĒR

1. Adverb: *here, in this place, in this world; now, at this point of time, at this date; towards this place, hither.*

2. See *hǣr.*

HĒRÆFTER

Adverb: *hereafter, later on.*

HĒRBEFORAN

Adverb: *before, previously.*

HĒRBEUFAN

Adverb: *here above, previously.*

HĒRBŪENDE

Noun: *dwellers on this earth.*

HĒRCYME

Noun: *coming here, advent.*

HĒRE

1. Noun: *dignity; greatness, importance, majesty.*

2. See *hǣre.*

HERE

Noun: *predatory band, troop, army, legion, cohort; host, crowd, multitude; war, battle; devastation, ravaging, harrying, plundering.*

HEREBĒACEN

Noun: *military ensign, standard; beacon, lighthouse.*

HEREBEORG

Noun: *lodgings, shelter, quarters; harbour.*

HEREBEORGIAN

Verb: *to take up one's quarters, lodge.*

HEREBLĒAÐ

Adjective: *fearful, timorous, cowardly.*

HEREBRŌGA

Noun: *dread of war.*

HEREBŸME

Noun: *war-trumpet, sackbut.*

HEREBYRNE

Noun: *war-corslet.*

HERECIRM

Noun: *war cry.*

HERECOMBOL

Noun: *military signal, standard.*

HERECYST

Noun: *warlike band.*

HEREDRACA

Noun: *war-drake, arrow.*

HEREFELD

Noun: *battlefield; field.*

HEREFEOH

Noun: *booty.*

HEREFĒÐA

Noun: *war-troop.*

HEREFINNAS

Noun: *the name of some people occupying a district in Mercia.*

HEREFLŸMA

Noun: *deserter.*

HEREFOLC

Noun: *army.*

HEREFONG

Noun: *osprey.*

HEREFORD

Noun: *Hereford.*

HEREFUGOL

Noun: *bird of prey, eagle, vulture, raven.*

HEREGANG

Noun: *invasion, irruption; devastation.*

HEREGEATLAND

Noun: *heriot-land.*

HEREGEATU

Noun: *war-gear, military equipment; heriot.*

HEREGILD

Noun: *war-tax, Danegeld.*

HEREGRĪMA

Noun: *helmet.*

HEREHAND

Noun: *violence of war.*

HEREHLŌÐ

Noun: *war-host, troop.*

HEREHORN

Noun: *trumpet.*

HEREHŪÐ

Noun: *spoil, plunder, booty.*

HERELĀF

Noun: *remains of a host; spoil.*

HERELIC

Adjective: *relating to an army, martial.*

HERELOF

Noun: *warlike glory, fame; sign of victory, trophy.*

HEREMÆCG

Noun: *warrior; man.*

HEREMÆGEN

Noun: *warlike force, army; host, multitude.*

HEREMANN

Noun: *soldier; subject, subordinate, follower, servant; hearer, parishioner.*

HEREMEÐEL

Noun: *national assembly.*

HERENES

See *(ge)herenes.*

HERENETT

Noun: *corslet, coat of mail.*

HERENITIG

Noun: *expedition.*

HERENĪÐ

Noun: *warfare, hostility.*

HERENUMA

Noun: *captive, prisoner of war.*

HEREPĀD

Noun: *corslet, coat of mail.*

HEREPAÐ

Noun: *military road, highway.*

HEREPAÐFORD

Noun: *ford where a herepæþ crosses a stream.*

HERERÆS

Noun: *hostile raid; raid by the Danes.*

HERERÆSWA

Noun: *commander, chieftain.*

HERERĒAF

Noun: *spoil, plunder, booty.*

HERERINC

Noun: *warrior.*

HERESCEAFT

Noun: *war-shaft, spear.*

HERESCEORP

Noun: *war-dress.*

HERESCIPE

Noun: *troop.*

HERESĪÐ

Noun: *warlike expedition, march.*

HERESPĒD

Noun: *success in war.*

HĒRESPEL

Noun: *glorious discourse, panegyric, eulogy.*

HERESTRÆL

Noun: *arrow.*

HERESTRÆT

Noun: *highway, main road.*

HERESWĒG

Noun: *martial sound.*

HERESYRCE

Noun: *corslet, coat of mail.*

HERETĒAM

Noun: *devastation, spoil, plunder, booty; predatory excursion.*

HERETĒMA

Noun: *general, ruler, king.*

HERETOGA

Noun: *commander, general, chieftain.*

HERETOGEN

Adjective: *captive.*

HEREÐ

Noun: *booty.*

HEREÐRĒAT

Noun: *war-band, band of soldiers, troop.*

HEREÐRYM

Noun: *martial force, phalanx.*

HEREWÆD

Noun: *war-weed, armour.*

HEREWÆPEN

Noun: *weapon.*

HEREWÆSMA

Noun: *prowess.*

HEREWÆÐA

Noun: *warrior; war-hunter.*

HEREWEG

Noun: *highway, high road.*

HEREWEORC

Noun: *warlike deed or work.*

HEREWĪC

Noun: *dwellings, camp.*

HEREWĪSA

Noun: *captain, general, guide of an army; director.*

HEREWŌP

Noun: *cry of an army.*

HEREWORD

Noun: *praise, renown, applause.*

HEREWŌSA

Noun: *warrior, one who is fierce in fight.*

HEREWULF

Noun: *warrior; a war-wolf.*

HERGAÐ

Noun: *devastation, plundering, booty, making war.*

HERGERE

Noun: *one who praises, plunderer.*

HERGIAN

See *(ge)hergian.*

HERGIEND

Noun: *robber, spoiler, plunderer.*

HERGUNG

Noun: *devastation, harrying, plundering, booty; invasion, irruption, incursion, raid, attack; waging war.*

HERIAN

See *(ge)herian.*

HERIGEND

Noun: *flatterer, one who praises.*

HERIGENDLIC

See *(ge)herigendlic.*

HERIGENDLĪCE

See *(ge)herigendlīce.*

HERIGENDSANG

Noun: *song of praise.*

HĒRINNE

Adverb: *herein.*

HERLIC

1. Adjective: *noble, excellent.*

2. See *herelic.*

HĒROF

Adverb: *of this, hereof.*

HĒRON

Adverb: *herein.*

HĒRONGEAN

Adverb: *contrariwise.*

HĒRONGEMONG

Adverb: *at this point, in this connection, meanwhile; among others.*

HĒRRIHTE

Adverb: *at this point, just here.*

HĒRTŌ

Adverb: *thus far, up to this point.*

HĒRTŌĒACAN

Adverb: *besides.*

HERÐAN

Noun: *testiculi.*

HERÐBELIG

Noun: *scrotum.*

HERUNG

Noun: *praise, approbation; service of praise, lauds.*

HERWIÐ

Adverb: *herewith.*

HĒSE

Noun: *woodland country, land with bushwood.*

HETAN

Verb: *to attack.*

HETE

Noun: *envy, hate; malice, malignity, hostility, enmity, spite; persecution, punishment.*

HETEGRIM

Adjective: *fierce, cruel.*

HETELIC

Adjective: *evil, malicious, malignant, hostile, horrible; violent, hard, severe; excessive.*

HETELĪCE

Adverb: *violently, vehemently, fiercely, furiously; severely.*

HETENĪÐ

Noun: *wickedness, malice, hostility, enmity, spite.*

HETERŌF

Adjective: *hostile, full of hate.*

HETERŪN

Noun: *charm causing hate or evil.*

HETESPRÆC

Noun: *hostile or defiant speech.*

HETESWENG

Noun: *hostile blow.*

HETEÐANC

Noun: *hostile thought or design.*

HETEÐONCOL

Adjective: *hostile, having evil designs.*

HETLEN

Adjective: *hostile, malignant, bearing hate.*

HETOL

Adjective: *evil, malignant, hostile; severe; violent, savage, ferocious.*

HETOLNES

Noun: *violence, fierceness, ferocity, rapacity; severity.*

HETSIAN

Verb: *to hate.*

HETTAN

Verb: *to chase, persecute, pursue as an enemy.*

HETTEND

Noun: *enemy, antagonist.*

HĪ

Interjection: *oh!*

HICE

Noun: *name of a bird, parruca.*

HICEMĀSE

Noun: *blue titmouse.*

HICOL

Noun: *woodpecker.*

HĪCUÐA

Noun: *member of a household.*

HĪD

1. Noun: *hide of land (about 120 acres).*

2. See *hȳd* (1).

HIDER

Adverb: *hither, to this side, on this side.*

HIDERCYME

Noun: *arrival, advent, coming hither.*

HIDERE

Adverb: *hither.*

HIDERGEOND

Adverb: *thither, yonder.*

HIDERRYNE

Adjective: *of our country.*

HIDERTŌCYME

Noun: *arrival, advent.*

HIDERWEARD

1. Adjective: *hitherward, towards this place.*

2. Adverb: *towards this place, hitherward.*

HĪDGILD

1. Noun: *tax paid on each hide of land.*

2. See *hȳdgild.*

HĪDMÆLUM

Adverb: *by hides.*

HĪE

Pronoun: *they.*

HĪEG

Noun: *hay, mown grass.*

HĪEGHŪS

Noun: *hay store.*

HĪEGSĪÐE

Noun: *hay-scythe.*

HĪEHÐU

Noun: *height, elevation, altitude, summit; glory; high degree of quality; regions above, heaven.*

HIELD

See *(ge)hield.*

HIELDAN

See *(ge)hieldan.*

HIELDE

Noun: *slope, declivity.*

HIELFE

Noun: *handle, helve.*

HIELFLING

Noun: *mite; halfpenny, farthing.*

HIELLAN

Verb: *to make a noise.*

HIELTO

Noun: *lameness, haltness.*

HĪENAN

See *(ge)hīenan.*

HĪENEND

Noun: *accuser.*

HĪENNES

1. Noun: *crushing, destruction.*

2. See *hȳnnes.*

HĪENÐ

Noun: *affliction, humiliation, abasement, oppression, annoyance; harm, hurt, injury, damage, destruction; disgrace, misery, poverty, loss; act of hanging.*

HĪERAN

Verb: *to hear, listen; to follow, serve, obey; to grant, accede to; to be subject to, belong to.*

HIERDAN

See *(ge)hierdan.*

HIERDE

Noun: *guide, pastor, shepherd, herdsman; keeper, protector, guard, guardian.*

HIERDEBELIG

Noun: *shepherd's bag.*

HIERDEBŌC

Noun: *pastoral book.*

HIERDECNAPA

Noun: *young shepherd or herdsman.*

HIERDELĒAS

Adjective: *without a shepherd or pastor.*

HIERDELIC

Adjective: *pastoral.*

HIERDEMAN

Noun: *shepherd, herdsman.*

HIERDENN

Noun: *hardening.*

HIERDEWYRT

Noun: *name of a plant.*

HIERDUNG

Noun: *strengthening; restoring.*

HĪEREMAN

Noun: *subject, follower, servant, retainer; hearer, parishioner.*

HĪERING

1. Noun: *hearing, tidings, hearsay.*

2. See *hæring.*

HĪERINGMAN

Noun: *subject.*

HĪERNES

See *(ge)hīernes.*

HIERSTAN

See *(ge)hierstan.*

HIERSTE

Noun: *frying-pan; gridiron.*

HIERSTEPANNE

Noun: *frying-pan.*

HIERSTING

Noun: *burning, frying; frying-pan.*

HIERSTINGHLĀF

Noun: *crust.*

HĪERSUM

See *(ge)hīersum.*

HĪERSUMIAN

Verb: *to obey, serve.*

HĪERSUMLIC

Adjective: *ready, willing.*

HĪERSUMNES

See *(ge)hīersumnes*.

HIERTAN

See *(ge)hiertan*.

HIERTING

Noun: *soothing or refreshing treatment*.

HIERWAN

See *(ge)hierwan*.

HIERWEND

Noun: *blasphemer*.

HIERWENDLIC

Adjective: *contemptible, despicable*.

HIERWENDLĪCE

Adverb: *with contempt*.

HIERWING

Noun: *evil-speaking, blasphemy*.

HIERWNES

Noun: *contempt, reproach; blasphemy*.

HĪEWESTĀN

Noun: *hewn stone*.

HĪEWET

Noun: *cutting, hewing*.

HĪGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *quickly, immediately*.

HIGERA

Noun: *jay, magpie, woodpecker, jackdaw*.

HIGERE

Noun: *jay, magpie, woodpecker, jackdaw*.

HIGESYNNIG

Adjective: *sinful*.

HĪGIAN

Verb: *to hie, hasten, strive*.

HĪGLĀ

Interjection: *heu!*

HĪGÐ

Noun: *effort, exertion.*

HĪGUNG

Noun: *effort, striving, endeavour.*

HIHTING

1. Noun: *gladness, exultation.*

2. See *hyhting.*

HILD

Noun: *combat, battle, war; grace.*

HILDBEDD

Noun: *deathbed.*

HILDEBILL

Noun: *battle-blade, sword.*

HILDEBLĀC

Adjective: *deadly pale; mortally wounded.*

HILDEBORD

Noun: *war-shield, buckler.*

HILDECALLA

Noun: *war-herald.*

HILDECORÐOR

Noun: *warlike band.*

HILDECYST

Noun: *valour, excellence in war.*

HILDEDĒOFUL

Noun: *devil, demon.*

HILDEDĒOR

Adjective: *war-fierce, brave.*

HILDEFRECA

Noun: *warrior.*

HILDEFRŌFOR

Noun: *battle-comfort, war-help; sword, shield.*

HILDEGEATWE

Noun: *war equipments.*

HILDEGESA

Noun: *terror of battle.*

HILDEGICEL

Noun: *drop of blood.*

HILDEGIEST

Noun: *enemy.*

HILDEGRÆDIG

Adjective: *eager for battle.*

HILDEGRĀP

Noun: *hostile grip.*

HILDEHEARD

Adjective: *bold in battle.*

HILDEHLEM

Noun: *crash of battle.*

HILDELĒOMA

Noun: *Gleam of battle (name of a sword); battle or destructive flame.*

HILDELĒOÐ

Noun: *war-song.*

HILDEMĒCE

Noun: *war-falchion, sword.*

HILDEMECG

Noun: *warrior.*

HILDENÆDRE

Noun: *war-adder or snake; arrow, dart, warlike missile.*

HILDEPĪL

Noun: *dart, bolt, javelin.*

HILDERÆS

Noun: *attack, warlike onset, charge.*

HILDERAND

Noun: *shield.*

HILDERINC

Noun: *warrior, hero.*

HILDESÆD

Adjective: *battle-worn.*

HILDESCEORP

Noun: *war-clothing, armour.*

HILDESCŪR

Noun: *war-shower, flight of missiles.*

HILDESERCE

Noun: *corslet, war-shirt.*

HILDESETL

Noun: *war-seat, saddle.*

HILDESPELL

Noun: *warlike speech.*

HILDESTRENGO

Noun: *vigour for battle.*

HILDESWĀT

Noun: *hostile vapour or steam.*

HILDESWĒG

Noun: *sound of battle.*

HILDETORHT

Adjective: *shining in battle.*

HILDETUX

Noun: *tusk (as weapon).*

HILDEÐREMMA

Noun: *warrior.*

HILDEÐRŸÐ

Noun: *warlike strength, valour.*

HILDEÐRYMM

Noun: *warlike strength or prowess.*

HILDEWÆPEN

Noun: *weapon of war.*

HILDEWĪSA

Noun: *military leader, commander, general.*

HILDEWŌMA

Noun: *crash of battle.*

HILDEWRÆSN

Noun: *fetter for captives.*

HILDEWULF

Noun: *warrior, hero.*

HILDFROM

Adjective: *valiant or stout in war.*

HILDFRUMA

Noun: *military chief; prince, emperor.*

HILDLATA

Noun: *laggard or sluggish in battle, coward.*

HILDSTAPA

Noun: *warrior.*

HILDÐRACU

Noun: *onset of battle; power or force in war.*

HILTE

See *(ge)hilte.*

HILTECUMBOR

Noun: *banner or ensign with a staff.*

HILTED

Adjective: *hilted.*

HILTING

Noun: *sword.*

HILTLĒAS

Adjective: *without a hilt.*

HILTSWEORD

Noun: *hilted sword.*

HINCIAN

Verb: *to limp, halt, hobble.*

HIND

Noun: *hind (female deer).*

HINDAN

Adverb: *from behind, behind, at the back, in the rear.*

HINDANWEARD

Adverb: *hindwards, at the end.*

HINDBERGE

Noun: *raspberry.*

HINDBRĒR

Noun: *raspberry plant.*

HINDCEALF

Noun: *fawn.*

HINDEMA

Adjective: *last.*

HINDER

1. Adjective: *after (thought); sad, sinister.*

2. Adverb: *back, behind, after, in the farthest part, down.*

HINDERGĒAP

Adjective: *deceitful, guileful, crafty, cunning, wily.*

HINDERGENGA

Noun: *one who walks backwards; apostate.*

HINDERHŌC

Noun: *trick, stratagem, artifice, snare.*

HINDERLING

1. Noun: *mean, wretch, contemptible person, sneak.*

2. Adverb: *(on hinderling) backwards.*

HINDERNES

Noun: *wickedness, guile.*

HINDERSCIPE

Noun: *wickedness, evil craft, treachery, fraud, knavery, guile.*

HINDERÐĒOSTRU

Noun: *nether darkness.*

HINDERWEARD

Adjective: *backward; slow, sluggish.*

HINDEWEARD

Adjective: *reversed, from behind.*

HINDFALD

Noun: *hind-fold.*

HINDFALOD

Noun: *hind-fold.*

HINDHÆLEDE

Noun: *ambrosia, water agrimony.*

HINDRIAN

See *(ge)hindrian.*

HINFŪS

Adjective: *ready to depart or die.*

HINGANG

Noun: *death; departure.*

HINSĪÐ

Noun: *death; departure.*

HINSĪÐGRYRE

Noun: *fear of death.*

HION

Noun: *bone of the head.*

HIONNE

Noun: *dura mater.*

HĪRED

Noun: *household, house; company, retinue, band of associates, family, brotherhood; court.*

HĪREDCNIHT

Noun: *domestic, member of a household or 'hīred'.*

HĪREDCŪÐ

Adjective: *familiar, domestic.*

HĪREDGERĒFA

Noun: *ex-consul; officer of a king's court.*

HĪREDLIC

Adjective: *pertaining to a household, family or court.*

HĪREDLŌF

Adjective: *friendly, familiar.*

HĪREDMAN

Noun: *follower, retainer, member of a hīred'.*

HĪREDPRĒOST

Noun: *domestic chaplain; regular priest.*

HĪREDWĪFMAN

Noun: *female member of a household.*

HĪREDWIST

Noun: *familiarity.*

HIRGILEBŪC

Noun: *a back having a rise or ridge in the middle, having a prominent belly.*

HIS

Possessive: *his, her, its, their.*

HISLIC

Adjective: *fit, suitable.*

HIT

Pronoun: *it.*

HITTAN

Verb: *to meet with, hit upon, fall in with.*

HĪW

1. Noun: *form shape, figure, appearance, fashion; nature, character; beauty; colour, hue; kind, species; type, model; pretext; apparition, fancy; symbol; figure of speech.*

2. Noun: *fortune.*

HĪWAN

Noun: *members of a family, household or religious house.*

HĪWBEORHT

Adjective: *radiant, bright, beautiful.*

HĪWCUND

Adjective: *familiar, domestic.*

HĪWCŪÐ

Adjective: *familiar, well-known; familiar, domestic.*

HĪWCŪÐLIC

Adjective: *familiar, domestic.*

HĪWCŪÐLĪCE

Adverb: *familiarly, in a domestic manner.*

HĪWCŪÐNES

Noun: *familiarity.*

HĪWCŪÐRÆDNES

Noun: *familiarity, intimacy.*

HIWE

Adjective: *beautiful in form or colour.*

HĪWEN

Noun: *family, household.*

HIWENE

Noun: *discoloration.*

HĪWERE

Noun: *pretender, dissembler, hypocrite; decoy.*

HĪWFÆGER

Adjective: *fair or comely of form.*

HĪWFÆST

Adjective: *fair, beautiful, comely.*

HĪWGEDĀL

Noun: *divorce.*

HĪWIAN

See *(ge)hīwian.*

HĪWIEND

Noun: *one who forms.*

HĪWISC

Noun: *family, household; house; hide of land.*

HĪWISCLĪCE

Adverb: *familiarly.*

HĪWLĒAS

Adjective: *shapeless; colourless.*

HIWLĒASNESS

Noun: *want of form.*

HĪWLIC

Adjective: *having good form or colour, comely, shapely; figurative; of marriage.*

HĪWNES

Noun: *appearance, fairness, beauty; colour, hue.*

HĪWRÆDEN

Noun: *family, household, tribe, nation; house, religious house.*

HĪWSCIPE

Noun: *family, household; house; hide of land.*

HĪWSPRÆC

Noun: *artfully formed speech.*

HĪWUNG

1. Noun: *form, shaping, figure; make, frame, constitution; transformation; pretence, dissimulation, feigning, hypocrisy; illusory shape, deceptive appearance; false speech, fiction; irony.*
2. Noun: *marriage.*

HLACERIAN

Verb: *to deride, mock, scoff at.*

HLACERUNG

Noun: *mockery, scoffing, scorn.*

HLADAN

See *(ge)hladan.*

HLADUNG

Noun: *draught, drawing.*

HLÆD

Noun: *mound, heap, pile.*

HLÆDDISC

Noun: *dish laden with varied things.*

HLÆDEL

Noun: *ladle.*

HLÆDEN

Noun: *bucket.*

HLĀDER

Noun: *steps, ladder, stairs.*

HLĀDERSTÆF

Noun: *rung of a ladder.*

HLĀDERWYRT

Noun: *ladder-wort, ladder to heaven, Jacob's ladder.*

HLÆDFÆT

Noun: *vessel for drawing water.*

HLÆDHWEOGL

Noun: *wheel for drawing up water.*

HLĀDREDE

Adjective: *laddered.*

HLÆDTRENDEL

Noun: *wheel for drawing water.*

HLĀFDIGE

Noun: *mistress, lady, queen; Virgin Mary.*

HLĀFÞE

Noun: *preparation of material for making bread.*

HLĀNAN

1. Verb: *to cause to lean, incline.*

2. Verb: *to give, grant; to lend; to lease.*

HLĀNE

Adjective: *lean, meagre.*

HLĀNIAN

See *(ge)hlænian.*

HLĀNNES

Noun: *leanness.*

HLÆNSIAN

See *(ge)hlænsian.*

HLÆST

Noun: *load, burden, freight, lading.*

HLÆSTAN

Verb: *to load, burden; to adorn.*

HLÆSTING

Noun: *toll on loading a ship.*

HLÆSTSCIP

Noun: *trading-vessel.*

HLĀW

Noun: *mound, funeral mound, barrow; mound, hill, mountain; cave; low.*

HLĀF

Noun: *food, bread, loaf, cake; sacramental bread, manna.*

HLĀFÆTA

Noun: *dependant, domestic servant, loaf-eater.*

HLĀFBRYTTA

Noun: *one who distributes food to a household, steward.*

HLĀFGANG

Noun: *participation in, attendance at; meal; partaking of the Eucharist.*

HLĀFGEBRECE

Noun: *fragment of bread.*

HLĀFGEBRECU

Noun: *bit of bread.*

HLĀFGEBROC

Noun: *fragment of bread.*

HLĀFHŪS

Noun: *Bethlehem; house of bread.*

HLĀFHWÆTE

Noun: *wheat for making bread.*

HLĀFLĒAST

Noun: *lack of bread.*

HLĀFMÆSSE

Noun: *Lammas (the first of August).*

HLĀFMÆSSEDÆG

Noun: *Lammas-day (the first of August).*

HLĀFMÆSSETĪD

Noun: *Lammas-tide.*

HLĀFOFN

Noun: *baker's oven.*

HLĀFORD

Noun: *ruler, master, lord; owner, proprietor; governor, sovereign; military officer, captain; husband; the Lord, God.*

HLĀFORDDŌM

Noun: *authority, patronage, dominion, jurisdiction, lordship.*

HLĀFORDGIFT

Noun: *grant or appointment by a lord.*

HLĀFORDHOLD

Adjective: *loyal to a lord.*

HLĀFORDHYLDO

Noun: *fidelity or loyalty to a lord.*

HLĀFORDING

Noun: *master, noble, sovereign, lord, prince.*

HLĀFORDLĒAS

Adjective: *leaderless, without a lord.*

HLĀFORDLIC

Adjective: *heroic, noble, lordly.*

HLĀFORDSCIPE

Noun: *rule, authority, lordship.*

HLĀFORDSEARU

Noun: *high treason.*

HLĀFORDSŌCN

Noun: *act of seeking the protection of a lord.*

HLĀFORDSWICA

Noun: *traitor, betrayer.*

HLĀFORDSWICE

Noun: *treachery, high treason.*

HLĀFORDSWĪCUNG

Noun: *treachery to a lord.*

HLĀFORDSYRWUNG

Noun: *betrayal of one's lord.*

HLĀFORDÐRIMM

Noun: *power, dominion; majesty, lordly greatness.*

HLĀFRÆCE

Noun: *oven-rake.*

HLĀFSĒNUNG

Noun: *blessing of bread (on Lammas-day).*

HLĀFWEARD

Noun: *steward.*

HLAGOL

Adjective: *inclined to laugh.*

HLAGOLIAN

Verb: *to sound.*

HLAMMGEAT

Noun: *swing-gate.*

HLANC

Adjective: *thin, lean, lank, gaunt.*

HLANCESĀR

Noun: *pain in the side.*

HLAND

Noun: *urine.*

HLEAHTERFUL

Adjective: *scornful, derisive.*

HLEAHTERLIC

Adjective: *ridiculous.*

HLEAHTOR

Noun: *laughter, jubilation; derision; vice.*

HLEAHTORBÆRE

Adjective: *causing laughter.*

HLEAHTORSMIÐ

Noun: *one who causes laughter, mirth, joy.*

HLEAHTRIAN

Verb: *to laugh to scorn, deride.*

HLĒAPAN

See *(ge)hlēapan.*

HLĒAPERE

Noun: *runner, courier, leaper, dancer; horseman; wanderer, itinerant monk; vagrant.*

HLĒAPESTRE

Noun: *female dancer.*

HLĒAPETTAN

Verb: *to skip, leap up, jump about.*

HLĒAPEWINCE

Noun: *lapwing.*

HLĒAPUNG

Noun: *leaping, dancing.*

HLEC

Adjective: *leaky.*

HLECAN

Verb: *to unite, join, cohere.*

HLĒDA

Noun: *seat, bench.*

HLEGLENDE

Adjective: *deep-sounding.*

HLEM

Noun: *sound, noise, crash.*

HLEMMAN

Verb: *to cause to sound, clash.*

HLENCE

Noun: *coat of mail.*

HLENORTĒAR

Noun: *hyssop.*

HLĒO

Noun: *covering, protection, shelter, refuge; defence; protector, lord.*

HLĒOBURH

Noun: *protecting city.*

HLĒOHRÆSCNES

Noun: *destruction of protection or shelter.*

HLĒOLĒAS

Adjective: *without protection or shelter; cheerless; comfortless.*

HLEOMOC

Noun: *speedwell, brook-lime.*

HLEOMOCE

Noun: *speedwell, brook-lime.*

HLĒONAÐ

Noun: *shelter, place to lie down in.*

HLĒONIAN

Verb: *to protect, shelter, take care of, cherish.*

HLĒOR

Noun: *face, cheek, countenance.*

HLĒORBĀN

Noun: *cheek-bone, temple.*

HLĒORBERG

Noun: *cheek-guard, helmet.*

HLĒORBOLSTER

Noun: *pillow.*

HLĒORDROPA

Noun: *tear.*

HLĒORHRÆSCNES

Noun: *striking in the face.*

HLĒORSCEAMU

Noun: *shame or confusion of face.*

HLĒORSLÆGE

Noun: *blow on the cheek or face.*

HLĒORTORHT

Adjective: *beautiful.*

HLĒOSCEORP

Noun: *protecting garment.*

HLĒOTAN

See *(ge)hlēotan.*

HLĒOTEND

Noun: *one who obtains.*

HLĒOÐ

See *(ge)hlēoð.*

HLĒOÐOR

Noun: *sound, noise, voice, speech, song; hearing.*

HLĒOÐORCWIDE

Noun: *utterance, speaking, saying, words, speech, discourse, song, prophecy.*

HLĒOÐORCYME

Noun: *coming with trumpet-sound, coming of an army.*

HLĒOÐORSTEDE

Noun: *place of conference.*

HLĒOÐRERE

Noun: *rhetorician.*

HLĒOÐRIAN

Verb: *to sound, resound; to speak, exclaim, cry aloud, sing, bark; proclaim.*

HLĒOÐRUNG

Noun: *sound, harmony; speaking, hymn; reproof.*

HLĒOW

See *(ge)hlēow.*

HLĒOWAN

See *(ge)hlēowan.*

HLĒOWBURH

Noun: *city which affords protection or shelter.*

HLĒOWDRYHTEN

Noun: *protector, patron.*

HLĒOWE

See *(ge)hlēowe.*

HLĒOWFÆST

Adjective: *protecting, sheltering, consoling, warm; protected.*

HLĒOWFEÐRE

Noun: *sheltering wing.*

HLĒOWLORA

Noun: *one who has lost a protector.*

HLĒOWMÆG

Noun: *near relation, kinsman, one who is bound to offer shelter or help.*

HLĒOWNES

Noun: *warmth, sunniness.*

HLĒOWSIAN

Verb: *to protect, shelter.*

HLĒOWSTEDE

Noun: *sunny place; sheltered, warm place.*

HLĒOWSTŌL

Noun: *place of protection, shelter, asylum.*

HLĒOWÐ

Noun: *covering, protection, shelter, warmth.*

HLĒOWUNG

Noun: *protection, shelter; favour.*

HLID

See *(ge)hlid.*

HLĪDAN

Verb: *to come forth, spring up; to cover with a lid.*

HLIDFÆST

Adjective: *closed by a lid.*

HLIDGEAT

Noun: *swing-gate, folding-door.*

HLIEHHAN

See *(ge)hliehhan.*

HLĪEP

Noun: *leap, jump, bound, spring, sudden movement; thing or place to leap from; waterfall.*

HLĪEPE

Noun: *leap, bound, spring, sudden movement; thing or place to leap from; waterfall.*

HLĪEPGEAT

Noun: *low or leap-gate.*

HLĪET

Noun: *share, lot; chance, fortune.*

HLĪF

Noun: *moon-shaped ornament.*

HLĪFAN

Verb: *to stand out prominently, tower up.*

HLĪFEND

Adjective: *threatening.*

HLIFENDRE

Noun: *minium.*

HLĪFIAN

Verb: *to stand out prominently, rise high, tower up, overhang.*

HLĪGAN

Verb: *to attribute (to), give one glory or reputation for anything.*

HLIGIUNG

Noun: *laughing.*

HLIMMAN

Verb: *to sound, resound; to clang, clash; to roar, rage.*

HLIMME

Noun: *stream, torrent.*

HLIN

Noun: *maple-tree.*

HLINBEDD

Noun: *sick-bed, couch.*

HLINC

Noun: *rising ground, hill, ridge, bank; link.*

HLINCGELĀD

Noun: *watercourse on a slope.*

HLINCRÆW

Noun: *bank forming a boundary.*

HLĪNDURU

Noun: *latticed or grated door.*

HLINIAN

See *(ge)hlinian.*

HLINIEND

Noun: *one who reclines.*

HLĪNRÆCED

Noun: *prison; place with grated doors.*

HLĪNSCŪWA

Noun: *darkness of a prison.*

HLINUNG

See *(ge)hlinian.*

HLĪPCUMB

Noun: *valley with steep sides.*

HLĪSA

Noun: *sound; report, rumour; reputation, fame, glory, renown; approbation, applause.*

HLĪSBÆRE

Adjective: *famous, glorious, renowned.*

HLĪSĒADIG

Adjective: *famous, renowned.*

HLĪSĒADIGNES

Noun: *renown, celebrity.*

HLĪSFUL

Adjective: *of good repute, famous, renown, honourable.*

HLĪSFULĪCE

Adverb: *gloriously.*

HLĪSIG

Adjective: *famous, renowned.*

HLIÐ

1. Noun: *hill-side, slope; declivity, precipice, cliff.*

2. See *(ge)hlid.*

HLIÐIAN

See *(ge)hliðian.*

HLĪWE

Noun: *shelter.*

HLOCCETTAN

Verb: *to utter a sound; to sigh, groan.*

HLOCCETUNG

Noun: *sighing, groaning.*

HLŌSE

Noun: *pigsty.*

HLOSNERE

Noun: *listener; disciple.*

HLOSNIAN

Verb: *to listen; to wait; to watch, spy, be on the look out for.*

HLŌSSTEDE

Noun: *site of a pigsty.*

HLOT

Noun: *part, portion, share, lot; choice, decision; fate, fortune.*

HLŌÐ

Noun: *crowd, troop, band, company, gang; body of robbers; spoil, booty; prey.*

HLŌÐBŌT

Noun: *penalty imposed on a member of a gang of malefactors.*

HLŌÐERE

1. Noun: *robber, spoiler.*

2. See *hlēoðrere.*

HLŌÐGECROD

Noun: *mass of troops or bands.*

HLŌÐIAN

Verb: *to rob, spoil, plunder, take booty.*

HLŌÐSLIHT

Noun: *murder by a member of a gang of malefactors.*

HLŌWAN

Verb: *to make a loud noise, low, roar, bellow.*

HLŌWUNG

Noun: *noise, lowing, bellowing, bleating.*

HLŪD

Adjective: *sounding, loud, noisy, sonorous; clamorous, talkative.*

HLŪDCLIPOL

Adjective: *loud, noisy.*

HLŪDE

Adverb: *loudly, aloud.*

HLŪDNES

Noun: *loudness, clamour.*

HLŪDSTEFNE

Adjective: *loud-sounding or voiced.*

HLŪDSWĒGE

Adverb: *loudly.*

HLŪTOR

Adjective: *clear, bright, shining, brilliant, splendid; glorious, illustrious; pure, sincere; untroubled.*

HLŪTORLĪCE

Adverb: *clearly; simply, plainly; with sincerity.*

HLŪTORLICNES

Noun: *clearness, brightness; sincerity, simplicity, purity.*

HLŪTORNES

Noun: *clearness, brightness; sincerity, simplicity, purity.*

HLŪTRE

Adverb: *clearly, brightly; untroubled.*

HLŪTTRIAN

See *(ge)hlūttrian.*

HLŸD

See *(ge)hlŷd.*

HLŸDA

1. Noun: *March.*

2. See *hlēda.*

HLŸDAN

Verb: *to sound, make a noise, clamour, vociferate; to speak loud, cry, chatter.*

HLŸDE

1. Noun: *torrent, noisy brook.*

2. See *hlēda.*

HLŸDEND

Adjective: *garrulous.*

HLŸDIG

Adjective: *garrulous.*

HLŸDING

Noun: *noise, cry, clamour.*

HLYNN

See *(ge)hlynn.*

HLYNNAN

Verb: *to sound, make a noise resound; to shout, roar.*

HLYNRIAN

Verb: *to thunder.*

HLYNSIAN

Verb: *to sound, resound.*

HLŸPA

Noun: *that which helps in leaping, horse-block.*

HLŸRIAN

Verb: *to blow out (the cheeks).*

HLYSNAN

Verb: *to listen; to listen with astonishment.*

HLYSNERE

Noun: *hearer.*

HLYST

See *(ge)hlyst.*

HLYSTAN

See *(ge)hlystan.*

HLYSTEND

Noun: *hearer, listener.*

HLYSTERE

Noun: *hearer, listener.*

HLYSTING

Noun: *act of listening.*

HLYTE

Noun: *portion, lot.*

HLȳTERE

Noun: *priest.*

HLYTM

Noun: *casting of lots.*

HLYTMAN

Verb: *to allot, decide by lot.*

HLYTTA

Noun: *diviner, soothsayer.*

HLȳTTRUNG

Noun: *cleaning, purifying, refining.*

HNĀD

Noun: *conflict, fight.*

HNÆCAN

See *(ge)hnæcan.*

HNÆGAN

See *(ge)hnægan.*

HNÆGUNG

Noun: *neighing.*

HNÆPP

Noun: *bowl, cup.*

HNÆPPAN

Verb: *to strike.*

HNĀG

Adjective: *bent down, low; poor, humble, mean, abject; niggardly.*

HNAPPIAN

Verb: *to sleep, slumber, doze, get drowsy.*

HNAPPUNG

Noun: *napping, slumbering, dozing, drowsiness.*

HNĀTAN

Verb: *to strike together, clash.*

HNĒAPAN

Verb: *to pluck off.*

HNĒAW

Adjective: *mean, miserly, stingy, niggardly; near.*

HNĒAWLĪCE

Adverb: *sparingly, stingily.*

HNĒAWNES

Noun: *meanness, stinginess, niggardness, parsimony.*

HNECCA

Noun: *neck.*

HNESCE

1. Adjective: *soft, gentle, mild, nesh, tender, delicate, effeminate; wanton; slack, negligent.*

2. Noun: *soft object.*

3. Adverb: *softly.*

HNESCIAN

See *(ge)hnescian.*

HNESCLIC

Adjective: *effeminate; soft, luxurious.*

HNESCLĪCE

Adverb: *gently, softly, tenderly.*

HNESCNES

Noun: *weakness, softness; gentleness, delicacy; effeminacy; soft part of anything.*

HNIFOL

Noun: *forehead, brow.*

HNIFOLCRUMB

Adjective: *inclined, prone.*

HNĪGAN

Verb: *to bow down, bend, incline; to fall, decline, descend, sink.*

HNIGIAN

See *(ge)hnigian.*

HNIPEND

Adjective: *lowly, bending.*

HNIPIAN

Verb: *to bow or bend down; to look gloomy.*

HNĪTAN

Verb: *to strike, thrust, butt; to gore; to encounter, knock, come into collision with.*

HNITOL

Adjective: *given to striking, thrusting, pushing or butting; having the head bent.*

HNITU

Noun: *nit, louse-egg.*

HNOLL

Noun: *top, crown of the head.*

HNOPPA

Noun: *nap of cloth.*

HNOPPIAN

Verb: *to pluck.*

HNOR

Adjective: *sneezing.*

HNOSSIAN

Verb: *to strike, beat.*

HNOT

Adjective: *bare, bald, shaven, close-cropped; hornless.*

HNUTBĒAM

Noun: *nut tree.*

HNUTCYRNEL

Noun: *nut kernel.*

HNUTSCILL

Noun: *nut shell.*

HNUTU

Noun: *nut.*

HNYGELAN

Noun: *clippings.*

HŌBANCA

Noun: *couch, sofa.*

HOBB

Noun: *hummock.*

HŌC

Noun: *hook; angle.*

HOCC

Noun: *hock; mallow.*

HŌCED

Adjective: *curved.*

HOCIHT

Adjective: *full of mallows.*

HŌCIHTE

Adjective: *with many bends.*

HŌCĪSERN

Noun: *reaping-hook, sickle.*

HOCLĒAF

Noun: *mallow.*

HOCOR

Noun: *scorn, derision, insult, mockery.*

HOCORWYRDE

Adjective: *scornful, derisive; using mocking language.*

HŌD

Noun: *hood.*

HOF

Noun: *dwelling, house, hall, building, temple, sanctuary, court; enclosure.*

HŌF

Noun: *hoof.*

HOFDING

Noun: *chief, leader, captain, principal, ringleader.*

HŌFE

Noun: *alehoof.*

HOFER

Noun: *hump; swelling.*

HOFERIAN

Verb: *to be or go humpbacked.*

HOFFING

Noun: *circle.*

HŌFIAN

Verb: *to need.*

HOFLIC

Adjective: *pertaining to a court or palace.*

HŌFREC

Noun: *hoof or bridle-track.*

HOFREDE

Adjective: *confined to the house.*

HŌFRING

Noun: *print of horse's hoof.*

HOFÐELA

Noun: *'tesqua', desert places.*

HOFWEARD

Noun: *ædile.*

HOGA

1. Adjective: *careful, thoughtful, prudent.*

2. Noun: *care, fear; attempt, effort, struggle.*

HOGASCIPE

Noun: *carefulness, thoughtfulness, prudence, wisdom.*

HOGELĒAS

Adjective: *free from care.*

HOGG

Noun: *hog.*

HOGIAN

See *(ge)hogian.*

HOGU

Noun: *care, anxiety, solicitude.*

HOGUNG

Noun: *effort, endeavour.*

HŌH

Noun: *heel, hough; point of land, headland, promontory.*

HOHFÆST

Adjective: *cautious, careful, prudent; wise.*

HŌHFŌT

Noun: *heel.*

HOHFUL

Adjective: *careful, thoughtful, mindful, prudent; wise; sad, anxious, pensive; persistent.*

HOHFULLĪCE

Adverb: *carefully.*

HOHFULNES

Noun: *care, anxiety, solicitude; sadness, trouble.*

HŌHHWYRFING

Noun: *heel-turning, circle.*

HŌHING

Noun: *hanging.*

HOHLĪCE

Adverb: *thoughtfully, prudently.*

HOHMŌD

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful; anxious.*

HŌHSCANCA

Noun: *leg, shank.*

HŌHSINU

Noun: *sinew of the heel.*

HŌHSPOR

Noun: *heel.*

HOL

1. Adjective: *hollow, concave; depressed, lying in a hollow.*

2. Noun: *aperture, perforation, hole, hollow, pit; den, cave, cavern, burrow; pore.*

HŌL

Noun: *calumny, slander, false charge; evil speaking; malice, envy.*

HOLC

Noun: *hole, hollow, cavity.*

HOLCA

Noun: *hole, cavity, sinuosity.*

HOLD

1. Adjective: *kind, friendly; true, faithful, loyal; devout, favourable; pleasant, gracious, acceptable.*

2. Noun: *dead body, carcase.*

3. Noun: *holder of allodial land (Danish title); chief, notable.*

HOLDĀÐ

Noun: *oath of allegiance or fealty.*

HOLDE

Adverb: *graciously; loyally, devotedly.*

HOLDHLĀFORD

Noun: *gracious lord, liege lord.*

HOLDIAN

Verb: *to cut up, disembowel, eviscerate, flay.*

HOLDINGSTŌW

Noun: *slaughter-house.*

HOLDLIC

Adjective: *faithful; kindly, friendly.*

HOLDLĪCE

Adverb: *graciously, with kindness or friendliness; faithfully, loyally; devoutly.*

HOLDRÆDEN

Noun: *faithfulness, loyalty.*

HOLDSCIPE

Noun: *loyalty, allegiance, fealty.*

HOLECERSE

Noun: *a plant.*

HOLEN

1. Adjective: *of holly.*

2. See *(ge)holen.*

HOLENHYRST

Noun: *holly-copse.*

HOLENLĒAF

Noun: *holly-leaf.*

HOLENRIND

Noun: *holly bark or rind.*

HOLENSTYBB

Noun: *holly-stump.*

HOLH

Noun: *hole, hollow, cavity.*

HOLIAN

Verb: *to hollow, scoop out, dig, make a hole; to become hollow, be perforated.*

HŌLIAN

Verb: *to oppress; to speak evil, slander, calumniate.*

HOLING

Noun: *hollow place; digging, excavation.*

HŌLINGA

Adverb: *in vain, without reason or intent, to no purpose.*

HOLLĒAC

Noun: *kind of onion.*

HOLM

Noun: *wave, sea, ocean, water; island; hill, mound, rising ground.*

HOLMÆRN

Noun: *ship, vessel; sea-house.*

HOLMCLIF

Noun: *sea-cliff, rocky shore.*

HOLMEG

Adjective: *of the sea, oceanic.*

HOLMMÆGEN

Noun: *force of the waves; ocean.*

HOLMÐRACU

Noun: *restless sea; ocean.*

HOLMWEALL

Noun: *wall formed by the sea.*

HOLMWEG

Noun: *path over the sea.*

HOLMWUDU

Noun: *wood growing on a hill; trees (of the meadow).*

HOLMWYLM

Noun: *billows, surge of the sea.*

HOLNES

Noun: *hollow place.*

HOLT

Noun: *grove, wood, thicket, shrubbery, holt, copse; wood, timber; handle or shaft of a weapon.*

HOLTHANA

Noun: *woodcock.*

HŌLTIHTE

Noun: *slander, calumny.*

HOLTWUDU

Noun: *grove, forest; wood.*

HŌN

1. Verb: *to hang, suspend; to crucify; to put on (clothes).*

2. Noun: *tendrils of a vine.*

HŌNEDE

Adjective: *having heels.*

HŌP

Noun: *hoop.*

HOP

Noun: *privet; enclosed land in a marsh or waste land; hill, mound.*

HOPA

Noun: *hope, desire.*

HŌPERE

Noun: *cooper.*

HŌPGEHNĀST

Noun: *dashing of waves.*

HOPIAN

See *(ge)hopian.*

HŌPIG

Adjective: *surging, eddying.*

HOPPĀDA

Noun: *upper garment, cope.*

HOPPE

Noun: *kind of ornament; dog-collar.*

HOPPERE

Noun: *dancer.*

HOPPESTRE

Noun: *female dancer.*

HOPPETAN

Verb: *to jump, hop, leap; to rejoice; to throb.*

HOPPIAN

Verb: *to hop, leap; to dance; to limp.*

HOPPING

Noun: *hop-garden.*

HOPSCȳTE

Noun: *sheet, counterpane, bed-curtain.*

HŌPSTEORT

Noun: *train of a dress.*

HOPU

Noun: *lygustra (kind of bush).*

HŌR

Noun: *adultery.*

HŌRCWENE

Noun: *adulteress, whore.*

HORD

Noun: *hoard, treasure; jewels.*

HORDBURG

Noun: *treasure-city.*

HORDCLEOFA

Noun: *treasure or secret chamber, treasury; store-room, closet.*

HORDCOFA

Noun: *treasure-chamber, closet; breast, heart, thoughts.*

HORDERE

Noun: *treasurer, steward, chamberlain.*

HORDERN

Noun: *storehouse, treasury.*

HORDERWȳCE

Noun: *office of a treasurer or steward.*

HORDESTRE

Noun: *stewardess.*

HORDFÆT

Noun: *treasure vessel or receptacle.*

HORDGEAT

Noun: *door of a treasure-chamber.*

HORDGESTRĒON

1. Noun: *hoarded treasure or wealth.*

2. See *horngestrēon*.

HORDGEÐANC

Noun: *mind*.

HORDIAN

Verb: *to store, hoard*.

HORDLOCA

Noun: *coffer, treasure-chest; mind, secret thoughts*.

HORDMĀÐM

Noun: *hoarded treasure; valuable present, jewel*.

HORDMÆGEN

Noun: *abundance of wealth, riches*.

HORDWEARD

Noun: *guardian of a treasure or hoard; king; heir, first-born*.

HORDWELA

Noun: *hoarded wealth*.

HORDWEORÐUNG

Noun: *treasure given to honour a person*.

HORDWYNN

Noun: *delightful treasure*.

HORDWYRÐE

Adjective: *worth hoarding*.

HŌRE

Noun: *prostitute, whore, harlot*.

HORH

Noun: *mucus, phlegm, rheum; dirt, filth, uncleanness, foulness; defilement*.

HORHEHT

Adjective: *full of phlegm, phlegmatic*.

HORIG

Adjective: *dirty, filthy, foul; defiled*.

HORINES

Noun: *filth*.

HŌRING

Noun: *adulterer, fornicator*.

HORN

Noun: *horn; drinking-horn; trumpet; projection, pinnacle*.

HORNĀDL

Noun: *a disease (connected with venery).*

HORNBÆRE

Adjective: *horned.*

HORNBLĀWERE

Noun: *horn-blower, trumpeter.*

HORNBOGA

Noun: *bow tipped with horn; curved like a horn.*

HORNBORA

Noun: *horn-bearer, trumpeter.*

HORNEDE

Adjective: *having horns.*

HORNFISC

Noun: *garfish, kind of pike.*

HORNFŌTED

Adjective: *hoofed.*

HORNGĒAP

Adjective: *broad between the gables; epithet of a building.*

HORNGESTRĒON

Noun: *abundance of pinnacles.*

HORNLĒAS

Adjective: *without horns.*

HORNPĪC

Noun: *pinnacle.*

HORNRECED

Noun: *hall with gables.*

HORNSÆL

Noun: *house with gables.*

HORNSCĒAÐ

Noun: *pinnacle.*

HORNSCĒAÐA

Noun: *pinnacle.*

HORNSCIP

Noun: *beaked ship.*

HORNSELE

Noun: *house with gables or pinnacles.*

HORNUNGBRŌÐOR

Noun: *bastard brother.*

HORNUNGSUNU

Noun: *bastard.*

HORPYTT

Noun: *mud-hole, dirt-pit, slough.*

HORS

Noun: *horse.*

HORSÆRNNES

Noun: *horse-running.*

HORSBÆR

Noun: *horse-litter or bier.*

HORSC

1. Adjective: *ready, active, quick; valiant, daring; wise, prudent, sagacious, quick-witted, sharp.*

2. Adjective: *foul, dirty.*

HORSCAMB

Noun: *horse-comb, strigil.*

HORSCHWÆL

Noun: *walrus.*

HORSCLIC

Adjective: *foul, squalid.*

HORSCLĪCE

Adverb: *readily, promptly, briskly; wisely, prudently.*

HORSCNIHT

Noun: *groom, esquire.*

HORSCRÆT

Noun: *chariot.*

HORSELENE

Noun: *elecampane.*

HORSERN

Noun: *horse-house, stable.*

HORSGÆRSTŪN

Noun: *meadow for the pasturing of horses.*

HORSHERE

Noun: *mounted force.*

HORSHIERDE

Noun: *horse-keeper, groom, ostler.*

HORSHŪS

Noun: *hippodrome.*

HORSIAN

See *(ge)horsian.*

HORSMINTE

Noun: *wild mint.*

HORSŌMAN

Noun: *erysipelas (or similar eruptions) in horses.*

HORSPÆÐ

Noun: *horse-track.*

HORSÐEGN

Noun: *groom, ostler, equerry; muleteer.*

HORSWÆN

Noun: *chariot.*

HORSWEALH

Noun: *groom, equerry.*

HORSWEARD

Noun: *care of horses.*

HORSWEG

Noun: *horse-road.*

HORSYNE

Noun: *horse-running.*

HORTAN

Noun: *whortle-berries.*

HORTE

Noun: *whortleberry.*

HORUSĒAÐ

Noun: *pit, sink.*

HORUWEG

Noun: *dirty road, lane.*

HORWIHT

Adjective: *mucose; dirty, filthy, foul; defiled.*

HORWYLL

Noun: *muddy stream.*

HŌS

Noun: *band, company, escort.*

HOS

Noun: *shoot, tendril, bramble, thorn.*

HOSA

Noun: *hose; husk.*

HOSE

Noun: *hose.*

HOSEBEND

Noun: *hose-band, garter.*

HOSP

Noun: *reproach, insult, blasphemy, contumely, opprobrium.*

HOSPAN

Verb: *to reproach.*

HOSPCWIDE

Noun: *insulting or contemptuous language.*

HOSPETTAN

Verb: *to ridicule, mock.*

HOSPLIC

Adjective: *insulting, blasphemous, contumelious, opprobrious.*

HOSPSPRÆC

Noun: *insulting or contemptuous language, jeer, taunt.*

HOSPUL

Adjective: *contemptible, despised.*

HOSPWORD

Noun: *abusive or contemptuous language; reproach, contumely.*

HOSU

Noun: *hose; pod, husk.*

HOÐMA

Noun: *covering, grave; darkness, cloud.*

HRĀCA

1. Noun: *clearing of the throat, expectoration; mucus.*

2. See *hrǣcea.*

HRACCA

Noun: *back part of the head.*

HRACE

Noun: *throat; gorge.*

HRĀCOD

Adjective: *lacerates.*

HRADIAN

See *(ge)hradian.*

HRADUNG

Noun: *quickness, hastening, diligence, despatch.*

HRÆCAN

Verb: *to clear the throat, hawk, spit; to reach, bring up (blood or phlegm).*

HRÆCEA

Noun: *clearing the throat, hawking.*

HRÆCETAN

Verb: *to eructate, retch.*

HRÆCETUNG

Noun: *eructation, retching.*

HRÆCGEBRÆC

Noun: *sore throat, hoarseness.*

HRÆCTUNGE

Noun: *uvula.*

HRÆCUNG

Noun: *clearing of the throat, hawking; phlegm.*

HRÆD

Adjective: *ready, active, quick, rapid, prompt, swift, sudden, nimble, alert.*

HRÆDBITA

Noun: *blackbeetle.*

HRÆDFĒRNES

Noun: *quickness, swiftness, rapidity, celerity, fleetness.*

HRÆDHŸDIG

Adjective: *hasty.*

HRÆDHŸDIGNES

Noun: *haste, precipitation.*

HRÆDING

Noun: *hurry, haste.*

HRÆDLIC

Adjective: *quick, swift, hasty, speedy, sudden, precipitate, premature.*

HRÆDLĪCE

Adverb: *active, quickly, hastily, promptly, speedily, immediately, forthwith; directly, straightway, at once; shortly, briefly; suddenly, unexpectedly.*

HRÆDLICNES

Noun: *quickness, rapidity, haste, suddenness; earliness.*

HRÆDMŌD

Adjective: *hasty, quick-tempered.*

HRÆDNES

Noun: *readiness, quickness, rapidity, promptitude; brevity.*

HRÆDRĪPE

Adjective: *ripe, premature.*

HRÆDTÆFLE

Adjective: *quick at throwing dice.*

HRÆDWĒN

Noun: *vehicle, swift chariot.*

HRÆDWILNES

Noun: *haste, precipitation.*

HRÆDWYRDE

Adjective: *quick or hasty of speech.*

HRÆFN

1. Noun: *raven; sign of the raven (the Danish banner).*

2. See *hǽfern.*

HRÆFNCYNN

Noun: *raven-species.*

HRÆFNESFŌT

Noun: *ravensfoot, cinquefoil.*

HRÆFNESLĒAC

Noun: *orchid.*

HRÆFNSWEART

Adjective: *black as a raven.*

HRÆGELGEFRÆTWODNES

Noun: *fine clothing, adornment of dress.*

HRÆGELÐEGN

Noun: *keeper of the robes; officer of the royal household or of a monastery.*

HRÆGL

Noun: *clothing, garment, vestment, dress, robe, raiment; covering, sheet; armour; sail.*

HRÆGLCYST

Noun: *clothes-chest, trunk.*

HRÆGLGEWÆDE

Noun: *clothes, dress.*

HRÆGLHŪS

Noun: *vestry; place where clothes are kept.*

HRÆGLSCEARA

Noun: *tailor's shears.*

HRÆGLTALU

Noun: *clothing store; supply of clothing.*

HRÆGLÐĒNESTRE

Noun: *keeper or the robes.*

HRÆGLUNG

Noun: *clothing.*

HRÆGLWEARD

Noun: *keeper of vestments or robes.*

HRÆTELWYRT

Noun: *rattlewort.*

HRĀW

1. Noun: *dead body, corpse, carcase, carrion; living body.*

2. See *hrēaw* (1).

HRĀWĪC

Noun: *place of corpses or of the dead.*

HRĀFYLL

Noun: *slaughter.*

HRĀGĪFRE

Adjective: *deadly; greedy for corpses.*

HRĀGRA

Noun: *heron.*

HRĀLĪC

Adjective: *deadly, funereal.*

HRAMA

Noun: *barrier.*

HRAMMA

Noun: *cramp, spasm.*

HRAMSA

Noun: *wild garlic, onion.*

HRAMSACROP

Noun: *head of wild garlic.*

HRAMSE

Noun: *onion, garlic.*

HRĀN

Noun: *reindeer.*

HRAN

Noun: *whale; mussel.*

HRANDSPEARWA

Noun: *sparrow.*

HRANFIX

Noun: *whale.*

HRĀNHUND

Noun: *deerhound.*

HRANMERE

Noun: *sea; whale-mere.*

HRANRĀD

Noun: *whale-road, sea.*

HRATELE

Noun: *rattlewort.*

HRATIAN

Verb: *to quicken, hasten, rush, accelerate, forward.*

HRAÐE

1. Adjective: *quick.*

2. Adverb: *readily, quickly, hastily, promptly, immediately, forthwith, straightway, at once; on this account.*

HRĀWĒRIG

Adjective: *weary in body.*

HRĀWLIC

Adjective: *funereal.*

HRĒA

1. Noun: *indigestion.*

2. See *hrēaw* (1).

HRĒAC

Noun: *heap, rick, stack.*

HRĒACCOPP

Noun: *top of a rick; food given to the labourers on completing a rick.*

HRĒACMETE

Noun: *food given to the labourers on completing a rick.*

HRĒAM

Noun: *noise, tumult, uproar, clamour, cry; sorrow, lamentation.*

HRĒAN

Noun: *only in wiþ hrēan for indigestion.*

HREAÐEMŪS

Noun: *bat.*

HRĒAW

Adjective: *raw, uncooked.*

2. See *hræw* (1).

3. See *hrēa* (1).

HRĒAWAN

Verb: *to be or get raw.*

HRĒAWNES

1. Noun: *rawness.*

2. See *hrēowns.*

HREDDAN

Verb: *to rid, free from, take away; to save, liberate, rescue.*

HREDDERE

Noun: *defender.*

HREDDUNG

Noun: *saving, salvation, liberation.*

HRĒFAN

See *(ge)hrēfan.*

HREGRESI

Noun: *groin.*

HRĒMIG

Adjective: *loud, clamourous; exulting, boasting, vaunting; lamenting.*

HREMMAN

See *(ge)hremman.*

HREMMING

Noun: *obstruction, impediment, hindering, obstacle, hindrance.*

HRENIAN

Verb: *to smell of; to be redolent of.*

HREOCE

Noun: *'rubellio'.*

HRĒOD

Noun: *reed, rush; reedy place.*

HRĒODALDER

Noun: *some kind of alder.*

HRĒODAN

Verb: *to adorn.*

HRĒODBEDD

Noun: *reed-bed.*

HRĒODCYNN

Noun: *kind of reed.*

HRĒODEN

Adjective: *reedy.*

HRĒODET

Noun: *reed-bed.*

HRĒODFORD

Noun: *Redbridge.*

HRĒODGYRD

Noun: *reed, cane.*

HRĒODIG

Adjective: *reedy.*

HRĒODIHT

Adjective: *reedy.*

HRĒODIHTIG

Adjective: *reedy.*

HRĒODPĪPERE

Noun: *reed-piper, flute-player.*

HRĒODWÆTER

Noun: *reedy marsh.*

HRĒODWRIT

Noun: *reed for writing, pen.*

HRĒOF

1. Adjective: *rough, rugged, scabby, leprous.*

2. Noun: *leper.*

HRĒOFL

1. Noun: *scabbiness, roughness of the skin, leprosy.*

2. Adjective: *leprous.*

HRĒOFLA

Noun: *scabbiness, roughness of the skin, leprosy; leper.*

HRĒOFLIC

Adjective: *leprous, suffering from skin-disease.*

HRĒOFLIG

Adjective: *leprous, suffering from skin-disease.*

HRĒOFNES

Noun: *leprosy.*

HRĒOGAN

Verb: *to get rough (of weather), become stormy.*

HRĒOH

1. See *(ge)hrēow* (3).

2. Noun: *roughness, storm, tempest.*

HRĒOHFUL

Adjective: *stormy.*

HRĒOHLIC

Adjective: *stormy, tempestuous; full of trouble.*

HRĒOHMŌD

Adjective: *savage, ferocious, fierce of mind; sad, troubled.*

HRĒOHMŌDNESS

Noun: *ferocity.*

HRĒOHNES

Noun: *rough weather, storm, tempest; troublous time; rough place, desert.*

HRĒOL

Noun: *reel.*

HREOPADŪN

Noun: *Repton.*

HRĒORIG

Adjective: *ruinous, in ruins.*

HRĒOSAN

See *(ge)hrēosan.*

HRĒOSENDLIC

Adjective: *frail, perishable; ready to fall.*

HRĒOUNG

Noun: *hardness or shortness of breathing.*

HRĒOW

See *(ge)hrēow.*

HRĒOWAN

See *(ge)hrēowan.*

HRĒOWCEARIG

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful, troubled, anxious.*

HRĒOWENDE

Adjective: *penitent.*

HRĒOWIAN

Verb: *to repent.*

HRĒOWIG

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful, mournful.*

HRĒOWIGMŌD

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful.*

HRĒOWLIC

Adjective: *sad, miserable, hapless, lamentable, grievous, pitiful; wretched, cruel.*

HRĒOWLĪCE

Adverb: *miserably, grievously; cruelly.*

HRĒOWNES

Noun: *sorrow, contrition, repentance, penitence.*

HRĒOWSIAN

See *(ge)hrēowsian.*

HRĒOWSUNG

Noun: *sorrow, repentance, penitence.*

HRĒPAN

Verb: *to call, cry out.*

HREPIAN

Verb: *to touch; to treat (a subject); to attack.*

HREPUNG

Noun: *sense of touch, touch; sexual contact.*

HRERAN

Verb: *to fall.*

HRĒRAN

See *(ge)hrēran.*

HRĒRE

Adjective: *lightly boiled.*

HRĒREDNES

Noun: *haste, precipitation, agitation.*

HRĒREMUS

Noun: *bat.*

HRĒRENBRÆDEN

Adjective: *not thoroughly cooked.*

HRĒRENES

Noun: *motion, disturbance, agitation, commotion; storm, tempest.*

HRĒÐ

Noun: *glory, triumph, victory; fame, honour.*

HRĒÐA

Noun: *garment made of goat's skin, mantle.*

HRĒÐAN

See *(ge)hrēðan.*

HRĒÐĒADIG

Adjective: *noble, glorious, victorious, triumphant.*

HREÐER

Noun: *breast, bosom; heart; mind, thought; womb.*

HREÐERBEALO

Noun: *care, grief, heart-sorrow.*

HREÐERCOFA

Noun: *breast.*

HREÐERGLĒAW

Adjective: *wise, prudent.*

HREÐERLOCA

Noun: *breast.*

HRĒÐIG

Adjective: *triumphant, exultant.*

HRĒÐLĒAS

Adjective: *inglorious, joyless.*

HRĒÐMŌNAÐ

Noun: *March.*

HRĒÐNESS

Noun: *roughness; cruelty, fierceness.*

HRĒÐSECG

Noun: *glorious warrior.*

HRĒÐSIGOR

Noun: *glorious victory.*

HRICGE

Noun: *the devil and his allegory; the whale being confused.*

HRĪCIAN

Verb: *to cut, cut to pieces.*

HRICSC

Adjective: *wrench, sprain, rick.*

HRIDDERN

Noun: *sieve, riddle.*

HRĪDRIAN

Verb: *to sift, winnow.*

HRĪEMAN

See *(ge)hrīeman.*

HRIF

See *(ge)hrif.*

HRIFĀDL

Noun: *disease of the bowels.*

HRĪFE

Adjective: *fierce, rapacious; destructive.*

HRIFTĒUNG

Noun: *stomach-ache.*

HRĪFÐO

Noun: *roughness of the skin, scurf.*

HRIFWERC

Noun: *pain in the belly.*

HRIFWUND

Adjective: *wounded in the belly.*

HRĪM

Noun: *rime, hoar-frost.*

HRĪMAN

Verb: *to cover with hoar-frost.*

HRĪMCEALD

Adjective: *icy cold.*

HRĪMFORST

Noun: *hoar-frost.*

HRĪMGICEL

Noun: *icicle.*

HRĪMIG

Adjective: *frosty, rimy.*

HRĪMIGHEARD

Adjective: *frozen hard.*

HRIMPAN

Verb: *to twist, coil; to wrinkle, rumple; to contract.*

HRĪNAN

See *(ge)hrīnan.*

HRIND

1. Adjective: *placed in a ring or circle.*

2. See *rind* (1).

HRINDAN

Verb: *to push, thrust.*

HRINDE

Adjective: *frost-covered.*

HRINE

See *(ge)hrine.*

HRINENES

See *(ge)hrinenes.*

HRING

Noun: *ring; anything circular, circle, orb, globe; cycle, course, circuit; fetter, link of chain, festoon; border, horizon; pl. rings of gold.*

HRINGĀDL

Noun: *a disease, ringworm.*

HRINGAN

1. Verb: *to ring; to sound, clash; to announce by bells.*

2. Verb: *to surround, encircle.*

HRINGBĀN

Noun: *ring-shaped bone.*

HRINGBOGA

Noun: *coiled serpent.*

HRINGBURNE

Noun: *brook with many windings.*

HRINGDENE

Noun: *the Danes.*

HRINGĐEGU

Noun: *receiving of rings or gifts.*

HRINGE

Noun: *ring; clasp, buckle.*

HRINGED

Adjective: *made of rings.*

HRINGEDSTEFNA

Noun: *ring-prowed ship.*

HRINGEL

Noun: *small ring.*

HRINGFĀG

Adjective: *ring-spotted, variegated.*

HRINGFINGER

Noun: *ring-finger.*

HRINGGEAT

Noun: *ring-gate.*

HRINGGEWINDLA

Noun: *sphere; coil of a serpent.*

HRINGĪREN

Noun: *iron rings of a coat of mail.*

HRINGLOCA

Noun: *coat of ring-mail.*

HRINGMÆL

1. Noun: *sword with ring-shaped patterns.*

2. Adjective: *ornamented with inlaid rings (of a sword).*

HRINGMÆLED

Adjective: *ornamented with rings (of a sword).*

HRINGMERE

Noun: *round pool, bath.*

HRINGNACA

Noun: *ring-prowed ship.*

HRINGNETT

Noun: *net-work of rings.*

HRINGPYTT

Noun: *round pit.*

HRINGSELE

Noun: *hall in which rings are bestowed.*

HRINGSETA

Noun: *games of the circus.*

HRINGSETL

Noun: *circus.*

HRINGSITTEND

Noun: *spectator, onlooker.*

HRINGSTĀN

Noun: *stone-circle.*

HRINGSTEDE

Noun: *enclosed place circular in form.*

HRINGWEORÐUNG

Noun: *costly ring, ring given to honour to the receiver.*

HRINGWĪSAN

Adverb: *in rings, ringwise.*

HRINGWĪSE

Noun: *ring-wise.*

HRINGWYLL

Noun: *circular well or spring.*

HRĪNING

Noun: *touch; sense of touch.*

HRINLAN

Verb: *to rustle.*

HRĪS

1. Noun: *twig, branch; brushwood.*

2. Adjective: *covered with brushwood.*

HRĪSEHT

Adjective: *bushy, bristly.*

HRĪSEL

Noun: *shuttle; bone of the lower arm, radius.*

HRĪSEN

Adjective: *grown with brushwood.*

HRISIAN

See *(ge)hrisian.*

HRĪSIG

Adjective: *bushy.*

HRĪSTLE

1. Noun: *rattle.*

2. See *hrīsel.*

HRĪSTLENDE

Adjective: *noisy, creaky.*

HRĪSTUNG

Noun: *quivering, spasmodic action; rattling noise.*

HRĪÐ

1. Noun: *storm, tempest.*

2. See *hrīðer.*

HRIÐ

Noun: *fever.*

HRIÐĀDL

Noun: *fever.*

HRĪÐER

Noun: *neat cattle; ox, bull, cow, heifer.*

HRĪÐEREN

Adjective: *of cattle.*

HRĪÐERFRĒOLS

Noun: *sacrifice of a bull.*

HRĪÐERHĒAWERE

Noun: *butcher.*

HRĪÐERHEORD

Noun: *herd of cattle.*

HRĪÐERHYRDE

Noun: *herdsman.*

HRĪÐFALD

1. Noun: *cattle-fold.*

2. See *rīðfald.*

HRIÐIAN

Verb: *to shake, quake; to be feverish, have a fever.*

HRĪÐIG

Adjective: *ruined, dismantled; storm-beaten.*

HRIÐING

Noun: *fever, feverishness.*

HRIÐSUHT

Noun: *fever.*

HRŌC

Noun: *rook, raven, jackdaw.*

HRODEN

See *(ge)hroden.*

HRŌF

Noun: *roof, ceiling; top, summit, highest part; heaven, sky.*

HROFESCEASTER

Noun: *Rochester.*

HRŌFFÆST

Adjective: *with a firm roof.*

HRŌFLĒAS

Adjective: *roofless.*

HRŌFSELE

Noun: *roofed hall.*

HRŌFSTĀN

Noun: *roof stone.*

HRŌFTĪGEL

Noun: *roofing tile.*

HRŌFTIMBER

Noun: *material for roofing.*

HRŌFWYRHTA

Noun: *roof-maker, builder.*

HROG

Noun: *mucus from the nose, phlegm.*

HROHIAN

Verb: *to cough.*

HROHUNG

Noun: *spitting.*

HRŌP

Noun: *crying, clamour; lamentation; outcry.*

HRŌPAN

Verb: *to cry out, shout, scream, clamour; to make a noise, howl; to proclaim.*

HRŌR

Adjective: *stirring; active, nimble, agile, busy; strong, brave, vigorous, stout.*

HRŌST

Noun: *roost, perch; wooden framework.*

HRŌSTBĒAG

Noun: *woodwork (of a roof).*

HROT

Noun: *thick fluid, scum, mucus.*

HRŌÐGIRELA

Noun: *crown; splendid dress.*

HRŌÐOR

Noun: *comfort, solace; joy, pleasure; benefit.*

HRUCGE

Noun: *woodcock.*

HRŪM

Noun: *soot.*

HRŪMIG

Adjective: *sooty.*

HRUNA

Noun: *fallen tree.*

HRUNG

Noun: *cross-bar, rod, beam, pole, spoke, staff, rung.*

HRURUL

Adjective: *deciduous.*

HRŪSE

Noun: *earth, land, ground, soil.*

HRŪT

Adjective: *dark-coloured.*

HRŪTAN

Verb: *to make a noise, rumble, rattle, whiz, snore.*

HRŪXLIAN

Verb: *to make a noise.*

HRYCG

Noun: *back, spine; elevated surface, ridge.*

HRYCGBĀN

Noun: *back-bone, spine.*

HRYCGBRÆDAN

Noun: *flesh on each side of the spine.*

HRYCGHÆR

Noun: *hair on an animal's back.*

HRYCGHRÆGL

Noun: *mantle, dorsal.*

HRYCGMEARG

Noun: *spinal marrow.*

HRYCGMEARGLIÐ

Noun: *spine.*

HRYCGRIB

Noun: *rib.*

HRYCGRIBLE

Noun: *flesh on each side of the spine.*

HRYCGWEG

Noun: *road on a ridge.*

HRYCIGAN

Verb: *to plough into ridges.*

HRYDING

Noun: *patch of cleared land, clearing.*

HRȲFING

Noun: *roughness, scab, crust of a healing wound.*

HRȲME

Noun: *soot.*

HRYMPEL

Noun: *wrinkle.*

HRȲMÐE

Noun: *noise.*

HRYRE

1. Noun: *fall, descent, decline, decay, ruin, destruction, downfall, perdition; death.*

2. Adjective: *perishable; falling, decaying.*

HRȲSC

Noun: *blow, bang.*

HRȲSCAN

Verb: *to make a creaking or grating noise.*

HRȲSCUNG

Noun: *wheezing, whistling, hissing sound.*

HRȲTAN

Verb: *to scatter.*

HRȲTE

Adjective: *balidinus.*

HŪ

Adverb: *how.*

HŪDENIAN

Verb: *to shake.*

HŪFE

Noun: *covering for the head.*

HŪFIAN

Verb: *to put a covering on the head.*

HUGAS

Noun: *name of a people in the neighbourhood of West Friesland.*

HŪHWEGA

Adverb: *somewhere about.*

HUI

Interjection: *huig!*

HULC

Noun: *hulk, ship; cabin, hut, hovel.*

HULFERE

Adjective: *holly.*

HULFESTRE

Noun: *plover.*

HŪLIC

Pronoun: *of what sort.*

HULU

Noun: *hull, pod, husk.*

HUMBRE

Noun: *Humber.*

HŪMETA

Adverb: *how, in what way or manner.*

HŪNAS

Noun: *the Huns.*

HUNCETTAN

Verb: *to limp, halt.*

HUNCRĀP

Noun: *hobble; tripedicam, ligamentum, funem.*

HUND

1. Noun: *hundred; decade.*

2. Noun: *hound, dog; some sea-beast, seal.*

HUNDEAHTATIG

Numeral: *eighty.*

HUNDEAHTATIGOÐA

Numeral: *eightieth.*

HUNDEAHTATIGWINTERE

Adjective: *eighty years old.*

HUNDEN

Adjective: *of dogs, canine.*

HUNDENDLEFTIGOÐA

Numeral: *one hundred and tenth.*

HUNDESBERIE

Noun: *nightshade.*

HUNDESCWELCAN

Noun: *colocynth berries.*

HUNDESFLĒOGE

Noun: *dog's parasite.*

HUNDESHĒAFOD

Noun: *snapdragon.*

HUNDESLŪS

Noun: *dog's parasite.*

HUNDESMICGE

Noun: *cynoglossum officinale (plant).*

HUNDESPĒO

Noun: *dog-fly, parasite.*

HUNDESTUNGE

Noun: *cynoglossum (plant).*

HUNDESWYRM

Noun: *dog's worm, parasite.*

HUNDFEALD

Adjective: *hundred-fold.*

HUNDFEALDLIC

Adjective: *hundred-fold.*

HUNDFRĒA

Noun: *centurion.*

HUNDLIC

Adjective: *of or like dogs, canine.*

HUNDNIGONTIG

Numeral: *ninety.*

HUNDNIGONTIGGĒARE

Adjective: *ninety years old.*

HUNDNIGONTIGOÐA

Numeral: *ninetieth.*

HUNDNIGONTIGWINTRE

Adjective: *ninety years old.*

HUNDRED

1. Noun: *hundred; hundred-court, assembly of the men in such a division.*

2. Numeral: *hundred.*

HUNDREDGEMŌT

Noun: *assembly of the hundred.*

HUNDREDMANN

Noun: *centurion; chief or captain of a hundred.*

HUNDREDPENIG

Noun: *contribution levied by the sheriff or lord of the hundred for the support of his office.*

HUNDREDSEALDOR

Noun: *a centurion; presiding officer of the court of the hundred.*

HUNDREDSETEN

Noun: *rules of the hundred; fine for not attending the hundred-court.*

HUNDREDSŌCN

Noun: *attendance at the hundred-moot; fine for non-attendance.*

HUNDSEOFONTIG

Numeral: *seventy.*

HUNDSEOFONTIGFEALD

Adjective: *seventy-fold.*

HUNDSEOFONTIGGĒARE

Adjective: *seventy years old.*

HUNDSEOFONTIGOÐA

Numeral: *seventieth.*

HUNDSEOFONTIGSEOFONFEALD

Adjective: *seventy-seven-fold.*

HUNDSEOFONTIGWINTRE

Adjective: *seventy years old.*

HUNDTĒONTIG

Numeral: *a hundred.*

HUNDTĒONTIGFEALD

Adjective: *hundredfold.*

HUNDTĒONTIGFEALDE

Adverb: *hundredfold.*

HUNDTĒONTIGFEALDLIC

Adjective: *hundredfold.*

HUNDTĒONTIGFEALDLĪCE

Adverb: *hundredfold.*

HUNDTĒONTIGGĒARE

Adjective: *a hundred years old.*

HUNDTĒONTIGOÐA

Numeral: *hundredth.*

HUNDTĒONTIGWINTRE

Adjective: *a hundred years old.*

HUNDTWELFTIG

Numeral: *a hundred and twenty.*

HUNDTWELFTIGWINTRE

Adjective: *hundred and twenty years old.*

HUNDTWENTIG

Numeral: *a hundred and twenty.*

HUNDTWENTIGWINTRE

Adjective: *a hundred and twenty years old.*

HUNDWEALH

Noun: *attendant on dogs.*

HUNDWELLE

Adjective: *hundredfold.*

HUNDWINTRE

Adjective: *a hundred years old.*

HŪNE

1. Noun: *horehound.*

2. See *hūnas.*

HUNGERBITEN

Adjective: *starving, hunger-bitten.*

HUNGERGĒAR

Noun: *year of famine.*

HUNGERIE

Noun: *the Hungarians.*

HUNGERLÆWE

Adjective: *hungry, famishing, starving.*

HUNGERLAND

Noun: *Hungary.*

HUNGERLIC

Adjective: *hungry, famishing; scanty, meagre.*

HUNGOR

Noun: *hunger, famine; desire, craving.*

HUNGRIG

Adjective: *hungry, famishing; scanty, meagre.*

HUNIG

Noun: *honey.*

HUNIGÆPPEL

Noun: *pastille of honey, round cake made with honey.*

HUNIGBÆRE

Adjective: *honeyed; mellifluous.*

HUNIGBIN

Noun: *vessel for honey.*

HUNIGCAMB

Noun: *honeycomb.*

HUNIGFLŌWENDE

Adjective: *flowing with honey; mellifluous.*

HUNIGGAFOL

Noun: *rent paid in honey.*

HUNIGSMÆC

Noun: *taste of honey.*

HUNIGSŪGE

Noun: *privet, clover, honeysuckle.*

HUNIGSWĒTE

Adjective: *sweet as honey, mellifluous.*

HUNIGTĒAR

Noun: *virgin honey.*

HUNIGTĒAREN

Adjective: *sweet as honey or nectar.*

HUNIGTĒARLIC

Adjective: *nectar-like.*

HŪNSPORU

Noun: *sword-stick, pike; part of the rigging of a ship.*

HUNT

Noun: *hunting.*

HUNTA

Noun: *hunter; kind of spider.*

HUNTANDŪN

Noun: *Huntingdon.*

HUNTAÐFARU

Noun: *hunting expedition.*

HUNTERE

Noun: *hunter.*

HUNTIAN

See *(ge)huntian.*

HUNTICGE

Noun: *huntress.*

HUNTIGSPERE

Noun: *hunting-spear.*

HUNTIGYSTRE

Noun: *huntress.*

HUNTOÐ

Noun: *hunting; what is caught by hunting, prey; game.*

HUNTUNG

Noun: *hunting; hunt, chase; what is hunted, game.*

HŪNÐYRLU

Noun: *holes in the upper part of a mast.*

HUNU

Noun: *disease; diseased matter.*

HŪRU

Adverb: *at least, at all events; however, nevertheless, yet, even, only; about, not less than; surely, truly, certainly, indeed; especially.*

HŪRUÐINGA

Adverb: *at least, at any rate; especially.*

HŪS

Noun: *house; dwelling-place; church, temple, tabernacle; public house, inn; household, family, race.*

HŪSA

See *(ge)hūsa*.

HŪSÆRN

Noun: *dwelling-house; private house.*

HŪSBONDA

Noun: *householder, master of a house.*

HŪSBONDE

Noun: *mistress of a house.*

HŪSBŌT

Noun: *house-repair; wood for the repair of a house; right to cut such wood.*

HŪSBRYCE

Noun: *housebreaking, burglary.*

HŪSBRYCEL

Adjective: *burglarious.*

HŪSBRYNE

Noun: *burning of a house, fire.*

HŪSC

Noun: *mockery, scoffing, insult, scorn, derision.*

HUSC

Noun: *scorn, insult, mockery, scoffing.*

HŪSCARL

Noun: *member of the king's bodyguard.*

HŪSCLIC

Adjective: *shameful, unseemly, ignominious, outrageous.*

HŪSCLĪCE

Adverb: *disgracefully, shamefully, ignominiously, unbecomingly.*

HŪSCWORD

Noun: *scornful or insulting speech.*

HŪSEL

Noun: *housel, Eucharist; the Host; sacrifice.*

HŪSELBEARN

Noun: *communicant, person who may partake of the Eucharist.*

HŪSELBOX

Noun: *housel-box.*

HŪSELDISC

Noun: *housel-dish, paten.*

HŪSELFÆT

Noun: *sacrificial or sacramental vessel.*

HŪSELGANG

Noun: *attendance upon or partaking of the Eucharist.*

HŪSELGENGA

Noun: *communicant.*

HŪSELHĀLGUNG

Noun: *attendance at the Eucharist, communicating; Holy Communion.*

HŪSELLĀF

Noun: *remains of the Eucharist.*

HŪSELPORTIC

Noun: *sacristy.*

HŪSELÐĒN

Noun: *acolyte.*

HŪSFÆST

Adjective: *being a householder, occupying a house.*

HŪSHEFEN

Noun: *ceiling.*

HŪSHLĀFORD

Noun: *master of a house.*

HŪSHLĒOW

Noun: *housing, shelter.*

HŪSIAN

See *(ge)hūsian.*

HŪSINCEL

Noun: *small house, habitation.*

HŪSLIAN

See *(ge)hūslian.*

HŪSLUNG

Noun: *administration of the sacrament, hanseling, communion.*

HŪSLWER

Noun: *communicant.*

HŪSRÆDEN

Noun: *household, family; house.*

HŪSSCIPE

See *(ge)hūsscipe*.

HŪSSTEDE

Noun: *site of a house or building*.

HŪSTING

Noun: *tribunal, court; meeting*.

HŪSWĀ

Adverb: *quemadmodum*.

HŪSWIST

Noun: *house, home; household*.

HŪTILPA

Noun: *name of a bird so called from its tone*.

HŪÐ

1. Noun: *prey, spoil, plunder, booty*.

2. See *hȳð* (1).

3. See *hȳðð*.

HWĀ

Pronoun: *who; what; any one, some one, anything, something*.

HWÆCCA

Noun: *chest, hutch*.

HWĀG

Noun: *whey*.

HWĀHWEGA

Adverb: *somewhere*.

HWÆL

1. Noun: *whale, walrus*.

2. See *wæl* (1).

3. See *hwall* (1).

HWÆLEN

Adjective: *like a whale*.

HWÆLHUNTA

Noun: *whale-hunter, whaler*.

HWÆLHUNTAÐ

Noun: *whale-fishery, whaling*.

HWÆLMERE

Noun: *sea*.

HWÆLWEG

Noun: *sea, ocean.*

HWÆR

1. Adverb: *where, whither, somewhere, anywhere, everywhere.*

2. Conjunction: *where, whither, somewhere, anywhere, everywhere.*

HWÆRFAN

Verb: *to turn, revolve; to change, convert; to return, transfer, exchange; to move, go, wander, depart; barter.*

HWÆS

Adjective: *keen, sharp, piercing.*

HWÆST

Noun: *blowing, breathing.*

HWÆSTRIAN

Verb: *to whisper, murmur, mutter.*

HWÆSTRUNG

Noun: *whispering, murmuring, muttering.*

HWÆT

1. Adverb: *why; wherefore; so, well, indeed; truly, surely, certainly; for; any, somewhat; at all.*

2. Adjective: *active, quick, swift, nimble, brisk; keen, sharp; bold, brave, vigorous, stout.*

3. Pronoun: *what, who; (indef.) some one, any one, something, anything; each.*

4. Pronoun: *what.*

HWÆTE

Noun: *corn, grain, wheat.*

HWÆTĒADIG

Adjective: *very brave, successful in war.*

HWÆTECORN

Noun: *corn of wheat.*

HWÆTECROFT

Noun: *wheat-field.*

HWÆTECYNN

Noun: *wheat.*

HWÆTEGOD

Noun: *Ceres.*

HWÆTEGRYTTAN

Noun: *wheaten meal.*

HWĀTEHEALM

Noun: *wheat-straw or stalk.*

HWĀTELAND

Noun: *wheat-land.*

HWĀTEMELU

Noun: *wheat-meal or flour.*

HWĀTEN

Adjective: *wheaten.*

HWĀTESMEDEME

Noun: *fine wheaten flour.*

HWĀTESMEDMA

Noun: *wheat-meal.*

HWĀTEWÆSTM

Noun: *corn, wheat; wheat-crop.*

HWÆTHWUGU

1. Adjective: *something, somewhat, a little, slightly.*

2. Noun: *something, somewhat; slightly, a little.*

3. Adverb: *something, somewhat, a little, slightly.*

HWÆTHWUGUNUNGES

Adverb: *somewhat, a little.*

HWÆTLĪCE

Adverb: *quickly, speedily, promptly.*

HWÆTMŌD

Adjective: *bold, courageous, stout-hearted.*

HWÆTNES

See *(ge)hwætnes.*

HWÆTRĒD

Adjective: *determined, firm, strong of purpose or counsel.*

HWÆTSCIPE

Noun: *activity, quickness; boldness, bravery, vigour, valour.*

HWÆÐER

1. Adjective: *whether; which of two.*

2. Adverb: *whether; which of two.*

3. Pronoun: *which of two, whether; one of two, either.*

4. See *hweðer* (4).

HWÆÐERE

See *(ge)hwæðere*.

HWALL

1. Adjective: *forward; bold*.

2. See *hweall*.

HWALWA

Noun: *devexus*.

HWAMM

Noun: *corner, angle; prominence; porch*.

HWAMSTĀN

Noun: *corner-stone*.

HWANON

Adverb: *whence*.

HWANONHWEGU

Adverb: *from anywhere, whencesoever*.

HWARNE

Adverb: *not at all*.

HWASTA

Noun: *eunuch, effeminate person*.

HWATA

1. Noun: *augur, diviner, soothsayer*.

2. Noun: *augury, divination*.

HWATEND

Noun: *iris illyrica (plant)*.

HWATU

Noun: *augury, omen*.

HWATUNG

Noun: *divination, augury*.

HWEALF

1. Adjective: *arched, vaulted; hollow, concave*.

2. Noun: *vault, arch*.

HWEALL

Adjective: *wanton*.

HWEARF

1. Noun: *crowd, troop, concourse; bank, shore*.

2. Noun: *turn, change, exchange; what is change; space.*

3. Noun: *wharf, embankment.*

4. Adjective: *turning about, shifting, veering, changeable.*

HWEARFIAN

Verb: *to turn, roll or toss about, revolve; to change; to move, wander, pass by.*

HWEARFLIC

Adjective: *changing, shifting; transitory; quick, agile.*

HWEARFLĪCE

Adverb: *in turn.*

HWEARFT

Noun: *circle, circuit, revolution; lapse (of time).*

HWEARFTLIAN

Verb: *to move about, revolve, turn or roll round; to wander, rove, be tossed.*

HWEARFUNG

Noun: *turning, revolution; exchange, barter; change, mutation, vicissitude.*

HWEGA

Adverb: *about, somewhat.*

HWELAN

Verb: *to roar, rage, bellow.*

HWELE

Noun: *putrefaction.*

HWELIAN

See *(ge)hwelian.*

HWELPA

Noun: *young dog, whelp, cub; young of other animals.*

HWELPIAN

Verb: *to bring forth offspring.*

HWELUNG

Noun: *sound, noise, din.*

HWEMDRAGEN

Adjective: *sloping, slanting, not perpendicular.*

HWEMMAN

See *(ge)hwemman.*

HWĒNE

Adverb: *somewhat, a little.*

HWĒOL

Noun: *wheel; circle.*

HWĒOLED

Adjective: *provided with wheels.*

HWĒOLFĀG

Adjective: *having a circular border, ornamented.*

HWĒOLGODWEB

Noun: *robe with a circular border.*

HWĒOLLĀST

Noun: *circuit, orbit; track left by a wheel.*

HWĒOLRĀD

Noun: *wheel-road, rut, orbit.*

HWĒOLRĪÐIG

Noun: *brook that turns a wheel.*

HWĒOLWEG

Noun: *cart-road.*

HWEOP

Noun: *whip.*

HWEORFA

Noun: *joint; whorl of a spindle.*

HWEORFAN

See *(ge)hweorfan.*

HWEORFBĀN

Noun: *joint, kneecap.*

HWER

Noun: *cooking-vessel, bowl, cup, pot, kettle, caldron.*

HWERFERE

Noun: *changer, exchanger, trader.*

HWERGEN

Adverb: *somewhere.*

HWERHWETTE

Noun: *cucumber.*

HWERWE

Noun: *plant name.*

HWETESTĀN

Noun: *whetstone.*

HWETTAN

See *(ge)hwettan.*

HWEÐER

1. Conjunction: *whether; but, however, yet.*

2. See *hwæðer* (1).

3. See *hwæðer* (2).

4. See *hwæðer* (3).

HWICCAS

Noun: *people of a small state which extended over Gloucestershire, Worcestershire, and part of Warwickshire.*

HWICCE

Noun: *locker, chest, trunk, box.*

HWICUNG

Noun: *squeaking.*

HWIDER

Adverb: *whither.*

HWIDERHWEGA

Adverb: *somewhither.*

HWIDERRYNE

Adjective: *directed whither.*

HWIDRE

Adverb: *whither.*

HWIERFAN

Verb: *to change, turn, convert, transfer, revolve; to exchange; to go, depart, return; to go on, proceed.*

HWĪL

Noun: *while, space of time; long time; hour.*

HWILC

1. Adjective: *which, who, what; whosoever, whichever; any (one), some (one).*

2. Pronoun: *which, what, who; whichever, whatever, whosoever; any (one), some (one).*

HWILCHWEGNO

1. Adjective: *some, any.*

2. Noun: *anything, something.*

HWILCNES

See *(ge)hwilcnes.*

HWILCWEGA

Pronoun: *some, any, someone; little, not much or great; alone, anything, something.*

HWĪLE

Adverb: *once.*

HWĪLEN

Adjective: *temporal, transitory, passing, brief.*

HWĪLENDE

Adjective: *transitory, temporary; temporal.*

HWĪLENDLIC

Adjective: *temporal, transitory, temporary.*

HWĪLFÆC

Noun: *space of time.*

HWĪLHWEGA

Adverb: *for some time.*

HWĪLON

Adverb: *whilom, sometimes, once.*

HWILPE

Noun: *some kind of bird, curlew.*

HWĪLSTICCE

Noun: *interval, fragment or short portion of time; odd moment.*

HWĪLTĪDUM

Adverb: *sometimes, at times or intervals, from time to time.*

HWĪLÐRĀG

Noun: *period or space of time.*

HWĪLUM

Adverb: *sometimes, at times, for a time; whilom.*

HWĪLWENDE

Adjective: *temporal, transitory, temporary; not spiritual.*

HWĪLWENDLIC

1. Adjective: *temporal, transitory, temporary; not spiritual.*

2. See *hwīlendlic.*

HWĪLWENDLĪCE

Adverb: *temporarily, for a time only.*

HWĪNAN

Verb: *to whistle, hiss, whizz.*

HWINSIAN

Verb: *to whine.*

HWINSUNG

Noun: *whining.*

HWISCETTUNG

Noun: *squeaking.*

HWISPRIAN

Verb: *to whisper, murmur, mutter.*

HWISPRUNG

Noun: *whispering, murmuring, muttering.*

HWISTLE

Noun: *reed, whistle, flute, pipe.*

HWISTLERE

Noun: *whistler, piper, player on a flute.*

HWISTLIAN

Verb: *to whistle, hiss.*

HWISTLUNG

Noun: *whistling, hissing, piping; music.*

HWĪT

1. Adjective: *white; clear, bright, radiant, splendid, glistening, flashing, fair.*

2. Noun: *whiteness; white food; certain kinds of food allowed at times when flesh was forbidden.*

HWĪTAN

See *(ge)hwītan.*

HWĪTCIRICE

Noun: *Whitchurch.*

HWĪTCORN

Noun: *manna.*

HWĪTCWIDU

Noun: *mastic.*

HWĪTE

1. Adjective: *white.*

2. Adverb: *whitely, with white colour.*

HWĪTECLÆFRE

Noun: *white clover.*

HWĪTECYLLE

Noun: *some kind of bag or vessel; punishment sack.*

HWĪTEGŌS

Noun: *white goose.*

HWĪTEHLĀF

Noun: *white bread.*

HWĪTEL

Noun: *whittle; cloak, blanket.*

HWĪTELĒAC

Noun: *white leek.*

HWĪTERN

Noun: *Whitherne, in Galloway.*

HWĪTFŌT

Adjective: *white-footed.*

HWĪTIAN

Verb: *to be or make white, whiten.*

HWĪTING

Noun: *whiting, chalk and size.*

HWĪTINGMELU

Noun: *whiting-powder.*

HWĪTINGTRĒOW

Noun: *whitten tree.*

HWĪTLĒAC

Noun: *onion.*

HWĪTLĒADTĒAFOR

Noun: *salve of white lead.*

HWĪTLING

Noun: *kind of fish, whiting.*

HWĪTLOC

Adjective: *having fair or shining hair, blonde.*

HWĪTLOCCEDE

Adjective: *having fair or bright hair, blonde.*

HWĪTNES

Noun: *hiteness.*

HWĪTSAN

Noun: *Wissant near Calais.*

HWĪTSTŌW

Noun: *Lebanon.*

HWIÐA

Noun: *air, breeze.*

HWIÐU

Noun: *air, breeze.*

HWOL

Adjective: *infingens.*

HWŌN

1. Adjective: *little, few.*

2. Noun: *a little, a little while; somewhat, trifle.*

3. Adverb: *somewhat.*

HWŌNLIC

Adjective: *little, small, slight.*

HWŌNLĪCE

Adverb: *little, slightly, moderately; cursorily.*

HWŌNLOTUM

Adverb: *moderately, in small quantities.*

HWONNE

Adverb: *when, then, at some time; at any time; as long as, until.*

HWŌPAN

Verb: *to threaten.*

HWŌSAN

Verb: *to breathe hard, wheeze, cough.*

HWŌSTA

Noun: *cough.*

HWOÐERIAN

Verb: *to roar; to surge, foam; to be tempestuous.*

HWOÐRUNG

Noun: *harsh or hoarse sound; murmuring.*

HWUGUDÆL

Noun: *small part.*

HWURFUL

Adjective: *changeable, fickle.*

HWURFULNES

Noun: *changeableness, mutability, inconstancy.*

HWȲ

1. Adverb: *why.*

2. Conjunction: *why.*

HWYLCA

Noun: *inflamed swelling, pustule, boil, tumour.*

HWȲORF

Noun: *cattle, young ass.*

HWYRFEL

Noun: *whirlpool.*

HWYRFEPŌL

Noun: *whirlpool, eddy.*

HWYRFLEDE

Adjective: *round, rounded.*

HWYRFLING

Noun: *something round, orb; that which turns.*

HWYRFLUNG

Noun: *change, turning, vicissitude, revolution; wandering, error.*

HWYRFNES

Noun: *dizziness, giddiness.*

HWYRFT

See *(ge)hwyrft.*

HWYRFTWEG

Noun: *escape.*

HYCGAN

See *(ge)hycgan.*

HȲD

1. Noun: *hide, skin.*

2. See *hīd* (1).

3. See *hȳð* (1).

HȲDAN

See *(ge)hȳdan.*

HYDELE

Noun: *name of a plant.*

HŸDELS

Noun: *hiding-place, cave, cavern.*

HŸDESACC

Noun: *leather sack or bag.*

HŸDGILD

Noun: *fine to save one's skin.*

HŸDIG

1. Adjective: *leathern, made of hide.*

2. See *hygdig.*

HŸDSCIP

1. Noun: *a ship made with hides.*

2. See *hȳðscip* (1).

HŸF

Noun: *hive.*

HYGDIG

Adjective: *careful, thoughtful, minded, considerate, disposed; chaste, modest.*

HYGDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *chastely.*

HYGDIGNES

Noun: *chastity, modesty.*

HYGE

Noun: *thought, mind; soul, heart; intention, disposition, courage; pride.*

HŸGE

Noun: *top of the gullet, fauces.*

HYGEBEND

Noun: *heart-strings.*

HYGEBLIND

Adjective: *mentally blind.*

HYGEBLĪÐE

Adjective: *glad, joyful, blithe of heart.*

HYGECLÆNE

Adjective: *pure in heart or mind.*

HYGECRÆFT

Noun: *power of mind, intellect, wisdom.*

HYGECRÆFTIG

Adjective: *wise, prudent, sagacious.*

HŸGEDRIHT

Noun: *band of household retainers.*

HYGEFÆST

Adjective: *wise, prudent, firm of mind.*

HYGEFRŌD

Adjective: *wise, prudent.*

HYGEFRŌFOR

Noun: *consolation, comfort for the mind or heart.*

HYGEGÆLSA

Adjective: *slow, sluggish, hesitating.*

HYGEGĀL

Adjective: *wanton, light-minded, loose.*

HYGEGĀR

Noun: *device, wile.*

HYGEGĒOMOR

Adjective: *sad in mind, mournful.*

HYGEGLĒAW

Adjective: *wise, prudent.*

HYGEGRIM

Adjective: *savage, fierce, cruel.*

HYGEL

Noun: *small hill.*

HYGELĒAS

Adjective: *careless, thoughtless, foolish, senseless, rash; spiritless; unbridled, extravagant.*

HYGELĒASLIC

Adjective: *foolish, senseless; unbridled, extravagant.*

HYGELĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *carelessly, thoughtlessly, with levity.*

HYGELĒAST

Noun: *thoughtlessness, foolishness, heedlessness; want of wisdom; extravagance, buffoonery.*

HYGEMÆÐ

Noun: *honour that is shown with the heart or mind, reverence.*

HYGEMÆÐUM

Adverb: *reverently.*

HYGEMĒÐE

Adjective: *sad, weary in mind.*

HYGERŌF

Adjective: *brave, stout; magnanimous.*

HYGERŪN

Noun: *secret.*

HYGESCEAFT

Noun: *mind, heart, disposition.*

HYGESNOTTOR

Adjective: *wise, prudent, sagacious.*

HYGESORG

Noun: *mental care, heart-sorrow, anxiety.*

HYGESTRANG

Adjective: *brave.*

HYGETĒONA

Noun: *offence, injury; insult.*

HYGETRĒOW

Noun: *fidelity, faith deliberately pledged.*

HYGEÐANC

Noun: *thought.*

HYGEÐANCOL

Adjective: *wise, thoughtful.*

HYGEÐIHTIG

Adjective: *courageous, doughty of heart.*

HYGEÐRŸÐ

Noun: *pride, insolence.*

HYGEÐRYMM

Noun: *strength of heart or mind, courage.*

HYGEWÆLM

Noun: *mental agitation, violent emotion, anger.*

HYGEWLANC

Adjective: *proud, haughty, elated in mind.*

HYHT

See *(ge)hyht.*

HYHTAN

See *(ge)hyhtan.*

HYHTFUL

Adjective: *hopeful; pleasant, full of joy, glad, exultant, mirthful.*

HYHTGIEFU

Noun: *pleasing gift.*

HYHTGIFA

Noun: *giver of joy.*

HYHTING

Noun: *joy, exultation.*

HYHTLĒAS

Adjective: *unbelieving; joyless, without hope.*

HYHTLIC

Adjective: *hopeful, promising; pleasant, joyful, exultant.*

HYHTLĪCE

See *(ge)hyhtlīce.*

HYHTPLEGA

Noun: *joyous play, sport.*

HYHTWILLA

Noun: *desire accompanied by hope or joy.*

HYHTWYNN

Noun: *joy of hope, joy.*

HYLC

Noun: *bend, turn; unevenness, hump.*

HYLDAN

Verb: *to flay, take off the skin.*

HYLDĀÐ

Noun: *oath or fealty of allegiance.*

HYLDEMÆG

Noun: *near and dear kinsman.*

HYLDERE

Noun: *flayer, butcher.*

HYLDING

Noun: *curve, bending, inclination.*

HYLDO

Noun: *kindness, affection, friendness, favour, grace; protection; fidelity, loyalty, allegiance, reverence.*

HYLDRÆDEN

Noun: *fidelity.*

HYLL

1. Noun: *hill.*

2. See *hell.*

HYLLEHĀMA

Noun: *cricket, grass-hopper.*

HYLLIC

Adjective: *hilly.*

HYLLOC

Noun: *small hill.*

HYLSTEN

Adjective: *baked, having crust.*

HYLSUNG

1. Noun: *timbrel.*

2. See *hwistlung.*

HYLU

Noun: *hollow.*

HYLWYRT

Noun: *hillwort.*

HYMBRE

Noun: *Northumbrians.*

HYMELE

Noun: *hop-plant.*

HYMLIC

Noun: *hemlock.*

HYMLĪCE

Noun: *hemlock.*

HYNDEN

Noun: *community of 100 men.*

HYNDENMANN

Noun: *chief man in the community of 100 men.*

HYNGRAN

See *(ge)hyngran.*

HȲNNES

1. Noun: *persecution, subjecting; destruction; humiliation, abasement, proscription.*

2. See *hīennes* (1).

HȲPE

Noun: *heap.*

HYPE

Noun: *hip, haunch.*

HYPEBĀN

Noun: *hip-bone.*

HYPEBĀNECE

Noun: *sciatica.*

HȲPEL

Noun: *heap, mound.*

HYPESEAX

Noun: *short sword, dagger.*

HYPPING

Noun: *stepping stone.*

HYPSĀR

Noun: *sciatica.*

HYPWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the hips, sciatica.*

HȲR

Noun: *hire, wages; interest, usury.*

HȲRA

Noun: *follower, mercenary, hireling; one who is subject to another, servant, dependant.*

HYRAN

Verb: *to spit.*

HYRD

1. Noun: *door.*

2. Noun: *parchment.*

HYRDEL

Noun: *hurdle, frame of intertwined twigs or bars.*

HȲREBORG

Noun: *interest, usury.*

HŸREDNESS

Noun: *fame, report.*

HŸREGILDA

Noun: *mercenary, hireling.*

HŸRGEOHT

Noun: *hired yoke of oxen.*

HŸRIAN

Verb: *to hire.*

HYRIAN

Verb: *to imitate.*

HŸRIGMANN

Noun: *hireling, mercenary.*

HYRING

Noun: *imitation, emulation.*

HŸRLING

Noun: *hireling, one who works for hire.*

HYRNAN

Verb: *to jut out like a horn or wedge.*

HYRNE

Noun: *horn; corner, angle.*

HYRNED

See *(ge)hyrned.*

HYRNEDNEBBA

Adjective: *horn-beaked or billed.*

HYRNEN

1. Adjective: *made of horn.*

2. Adjective: *angular, full of corners.*

HYRNET

Noun: *hornet, gadfly.*

HYRNFUL

Adjective: *angular, full of corners.*

HYRNIG

Adjective: *angular.*

HYRNSTĀN

Noun: *corner-stone, keystone.*

HŸROXA

Noun: *hired ox.*

HYRSE

Noun: *mare.*

HYRSIAN

Verb: *to go on horseback.*

HYRST

1. Noun: *height, hillock, hurst; wood, copse.*

2. See *(ge)hyrst.*

HYRSTAN

See *(ge)hyrstan.*

HYRÐ

Noun: *skin; hide.*

HYRWE

Noun: *name of a tree.*

HYSCAN

See *(ge)hyscan.*

HŸSCEN

Noun: *small house.*

HYSCEND

Noun: *reviler, one who mocks or taunts.*

HYSE

Noun: *young man, youth, scion, shoot; son; warrior.*

HYSEBEORÐOR

Noun: *bearing of male offspring; young man, boy.*

HYSEBERÐLING

Noun: *bearing of male offspring.*

HYSEBERÐRE

Noun: *woman who bears a son.*

HYSECILD

Noun: *male child.*

HYSERINC

Noun: *young man.*

HYSEWĪSE

Adverb: *like young men.*

HYSPAN

Verb: *to deride, scorn, mock, taunt; to reproach, revile, insult.*

HYSPEND

Noun: *calumniator, reviler, mocker.*

HYSPFUL

Adjective: *scornful, contumelious.*

HYSPNES

Noun: *contumely, reproach, opprobrium.*

HYSPUNG

Noun: *contumely, reproach, reviling, scoffing.*

HYT

1. Noun: *heat.*

2. See *hit.*

HŸÐ

1. Noun: *landing-place, port, harbour, haven, creek.*

2. See *hÿðð.*

HŸÐAN

Verb: *to lay waste, plunder, ravage, pillage, despoil.*

HŸÐEGIAN

See *(ge)hÿðegian.*

HŸÐEGUNG

Noun: *advantage, profit.*

HŸÐELIC

See *(ge)hÿðelic.*

HŸÐELĪCE

See *(ge)hÿðelīce.*

HŸÐGILD

Noun: *festival held at a harbour in honour of the god of harbours.*

HŸÐLIC

Adjective: *relating to a harbour.*

HŸÐSCIP

1. Noun: *pirate-ship.*

2. See *hÿdscip* (1).

HŸÐÐ

Noun: *gain, benefit, profit, advantage.*

HȲÐWEARD

Noun: *warden of a harbour*.

Ī

Noun: *a letter. The Runic character for this vowel was named ís.*

ĪA

Adverb: *yea.*

IACINÐ

Noun: *Jacinth.*

IANUARIUS

Noun: *January.*

IARWAN

Verb: *to prepare; to adorn deck; to cook; to clothe, dress; to direct.*

IC

Pronoun: *I, me.*

ĪCELS

Noun: *addition to an estate.*

ĪCEND

Noun: *one who increases or augments.*

ĪCESTRE

Noun: *one who increases or augments.*

ICGE GOLD

Noun: *gold given in addition on the occasion of a solemn reconciliation.*

ICGE

Adjective: *only in phr. icge gold, treasure gold, rich gold.*

ICLINGAS

Noun: *the name of a Mercian family to which St. Guthlac belonged.*

ĪDÆGES

Adverb: *on the same day.*

ĪDEL

1. Adjective: *useless, worthless, vain; empty, void, desolate, bare, devoid (of), unoccupied; idle, unemployed; not having anything, destitute.*

2. Noun: *useless, vain, futility; emptiness; frivolity; idleness; carelessness, inattention.*

ĪDELBLISS

Noun: *vain joy.*

ĪDELGEORN

Adjective: *useless, unprofitable; frivolous; idle, lazy, slothful; inert.*

ĪDELGIELP

Noun: *arrogance, vainglory, empty boasting.*

ĪDELGILD

Noun: *false worship or idolatry.*

ĪDELGILDOFFRUNG

Noun: *offering to an idol.*

ĪDELHENDE

Adjective: *empty, empty-handed.*

ĪDELINGA

Noun: *worthless or trifling thing.*

ĪDELLIC

Adjective: *useless, vain, idle.*

ĪDELLĪCE

Adverb: *to no purpose, in vain; without cause.*

ĪDELLUST

Noun: *vain desire.*

ĪDELNES

Noun: *uselessness, worthlessness; vanity, frivolity, falseness; false religion; emptiness; lack of energy, idleness, vain existence; superstition; lack of result, ineffectiveness.*

ĪDELSPRÆCE

Adjective: *talking idly or vainly.*

IDES

Noun: *woman, lady, wife, queen, virgin.*

IDIG

Adjective: *active, busy.*

ĪDLIAN

See *(ge)īdlian.*

ĪDOL

Noun: *idol.*

ĪECAN

See *(ge)īecan.*

ĪEG

Noun: *island; water, sea.*

ĪEGBŪEND

Noun: *dweller in an island, islander.*

ĪEGLAND

Noun: *island.*

ĪEGSTRĒAM

Noun: *water-stream, current, river, sea, ocean.*

IELDAN

See *(ge)ieldan.*

IELDE

Noun: *men.*

IELDEN

Noun: *delay, deferring, putting off.*

IELDENDLIC

Adjective: *slow, dilatory, tardy; slack.*

IELDESTA

Noun: *chief.*

IELDFUL

Adjective: *dilatory, delaying.*

IELDIAN

Verb: *to delay, defer, put off.*

IELDING

Noun: *delay, deferring, tarrying, putting off; dissimulation; connivance.*

IELDO

Noun: *period of time, age; time of life, years, century; mature or old age, old people, the elders; youth; age of the world.*

IELDRA

Noun: *ancestor, predecessor, elder, parent, father, forefather; superior, noble.*

IELDRAFÆDER

Noun: *grandfather.*

IERFA

Noun: *heir.*

IERFE

1. Noun: *property, inheritance, bequest.*

2. Noun: *cattle.*

IERFIAN

Verb: *to possess, inherit; honour with a funeral feast.*

IERGAN

Verb: *to dishearten, dismay.*

IERGĐU

Noun: *sluggishness, sloth; timorousness; pusillanimity, cowardice; remissness.*

IERLIC

Adjective: *vehement, angry.*

IERMAN

See *(ge)ierman.*

IERMING

Noun: *poor, mean, miserable or wretched person.*

IERMĐ

Noun: *poverty, misery, wretchedness, penury, distress, disorder, calamity; disease; crime; reproach.*

IERNES

Noun: *anger.*

IERNAN

1. Verb: *to move rapidly, run, hasten; to flow, spread; to pursue; to cause to move rapidly, turn, grind.*

2. See *rinnan* (1).

IERNING

Noun: *running, flow, course, flux, discharge.*

IERRE

1. Adjective: *wandering, erring, gone astray, confused; perverse, depraved; indignant, angry, enraged, wrathful, fierce.*

2. Noun: *anger, ire, rage, wrath.*

IERREMŌD

Adjective: *of angry mood, angry-minded, wrathful; wild.*

IERRENGA

Adverb: *angrily, fiercely.*

IERREĐWEORH

Adjective: *very angry, having the mind perverted by rage.*

IERSCIPE

Noun: *anger.*

IERSIAN

See *(ge)iersian.*

IERSIGENDLIC

Adjective: *emotional, passionate, capable of anger.*

IERSUNG

Noun: *anger, irascibility, readiness to anger.*

ĪEÐE

1. Adjective: *desolate, desert, barren, laid waste.*

2. See *ēaðe* (1).

ĪEÐELIC

Adjective: *easy; easy to do; of moderated size.*

ĪEÐELĪCE

Adverb: *easily.*

ĪEÐNES

Noun: *easiness; ease, freedom; satisfaction, pleasure, delight.*

ĪEÐRUNG

Noun: *amelioration, making easier.*

ĪEÐTOGEN

Adjective: *easily deferred or brought about.*

ĪEWAN

See *(ge)īewan.*

ĪFE

Noun: *kind of plant.*

ĪFED

Adjective: *grown with ivy.*

ĪFIG

Noun: *ivy.*

ĪFIGBEARO

Noun: *grove of ivy-covered trees.*

ĪFIGCROP

Noun: *cluster of ivy berries.*

ĪFIGLĒAF

Noun: *ivy leaf.*

ĪFIGRIND

Noun: *bark of ivy.*

ĪFIGTEARO

Noun: *resin from tar, ivy tar.*

ĪFIGTWIG

Noun: *ivy-twig.*

ĪFIHT

Adjective: *covered with ivy.*

ĪGBŪENDE

Adjective: *dwelling in an island.*

IGGAÐ

Noun: *small island, islet, ait, eyot.*

ĪHT

Noun: *increase.*

II

Noun: *Iona.*

ĪL

Noun: *hedgehog, porcupine, urchin.*

ILCA

See *(ge)ilca.*

ILCE

Adverb: *in the same way.*

ILDEND

Noun: *one who delays.*

ILDEWITA

Noun: *Pharisee.*

ILDRA

Adjective: *of greater age, elder, older; superior, greater.*

ILE

Noun: *sole of the foot; hard skin, callosity; corn.*

ILFETU

Noun: *swan.*

ILFIG

Adjective: *mad, frantic, affected by elves.*

ILL

Noun: *sole of the foot; hard skin, callosity; corn.*

ILLERACU

Noun: *surfeit.*

IMPA

Noun: *graft, shoot; scion.*

IMPE

Noun: *graft, shoot; scion, imp.*

IMPIAN

Verb: *to imp, implant, graft.*

IMPING

Noun: *place where there are young trees.*

IN

1. Adposition: *(local) in, into; on, at, upon; to; among; (temporal) in at about, towards, during (purpose) in, to, for.*

2. See *inn* (1).

3. See *inn* (2).

INĀBERAN

Verb: *to bring in.*

INĀDL

Noun: *internal disease.*

INĀGĀN

Verb: *to go in, enter.*

INĀSENDAN

Verb: *to send in.*

INĀWRITTING

Noun: *inscription.*

INBÆRNEDNES

Noun: *burning; incense, frankincense.*

INBECWEÐAN

Verb: *to inculcate.*

INBELÆDAN

Verb: *to introduce, lead in.*

INBELŪCAN

Verb: *to shut.*

INBEND

Noun: *internal bond.*

INBERAN

Verb: *to bring in, carry in.*

INBESLĒAN

Verb: *to hack into (any one).*

INBESTINGAN

Verb: *to pierce, penetrate, make a thrust.*

INBETȳNEDNES

Noun: *inclusion, shutting in, confinement; life of a recluse.*

INBEWINDAN

Verb: *to enfold, wrap up, enwrap.*

INBEWRĒON

Verb: *to cover up.*

INBLĀWAN

Verb: *to inspire, breathe upon; to puff up, inflate.*

INBLĀWING

Noun: *breathing upon.*

INBODEN

Adjective: *proclaimed.*

INBOLGEN

Adjective: *exasperated.*

INBOREN

Adjective: *native, indigenous.*

INBORH

Noun: *bail; security in cases of theft.*

INBRECAN

Verb: *to break into.*

INBRĒDAN

Verb: *to burst in upon.*

INBRENGAN

Verb: *to bring in; to present.*

INBRYNE

Noun: *fire, burning, conflagration.*

INBŪAN

See *(ge)inbūan.*

INBŪEND

Noun: *inhabitant; native.*

INBURG

Noun: *hall, vestibule.*

INBURHFÆST

Adjective: *stationed in a hall.*

INBYRDE

Adjective: *natural, inborn; born on the state, born in a master's house.*

INBYRDING

Noun: *slave born in a master's house.*

INBYRDLING

Noun: *slave, slave born in a master's house; native.*

INCA

Noun: *doubt, suspicion; question; offence, grievance, ill-will; cause of complaint; scruple; quarrel, grudge; fear; occasion, opportunity.*

INCĒGAN

Verb: *to invoke, call upon.*

INCĒGUNG

Noun: *invocation.*

INCEMPA

Noun: *member of a household capable of bearing arms; soldier of the same company.*

INCER

Adjective: *of or belonging to both of you.*

INCERRAN

Verb: *to divert; to pervert.*

INCLEOFA

Noun: *inner chamber; bed-chamber, closet; den, cave.*

INCLEOFE

Noun: *chamber, closet; den, lair, cave.*

INCNAPA

Noun: *domestic servant.*

INCNIHT

Noun: *servant in a house, household or domestic servant.*

INCOFA

Noun: *inner chamber; the breast, the heart.*

INCOÐU

Noun: *internal disease.*

INCUMAN

Verb: *to come in, enter, go into.*

INCUND

Adjective: *interior, internal, inward; intimate, secret, coming from the heart.*

INCUNDLĪCE

Adverb: *from the heart, with deep feeling.*

INCUNDNES

Noun: *feeling that comes from the heart, inward conviction; sincerity, earnestness, heartiness; inward part, recess.*

INCŪÐ

Adjective: *strange, extraordinary; not friendly, grievous, wicked.*

INCŪÐLĪCE

Adverb: *grievously, sorely.*

INCYME

Noun: *entrance, in-coming.*

INDÆLAN

Verb: *to impart, infuse.*

INDĒAS

Noun: *Indias.*

INDĪEGELNES

Noun: *hiding or secret place.*

INDĪPAN

Verb: *to immerse, dip in.*

INDISC

Adjective: *Indian.*

INDRENCAN

Verb: *to saturate, soak, steep; to fill to overflowing; to inebriate.*

INDRĪFAN

Verb: *to utter, impel, send forth, ejaculate.*

INDRINCAN

Verb: *to drink, imbibe.*

INDRYHTEN

Adjective: *distinguished, noble, courtly, excellent.*

INDRYHTO

Noun: *nobleness, honour, glory.*

INE

Noun: *Ine, king of the West Saxons from A. D. 688 to 726.*

INEARDIAN

Verb: *to dwell, inhabit.*

INEARDIEND

Noun: *inhabitant.*

INĒDDISC

Noun: *household stuff, furniture.*

INĒÐUNG

Noun: *breathing, inspiration.*

INFÆR

Noun: *entrance, entry, ingress, admission; right or permission to enter.*

INFÆRELD

Noun: *entrance, in-coming, admission; interior; vestibule.*

INFANGENEÐĒOF

Noun: *right of judging thieves caught within the limits of one's jurisdiction, and of taking the fines for the crime.*

INFARAN

1. Verb: *to enter, go into.*

2. See *innefeoh.*

INFARU

Noun: *march into a country, invasion; incursion, inroad.*

INFEALLAN

Verb: *to fall in.*

INFECCAN

Verb: *to fetch in.*

INFĒRAN

Verb: *to enter, enter in.*

INFIHT

Noun: *brawl in a house.*

INFINDAN

Verb: *to find, discover.*

INFLÆSCNES

Noun: *incarnation.*

INFLĒDE

Adjective: *full of water.*

INFLĒON

Verb: *to fly from.*

INFORLÆTAN

Verb: *to let in.*

INFORLÆTNESS

Noun: *inspretio.*

INFŌSTER

Noun: *bringing up, breeding, rearing.*

INFRŌD

Adjective: *very old or age, very wise, experienced.*

INFYRDE

Noun: *entrance to a ford.*

ING

1. Noun: *name of the rune for ing.*

2. Noun: *meadow, ing.*

3. See *inn* (1).

4. See *inn* (2).

5. See *geong* (1).

INGĀN

Verb: *to enter, go in.*

INGANG

Noun: *entrance, entry, access, ingress; doorway, vestibule; beginning, first step; entrance-fee; right or permission to enter.*

INGANGAN

Verb: *to go in, enter.*

INGEBED

Noun: *earnest or hearty prayer.*

INGEBRINGAN

Verb: *to bring in.*

INGECĪGAN

Verb: *invocare.*

INGEDŌN

Verb: *to put in.*

INGEDRINCAN

Verb: *to imbibe, drink.*

INGEFEALLAN

Verb: *incidere.*

INGEFEOHT

Noun: *internal or civil war.*

INGEFOLC

Noun: *native race.*

INGEHRIF

Noun: *womb.*

INGEHYGD

Noun: *mind, consciousness, thought, sense; understanding, knowledge; meaning, import; intention, intent, purpose; course of life.*

INGEHYGDNES

Noun: *intention, purpose.*

INGELÆDAN

Verb: *to introduce, lead or bring in.*

INGELAÐIAN

Verb: *to invite.*

INGEMEN

Noun: *native warriors.*

INGEMYND

Noun: *mind, memory, remembrance, recollection.*

INGEMYNDE

Adjective: *in mind, recollected, remembered, in memory.*

INGENGA

Noun: *visitor; intruder; aggressor, invader.*

INGĒOTAN

Verb: *to pour in, fill.*

INGĒOTING

Noun: *inpouring, purification.*

INGERÆCAN

Verb: *to give (something) in (to somebody).*

INGEREC

Noun: *tumult; boil.*

INGESETED

Adjective: *placed in, inserted.*

INGESTEALD

Noun: *household goods.*

INGESWEL

Noun: *internal swelling.*

INGEÐANC

Noun: *mind, conscience; thinking, thought, cogitation, intellect; intent, intention, purpose; heart, spirit, breast.*

INGEÐĒOD

Noun: *nation; peoples (pl).*

INGEÐŌHT

Noun: *conscience.*

INGEWEAXEN

Adjective: *ingrown, implanted.*

INGEWINN

Noun: *intestine struggle; civil war.*

INGEWITNES

Noun: *consciousness, conscience; knowledge, knowing.*

INGWINE

Noun: *name of the Danes.*

INGYTE

Noun: *pouring in, infusion; inspiration.*

INHÆTAN

Verb: *to inflame.*

INHEALD

Adjective: *embossed, worked in low or bas-relief, sloping inwards.*

INHEORD

Noun: *herd kept by the lord on his land.*

INHĪRED

Noun: *house, household, family.*

INHĪWAN

Noun: *members of a household, community or convent; servants, domestics.*

INHOLD

Adjective: *thoroughly loyal, loyal from the heart.*

INHŸRNES

Noun: *possession.*

INLĀD

Noun: *way in, bringing in, introduction; entrance-fee; right of water-passage inland; toll on goods carried into market.*

INLÆDAN

Verb: *to introduce, lead or bring in.*

INLÆTAN

Verb: *to let in.*

INLAGIAN

See *(ge)inlagian.*

INLAND

Noun: *domain, land in the lord's own occupation, demesne.*

INLAÐIAN

Verb: *to invite.*

INLAÐIGEND

Noun: *one who invites.*

INLENDA

Noun: *native.*

INLENDE

Adjective: *native, indigenous.*

INLENDISC

Adjective: *inhabitant; native, indigenous.*

INLENDISCNES

Noun: *habitation; peregrination.*

INLIC

Adjective: *internal, interior, inner, inward.*

INLĪCE

Adverb: *internally, inwardly; thoroughly; sincerely, heartily.*

INLĪCHOMUNG

Noun: *incarnation.*

INLĪHTEND

Noun: *illuminator, one who enlightens.*

INLĪHTAN

See *(ge)inlīhtan.*

INLĪHTNES

Noun: *illumination.*

INLĪXAN

Verb: *to become or grow light, shine, dawn.*

INMĒDE

Adjective: *of profound concern, of great solicitude, close to one's heart.*

INN

1. Noun: *dwelling, house, lodging, chamber, apartment; quartering oneself (of soldiers).*

2. Adverb: *in, into, inwards, within, inside of; inwardly.*

INNAN

1. Adposition: *in, into, within; from within.*

2. Adverb: *in, inside, within; inwardly; in the mind or heart; within the limits (of a period).*

INNANBORDES

Adverb: *at home.*

INNANBURHWARE

Noun: *residents within the walls of a town.*

INNANCUND

Adjective: *internal, inner, inward; thorough; sincere, earnest, genuine, hearty, not superficial.*

INNANEARM

Noun: *inner side of arm towards the body.*

INNANFORTOG

Noun: *gripe.*

INNANONFEAL

Noun: *internal swelling.*

INNANTĪDERNES

Noun: *internal weakness.*

INNANWEARD

1. Adjective: *internal, interior, inner, inward, intrinsic; sincere, earnest.*

2. See *inweard* (2).

INNANWUND

Noun: *internal wound.*

INNANWYRM

Noun: *intestinal worm.*

INNE

1. Adverb: *in, inside, within, in-doors; with.*

2. Adjective: *interior, inner; mental, spiritual; deep, inmost, intimate, close.*

INNECUND

Adjective: *internal, inward.*

INNEFARAN

Noun: *intestines, bowel.*

INNEFEOH

Noun: *household goods.*

INNERA

Adjective: *interior, inner.*

INNEWEARD

1. Adjective: *internal, interior, inner, inward; deep, intrinsic; sincere, earnest; in the neut. sing. and pl. it is used as a noun: intestines, viscera, the inward part.*

2. See *inweard* (1).

INNHEARDMANN

Noun: *one of the household troops; member of a retinue or body-guard.*

INNHERE

Noun: *army of a country, native army, home-force.*

INNIAN

See *(ge)innian.*

INNIERFE

Noun: *household stuff or goods, furniture.*

INNIHTE

Adverb: *within certain limits.*

INNĪWIAN

See *(ge)innīwian.*

INNOÐ

Noun: *inside, entrails, stomach, gut, bowels, womb, breast, heart.*

INNOÐMÆGEN

Noun: *strength.*

INNOÐTŸDERNES

Noun: *weakness of the intestines.*

INNOÐWUND

Noun: *internal wound, wound of the intestines.*

INNUNG

Noun: *dwelling, lodging, putting or getting in; contents, takings, revenue.*

INNWEORUD

Noun: *household, retainers, band of domestics or courtiers.*

INNYLFE

Noun: *womb, gut, bowel.*

INORF

Noun: *household goods, furniture.*

INRÆCAN

Verb: *to rush upon.*

INRÆSAN

Verb: *to rush upon.*

INRĒCELS

Noun: *incense.*

INSÆTE

Adjective: *dependent, of ambush; belonging to one who is settled in the household of the lord, one who lives close to the lord's mansion.*

INSCEAFT

Noun: *internal generation.*

INSCĒAWERE

Noun: *inspector.*

INSCĒAWUNG

Noun: *view, inspection.*

INSCEÐÐENDE

Adjective: *innocent.*

INSCŪFAN

Verb: *to shove in.*

INSEGEL

1. Noun: *seal, signet.*

2. See *insigle.*

INSEGLIAN

See *(ge)inseglian.*

INSEGLUNG

Noun: *seal, sealing.*

INSENDAN

Verb: *to send in; to put in.*

INSETEN

Noun: *institution.*

INSETNES

Noun: *rule, regulation, institute.*

INSETTAN

Verb: *to appoint, institute.*

INSIGLE

Noun: *seal, signet.*

INSIHT

Noun: *narrative, argument, account.*

INSITTENDE

Adjective: *sitting within.*

INSMOH

Noun: *slough.*

INSNĀED

Noun: *piece of woodland kept in the lord's hand.*

INSŌCN

Noun: *brawl in a house.*

INSOMNIAN

Verb: *to gather in.*

INSPĪDERWIHT

Noun: *spider.*

INSPINN

Noun: *instrument for spinning, spindle.*

INSTÆPE

1. Noun: *entrance.*

2. See *instep* (1).

INSTÆPES

Adverb: *directly, immediately, forthwith, at once.*

INSTANDAN

Verb: *to be near or present.*

INSTANDENDLIC

Adjective: *present, of today; required for present use.*

INSTEDE

Adverb: *immediately, at once, on the spot.*

INSTEPE

1. Adverb: *directly, immediately, forthwith, at once; at the outset.*

2. See *onstæpe.*

INSTEPPAN

Verb: *to enter, go in; to step in.*

INSTICE

Noun: *internal stitching pain, pricking sensation within.*

INSTĪGAN

Verb: *to climb in.*

INSTIHTIAN

Verb: *to dispose, arrange, regulate, appoint.*

INSTING

Noun: *claim; right of intervention, authority, jurisdiction.*

INSWĀN

Noun: *lord's swineherd.*

INSWŌGAN

Verb: *to invade.*

INSWŌGENNES

Noun: *rushing in with a loud sound, violent entrance.*

INTIMBRIAN

See *(ge)intimbrian.*

INTINGA

Noun: *cause, reason, sake, plea; matter, affair, business, case; occasion, fitting opportunity; fault.*

INTŌ

Adposition: *into.*

INTRAHTNUNG

Noun: *explanation, interpretation.*

INTREPETTAN

Verb: *to trip, hop, dance.*

INTRIFELUNG

Noun: *intritura.*

INÐER

Adverb: *apart.*

INÐICCE

Adjective: *gross, thick; crass.*

INÐĪNEN

Noun: *female domestic servant.*

INWÆRC

Noun: *internal pain.*

INWÆTE

Noun: *internal humour.*

INWARU

Noun: *services due to the lord on his inland.*

INWEARD

1. Adjective: *internal, inner, inward, intrinsic; deep, sincere, earnest.*

2. Adverb: *within; mentally, spiritually.*

INWEARDLIC

Adjective: *internal, inner, inward; sincere, earnest.*

INWEARDLĪCE

Adverb: *inwardly; thoroughly, deeply; earnestly, heartily.*

INWENDAN

Verb: *to change.*

INWEORC

Noun: *indoor work.*

INWEORPAN

Verb: *to begin (the weft).*

INWIDDA

Noun: *adversary, evil one.*

INWISE

Noun: *condiment.*

INWIT

1. Noun: *deceit, guile, fraud, wickedness, evil.*

2. Adjective: *deceitful, guileful, wicked, malicious, evil.*

INWITFENG

Noun: *wily or malicious grasp, spiteful clutch.*

INWITFLĀN

Noun: *treacherous shaft.*

INWITFUL

Adjective: *deceitful, guileful, crafty, wicked, malicious, evil.*

INWITGÆST

Noun: *guileful or evil guest.*

INWITGECYND

Noun: *malicious or evil nature.*

INWITGYREN

Noun: *treacherous snare.*

INWITHLEMM

Noun: *stroke treacherously or maliciously given, treacherous wound.*

INWITHRŌF

Noun: *deceitful or evil roof.*

INWITNET

Noun: *net of treachery or malice.*

INWITNĪÐ

Noun: *malicious, treacherous enmity, cunning hostility.*

INWITRŪN

Noun: *malicious, guileful or evil counsel.*

INWITSCEAR

Noun: *murderous attack; slaughter effected by craft.*

INWITSEARO

Noun: *malicious or treacherous artifice, artful intrigue.*

INWITSORH

Noun: *sorrow brought about by malice or guile.*

INWITSPELL

Noun: *tale of evil or woe.*

INWITSTÆF

Noun: *wickedness, malice, evil.*

INWITÐANC

Noun: *deceitful, malicious or evil thought or purpose.*

INWITWRĀSN

Noun: *chain of guile or malice, hostile fetter.*

INWRĪTERE

Noun: *writer, secretary, resident scribe.*

INWRITTING

Noun: *inscription.*

INWUDU

Noun: *woodland reserved to the lord.*

INWUND

Noun: *internal wound.*

INWUNENES

Noun: *persistence, perseverance.*

INWUNUNG

Noun: *dwelling, habitation, residence.*

INWYRM

Noun: *internal worm, worm in the intestines.*

IOB

Noun: *Job; Jove, Jupiter.*

IONNA

Adverb: *within.*

ĪOR

Noun: *the name of the rune RUNE; also of a fish, perhaps the eel.*

IOTAS

Noun: *the Jutes.*

IOVES

Noun: *Jove.*

ĪR

Noun: *the projecting back of an axe.*

ĪRAS

Noun: *the Irish.*

ĪRE

Noun: *a monetary unit.*

IRINGES WEG

Noun: *Milky Way.*

ĪRLAND

Noun: *land of the Irish, Ireland.*

IRLĪCE

Adverb: *angrily.*

IRMEN

Adjective: *a word occurring mostly as a prefix with the idea of greatness, universality.*

IRMENÐĒODE

Noun: *the peoples of the earth.*

IRREWEORC

Noun: *a work undertaken in anger.*

ĪS

Noun: *ice; the name of the Rune for i.*

ĪSCEALD

Adjective: *icy cold.*

ĪSEARN

Noun: *kingfisher; halcyon.*

ĪSEN

1. Noun: *iron, steel; iron instrument, implement made of iron, iron weapon; fetter.*

2. Adjective: *iron, made of iron.*

3. See *īsearn.*

ĪSENBEND

Noun: *iron bond or band, fetter.*

ĪSENBYRNE

Noun: *iron corslet.*

ĪSENFETOR

Noun: *iron fetter.*

ĪSENGELŌMA

Noun: *iron tool or weapon.*

ĪSENGRÆF

Noun: *iron-mine, ironstone quarry.*

ĪSENGRÆG

Adjective: *iron-grey.*

ĪSENHEARD

Adjective: *iron-hard.*

ĪSENHEARDE

Noun: *iron-hard, black centaury, vervain, knapweed.*

ĪSENHELM

Noun: *iron helmet.*

ĪSENHERE

Noun: *iron-clad host or army.*

ĪSENHYRST

Adjective: *fitted with iron.*

ĪSENORDĀL

Noun: *ordeal by hot iron.*

ĪSENŌRE

Noun: *iron mine, ironstone quarry.*

ĪSENPANNA

Noun: *frying-pan.*

ĪSENPANNE

Noun: *frying-pan.*

ĪSENSCOFL

Noun: *iron shovel.*

ĪSENSCŪR

Noun: *shower of iron missiles.*

ĪSENSMIÐ

Noun: *worker in iron, iron-smith, blacksmith.*

ĪSENSWĀT

Noun: *dross of iron.*

ĪSENTANGE

Noun: *pair of snuffers.*

ĪSENÞRĒAT

Noun: *band having iron armour, iron-clad troop.*

ĪSENWYRHTA

Noun: *worker in iron, blacksmith.*

ĪSGEBIND

Noun: *bond or fetters of ice.*

ĪSGEBLÆD

Noun: *blister produced by ice, chilblain.*

ĪSIG

Adjective: *icy, covered with ice.*

ĪSIGFEÞERA

Adjective: *having ice on the wings, with frosted wings.*

ĪSIHT

Adjective: *icy.*

ĪSIÐES

Adverb: *directly, immediately, at one, at that time.*

ISMAHĒLI

Noun: *Ishmaelites, Bedouins.*

ISMAHĒLITISC

Adjective: *Ishmaelite.*

ĪSMERE

Noun: *icy lake, mere covered with ice.*

ĪSNIAN

See *(ge)īsnian.*

ĪSNOD

Adjective: *iron-clad.*

ISPANIA

Noun: *Spain.*

ISPĀNIE

Noun: *Spaniards, Spain.*

ISPANISC

Adjective: *Spanish.*

ISRÆLISC

Adjective: *of Israel.*

ĪSTAS

Noun: *the Esthonians.*

ISTORIA

Noun: *history.*

ITALIA

Noun: *Italy.*

ITALIE

Noun: *the Italians or Italy.*

ĪÐBELIG

Adjective: *easily made angry.*

IUDĒA

Noun: *Judea.*

IŪDĒAS

Noun: *the Jews.*

ĪUDĒISC

Adjective: *Jewish.*

ĪW

1. Noun: *yew, yew-tree; mountain ash.*

2. See *ēoh.*

ĪWBERGE

Noun: *yew-berry.*

ĪWEDNESS

Noun: *showing.*

LĀ

1. Adverb: *indeed, verily.*

2. Interjection: *lo! behold! oh! ah!.*

LĀC

Noun: *play, sport; battle, strife, struggle; offering, sacrifice, oblation; favour, gift, present, grace; booty; message; medicine.*

LĀCAN

Verb: *to move up and down, swing, wave about; to jump, leap; to fly; to play; to play (instrument); to fight, contend; to delude, trick.*

LĀCDÆD

Noun: *munificence.*

LACEN

Noun: *cloak.*

LĀCFÆSTEN

Noun: *offering of a fast.*

LĀCGEOFA

Noun: *one who gives gifts, generous giver.*

LĀCLIC

Adjective: *sacrificial, having the nature of a sacrifice or offering.*

LĀCNIAN

See *(ge)lācnian.*

LĀCNIGENDLIC

Adjective: *medical, surgical.*

LĀCNIMENDE

Adjective: *receiving a reward.*

LĀCNUNG

Noun: *healing, cure, remedy, medicine, medicament.*

LĀCNYSTRE

Noun: *physician.*

LĀCSANG

Noun: *offertory hymn.*

LACTUCA

Noun: *lettuce.*

LACTUCE

Noun: *lettuce.*

LACU

Noun: *piece of water, pool, pond, stream.*

LĀD

Noun: *way, course, journey; leading, guiding; carrying, carriage, bringing; support, maintenance; excuse; clearing from blame or accusation, purgation, exculpation.*

LĀDIAN

See *(ge)lādian.*

LĀDIENDLIC

Adjective: *excusable.*

LĀDMANN

Noun: *leader, guide.*

LĀDRINC

Noun: *conductor, guide, escort.*

LĀDRINCMAN

Noun: *conductor, escort.*

LADSAR

Noun: *laserwort.*

LĀDSCIPE

Noun: *leadership, command.*

LĀDUNG

Noun: *excuse, exculpation, defence, apology; purgation (legal term).*

LÆ

Noun: *hair (of the head).*

LÆC

Adjective: *weak, wounded, failing (from wounds).*

LÆCAN

Verb: *to move quickly, rise, spring up, leap; to flare up.*

LÆCCAN

See *(ge)læccan.*

LÆCCUNG

Noun: *reproach, blaming.*

LÆCE

Noun: *doctor, physician, leech.*

LÆCEBŌC

Noun: *book on medicine, book of recipes.*

LĀCECRÆFT

Noun: *art of healing, art of medicine, leech-craft; medical treatment; remedy, recipe, medicine.*

LĀCECRÆFTIG

Adjective: *skilled in medicine.*

LĀCECYNN

Noun: *race of physicians or surgeons.*

LĀCECYST

Noun: *medicine chest.*

LĀCEDŌM

Noun: *remedy, medicine; healing, cure, salvation.*

LĀCEDŌMLIC

Adjective: *salutary.*

LĀCEDŌMNES

Noun: *plaster, cataplasm.*

LĀCEFEOH

Noun: *money paid to a doctor, physician's fee.*

LĀCEFINGER

Noun: *leech-finger, the fourth finger.*

LĀCEGEATWA

Noun: *medical apparatus.*

LĀCEHŪS

Noun: *hospital, hostelry.*

LĀCEĪREN

Noun: *lancet, surgeon's knife.*

LĀCESEALF

Noun: *medicinal salve or ointment, plaster.*

LĀCESEAX

Noun: *lancet, surgeon's knife.*

LĀCEWYRT

Noun: *medicinal herb, drug; medical treatment, leech-work.*

LÆCING

Noun: *blame, reproof.*

LĀDAN

See *(ge)lædan.*

LĀDE

1. Adjective: *unhappy, unfortunate; (in a moral sense) poor, miserable, wretched.*

2. See *lǣwede* (1).

LÆDEN

1. Noun: *Latin, Latin tongue; any foreign tongue, speech or language.*

2. Adjective: *Latin.*

LÆDENBŌC

Noun: *Latin book.*

LÆDEND

Noun: *bringer; excuser, apologist.*

LÆDENGEREORD

Noun: *Latin, the Latin language.*

LÆDENGEÐĒODE

Noun: *the Latin language.*

LÆDENISC

Adjective: *Latin.*

LÆDENLĀR

Noun: *knowledge of Latin, Latin lore.*

LÆDENDLIC

See *(ge)lǣdendlic.*

LÆDENLIC

Adjective: *Latin.*

LÆDENNAMA

Noun: *Latin noun.*

LÆDENSPRĒC

Noun: *the Latin speech or language.*

LÆDENSTÆF

Noun: *Latin letter.*

LÆDENSTÆFUM

Adverb: *in Latin.*

LÆDENWARE

Noun: *the Latins, the Romans.*

LÆDENWORD

Noun: *Latin word.*

LÆDERE

Noun: *leader, guide.*

LÆDNES

Noun: *bringing forth, production.*

LÆFAN

See *(ge)lǣfan.*

LÆFEL

Noun: *vessel, bowl, cup, basin; spoon.*

LÆFER

Noun: *rush, reed; iris, gladiolus; thin plate of metal.*

LÆFERBED

Noun: *bed of rushes.*

LÆFÐE

Noun: *sprinkling.*

LǢGE

Adjective: *fallow, unploughed.*

LǢL

1. Noun: *rod, switch, whip; pliant twig, withe, whip, switch; mark, bruise, weal, swelling.*

2. Adjective: *livid.*

LǢLA

Noun: *rod, switch, whip; bruise, weal; stripe.*

LǢLAN

Verb: *to become black and blue with blows, be bruised.*

LǢLLAN

1. Verb: *to get black and blue; to hurl a dart.*

2. Verb: *to level, aim at.*

LǢMEN

Adjective: *made of clay, earthen.*

LǢN

1. Noun: *loan, borrowing; gift, present, grant; benefit; (in connection with land) grant that may be recalled, fee, lease, fief.*

2. See *lān* (1).

LǢNAN

See *(ge)lǣnan.*

LǢNDAGAS

Noun: *days of a man's life, transitory days, loan-days.*

LǢNE

Adjective: *inconstant, transitory, temporary, not permanent; weak, frail, perishable; poor, sinful.*

LĀNELIC

Adjective: *passing, transitory, transient, not enduring.*

LĀNEND

Noun: *lender, creditor.*

LĀNERE

Noun: *lender, creditor.*

LĀNLAND

Noun: *leased land.*

LÆPELDRE

Noun: *dish, platter.*

LÆPEWINCE

Noun: *lapwing.*

LÆPPA

Noun: *piece, portion, section, district; skirt, lappet; lobe (of the ear).*

LĀRAN

See *(ge)lāran.*

LĀRE

Adjective: *empty.*

LĀRED

See *(ge)lāred.*

LĀREND

Noun: *one who teaches; instigator, misleader.*

LĀRESTRE

Noun: *female teacher, instructress, preceptress.*

LĀRGEDĒFE

Adjective: *instructed.*

LĀRIG

Noun: *border of a shield.*

LĀRING

Noun: *teaching, instruction.*

LĀRINGMÆDEN

Noun: *female pupil.*

LĀRINGMANN

Noun: *disciple.*

LÆRNES

Noun: *emptiness.*

LÆS

1. Noun: *less, lest.*

2. Noun: *pasture; letting of blood.*

3. Adverb: *less, lest.*

LÆSBOREN

Adjective: *of inferior birth.*

LÆSHOSUM

Noun: *some species of covering for the foot, socks without soles.*

LÆST

1. Noun: *act, performance, fulfillment.*

2. See *lāst.*

LÆST

Noun: *fault, sin.*

LÆSTAN

See *(ge)lǣstan.*

LÆSTE

Noun: *covering for the foot, boot; last (for the foot), shoemaker's last.*

LÆSTEND

Noun: *one who performs or executes, doer, performer.*

LÆSTWYRHTA

Noun: *shoemaker.*

LÆSWIAN

See *(ge)lǣswian.*

LÆT

1. Adjective: *slow, sluggish; late, tardy, delayed; slack, lax, negligent.*

2. Noun: *man of the class between the slave and the ceorl.*

LÆTAN

See *(ge)lætan.*

LÆTBYRD

Noun: *late or slow birth.*

LÆTCUMEN

Adjective: *late.*

LÆTEMEST

Adverb: *at last, lastly, finally.*

LÆTHŸDIG

Adjective: *slow-minded, slow of thought, dull.*

LÆTLIC

Adjective: *late.*

LÆTLĪCE

Adverb: *slowly.*

LÆTNES

Noun: *slowness in movement; slowness of intellect; sloth.*

LÆTRĀEDE

Adjective: *slow of counsel, deliberate.*

LÆTSUM

Adjective: *slow, late, backward.*

LÆTT

Noun: *beam, lath.*

LĀTTEWESTRE

Noun: *female guide.*

LĀÐ

Noun: *land, landed property, division of a county containing several hundreds, lathe.*

LĀÐAN

Verb: *to speak ill of, revile, accuse, abuse, execrate; to detest, hate; to cause to be hateful, cause to shun.*

LĀÐÐ

Noun: *wrong, offence, injury; enmity, hatred, malice.*

LĀW

Noun: *injury; weakening.*

LĀWA

Noun: *betrayer, traitor.*

LĀWAN

See *(ge)lǣwan.*

LĀWE

Adjective: *weakened, mutilated.*

LĀWEDE

1. Adjective: *lay, laic, not of the church; unlearned; lewd.*

2. Noun: *layman.*

LÆWEDMAN

Adjective: *layman.*

LÆWEND

Noun: *betrayer, traitor.*

LÆWES

Noun: *Lewes in Sussex.*

LĀF

Noun: *what is left, legacy, heirloom; rest, remains, remainder; relic, remnant; widow.*

LAFIAN

See *(ge)lafian.*

LAFOR

Noun: *leopard.*

LAGA

Noun: *law.*

LAGIAN

See *(ge)lagian.*

LAGU

1. Noun: *law, rule, regulation, statute, ordinance, decree; right, legal privilege; district governed by the same laws.*

2. Noun: *water, sea, ocean, flood; the name of the rune for l.*

LAGUCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *skilled in matters connected with the sea.*

LAGUFÆSTEN

Noun: *water-fastness, sea, ocean.*

LAGUFÆÐM

Noun: *enveloping waves, watery embrace.*

LAGUFLŌD

Noun: *water, stream, wave, sea, ocean, flood.*

LAGULĀD

Noun: *water-way, sea.*

LAGUMEARG

Noun: *ship; sea-steed, sea-horse.*

LAGUSĪÐ

Noun: *sea-journey.*

LAGUSTRÆT

Noun: *sea-road, sea-path, the sea.*

LAGUSTRĒAM

Noun: *water, stream, river, sea, ocean.*

LAGUSWIMMEND

Noun: *creature that swims, fish.*

LAHBRECA

Noun: *law-breaker, impious man.*

LAHBRECENDE

Adjective: *impious, profane, sacrilegious.*

LAHBRYCE

Noun: *breach of the law.*

LAHCĒAP

Noun: *payment made for re-entry into legal rights which have been lost.*

LAHGEWRIT

Noun: *rule.*

LAHLIC

Adjective: *legal, lawful.*

LAHLĪCE

Adverb: *according to law, lawfully.*

LAHMANN

Noun: *an official declarer of the law.*

LAHRIHT

Noun: *legal right.*

LAHSLITE

Noun: *fine for breach of the (Danish) law.*

LAHSLITT

Noun: *fine for breach of the (Danish) law.*

LAHWITA

Noun: *lawyer.*

LĀM

Noun: *earth; clay, mud, mire; loom.*

LAMA

1. Adjective: *weak; disabled in the limbs, maimed, crippled, lame; paralysed, paralytic.*

2. Noun: *weak, disabled, maimed, crippled, lame; paralytic.*

LAMB

Noun: *lamb.*

LAMBHȳÐ

Noun: *Lambeth in Surrey.*

LAMBYRD

Noun: *weak, lame or imperfect birth.*

LĀMFÆT

Noun: *vessel of clay, the body.*

LAMPREDE

Noun: *lamprey.*

LĀMPYTT

Noun: *clay-pit, loampit.*

LĀMSCEAL

Noun: *tile.*

LĀMSĒAÐ

Noun: *clay or mud-pit, loampit.*

LĀMWYRHTA

Noun: *worker in clay, potter.*

LĀN

1. Noun: *leased land.*

2. See *lǣn* (1).

LAND

Noun: *land, earth, soil; territory, land, district, region, province, estate, country; realm, domain; landed property; ground, field, cultivated; land, ridge in a ploughed field.*

LANDĀDL

Noun: *nostalgia.*

LANDÆLF

Noun: *land-elf.*

LANDĀGEND

Noun: *land-owner; native.*

LANDĀGENDE

Adjective: *owning land.*

LANDĀR

Noun: *landed property, landed estate.*

LANDBEGENGA

Noun: *cultivator of land, husbandman, farmer, peasant; native.*

LANDBEGENGNES

Noun: *habitation.*

LANDBIGONG

Noun: *dwelling or habitation in a land; cultivation of land.*

LANDBŌC

Noun: *charter in which land is granted, land-book.*

LANDBRÆCE

Noun: *first ploughing (after land has lain fallow).*

LANDBŪEND

1. Noun: *cultivator of the land, husbandman; inhabitant of a country, native.*

2. Noun: *settlement, colony.*

LANDBŪENDE

Adjective: *inhabiting a country, living on the earth.*

LANDBŪNES

Noun: *settlement, colony.*

LANDCĒAP

Noun: *fine or tax paid when land was purchased.*

LANDCOFA

Noun: *land, district.*

LANDEFNE

Noun: *measure or proportion of land, amount of landed property; the resources of the land.*

LANDFÆSTEN

Noun: *natural fortress, land-fastness, a strong military position on land; pass.*

LANDFEOH

Noun: *land-tax, recognitory rent for land.*

LANDFOLC

Noun: *the people of a land or country, natives, land-folk.*

LANDFRUMA

Noun: *ruler, prince of a country.*

LANDFYRD

Noun: *journey by land, expedition; army.*

LANDFYRDING

Noun: *military operations on land.*

LANDGAFOL

Noun: *rent for land, tribute.*

LANDGEHWERF

Noun: *exchange of land.*

LANDGEMACA

Noun: *neighbour.*

LANDGEMÆRE

Noun: *limit, boundary, frontier, confine.*

LANDGEMIRCE

Noun: *limit, boundary, frontier; shore.*

LANDGESCEAFT

Noun: *earthly creation, created things on earth, earthly creature.*

LANDGEWEORC

Noun: *fortified place; principal stronghold of a country.*

LANDGEWYRPE

Noun: *heap of earth thrown up, ridge formed by a land.*

LANDHÆBBENDE

Adjective: *owning or ruling land; holding a country as a ruler.*

LANDHÆFEN

Noun: *property in land, real property.*

LANDHERE

Noun: *native force (opposed to foreign force); land force (opposed to naval force).*

LANDHLĀFORD

Noun: *landlord, lord of a manor, lord of a country.*

LANDHREDDING

Noun: *redemption of mortgaged land.*

LANDLAGU

Noun: *local law, law or regulation prevailing in a district.*

LANDLĒAS

Adjective: *landless, not having land.*

LANDLĒOD

Noun: *inhabitant of a country, native.*

LANDLYRE

Noun: *loss of land.*

LANDMANN

Noun: *inhabitant of a country, native.*

LANDMEARC

1. Noun: *boundary of an estate or of a country.*

2. Adjective: *belonging to the boundaries of a country.*

LANDMEARCA

Noun: *land, territory, country.*

LANDOPENUNG

Noun: *first ploughing of land, breaking up of land.*

LANDPERAS

Noun: *land-piers (of a bridge).*

LANDRÆDEN

Noun: *institution, disposition, ordinance of a district or country.*

LANDREST

Noun: *land-couch, grave.*

LANDRĪCA

Noun: *powerful man in a district, land lord, landed proprietor.*

LANDRĪCE

Noun: *territory, region, estate.*

LANDRIHT

Noun: *law of a land; right to own or occupy land or connected with its occupation; rights and privileges belonging to the inhabitant of a country or to the owner of land; rights of country districts.*

LANDSCEARU

Noun: *division, share, portion of land; tract of land, province, country; boundary, landmark.*

LANDSCIPE

Noun: *land, region, district, tract of country.*

LANDSĒTA

Noun: *settler, colonist.*

LANDSETEN

Noun: *occupied land, estate; occupation of land.*

LANDSEÐLA

Noun: *occupier of land, tenant.*

LANDSIDU

Noun: *custom of a country.*

LANDSITTENDE

Adjective: *occupying land.*

LANDSŌCN

Noun: *search for land or country to settle on.*

LANDSPĒD

Noun: *property in land.*

LANDSPĒDIG

Adjective: *rich in landed property, having large estates.*

LANDSPLOTT

Noun: *small portion or plot of ground.*

LANDSTEDE

Noun: *land, region, country.*

LANDSTYCCE

Noun: *small portion of land or ground.*

LANDWARU

Noun: *inhabitants, population; country.*

LANDWEARD

Noun: *guard of a country, ruler, prince; coast warden.*

LANDWELA

Noun: *wealth of this earth, earthly possessions.*

LANG

Adjective: *long, tall, high; long, lasting, permanent; tedious, prolix.*

LANGAFRĪGEDÆG

Noun: *Good Friday.*

LANGALAND

Noun: *Langeland.*

LANGBOLSTER

Noun: *feather-bed.*

LANGE

Adverb: *long, a long time, for or during a long time; far, to a great distance.*

LANGFÆRE

Adjective: *lasting, enduring, protracted; old.*

LANGFĒRNES

Noun: *length; long duration.*

LANGFIRST

Noun: *long space of time.*

LANGGESTRĒON

Noun: *ancient treasure, old store of wealth.*

LANGIAN

1. Verb: *to lengthen; to grow long; to long for, yearn after; to grieve for, be pained; to cause longing or desire; to cause discontent or pain; to call, summon.*

2. Verb: *to belong, pertain.*

LANGIELDO

Noun: *advanced age.*

LANGLĪCE

Adverb: *long, for a long time; at length.*

LANGLĪFE

Adjective: *long-lived.*

LANGMŌD

Adjective: *constant, patient, long-suffering.*

LANGMŌDIG

Adjective: *long-suffering.*

LANGMŌDLĪCE

Adverb: *patiently, with long-suffering.*

LANGMŌDNES

Noun: *patience, long-suffering.*

LANGNES

Noun: *length.*

LANGOÐ

Noun: *desire, longing, discontent.*

LANGSCEAFT

Adjective: *having a long shaft.*

LANGSCIP

Noun: *man of war; long-ship, large war-ship.*

LANGSTRANG

Adjective: *longanimis.*

LANGSUM

Adjective: *long, lasting, tedious, protracted, prolix; taking a long time, long-enduring, long-suffering, patient; wearisome; tardy, dilatory; extended, lengthy.*

LANGSUMLIC

Adjective: *too long, tedious.*

LANGSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *long, during or for a long time; patiently, with long-suffering.*

LANGSUMNES

Noun: *length; patience, long-suffering.*

LANGSWĒORED

Adjective: *long-necked.*

LANGTOG

Adjective: *extensive, long-drawn.*

LANGTWIDIG

Adjective: *assured or granted for a long time, lasted.*

LANGUNG

Noun: *desire, longing; sadness, weariness or grief that comes from unsatisfied desire; delay; lengthening, prolonging.*

LANGUNGHWĪL

Noun: *time of longing or weariness.*

LANGWEB

Noun: *warp (in weaving).*

LANGWEGE

Adverb: *peregre.*

LANGWYRPE

Adjective: *oblong.*

LANN

Noun: *chain, bond, fetter.*

LANU

Noun: *narrow and bounded path, lane, street.*

LAPIAN

Verb: *to lick, lap, drink.*

LĀR

Noun: *teaching, instruction, preaching, lore, precept; learning, doctrine, dogma, lesson; knowledge; study; science; suggestion, advice, counsel, admonition; instigation, persuasion, exhortation; history, story; cunning, craft.*

LĀRBŌC

Noun: *book containing instruction.*

LĀRBODUNG

Noun: *teaching, preaching.*

LĀRBYSN

Noun: *example, proof, specimen.*

LĀRCNIHT

Noun: *disciple.*

LĀRCRÆFT

Noun: *knowledge; science; erudition.*

LĀRCWIDE

Noun: *teaching, doctrine, precept.*

LĀRDŌM

Noun: *teaching, instruction.*

LĀRĒOW

Noun: *teacher, master, preacher.*

LĀRĒOWDŌM

Noun: *teaching, mastership, instruction, governance, guidance, office of a teacher; study, what is taught by a teacher; ecclesiastical authority.*

LĀRĒOWLIC

Adjective: *like a teacher, after the manner of a teacher; having the character of a master.*

LĀRĒOWSETL

Noun: *seat of a teacher or doctor, pulpit.*

LĀRFÆSTEN

Noun: *fast imposed as discipline.*

LĀRHLYSTEND

Noun: *one who listens to instruction, catechumen.*

LĀRHŪS

Noun: *school, house for instruction.*

LĀRLĒAST

Noun: *lack of learning or instruction, ignorance.*

LĀRLIC

Adjective: *instructive; learned, of learning, concerned with learning; doctrinal; persuasive.*

LĀRSMIÐ

Noun: *wise man, teacher, counsellor.*

LĀRSPELL

Noun: *discourse, sermon, treatise, homily.*

LĀRSUM

Adjective: *docile, ready to learn, teachable.*

LĀRSWICE

Noun: *deception, delusion; seduction, trickery, treachery.*

LĀRÐEGN

Noun: *teacher.*

LĀRWITA

Noun: *learned man.*

LĀSER

Noun: *weed, tare, cockle.*

LĀST

1. Noun: *track, footprint; step, footstep, gait; trace, spoor; sole of foot.*

2. See *(ge)lāst.*

LĀSTWEARD

Noun: *one who keeps in the steps of another, follower, pursuer; successor, heir.*

LĀSTWORD

Noun: *report; reputation, fame after death.*

LATA

Noun: *one who is late or slow.*

LATE

Adverb: *slowly; late, after a long time; at last, at length; lately, recently.*

LATIAN

See *(ge)latian.*

LATIMER

Noun: *interpreter.*

LATTĒH

Noun: *leading or guiding rein.*

LĀTTĒOW

Noun: *leader, guide, conductor, general, military leader, leader in war, leader-rein.*

LĀTTĒOWDŌM

Noun: *leadership, guidance, conduct, instruction.*

LATU

Noun: *delay.*

LATUNG

Noun: *delay; hindrance.*

LĀÐ

1. Noun: *harm, hurt, misfortune, grief, injury, insult, annoyance, trouble, pain, evil.*

2. See *(ge)lāð.*

LĀÐBITE

Noun: *wound.*

LĀÐE

Adverb: *with hatred or enmity, in detestation, inimically.*

LĀÐETTAN

Verb: *to hate, abhor, loathe, abominate, hold in detestation, execrate; to make hateful or repulsive; to be odious or hateful, be hostile.*

LĀÐGENĪÐLA

Noun: *enemy, foe, persecutor.*

LĀÐGETĒONA

Noun: *enemy, one who does evil.*

LĀÐGEWINNA

Noun: *hated opponent, enemy.*

LAÐIAN

See *(ge)laðian.*

LĀÐIAN

Verb: *to hate; to be hateful or loathed.*

LĀÐLĒAS

Adjective: *innocent, inoffensive, harmless, free from harm or annoyance.*

LĀÐLIC

Adjective: *unpleasant, disgusting, detestable, hateful, loathsome, repulsive, horrible.*

LĀÐLĪCE

Adverb: *unpleasantly, grievously, hatefully, detestably.*

LĀÐSCIPE

Noun: *misfortune, painful condition, calamity.*

LĀÐSEARU

Noun: *hateful contrivance, fell device.*

LĀÐSĪÐ

Noun: *painful journey, death.*

LĀÐSPEL

Noun: *grievous or painful story, sad tiding.*

LĀÐTRĒOW

Noun: *fell or harmful tree (the tree of knowledge).*

LAÐUNG

See *(ge)laðung.*

LĀÐWENDE

Adjective: *bad, hateful, hostile, malignant, evilly disposed.*

LĀÐWENDEMŌD

Adjective: *hostile-minded, evilly disposed.*

LĀÐWENDNES

Noun: *hostility, malignity.*

LĀÐWEORC

Noun: *work that is hateful to another, evil work or deed.*

LAUR

Noun: *laurel, bay, laver.*

LAURBĒAM

Noun: *laurel.*

LAURBERIGE

Noun: *berry of the laurel.*

LAURISC

Adjective: *of laurel.*

LAURTRĒOW

Noun: *laurel-tree.*

LĀWERCE

Noun: *lark, laverock.*

LAWERNBĒAM

Noun: *laurel.*

LAZARUS

Noun: *Lazarus.*

LĒAC

Noun: *garden herb, alliaceous plant; leek, onion, garlic.*

LĒACBLÆD

Noun: *leek leaf.*

LĒACCÆRSE

Noun: *cress with an onion-like smell.*

LĒACTROG

Noun: *bunch or cluster of berries (carved for the ornamenting of a ship).*

LĒACTŪN

Noun: *garden of herb; kitchen-garden.*

LĒACTŪNWEARD

Noun: *gardener.*

LĒACWEARD

Noun: *gardener.*

LĒAD

Noun: *lead; leaden vessel; cauldron; an instrument of torture.*

LĒADEN

Adjective: *leaden.*

LĒADGEDELF

Noun: *lead-mine.*

LĒADGEWIHT

Noun: *scale of weight, lead-weight.*

LĒADGOTA

Noun: *plumber, lead-founder.*

LĒADSTÆF

Noun: *loaded stick; scourge.*

LĒAF

1. Noun: *leaf, shoot; leaf (of a tree), foliage; sheet of paper, leaf of a book.*

2. See *(ge)lēaf.*

LĒAFA

See *(ge)lēafa.*

LĒAFE

See *(ge)lēafe.*

LĒAFFUL

See *(ge)lēafful.*

LĒAFFULĪCE

See *(ge)lēaffulīce.*

LĒAFGEWRITEN

Adjective: *written (on a leaf).*

LĒAFHELMIG

Adjective: *having a leafy top.*

LĒAFHLYSTEND

Noun: *catechumen.*

LĒAFLĒAST

Noun: *want of faith, unbelief; unfaithfulness, infidelity.*

LĒAFLĒOHT

Adjective: *easy to believe.*

LĒAFNES

Noun: *leave, permission, licence.*

LĒAFNESWORD

Noun: *pass-word.*

LĒAFSCEAD

Noun: *place made shady by leaves or foliage.*

LĒAFSELE

Noun: *booth; place for shade.*

LĒAFWYRM

Noun: *caterpillar; canker.*

LĒAG

1. Noun: *lye, alkalized water; mixture of ashes and water; A lea, as a termination of local names -leigh, -ley, -ly; it occurs frequently in the charters.*

2. See *lēah* (1).

LĒAH

1. Noun: *open space; piece of ground, meadow, lea; untilled land.*

2. See *lēag* (1).

LĒAHHRYCG

Noun: *ridge of a lea.*

LĒAHMEALTWURT

Noun: *some kind of wort.*

LEAHTOR

Noun: *moral defect, vice, offence, sin, fault, crime; reproach, blame, opprobrium; disgrace; bodily defect, hurt, disease, disorder, malady.*

LEAHTORCWIDE

Noun: *injurious, insulting or opprobrious speech, blasphemy.*

LEAHTORFUL

Adjective: *vicious, seductive.*

LEAHTORLĒAS

Adjective: *innocent, free from defect or sin, faultless, blameless.*

LEAHTORLIC

Adjective: *defective, vicious, faulty.*

LEAHTORLĪCE

Adverb: *viciously, foully, wickedly.*

LEAHTRIAN

See *(ge)leahtrian*.

LEAHTRIC

Noun: *lettuce*.

LĒAHTRUNG

Noun: *reproach, blame, accusation; abuse, detraction, opprobrium*.

LĒAN

1. Noun: *recompense, reward, remuneration, compensation, requital; retribution; gift, loan*.

2. Verb: *to reproach, blame, find fault with; to disapprove, scorn*.

LĒANGYFA

Noun: *one who gives recompense or reward*.

LĒANIAN

See *(ge)lēanian*.

LĒANUNG

Noun: *recompense, reward*.

LĒAP

Noun: *basket; basket for catching or keeping fish; measure; trunk (of the body)*.

LĒAS

1. Adjective: *without, free from, destitute, bereft or void of; loose, licentious; false, untruthful, lying, deceitful, deceptive, faulty, perfidious; worthless, vain; faithless; sham, not genuine*.

2. Noun: *falsehood, falseness; lying, untruth; mistake*.

LĒASBRĒD

1. Adjective: *false, lying, deceitful, cheating*.

2. Noun: *deceit, cheating, trick, wile, fraud*.

LĒASBRĒDA

Noun: *trickster*.

LĒASBRĒDEN

Noun: *falsehood*.

LĒASBRĒDENDE

Adjective: *wily, deceitful*.

LĒASBRĒDNES

Noun: *deception, falsehood*.

LĒASCRÆFT

Noun: *false art, deception*.

LĒASE

Adverb: *falsely.*

LĒASERE

Noun: *liar, false person, hypocrite; buffoon, mime, jester, fool.*

LĒASETTAN

Verb: *to feign, pretend.*

LĒASFERHÐ

Adjective: *false, fickle.*

LĒASFERÐNES

Noun: *inconstancy; falseness, levity; folly.*

LĒASGESPECA

Noun: *falsifier.*

LĒASGEWITA

Noun: *false witness.*

LĒASGEWITNES

Noun: *false witness.*

LĒASGIELP

Noun: *vain-glory.*

LĒASIAN

Verb: *to lie.*

LĒASLIC

Adjective: *false, deceitful, sham; vain, frivolous, empty.*

LĒASLĪCCETTAN

Verb: *to dissemble, feign.*

LĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *falsely, deceptively; incorrectly.*

LĒASLĪCETTUNG

Noun: *dissimulation, pretence.*

LĒASMŌDNES

Noun: *inconstancy, instability.*

LĒASNES

Noun: *lying, falseness, levity; fickleness.*

LĒASŌLÆCCERE

Noun: *false flatterer.*

LĒASŌLECCAN

Verb: *to flatter, blandish.*

LĒASŌLECUNG

Noun: *flattery, cajolery.*

LĒASSAGOL

Adjective: *lying, false, mendacious.*

LĒASSCĒAWERE

Noun: *spy.*

LĒASSPELL

Noun: *lie; false story, fiction, fable.*

LĒASSPELLUNG

Noun: *empty, vain, idle or false talking.*

LĒASSPONUNG

Noun: *enticement, seduction, allurement.*

LĒASTYHTAN

Verb: *to flatter, wheedle, cajole.*

LĒASTYHTUNG

Noun: *flattery, wheedling, cajolery.*

LĒASUHT

Noun: *enticer, seducer, false creature; pander.*

LĒASUNG

Noun: *lying, leasing, deceit, falsehood, hypocrisy; deception; light (immoral action), deceitful action; lie, artifice, fiction; frivolity, laxity; false witness; empty talk, foolish, vain or frivolous speech; compensation.*

LĒASUNGSPELL

Noun: *false or foolish story, idle tale, fable.*

LĒASWYRCEND

Noun: *deceiver, doer of what is false.*

LĒAÐOR

Noun: *soap, lather, kind of nitre used for soap; soda.*

LĒAÐORWYRT

Noun: *soap-wort, lather-wort.*

LĒAWFINGER

Noun: *the forefinger, index-finger.*

LEAX

Noun: *salmon; lax.*

LĒC

1. Noun: *look, sight, regard.*

2. See *lēac.*

LECCAN

1. Verb: *to water, wet, moisten, irrigate; to slake.*

2. Verb: *to blame, find fault with.*

LECCING

Noun: *watering, moistening, irrigation.*

LECG

Noun: *part of a weapon, the cross bar in the hilt.*

LECGAN

See *(ge)lecgan.*

LECÐA

Noun: *ship's bottom or hold, lowest part of a ship.*

LĒF

1. Adjective: *weak, feeble, infirm, injured.*

2. Noun: *hurt, damage, injury.*

3. See *lēaf.*

LĒFMON

Noun: *sick person.*

LĒFT

Noun: *vow.*

LĒFUNG

Noun: *weakening; laming, lameness; paralysis.*

LEGACEASTER

Noun: *Chester.*

LEGACEASTERSCĪR

Noun: *Cheshire.*

LĒGELĒOHT

Noun: *light (of flame).*

LEGER

Noun: *sickness, illness, death; laying, couch, bed, grave; lair.*

LEGERBÆRE

Adjective: *sick, ill.*

LEGERBEDD

Noun: *bed, sick bed, grave.*

LEGERFÆST

Adjective: *sick, ill.*

LEGERSTŌW

Noun: *burial place, cemetery.*

LEGERTĒAM

Noun: *matrimony; cohabitation, sexual intercourse.*

LEGERWĪTE

Noun: *fine for unlawful cohabitation.*

LEGIE

Noun: *legion.*

LEHTER

Noun: *disgrace.*

LELOÐRE

Noun: *a kind of dock, silverweed.*

LEMIAN

See *(ge)lemian.*

LĒMIAN

Verb: *to enfeeble, cripple, lame; to strike.*

LEMPHEALT

Adjective: *limping, halting.*

LEMPIT

Noun: *dish, basin.*

LENCTEN

1. Noun: *spring, Lent.*

2. Adjective: *pertaining to Lent.*

LENCTENĀDL

Noun: *fever, spring fever, typhus fever, tertian argue, dysentery.*

LENCTENBERE

Noun: *spring-sown barley, Lent barley.*

LENCTENBRYCE

Noun: *breach of the Lenten fast.*

LENCTENDÆG

Noun: *day in Lent.*

LENCTENERÐE

Noun: *land ploughed in the spring.*

LENCTENFÆSTEN

Noun: *the fast of Lent.*

LENCTENHĀTO

Noun: *spring-heat, heat in spring.*

LENCTENLIC

Adjective: *of spring, Vernal, Lenten.*

LENCTENLIFEN

Noun: *Lenten fare.*

LENCTENMŌNAÐ

Noun: *a spring month.*

LENCTENSUFEL

Noun: *food for the spring or for Lent.*

LENCTENTĪD

Noun: *spring-time, spring, Lent.*

LENCTENTĪMA

Noun: *spring-time, spring; season of Lent.*

LENCTENWUCE

Noun: *a week in Lent.*

LENDAN

Verb: *to arrive, come to land; to land; to go, proceed.*

LENDENĀDL

Noun: *disease of the loins.*

LENDENBĀN

Noun: *loin-bone.*

LENDENBRÆD

Noun: *loin.*

LENDENBRÆDE

Noun: *loin.*

LENDENECE

Noun: *pain in the loins.*

LENDENSĒOC

Adjective: *diseased in the loins.*

LENDENSĪD

Adjective: *of a garment; reaching to the loins.*

LENDENU

Noun: *loins, reins.*

LENDENWYRC

Noun: *disease of the kidneys.*

LENDING

Noun: *landing, landing-place.*

LENG

1. Noun: *length, height, stature; length (of time).*

2. Adverb: *longer.*

3. See *lang.*

LENGAN

Verb: *to make or become long, lengthen, prolong, protract, delay; to extend; to reach, attain; to belong, pertain.*

LENGE

Adjective: *related, belonging; near (of time).*

LENGFÆRE

Adjective: *more durable.*

LENGIAN

Verb: *to long.*

LENGÐU

Noun: *length; height.*

LENGU

Noun: *length, height.*

LENT

Noun: *lentils, pulse.*

LĒO

Noun: *lion, lioness.*

LĒOD

1. Noun: *man, poet, prince; country; man for a particular country; fine for slaying a man; in pl. men, people, people of a country.*

2. Noun: *people, district occupied by a people, nation, country; race.*

LĒODA

1. Noun: *man, native of a country.*

2. See *lēod* (1).

3. See *lēode.*

LĒODAN

Verb: *to grow, spring up; to spring from; to descend.*

LĒODBEALU

Noun: *harm or bale which affects a people, calamity to a people.*

LĒODBISCEOP

Noun: *bishop of a district, province or diocese; bishop subordinate to an archbishop, suffragan bishop.*

LĒODBURG

Noun: *town, people's town, town of a country.*

LĒODBYGEN

Noun: *sale of one's compatriots, slave-traffic.*

LĒODCYNING

Noun: *ruler, king of a people.*

LĒODE

Noun: *people, men; country.*

LĒODFRUMA

Noun: *founder of a people, patriarch; first in rank among a people, chief, prince, king.*

LĒODGEARD

Noun: *dwelling of a people, country.*

LĒODGEBYRGA

Noun: *protector of a people, lord, chief man, prince, king.*

LĒODGELD

Noun: *fine paid for slaying a man.*

LĒODGEÐINCÐ

Noun: *order, rank existing amongst a people.*

LĒODGEWINN

Noun: *strife.*

LĒODGRYRE

Noun: *general terror, terror affecting a people.*

LĒODHATA

Noun: *persecutor, tyrant.*

LĒODHETE

Noun: *hate, hostility or enmity felt by a people.*

LĒODHRYRE

Noun: *fall or destruction of a prince or people.*

LĒODHWÆT

Adjective: *very brave or valiant.*

LĒODMÆG

Noun: *relative, comrade, kinsman of the same race, tribe or people.*

LĒODMÆGEN

Noun: *might of a people; host, fighting men.*

LĒODMEARC

Noun: *people's territory, domain, country.*

LĒODRÆDEN

Noun: *population, people; region, country.*

LĒODRIHT

Noun: *public law, common law, law of the land.*

LĒODRŪNE

Noun: *wise woman, sorceress, pythoness, witch.*

LĒODSCEARU

Noun: *people, tribe, nation.*

LĒODSCEAÐA

Noun: *harmer of men, public enemy.*

LĒODSCIPE

Noun: *people, nation; region, country.*

LĒODSTEFN

Noun: *race, family, people; assembly.*

LĒODÐĒAW

Noun: *popular usage, custom of a people or country.*

LĒODWEARD

Noun: *guard or government of a people or country.*

LĒODWER

Noun: *man of a nation.*

LĒODWEROD

Noun: *host formed by a people.*

LĒODWITA

Noun: *man of intelligence, wise man, elder; chief.*

LĒODWYNN

Noun: *joy that comes from being among one's own people.*

LĒOF

1. See *lēaf* 1.

2. Noun: *beloved one, friend; form of address to one or to many, sir! sire!; impure companion.*

3. See *(ge)lēof.*

LĒOFFÆST

Adjective: *dear, precious.*

LĒOFIAN

Verb: *to be or become dear or pleasant, delight.*

LĒOFLIC

Adjective: *valued, precious; dear, lovable, lovely; pleasant, delightful; beautiful.*

LĒOFLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, gladly, graciously, willingly, lovingly.*

LĒOFSPELL

Noun: *pleasant message, good news.*

LĒOFTÆL

Adjective: *dear, loving, estimable; kind, agreeable, grateful, desirable.*

LĒOFWENDE

Adjective: *kind, pleasing, agreeable, acceptable, gracious; amiable, loving, estimable.*

LĒOFWENDUM

Adverb: *ardently.*

LĒOGAN

See *(ge)lēogan.*

LĒOGERE

Noun: *liar, false witness; hypocrite.*

LĒOHT

1. Adjective: *clear, light, bright, shining, luminous, resplendent; beautiful; easy, ready; slight, trifling, inconsiderate; fickle; light, not heavy; quick, agile, nimble; gentle; cheerful, untroubled; renowned; light, frivolous, wanton; trivial; venial.*

2. Noun: *light, day light; power of vision, eyesight; luminary; world.*

LĒOHTBÆRE

Adjective: *luminous, brilliant, splendid.*

LĒOHTBĒAMEDE

Adjective: *having bright beams or rays.*

LĒOHTBEREND

Noun: *light-bearer, Lucifer.*

LĒOHTBERENDE

Adjective: *light-bearing, Lucifer; luminous.*

LĒOHTBORA

Noun: *light-bearer.*

LĒOHTBRÆDNES

Noun: *levity, frivolity, wantonness.*

LĒOHTE

Adverb: *lightly, easily, comfortably; gently; clearly, brightly, brilliantly.*

LĒOHTFÆT

Noun: *light, lamp, lantern, torch.*

LĒOHTFÆTELS

Noun: *lamp, lantern.*

LĒOHTFLŌWEND

Adjective: *luciflus.*

LĒOHTFRUMA

Noun: *origin, source or author of light.*

LĒOHTGESCEOT

Noun: *contribution made to furnish the church with lights.*

LĒOHTIAN

Verb: *to grow or become light, dawn; to give light, illuminate, shine; to be lightened, become less heavy; to be relieved.*

LĒOHTĪSERN

Noun: *candlestick.*

LĒOHTLĒAS

Adjective: *without light, dark.*

LĒOHTLIC

Adjective: *light, bright, radiant, shining; light, of little weight or importance, venial.*

LĒOHTLĪCE

Adverb: *lightly, slightly; without trouble or effort, easily; inconsiderately; quickly; softly, gently; slowly.*

LĒOHTMŌD

Adjective: *easy-going, easy-tempered, of light or cheerful mind, light-hearted.*

LĒOHTMŌDNES

Noun: *lightness of mind, levity, frivolity; inconstancy, want of gravity or steadiness.*

LĒOHTSĀWEND

Noun: *author of light.*

LĒOHTSCĒAWIGEND

Adjective: *one who sees light.*

LĒOHTSTĀN

Noun: *lamp.*

LĒOMA

See *(ge)lēoma.*

LĒON

See *(ge)lēon.*

LĒONA

Noun: *lion or lioness.*

LĒONES

Noun: *league.*

LĒONESĒAÐ

Noun: *lion's den.*

LĒONFLÆSC

Noun: *lion's flesh.*

LĒONFŌT

Noun: *lion's foot (plant).*

LĒONHWELP

Noun: *lion's cub.*

LĒOPARD

Noun: *leopard.*

LĒORAN

See *(ge)lēoran.*

LĒOREDNES

See *(ge)lēorednes.*

LĒORENDE

Adjective: *transitory.*

LEORNERE

Noun: *learner, student, scholar, pupil, disciple; reader.*

LEORNES

Noun: *learning.*

LĒORNES

See *(ge)lēornes.*

LEORNESTRE

Noun: *student.*

LEORNIAN

See *(ge)leornian*.

LEORNINGCILD

Noun: *student, scholar, pupil, disciple*.

LEORNINGCNIHT

Noun: *student, scholar, disciple, a youth engaged in study*.

LEORNINGENDE

Adjective: *teachable*.

LEORNINGHŪS

Noun: *house for study, school*.

LEORNUNG

Noun: *learning, study, meditation; reading; pupillage; what is learnt or taught*.

LEORNUNGCRÆFT

Noun: *learning, erudition*.

LEORNUNGMANN

Noun: *learner, student, scholar, pupil, disciple*.

LEORNUNGSCŌL

Noun: *school, school for (book-)learning*.

LĒOÐ

Noun: *song, poem, ode, lay, verses*.

LĒOÐCRÆFT

Noun: *art of poetry; poem, verse*.

LĒOÐCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *skilled in poetry*.

LĒOÐCWIDE

Noun: *poem, lay*.

LĒOÐERE

Noun: *poet*.

LĒOÐGIDDING

Noun: *song, poem, lay*.

LEOÐIAN

Verb: *to sound; to sing; to emit, release*.

LĒOÐLIC

Adjective: *poetical, versified*.

LĒOÐORŪN

Noun: *counsel conveyed in verse; good counsel given in song.*

LĒOÐSANG

Noun: *song, poem; poetry.*

LEOÐU

Noun: *retinue, following.*

LĒOÐUBEND

Noun: *chain, bond, fetter.*

LĒOÐUBĪGE

Adjective: *flexible; humble, meek.*

LĒOÐUBĪGNES

Noun: *flexibility of limbs; supple bending of a join.*

LĒOÐUCÆGA

Noun: *limbs serving as a key.*

LEOÐUCĒGE

Noun: *limb-key.*

LEOÐUCRÆFT

Noun: *poetic art or skill; bodily skill, skill in the use of the limbs.*

LEOÐUCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *agile, skilful with the limbs.*

LEOÐUFÆST

Adjective: *able, skilful; strong; firm of limb.*

LEOÐULIC

Adjective: *bodily, belonging to the limbs.*

LĒOÐUSĀR

Noun: *pain of the limbs or joints.*

LĒOÐUSYRCE

Noun: *corslet, coat of mail.*

LEOÐUWĀC

Adjective: *flexible, pliant, supple, with pliant joints.*

LĒOÐUWĀCUNG

Noun: *compeditorum.*

LEOÐUWĀCUNGA

Noun: *mitigation.*

LEOÐUWÆCAN

See *(ge)leoðuwæcan.*

LĒOÐWEORC

Noun: *poetry, song-making.*

LĒOÐWĪSE

Noun: *verse, poetry, poetical manner.*

LĒOÐWORD

Noun: *word in a poem.*

LĒOÐWRENC

Noun: *trick in a poem; doubtful or spurious passage.*

LĒOÐWYRHTA

Noun: *poet.*

LĒOÐWYRT

Noun: *unknown plant, chamedafne.*

LĒOW

Noun: *thigh; ham.*

LEOWE

Noun: *mile, league.*

LĒPENE

Noun: *basket.*

LEPPAN

Verb: *to feed (hawks).*

LESAN

Verb: *to gather, collect; to select, pick; to lease; to glean.*

LESCA

Noun: *groin.*

LĒTANĪA

Noun: *litany.*

LETTAN

See *(ge)lettan.*

LETTEND

Noun: *hinderer.*

LETTING

Noun: *letting; obstruction, impediment, hindering; delay, retarding.*

LEÐER

Noun: *skin, hide, leather.*

LEÐERCODD

Noun: *leather bag.*

LEÐERHELM

Noun: *leather helmet.*

LEÐERHOSU

Noun: *leather covering for the leg, gaiter.*

LEÐERWYRHTA

Noun: *tanner, currier.*

LEÐREN

Adjective: *leathern, of leather.*

LĒWSA

Noun: *weakness, infirmity, misery.*

LIBANISC

Adjective: *of Lebanon.*

LIBBAN

Verb: *to be, exist, live, experience; to subsist, feed.*

LĪC

Noun: *body, flesh; dead body, corpse; the trunk (in contrast with the limbs).*

LĪCBEORG

Noun: *coffin, sarcophagus.*

LĪCBURG

Noun: *cemetery, city of the dead.*

LICCIAN

Verb: *to lick, lick up, lap.*

LICCUNG

Noun: *licking.*

LĪCE

See *(ge)līce.*

LICETFELD

Noun: *Lichfield in Staffordshire.*

LĪCETTAN

Verb: *to feign, pretend, simulate, profess falsely, dissimulate, dissemble; to flatter.*

LĪCETTERE

Noun: *one who feigns, deceiver, hypocrite.*

LĪCETTUNG

Noun: *feigning, pretence, false representation, simulation, deceit, hypocrisy; flattery.*

LĪCFÆT

Noun: *the body.*

LICGAN

See *(ge)licgan.*

LĪCHAMA

Noun: *body, corpse; trunk.*

LĪCHAMLĒAS

Adjective: *without a body, incorporeal.*

LĪCHAMLIC

Adjective: *bodily, carnal, corporeal, not spiritual; material, physical.*

LĪCHAMLĪCE

Adverb: *bodily, in the body, in the flesh, carnally; personally.*

LĪCHANGA

Noun: *gibbet.*

LĪCHORD

Noun: *interior of the body.*

LĪCHRÆGEL

Noun: *winding-sheet.*

LĪCHRYRE

Noun: *bodily decay, death.*

LĪCIAN

See *(ge)līcian.*

LĪCIENDLIC

Adjective: *pleasing, pleasant, agreeable.*

LĪCIENDLĪCE

Adverb: *pleasingly.*

LICLĀF

Noun: *relic (of a saint)*

LĪCLĒOÐ

Noun: *funeral song, dirge.*

LĪCLIC

Adjective: *relating to the dead, belonging to a funeral.*

LĪCMANN

Noun: *person having to do with a corpse, bearer, pall-bearer.*

LĪCNES

See *(ge)līcnes*.

LĪCPYTT

Noun: *grave*.

LĪCREST

Noun: *grave, tomb, sepulchre; cemetery; hearse, vehicle or bier in which a corpse is borne*.

LĪCSANG

Noun: *funeral song, dirge*.

LĪCSĀR

Noun: *body wound, mortal wound*.

LĪCSTŌW

Noun: *place of burial*.

LĪCSYRCE

Noun: *corslet, coat of mail*.

LĪCTŪN

Noun: *burial ground, grave-yard, cemetery*.

LĪCÐĒNUNG

Noun: *funeral, last offices done to the dead, obsequies; laying out (of corpse)*.

LĪCÐĒOTE

Noun: *pore*.

LĪCÐRŌWERE

Noun: *leper, one suffering from ulcers on the body*.

LĪCÐRŪH

Noun: *tomb, sepulchre*.

LĪCUNG

See *(ge)līcung*.

LĪCWĪGLUNG

Noun: *necromancy*.

LĪCWUND

Noun: *wound*.

LĪCWYRÐE

See *(ge)līcwyrðe*.

LĪCWYRÐLĪCE

Adverb: *pleasingly, in an estimable or praiseworthy manner*.

LĪCWYRÐNES

Noun: *good pleasure*.

LID

Noun: *ship, vessel.*

LIDA

Noun: *sailor, traveller.*

LIDMANN

Noun: *sailor, seafarer, pirate.*

LIDWEARD

Noun: *ship-master, one who guards a ship.*

LIDWĒRIG

Adjective: *weary of being on shipboard.*

LIDWICCAS

Noun: *the people of Brittany, Brittany.*

LĪEFAN

1. See *(ge)līefan* (1).

2. See *(ge)līefan* (2).

LĪEG

Noun: *lightning, flame, fire.*

LĪESAN

See *(ge)līesan.*

LĪESING

1. Noun: *freedman.*

2. Noun: *loosing, releasing, deliverance; redemption.*

LĪESNES

Noun: *redemption; release, deliverance.*

LĪF

1. Noun: *existence, life; life-time; way or mode of life; monastery.*

2. See *lēf* (1).

3. See *leāf.*

LĪFAN

Verb: *to remain.*

LĪFBRYCGUNG

Noun: *life, intercourse; way of life.*

LĪFBYSIG

Adjective: *anxious or struggling about life, busy about saving life.*

LĪFCEARU

Noun: *care or anxiety about life.*

LĪFDÆG

Noun: *lifetime, day of life.*

LIFEN

Noun: *support, sustenance.*

LIFER

Noun: *the liver; weight; level surface.*

LIFERĀDL

Noun: *liver complaint, disease of the liver.*

LIFERBŸL

Noun: *prominence or protuberance on the liver.*

LIFERHOL

Noun: *hollow in the liver.*

LIFERLÆPPA

Noun: *lobe of the liver.*

LIFERSĒOC

Adjective: *ill in the liver.*

LIFERSĒOCNES

Noun: *disease of the liver.*

LIFERWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the liver.*

LIFERWYRT

Noun: *liverwort.*

LĪFFADUNG

Noun: *ordering or regulating of one's life.*

LĪFFÆC

Noun: *life, lifetime.*

LĪFFÆST

See *(ge)līffæst.*

LĪFFÆSTAN

See *(ge)līffæstan.*

LĪFFRĒA

Noun: *the Lord of life.*

LĪFFRUMA

Noun: *the author of life, source of life (Christ, God).*

LĪFGEDĀL

Noun: *parting with life, separation from life, death.*

LĪFGESCEAFT

Noun: *condition of life as ordered by fate.*

LĪFGETWINNAN

Noun: *twins.*

LIFIENDE

Adjective: *that lives or has life; when alive.*

LĪFLĀD

Noun: *conduct or way of life; lifetime.*

LĪFLĒAS

Adjective: *lifeless, without life, inanimate, dead.*

LĪFLĒAST

Noun: *loss of life, death.*

LĪFLIC

Adjective: *living; lively, pertaining to life; vital, necessary to life; long-lived.*

LĪFLĪCE

Adverb: *vitally, so as to infuse life.*

LĪFLYRE

Noun: *loss of life.*

LĪFNERU

Noun: *support of life, food.*

LIFRIG

Adjective: *clotted, coagulated.*

LĪFT

Noun: *allowance, grant.*

LĪFWEARD

Noun: *guardian of life (Christ).*

LĪFWEG

Noun: *way of life, way in life, one's path in life.*

LĪFWELA

Noun: *riches; heavenly riches.*

LĪFWELLE

Adjective: *from a living spring, life-giving.*

LĪFWRAÐU

Noun: *support or protection of life.*

LĪFWYNN

Noun: *pleasure or joy of life.*

LĪGBÆRE

Adjective: *flaming, fiery; flame-bearing.*

LĪGBEREND

Noun: *flame-bearer.*

LĪGBERENDE

Adjective: *flaming; flame-bearing.*

LĪGBRYNE

Noun: *burning of flame, fire.*

LĪGBYSIG

Adjective: *of active body, active with the body, busy with fire.*

LĪGCWALU

Noun: *torment, fiery torment; death by fire.*

LĪGDRACA

Noun: *fiery dragon, dragon vomiting flames.*

LIGE

1. Noun: *the river Lea.*

2. See *lyge* (1).

LĪGEGESA

Noun: *fear caused by fire.*

LĪGELĒOHT

Adjective: *bright with flame.*

LĪGEN

Adjective: *flaming, fiery.*

LĪGER

Noun: *flame.*

LIGER

Noun: *the Loire.*

LĪGET

Noun: *lightning, flash of lightning.*

LĪGETRÆSC

Noun: *lightning, flash of light, coruscation.*

LĪGETSLEHT

Noun: *lightning-stroke, thunderbolt.*

LĪGETSLIHT

Noun: *flash of lightning.*

LĪGETU

Noun: *lightning, flash.*

LĪGETUNG

Noun: *lightning.*

LĪGFÆMENDE

Adjective: *vomiting flame or fire.*

LĪGFĀMBLĀWENDE

Adjective: *vomiting flame or fire.*

LĪGFŸR

Noun: *flaming fire.*

LĪGLIC

Adjective: *fiery.*

LĪGLOCC

Adjective: *having flaming locks.*

LĪGLOCCED

Adjective: *furnished with fiery locks.*

LĪGNAN

Verb: *to deny.*

LIGORACEASTER

Noun: *Leicester.*

LIGRÆGEL

Noun: *garment of varied hues.*

LĪGRÆSCETUNG

Noun: *lightning.*

LĪGRÆSCUNG

Noun: *lightning.*

LĪGSPĪWEL

Adjective: *vomiting flame.*

LĪGÐRACU

Noun: *fiery onset; violence or tumultuous movement of flames.*

LĪGŸÐ

Noun: *wave of fire.*

LĪHTAN

Verb: *to give light, lighten, illuminate; to make light, shine; to grow light, dawn; to light, kindle.*

LĪHTING

1. Noun: *relief, alleviation; lightening; release, migration.*

2. Noun: *lightning, illumination, shining; dawn.*

LĪHTINGNES

Noun: *lightness of taxation.*

LĪHTNES

Noun: *lightness, brightness.*

LILIE

Noun: *lily.*

LĪM

Noun: *lime; material which causes adhesion, anything sticky, glue, cement, mortar; snare; bird-lime.*

LIM

Noun: *member of a body, limb, joint, leg; branch of a tree; member of the church, subordinate; agent; offspring; member of a sentence.*

LĪMAN

Verb: *to emit rays, shine, beam.*

LIMBSTEFNING

Noun: *curtain, awning.*

LĪMFĪN

Noun: *lime-heap.*

LIMGELECG

Noun: *disposition, arrangement, shape or form of the limbs, form, shape.*

LIMGESIÐ

Noun: *physical vision, sight by means of the bodily eye; body.*

LIMHĀL

Adjective: *sound of limb.*

LĪMING

Noun: *daubing, plastering, cementing.*

LIMLÆW

Noun: *injury to the limbs, mutilation.*

LIMLÆWEO

Adjective: *injured or maimed in the limbs.*

LIMLĒAS

Adjective: *without limbs, not having all one's limbs.*

LIMMÆLUM

Adverb: *limb by limb, a limb at a time; limb-meal.*

LIMMLAMA

Adjective: *lame in the limbs, crippled.*

LIMNACOD

Adjective: *with uncovered limbs, naked.*

LIMPAN

See *(ge)limpan.*

LIMPFUL

See *(ge)limpful.*

LIMPLÆCAN

Verb: *to unite, connect.*

LIMPLĪCE

See *(ge)limplīce.*

LIMRÆDEN

Noun: *form or disposition of the limbs; cloak.*

LIMSĒOC

Adjective: *having diseased limbs, lame, paralytic.*

LIMWÆDE

Noun: *clothing.*

LIMWÆSTM

Noun: *size of the body, stature, limb-growth.*

LIMWĒRIG

Adjective: *having the limbs wearied.*

LĪN

Noun: *cloth, napkin, towel, linen, flax.*

LĪNACER

Noun: *field where flax is grown.*

LIND

Noun: *linden or lime-tree; shield (of wood).*

LINDCRODA

Noun: *shield-press, battle.*

LINDCYLENE

Noun: *Lincoln.*

LINDEN

Adjective: *made of linen-wood or lime-tree.*

LINDESFARNEALANDING

Noun: *a native of Lindisfarne.*

LINDESSE

Noun: *Lindsey, the northern part of Lincolnshire.*

LINDGEBORGA

Noun: *protector bearing a shield, warlike protector.*

LINDGECROD

Noun: *shield-bearing crowd or troop.*

LINDGELĀC

Noun: *shield-conflict, battle.*

LINDGESTEALLA

Noun: *companion in war or arms.*

LINDHÆBBENDE

Noun: *shield-bearer, warrior.*

LINDHŌH

Noun: *where lime-trees are growing.*

LINDISFARAN

Noun: *name of people settled in part of Northumbria.*

LINDISFARNENSISC

Adjective: *of Lindisfarne.*

LINDISWARE

Noun: *the people of Lindsey.*

LINDPLEGA

Noun: *shield-play, battle.*

LINDRYCG

Noun: *ridge where limes grow.*

LINDWERED

Noun: *band or troop armed with shields.*

LINDWIGA

Noun: *warrior armed with a shield.*

LINDWĪGEND

Noun: *warrior armed with a shield.*

LĪNE

Noun: *line, rope, cable, cord; series, row; direction, rule, canon; stroke made on a surface.*

LĪNEN

Adjective: *linen, made of flax.*

LĪNENHRÆGL

Noun: *linen cloth.*

LĪNENWEARD

Adjective: *dressed in linen.*

LĪNETE

Noun: *linnet.*

LĪNETWIGLE

Noun: *linnet.*

LĪNHÆWEN

Adjective: *flax-coloured.*

LINIAN

Verb: *to leave.*

LĪNLAND

Noun: *land where flax grows.*

LĪNLĒAG

Noun: *flax-field or ground.*

LINNAN

Verb: *to cease from, leave off, desist; to yield up; to part from; to lose.*

LĪNSÆD

Noun: *linseed.*

LINSÆDCORN

Noun: *linseed corn.*

LĪNSĒTCORN

Noun: *a grain of linseed.*

LĪNWÆD

Noun: *linen cloth or garment.*

LĪNWYRT

Noun: *flax.*

LIPPA

Noun: *lip.*

LIPPE

Noun: *lip.*

LĪRA

Noun: *muscle, fleshy part of the body without fat or bone, brawn, calf of the leg.*

LĪREHT

Adjective: *fleshy, brawny.*

LISS

Noun: *calm, kindness, gentleness; pleasure; favour, mercy; love; joy; rest, peace; remission, forgiveness; alleviation; saving (of life).*

LISSAN

Verb: *to weaken, soften, subdue, tame.*

LISSIAN

Verb: *pity.*

LIST

Noun: *art, skill, craft, artifice, experience, cleverness; cunning.*

LĪSTE

Noun: *border, fringe, hem, selvage, list.*

LISTELĪCE

Adverb: *skilfully, carefully.*

LISTHENDIG

Adjective: *having skilful hands.*

LISTUM

Adverb: *skilfully, cunningly.*

LISTWRENC

Noun: *deception, wile, artifice.*

LIT

Noun: *colour, dye.*

LĪTAN

Verb: *to bend, incline, cause to bow.*

LITIGERE

Noun: *dyer.*

LIÐ

1. Noun: *member of the body, joint, limb; tip (of finger); point.*

2. Noun: *fleet.*

LĪÐ

1. Noun: *strong drink, fermented drink, native wine, cider; beaker cup.*

2. Noun: *mercy.*

3. See *līðe* (1).

LĪÐA

Noun: *name of the months June and July.*

LIÐĀDL

Noun: *gout.*

LĪÐAN

1. Verb: *to be bereft of, suffer loss; to soften, mitigate, assuage.*

2. Verb: *to go, travel, sail.*

LĪÐE

1. Adjective: *soft, calm, serene; kind, pleasant, agreeable, gentle, mild, sweet, gracious; meek; lithe; benign.*

2. Adverb: *in a soft, calm, kind, agreeable, gentle, mild, sweet, gracious way.*

LIÐELĒAF

Noun: *camomile.*

LĪÐELIC

Adjective: *soft, mild, gentle.*

LĪÐELĪCE

Adverb: *softly, kindly, mildly, gently, graciously.*

LĪÐEND

Noun: *traveller, sailor.*

LIÐERA

Noun: *sling, slinging pouch.*

LĪÐERCIAN

Verb: *to soften, smooth down; to flatter, charm.*

LIÐERE

Noun: *sling, slinging pouch.*

LIÐERLIC

Adjective: *of a sling.*

LIÐIAN

See *(ge)liðian.*

LĪÐIAN

Verb: *to be, become; to make.*

LĪÐIG

Adjective: *flexible, bending, lithe, pliant, supple; soft, yielding.*

LĪÐIGIAN

See *(ge)līðigian.*

LIÐINCEL

Noun: *little joint.*

LĪÐNES

Noun: *softness, kindness, mildness, gentleness, lenity.*

LIÐSĒAW

Noun: *oily matter between the joints, synovia.*

LĪÐSIAN

Verb: *to make weak, subdue.*

LIÐSMANN

Noun: *sailor, seafarer, pirate.*

LIÐULE

Noun: *synovia.*

LĪÐUNG

Noun: *relief, relieving, alleviation.*

LĪÐWÆGE

Noun: *drinking-cup, wine-cup.*

LIÐWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the joints.*

LĪÐWYRDE

Adjective: *gentle or mild of speech.*

LĪÐWYRT

Noun: *dwarf elder.*

LĪXAN

Verb: *to flash, shine, gleam, glitter.*

LĪXENDE

Adverb: *splendidly.*

LĪXUNG

Noun: *brightness, brilliance, splendour.*

LOBBE

Noun: *spider.*

LOC

1. Noun: *lock, bolt, bar; enclosure, prison, fold, stronghold; close, conclusion, settlement; bargain, agreement.*

2. See *locc* (1).

LŌC

Interjection: *look! see! look you!*

LŌCA HŪ

Interjection: *look! see! look you!*

LŌCERE

Noun: *keeper, shepherd.*

LOCA

Noun: *enclosure, stronghold; lock of wool; lock, bolt, bar.*

LOCBORE

Noun: *one wearing long hair; free woman.*

LOCC

1. Noun: *hair, lock of hair, curl, ringlet.*

2. See *loc* (1).

LOCCIAN

See *(ge)loccian.*

LOCCOD

Adjective: *provided with hair, hairy, shaggy, having locks.*

LOCFEAX

Noun: *hair.*

LOCGEWIND

Noun: *hair.*

LOCHYRDEL

Noun: *hurdle for sheepfolds.*

LŌCIAN

See *(ge)lōcian.*

LOCOD

Adjective: *having flocks of wool, shaggy.*

LOCOR

Noun: *carpenter's tool, plane.*

LOCSTĀN

Noun: *stone closing an entrance.*

LODDERE

Noun: *poor person, beggar.*

LŌF

Noun: *band; fillet.*

LOF

Noun: *praise, repute, glory; song of praise, hymn; protection, help.*

LOFBÆRE

Adjective: *giving praise, praising, laudatory.*

LOFDÆD

Noun: *deed, deserving praise, praiseworthy deed.*

LOFGEORN

Adjective: *desirous of praise, lavish, boastful, ostentations.*

LOFHERUNG

Noun: *praising, commendation.*

LOFIAN

See *(ge)lofian.*

LOFLĀC

Noun: *offering in honour of any one.*

LOFLÆCAN

Verb: *to praise.*

LOFLIC

Adjective: *praiseworthy, laudable, honourable.*

LOFLĪCE

Adverb: *honourably, gloriously.*

LOFMÆGEN

Noun: *abundance or greatness of praise.*

LOFSANG

Noun: *song of praise, hymn, psalm, canticle, lauds.*

LOFSEALM

Noun: *lauds, psalms, the* 148*th Psalm, lauds.*

LOFSINGENDE

Adjective: *singing hymns.*

LOFSUM

Adjective: *deserving praise, noble, excellent.*

LOFT

Noun: *air.*

LOFTE

Adverb: *in the air, aloft.*

LOFTON

Adverb: *in the air, aloft.*

LOFUNG

Noun: *praising, laudation; appraising.*

LŌGIAN

See *(ge)lōgian.*

LOGÐER

Adjective: *artful, crafty, cunning, willy; plotting mischief.*

LŌH

Noun: *place, stead.*

LŌHSCEAFT

Noun: *bolt, bar, stick with a strap to it.*

LŌMA

See *(ge)lōma.*

LŌME

1. See *(ge)lōme* (1).

2. See *(ge)lōme* (2).

LŌMLÆCAN

See *(ge)lōmlæcan.*

LONDĀDL

Noun: *strangury.*

LONGBEARDAN

Noun: *the Lombards.*

LOPPE

Noun: *spider; silk worm.*

LOPPESTRE

Noun: *lobster, locust.*

LOR

Noun: *loss; destruction.*

LORG

Noun: *pole, distaff, weaver's beam.*

LORTE

Noun: *mud.*

LOSIAN

See *(ge)losian.*

LOSIGENDLIC

Adjective: *ready to perish, in danger of destruction.*

LOSING

Noun: *loss, perdition; destruction.*

LOSWIST

Noun: *loss, waste destruction; hurt.*

LOT

Noun: *craft, cunning, guile, deceit, fraud.*

LOTWRENC

Noun: *trick, craft, cunning, artifice, wile, deceit, fraud.*

LOTWRENCCEAST

Noun: *cunning, wiliness.*

LOÐA

Noun: *upper garment, cloak, mantle.*

LOÐRUNG

Noun: *triviality, nonsense, delusion.*

LOX

Noun: *lynx.*

LŪCAN

1. Verb: *to pull up; to pull out; to pluck out*

2. See *(ge)lūcan.*

LUDGÆT

Noun: *back door, side-gate, postern gate.*

LUFE

Noun: *loved home.*

LUFEN

Noun: *hope; beloved home.*

LUFESTICE

Noun: *lovage (plant).*

LUFESTRE

Noun: *female lover.*

LUFFEORM

Noun: *hospitality.*

LUFIAN

See *(ge)lufian*.

LUFIEND

Noun: *lover; protector, cherisher*.

LUFIENDE

Adjective: *affectionate*.

LUFIGENDLIC

Adjective: *lovable, amiable; beautiful*.

LUFLIC

Adjective: *lovable, amiable, worthy of love; loving, dear*.

LUFLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, amiably, gladly, willingly; dearly; pleasantly, courteously*.

LUFRÆDEN

Noun: *love*.

LUFSUM

Adjective: *lovable, amiable, pleasant*.

LUFSUMLIC

Adjective: *gracious, pleasing, desirable*.

LUFSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, graciously*.

LUFSUMNES

Noun: *kindness, amiability, pleasantness, love*.

LUFTĀCEN

Noun: *token of love*.

LUFTȳME

Adjective: *pleasant, sweet; grateful, benevolent*.

LUFTȳMLIC

Adjective: *agreeable, pleasant*.

LUFU

Noun: *strong liking, affection, love, passion, attachment; desire; favour*.

LUFUNG

Noun: *loving, action of loving*.

LUFWENDE

Adjective: *pleasant; lovable, affectionate, amiable; beloved*.

LUFWENDLIC

Adjective: *friendly, amiable.*

LUFWENDLĪCE

Adverb: *gently, in a friendly fashion.*

LUH

Noun: *pond, loch, lough.*

LUM

Noun: *pool.*

LUNCIAN

Verb: *to limp.*

LUNDEN

Noun: *London.*

LUNDENBURH

Noun: *London.*

LUNDENCEASTER

Noun: *London.*

LUNDENTŪN

Noun: *London.*

LUNDENWARAN

Noun: *the people of London.*

LUNDENWARU

Noun: *the Londoners, people of London.*

LUNDENWEG

Noun: *the London-road.*

LUNDLAGA

Noun: *rein; kidney.*

LUNDONISC

Adjective: *of London, belonging to London.*

LUNGEN

Noun: *lung.*

LUNGENĀDL

Noun: *disease of the lungs.*

LUNGENÆĐER

Noun: *vein of the lungs.*

LUNGENCOĐU

Noun: *lung disease.*

LUNGENSEALF

Noun: *salve for the lungs.*

LUNGENWYRT

Noun: *lung-wort.*

LUNGER

Adjective: *quick to act.*

LUNGRE

Adverb: *quickly, speedily; soon, suddenly, straightway, at once.*

LŪS

Noun: *louse.*

LUSIAN

Verb: *to fail, perish, be lost; to get away, escape; to lose; to destroy.*

LUST

1. Noun: *appetite, desire, lust; pleasure, delight; greed; voluptuousness, (pl) sensuous.*

2. Adjective: *glad, pleased, desirous; willing.*

LUSTBÆRE

1. Adjective: *pleasant, agreeable, desirable; cheerful.*

2. Adverb: *gladly, with pleasure, willingly.*

LUSTBÆRLIC

Adjective: *pleasant, desirable.*

LUSTBÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *with pleasure, delight or eagerness.*

LUSTBÆRNES

Noun: *enjoyment, pleasure, desire.*

LUSTFUL

Adjective: *wishful, desirous.*

LUSTFULLIAN

See *(ge)lustfullian.*

LUSTFULLĪCE

See *(ge)lustfullīce.*

LUSTFULLUNG

See *(ge)lustfullung.*

LUSTFULNES

See *(ge)lustfulness.*

LUSTGEORNNES

Noun: *desire, concupiscence.*

LUSTGĪTSUNG

Noun: *desire for pleasure.*

LUSTGRYN

Noun: *snare set by pleasure.*

LUSTLĪCE

Adverb: *gladly, with pleasure, willingly.*

LUSTMOCE

Noun: *lady's smock (plant).*

LUSTSUMLIC

Adjective: *pleasant, delectable.*

LUSTSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *willingly.*

LUSTUM

Adverb: *gladly, with pleasure.*

LŪSÐORN

Noun: *spindle tree.*

LŪTAN

Verb: *to bend, bow, fall down before one; to stoop; to decline.*

LUTEGĀR

Noun: *trapping spear.*

LŪTIAN

See *(ge)lūtian.*

LYBB

Noun: *medicine, drug, poison, charm.*

LYBBESTRE

Noun: *sorcerer, witch.*

LYBCORN

Noun: *medicinal seed, grain of purgative effect, wild saffron.*

LYBCRÆFT

Noun: *skill in the use of drugs, magic, witchcraft.*

LYBESN

Noun: *amulet, charm, knot.*

LYBLĀC

Noun: *occult art, sorcery, witchcraft, use of drugs for magic.*

LYBLÆCA

Noun: *sorcerer, wizard.*

LYCETTAN

Verb: *murmer.*

LYFFETERE

Noun: *flatterer.*

LYFFETTAN

Verb: *to flatter, pay court to.*

LYFFETUNG

Noun: *flattery, adulation, paying court to.*

LYFT

Noun: *air, breeze; clouds, sky, atmosphere, heavens.*

LYFTĀDL

Noun: *paralysis, palsy.*

LYFTEDOR

Noun: *enclosure formed by clouds.*

LYFTEN

Adjective: *of the air, airy, aerial.*

LYFTFÆT

Noun: *aerial vessel (the moon).*

LYFTFLĒOGEND

Noun: *flier in the air, bird.*

LYFTFLOGA

Noun: *flier in the air, dragon.*

LYFTGELĀC

Noun: *flight through the air.*

LYFTGESWENCED

Adjective: *driven by the wind.*

LYFTHELM

Noun: *air, mist, cloud, atmosphere.*

LYFTLĀCENDE

Adjective: *flying, sporting or playing in the air, moving hither and thither in the air.*

LYFTLIC

Adjective: *aerial, of the atmosphere.*

LYFTSCEAÐA

Noun: *aerial robber (raven).*

LYFTWUNDOR

Noun: *aerial wonder (the pillar that conducted the Israelites.*

LYFTWYNN

Noun: *pleasantness of the air, joyous air.*

LYGE

1. Noun: *lie, falsehood.*

2. Adjective: *lying, false, mendacious.*

3. Noun: *secale, rye, corn (plant name).*

4. See *lige* (1).

LYGEANBURH

Noun: *Lenborough, near Buckingham.*

LYGEN

1. Noun: *lie, falsehood.*

2. Adjective: *lying, false.*

LYGENIAN

Verb: *to give one the lie, convict of falsehood.*

LYGESEARU

Noun: *false trick, artifice, wile, snare.*

LYGESPELL

Noun: *falsehood, false speech.*

LYGESYNNIG

Adjective: *false, guilty of lying.*

LYGETORN

Adjective: *feigned anger or grief.*

LYGETŪN

Noun: *Leighton, in Bedfordshire.*

LYGEWORD

Noun: *lying word, lie, falsehood.*

LYGEWYRHTA

Noun: *liar, forger of lies.*

LYGNES

Noun: *falseness, deceitfulness.*

LYGNIAN

See *(ge)lygnian.*

LȲMAN

Verb: *to shine.*

LYNDE

See *(ge)lynde.*

LYNIBOR

Noun: *gimlet, borer, auger.*

LYNIS

Noun: *linch-pin, axletree.*

LYPENWYRHTA

Noun: *tanner; currier, basket maker.*

LYRE

Noun: *loss, perdition; damage, hurt, destruction, detriment.*

LYREWRENC

Noun: *trick that causes damage or loss, hurtful intrigue.*

LYSTAN

See *(ge)lystan.*

LYSU

1. Adjective: *false, dishonourable, base, corrupt, depraved, evil; shameful; profligate.*

2. Noun: *what is depraved; evil deed.*

LYSWEN

1. Adjective: *full of matter, corrupt, purulent; depraved.*

2. Noun: *matter, pus, purulence.*

LȲT

1. Adverb: *few, little.*

2. Adjective: *few, little.*

3. Noun: *few, little.*

LȲTAN

See *(ge)lȳtan.*

LȲTEL

1. Adjective: *a little, not much; short, not large; unimportant, trivial, trifling; mean, vile.*

2. Adverb: *little, slightly.*

3. Noun: *little.*

LȲTELHȲDIG

Adjective: *small-minded, pusillanimous.*

LȲTELMŌD

Adjective: *of little courage, faint-hearted, pusillanimous.*

LȳTELNE

Adverb: *nearly, almost, all but, within a little.*

LȳTELNES

Noun: *littleness, smallness.*

LȳTESNĀ

Adverb: *nearly, almost, within a little.*

LȳTESTNE

Adverb: *nearly, almost.*

LȳTHWŌN

Adverb: *little, very few, but little; gradually, little by little.*

LYTIG

Adjective: *artful, astute, crafty, cunning, wily; prudent.*

LYTIGIAN

Verb: *to feign; to act cunningly or crookedly.*

LYTIGLIC

Adjective: *false, deceitful; crafty.*

LYTIGLĪCE

Adverb: *artfully, craftily, cunningly.*

LYTIGNES

Noun: *astuteness, cunningness, craftiness.*

LȳTLE

Noun: *servant-maid, female slave.*

LȳTLIAN

See *(ge)lȳtlian.*

LȳTLING

Noun: *little one, child, infant, young person; unimportant person, person of little account; person of inferior position.*

LYTLUC

Noun: *small piece; bittock.*

LȳTLUM

Adverb: *little by little, gradually.*

LȳTLUNG

Noun: *diminution.*

LYTTUCAS

Noun: *small pieces, particles.*

LYTWIST

Noun: *deception.*

LŸÐERFUL

Adjective: *depraved, base, vile, evil; dissolute.*

LŸÐERLIC

Adjective: *bad, mean, sordid, vile.*

LŸÐERLĪCE

Adverb: *wickedly, vilely.*

LŸÐERNES

Noun: *wickedness.*

LŸÐRAN

Verb: *to anoint, smear, lather.*

LŸÐRE

1. Adjective: *bad, mean, sordid, wicked, corrupt, base, vile, evil; poor, wretched; depraved, lewd.*

2. Adverb: *badly, vilely.*

MĀ

1. Noun: *more.*

2. Adjective: *more.*

3. Adverb: *more, rather; further; longer; to a greater degree, quantity or extent; besides; again.*

MACALIC

Adjective: *fit, suitable, convenient.*

MACIAN

Verb: *to do, make, produce, form, construct, fashion, frame; to act, perform, behave, fare; to prepare, arrange; to cause, bring about; to use, manage; to compare, liken; to transform; to conclude.*

MĀCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *mighty, very skilled or powerful.*

MACUNG

Noun: *doing, making, action.*

MĀDMŌD

Noun: *foolishness.*

MÆC

See *(ge)mæc.*

MÆCCA

Noun: *equal, match; one of a pair, companion, mate, comrade.*

MÆCDONISC

Adjective: *Macedonian.*

MÆCEDONIE

Noun: *the Macedonians.*

MÆCG

Noun: *man, son, disciple.*

MÆCGA

Noun: *man.*

MǼD

Noun: *mead, meadow, pasture.*

MǼDÆCER

Noun: *meadow.*

MǼDDĪC

Noun: *dike in a meadow.*

MÆDDRE

Noun: *madder.*

MÆDENCILD

Noun: *girl, female child.*

MÆDENHĒAP

Noun: *band of virgins, troop of maidens.*

MÆDENLIC

Adjective: *girlish, maidenly, virgin, virginal.*

MÆDER

Noun: *measure.*

MÆDERECĪÐ

Noun: *sprig of madder.*

MĀDLACU

Noun: *meadow-stream.*

MĀDLAND

Noun: *meadow-land, grass-land which is mown.*

MĀDMÆWECT

Noun: *mowing of a meadow.*

MĀDMANN

Noun: *mower.*

MĀDMŌNAÐ

Noun: *July.*

MĀDRÆDEN

Noun: *mowing, grass mown on a piece of land.*

MĀDSPLOTT

Noun: *plot of meadow-land.*

MĀDWA

1. Noun: *mead, meadow, pasture.*

2. See *mæd.*

MĀG

See *(ge)mæg.*

MĀGBANA

Noun: *destroyer of one's kinsmen.*

MĀGBŌT

Noun: *compensation paid to the relatives of a murdered man.*

MĀGBURG

Noun: *people, family, relatives, kindred, tribe, nation; genealogy.*

MǼGCILD

Noun: *young kinsman.*

MǼGCNAFA

Noun: *young kinsman.*

MǼGCŪÐ

Adjective: *related.*

MǼGCWALM

Noun: *murder of a father or kinsman.*

MǼGCYNREN

Noun: *race, family.*

MǼGÐ

See *(ge)mǽgð.*

MÆGDEN

Noun: *girl, maiden, virgin; maid, servant.*

MÆGDENǼW

Noun: *marriage with a virgin.*

MÆGDENEORÐE

Noun: *virgin soil.*

MÆGDENHĀD

Noun: *girlhood, maidenhood, virginity.*

MÆGDENMANN

Noun: *maid, virgin.*

MÆGELAN

Noun: *Milan.*

MÆGEN

Noun: *main; force, bodily strength, might, power, vigour, valour; effort; ability, efficacy, efficiency, virtue; host, troop, army, military force; miracle; good deed.*

MÆGENĀGENDE

Adjective: *possessing strength, mighty.*

MÆGENBYRÐEN

Noun: *mighty or huge burden.*

MÆGENCORÐOR

Noun: *powerful band, strong troop.*

MÆGENCRÆFT

Noun: *main force, great power, might or strength.*

MÆGENCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *mighty.*

MÆGENCYNING

Noun: *chief, mighty or powerful king.*

MÆGENDĀD

Noun: *action requiring strength, mighty deed.*

MÆGENĒACA

Noun: *increase of strength, succour.*

MÆGENĒACEN

Adjective: *endowed with strength, mighty, vigorous, powerful.*

MÆGENEARFEÞE

Noun: *great labour or hardship, great misery or trial.*

MÆGENELLEN

Noun: *mighty valour.*

MÆGENFÆST

Adjective: *firm, steadfast, vigorous, strong.*

MÆGENFOLC

Noun: *mighty people or company.*

MÆGENFULTUM

Noun: *mighty or powerful help.*

MÆGENHĒAP

Noun: *powerful band.*

MÆGENHEARD

Adjective: *very strong, powerful.*

MÆGENIAN

Verb: *to gain strength.*

MÆGENIG

Adjective: *strong.*

MÆGENLĒAS

Adjective: *weak, feeble, without strength, helpless, powerless.*

MÆGENLĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *feebly, impotently.*

MÆGENLĒAST

Noun: *weakness, feebleness, impotence.*

MÆGENRÆS

Noun: *mighty or violent attack or onslaught.*

MÆGENRŌF

Adjective: *powerful, of great power.*

MÆGENSCYPE

Noun: *might, power.*

MÆGENSPĒD

Noun: *virtue, strength, power.*

MÆGENSTĀN

Noun: *huge stone, mighty stone or rock.*

MÆGENSTRANG

Adjective: *strong in power; of great virtue or strength.*

MÆGENSTRENGO

Noun: *great strength, great force, power.*

MÆGENÐEGEN

Noun: *mighty minister.*

MÆGENÐISE

Noun: *force, violence.*

MÆGENÐRĒAT

Noun: *mighty host or band.*

MÆGENÐRYMM

Noun: *virtue, might, power; greatness, majesty, glory; heavenly host; Christ; heaven.*

MÆGENÐRYMNES

Noun: *majesty, magnificence, glory.*

MÆGENWEORC

Noun: *mighty work.*

MÆGENWĪSA

Noun: *general, leader of a force or army.*

MÆGENWUDU

Noun: *strong spear, mighty spear-shaft.*

MÆGENWUNDOR

Noun: *great wonder, striking wonder.*

MÆGER

Adjective: *meagre, lean.*

MÆGERIAN

Verb: *to macerate, make lean, emaciate.*

MÆGESÆTE

Noun: *the people of Herefordshire.*

MÆGGEMŌT

Noun: *meeting of kinsmen.*

MÆGGEWRACU

Noun: *revenge of a relative.*

MÆGGEWRIT

Noun: *genealogical table, pedigree.*

MÆGGIELDAN

Verb: *to contribute towards the fine for manslaughter by a kinsman.*

MÆGHÆMED

Noun: *incest.*

MÆGHAND

Noun: *relation, kinsman; natural heir.*

MÆGLAGU

Noun: *law as to relatives.*

MÆGLĒAS

Adjective: *without kinsmen.*

MÆGLIC

Adjective: *belonging to kinsmen.*

MÆGLUFU

Noun: *love.*

MÆGMANN

Noun: *clansman.*

MÆGMORÐOR

Noun: *murder of a relative.*

MÆGMYRÐRA

Noun: *murderer of a relative, parricide.*

MÆGRACU

Noun: *account of a family, generation, genealogy.*

MÆGRÆDEN

Noun: *relationship, kinship.*

MÆGRÆS

Noun: *attack by men upon their kinsmen.*

MÆGSCĪR

Noun: *division of a people, containing the kinsmen of a particular family.*

MÆGSIBB

Noun: *relationship, kinship; affection.*

MÆGSIBBUNG

Noun: *reconciliation, peace-making.*

MÆGSIBLIC

Adjective: *related, of kin.*

MÆGSLAGA

Noun: *slayer of a relative, parricide or fratricide.*

MÆGSLIHT

Noun: *murder of a relative, slaughter of a kinsman.*

MÆGTUDOR

Noun: *that which is produced from the same stock.*

MÆGÐ

Noun: *girl, woman, wife, maiden, virgin.*

MÆGÐA

Noun: *maithen, mayweed (plants).*

MÆGÐALAND

Noun: *the Polish province of Mazovia.*

MÆGÐBLÆD

Noun: *glory of virginity.*

MÆGÐBŌT

Noun: *fine to be paid for assault on an unmarried woman.*

MÆGÐEGESA

Noun: *Viking.*

MÆGÐHĀD

Noun: *maidenhood; chastity, celibacy, virginity, purity; band of young persons; relationship, kinship.*

MÆGÐHĀDLIC

Adjective: *maidenly; virgin, virginal.*

MÆGÐLĒAS

Adjective: *not of distinguished family, not of noble birth.*

MÆGÐMANN

Noun: *maiden; virgin.*

MÆGÐMORÐOR

Noun: *murder of a kinsman.*

MÆGÐMYRÐRA

Noun: *one who murders a kinsman, parricide.*

MÆGÐRÆDEN

Noun: *relationship, friendship.*

MÆGÐSIBB

Noun: *kindred.*

MÆGWINE

Noun: *friendly relative, kinsman and friend, clansman.*

MÆGWLITE

Noun: *form, appearance, aspect; species.*

MÆGWLITIAN

Verb: *to form, shape, fashion.*

MÆGWLITLĪCE

Adverb: *figuratively.*

MÆHE

Noun: *dicione.*

MÆL

1. Noun: *mark, sign; cross, crucifix; armour, harness; sword; measure; time, point of time, occasion, season; meal, time for eating.*

2. Noun: *talk, speech, conversation; contest, battle.*

3. See *māl* (1).

MÆLAN

See *(ge)mælan.*

MÆLCEARU

Noun: *care or trouble belonging to a particular time.*

MÆLDÆG

Noun: *day, season, appointed time; agreement, settlement, covenant.*

MÆLDROPA

Noun: *saliva, mucus, phlegm.*

MÆLDROPIENDE

Adjective: *phlegmatic, running with mucus.*

MÆLDŪN

Noun: *Maldon, in Essex.*

MǼLE

1. Noun: *bowl, cup, basin, bucket.*

2. Adjective: *marked, spotted.*

MǼLGESCEAFT

Noun: *fate, that which happens at its appointed time in accordance with the decrees of fate.*

MǼLMETE

Noun: *food to eat.*

MǼLSCEAFA

Noun: *caterpillar; canker.*

MǼLTAN

Verb: *to consume by fire, burn up; to dissolve, melt, digest.*

MǼLTANG

Noun: *pair of compasses.*

MǼLTANGE

Noun: *pair of compasses.*

MǼLTĪD

Noun: *meal-time.*

MǼLTĪMA

Noun: *meal-time.*

MǼNAN

See *(ge)mǽnan.*

MǼNE

1. Adjective: *false, mean, wicked, evil.*

2. See *(ge)mǽne.*

MǼNELIC

See *(ge)mǽnelic.*

MǼNELĪCE

See *(ge)mnelīce.*

MÆNIBRǼDE

Adjective: *relating or consisting of many things.*

MÆNIHĪWE

Adjective: *multiform.*

MǼNSUMIAN

See *(ge)mǽnsumian.*

MǼNSUMUNG

Noun: *participation, fellowship; communion.*

MÆRĀC

Noun: *oak which serves as part of a boundary.*

MÆRAN

See *(ge)mǣran.*

MÆRAPELDRE

Noun: *apple-tree which serves as a boundary.*

MÆRBRŌC

Noun: *brook which forms a boundary.*

MÆRCNOLL

Noun: *boundary knoll.*

MÆRCUMB

Noun: *border valley.*

MÆRDĪC

Noun: *boundary dike.*

MÆRE

1. Noun: *declaration.*

2. Adjective: *great, distinguished, famous, celebrated, notorious, excellent, sublime, splendid, illustrious; widely known; distinguished by evil deeds.*

3. Adjective: *pure; sterling (of money).*

4. See *(ge)mǣre.*

MÆREHWĪT

Adjective: *pure white.*

MÆRELS

Noun: *rope for mooring a ship.*

MÆRELSRĀP

Noun: *cable, rope for mooring a ship.*

MÆRĒMÆD

Noun: *boundary meadow.*

MÆRFLŌDE

Noun: *boundary channel.*

MÆRFORD

Noun: *boundary ford.*

MÆRFURH

Noun: *boundary furrow.*

MǼRGEARD

Noun: *border fence.*

MǼRHEGE

Noun: *boundary hedge.*

MǼRHĪSA

Noun: *plant name.*

MǼRHLINC

Noun: *boundary, border ridge.*

MǼRIAN

Verb: *to become great, be distinguished.*

MǼRING

Noun: *plant name.*

MǼRINGCWUDU

Noun: *mastic of sweet basil.*

MǼRLIC

Adjective: *great, famous, glorious, splendid, magnificence, illustrious.*

MǼRLĪCE

Adverb: *nobly, gloriously, excellently, magnificently, splendidly; with distinction.*

MǼRNES

Noun: *fame, greatness, distinction, celebrity, honour.*

MǼRPŌL

Noun: *boundary pool.*

MǼRPYTT

Noun: *pit that forms part of a boundary; marshy pool.*

MǼRSERE

Noun: *one who proclaims or makes widely known, herald.*

MǼRSIAN

See *(ge)mǽrsian.*

MǼRSĪC

Noun: *border rivulet.*

MǼRSTĀN

Noun: *boundary-stone.*

MǼRSUNG

See *(ge)mǽrsung.*

MǼRSUNGTĪMA

Noun: *time of celebration or glorification.*

MǼRÐ

Noun: *greatness, fame, honour, glory; great, honourable or glorious action; wonderful thing, mighty work, famous exploit.*

MǼRÐORN

See *(ge)mærðorn.*

MǼRU

See *(ge)mæru.*

MǼRWEG

See *(ge)mærweg.*

MǼRWEORC

Noun: *great, noble or splendid work.*

MǼS

Noun: *the Maes or Meuse.*

MÆSCRE

Noun: *mesh of a net.*

MÆSEN

Adjective: *of maple; brazen (Earle).*

MÆSLERE

Noun: *keeper of a church, sacristan.*

MÆSSE

Noun: *service of the church, mass; special mass-day, festival of the church; Eucharist, celebration of Eucharist.*

MÆSSEǼFEN

Noun: *eve of a festival (e.g. Christmas Eve).*

MÆSSEBŌC

Noun: *mass-book, missal.*

MÆSSECAPITEL

Noun: *chapter of the mass.*

MÆSSECRĒDA

Noun: *creed said at mass, Nicene creed.*

MÆSSEDÆG

Noun: *festival, mass day.*

MÆSSEGIERELA

Noun: *mass-vestment, surplice.*

MÆSSEHACELE

Noun: *mass-vestment, cope, chasuble.*

MÆSSEHRÆGL

Noun: *vestment, surplice.*

MÆSSELĀC

Noun: *the mass-offering, host.*

MÆSSENIHT

Noun: *eve of a festival.*

MÆSSEPRĒOST

Noun: *mass-priest, clergyman, high-priest.*

MÆSSEPRĒOSTHĀD

Noun: *office or orders of a mass-priest.*

MÆSSEPRĒOSTSCĪR

Noun: *district for which a mass-priest officiated.*

MÆSSERBANA

Noun: *murderer of a priest.*

MÆSSERE

Noun: *priest who celebrates mass.*

MÆSSERĒAF

Noun: *vestment used when celebrating mass.*

MÆSSESANG

Noun: *service or office of the mass; service held on a saint's day, a (person's) mass.*

MÆSSESTEALL

Noun: *place from which the priest said mass, altar; seat in a church choir.*

MÆSSETĪD

Noun: *time of saying mass.*

MÆSSEÐEGN

Noun: *mass-priest.*

MÆSSEÐĒNUNG

Noun: *service of mass, celebration of mass.*

MÆSSEŪHTA

Noun: *hour or service of matins on a feast day; the matins themselves.*

MÆSSEWĪN

Noun: *wine used in the service of the mass.*

MÆSSIAN

Verb: *to say or celebrate mass.*

MÆSSUNG

Noun: *office of mass.*

MĀST

1. Noun: *most.*

2. Adverb: *most, very much; chiefly; especially.*

MÆST

Noun: *mast, ship's mast; fruit of forest trees, mast, food of swine (acorns, beechnuts, etc).*

MÆSTAN

See *(ge)mæstan.*

MÆSTCYST

Noun: *hole in which the mast is fixed, mast-socket.*

MÆSTELBERG

Noun: *fattened barrow pig, fattened hog.*

MÆSTEN

Noun: *mast, pasture for swine (consisting of the fruit of forest trees).*

MÆSTENRÆDEN

Noun: *right of feeding swine in mast-pastures.*

MÆSTENTRĒOW

Noun: *tree producing mast.*

MÆSTLAND

Noun: *land on which mast is produced.*

MĀSTLĪCE

Adverb: *very much.*

MĀSTLĪCOST

Adverb: *particularly.*

MÆSTLING

1. Noun: *kind of brass; vessel made of metal.*

2. Noun: *fatling.*

MÆSTLINGSMIÐ

Noun: *worker in brass.*

MÆSTLŌN

Noun: *pulleys at the top of a mast.*

MÆSTRĀP

Noun: *rope fastening a sail to a mast.*

MÆSTTWIST

Noun: *rope to support a mast, stay.*

MĀTAN

See *(ge)mātan.*

MĀTE

1. Adjective: *moderate, mean; small; inferior, poor; bad, mean.*

2. Adverb: *badly; poorly.*

MĀTING

Noun: *dream.*

MĀÐ

1. Noun: *measure, proportion, degree, rate; respect, honour, reverence; right, goodness, virtue; ability, capacity, fitness, efficacy; state, status, condition, rank, degree.*

2. Noun: *cutting of grass, mowing, hay-harvest.*

MĀÐAS

Noun: *the Medes.*

MĀÐEGIAN

See *(ge)mæðegian.*

MÆÐEL

Noun: *meeting, assembly, popular assembly, deliberative or judicial meeting, council; speech, address, conversation, harangue; interview.*

MÆÐELCWIDE

Noun: *discourse.*

MÆÐELERN

Noun: *house of meeting for speaking or for consulting, council-house.*

MÆÐELFRIÐ

Noun: *security enjoyed by public assemblies.*

MÆÐELHĒGENDE

Adjective: *attending, holding or addressing an assembly or council, consulting, conversing, deliberating; holding conclave; speech-praising.*

MÆÐELSTEDE

Noun: *place of assembly; place of hostile meeting, battlefield.*

MÆÐELWORD

Noun: *word used in a formal address or speech.*

MĀÐERE

Noun: *mower.*

MÆÐFUL

Adjective: *humane, courteous, showing respect to others.*

MÆÐHILD

Noun: *a woman's name, Matilda.*

MÆÐIAN

See *(ge)mæðian.*

MÆÐISC

Adjective: *of the Medes.*

MÆÐLAN

Verb: *to speak (only used in poetry).*

MÆÐLĒAS

Adjective: *without moderation; greedy, rapacious.*

MÆÐLIC

Adjective: *moderate, proportioned, befitting, proper to a person's degree; having regard to others.*

MÆÐLĪCE

Adverb: *humanely, courteously.*

MÆÐMĒD

Noun: *pay or reward for mowing or haymaking.*

MÆÐRIAN

See *(ge)mæðrian.*

MÆÐUNG

Noun: *measuring, assessment, determination of amount; adjudication.*

MÆÐWARE

Noun: *the Medes.*

MÆW

Noun: *sea gull, sea mew.*

MÆWPUL

Noun: *sea-gulls' pool.*

MAFFA

Noun: *caul.*

MAFFIAN

Verb: *to be or become shameless; to fall away from right conduct, go astray.*

MAGA

1. Noun: *man, young man, relative, descendant, son.*

2. Adjective: *strong, powerful; able competent, having means.*

3. Noun: *stomach, maw.*

MĀGA

Noun: *man, young man; relative, descendant, son.*

MAGAN

Verb: *to be able, have permission or power; may (because a thing is possible); to be competent, efficacious or strong; to be in good health, be strong.*

MĀGATOGA

Noun: *pedagogue.*

MAGAÐIHT

Adjective: *strong of stomach.*

MAGDALATRĒOW

Noun: *almond-tree.*

MAGDALENISC

Adjective: *applied to Mary Magdalene.*

MAGE

1. See *maga* (1).

2. See *maga* (2).

3. Noun: *the belly.*

MĀGEĒCT

Adjective: *augmented.*

MAGEÐE

Noun: *name of a plant, camomile, mayweed, maithen, ox-eye.*

MAGIAN

Verb: *to be strong, prevail.*

MAGISTER

Noun: *director, ruler, chief, leader; teacher, master; owner or tamer of an animal.*

MAGISTERDŌM

Noun: *office of a master or teacher.*

MAGO

Noun: *man, young man, child; descendant, son; servant; strong man, warrior.*

MAGODRYHT

Noun: *band of young men or warriors.*

MAGOGEOGUÐ

Noun: *youth.*

MAGORÆDEND

Noun: *counsellor of men.*

MAGORÆSWA

Noun: *chief or leader of men; prince.*

MAGORINC

Noun: *man, young man, child; warrior.*

MAGOTIMBER

Noun: *child, son; increase of family, progeny.*

MAGOTŪDOR

Noun: *offspring, descendant.*

MAGOÐEGN

Noun: *man, minister; follower, servant, retainer, vassal, thane; warrior.*

MĀH

See *(ge)māh.*

MĀHLING

Noun: *kinsman, parent.*

MAILROSISC

Adjective: *of Melrose.*

MĀIUS

Noun: *May.*

MĀL

1. Noun: *case, suit, cause, action; agreement, terms; covenanted pay; mark, spot, blemish; mole.*

2. See *mǣl* (1).

MĀLETUNG

Noun: *verbosity.*

MALSCRUNG

Noun: *charm, enchantment, fascination, bewitching.*

MĀLSWYRD

Noun: *sword with inlaid ornament.*

MAMECEASTER

Noun: *Manchester.*

MAMERA

1. Noun: *deep sleep.*

2. See *mamor.*

MAMME

Noun: *teat, breast.*

MAMOR

Noun: *deep or heavy sleep, lethargy, unconsciousness.*

MAMRIAN

Verb: *to think out, design, be deep in thought about anything.*

MĀN

1. Noun: *shameful, bad or evil action, crime, wickedness, sin, evil deed; false oath.*

2. Adjective: *false, bad, base, wicked, criminal.*

MĀNĀÐ

Noun: *false oath, perjury.*

MĀNĀÐSWARU

Noun: *perjury.*

MĀNBEALU

Noun: *wicked injury, cruelty, crime.*

MANBŌT

Noun: *fine to be paid to the lord of a man slain.*

MĀNBRYNE

Noun: *fatal or destructive fire.*

MANCUS

Noun: *a mancus, thirty silver pence, one-eighth of a pound.*

MANCWEALM

Noun: *destruction, mortality, death of men, slaughter; pestilence.*

MANCWEALMNES

Noun: *manslaughter.*

MANCWYLD

Noun: *mortality; pestilence.*

MANCYNN

Noun: *mankind, the human race; people, men; inhabitants; evil race.*

MANCYST

Noun: *human virtue.*

MAND

Noun: *basket, maund.*

MĀNDÆD

Noun: *din, evil deed, crime.*

MĀNDÆDA

Noun: *evil-doer.*

MĀNDÆDE

Adjective: *wicked, evil doing, flagitious.*

MĀNDEORF

Adjective: *wicked, labouring to do evil.*

MANDRĒAM

Noun: *human joy, joyous noise, festivity, revelry.*

MĀNDRINC

Noun: *poisonous drink, poison.*

MANDRYHTEN

Noun: *master, lord, liege lord.*

MANETIAN

Verb: *to admonish, reprove.*

MĀNFÆHÐU

Noun: *guilt, wickedness.*

MANFARU

Noun: *host, troop, moving band of men.*

MĀNFELD

Noun: *field of crime.*

MĀNFOLM

Noun: *evil-doer, hand that does evil.*

MĀNFORDÆDLA

Noun: *evil-doer, one who wickedly destroys.*

MĀNFORWYRHT

Noun: *sin, evil-deed, crime.*

MĀNFRĒA

Noun: *prince or lord of evil, the devil.*

MĀNFREMMENDE

Adjective: *vicious, sinning, doing evil.*

MĀNFUL

Adjective: *wicked, evil, flagitious; infamous, degraded; fearful, dire.*

MĀNFULLIC

Adjective: *sinful, wicked, evil; infamous.*

MĀNFULLĪCE

Adverb: *wickedly.*

MĀNFULNES

Noun: *wickedness.*

MANFULTUM

Noun: *military force, troops.*

MĀNGENGA

Noun: *one conversant with or practising evil, sacrilegious person.*

MĀNGENĪÐLA

Noun: *wicked or evil persecutor.*

MANGERE

Noun: *trader, merchant, dealer, broker.*

MĀNGEWYRHTA

Noun: *sinner, worker of wickedness.*

MANGIAN

See *(ge)mangian.*

MANGUNG

Noun: *trade, dealing, business, commerce, traffic, merchandise.*

MANGUNGHŪS

Noun: *house for merchandise or traffic.*

MĀNHŪS

Noun: *house of wickedness, hell.*

MANIAN

See *(ge)manian.*

MĀNĪDEL

Adjective: *bad, wicked and vain.*

MANIEND

Noun: *collector; creditor; admonisher.*

MANIG

Adjective: *many, many a, much.*

MANIGFEALD

Adjective: *various, varied, of many kinds; manifold, multifarious; numerous, abundant; consisting of many parts, complex, complicated; as a grammatical term, plural.*

MANIGFEALDAN

See *(ge)manigfealdan.*

MANIGFEALDE

Adverb: *in many ways; abundantly.*

MANIGFEALDIAN

See *(ge)manigfealdian.*

MANIGFEALDLIC

Adjective: *having many parts, manifold; various, of many kinds.*

MANIGFEALDLĪCE

Adverb: *manifoldly; in many ways; plural (as a grammatical term).*

MANIGFEALDNES

Noun: *abundance, great number, multiplicity; complexity.*

MANIGFEALDSUMNESS

Noun: *great deal.*

MANIGSĪÐES

Adverb: *many times, often.*

MANIGTĒAW

Adjective: *skilful, dexterous.*

MANIGTĒAWNES

Noun: *skill, dexterity.*

MANLĒAS

Adjective: *without men, uninhabited, deserted.*

MĀNLIC

Adjective: *infamous, wicked, nefarious, evil.*

MANLĪCA

Noun: *human form, image of a man, statue, effigy.*

MĀNLĪCE

Adverb: *falsely, wickedly, criminally.*

MANLĪCE

Adverb: *manfully, nobly.*

MANLUFU

Noun: *love of men, love for men.*

MANN

Noun: *person, human being of either sex; man, adult male person; mankind; brave man, hero; servant, vassal; body; name of the rune for m.*

MANNA

1. Noun: *man.*

2. Noun: *manna (food).*

MANNBÆRE

Adjective: *productive of men.*

MANNĒACA

Noun: *increase of human beings, progeny.*

MANNHATA

Noun: *man-hater.*

MANNIAN

Verb: *to man; to supply with men, garrison.*

MANNLĀF

Noun: *remainder of men.*

MANNMÆGEN

Noun: *force of men, troop of men, cohort.*

MANNMENIGU

Noun: *multitude of people.*

MANNMYRRING

Noun: *destruction of men.*

MANNMYRÐRA

Noun: *homicide, murderer.*

MANNSYLEN

Noun: *traffic in men, sale of men unlawfully as slaves.*

MANRÆDEN

Noun: *dependence; service, dues or tribute paid by the tenant to the owner; homage.*

MANRĪM

Noun: *number of men.*

MĀNSCEATT

Noun: *usury, unjust gain.*

MĀNSCEAÐA

Noun: *sinner, wicked and harmful person, enemy.*

MĀNSCILD

Noun: *fault, sin, guilt, crime.*

MANSCIPE

Noun: *kindness, humanity, courtesy, civility.*

MĀNSCYLDIG

Adjective: *guilty of crime, criminal.*

MANSLAGA

Noun: *homicide, murderer, man-slayer.*

MĀNSLAGU

Noun: *wicked or cruel blow.*

MANSLĒAN

Verb: *to kill, murder.*

MANSLEGE

Noun: *homicide, manslaughter.*

MANSLIEHT

Noun: *homicide, murder, manslaughter.*

MANSLOT

Noun: *man's lot, amount of land allotted to the head of a family when the hundred was divided up.*

MANSWÆS

Adjective: *gentle, meek.*

MĀNSWARA

Noun: *perjurer, one who swears falsely.*

MĀNSWARU

Noun: *perjury.*

MĀNSWERIAN

Verb: *to swear falsely, commit perjury; to forswear.*

MĀNSWICA

Noun: *deceiver, cheat, traitor.*

MANÐĒAW

Noun: *habit, custom, manner, practice.*

MANÐĒOF

Noun: *man-stealer.*

MANÐRYMM

Noun: *troop or array of men, retinue.*

MANÐWÆRE

Adjective: *kind, mild, gentle, not harsh, humane, courteous, meek.*

MANÐWÆRNES

Noun: *gentleness, courtesy; weakness, meekness.*

MANU

Noun: *mane.*

MĀNWAMM

Noun: *blot caused by sin, guilty stain.*

MĀNWEORC

1. Noun: *sin, wicked work, crime.*

2. Adjective: *sinful, wicked, doing evil.*

MANWEOROD

Noun: *collection or band of men, assembly, congregation, troop.*

MANWEORÐUNG

Noun: *adoration of human beings.*

MANWĪSE

Noun: *manner, custom, usage or fashion of men.*

MĀNWORD

Noun: *wicked word.*

MĀNWRÆCE

Adjective: *wicked.*

MĀNWYRHTA

Noun: *sinner, worker of wickedness, evil-doer.*

MANWYRÐ

Noun: *value or price of a man.*

MAPULDER

Noun: *maple tree.*

MAPULDERN

Adjective: *made of maple.*

MAPULDORGEAT

Noun: *opening near a maple tree.*

MARC

Noun: *half a pound, denomination of weight, mark (money of account).*

MARCIAN

Verb: *to mark, stain, brand; to seal; to measure; to define, describe, mark a boundary; to mark out, designate; to create, design; to note, observe.*

MARE

1. Noun: *nightmare; monster.*

2. Noun: *silverweed.*

MARKET

Noun: *market, market rights.*

MARMA

Noun: *marble.*

MARMANSTĀN

Noun: *marble, piece of marble.*

MARMSTĀNGEDELF

Noun: *quarrying of marble.*

MAROARA

Noun: *the people of Moravia.*

MARTIR

Noun: *martyr.*

MARTIRLOGIUM

Noun: *martyrology.*

MARTYRCYNN

Noun: *race or family of martyrs.*

MARTYRDŌM

Noun: *martyrdom.*

MARTYRHĀD

Noun: *martyrdom.*

MARTYRLĪF

Noun: *martyrology.*

MARTYRRACU

Noun: *account of martyrs, martyrology.*

MARTYRUNG

Noun: *suffering as a martyr, passion (of Christ).*

MASC

1. Noun: *mash.*

2. See *max.*

MĀSE

Noun: *name of a small bird, tit-mouse.*

MASSERE

Noun: *merchant; moneylender.*

MATTUC

Noun: *kind of pickaxe, mattock, trident, fork.*

MAÐA

Noun: *worm, maggot, grub.*

MĀÐÐUMFÆT

Noun: *precious or costly vessel.*

MĀÐÐUMGESTEALD

Noun: *riches, treasure.*

MĀÐÐUMGIFU

Noun: *costly gift, gift of treasure.*

MĀÐÐUMGYFA

Noun: *giver of costly gifts or treasures; prince, king, liberal prince.*

MĀÐÐUMSELE

Noun: *hall in which a prince gives costly gifts, hall containing costly things, hall of treasures.*

MĀÐÐUMSIGLE

Noun: *costly jewel or ornament.*

MĀÐÐUMSWEORD

Noun: *costly sword.*

MĀÐÐUMWELA

Noun: *valuables, wealth consisting of costly things.*

MAÐELERE

Noun: *speaker, haranguer.*

MAÐELIAN

Verb: *to speak, make a speech, harangue, declaim.*

MAÐELIG

Adjective: *talkative, noisy, talking much and loudly as a drunken man.*

MAÐELUNG

Noun: *loquacity, verbosity, garrulity.*

MĀÐMÆHT

Noun: *valuable thing, costly possession, treasure.*

MĀÐMCLEOFA

Noun: *treasure-chamber.*

MĀÐMCYST

Noun: *treasure-chest, treasury.*

MĀÐMGESTRĒON

Noun: *treasure.*

MĀÐMHORD

Noun: *treasure, treasure-hoard.*

MĀÐMHŪS

Noun: *treasure-house, treasury.*

MĀÐMHYRDE

Noun: *treasurer.*

MĀÐUM

Noun: *precious or valuable thing, treasure, jewel, ornament; gift.*

MĀWAN

Verb: *to mow.*

MĀWE

Noun: *meadow.*

MAX

Noun: *net, mesh; toil.*

MĀXWYRT

Noun: *mash-wort (malt soaked in boiling water).*

MEAGOL

Adjective: *firm, strong, mighty; emphatic, strenuous, impressive; earnest.*

MEAGOLLĪCE

Adverb: *earnestly; strenuously.*

MEAGOLMŌD

Adjective: *earnest, of earnest mind; strenuous.*

MEAGOLMŌDNES

Noun: *earnestness, diligence.*

MEAGOLNES

Noun: *earnestness, strength of will.*

MEALDUMESBURH

Noun: *Malmsbury.*

MEALM

Noun: *sand; chalk.*

MEALMEHT

Adjective: *sandy, chalky.*

MEALMSTĀN

Noun: *sandstone.*

MEALT

1. Noun: *steeped grain, malt.*

2. Adjective: *cooked, boiled; sour.*

MEALTEALOÐ

Noun: *malt-ale.*

MEALTGESCOT

Noun: *contribution of malt, payment in malt.*

MEALTHŪS

Noun: *malt-house.*

MEALTWYRT

Noun: *malt-wort.*

MEALWE

Noun: *mallow.*

MEARC

See *(ge)mearc.*

MEARCA

Noun: *mark, line; space marked out, territory.*

MEARCBĒCE

Noun: *beech-tree which forms part of a boundary.*

MEARCDENU

Noun: *valley which serves as a boundary.*

MEARCDĪC

Noun: *ditch which serves as a boundary.*

MEARCERE

Noun: *writer, notary.*

MEARCFORD

Noun: *boundary ford.*

MEARCGEMOT

Noun: *court for settling boundaries of properties.*

MEARCGRÆFA

Noun: *boundary-thicket.*

MEARCHLINC

Noun: *boundary ridge.*

MEARCHOF

Noun: *dwelling in a mark or country.*

MEARCIAN

See *(ge)mearcian.*

MEARCĪSERN

Noun: *branding-iron.*

MEARCLAND

Noun: *border land; waste land; moor; march; territory, district, province, country; sea-coast.*

MEARCMŌT

Noun: *place where the assembly of a district was held.*

MEARCPÆÐ

Noun: *path, road.*

MEARCSTAPA

Noun: *one who wanders about the desolate mark or border-land.*

MEARCSTEDE

Noun: *border-land, desolate district.*

MEARCÐRĒAT

Noun: *troop, army or band of men occupying the frontier of a country.*

MEARCUNG

1. Noun: *characteristic, mark; marking, branding*

2. See *(ge)mearcung.*

MEARCWÆD

Noun: *boundary-water, water by the shore.*

MEARCWEARD

Noun: *wolf, mark-warden.*

MEARCWEG

Noun: *road that forms part of a boundary.*

MEARCWILL

Noun: *boundary spring.*

MEARG

1. Noun: *marrow, pith; sausage.*

2. See *mearh* (1).

MĒARGEALLA

Noun: *a kind of gentian.*

MEARGLIC

Adjective: *fat, marrowy.*

MEARH

1. Noun: *horse, steed.*

2. See *mearg* (1).

MEARHÆCCEL

Noun: *sausage-meat, hog's-pudding.*

MEARHCOFA

Noun: *bone, marrow-chamber.*

MEARHGEHÆC

Noun: *kind of pudding, sausage-meat.*

MEARRIAN

Verb: *to err, go astray.*

MEARÐ

Noun: *kind of weasel, marten.*

MEARU

Adjective: *soft, tender, delicate, frail; inexperienced, callow; pure.*

MEARULIC

Adjective: *soft, easy; luxurious, frivolous.*

MEARULĪCE

Adverb: *tenderly, delicately, indulgently; weakly, without vigour.*

MEARUWNES

Noun: *tenderness, delicacy, frailty.*

MEATTE

Noun: *mat, mattress.*

MĒCE

Noun: *sword, blade, falchion.*

MĒCEFISC

Noun: *mullet.*

MECHANISC

Adjective: *mechanical.*

MĒD

1. Noun: *pay, reward, compensation, bribe; price; meed.*

2. See *mǣd.*

MĒDAN

Verb: *to put courage into a person.*

MEDDROSNA

Noun: *dregs of mead.*

MEDEMA

Noun: *treadle.*

MEDEME

Adjective: *common, moderate, middling, average; little, sufficient; considerable, respectable; fit, proper, meet; worthy, trustworthy; perfect.*

MEDEMIAN

See *(ge)medemian.*

MEDEMLIC

Adjective: *moderate, intermediate, middling, mediocre; small; worthy, honourable.*

MEDEMLĪCE

Adverb: *slightly, moderately, in a small degree; incompletely, imperfectly; fitly, suitably; kindly, worthily.*

MEDEMLICNES

Noun: *littleness, smallness, insignificance; mediocrity.*

MEDEMNES

See *(ge)medemnes.*

MEDEMUNG

Noun: *measuring, measure.*

MEDESHĀMSTEDE

Noun: *Peterborough.*

MĒDGILDA

Noun: *one who receives pay, pensioner, hireling; needy person.*

MĒDIAN

Verb: *to reward.*

MEDMICEL

1. Adjective: *small, short, not great, moderate; weak; unimportant, slight, trifling, venial; lowly; limited; poor, mean.*

2. Noun: *a little.*

MEDMICELNES

Noun: *smallness (of mind).*

MEDMICLE

Adverb: *slight, humbly; meanly.*

MĒDREN

1. Adjective: *maternal, of a mother, on the mother's side.*

2. Noun: *the mother's side (by descent).*

MĒDRENCYNN

Noun: *maternal kin, mother's kindred.*

MĒDRENGECYND

Noun: *mother's nature.*

MĒDRENMÆG

Noun: *maternal kinsman.*

MĒDRENMÆGÐ

Noun: *maternal kindred.*

MEDRĪCE

Adjective: *of little power, of low rank.*

MĒDSCEATT

Noun: *payment, wages, fee, reward; gift, present; bribe.*

MEDSĒLÐ

Noun: *bad fortune, ill success.*

MEDSPĒDIG

Adjective: *unprosperous, poorly provided, poor.*

MEDSTRANG

Adjective: *of moderate means, of middle rank.*

MEDTRUM

Adjective: *weak, infirm, sickly, ill; of inferior position, of lower rank.*

MEDTRUMNES

Noun: *weakness, infirmity, sickness, illness, disease.*

MEDU

Noun: *mead, drink made from honey.*

MEDUÆRN

Noun: *banqueting-house, mead-hall, house in which mead is drunk.*

MEDUBENC

Noun: *bench in a banqueting-hall.*

MEDUBURG

Noun: *rejoicing city, city in which mead is drunk, one in which mead-drinking warriors live.*

MEDUDRĒAM

Noun: *jollity, festivity, joy attending mead-drinking.*

MEDUDRENC

Noun: *mead.*

MEDUDRINC

Noun: *mead-drinking.*

MEDUFUL

Noun: *mead-cup.*

MEDUGĀL

Adjective: *drunk, mead-excited.*

MEDUHEALL

Noun: *banqueting-hall, mead-hall.*

MEDUMA

Noun: *weaver's beam.*

MEDURĀEDEN

Noun: *strong drink; cellar.*

MEDUSCENC

Noun: *draught or cup of mead.*

MEDUSCERWEN

Noun: *distress, deprival of (mead-)joy, mortal panic.*

MEDUSELD

Noun: *house in which feasting takes place, mead hall, mead house.*

MEDUSETL

Noun: *seat in a banqueting-hall, mead-seat.*

MEDUSTĪG

Noun: *path to the mead-hall.*

MEDUWÆGE

Noun: *the Medway.*

MEDUWĒRIG

Adjective: *sated with feasting, overpowered with mead, drunk.*

MEDUWONG

Noun: *field or ground where the mead-hall stood, mead-plain.*

MEDUWYRHTA

Noun: *hireling, mercenary, brewer.*

MEDUWYRT

Noun: *meadow-sweet; madder, meadwort, rubia.*

MEDWĪS

Adjective: *not wise, foolish, stupid, dull.*

MĒDWYRHTA

1. Noun: *hireling, worker for pay, mercenary.*

2. See *meduwyrhta.*

MELCAN

See *(ge)melcan.*

MELD

Noun: *declaration, proclamation.*

MELDA

Noun: *narrator, informer, announcer, reporter; betrayer.*

MELDAN

Verb: *to tell, declare, announce, proclaim, reveal; to accuse, inform against.*

MELDE

Noun: *orache (plant).*

MELDFEOH

Noun: *fee paid for giving information.*

MELDIAN

See *(ge)meldian.*

MELDUNG

Noun: *information (against a person), betrayal.*

MELEDĒAW

Noun: *nectar, honey-dew.*

MELTAN

See *(ge)meltan.*

MELTUNG

Noun: *digestion, melting (of food).*

MELU

Noun: *meal, ground grain, flour.*

MELUGESCOT

Noun: *contribution or payment made in meal.*

MELUHŪDERN

Noun: *meal-storehouse.*

MELUHŪS

Noun: *house in which to keep meal.*

MEMFITISC

Adjective: *of Memphis.*

MENDLĪC

Adjective: *moderate, small.*

MENE

Noun: *ornament, jewel, necklace, collar.*

MENENLĪC

Adjective: *hortandus, ammonendus.*

MENESCILLING

Noun: *coin worn as an ornament, moon-shaped ornament.*

MENGAN

See *(ge)mengan.*

MENGUNG

Noun: *preparation, composition, mixture; fellowship.*

MENIGDU

Noun: *multitude, body or band of people.*

MENIGU

Noun: *many, great number, multitude, crowd, company; host.*

MENNEN

Noun: *female servant, handmaiden, bondwoman, slave.*

MENNISC

1. Adjective: *natural, human.*

2. Noun: *people, men, folk; human, humanity, mankind; race.*

MENNISCLIC

Adjective: *human; humane.*

MENNISCLĪCE

Adverb: *humanly, after the manner of men.*

MENNISCLICNES

Noun: *human nature, state of man; humaneness, humanity; incarnation.*

MENNISCNES

Noun: *state of man, humanity, human nature, humane behaviour; incarnation.*

MENNISCU

Noun: *state of man, humanity.*

MENTEL

Noun: *cloak, mantle.*

MENTELPRĒON

Noun: *brooch, mantle-pin.*

MĒO

Noun: *shoe or sock covering the foot.*

MEOLC

1. Adjective: *giving milk.*

2. Noun: *milk, milk-like juice.*

MEOLCDĒOND

Noun: *suckling.*

MEOLCEN

Adjective: *of milk.*

MEOLCFÆT

Noun: *vessel for holding milk, milk-pail.*

MEOLCHWĪT

Adjective: *milk-white.*

MEOLCIAN

See *(ge)meolcian.*

MEOLCLĪÐE

Adjective: *gentle, soft as milk.*

MEOLCSŪCEND

Noun: *suckling.*

MĒONING

Noun: *garter, binding for a sock.*

MEORD

Noun: *pay, reward.*

MEORING

Noun: *impediment, obstacle, hindrance; danger.*

MĒOS

1. Noun: *moss.*

2. Adjective: *mossy.*

MEOTO

Noun: *thought.*

MĒOWLE

Noun: *woman, damsel, maid, virgin.*

MEOX

Noun: *filth, dirt, dung, muck, ordure.*

MEOXBEARWE

Noun: *dung-barrow, basket for carrying dung.*

MEOXBEORH

Noun: *dunghill.*

MEOXFORCE

Noun: *fork used for removing dirt.*

MEOXSCOFL

Noun: *dung-shovel.*

MEOXWILIE

Noun: *basket for carrying dung.*

MERA

Noun: *incubus.*

MERE

1. Noun: *pond, lake, sea, ocean; pool, cistern.*

2. See *mare* (1).

3. See *miere.*

MEREBĀT

Noun: *vessel, sea-boat.*

MERECANDEL

Noun: *sun, sea-candle.*

MERECE

Noun: *wild celery, smallage, marche (plant).*

MERECIEST

Noun: *ark, sea-chest.*

MEREDĒAÐ

Noun: *death at sea, death by drowning.*

MEREDĒOR

Noun: *sea-animal, sea-beast.*

MEREFARA

Noun: *sailor, sea-farer.*

MEREFAROÐ

Noun: *sea-waves, surging of the waves.*

MEREFIX

Noun: *sea-fish.*

MEREFLŌD

Noun: *body of water, sea, ocean; flood of water, deluge.*

MEREGROT

Noun: *pebble or stone of the sea, pearl.*

MEREGROTA

Noun: *pearl.*

MEREGRUND

Noun: *the bottom of a sea or lake, depths of the sea.*

MEREHENGEST

Noun: *sea-horse, sea-steed; ship.*

MEREHRÆGL

Noun: *sail, sea-garment.*

MEREHŪS

Noun: *sea-house, the ark (Noah's ark).*

MEREHWEARF

Noun: *sea-shore, sea-wharf.*

MĒREHWĪT

Adjective: *pure, white, sterling (of silver).*

MERELĀD

Noun: *sea-way.*

MERELĪÐENDE

Noun: *sea-faring, sea-faring person.*

MEREMENNEN

Noun: *mermaid, siren.*

MERENÆDDRA

Noun: *sea-adder, lamprey.*

MERENÆDDRE

Noun: *sea-adder, lamprey.*

MERESMYLTE

Adjective: *calm, quiet as the sea.*

MERESTEALL

Noun: *stagnant water, pond.*

MERESTRÆT

Noun: *sea-path.*

MERESTRĒAM

Noun: *the sea, sea-water, sea-stream.*

MERESTRENGO

Noun: *strength in the sea, strength for swimming.*

MERESWĪN

Noun: *dolphin, porpoise, sea-pig.*

MERETORHT

Adjective: *bright from bathing in the sea (epithet of morning).*

MERETORR

Noun: *towering wall of the (Red) Sea.*

MEREÐYSSA

Noun: *ship, sea-rusher.*

MEREWEARD

Noun: *sea-warden.*

MEREWĒRIG

Adjective: *weary of journeying on the sea.*

MEREWĪF

Noun: *water-witch, woman living in a lake (Grendel's mother).*

MEREWĪOING

Noun: *the Merovingian.*

MERIAN

Verb: *to cleanse; to refine, purify; to test.*

MERIG

1. Adjective: *pleasing, pleasant, agreeable, sweet.*

2. See *mearg* (1).

MERSC

Noun: *marsh, swamp.*

MERSCHŌFE

Noun: *marsh-hove.*

MERSCHOP

Noun: *high ground in fenny country.*

MERSCLAND

Noun: *marsh-land.*

MERSCMEALWE

Noun: *marsh-mallow.*

MERSCMEARGEALLA

Noun: *kind of gentian.*

MERSCMYLEN

Noun: *mill in a fen.*

MERSCWARE

Noun: *inhabitants of marshy land or marshes.*

MERTZE

Noun: *merchandise, trading dues.*

MERÐERN

Adjective: *of martin skins.*

MES

Noun: *dung.*

MĒSAN

Verb: *to feed, eat.*

MĒSE

Noun: *table; what is placed on a table.*

MĒSHRÆGEL

Noun: *napkin.*

MET

See *(ge)met.*

METAN

Verb: *to measure, estimate; to compare; to assign, mete out; to traverse, pass over; to mark off.*

MĒTAN

See *(ge)mētan.*

METBÆLG

Noun: *bag for food; wallet.*

METCUND

Adjective: *metrical.*

METCUNDLIC

Adjective: *metrical.*

METE

Noun: *food, meal, meat.*

METEÆRN

Noun: *refectory, room for taking meals in.*

METEĀFLĪUNG

Noun: *atrophy.*

METEĀWEL

Noun: *meat-hook.*

METECLYFA

Noun: *food-store, pantry.*

METECORN

Noun: *corn for food.*

METECŪ

Noun: *cow for killing.*

METECWEORRA

Noun: *surfeit of food, indigestion.*

METEFÆT

Noun: *dish.*

METEFĀTELS

Noun: *cupboard for food, wallet.*

METEFISC

Noun: *edible fish.*

METEGAFOL

Noun: *payment in food.*

METEGEARWA

Noun: *preparations of food.*

METELĀF

Noun: *remnant of food, leavings of a meal.*

METELĒAS

Adjective: *without food, lacking food.*

METELĪEST

Noun: *lack of food, starvation.*

METEND

Noun: *measurer; God.*

METENĒAD

Noun: *requisites in the way of food.*

METENĪÐING

Noun: *food-niggard.*

MĒTER

Noun: *metre, versification.*

METERÆDERE

Noun: *reader at meal-times.*

MĒTERCRÆFT

Noun: *art of versification.*

MĒTERCUND

Adjective: *relating to metre.*

MĒTERE

Noun: *painter.*

MĒTERFERS

Noun: *hexameter verse.*

MĒTERGEWEORC

Noun: *verse.*

MĒTERLIC

Adjective: *metrical, poetical.*

MĒTERWYRHTA

Noun: *metrician, poet, verse-maker.*

METESŌCN

Noun: *desire for food, appetite, craving.*

METESTICCA

Noun: *spoon; kind of measure.*

METESWAMM

Noun: *edible mushroom.*

METETĪD

Noun: *mealtime.*

METEÐEARFENDE

Adjective: *needing food, destitute.*

METEÐEGN

Noun: *steward, seneschal; sewer.*

METEÐIHT

Adjective: *well-nourished.*

METEÐING

Noun: *operation connected with cooking.*

METEÐISTEL

Noun: *edible thistle.*

METEŪTSIHT

Noun: *dysentery.*

METFÆSTLĪCE

See *(ge)metfæstlīce.*

METGEARD

Noun: *pole, rod, perch, measuring stick.*

METGIAN

See *(ge)metgian.*

METGUNG

See *(ge)metgung.*

METIAN

1. Verb: *to provision, supply with food.*

2. Verb: *to control, regulate, moderate, govern; to consider, weigh in mind; to prepare, to assign due measure to.*

MĒTING

See *(ge)mēting.*

METOD

Noun: *fate, destiny, death; Creator, God, Christ.*

METODSCEAFT

Noun: *decree of fate, doom, death.*

METODWANG

Noun: *battlefield.*

METRĀP

Noun: *measuring-rope, sounding-line.*

METSCIPE

Noun: *food, feeding, refection.*

METSEAX

Noun: *mear-knife, dagger.*

METSIAN

See *(ge)metsian.*

METSUNG

Noun: *food, feeding, provisioning.*

METTEN

Noun: *one of the Fates.*

METTIAN

Verb: *to meet, fall in with; to find, find out, encounter; to obtain.*

MĒÐE

Adjective: *tired, weary, exhausted, dejected; sad; troublesome.*

MĒÐIAN

Verb: *to grow weary.*

MĒÐIG

Adjective: *tired, weary, exhausted.*

MĒÐNES

Noun: *weariness, lassitude, fatigue.*

MICEL

1. Adjective: *much, many, great, intense; long; loud; of great work, importance, significance or excellence.*

2. Adverb: *much, greatly.*

MICELÆTE

Adjective: *eating much, gluttonous, greedy.*

MICELDŌEND

Adjective: *doing great things.*

MICELHĒAFDEDE

Adjective: *big-headed.*

MICELLAN

Verb: *to increase, make great, make larger, magnify, extol; to become great.*

MICELLIC

Adjective: *great, grand, magnificent, splendid, illustrious.*

MICELLĪCE

Adverb: *greatly, grandly, splendidly; exceedingly.*

MICELMŌD

Adjective: *having a great mind; magnanimous.*

MICELNES

See *(ge)micelnes.*

MICELSPRECENDE

Adjective: *talking big, boasting.*

MICELU

Noun: *size, largeness.*

MICGA

Noun: *urine.*

MICGE

Noun: *urine.*

MICGERN

Noun: *internal fat, suet.*

MICLE

Adverb: *much, very, greatly.*

MICLIAN

See *(ge)miclian.*

MICLUNG

See *(ge)miclung.*

MID

1. Adposition: *with, along with, in conjunction with, in company with, together with; into the presence of; by, by means of, through; among; in; at (time); in the sight of, opinion of.*

2. Adverb: *together, at the same time, simultaneously, likewise.*

3. See *midd* (1).

MIDBLĪÐSIAN

Verb: *to rejoice together with (so else).*

MIDD

1. Adjective: *mid, middle, midway.*

2. Noun: *the middle.*

MIDDÆG

Noun: *mid-day, noon; one of the canonical hours, sext.*

MIDDÆGLIC

Adjective: *midday, meridian.*

MIDDÆGSANG

Noun: *the midday service, sext.*

MIDDÆGTĪD

Noun: *midday hour, noon.*

MIDDÆGÐĒNUNG

Noun: *midday-meal, dinner.*

MIDDANGEARD

Noun: *world, the earth, the globe; mankind.*

MIDDANGEARDEN

Adjective: *worldly, mundane.*

MIDDANGEARDLIC

Adjective: *worldly, earthly, terrestrial, mundane.*

MIDDANGEARDTŌDÆLEND

Noun: *cosmographer.*

MIDDANSUMER

Noun: *midsummer (24 June).*

MIDDANWINTER

Noun: *midwinter, Christmas.*

MIDDE

1. Adjective: *mid, middle.*

2. Noun: *middle, centre.*

MIDDEL-ENGLE

Noun: *the Middle Angles, the Angles of Leicestershire.*

MIDDEL-SEAXE

Noun: *the Middle-Saxons.*

MIDDEL

1. Noun: *middle, centre, midst; waist.*

2. Adjective: *middle, intermediate.*

MIDDELÆDR

Noun: *middle or median vein.*

MIDDELBȳRE

Noun: *middle shed.*

MIDDELDÆG

Noun: *mid-day, noon.*

MIDDELDÆL

Noun: *middle.*

MIDDELFINGER

Noun: *middle finger.*

MIDDELFLĒRA

Noun: *partition; septum.*

MIDDELFLĒRE

Noun: *partition; septum.*

MIDDELFŌT

Noun: *middle of the foot, instep.*

MIDDELGEMÆRU

Noun: *middle or central district.*

MIDDELGESCULDRU

Noun: *part of the body between the shoulders.*

MIDDELHRYCG

Noun: *ridge of land lying between two streams.*

MIDDELNIHT

Noun: *midnight.*

MIDDELRĪCE

Noun: *middle kingdom, kingdom lying between two others.*

MIDDELSÆ

Noun: *middle sea.*

MIDDENIHT

Noun: *midnight.*

MIDDEWEARD

1. Adverb: *in the middle of, through the midst.*

2. Adjective: *middle, middle of, midward.*

3. Noun: *middle.*

MIDEARD

Noun: *the world.*

MIDFÆSTEN

Noun: *mid-Lent.*

MIDFEORH

1. Noun: *youth, middle life or age.*

2. Adjective: *middle-aged.*

MIDFYRHTNES

Noun: *middle age.*

MIDGEARWUNG

Noun: *preparation.*

MIDGESĪÐ

Noun: *companion.*

MIDGETELLAN

Verb: *to count, include.*

MIDHELP

Noun: *help, assistance.*

MIDHILTE

Noun: *middle part of the hilt.*

MIDHLȳT

Noun: *fellowship.*

MIDHRIF

Noun: *midriff, diaphragm; bowels, entrails.*

MIDHRIÐRE

Noun: *diaphragm, membrane enclosing the entrails.*

MĪDL

Noun: *bit, curb (of a bridle); thong which bound the oar to the pin.*

MIDLEAHTOR

Noun: *gentle laughter.*

MIDLEN

1. Noun: *middle, centre, midst.*

2. Adjective: *midmost.*

MIDLENCTEN

Noun: *mid-Lent.*

MĪDLHRING

Noun: *ring of a bit.*

MĪDLIAN

See *(ge)mīdlian.*

MIDLIFIEND

Noun: *co-existent with another.*

MIDLIGEND

Noun: *mediator.*

MIDLUNG

Noun: *middle, midst.*

MIDLUNGA

Adverb: *to a moderate or middling degree.*

MIDNEDÆG

Noun: *mid-day.*

MIDNES

Noun: *middle, midst.*

MIDNIHT

Noun: *midnight.*

MIDNUMEN

Adjective: *taking away, plucking.*

MIDRĀD

Noun: *riding in company.*

MIDSINGEND

Noun: *one who sings with another.*

MIDSĪÐEGIAN

See *(ge)midsīðegian.*

MIDSĪÐIAN

See *(ge)midsīðian.*

MIDSPECEND

Noun: *interlocutor, advocate.*

MIDSPRECA

Noun: *advocate, liberator, excuser.*

MIDSPRECENDE

Adjective: *speaking on behalf of.*

MIDSTRĒAM

Noun: *midstream.*

MIDSUMER

Noun: *midsummer.*

MIDSUMERMŌNAÐ

Noun: *June.*

MIDSUMORDÆG

Noun: *midsummer-day.*

MIDSWĒGAN

Verb: *concinere.*

MIDÐEAHTIAN

Verb: *to consent.*

MIDÐOLIAN

Verb: *to sympathise, compassionate.*

MIDÐRŌWUNG

Noun: *compassion.*

MIDWEG

Noun: *mid-way.*

MIDWINTER

Noun: *midwinter, Christmas.*

MIDWINTERMŌNAÐ

Noun: *December.*

MIDWIST

Noun: *presence, society; participation, cooperation.*

MIDWUNUNG

Noun: *living in company, dwelling with others, society, fellowship, communion.*

MIDWYRHTA

Noun: *cooperator.*

MIDYRFENUMA

Noun: *coheir.*

MIELTAN

See *(ge)mieltan.*

MIERCE

1. Noun: *the Mercians; Mercia.*

2. See *mirce* (1).

MIERCISC

Adjective: *Mercian.*

MIERE

Noun: *mare, female of the horse, female of other quadrupeds.*

MIERRA

Noun: *deceiver.*

MIERRAN

See *(ge)mierran.*

MIERRELSE

Noun: *cause of offence; offence, scandal, stumbling-block.*

MIERREND

Adjective: *prodigal, wasteful.*

MIERRING

Noun: *hindering, leading astray; waste, squandering.*

MĪGAN

See *(ge)mīgan.*

MIGGUNG

Noun: *making water.*

MIGOL

Adjective: *diuretic.*

MIGOÐA

Noun: *urine.*

MIHT

1. Noun: *might, power, bodily strength; ability, virtue; authority; mighty work, miracle; deity, divinity; (pl) angels, Gods.*

2. Adjective: *mighty, powerful; possible.*

MIHTELIC

Adjective: *possible.*

MIHTELĪCE

Adverb: *mightily, powerfully, with power, in power; miraculously.*

MIHTESETL

Noun: *seat of power.*

MIHTFUL

Adjective: *powerful.*

MIHTIG

Adjective: *mighty, powerful; able, effective; possible; important.*

MIHTIGLĪCE

Adverb: *mightily, powerfully, with might, through power.*

MIHTLĒAS

Adjective: *weak, powerless, impotent; exhausted.*

MIHTLOC

Noun: *bolt of might.*

MIHTMŌD

Noun: *strong feeling, passion, violent temper.*

MĪL

1. Noun: *mile.*

2. Noun: *millet.*

MILDBEORHT

Adjective: *mildly bright, serene.*

MILDE

1. Adjective: *kind, mild, gentle, merciful, clement; generous; meek; propitious; liberal.*

2. Adverb: *graciously, mercifully.*

MILDELIC

1. Adjective: *propitious.*

2. Adverb: *kindly, graciously, affably.*

MILDELĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, graciously, mercifully.*

MILDHEORT

Adjective: *merciful, compassionate, gracious, kind-hearted, of gentle disposition, clement; meek.*

MILDHEORTLIC

Adjective: *merciful, compassionate, clement.*

MILDHEORTLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, mercifully, compassionately.*

MILDHEORTNES

Noun: *mercy, loving-kindness, compassion, clemency, pity.*

MILDIAN

Verb: *to become mild.*

MILDNES

Noun: *mildness, gentleness, mercy.*

MILESCIAN

Verb: *to become sweet or mellow.*

MĪLGEMÆT

Noun: *mile-measure, mile-stone.*

MĪLGEMEARC

Noun: *measure by miles.*

MĪLGETÆL

Noun: *mile.*

MILISC

Adjective: *mild, sweet, honeyed, mellow (of drink), mulled.*

MĪLITE

Noun: *soldiers.*

MĪLITISC

Adjective: *military.*

MĪLPÆÐ

Noun: *distance reckoned by miles.*

MILSCAPULDOR

Noun: *dark or sweet apple-tree.*

MĪLSTĀN

Noun: *milestone.*

MILT

Noun: *milt, spleen.*

MILTCOÐE

Noun: *disease of the spleen.*

MILTE

Noun: *spleen, milt.*

MILTESĒOC

Adjective: *splenetic.*

MILTEWÆRC

Noun: *pain in tare spleen.*

MILTS

Noun: *kindness, mildness, compassion, mercy, benevolence; favour; humility, meekness; joy.*

MILTSIAN

See *(ge)miltsian.*

MILTSIGEND

See *(ge)miltsigend.*

MILTSIGENDLIC

Adjective: *pardonable, venial.*

MILTSUNG

See *(ge)miltsung.*

MĪMA

Noun: *mime.*

MIN

Adjective: *small; mean, harmful, vile, evil.*

MĪN

Possessive: *my, mine, our.*

MIND

Noun: *diadem.*

MINDŌM

Noun: *smallness, pusillanimity; abjectness; state of exile.*

MĪNLIC

Adjective: *in my manner.*

MINLIC

Adjective: *petty.*

MĪNLĪCE

Adverb: *in my way, in my manner.*

MINNA

Noun: *sheaf.*

MINSIAN

See *(ge)minsian.*

MINSUNG

Noun: *parsimony.*

MINT

Noun: *mint.*

MINTHAMM

Noun: *field of mint.*

MIRCE

1. Noun: *darkness, murkiness.*

2. Adjective: *dark, murky, dark; evil; uncanny.*

3. See *mierce* (1).

MIRCELS

Noun: *sign, token; mark, marked place, marked spot; seal, signet; ensign, trophy.*

MĪRE

Noun: *ant; mire.*

MIRGEN

Noun: *that which causes delight; poetry.*

MIRREND

Noun: *waster, squanderer.*

MIRT

Noun: *market, mart.*

MIS-

Affix: *denotes defect imperfection (attached to nouns, adjectives and adverbs).*

MISBEGĀN

Verb: *to waste, cultivate badly; to disfigure.*

MISBĒODAN

Verb: *to do wrong to, offend, injure, abuse; to ill-use; to announce wrongly.*

MISBOREN

Adjective: *mis-born, abortive; degenerate.*

MISBREGDAN

Verb: *to change; to remove, draw aside.*

MISBRŌDEN

Adjective: *drawn aside.*

MISBYRD

Noun: *mis-birth, abortion.*

MISBYRDO

Noun: *imperfect nature or quality, malformation.*

MISBYSNIAN

Verb: *to set a bad example.*

MISCALFIAN

Verb: *to cast a calf.*

MISCENNING

Noun: *wrong declaration, mistake or variation in pleading before a court; a fine exacted for this.*

MISCIAN

Verb: *to mix; to apportion.*

MISCRŌCETTAN

Verb: *to make a horrible noise, croak or shrink horribly.*

MISCWĒMAN

Verb: *to displease.*

MISCWEÐAN

Verb: *to speak amiss or incorrectly; to speak ill, curse.*

MISCYRRAN

Verb: *to pervert.*

MISDÆD

Noun: *offence, misdeed, evil action, injury, sin, transgression.*

MISDŌN

Verb: *to act wrongly, err, offend, transgress, do evil.*

MISEFESIAN

Verb: *to cut the hair improperly.*

MISENDEBYRDAN

Verb: *to arrange improperly, put in wrong order.*

MISFADIAN

Verb: *to order wrongly; to misconduct.*

MISFADUNG

Noun: *irregularity, misconduct.*

MISFARAN

Verb: *to err, go wrong or astray, transgress; to fare badly, have ill success.*

MISFĒDAN

Verb: *to feed improperly, nourish ill.*

MISFENG

Noun: *mistake, fault, misdeed, sin.*

MISFĒRAN

Verb: *to err, do wrong, go astray, transgress.*

MISFŌN

Verb: *to make a mistake, fail to take; to be deceived.*

MISGEDWIELD

Noun: *error, perversion.*

MISGEHYGD

Noun: *evil mind or thought.*

MISGELIMP

Noun: *mishap, misfortune, misadventure.*

MISGEMYND

Noun: *evil memory or memorial.*

MISGEWIDERE

Noun: *bad weather, storm.*

MISGRĒTAN

Verb: *to affront, insult; to greet amiss.*

MISGŸMAN

Verb: *to fail to take care, to neglect.*

MISHÆBBENDE

Adjective: *being ill.*

MISHEALDAN

Verb: *not to keep, neglect; to slight a person.*

MISHEALDSUMNES

Noun: *want of observance, carelessness, negligence.*

MISHĒRNES

Noun: *disobedience.*

MISHWEORFED

Adjective: *perverted; inverted.*

MISHWORFEN

Adjective: *perverted; inverted.*

MISHŸRAN

Verb: *to pay no attention to a person, not to listen, hear amiss, disobey.*

MISLÆDAN

Verb: *to mislead, lead astray.*

MISLĀERAN

Verb: *to teach wrongly, give bad advice to; to persuade a person to do what is wrong.*

MISLĀR

Noun: *evil suggestion, incitement to evil.*

MISLĪC

Adjective: *various, diverse, manifold, unlike; wandering, erratic.*

MISLĪCE

Adverb: *in different ways, variously, diversely; aimless; in an irregular manner.*

MISLĪCIAN

Verb: *to displease, disquiet.*

MISLĪCNES

Noun: *variety, diversity.*

MISLĪCUM

Adverb: *variously.*

MISLIMP

Noun: *mishap, misfortune.*

MISLIMPAN

Verb: *to go wrong, turn out unfortunately.*

MISLYBBAN

Verb: *to lead a bad life.*

MISMACIAN

Verb: *to mar.*

MISMICEL

Adjective: *of varying sizes; few, wanting in greatness or quantity.*

MISPELER

Noun: *medlar-tree.*

MISRǢCAN

Verb: *to reach or touch wrongly; to abuse.*

MISRǢD

Noun: *misguidance; misconduct.*

MISRǢDAN

Verb: *to advise wrongly; to read wrongly.*

MISS

Noun: *absence, loss.*

MISSAN

Verb: *to miss (a mark); to escape the notice of a person.*

MISSCRENCE

Adjective: *distorted, shrivelled.*

MISSCRȲDAN

Verb: *to clothe amiss.*

MISSENLIC

Adjective: *various, diverse, manifold, different.*

MISSENLĪCE

Adverb: *variously, diversely, differently.*

MISSENLICNES

Noun: *variety, diversity.*

MISSERE

Noun: *half-year, year.*

MISSPŌWAN

Verb: *to fare badly.*

MISSPRECAN

Verb: *to murmur, grumble.*

MIST

Noun: *mist; dimness (of eyesight).*

MISTÆCAN

Verb: *to teach amiss.*

MISTEL

Noun: *mistletoe; basil.*

MISTELLĀM

Noun: *birdlime.*

MISTELTĀN

Noun: *mistletoe.*

MISTGLŌM

Noun: *misty gloom.*

MISTHELM

Noun: *covering of mist.*

MISTHLIÐ

Noun: *misty cliff, cloud-capped slope.*

MISTIAN

Verb: *to be or grow misty.*

MISTĪD

Noun: *evil time.*

MISTĪDAN

Verb: *to miscarry, fail.*

MISTIG

Adjective: *misty.*

MISTIHTAN

Verb: *to dissuade, lead astray.*

MISTIHTENDLIC

Adjective: *dehortative.*

MISTĪMIAN

Verb: *to happen amiss.*

MISTRAN

Verb: *to grow dim.*

MISTRĪWAN

Verb: *to mistrust.*

MISTŪCIAN

Verb: *to ill-treat.*

MISÐĒON

Verb: *to degenerate, misthrive.*

MISWEAXAN

Verb: *to grow improperly.*

MISWENDAN

Verb: *to err; to pervert, abuse; to be perverted.*

MISWENDE

Adjective: *erring, ill-behaving.*

MISWENIAN

Verb: *to misuse, abuse.*

MISWEORC

Noun: *misdeed.*

MISWEORÐAN

Verb: *to turn out amiss.*

MISWINNAN

Verb: *elaborate (wrongly).*

MISWISSIAN

Verb: *to mislead.*

MISWRĪTAN

Verb: *to write incorrectly.*

MISWURÐIAN

Verb: *to dishonour, ill-treat.*

MISWYRCAN

Verb: *create amiss.*

MĪTE

Noun: *small insect, mite.*

MITTA

Noun: *bushel (a measure).*

MITTAN

See *(ge)mittan.*

MITTE

Noun: *bushel (a measure).*

MITTING

See *(ge)mitting.*

MĪÐAN

Verb: *to hide, conceal, keep to oneself, dissemble; to remain concealed; to avoid, refrain from, forbear, shun.*

MIÐGIAN

Verb: *to conceal.*

MIÐGIHLYTTO

Noun: *fellowship.*

MIÐWÆRIAN

Verb: *to consent.*

MIXEN

Noun: *mixen, dung-heap.*

MIXENDYNGE

Noun: *dung from a mixen.*

MIXENPLANTE

Noun: *nightshade (plant).*

MŌD

1. See *(ge)mōd.*

2. Adjective: *of one mind, harmonious, peaceful.*

MŌDBLIND

Adjective: *undiscerning, blind.*

MŌDBLISSIENDE

Adjective: *exulting, rejoicing at heart.*

MŌDBYSGUNG

Noun: *anxiety.*

MŌDCEARIG

Adjective: *anxious or sorrowful at heart.*

MŌDCEARU

Noun: *sorrow, grief.*

MŌDCRÆFT

Noun: *mental power or skill, intelligence.*

MŌDCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *intelligent, skilled.*

MŌDDREN

Adjective: *maternal.*

MŌDEARFOÐ

Noun: *grief or distress of mind, travail of soul.*

MŌDFUL

Adjective: *proud, arrogant, haughty.*

MŌDGEHYGD

Noun: *thought.*

MŌDGEMYND

Noun: *mind, thought, intelligence.*

MŌDGĒOMOR

Adjective: *sad, of mournful mind, dejected.*

MŌDGEÐANC

Noun: *understanding, mind, thought.*

MŌDGEÐŌHT

Noun: *understanding, mind, thought.*

MŌDGEÐYLDIG

Adjective: *patient.*

MŌDGEWINNA

Noun: *care, anxiety, foe of the mind.*

MŌDGLÆD

Adjective: *joyous, of gladsome mind.*

MŌDGLĒAW

Adjective: *wise.*

MŌDHÆP

Adjective: *brave.*

MŌDHĒAP

Noun: *bold troop.*

MŌDHETE

Noun: *hate, hatred.*

MŌDHORD

Noun: *the mind; secret thoughts.*

MŌDHWÆT

Adjective: *brave, bold, courageous.*

MŌDIG

Adjective: *brave, bold, courageous, daring, spirited; high-souled, magnanimous; pride, arrogant; stubborn, headstrong, wilful; impetuous, hearty, earnest.*

MŌDIGAN

Verb: *to be or become proud or overbearing; to exult, glory; to show bravery.*

MŌDIGLIC

Adjective: *high-souled, noble-mind, loft; proud; brave, bold, courageous; magnificent, splendid, superb.*

MŌDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *bravely, boldly.*

MŌDIGNES

Noun: *greatness of soul; pride, arrogance.*

MŌDLĒAS

Adjective: *spiritless, senseless, dull.*

MŌDLĒAST

Noun: *want of courage, despondency, pusillanimity.*

MŌDLĒOF

Adjective: *dear, beloved, precious.*

MŌDLUFU

Noun: *affection, love.*

MŌDNES

Noun: *greatness of soul; pride, arrogance, haughtiness.*

MŌDOR

Noun: *mother.*

MŌDORCILD

Noun: *a child of one's (own) mother.*

MŌDORCYND

Noun: *nature derived from the mother.*

MŌDORCYNN

Noun: *maternal kin or descent.*

MŌDORHEALF

Noun: *mother's side.*

MŌDORHRIF

Noun: *womb.*

MŌDORLĒAS

Adjective: *motherless.*

MŌDORLIC

Adjective: *maternal.*

MŌDORLĪCE

Adverb: *like a mother.*

MŌDORLUFU

Noun: *filial affection, love for a mother.*

MŌDORSLAGA

Noun: *matricide.*

MŌDRIGE

Noun: *aunt, maternal aunt; cousin.*

MŌDRŌF

Adjective: *valiant.*

MŌDSEFA

Noun: *soul, spirit, mind, thought, imagination, heart; purpose; character.*

MŌDSĒOC

Adjective: *sick at heart, distressed.*

MŌDSĒOCNES

Noun: *disease of the heart, sadness, fright; disease of the stomach.*

MŌDSNOTOR

Adjective: *wise, sagacious, prudent of mind.*

MŌDSORG

Noun: *care or sorrow of mind or soul.*

MŌDSTAÐOL

Noun: *principle; character, foundation on which the mind rests.*

MŌDSTAÐOLFÆSTNES

Noun: *firmness of mind.*

MŌDSTAÐOLNES

Noun: *firmness of mind.*

MŌDSWĪÐ

Adjective: *strong of mind or soul, resolute.*

MŌDÐRACU

Noun: *courage, impetuosity of mind.*

MŌDÐRĒA

Noun: *anguish, pain or torment of mind.*

MŌDÐRŸÐO

Noun: *arrogance; violence of mind.*

MŌDÐWÆRE

Adjective: *gentle, mild, meek.*

MŌDÐWÆRNES

Noun: *gentleness, patience, meekness.*

MŌDWÆG

Noun: *impetuous wave.*

MŌDWELIG

Adjective: *talented, wise, gifted.*

MŌDWLANC

Adjective: *proud, haughty; of high courage, stout-hearted.*

MŌDWYN

Noun: *heart's joy or delight; property, treasure.*

MOETAN

Verb: *to meet, fall in with; to find, find out, encounter; to obtain.*

MOLCEN

Noun: *coagulated or curdled milk.*

MOLDÆRN

Noun: *grave, earth-house.*

MOLDCORN

Noun: *the granular tuber of saxifraga granulata, and the plant itself.*

MOLDE

1. Noun: *earth, soil, ground, sand, dust, mould; land, country; world.*

2. Noun: *top of the head.*

MOLDGEWIND

Noun: *top of the head.*

MOLDGRÆF

Noun: *grave.*

MOLDHRĒRENDE

Adjective: *moving upon earth.*

MOLDHŸPE

Noun: *heap of earth or dust.*

MOLDSTŌW

Noun: *site, place on the earth; grave, sepulchre.*

MOLDWEG

Noun: *earth, way upon earth.*

MOLDWYRM

Noun: *earth-worm, worm in a grave.*

MOLEGN

Noun: *thick substance made of curds.*

MOLEGNSTYCCE

Noun: *piece or portion of curd.*

MOLSN

Noun: *decay; corruption.*

MOLSNIAN

See *(ge)molsnian.*

MŌNA

Noun: *the moon.*

MŌNANÆFEN

Noun: *Sunday evening, Monday eve.*

MŌNANDÆG

Noun: *Monday.*

MŌNANNIHT

Noun: *Sunday evening, Monday eve.*

MŌNAÐ

Noun: *month (lunar or calendar).*

MŌNAÐĀDL

Noun: *disease that occurs at intervals of a month.*

MŌNAÐĀDLIG

Adjective: *menstruous.*

MŌNAÐBLŌD

Noun: *menstruum.*

MŌNAÐBŌT

Noun: *penance for a month.*

MŌNAÐFYLEN

Noun: *time of full moon.*

MŌNAÐGECYND

Noun: *menstruum.*

MŌNAÐLIC

Adjective: *monthly; lunar.*

MŌNAÐSĒOC

Adjective: *lunatic, epileptic, moonsick; menstruous.*

MŌNAÐSĒOCNES

Noun: *lunacy.*

MŌNELIC

Adjective: *lunar.*

MŌNIG

Noun: *the Isle of Man or Anglesey.*

MONIGHĒOWLIC

Adjective: *multifarious.*

MŌNSĒOC

Adjective: *lunatic, epileptic, moonsick.*

MŌR

Noun: *moor, damp or waste land, morass, swamp; high waste land, hill, mountain.*

MORAÐ

Noun: *sweet boiled wine with herbs.*

MŌRBĒAM

Noun: *bramble, mulberry tree.*

MŌRBERIE

Noun: *mulberry.*

MŌRDENU

Noun: *swampy or fenny valley.*

MORE

Noun: *root; carrot, parsnip.*

MŌRFÆSTEN

Noun: *moor-fastness.*

MŌRFLĒOGE

Noun: *kind of fly, cariscus.*

MORGEN

Noun: *morn, morning, forenoon; sunrise; morrow, tomorrow.*

MORGENCEALD

Adjective: *chilled with the cold of early morning.*

MORGENCOLLA

Noun: *morning terror.*

MORGENDÆG

Noun: *morning; morrow; day-light.*

MORGENDRENC

Noun: *morning drink.*

MORGENGEBEDTĪD

Noun: *morning prayer-time; in pl. matins.*

MORGENGIFU

Noun: *gift by a husband to his wife the morning after the wedding.*

MORGENLĒOHT

Noun: *morning light, dawn, morning.*

MORGENLIC

Adjective: *matutinal, belonging to the morning; of the morrow.*

MORGENLONG

Adjective: *lasting a morning; having a long morning.*

MORGENMÆSSE

Noun: *first mass, morning mass.*

MORGENMETE

Noun: *morning meal, breakfast.*

MORGENRĒN

Noun: *morning rain.*

MORGENSĒOC

Adjective: *sick in the morning, sad at morn.*

MORGENSPÆC

Noun: *regular meeting of a guild on the morrow after the guild-feast.*

MORGENSPELL

Noun: *news published at morn, story or narrative told in the morning.*

MORGENSTEORRA

Noun: *morning star.*

MORGENSWĒG

Noun: *sound made in the morning, cry at morn.*

MORGENTĪD

Noun: *morning, morning-time.*

MORGENTĪDLIC

Adjective: *matutinal.*

MORGENTORHT

Adjective: *bright at morn.*

MORGENWACIAN

Verb: *to get up early in the morning.*

MORGENWLÆTUNG

Noun: *morning sickness.*

MŌRHÆÐ

Noun: *mountain-heath.*

MŌRHEALD

Adjective: *marshy, heathy.*

MŌRHOP

Noun: *moor-swamp, pool in a marsh; hollow in the moor.*

MŌRIG

Adjective: *marshy, fenny.*

MŌRLÆS

Noun: *marshy pasturage.*

MŌRLAND

Noun: *moor-land, mountain waste, wild hilly country.*

MŌRMÆD

Noun: *marshy meadow.*

MŌRSCEAÐA

Noun: *bandit, robber who lakes refuge in the moors.*

MŌRSĒAÐ

Noun: *boggy or marshy pit.*

MŌRSECG

Noun: *sedge.*

MŌRSEOHTRE

Noun: *marshy ditch.*

MŌRSLÆD

Noun: *marshy valley.*

MŌRSTAPA

Noun: *traverser of the moors, moor-stepper.*

MORTERE

Noun: *mortar.*

MORÐ

Noun: *perdition, destruction, death; homicide, murder; evil deed, mortal wrong, deadly sin.*

MORÐCRÆFT

Noun: *deadly art.*

MORÐCRUNDEL

Noun: *deadly pool, corpse-pit; barrow raised over a dead body.*

MORÐDÆD

Noun: *crime, evil deed, deadly sin, murder.*

MORÐOR

Noun: *homicide, murder, manslaughter; injury, great wickedness, deed of violence, crime, mortal sin; punishment, torment, misery, deadly injury.*

MORÐORBEALU

Noun: *deadly harm, murder, violent death.*

MORÐORBED

Noun: *bed of death (by violence).*

MORÐORCOFA

Noun: *prison.*

MORÐORCRÆFT

Noun: *deadly or murderous art or power.*

MORÐORCWALU

Noun: *murder.*

MORÐORCWEALM

Noun: *death, murder, slaughter.*

MORÐORHETE

Noun: *murderous or deadly hate, blood-feud.*

MORÐORHOF

Noun: *place of torment or extreme misery (hell).*

MORÐORHŪS

Noun: *house of torment (hell).*

MORÐORHYCGENDE

Adjective: *with murderous thoughts.*

MORÐORLĒAN

Noun: *recompense of sin or a terrible recompense.*

MORÐORSCYLDIG

Adjective: *guilty of murder or of grievous sin.*

MORÐORSLAGA

Noun: *homicide, murderer, assassin.*

MORÐORSLAGU

Noun: *homicide, murder.*

MORÐORSLEGE

Noun: *homicide, murder.*

MORÐORSLIHT

Noun: *murder, assassination, slaughter, the slain.*

MORÐORWYRHTA

Noun: *worker of iniquity or of murder.*

MORÐWEORC

Noun: *deadly work, murder, act which causes death (by witchcraft or poison).*

MŌRWYRT

Noun: *moor-wort.*

MŌS

Noun: *food, nourishment, victuals; bog, marsh.*

MOS

Noun: *moss, marshy place.*

MOT

Noun: *mote, speck, atom.*

MŌT

1. Noun: *tax, tribute, toll; meeting, court; encounter, conflict.*

2. See *(ge)mōt.*

MŌTÆRN

See *(ge)mōtærn.*

MŌTAN

Verb: *to be able, be allowed, have opportunity to, be compelled to; may; must, be obliged.*

MŌTBELL

Noun: *bell rung to call an assembly together.*

MŌTBEORH

See *(ge)mōtbeorh.*

MŌTERE

Noun: *public speaker.*

MŌTGERĒFA

Noun: *chairman of a moot, moot-reeve.*

MŌTHŪS

See *(ge)mōthūs.*

MŌTIAN

See *(ge)mōtian.*

MŌTLÆÐU

Noun: *assemblies, courts.*

MŌTSTŌW

See *(ge)mōtstōw.*

MŌTUNG

Noun: *conversation, discourse, discussion.*

MŌTWEORÐ

Adjective: *qualified to attend the moot.*

MOÐFRETEN

Adjective: *moth-eaten.*

MOÐÐE

Noun: *moth.*

MUCGWYRT

Noun: *plant name, mugwort, muggon, artemisia.*

MUDDIG

Adjective: *muddy.*

MŪGA

Noun: *heap (of corn), mow.*

MŪL

Noun: *mule.*

MŪLHYRDE

Noun: *mule-keeper.*

MUNAN

See *(ge)munan.*

MUND

1. Noun: *hand, palm; trust; security, protection, guardianship; protector, guardian; the king's peace; fine for breach of the laws of protection or guardianship of the king's peace.*

2. Noun: *money paid by bridegroom to bride's father, bridegroom's gift to bride.*

MUNDBEORG

Noun: *protecting or sheltering hill.*

MUNDBORA

Noun: *protector, guardian, preserver, patron, advocate; prefect.*

MUNDBRYCE

Noun: *breach of the laws of protection or guardianship; fine for the breach of such laws.*

MUNDBYRD

Noun: *protection, patronage; help, aid; fine for a breach of the peace.*

MUNDBYRDAN

See *(ge)mundbyrdan.*

MUNDBYRDNES

Noun: *security, protection; independence; protector, guardian, patron, advocate.*

MUNDCRÆFT

Noun: *protecting power.*

MUNDGRIPE

Noun: *grasp, hand-gripe.*

MUNDHEALS

Noun: *safety; protection.*

MUNDIAN

See *(ge)mundian.*

MUNDIEND

Noun: *protector, guardian.*

MUNDLĒOW

Noun: *basin for washing the hands.*

MUNDRŌF

Adjective: *ready, active or strong with the hands.*

MUNDWIST

Noun: *protection, guardianship.*

MUNT

Noun: *mount, hill, mountain; the Alps.*

MUNTÆLFEN

Noun: *mountain-nymph.*

MUNTCLŸSE

Noun: *mountain prison.*

MUNTGĪU

Noun: *the Alps.*

MUNTLAND

Noun: *hilly country.*

MUNUC

Noun: *monk (used also of women).*

MUNUCBEHĀT

Noun: *monastic vow.*

MUNUCCILD

Noun: *child intended for monastic life.*

MUNUCCNAPA

Noun: *young monk.*

MUNUCGEGYRELA

Noun: *monastic dress.*

MUNUCHĀD

Noun: *monastic life, monk-hood, monastic orders (of women as well as of men).*

MUNUCHĒAP

Noun: *company or band of monks, monks of a monastery.*

MUNUCIAN

Verb: *to make a person a monk.*

MUNUCLIC

Adjective: *monastic, monkish.*

MUNUCLĪCE

Adverb: *monastically, after the manner of a monk.*

MUNUCLĪF

Noun: *monastic life; monastery, cloister.*

MUNUCRĒAF

Noun: *monk's or nun's dress, monastic habit.*

MUNUCREGOL

Noun: *mode of life; monastic rule; body of monks under a certain rule.*

MUNUCSCRŪD

Noun: *monk's dress.*

MUNUCSTŌW

Noun: *place for monks.*

MUNUCÐĒAW

Noun: *monastic rule.*

MUNUCWĪSE

Noun: *manner or fashion of monks.*

MŪR

Noun: *wall.*

MURC

Adjective: *dismal, wretched.*

MURCEN

Adjective: *sad; complaining.*

MURCIAN

Verb: *to complain, repine, murmur; to grieve.*

MURCNERE

Noun: *complainer.*

MURCUNG

Noun: *complaint, murmuring; sorrow, grief.*

MURNAN

Verb: *to care, regard, reck; to be anxious, sad or fearful, feel anxiety; to hesitate; to sorrow, lament, mourn, bemoan; to long after.*

MURNUNG

Noun: *complaint; grief, anxiety.*

MŪS

Noun: *mouse; muscle (of the arm).*

MUSCELLE

Noun: *muscle; mussel, shell-fish.*

MUSCFLĒOTE

Noun: *small fly found in wine.*

MŪSEPISE

Noun: *vetch, mouse-pea.*

MŪSERE

Noun: *mouse-hawk.*

MŪSFEALLE

Noun: *mouse-trap.*

MŪSFEALU

Adjective: *mouse-coloured.*

MŪSHAFOC

Noun: *mouse-hawk, buzzard.*

MUST

Noun: *must, new wine.*

MUSTWYRM

Noun: *insect found in wine.*

MŪSÐĒOF

Noun: *thieving mouse.*

MŪTUNG

Noun: *loan.*

MŪÐ

Noun: *opening, door, gate; orifice, mouth; face.*

MŪÐA

Noun: *mouth of a river, estuary; opening, door, entrance.*

MŪÐĀDL

Noun: *mouth-disease.*

MŪÐBERSTUNG

Noun: *eruption of the mouth.*

MŪÐBONA

Noun: *devourer.*

MŪÐCOÐU

Noun: *mouth-disease.*

MŪÐETTAN

Verb: *to chatter, blab out, let out (a secret).*

MŪÐFRĒO

Adjective: *free to speak.*

MŪÐHÆL

Noun: *wholesome speech.*

MŪÐHRŌF

Noun: *roof of the mouth, palate.*

MŪÐLĒAS

Adjective: *mouthless.*

MŪÐSĀR

Noun: *pain of the mouth.*

MŪÐSEALF

Noun: *mouth-salve.*

MYCG

Noun: *midge.*

MYCGE

Noun: *midge.*

MYCGNET

Noun: *mosquito-net.*

MYDD

Noun: *bushel.*

MŸDERCE

Noun: *money storing-place, chest.*

MYL

Noun: *dust.*

MYLDE

Noun: *soil.*

MYLEN

Noun: *mill, water mill.*

MYLENBRŌC

Noun: *mill-brook.*

MYLENBURNA

Noun: *mill-stream.*

MYLENDĪC

Noun: *mill-dike.*

MYLENFELD

Noun: *field where there is a mill.*

MYLENGAFOL

Noun: *revenue derived from a mill.*

MYLENGEAR

Noun: *mill-yair.*

MYLENHAM

Noun: *enclosure in which a mill stands.*

MYLENHWĒOL

Noun: *mill-wheel.*

MYLENOXA

Noun: *mill-ox.*

MYLENPULL

Noun: *mill-pool.*

MYLENSCEARP

Adjective: *sharpened on a grindstone.*

MYLENSTĀN

Noun: *stone for grinding.*

MYLENSTEALL

Noun: *mill.*

MYLENSTEDE

Noun: *mill, mill-stead.*

MYLENSTĪG

Noun: *path to a mill.*

MYLENTROH

Noun: *mill-conduit, mill-trough, channel in which water comes to a mill-wheel.*

MYLENTŪN

Noun: *enclosure (tūn) with a mill.*

MYLENWARU

Noun: *mill-weir, mill-dam.*

MYLENWEG

Noun: *road to a mill.*

MYLENWER

Noun: *mill-weir, mill-dam.*

MYLENWYRD

Noun: *miller, tenant of a mill.*

MYLESTRĒAM

Noun: *mill-stream.*

MYLMA

Noun: *retreat.*

MYLNERE

Noun: *miller.*

MYLTENHŪS

Noun: *brothel.*

MYLTESTRE

Noun: *prostitute, harlot.*

MYLTESTREHŪS

Noun: *brothel.*

MYLTESTRERN

Noun: *brothel.*

MYMERIAN

Verb: *to keep in the memory, remember.*

MYND

See *(ge)mynd.*

MYNDGIAN

See *(ge)myndgian.*

MYNDGIEND

Noun: *one who reminds.*

MYNDIG

See *(ge)myndig.*

MYNDLĒAS

See *(ge)myndlēas.*

MYNE

1. Noun: *the mind; memory, remembrance; memorial; feeling, affection, love; purpose; desire, wish; minnow.*

2. See *mene.*

MYNECEN

Noun: *female monk, nun.*

MYNEGIAN

Verb: *to remember be mindful of, remind, recall; to intend; to mention, commemorate; to mention; to impel, exhort, warn, admonish; to demand payment.*

MYNEGIENDLIC

Adjective: *hortatory.*

MYNEGUNG

See *(ge)mynegung.*

MYNELIC

Adjective: *pleasant, desirable.*

MYNET

Noun: *money, coin; coinage.*

MYNETCȳPA

Noun: *money-dealer.*

MYNETERE

Noun: *money-dealer, money-changer; coiner, minter.*

MYNETIAN

See *(ge)mynetian.*

MYNETĪSEN

Noun: *coinage; die for stamping coin.*

MYNETSLEGE

Noun: *coinage, minting.*

MYNETSMIÐÐE

Noun: *place for coining, mint.*

MYNIAN

Verb: *to intend; to be impelled, direct oneself towards an object.*

MYNLE

Noun: *desire, longing.*

MYNNA

Noun: *intention.*

MYNSTER

Noun: *monastery, nunnery; church, minster, cathedral.*

MYNSTERBŌC

Noun: *book belonging to a monastery.*

MYNSTERCLÆNSUNG

Noun: *purification of a minster.*

MYNSTERCLŪSE

Noun: *monastic enclosure, monastery, convent, cloister; cell, stall.*

MYNSTERFÆDER

Noun: *abbot, head of a monastery.*

MYNSTERFÆMNE

Noun: *nun.*

MYNSTERGANG

Noun: *act of joining an order of monks.*

MYNSTERGĒAT

Noun: *monastery gate.*

MYNSTERHĀM

Noun: *monastic house, monastery.*

MYNSTERHATA

Noun: *persecutor of monasteries.*

MYNSTERLAND

Noun: *land belonging to a monastery.*

MYNSTERLIC

Adjective: *monastic.*

MYNSTERLĪCE

Adverb: *monastically, in a manner suitable to a monastery.*

MYNSTERLĪF

Noun: *monastic life; monastery.*

MYNSTERMANN

Noun: *monk.*

MYNSTERMUNUC

Noun: *monk who lives in a monastery.*

MYNSTERPRAFOST

Noun: *provost of a monastery.*

MYNSTERPRĒOST

Noun: *priest of a church or minster.*

MYNSTERSCĪR

Noun: *management of a monastery.*

MYNSTERSTEDE

Noun: *monastery, monastic building.*

MYNSTERSTŌW

Noun: *place of a minster, town.*

MYNSTERTIMBRUNG

Noun: *building of a monastery.*

MYNSTERÐĒAW

Noun: *monastic custom.*

MYNSTERÐEGNUNG

Noun: *monastic service.*

MYNSTERÐING

Noun: *property of a monastery.*

MYNSTERWĪSE

Noun: *monastic custom.*

MYNTAN

See *(ge)myntan.*

MYRANHĒAFOD

Noun: *mare's head (a nick-name).*

MYRGAN

Verb: *to rejoice, be merry or glad.*

MYRGE

1. Adjective: *pleasant, agreeable, sweet, delightful.*

2. Adverb: *gladly, pleasantly, sweetly, melodiously.*

MYRGELĒOÐ

Noun: *epitaph.*

MYRGEN

1. Noun: *joy, pleasure.*

2. See *morgen.*

MYRGNES

Noun: *melody.*

MYRIGLĪCE

Adverb: *pleasantly, melodiously.*

MYRGÐ

Noun: *joy, mirth; sweetness (of sound); pleasure, delight.*

MYRRA

Noun: *myrrh, cicely.*

MYRRE

Noun: *myrrh.*

MYRTEN

1. Noun: *flesh of animals that have died a natural death.*

2. Adjective: *that has died by disease.*

MYRÐRA

Noun: *homicide, murder.*

MYRÐRIAN

Verb: *to murder.*

MYRÐRUNG

Noun: *homicide, murder, parricide.*

MYRÐU

Noun: *mischief, trouble.*

MYSCAN

See *(ge)myscan.*

MYSCI

Noun: *flies.*

MYSÐYNCAN

Verb: *to be mistaken.*

MŸÐE

Noun: *mouth of a stream.*

NĀ

Adverb: *no, not, not at all, never, not even, by no means.*

NABBAN

Verb: *not to have, lack, be without.*

NACA

Noun: *ship, vessel, boat, bark.*

NACIAN

Verb: *to strip, lay bare.*

NACUDWRĀXLER

Noun: *gymnosophist.*

NÆCEDNES

Noun: *nakedness.*

NÆDDREWINDE

Noun: *adder-wort (plant name).*

NÆDERBITA

Noun: *ichneumon.*

NÆDERCYNN

Noun: *a kind of snake; snake-tribe.*

NÆDERFĀH

Adjective: *spotted like a snake.*

NÆDL

Noun: *needle.*

NÆDRE

Noun: *kind of serpent, snake, viper, adder.*

NÆDREWYRT

Noun: *adder-wort.*

NÆFEBOR

Noun: *auger.*

NÆFRE

Adverb: *never.*

NÆFT

Noun: *need, want, poverty, indigence.*

NÆFTCYRREND

Adjective: *not returning.*

NÆFTIG

Adjective: *not having means, poor, indigent.*

NĀGAN

See *(ge)nāgan.*

NÆGELISERN

Noun: *iron nail.*

NÆGELSPERE

Noun: *spear with a sharp point.*

NÆGL

Noun: *nail, finger-nail, toe-nail; peg, claw, plectrum; spear.*

NÆGLEDBORD

Adjective: *with nailed sides.*

NÆGLEDCNEARR

Noun: *nail-fastened vessel.*

NÆGLEDCRÆT

Noun: *iron chariot.*

NÆGLEDSINC

Noun: *studded vessel.*

NÆGLIAN

See *(ge)næglian.*

NÆGLING

Noun: *the name of Beowulf's sword.*

NÆGLSEX

Noun: *knife for cutting the nails; razor.*

NĀLĒACAN

Verb: *to approach, come or draw near; to be near; to cling to; to be like.*

NĀM

Noun: *taking, receiving; acceptance.*

NĀMEL

Adjective: *receptive.*

NĀMING

Noun: *acceptance, agreement, contract; bargain.*

NĀNIG

Adverb: *not at all, in no wise.*

NĀNIGDĀL

Noun: *not a particle.*

NĀNIGÐINGA

Adverb: *not at all.*

NĀNIGWUHT

Adverb: *not, not at all, in no wise, nothing.*

NĀP

Noun: *turnip, rape.*

NĀPSĀD

Noun: *seed of turnip or of rape.*

NĀRENDE

Adjective: *not being.*

NÆS

1. Adverb: *not, not at all.*

2. See *næss.*

NÆSC

Noun: *fawn-skin.*

NÆSGRISTLE

Noun: *gristle or cartilage of the nose.*

NÆSHLIÐ

Noun: *declivity, slope of a headland.*

NÆSS

Noun: *cliff, headland, promontory, ness, cape; earth, ground.*

NÆSTER

Noun: *lipped vessel; wild carrot.*

NÆSÐYRL

Noun: *nostril.*

NĀTAN

See *(ge)nātan.*

NĀTING

Noun: *blaming, upbraiding.*

NAFELA

Noun: *navel.*

NAFEÐA

Noun: *nave (of a wheel).*

NAFOGĀR

Noun: *auger.*

NAFU

Noun: *nave (of a wheel).*

NAFULSCEAFT

Noun: *navel.*

NĀGAN

Verb: *not to have, not to owe; not to be allowed, have no right to; ought not; not to be bound; to lose; to be unable.*

NĀHT

1. Noun: *nothing, naught; evil thing; wickedness, evil-doing.*

2. Adjective: *useless, poor, bad.*

3. Adverb: *not, not at all.*

NĀHTFREMMEND

Noun: *one who does evil.*

NĀHTGĪTSUNG

Noun: *wicked avarice.*

NĀHTHWÆT

Pronoun: *something unknown.*

NĀHTLIC

Adjective: *worthless, naughty, of no avail, ignobly.*

NĀHTLĪCE

Adverb: *worthlessly; badly, wickedly, ignobly, evilly.*

NĀHTNES

Noun: *worthlessness, cowardice.*

NĀHTSCIPE

Noun: *worthlessness.*

NĀHWÆR

Adverb: *nowhere, in no place; never, in no case; not at all, in no respect.*

NĀHWÆÐER

1. Pronoun: *neither; neuter (grammatical term).*

2. Conjunction: *neither.*

NĀHWANAN

Adverb: *not at all.*

NĀHWIDER

Adverb: *no-whither, to no place; nowhere.*

NĀHWONAN

Adverb: *from nowhere.*

NĀM

Noun: *seizure of property (legal term).*

NAMA

Noun: *name; reputation, title; noun; the name of God or Christ.*

NAMBŌC

Noun: *register of names.*

NAMBRED

Noun: *register of names (on a tablet).*

NAMCŪÐ

Adjective: *well-known, famous, of note, of renown, celebrated.*

NAMCŪÐLĪCE

Adverb: *individually; by name.*

NAMCYGING

Noun: *naming, calling by name.*

NAMIAN

See *(ge)namian.*

NAMMǢLUM

Adverb: *name by name.*

NAMRǢDEN

Noun: *learning, erudition; naming.*

NĀN

1. Adjective: *no, not one, none.*

2. Noun: *no one, none, no man, nothing.*

NĀNWIHT

1. Noun: *nothing, naught.*

2. Adverb: *not at all; in no wise.*

NARD

Noun: *spikenard; unguent.*

NĀTESHWŌN

Adverb: *not, not at all; by no means.*

NĀTHWĀ

Adjective: *some one.*

NĀTHWǢR

Adverb: *somewhere or other.*

NĀTHWILC

Adjective: *some one or other (I know not who).*

NĀÐINC

Noun: *nothing.*

NĀÐȲLÆS

Adverb: *nevertheless.*

NĀWA

Adverb: *never.*

NĀWĒRN

Adverb: *nowhere.*

NĀWIHTWELA

Noun: *false wealth.*

NAZARENISC

Adjective: *of Nazareth.*

NE

1. Adverb: *no, not, non.*

2. Conjunction: *nor, neither.*

NĒADCLAMM

Noun: *need, necessity, extremity; distress.*

NĒADCOFA

Noun: *prison.*

NĒADGAFOL

Noun: *tax, tribute.*

NĒADGEWUNA

Noun: *enforced or necessary custom.*

NĒADGYLDA

Noun: *debtor.*

NĒADHĀD

Noun: *force, compulsion.*

NĒADHÆS

Noun: *order which one must obey.*

NĒADIAN

See *(ge)nēadian.*

NĒADIGNES

Noun: *obligation.*

NĒADNĒOD

Noun: *unavoidable necessity.*

NĒADPRIN

Noun: *necessary equipment.*

NĒADÐING

1. Noun: *necessary thing.*

2. See *nēadprin.*

NĒADUNG

Noun: *force or violence used against any one; necessity, compulsion.*

NĒADUNGA

Adverb: *not willingly, forcibly, against one's will, under compulsion; of necessity.*

NĒADWĪS

1. Adjective: *necessary; fitting, due.*

2. Adverb: *of necessity.*

NĒADWĪSNES

Noun: *necessity.*

NĒADWĪTE

Noun: *inevitable punishment.*

NĒADWRACA

Noun: *avenger by necessity.*

NĒAH

1. Adjective: *near, close, nigh; late.*

2. Adverb: *near, nigh; almost, nearly, about; lately.*

3. Adposition: *near, close to; according to.*

NĒAHBŪEND

Noun: *neighbour, near-dweller.*

NĒAHCEASTER

Noun: *nearest town, neighbouring city.*

NĒAHCYRICE

Noun: *neighbouring church.*

NĒAHDÆL

Noun: *neighbourhood.*

NĒAHDŪN

Noun: *neighbouring hill.*

NĒAHĒA

Noun: *neighbouring river.*

NĒAHĒALAND

Noun: *neighbouring island.*

NĒAHFÆDER

Noun: *neighbouring father of the church, one not belonging to distant parts.*

NĒAHFEALD

Adjective: *intimate.*

NĒAHFEALDLIC

Adjective: *intimate.*

NĒAHFRĒOND

Noun: *near friend or relation.*

NĒAHGANGOL

Adjective: *placed near; in attendance on the person of the sovereign.*

NĒAHGEBŪR

Noun: *neighbour.*

NĒAHGEBŸREN

Noun: *neighbour.*

NĒAHGEBŸRILD

Noun: *neighbour.*

NĒAHGEHŪSA

Noun: *neighbour.*

NEAHHE

See *(ge)neahhe.*

NĒAHHERGUNG

Noun: *harrying in one's neighbourhood; warring close at hand.*

NĒAHLAND

Noun: *neighbourhood, neighbouring country.*

NĒAHMÆG

Noun: *near relation or kinsman.*

NĒAHMÆGÐ

Noun: *neighbouring province or tribe.*

NĒAHMANN

Noun: *neighbour.*

NĒAHMUNT

Noun: *neighbouring mountain.*

NĒAHNES

Noun: *nearness, neighbourhood.*

NĒAHNUNMYNSTER

Noun: *neighbouring monastery or convent.*

NĒAHSIBB

1. Adjective: *nearly related.*

2. Noun: *near relationship, affinity.*

NĒAHSTŌW

Noun: *neighbouring place; neighbourhood.*

NĒAHTĪD

Noun: *approaching time.*

NĒAHTŪN

Noun: *neighbouring town or village.*

NĒAHÐĒOD

Noun: *neighbouring people or nation.*

NĒAHWÆTER

Noun: *neighbouring piece of water.*

NĒAHWUDU

Noun: *neighbouring wood.*

NĒALÆCAN

See *(ge)nēalæcan.*

NĒALÆCUNG

Noun: *approach, access.*

NĒALIC

Adjective: *near, neighbouring.*

NĒALĪCE

Adverb: *nearly, almost, about; nearly, closely; hardly.*

NEALLES

Adverb: *not, not at all; by no means.*

NĒAN

Adverb: *from near by; near, close at hand; nearly, about.*

NEAPOLITE

Noun: *the Neapolitans.*

NEAROBREGD

Noun: *crafty trick or wile that brings others into straits.*

NEAROCRÆFT

Noun: *art that confines or imprisons.*

NEAROFĀH

Adjective: *intensely or disastrously hostile.*

NEAROGRĀP

Noun: *close grasp.*

NEAROLIC

Adjective: *oppressive, straitened; distressing, grievous.*

NEAROLĪCE

Adverb: *narrowly, closely, tightly; accurately, exactly; briefly; oppressively, strictly, illiberally; grievously; evilly.*

NEARONĒD

Noun: *sore or urgent need, grievous trouble.*

NEARONES

Noun: *oppression; difficulty, anxiety, strait, trouble; grief; scantiness; small space.*

NEAROSEARU

Noun: *dark cunning, evil or mean trick.*

NEAROSORG

Noun: *crushing distress, oppressive or grievous trouble.*

NEAROÐANC

Noun: *wickedness, evil or illiberal thought.*

NEAROÐANCNES

Noun: *wickedness.*

NEAROÐEARF

Noun: *dire or pressing need.*

NEAROWRENC

Noun: *evil or mean trick.*

NEARU

1. Noun: *confinement, imprisonment; prison, hiding-place; difficulty, distress, strait, danger.*

2. Adjective: *narrow, constricted, strait, limited; limited, restricted, poor; hardship; oppressive, causing anxiety; petty; strict, severe, mean, evil.*

NEARWE

Adverb: *narrowly, closely; strictly, exactly, carefully; forcibly, oppressively; anxiously.*

NEARWIAN

See *(ge)nearwian.*

NĒAT

Noun: *animal, beast, neat, ox or a cow; (pl) cattle.*

NĒATANLĒAH

Noun: *Netley.*

NĒATLAND

See *(ge)nēatland.*

NĒAWEST

Noun: *nearness, neighbourhood; presence; cohabitation, society, fellowship.*

NĒAWUNG

Noun: *nearness, coming near.*

NEBB

Noun: *neb, beak, bill; beak-shaped thing; nose; face, countenance, complexion.*

NEBBIAN

Verb: *to retort upon, rebuke, confront.*

NEBCORN

Noun: *pimple.*

NEBGEBRǼC

Noun: *nasal mucus.*

NEBROND

Noun: *Nimrod.*

NEBSEALF

Noun: *antimony, face-powder or salve.*

NEBWLĀTFUL

Adjective: *bold, shameless, barefaced, impudent.*

NEBWLĀTUNG

Noun: *boldness, impudence.*

NEBWLITE

Noun: *face, countenance.*

NEDIENDE

Adjective: *abominandum, execrandum.*

NEFA

See *(ge)nefa.*

NEFENE

Noun: *granddaughter; niece.*

NEFTE

Noun: *cat's mint, nip.*

NĒFUGOL

Noun: *bird of prey, vulture or crow.*

NEMNAN

See *(ge)nemnan.*

NEMNE

1. Adposition: *unless, except, save, only.*

2. Conjunction: *unless, except, save, only.*

NEMNIGENDLIC

Adjective: *naming, nominative.*

NEMNING

Noun: *name, appellation.*

NEN

Noun: *the river Nen.*

NĒO

Noun: *corpse.*

NĒOBEDD

Noun: *corpse-bed, bed of death or spirits.*

NĒOD

1. Noun: *desire, eagerness; zeal, endeavour, earnestness; pleasure, delight.*

2. See *nīed* (1).

NĒODE

1. Adverb: *eagerly, diligently; zealously.*

2. See *nīede.*

NEODERA

Adjective: *lower.*

NĒODFRACU

Noun: *desire, yearning, greed, appetite.*

NĒODFRĒOND

Noun: *kinsman, friend.*

NĒODFUL

1. Adjective: *earnest, zealous.*

2. See *nīedful.*

NĒODIAN

See *(ge)nēodian.*

NĒODLAÐU

Noun: *wish; urgent summons; hospitable invitation.*

NĒODLĪCE

Adverb: *eagerly, zealously; carefully, diligently, sedulously; greatly.*

NĒODLOF

Noun: *zealous or diligent praise.*

NĒODSPEARUWA

Noun: *sparrow.*

NĒODWEORÐUNG

Noun: *great or zealous honouring.*

NĒOMIAN

Verb: *to sound sweetly, produce harmonious sounds.*

NEORXNAWANG

Noun: *Paradise.*

NEORXNAWANGLIC

Adjective: *of Paradise.*

NĒOSAN

Verb: *to search or find out, seek, inspect; to go or come to, visit; to attack.*

NĒOSĪÐ

Noun: *death.*

NĒOSUNG

See *(ge)nēosung.*

NĒOTAN

Verb: *to use, employ, have the use of; to enjoy, have the benefit of.*

NEOÐAN

Adverb: *down, below, beneath, from beneath.*

NEOÐANE

Adverb: *down, below, beneath, from beneath.*

NEOÐANWEARD

Adjective: *lower, low in position.*

NEOWOL

Adjective: *precipitous, headlong; prone, prostrate; obscure; low, deep down, profound, abysmal.*

NEOWOLLIC

Adjective: *deep, profound.*

NEOWOLNES

Noun: *deep place, abyss, chasm.*

NĒP

Adjective: *lacking, scanty.*

NĒPFLŌD

Noun: *neap-tide, very low tide, ebb.*

NER

See *(ge)ner.*

NERGEND

Noun: *saviour, preserver.*

NERGENDLIC

Adjective: *that should be preserved.*

NERIAN

See *(ge)nerian.*

NERON

Noun: *Nero.*

NERUNG

Noun: *protection, guard, defence.*

NESAN

See *(ge)nesan.*

NESE

Adverb: *no.*

NEST

Noun: *nest; young bird, brood; food, provisions, victuals, rations.*

NESTAN

Verb: *to spin.*

NESTLIAN

Verb: *to make a nest.*

NESTPOHHA

Noun: *wallet; bag for food.*

NETA

Noun: *caul.*

NETEL

Noun: *nettle.*

NETRĀP

Noun: *snare; toil; gin.*

NETT

Noun: *net; netting, network, web; spider's web, mosquito-net.*

NETTE

Noun: *net-like caul.*

NETTGERN

Noun: *knitting yarn, string for making nets.*

NETWERÐLICNES

Noun: *utility.*

NĒÐAN

See *(ge)nēðan.*

NĒÐING

Noun: *boldness, daring, audacity; risk.*

NEURISN

Noun: *aneurism, kind of paralysis.*

NEWESĒOÐA

Noun: *pit of the stomach, bowels.*

NIC

Adverb: *not I.*

NICCAN

Verb: *to say no, refuse.*

NICĒNISC

Adjective: *Nicene.*

NICOR

Noun: *hippopotamus, walrus; water or sea-monster.*

NICORHŪS

Noun: *sea-monster's dwelling.*

NĪDBEHĒFE

Noun: *necessity.*

NĪDFÆR

Noun: *unavoidable sudden blow.*

NĪDGEWEALD

Noun: *tyranny, power forcibly exercised.*

NĪDLINGA

Adverb: *by force, against a person's will.*

NĪDRENN

Noun: *temporary house.*

NĪDSYNDRIG

Adjective: *quite apart.*

NĪED

1. Noun: *need, necessity, compulsion, inevitableness, duty; difficulty, hardship, distress, trouble, pain; force, violence; emergency, exigency; business, errand; fetter; name of the rune for n.*

2. See *nēod* (1).

NĪEDAN

Verb: *to press, force, compel, urge.*

NĪEDBĀD

Noun: *due, toll, exaction; blackmail; bodily torment.*

NĪEDBĀDERE

Noun: *toll-collector.*

NĪEDBEHÆFDLIC

Adjective: *necessary.*

NĪEDBEHÆFEDNES

Noun: *need, necessity.*

NĪEDBEHÆFNES

Noun: *what is needful, requisite.*

NĪEDBEHĒFE

Adjective: *necessary, needful.*

NĪEDBEHŌF

Adjective: *necessary, needful.*

NĪEDBEHŌFLIC

Adjective: *necessary.*

NĪEDBEÐEARF

Adjective: *necessary.*

NĪEDE

Adverb: *of need or necessity, necessarily, compulsorily.*

NĪEDENGA

Adverb: *necessarily, by force, forcibly.*

NĪEDES

Adverb: *of need, necessarily, compulsorily, not willingly.*

NĪEDFARU

Noun: *death, compulsory journey.*

NĪEDFUL

Adjective: *necessary, needful.*

NĪEDHÆMED

Noun: *rape.*

NĪEDHĪERNES

Noun: *slavery, servitude, enforced obedience.*

NĪEDHŪS

Noun: *needed room.*

NĪEDLING

Noun: *slave, bondman, captive; sailor.*

NĪEDMICEL

Adjective: *very important, urgent.*

NĪEDNÆM

Noun: *seizure, rapine.*

NĪEDSCYLD

Noun: *moral necessity.*

NĪEDSIBB

Noun: *relationship.*

NĪEDÐEARF

1. Noun: *need, necessity, compulsion, inevitableness, constraint; force; distress, trouble; want, thing needed.*

2. Adjective: *necessary, needful.*

NĪEDÐEARFLIC

Adjective: *necessary, needful, useful.*

NĪEDÐEARFLĪCE

Adverb: *necessarily, usefully.*

NĪEDÐEARFNES

Noun: *need, necessity, compulsion; distress, trouble; time of need.*

NĪEDÐĒOW

Noun: *slave, thrall.*

NĪEDÐRAFUNG

Noun: *harsh reproof.*

NĪEDWÆDLA

Noun: *poor wretch, needy person.*

NĪEHSTA

See *(ge)nīehsta.*

NIERWAN

See *(ge)nierwan.*

NĪETEN

Noun: *small animal, beast, cattle.*

NĪETENCYNN

Noun: *kind of cattle or animal.*

NĪETENLIC

Adjective: *animal, brutish.*

NĪETENLĪCE

Adverb: *like an animal.*

NĪETENNES

Noun: *brutishness.*

NĪFARA

Noun: *newcomer, stranger.*

NIFOL

Adjective: *dark, gloomy.*

NIFT

Noun: *niece; granddaughter; step-daughter.*

NĪGECYRRED

Adjective: *newly converted.*

NĪGEHĀLGOD

Adjective: *newly consecrated or crowned.*

NĪGEHWYRFED

Adjective: *newly converted.*

NĪGHWORFEN

Adjective: *newly converted.*

NIGON

Numeral: *nine.*

NIGONFEALD

Adjective: *nine-fold.*

NIGONGILDE

Adverb: *with ninefold compensation.*

NIGONGYLDE

Adjective: *entitled to nine-fold compensation.*

NIGONNIHTE

Adjective: *nine days old.*

NIGONTĒOÐA

Numeral: *nineteenth; ninetieth.*

NIGONTĪENE

Numeral: *nineteen.*

NIGONTIG

Numeral: *ninety.*

NIGONTȳNLIC

Adjective: *containing the number nineteen.*

NIGONWINTRE

Adjective: *nine years old.*

NIGOÐA

Numeral: *ninth; ninth part.*

NIGOÐE

Adverb: *ninthly.*

NĪGSLȳCOD

Adjective: *freshly smoothed, newly-glossed.*

NIHSTIG

Adjective: *fasting.*

NIHT

Noun: *night (often used in enumerations); darkness.*

NIHTBEALU

Noun: *destruction or bale that comes at night.*

NIHTBUTORFLĒOGE

Noun: *insect that flies at night.*

NIHTĒAGE

1. Adjective: *able to see at night.*

2. Noun: *disease of the eye.*

NIHTEALD

Adjective: *that happened yesterday; a day old.*

NIHTEGALA

Noun: *nightingale.*

NIHTEGALE

Noun: *nightingale; night-raven.*

NIHTEGESA

Noun: *nocturnal terror.*

NIHTERNE

1. Adjective: *nightly, nocturnal.*

2. Adverb: *by night; during a night.*

NIHTERNNES

Noun: *night-time.*

NIHTES

Adverb: *by night.*

NIHTFEORM

Noun: *amount of provisions necessary for one night; entertainment due to the king.*

NIHTFEORMUNG

Noun: *shelter or entertainment at night.*

NIHTGENGA

Noun: *creature that goes at night, evil spirit, goblin.*

NIHTGENGE

Noun: *night-prowler, hyena.*

NIHTGERĪM

Noun: *number of nights.*

NIHTGILD

Noun: *night sacrifice or service.*

NIHTGLŌM

Noun: *darkness or gloom of night.*

NIHTHELM

Noun: *shades of night.*

NIHTHRÆFN

Noun: *night-raven; night-owl.*

NIHTHRŌC

Noun: *night-raven or rook.*

NIHTHWĪL

Noun: *space of a night.*

NIHTLANG

Adjective: *night-long.*

NIHTLANGES

Adverb: *for the night.*

NIHTLIC

Adjective: *nocturnal, of the night, at night.*

NIHTNIHSTIG

Adjective: *fasting for a night.*

NIHTREST

Noun: *couch.*

NIHTSANG

Noun: *service at the seventh of the canonical hours, compline; book of service for compline.*

NIHTSCADA

Noun: *night-shade (plant).*

NIHTSCUA

Noun: *shades of night, darkness.*

NIHTSLÆP

Noun: *night's sleep.*

NIHTWACU

Noun: *night-watch.*

NIHTWÆCCE

Noun: *night-watch, vigil.*

NIHTWARU

Noun: *night wear.*

NIHTWEARD

Noun: *guardian at night.*

NIHTWEORC

Noun: *work or deed done at night.*

NĪLÆRED

Adjective: *newly initiated.*

NIMAN

See *(ge)niman.*

NIMING

Noun: *action of taking or plucking.*

NIP

Noun: *rope.*

NĪPAN

See *(ge)nīpan.*

NIREWETT

Noun: *narrowness; narrow place, pass, defile; difficulty or hardness of breathing.*

NIRWÐ

Noun: *prison house, confinement.*

NĪSODEN

Adjective: *newly-boiled.*

NISTAN

Verb: *to build nests.*

NISTLAN

Verb: *to build nests.*

NĪÐ

1. Noun: *hostility, enmity; evil, malice, wickedness, spite, hatred; trouble, affliction, oppression, tribulation, grief; envy, jealousy; vexation, annoyance, rancour; strife, war.*

2. Adjective: *vexatious, rancorous.*

NIÐ

Noun: *abyss, place low down.*

NĪÐAN

Verb: *to envy, hate.*

NĪÐCWALU

Noun: *violent death; grievous destruction.*

NĪÐCWEALM

Noun: *violent death; destruction.*

NĪÐDRACA

Noun: *hostile or malicious dragon.*

NIÐER

Adverb: *down, downwards, beneath, below.*

NIÐERĀSCŪFAN

Verb: *to push down.*

NIÐERĀSETTAN

Verb: *to set down.*

NIÐERĀSTĪGAN

Verb: *to descend.*

NIÐERBOGEN

Adjective: *bent down.*

NIÐERDÆL

Noun: *lower part.*

NIÐERE

Adverb: *down, beneath, below, in an inferior position.*

NIÐERECG

Noun: *lower edge or brink.*

NIÐERFARAN

Verb: *to descend.*

NIÐERFLŌR

Noun: *lower floor, room downstairs.*

NIÐERGĀN

Verb: *to descend.*

NIÐERGANG

Noun: *descent.*

NIÐERHEALD

Adjective: *bent downwards.*

NIÐERHRĒOSENDE

Adjective: *falling down.*

NIÐERHRYRE

Noun: *downfall.*

NIÐERIAN

See *(ge)niðerian.*

NIÐERLÆTAN

Verb: *to lose heart.*

NIÐERLANG

Adjective: *stretching downward.*

NIÐERLECGUNG

Noun: *laying down, deposition, entombment.*

NIÐERLIC

Adjective: *low, inferior; humble.*

NIÐERNES

Noun: *lowness, bottom, deepness.*

NIÐERONWEND

Adverb: *downwards.*

NIÐERSCĒOTENDE

Adjective: *rushing downwards.*

NIÐERSCYFE

Noun: *rushing downwards, descent.*

NIÐERSETTAN

Verb: *to set down.*

NIÐERSIGE

Noun: *going down, setting.*

NIÐERSTĪGAN

Verb: *to descend.*

NIÐERSTIGE

Noun: *descent.*

NIÐERSTĪGENDE

Adjective: *descending.*

NIÐERTORFIAN

Verb: *to throw down.*

NIÐERUNG

Noun: *humiliation, abasement, overthrow, laying low; condemnation, damnation.*

NIÐERWEARD

Adjective: *directed downwards.*

NIÐERWEARDES

Adverb: *downwards.*

NIÐEWEARD

Adjective: *low, beneath, bottom of.*

NĪÐFUL

Adjective: *envious, jealous; evil, malicious, ill-disposed; quarrelsome.*

NĪÐFULLĪCE

Adverb: *maliciously; enviously.*

NĪÐGÆST

Noun: *hostile or malicious guest; fell demon.*

NĪÐGETĒON

Noun: *attack; injurious malice.*

NĪÐGEWEORC

Noun: *evil deed, malicious work.*

NĪÐGRAMA

Noun: *anger, malice.*

NĪÐGRIM

Adjective: *fierce, hostile savage, cruel.*

NĪÐGRIPE

Noun: *fierce or violent grip.*

NĪÐHEARD

Adjective: *bold, brave in battle, audacious.*

NĪÐHELL

Noun: *hateful hell.*

NĪÐHETE

Noun: *hostility, hate, enmity, evil intent; affliction, torment; foe.*

NĪÐHYCGENDE

Adjective: *evil scheming, having hatred or malice in the heart.*

NĪÐHŸDIG

Adjective: *bold, valorous.*

NĪÐIG

Adjective: *envious; malicious.*

NĪÐING

Noun: *wretch, coward; villain, outlaw.*

NĪÐLĪCE

Adverb: *abjectly, meanly; cowardly.*

NĪÐLOCA

Noun: *place of torment.*

NĪÐPLEGA

Noun: *fight, battle.*

NĪÐSCEAÐA

Noun: *foe, persecutor.*

NĪÐSCIPE

Noun: *wickedness.*

NĪÐSELE

Noun: *hall of conflict.*

NĪÐSYNN

Noun: *grievous sin.*

NIÐÐAS

Noun: *men.*

NĪÐWEORC

Noun: *battle, conflict.*

NĪÐWRACU

Noun: *severe punishment.*

NĪÐWUNDOR

Noun: *dire or evil wonder, portent.*

NĪWAN

Adverb: *newly, lately, recently.*

NĪWANĀCENNED

Adjective: *new-born.*

NĪWBACEN

Adjective: *newly baked.*

NĪWCEND

Adjective: *new-born.*

NĪWCILCT

Adjective: *newly whitewashed.*

NĪWCUMEN

Adjective: *new-comer, neophyte, just arrived, recently come.*

NĪWE

1. Adjective: *new, recent, novel, fresh; untried, inexperienced, unheard of; unskilled, rude.*

2. Adverb: *newly, recently.*

NĪWERNE

Adjective: *young, tender.*

NĪWFYLLAN

Verb: *to fill anew.*

NĪWIAN

Verb: *to renew, renovate, restore; to change; to repeat.*

NĪWĪSLĪCE

Adverb: *of necessity.*

NĪWLIC

Adjective: *new, fresh.*

NĪWLĪCE

Adverb: *newly, lately, recently.*

NĪWLINGA

Adverb: *anew.*

NĪWNES

Noun: *newness, novelty.*

NĪWTYRWED

Adjective: *newly tarred.*

NĪWUNG

Noun: *beginning, rudiment.*

NĪWUNGA

Adverb: *newly, anew.*

NOCTERN

Noun: *nocturn (religious service).*

NŌN

Noun: *the ninth hour; service held at the ninth hour, nones.*

NON

Noun: *title of senior monks.*

NŌNBELLE

Noun: *bell rung at the hour for the service of nones.*

NŌNGEREORD

Noun: *meal after nones, dinner.*

NŌNHRING

Noun: *ringing of the noon-bell.*

NŌNMETE

Noun: *afternoon meal.*

NŌNSANG

Noun: *service held at the ninth hour, nones.*

NŌNTĪD

Noun: *ninth hour.*

NŌNTĪMA

Noun: *the ninth hour.*

NORMANDĪG

Noun: *Normandy.*

NORREN

Adjective: *Norse, Norwegian.*

NORÐ

1. Adjective: *northern, in a northerly position.*

2. Adverb: *in the north, in a northerly direction or position.*

NORÐAN

1. Adverb: *from the north.*

2. Adposition: *north of.*

NORÐANĒASTAN

Adverb: *from the north-east, north-easterly.*

NORÐANĒASTANWIND

Noun: *north-east wind.*

NORÐANHYMBRE

Noun: *Northumbrians; Northumbria.*

NORÐANWEARD

Adverb: *northward.*

NORÐANWESTAN

Adverb: *from the north-west, north-westerly.*

NORÐANWESTANWIND

Noun: *north-west wind.*

NORÐANWIND

Noun: *north wind.*

NORÐDÆL

Noun: *northern quart or part; the north.*

NORÐDENE

Noun: *North-Danes.*

NORÐDURU

Noun: *door on the north side.*

NORÐĒAST

1. Noun: *north east.*

2. Adverb: *north-east.*

NORÐĒASTENDE

Noun: *north-east end.*

NORÐĒASTHYRNE

Noun: *north-east corner.*

NORÐĒASTLANG

Adjective: *extending north-eastwards.*

NORÐĒASTRODOR

Noun: *north-east quarter.*

NORÐEFES

Noun: *northern border.*

NORÐENDE

Noun: *northern quarter.*

NORÐENGLE

Noun: *inhabitants of the North of England.*

NORÐERNE

Adjective: *northern; Northumbrian; Scandinavian.*

NORÐEWEARD

Adjective: *northward, north.*

NORÐFOLC

Noun: *northern folk, people of the north of England; people of Norfolk; Norfolk.*

NORÐFRESAN

Noun: *Fresian.*

NORÐGĀRSECG

Noun: *northern ocean.*

NORÐGEMÆRE

Noun: *northern limit.*

NORÐGYRWAS

Noun: *northern division of the Gyrwas.*

NORÐHĀMTŪN

Noun: *Northampton.*

NORÐHEALD

Adjective: *inclined northwards.*

NORÐHEALF

Noun: *north side, north.*

NORÐHERE

Noun: *army from the north.*

NORÐHYLDE

Noun: *north slope.*

NORÐHYMBRE

1. Adjective: *Northumbrian.*

2. See *Norðanhymbre.*

NORÐHYMBRISC

Adjective: *Northumbrian.*

NORÐHYRNE

Noun: *north corner.*

NORÐLAND

Noun: *northern land or shore.*

NORÐLANG

1. Adjective: *having its length extending northwards, running north and south.*

2. Adverb: *north-along.*

NORÐLANU

Noun: *north lane.*

NORÐLĒODE

Noun: *northern folk of England, Angles.*

NORÐLIC

Adjective: *northern.*

NORÐMANDISC

Adjective: *Norman.*

NORÐMANN

Noun: *dweller in the north, Scandinavian.*

NORÐMIRCE

Noun: *North-Mercians.*

NORÐPORTIC

Noun: *north-porch.*

NORÐRIGA

Noun: *Norwegian.*

NORÐRIHTE

1. Adjective: *directed northwards, due north.*

2. Adverb: *due north.*

NORÐRODOR

Noun: *northern sky.*

NORÐSÆ

Noun: *northern sea; Bristol Channel; Baltic, North Sea.*

NORÐSCĒATA

Noun: *northern point or promontory.*

NORÐSCIPHERE

Noun: *northern or Danish fleet.*

NORÐSCOTTAS

Noun: *Northern Scots.*

NORÐÐĒOD

Noun: *northern people.*

NORÐÐUNOR

Noun: *thunder from the north.*

NORÐWĒALAS

Noun: *North Welsh; Wales.*

NORÐWĒALCYNN

Noun: *inhabitants of (North) Wales.*

NORÐWEALL

Noun: *north wall.*

NORÐWEARD

1. Adjective: *north, northward.*

2. Adverb: *north, northward.*

NORÐWEARDES

Adverb: *northwards.*

NORÐWEG

Noun: *way leading northwards.*

NORÐWEST

Adverb: *north-west.*

NORÐWESTENDE

Noun: *north-west end.*

NORÐWESTGEMÆRE

Noun: *north-west boundary.*

NORÐWĪC

Noun: *Norwich.*

NORÐWIND

Noun: *north wind.*

NORWEG

Noun: *Norway.*

NŌSE

Noun: *headland, promontory, ness, cape.*

NOSTLE

Noun: *band, fillet.*

NOSÐIRL

Noun: *nostril.*

NOSU

Noun: *nose.*

NOSUGRISLE

Noun: *nose-gristle or cartilage.*

NOT

Noun: *mark, sign, note.*

NŌTERE

Noun: *writer, scribe, one who makes notes.*

NOTGEORN

Adjective: *industrious, busy in useful employment.*

NOTIAN

See *(ge)notian.*

NOTU

Noun: *use, utility, profit, advantage; enjoyment; discharge of an office, conduct of business; work, occupation, office, employment.*

NOTWIERÐE

Adjective: *useful.*

NOTWRĪTERE

Noun: *scribe, one who writes notes.*

NŌÐ

Noun: *daring, boldness, audacity, temerity, presumption; booty, plunder; adventurous band.*

NOÐ

Noun: *swelling (glandular).*

NŌWEND

Noun: *shipmaster, skipper; sailor, mariner.*

NŪ

1. Adverb: *now, at present, at this time, immediately; very recently.*

2. Conjunction: *now that, inasmuch as, because, since, when.*

3. Interjection: *lo! behold! come!*

NŪHWÆNNE

Adverb: *straightaway.*

NŪHWĪLUM

Adverb: *nowadays, at present.*

NUMANTIE

Noun: *the Numantians.*

NUMEN

Noun: *vulsio.*

NUMENTISC

Adjective: *of Numantia.*

NUMESTĀN

Noun: *pebble.*

NUMEÐE

Noun: *the Numidians.*

NUMOL

Adjective: *holding much; able to grasp, capable, quick at learning; biting.*

NŪNA

Adverb: *now.*

NUNFÆMNE

Noun: *nun.*

NUNHĪRED

Noun: *nunnery.*

NUNLĪF

Noun: *life of a nun.*

NUNNANMYNSTER

Noun: *nunnery, convent.*

NUNNE

Noun: *nun; priestess, vestal.*

NUNSCRŪD

Noun: *nun's dress or habit.*

NŸDBEBOD

Noun: *command, mandate.*

NŸDBODA

Noun: *messenger of evil or violence.*

NŸDBRICE

Noun: *need, requirement.*

NŸDBYSGU

Noun: *distress, trouble, toil.*

NŸDBYSIG

Adjective: *distressed, troubled.*

NŸDCLEOFA

Noun: *prison.*

NŸDCOSTING

Noun: *affliction, distressing trial.*

NŸDDÆDA

Noun: *one who acts under compulsion.*

NŸDFARA

Noun: *fugitive, exile.*

NŸDGEDĀL

Noun: *death, forced dissolution.*

NŸDGEFĒRA

Noun: *inevitable companion.*

NŸDGENGA

Noun: *wretched wanderer.*

NŸDGESTEALLA

Noun: *comrade in need.*

NŸDGEWALD

Noun: *tyranny.*

NŸDGILD

Noun: *tribute, exaction, enforced payment.*

NŸDGRĀP

Noun: *coercive or violent grasp.*

NŸDGRIPE

1. Noun: *coercive grip.*

2. See *nīðgripe.*

NŸDGYLTA

Noun: *debtor, one who is forced to pay.*

NŸDHÆMEDRE

Noun: *adulterer, violator of chastity.*

NŸDHÆMESTRE

Noun: *mistress, woman who has been violated; adulteress, concubine.*

NŸDHELP

Noun: *help in need or trouble.*

NŸDLIC

Adjective: *necessary.*

NŸDMÆG

See *(ge)nŷdmæg.*

NŸDMÆGEN

Noun: *force, violence.*

NŸDMĀGE

See *(ge)nŷdmāge.*

NŸDNÆMAN

Verb: *to take by force, ravish; to force a woman.*

NŸDNES

Noun: *necessity.*

NŸDNIMA

Noun: *one who takes by force.*

NŸDNIMAN

Verb: *to take by force, abduct, ravish.*

NŸDNIMEND

Noun: *rapine.*

NŸDNIMU

Noun: *forcible seizure, rapine.*

NŸDNIMUNG

Noun: *rapine, abduction.*

NŸDRIHT

Noun: *duty, service, office; due, tribute, what must be paid.*

NŸDÐĒOWETLING

Noun: *bond-slave, one forced into slavery.*

NŸDÐĒOWIGAN

Verb: *to reduce to servitude, exact or compel service from.*

NŸDWRACU

Noun: *violence; distress; severe punishment.*

NŸDWRÆCLĪCE

Adverb: *as if acting under compulsion; violently.*

NŸDWYRHTA

Noun: *involuntary agent, one who acts from necessity.*

NYHTSUM

See *(ge)nyhtsum.*

NYHTSUMLĪCE

See *(ge)nyhtsumlīce.*

NYLLAN

Verb: *to be unwilling; to prevent, refuse.*

NYPEL

Noun: *trunk of an elephant.*

NYTAN

Verb: *not to know, be ignorant.*

NYTEN

Adjective: *ignorant.*

NYTENDE

Adverb: *ignorantly.*

NYTENLIC

Adjective: *ignorant.*

NYTENNES

Noun: *ignorance, unknown state; laziness; disgrace, ignominy.*

NYTIG

Noun: *usefulness, profit.*

NYTLIC

Adjective: *useful, profitable, beneficial.*

NYTLĪCE

Adverb: *usefully.*

NYTLICNES

Noun: *usefulness, utility, profit, adventage.*

NYTNES

Noun: *use, utility, profit, advantage, benefit, convenience; abundance.*

NYTT

1. Noun: *use, utility, profit, advantage; duty, office, employment; care, supervision.*

2. Adjective: *useful, helpful, profitable, beneficial, advantageous.*

3. See *nett.*

NYTTIAN

Verb: *to use, enjoy; to eat.*

NYTTOL

Adjective: *useful, beneficial, advantageous.*

NYTTUNG

Noun: *profit, advantage.*

NYTÐEARFLIC

Adjective: *useful.*

NYTWIERÐE

Adjective: *useful, profitable, advantageous.*

NYTWIERÐLIC

Adjective: *useful, profitable.*

NYTWIERÐLĪCE

Adverb: *usefully.*

NYTWIERÐNES

Noun: *usefulness, utility.*

NŸÐAN

Verb: *to venture on, dare, risk.*

NYÐERĀWORPEN

Noun: *one who has been cast down.*

ŌCUSTA

Noun: *armpit, oxter.*

ŌDEN

Noun: *threshing-floor.*

ŌDENCOLC

Noun: *threshing floor in hollow.*

OEMSETEN

Noun: *row of vines.*

OF-

Affix: *intensive force; unfavourable force; idea of attainment in verbs of motion or inquiring, calling; force of killing or injury.*

OF

1. Adposition: *of, from; out of; concerning, among; by; about, as regards; derived from, made of, belonging to.*

2. Adverb: *off, away, absent.*

OFĀCĒAPIAN

Verb: *to buy off.*

OFĀCENNAN

Verb: *to generate.*

OFĀCEORFAN

Verb: *to cut or prune off.*

OFĀCSIAN

Verb: *to find out by asking, be informed, hear of, learn.*

OFĀDŌN

Verb: *to pull out, tear out.*

OFĀDRINCAN

Verb: *to drain; to quench.*

OFĀDRYGAN

Verb: *to dry off, wipe off.*

OFÆTE

Noun: *food.*

OFĀHĒAWAN

Verb: *to cut off.*

OFĀNIMAN

Verb: *to take away.*

OFĀSCEACAN

Verb: *to shake off; to excuse.*

OFĀSCIRAN

Verb: *to cut off.*

OFĀSĒOÐAN

Verb: *to purge, purify.*

OFĀSLĒAN

Verb: *to smite off.*

OFĀSNĪDAN

Verb: *to cut off.*

OFĀSTĪGAN

Verb: *to descend.*

OFĀTĒON

Verb: *to pull out, withdraw.*

OFĀWEORPAN

Verb: *to cast aside, throw off.*

OFBĒATAN

Verb: *to beat to pieces, beat to death, kill.*

OFBLINDIAN

Verb: *to make blind.*

OFBYRSTIG

Adjective: *very broken.*

OFCALAN

Verb: *to make or grow cold, chill.*

OFCALEN

Adjective: *very cold.*

OFCLIPIAN

Verb: *to call for; to obtain by calling.*

OFCUMAN

Verb: *to spring from, be derived from.*

OFCYRF

Noun: *section, cutting off, amputation.*

OFDÆL

Adjective: *inclined downwards, tending downwards.*

OFDÆLE

Noun: *decline, declivity, downward slope; descent, abyss.*

OFDŌN

Verb: *to put out, put off, take off (clothes).*

OFDRÆDAN

Verb: *to fear, be afraid, terrified.*

OFDRÆDEN

Adjective: *afraid, terrified.*

OFDRINCAN

Verb: *to intoxicate.*

OFDRUNCNIAN

Verb: *to get drunk (on).*

OFDŪNE

1. Adverb: *down.*

2. See *ādūne.*

OFDŪNEHEALD

Adverb: *directed downwards.*

OFDŪNEONWEND

Adverb: *turned downwards.*

OFDŪNERIHTE

Adverb: *straight down.*

OFDŪNESETTAN

Verb: *to set down.*

OFDŪNESTĪGAN

Verb: *to descend.*

OFDŪNEWEARD

Adverb: *down, downward.*

OFDŪNEWEARDES

Adverb: *downwards.*

OFDŪNRIHTE

Adjective: *downwards.*

OFEARMIAN

Verb: *to have pity or compassion.*

OFEARMUNG

Noun: *compassion, pity.*

OFĒHTAN

Verb: *to persecute.*

OFEN

Noun: *oven, furnace.*

OFENBACEN

Adjective: *baked in an oven.*

OFENRACA

Noun: *oven-rake.*

OFENRACU

Noun: *oven-rake.*

OFER

1. Adposition: *over, above, upon, beyond, in; across, through; against, contrary to, in contravention; during; besides, more than, in addition; after, at the end; during.*

2. Adverb: *above, on high; across, from side to side, to or on the other side; beyond.*

ŌFER

Noun: *edge, border, margin, brink; river-bank, sea-shore; 'over' in local names.*

OFERÆT

Noun: *excess in eating, gluttony; feasting, rioting.*

OFERÆTE

Adjective: *gluttonous.*

OFERĀHEBBAN

Verb: *to pass over, omit, neglect.*

OFERBÆC

Noun: *upper part of the back.*

OFERBÆCGETĒUNG

Noun: *tetanus.*

OFERBEBĒODAN

Verb: *to command, rule.*

OFERBECUMAN

Verb: *to supervene.*

OFERBĒON

Verb: *to be over, command.*

OFERBERAN

Verb: *to carry over.*

OFERBĪDAN

Verb: *to survive, outlast, outlive.*

OFERBITERNES

Noun: *excessive bitterness.*

OFERBLICA

Noun: *surface.*

OFERBLICE

Noun: *surface, superficies.*

OFERBLISSIAN

Verb: *to rejoice, triumph over.*

OFERBLĪÐE

Adjective: *over-cheerful, too light-hearted.*

OFERBRÆDAN

Verb: *to spread over; to cover over, put a covering over, suffuse; to overshadow.*

OFERBRÆDELS

Noun: *outside, surface; covering, garment, veil, coverlet; cerecloth.*

OFERBRĀW

Noun: *eye-brow.*

OFERBRECAN

Verb: *to transgress, infringe, violate.*

OFERBREGDAN

Verb: *to cover, overspread, draw over; to show a film over.*

OFERBRŪ

Noun: *eyebrow.*

OFERBRŪWA

Noun: *eyebrow.*

OFERBRYCGIAN

Verb: *to make a bridge over, overbridge.*

OFERBŪGAN

Verb: *to avoid, shun.*

OFERCÆFED

Adjective: *covered with ornamental work.*

OFERCEALD

Adjective: *excessively cold.*

OFERCĪDAN

Verb: *to censure, chide, reprove.*

OFERCĪDUNG

Noun: *chiding, reproof.*

OFERCIERR

Noun: *passing over.*

OFERCIERRAN

Verb: *to cross over.*

OFERCLIF

Noun: *steep place, overhanging cliff.*

OFERCLIMBAN

Verb: *to ascend, climb upon.*

OFERCLIPIAN

Verb: *to exclaim, cry out.*

OFERCOSTUNG

Noun: *great tribulation; excessive trial.*

OFERCRÆFT

Noun: *craft, fraud.*

OFERCUMAN

Verb: *to overcome; to subdue, compel; to conquer; to obtain, attain, reach, come upon; to overtake.*

OFERCWEALM

Noun: *excessive mortality.*

OFERCWEÐAN

Verb: *to repeat.*

OFERCYME

Noun: *arrival, come upon.*

OFERCYMEND

Noun: *assailant.*

OFERCŸÐAN

Verb: *to bring stronger testimony than another.*

OFERDÆG

Noun: *remaining day (in computation).*

OFERDŌN

Verb: *to overdo, do to excess.*

OFERDRENCAN

Verb: *to overdrench, make drunk, inebriate, intoxicate.*

OFERDRETTAN

Verb: *to take with violence.*

OFERDRĪFAN

Verb: *to overcome, defeat: to dispense; to cover; to refute, confute, repel, outvote.*

OFERDRINCAN

Verb: *to drink too much, get drunk.*

OFERDRINCERE

Noun: *drunkard.*

OFERDRUNCEN

1. Noun: *drunkenness, inebriety.*

2. Adjective: *drunk.*

OFERDRUNCENNES

Noun: *drunkenness, intoxication; rioting.*

OFERDRYNC

Noun: *over-drinking, drunkenness; feasting, revelry.*

OFERDYRE

Noun: *lintel.*

OFERE

Adverb: *over, from above; across.*

OFERĒACA

Noun: *addition, surplus, overplus; increase, augmentation; remainder, rest.*

OFEREALD

Adjective: *very old.*

OFEREALDORMANN

Noun: *chief officer.*

OFEREALL

Adverb: *anywhere.*

OFERETOL

Adjective: *gluttonous.*

OFERETOLNES

Noun: *gluttony.*

OFERFÆR

Noun: *passing over.*

OFERFÆRELD

Noun: *transit, passage, journey over or across.*

OFERFÆST

Adjective: *transfixed.*

OFERFÆT

Adjective: *too fat, obese.*

OFERFÆÐMAN

Verb: *to cover in an embrace; to envelope; to overshadow.*

OFERFARAN

Verb: *to pass, cross, go off or over, traverse, go through; to penetrate; to meet with, come across; to overcome, overtake, withstand.*

OFERFEALLAN

Verb: *to attack, fall upon.*

OFERFENG

Noun: *clasp, buckle, latchet.*

OFERFEOHTAN

Verb: *to conquer, vanquish.*

OFERFĒRAN

Verb: *to traverse, cross, pass over, or though, pass along; to meet with, come upon.*

OFERFERIAN

Verb: *to transport, carry over.*

OFERFĒRNES

Noun: *fordable place.*

OFERFĒÐRE

Adjective: *overloaded.*

OFERFINDAN

Verb: *to put to the proof, make trial of.*

OFERFLĒDAN

Verb: *to cover with water, flood, overflood, inundate.*

OFERFLĒDE

Adjective: *in flood.*

OFERFLĒDNES

Noun: *fluctuation, vacillation.*

OFERFLĒON

Verb: *to fly over, flee from; to yield to.*

OFERFLĪTAN

Verb: *to overcome, beat, confute.*

OFERFLŌWAN

Verb: *to cover with water; to overflow, run over, pass beyond bounds.*

OFERFLŌWEDLĪCE

Adverb: *superfluously.*

OFERFLŌWEDLĪCNES

Noun: *excess, superfluity.*

OFERFLŌWEDNES

1. Noun: *excess, superfluity.*

2. See *oferflōwedlīcnes.*

OFERFLŌWEND

Adjective: *excessive, superfluous.*

OFERFLŌWENDLIC

Adjective: *excessive, superfluous, superabundant.*

OFERFLŌWENDLĪCE

Adverb: *excessively, superfluously, superabundantly, immoderately.*

OFERFLŌWENDNES

1. Noun: *excess, superfluity, exuberance.*

2. See *oferflōwedlīcnes.*

OFERFŌN

Verb: *to seize; to take prisoner.*

OFERFRĒCEDNES

Noun: *oppression.*

OFERFROREN

Adjective: *frozen over.*

OFERFULL

Adjective: *too full.*

OFERFUNDEN

Adjective: *tested.*

OFERFUNDENNES

Noun: *proof, trial, experiment.*

OFERFYLGAN

Verb: *to pursue, persecute; to attack.*

OFERFYLL

Noun: *excess, overfullness, surfeit, overplus, repletion, gluttony; liquid that runs off with straining.*

OFERFYLLAN

Verb: *to feed to excess; to cram.*

OFERFYLNES

Noun: *excess, overfullness, surfeit.*

OFERFYRR

Noun: *excessive distance.*

OFERGĀGAN

Verb: *to transgress.*

OFERGĀGEDNES

Noun: *transgression.*

OFERGĀGEND

Noun: *transgressor.*

OFERGĀN

1. Verb: *to transgress, overstep, overreach; to overspread; to conquer, overrun; to overcome, overtake; to seize; to attack; to traverse, pass away, pass off; to come to an end.*

2. Verb: *to traverse, pass away, pass off, cross; to be over, come to an end.*

OFERGANGAN

1. Verb: *to transgress, overstep, overreach; to overspread; to conquer, overrun; to overcome, overtake; to seize; to attack; to pass off or away.*

2. Verb: *to pass over, cross, traverse; to conquer; to be over; to come upon.*

OFERGAPIAN

Verb: *to disregard, neglect; to be forgetful of.*

OFERGĒARE

Adjective: *old.*

OFERGEATU

Noun: *oblivion.*

OFERGEDRYNC

Noun: *excessive drinking or feasting.*

OFERGEMET

1. Noun: *excess.*

2. Adjective: *excessive.*

OFERGĒMNES

Noun: *observation, watching over.*

OFERGENGA

Noun: *traveller.*

OFERGENIHTSUMIAN

Verb: *to superabound.*

OFERGEONG

Noun: *going across.*

OFERGĒOTAN

Verb: *to pour upon, cover by pouring; to flood, suffuse, overwhelm.*

OFERGEOTENDE

Adjective: *forgetful.*

OFERGESĀWAN

Verb: *to sow (over).*

OFERGESETTAN

Verb: *to set over.*

OFERGESTONDAN

Verb: *to stand over or above.*

OFERGESWINCFUL

Adjective: *excessively laborious or troublesome.*

OFERGETILIAN

Verb: *to overcome.*

OFERGETIMBRAN

Verb: *to raise a building, erect.*

OFERGEÞYLD

Noun: *intolerable state.*

OFERGEWEORC

Noun: *superstructure; tomb, sepulchre, mausoleum.*

OFERGEWRIT

Noun: *inscription, superscription.*

OFERGIETAN

Verb: *to forget; to disregard, neglect.*

OFERGĪFRE

Adjective: *over-greedy, gluttonous.*

OFERGĪMAN

Verb: *to disregard, neglect.*

OFERGITOL

Adjective: *forgetful, oblivious.*

OFERGITOLIAN

Verb: *to forget, be forgetful of.*

OFERGITOLNES

Noun: *forgetfulness, oblivion.*

OFERGLENGED

Adjective: *over-ornamented.*

OFERGLĒSAN

Verb: *to write glosses over, to make an interlinear gloss.*

OFERGLĪDAN

Verb: *to pass over, traverse, glide over; to overshadow.*

OFERGRÆDIG

Adjective: *over-greedy, too covetous.*

OFERGRŌWAN

Verb: *to overgrow, occupy with (its) growth (of a tree).*

OFERGUMIAN

Verb: *to disregard, be careless about, neglect.*

OFERGYLD

Adjective: *gilt.*

OFERGYLDAN

Verb: *to encase, cover or ornament with gold.*

OFERGYLDEN

Adjective: *gilded, covered with gold.*

OFERGYRD

Adjective: *overgirt.*

OFERGYTNES

Noun: *forgetfulness, oblivion.*

OFERHABBAN

Verb: *to command, govern.*

OFERHACELE

Noun: *hood, cope.*

OFERHANGEN

Adjective: *covered.*

OFERHĀT

Adjective: *excessively hot.*

OFERHĒAFOD

Adverb: *generally, in each case, in every case.*

OFERHĒAH

Adjective: *excessively tall, high or lofty.*

OFERHEALDAN

Verb: *to overcome, overtake; to delay to do, hold over; to neglect.*

OFERHEALFHĒAFOD

Noun: *upper half of the head.*

OFERHEBBAN

Verb: *to omit, pass over; to neglect; to exalt; to uplift.*

OFERHEBBENDLIC

Adjective: *highly exalted.*

OFERHELIAN

Verb: *to cover over, conceal.*

OFERHELING

Noun: *covering, veiling.*

OFERHELMIAN

Verb: *to overshadow.*

OFERHEORTNES

Noun: *excessive feeling.*

OFERHERGAN

Verb: *to overrun, ravage.*

OFERHĪERAN

Verb: *to hear, overhear; to disregard, neglect; not to listen, disobey.*

OFERHĪERNES

Noun: *disregard, neglect, contempt; disobedience; fine for transgression of law or legal orders.*

OFERHIGE

Noun: *pride, arrogance.*

OFERHIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *daringly, presumptuously.*

OFERHIGIAN

Verb: *to delude; to overreach.*

OFERHĪWIAN

Verb: *to transfigure; to paint over.*

OFERHLÆSTAN

Verb: *to overload.*

OFERHLĒAPAN

1. Verb: *to overcome, surmount; to pass over.*

2. Verb: *to overleap, pass by jumping, jump over.*

OFERHLĒAPEND

Noun: *one who overleaps.*

OFERHLĒOÐRIAN

Verb: *to exceed in sound, surpass in loudness.*

OFERHLĒOÐUR

Adjective: *failing to hear.*

OFERHLĪFAN

Verb: *to rise high above, tower over or up, overtop; to exceed, surpass; to excel.*

OFERHLĪFUNG

Noun: *loftiness, eminence, excellence, sublimity.*

OFERHLŪD

Adjective: *over-loud, noisy, clamorous.*

OFERHLŪDE

Adverb: *over-loudly.*

OFERHLŸP

Noun: *jump, leap, bound.*

OFERHLYTTRIAN

Verb: *to clarify, strain.*

OFERHOGA

Noun: *proud man, despiser, contemptuous.*

OFERHOGIAN

Verb: *to despise, contemn, disdain, scorn.*

OFERHOGIEND

Noun: *despiser, contemner.*

OFERHOGODNES

Noun: *pride, disdain.*

OFERHOLT

Noun: *phalanx of shields.*

OFERHŌN

Verb: *to hang with something so as to cover an object.*

OFERHRÆGAN

Verb: *to tower above; to cover over.*

OFERHRĒFAN

Verb: *to cover, roof over.*

OFERHRĒOSAN

Verb: *to fall.*

OFERHRĒRAN

Verb: *to overthrow.*

OFERHRĒRED

Adjective: *overthrown.*

OFERHROPS

Noun: *greediness, voracity.*

OFERHYCGEAN

Verb: *to despise, contemn, disdain, scorn.*

OFERHYGD

1. Noun: *pride, arrogance, conceit; high-mindedness, high-spirit, magnanimity.*

2. Adjective: *proud, haughty.*

OFERHYGDGIAN

Verb: *to be proud.*

OFERHYGDIG

1. Noun: *pride.*

2. Adjective: *proud, arrogant, haughty, supercilious.*

OFERHYGDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *proudly, arrogantly, presumptuously.*

OFERHYGDLIC

Adjective: *proud, arrogant, presumptuous.*

OFERHYGDNES

Noun: *excessive pride, arrogance.*

OFERHYLMEND

Noun: *one who conceals, dissembler.*

OFERHŸRE

Adjective: *disobedient, heedless; regardless, neglectful.*

OFERHYRNED

Adjective: *having horns above.*

OFERHŸRNES

1. Noun: *disobedience, neglect, heedlessness.*

2. See *oferhīernes.*

OFERĪDYLLĪCE

Adverb: *emptily, vainly.*

OFERING

Noun: *superfluity, superabundance.*

OFERLĀD

Noun: *carrying across, translation.*

OFERLÆDAN

Verb: *to cover, draw over; to oppress; to carry across, translate.*

OFERLÆFAN

Verb: *to leave over; to remain.*

OFERLÆG

Noun: *cloak.*

OFERLAGU

Noun: *cloak.*

OFERLECGAN

Verb: *to place over, lay over, above or upon something; to overburden, surfeit; to cover; to oppress.*

OFERLĒOF

Adjective: *exceedingly dear.*

OFERLĒORAN

Verb: *to pass, pass away, pass over or by; to transgress, prevaricate; to abandon.*

OFERLĒORNES

Noun: *transgression.*

OFERLIBBAN

Verb: *to survive, outlive.*

OFERLĪCE

Adverb: *excessively.*

OFERLIFA

Noun: *excess (in food).*

OFERLĪHTAN

Verb: *to light upon, outshine, excel in brightness.*

OFERLĪÐAN

Verb: *to pass over, cross (water), sail over or across.*

OFERLUFU

Noun: *excessive love.*

OFERLYFTLIC

Adjective: *above the air.*

OFERMÆCGA

Noun: *man superior to others, illustrious person.*

OFERMÆGEN

Noun: *superior or overwhelming force.*

OFERMÆNAN

Verb: *to confute.*

OFERMÆNED

Adjective: *made too common, trite.*

OFERMÆSTAN

Verb: *to over-fatten.*

OFERMÆTE

Adjective: *immense, excessive, immoderate, beyond measure.*

OFERMÆTLIC

Adjective: *vast, immense.*

OFERMAGAN

Verb: *to prevail.*

OFERMĀÐUM

Noun: *valuable or costly treasure.*

OFERMEARCUNG

Noun: *superscription.*

OFERMĒDE

1. Noun: *pride.*

2. Adjective: *proud, arrogant, presumptuous.*

OFERMĒDLA

Noun: *pride, haughtiness.*

OFERMETE

Noun: *food in excess, gluttony, gorging; feast where food is in excess.*

OFERMĒTTO

Noun: *excess, pride, arrogance, haughtiness, presumption.*

OFERMICEL

Adjective: *overmuch, excessive.*

OFERMICELNES

Noun: *excess, overgreatness.*

OFERMISTIAN

Verb: *to obscure.*

OFERMŌD

1. Noun: *pride, arrogance, insolence, over confidence; high style.*

2. Adjective: *proud, arrogance, presumptuous, insolent; overbearing.*

OFERMŌDGIAN

Verb: *to be proud, arrogant or haughty; to be puffed up with pride.*

OFERMŌDGUNG

Noun: *pride.*

OFERMŌDIG

Adjective: *proud, arrogant, saucy; wanton.*

OFERMŌDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *proudly, arrogantly, presumptuously.*

OFERMŌDIGNES

Noun: *pride, arrogance, haughtiness.*

OFERMŌDLIC

Adjective: *proud, arrogant, haughty, presumptuous, insolent.*

OFERMŌDLĪCE

Adverb: *proudly, arrogantly, insolently.*

OFERMŌDNES

Noun: *pride, arrogance, haughtiness.*

OFERNĒOD

1. Noun: *extreme need.*

2. Adjective: *very necessary.*

OFERNIMAN

Verb: *to seize, take away, carry of; to take by surprise; to take by violence; to violate, ravish; to come over.*

OFERNŌN

Noun: *afternoon.*

OFERPLANTIAN

Verb: *transplantare.*

OFERPRŪT

1. Adjective: *over proud, arrogant, haughty, presumptuous, puffed up.*

2. Noun: *excessive pride.*

OFERRÆDAN

Verb: *to read over or through, peruse; to consider, infer.*

OFERRÆDLĪCE

Adverb: *frequently.*

OFERRANC

Adjective: *too luxurious, extravagant, sumptuous.*

OFERRECCAN

Verb: *to convince, confute; to convict.*

OFERRENCU

Noun: *over-luxuriance, extravagance.*

OFERRĪCSIAN

Verb: *to dominate, rule over.*

OFERRĪDAN

Verb: *to ride across, cross on horseback.*

OFERRŌWAN

Verb: *to row over, cross by rowing.*

OFERSÆLIC

Adjective: *transmarine, on the other side of the sea.*

OFERSÆLIG

Adjective: *more than happy, exceedingly fortunate.*

OFERSÆLÐ

Noun: *excessive happiness or pleasure.*

OFERSÆWISC

Adjective: *transmarine, from beyond the sea; foreign.*

OFERSĀWAN

Verb: *to sow over.*

OFERSCĒADAN

Verb: *to separate, divide; to scatter over, sprinkle over.*

OFERSCEADIAN

Verb: *to cover with a shadow, overshadow.*

OFERSCEATT

Noun: *interest; money in excess, usury.*

OFERSCĒAWIAN

Verb: *to overlook, superintend.*

OFERSCĒAWIGEND

Noun: *overseer, superintendent, bishop.*

OFERSCĪNAN

Verb: *to illuminate, cover with light; to excel (in brightness).*

OFERSCŪWIAN

Verb: *to overshadow.*

OFERSĒAM

Noun: *bag, special bag.*

OFERSĒCAN

Verb: *to overtax; to press too hard.*

OFERSEGL

Noun: *top-sail.*

OFERSEGLIAN

Verb: *to cross by sailing.*

OFERSENDAN

Verb: *to transmit.*

OFERSĒOCNES

Noun: *extreme sickness.*

OFERSEOLFRIAN

Verb: *to cover with silver.*

OFERSĒON

Verb: *to see, observe; to overlook; to survey; to neglect, despise.*

OFERSETTAN

Verb: *to set over; to overcome; to oppress.*

OFERSEWENNESS

Noun: *contempt; (legal term) fine for disobedience to authority.*

OFERSITTAN

Verb: *to occupy, sit upon; to possess, take possession of; to abstain from, refrain, desist, forbear.*

OFERSIWENLIC

Adjective: *contemptible.*

OFERSLÆP

Noun: *excessive sleep.*

OFERSLĒAN

Verb: *to reduce, subdue; to overcome.*

OFERSLEGE

Noun: *lintel.*

OFERSLOP

Noun: *(loose) upper garment, stole, surplice.*

OFERSLYPE

Noun: *over-garment, surplice.*

OFERSMĒAUNG

Noun: *excessive consideration of a subject.*

OFERSMĪTAN

Verb: *to oversmear with something.*

OFERSPRÆC

Noun: *excessive speaking, loquacity; utterance.*

OFERSPRÆCE

Adjective: *talkative, loquacious; tale-bearing.*

OFERSPRÆDAN

Verb: *to cover, overspread, overlay.*

OFERSPRECA

Noun: *one who talks too much, one who talks extravagantly or inconsiderately.*

OFERSPRECAN

Verb: *to say too much; to be abusive.*

OFERSPRECOL

Adjective: *talkative, loquacious; indiscreet, tattling.*

OFERSPRECOLNES

Noun: *talkativeness, loquacity.*

OFERSPYRIAN

Verb: *to traverse.*

OFERSTÆLAN

Verb: *to convince, confute, overcome in a dispute; to convict.*

OFERSTÆPPAN

Verb: *to cross, over-step, exceed.*

OFERSTANDAN

Verb: *to stand or be over or above.*

OFERSTEALL

Noun: *opposition.*

OFERSTEALLA

Noun: *survivor.*

OFERSTELLAN

Verb: *to cross, jump over.*

OFERSTĪGAN

1. Verb: *to scale, mount, rise above; to overcome, surmount, surpass, excel; transcend, exceed.*

2. Verb: *to scale, mount, climb over, rise above.*

OFERSTIGE

Noun: *astonishment, ecstasy.*

OFERSTĪGENDLIC

Adjective: *superlative.*

OFERSTIGENNES

Noun: *passing over.*

OFERSWICOL

Adjective: *very deceitful.*

OFERSWIMMAN

Verb: *to swim over or across.*

OFERSWINGAN

Verb: *to strike through.*

OFERSWĪÐAN

Verb: *to overcome, surpass, excel, vanquish; to overpower, conquer.*

OFERSWĪÐE

Adverb: *over-much, too much, excessively.*

OFERSWĪÐEND

Noun: *vanquisher, conqueror.*

OFERSWĪÐESTRE

Noun: *conqueror.*

OFERSWĪÐNES

Noun: *oppression, pressure, distress.*

OFERSWĪÐRIAN

Verb: *to prevail, conquer.*

OFERSWĪÐUNG

Noun: *oppression, pressure, distress.*

OFERSWŌGAN

Verb: *to cover thickly, choke.*

OFERSŸMAN

Verb: *to overload; to oppress.*

OFERTÆL

Noun: *odd number.*

OFERTÆLE

Adjective: *superstitious.*

OFERTALIAN

Verb: *to convince, confute.*

OFERTELDAN

Verb: *to cover with an awning.*

OFERTĒON

Verb: *to cover, draw cover; to finish, bring to an end.*

OFERTOGENNES

Noun: *condition of being covered.*

OFERTRAHTNIAN

Verb: *to comment upon, expound, treat of.*

OFERTREDAN

Verb: *to trample upon, tread under foot.*

OFERTRŪWA

Noun: *over-confidence.*

OFERTRŪWIAN

Verb: *to trust too much to.*

OFERTRŪWOD

Adjective: *over-confident.*

OFERÐEARF

Noun: *extreme need, extreme distress.*

OFERÐEARFA

Noun: *one in extreme need.*

OFERÐECCAN

Verb: *to cover, hide.*

OFERÐENCAN

Verb: *to think over, consider, reflect.*

OFERÐĒON

Verb: *to surpass, excel.*

OFERÐŌHT

Adjective: *thought over, considered.*

OFERÐRĒAWIAN

Verb: *increpare.*

OFERÐRYCCEDNES

Noun: *pressure.*

OFERÐRYMM

Noun: *excessive power.*

OFERUFA

1. Adverb: *upon, above.*

2. Adposition: *on, upon, above.*

OFERWACIAN

Verb: *to watch over, act as a guard.*

OFERWADAN

Verb: *to cross by wading.*

OFERWANDIAN

Verb: *to delay, pause.*

OFERWEALDAN

Verb: *to control, rule over; to get the better of.*

OFERWEALDEND

Noun: *ruler, governor, over-lord.*

OFERWEAXAN

Verb: *to overgrow, overspread.*

OFERWEDER

Noun: *storm, tempest.*

OFERWELIG

Adjective: *very rich.*

OFERWENIAN

Verb: *to be proud; to become insolent or presumptuous.*

OFERWEORC

Noun: *superstructure, tomb, sarcophagus.*

OFERWEORPAN

1. Verb: *to overthrow; to assault, throw upon; to sprinkle; to fall down.*

2. Verb: *to overthrow; throw upon, sprinkle; to fall down.*

OFERWĒSNES

Noun: *over-indulgence.*

OFERWĪGAN

Verb: *to overcome in fight; to conquer.*

OFERWILLAN

Verb: *to boil, overboil; to boil down.*

OFERWINNAN

Verb: *to overcome; to vanquish, conquer, subdue; to contend with.*

OFERWINTRAN

Verb: *to winter, pass the winter, go through the winter.*

OFERWIST

Noun: *excess in eating, gluttony.*

OFERWISTLIC

Adjective: *excess in eating; supersubstantial.*

OFERWLENCAN

Verb: *to be very wealthy.*

OFERWLENCU

Noun: *excessive riches, superabundant means, ostentation.*

OFERWRECAN

Verb: *to overwhelm.*

OFERWRĒON

Verb: *to cover, veil, overspread; to hide, conceal; to clothe.*

OFERWRIGELS

Noun: *covering.*

OFERWRIT

Noun: *letter, epistle; superscription.*

OFERWRITEN

Noun: *what is written above, superscription.*

OFERWRIÐAN

Verb: *to wrap round, cover up with a wrapper.*

OFERWYRCAN

Verb: *to cover over, overlay.*

OFERWYRÐE

Adjective: *very worthy.*

OFERYLDU

Noun: *extreme old age.*

OFERYMBWENDNESS

Noun: *transmutation.*

OFERYRNAN

Verb: *to go or run over, overwhelm; to cross, pass by running; to spread over or throughout.*

OFERŸÐ

Noun: *overwhelming wave; vacillation, wavering.*

OFESC

Noun: *border.*

OFESTAN

See *(ge)ofestan.*

OFETEN

Adjective: *that has eaten excessively, fat.*

OFETT

Noun: *fruit; legume, pulse.*

OFFARAN

Verb: *to intercept; to overtake; to attack, fall upon.*

OFFEALLAN

Verb: *to cut off; to fall upon, kill by falling, destroy; to end; to be lost to, fall away from.*

OFFĒRAN

Verb: *to overtake (an enemy).*

OFFERENDA

Noun: *psalm or anthem sung during the offertory.*

OFFERIAN

Verb: *to bear or carry off.*

OFFĒSTRE

Noun: *nurse not living in the house; foster-mother.*

OFFLĒOGAN

Verb: *to fly away.*

OFFRETTAN

Verb: *to eat up, devour.*

OFFRIAN

See *(ge)offrian.*

OFFRINGCLĀÐ

Noun: *offertory cloth.*

OFFRINGDISC

Noun: *paten, offering-dish.*

OFFRINGHLĀF

Noun: *sacrificial bread, the show-bread.*

OFFRINGSANG

Noun: *hymn sung when an offering is made.*

OFFRINGSCEAT

Noun: *offering-sheet, offering-napkin.*

OFFRUNG

Noun: *offering of a sacrifice, sacrifice, bread and wine offered in the Eucharistic service; sacrifice, presenting to God, oblation.*

OFFRUNGDÆG

Noun: *feast of unleavened bread.*

OFFRUNGHŪS

Noun: *house of sacrifice.*

OFFRUNGSPIC

Noun: *sacrificial bacon, bacon offered to idols.*

OFFYLIGAN

Verb: *to come up with; to follow up, overtake by pursuit.*

OFFYLLAN

Verb: *to strike down, kill by felling, destroy.*

OFGĀN

Verb: *to demand, require, exact; to exhort; to obtain, attain, acquire, gain; to start from, begin.*

OFGANGENDE

Adjective: *derivative.*

OFGANGENDLIC

Adjective: *derivative.*

OFGEORN

Adjective: *too eager, elated.*

OFGĒOTAN

Verb: *to moisten, steep, soak, souse; to quench, put out a fire; to pour out.*

OFGERĀD

Adjective: *appropriate.*

OFGESTĪGNES

Noun: *descent.*

OFGIEFAN

Verb: *to leave, abandon, quit, give up, desert; to resign.*

OFHABBAN

Verb: *to keep from, restrain, hold back.*

OFHÆCCAN

Verb: *to hack off.*

OFHAGIAN

Verb: *to be inconvenient.*

OFHEALDAN

Verb: *to retain withhold, keep back.*

OFHEARMIAN

Verb: *to cause grief.*

OFHENDE

Adjective: *absent, lost; out of one's hand; taken away.*

OFHĪERAN

Verb: *to hear, overhear.*

OFHINGRIAN

Verb: *to be hungry.*

OFHNĪTAN

Verb: *to kill by butting, gore to death.*

OFHRĒOSAN

Verb: *to cover, bury; to fall down, fall headlong; to overwhelm.*

OFHRĒOWAN

Verb: *to cause or feel grief or pity.*

OFHWYLFAN

Verb: *to roll away.*

OFHYNGROD

Adjective: *very hungry; eagerly desirous.*

OFHYRIAN

Verb: *to imitate.*

OFIRNAN

Verb: *to overtake; to tire with running.*

OFLÆTAN

Verb: *to let go; to give up, leave behind, lay aside; to flow.*

OFLÆTE

Noun: *offering, oblation; sacramental wafer.*

OFLÆTHLĀF

Noun: *loaf of the bread used for the Eucharist.*

OFLANGIAN

Verb: *to long.*

OFLECGAN

Verb: *to lay down; to cover.*

OFLĒOGAN

Verb: *to lie, be false.*

OFLĒORAN

Verb: *to pass away.*

OFLICGAN

Verb: *to oppress; to hurt by lying upon; to overlay.*

OFLĪCIAN

Verb: *to displease, be displeasing.*

OFLINNAN

Verb: *to cease, stop; to desist, leave off.*

OFLYST

Adjective: *pleased with, desirous of.*

OFLYSTAN

Verb: *to please, fill with desire.*

OFLYSTED

Adjective: *desirous of; pleased with.*

OFMANIAN

Verb: *to exact a fine or due.*

OFMUNAN

Verb: *to remember, recall to mind, recollect.*

OFMYRÐRIAN

Verb: *to murder.*

OFNĒADIAN

Verb: *to exhort, obtain by force.*

OFNET

Noun: *closed vessel, small vessel.*

OFNIMAN

Verb: *to fail.*

OFOST

Noun: *speed, haste, zeal.*

OFOSTLĪCE

Adverb: *quickly, speedily, hastily, hurriedly.*

OFRÆCAN

Verb: *to obtain, reach.*

OFRĪDAN

Verb: *to overtake by riding.*

OFSACAN

Verb: *to deny a charge.*

OFSCACAN

Verb: *to shudder, shake with fear.*

OFSCEAMIAN

Verb: *to put to shame.*

OFSCĒOTAN

Verb: *to wound, hit, shoot down, kill.*

OFSCOTEN

Adjective: *elf-struck (of cattle seized with sudden disease).*

OFSCOTIAN

Verb: *to shoot, wound or kill with an arrow or spear.*

OFSENDAN

Verb: *to send for, reach by sending; to summon.*

OFSĒON

Verb: *to see, observe, behold.*

OFSETENES

Noun: *siege; sitting down.*

OFSETNIAN

Verb: *to besiege; to encompass.*

OFSETTAN

Verb: *to afflict, overwhelm, press hard, oppress; to beset.*

OFSETTUNG

Noun: *pressure.*

OFSITTAN

Verb: *to repress, press down, oppress; to occupy, sit upon, besiege; to check; to hedge in.*

OFSLĒAN

Verb: *to cut off; to strike down, injure, wound by a blow, kill, slay.*

OFSLEGENNES

Noun: *destruction, killing, slaughter.*

OFSLĪTAN

Verb: *to bite, wound by a bite.*

OFSMORIAN

Verb: *to suffocate, strangle, choke.*

OFSNĪÐAN

Verb: *to cut off, kill by cutting, slaughter.*

OFSPRING

Noun: *offspring, progeny, descendants; posterity.*

OFSPYRIAN

Verb: *to find out by inquiry or search, trace out.*

OFSTÆNAN

Verb: *to stone to death, kill.*

OFSTÆPPAN

Verb: *to trample upon.*

OFSTANDAN

Verb: *to continue, persist, remain; to stop in a place; to restore, make restitution.*

OFSTEDE

Adverb: *immediately.*

OFSTENDE

Adjective: *hastening.*

OFSTICIAN

Verb: *to pierce, stab (to death), wound or kill by a thrust; to transfix.*

OFSTIG

Adjective: *swift, hasty.*

OFSTĪGAN

Verb: *to descend; to ascend; to depart.*

OFSTINGAN

Verb: *to pierce, stab (to death), wound or kill by a thrust.*

OFSTOFEN

Adjective: *impelled.*

OFSWELGAN

Verb: *to swallow up, devour.*

OFSWERIAN

Verb: *to abjure, deny on oath.*

OFSWINGAN

Verb: *to scourge to death.*

OFSWŸÐAN

Verb: *to overcome, overpower.*

OFT

Adverb: *often, frequently.*

OFTACAN

Verb: *to overtake.*

OFTALU

Noun: *rejoinder; verdict against a claim.*

OFTĒON

Verb: *to take away, withdraw; to withhold, deny, keep back.*

OFTFĒÐRE

Adjective: *requiring many journeys to carry.*

OFTIGE

Noun: *withholding, holding back.*

OFTORFIAN

Verb: *to stone to death, kill.*

OFTRÆDE

Adjective: *often or always available, ready at many times; frequent.*

OFTRÆDLIC

Adjective: *frequent.*

OFTRÆDLĪCE

Adverb: *often, frequently, habitually.*

OFTRAHTUNG

Noun: *pulling out.*

OFTREDAN

Verb: *to tread down, trample upon, injure or destroy by treading.*

OFTREDDAN

Verb: *to tread to death.*

OFTSĪÐ

Noun: *frequent occasion.*

OFTÐWĒAL

Noun: *frequent washing.*

OFTYRFAN

Verb: *to stone.*

OFÐÆNAN

Verb: *to moisten.*

OFÐE

Conjunction: *or.*

OFÐECGAN

Verb: *to consume, destroy.*

OFÐEFIAN

Verb: *to be exceedingly heated.*

OFÐENCAN

Verb: *to remember, recall to mind.*

OFÐĪNAN

Verb: *to get or be too moist.*

OFÐINEN

Adjective: *too moist.*

OFÐRINGAN

Verb: *to crowd, throng; to press upon.*

OFÐRYCCAN

Verb: *to press, squeeze, crush; to repress, cumber, subdue; to afflict, oppress; to destroy; to occupy forcibly.*

OFÐRYCCEDNES

Noun: *distress, trouble, oppression; repression.*

OFÐRYSCAN

Verb: *to repress, beat down; to suppress.*

OFÐRYSMIAN

Verb: *to choke, stifle.*

OFÐYLMAN

Verb: *to suffocate, choke.*

OFÐYNCAN

Verb: *to displease, give offence, insult, vex; to weary; to grieve.*

OFÐYRSTAN

Verb: *to suffer from thirst, be thirsty, thirst (for).*

OFÐȲSTRIAN

Verb: *to darken, obscure.*

OFUNNAN

Verb: *to deny, refuse to grant; to envy, begrudge.*

OFWEORPAN

Verb: *to kill by casting (stones, missiles, etc.).*

OFWORPIAN

Verb: *to kill by casting (stones, etc.).*

OFWUNDRIAN

Verb: *to be astonished.*

OFWYRTRUMIAN

Verb: *to eradicate.*

ŌGA

Noun: *fear, dread, terror, horror; terrible or horrible object.*

ŌGENGEL

1. Noun: *bar, bolt.*

2. See *ongegnel.*

ŌHILDE

Adjective: *inclined, sloping.*

ŌHT

1. Noun: *fear, terror; persecution, active enmity; hostility.*

2. See *āwith* (1).

3. See *āwith* (2).

4. See *āwith* (3).

OHTRĪP

Noun: *harvest.*

ŌLÆCUNG

Noun: *conspiratio.*

OLBENDA

Noun: *camel.*

ŌLECCAN

Verb: *to soothe, caress, treat gently; to charm, please, gratify; to flatter, allure, fawn upon, pay court to; to propitiate; to be submissive.*

ŌLECCERE

Noun: *flatterer.*

ŌLECCUNG

Noun: *soothing, caressing, gentleness of treatment; flattery, fawning, adulation; charm, allurement; persuasion.*

ŌLECTEND

Noun: *flatterer.*

ŌLEHTUNG

Noun: *flattering, adulation; indulgence; pleasing condition or process.*

OLFEND

Noun: *camel.*

OLFENDE

Noun: *camel.*

OLFENDMYRE

Noun: *she-camel.*

OLL

Noun: *contempt, scorn; insult, contumely.*

ŌLÐWONG

Noun: *strap.*

ŌLYHTWORD

Noun: *flattering speech.*

ŌM

Noun: *rust.*

OMA

Noun: *liquid measure.*

ŌMAN

Noun: *eruptions of the skin, erysipelas.*

ŌMCYNN

Noun: *corrupt humour.*

OME

Noun: *liquid measure.*

OMER

Noun: *bird, bird's name; hammer (in yellow-hammer).*

ŌMIAN

Verb: *to rust, become rusty.*

ŌMIG

Adjective: *rusty, rust-eaten, rust-coloured; inflammatory.*

ŌMIHTE

Adjective: *inflammatory.*

ON-

Affix: *often meaningless.*

ON

1. Adposition: *on, upon, on to; in, into, within; up to; among, during, at, on, about; against; towards; according to, in accordance with, in respect to; for, in exchange for*

2. Adverb: *on, onward, forward; continuously; at once; forthwith.*

3. See *and* (1).

ONĀCENNED

Adjective: *inborn.*

ONĀDŌN

Verb: *to put on.*

ONÆHT

Noun: *possession.*

ONÆLAN

Verb: *to heat; to set on fire, inflame, ignite, kindle, burn; to consume; to incite; to inspire; to enlighten.*

ONÆLEND

Noun: *incensor.*

ONÆLET

Noun: *lightning.*

ONÆR

Adverb: *formerly.*

ONÆÐELE

Adjective: *natural.*

ONĀFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to make fast, bind.*

ONĀGĒOTAN

Verb: *to infuse.*

ONĀHEBBAN

Verb: *to lift up, exalt.*

ONĀHŌN

Verb: *to hang on.*

ONĀL

Noun: *burning, incense, kindling.*

ONĀLĪHTAN

Verb: *illuminate.*

ONĀRĪSAN

Verb: *to rise up (against).*

ONĀSĀWAN

Verb: *to implant, instil.*

ONĀSCUNUNG

Noun: *exasperation; detestation, abomination.*

ONĀSENDAN

Verb: *to implant in; to impart to.*

ONĀSENDEDNES

Noun: *immission.*

ONĀSETEDNES

Noun: *imposition, laying on (of hands).*

ONĀSETTAN

Verb: *to place on, set upon, impress upon.*

ONĀSLAGEN

Adjective: *beaten (of metal).*

ONĀSLĪDAN

Verb: *to fall away, fail.*

ONĀSWĒGAN

Verb: *to sound forth.*

ONĀWINNAN

Verb: *to fight against.*

ONBÆC

Adverb: *back, backwards, behind.*

ONBÆCLING

Adverb: *back, backward, behind; at one's back.*

ONBÆRNAN

Verb: *to heat, set on fire, light, ignite, kindle, inflame; to burn; to inspire.*

ONBÆRNING

Noun: *incense.*

ONBÆRNNES

Noun: *incense, frankincense.*

ONBĒRU

Noun: *wrong behaviour, anger, vexation; self-restraint.*

ONBĀSNUNG

Noun: *expectation, awaiting.*

ONBEBLĀWAN

Verb: *to blow upon.*

ONBEBRINGAN

Verb: *to bring upon.*

ONBECYME

Noun: *approach, access.*

ONBEFEALLAN

Verb: *to fall upon.*

ONBEFLŌWAN

Verb: *to flow upon.*

ONBĒGNES

Noun: *bending, curvature.*

ONBEHRĒOSAN

Verb: *to fall.*

ONBELÆDAN

Verb: *to inflict upon, lead or bring in.*

ONBĒN

Noun: *imprecation.*

ONBĒODAN

Verb: *to order, command; to tell, announce, declare, proclaim, send word, bid.*

ONBEORNAN

Verb: *to set fire to, kindle, inflame.*

ONBĒOTEND

Adjective: *threatening, impending.*

ONBERAN

Verb: *to carry off, plunder; to weaken, diminish, enfeeble; to impair, destroy; to be situated, lie.*

ONBESCĒAWUNG

Noun: *examination, inspection.*

ONBESCĒOFAN

Verb: *to thrust out.*

ONBESENDAN

Verb: *to send to.*

ONBESLAGEN

Adjective: *inflicted.*

ONBESMĪTAN

Verb: *to defile.*

ONBESTÆLAN

Verb: *to convict of crime.*

ONBĪDAN

Verb: *to remain, wait; to wait for, await, expect; to attend upon; to abide.*

ONBĪGAN

Verb: *to subdue, subjugate, cause to bend.*

ONBINDAN

1. Verb: *to loosen, untie, unbind; to release, set free; to disclose.*

2. See *unbindan.*

ONBĪTAN

1. Verb: *to taste of, partake of; to feed upon.*

2. See *ābītan.*

ONBLÆST

Noun: *attack, onrush.*

ONBLÆSTAN

Verb: *to break in.*

ONBLANDAN

Verb: *to mingle, intermingle; to infect.*

ONBLĀWAN

Verb: *to blow on or into, breathe into, inspire, inflate; to puff up.*

ONBLĀWING

Noun: *breathing upon.*

ONBLĀWNES

Noun: *inspiration.*

ONBLŌTAN

Verb: *to offer, sacrifice, kill a victim.*

ONBORGIAN

Verb: *to borrow.*

ONBREGDAN

Verb: *to move, move quickly; to start up; to burst open.*

ONBRING

Noun: *instigation.*

ONBRINGELLE

Noun: *instigation.*

ONBRINNAN

Verb: *to set fire to, inflame.*

ONBRYCE

Noun: *irruption, inroad; attack.*

ONBRYRD

Adjective: *excited, fired, ardent; contrite.*

ONBRYRDAN

See *(ge)onbryrdan.*

ONBRYRDING

Noun: *incitement, stimulus.*

ONBRYRDNES

Noun: *inspiration, ardour, keen feeling, incitement, animation; compunction, remorse, contrition; instigation, stimulus.*

ONBŪGAN

Verb: *to bend, bow, incline, bend in reverence; to deviate; to agree with, submit; to yield to.*

ONBŪTAN

1. Adposition: *about, around, round about.*

2. Adverb: *about, round, around, round about.*

3. See *ābūtan* (1).

4. See *ābūtan* (2).

ONBYRGAN

1. Verb: *to eat, take food; to taste.*

2. Verb: *to be surety.*

ONBYRGING

Noun: *tasting; taking food.*

ONBYRHTAN

Verb: *to illumine.*

ONBYRIGNES

1. Noun: *tasting.*

2. See *anbyrignes.*

ONCENNAN

Verb: *to bear, bring forth.*

ONCIERRAN

Verb: *to alter, change, turn; to pervert; to turn off or away, turn aside, avert; to turn back, reverse, revoke; to prevent; to go.*

ONCĪGAN

Verb: *to call upon, invoke.*

ONCĪGNES

Noun: *invocation.*

ONCĪGUNG

Noun: *invocation, invoking.*

ONCLIFIAN

Verb: *to adhere, stick to, persist in.*

ONCLYFIENDE

Adjective: *sticking to, persistent, tenacious.*

ONCLYPIAN

Verb: *to invoke, call upon.*

ONCNÆWE

Adjective: *known, recognised.*

ONCNĀWAN

Verb: *to know, perceive, understand; to observe; to recognise, acknowledge, identify; to disclose, confess.*

ONCNĀWEND

Noun: *one who knows.*

ONCNĀWENNES

Noun: *knowledge, conception, acknowledgement; recognition.*

ONCNĀWUNG

Noun: *knowledge, acknowledgement.*

ONCNYSSAN

Verb: *to afflict, cast down.*

ONCUNNAN

Verb: *to know; to reproach, accuse, blame.*

ONCUNNES

Noun: *accusation; excuse.*

ONCUNNING

Noun: *accusation.*

ONCWEALDAN

Verb: *to slay.*

ONCWEÐAN

Verb: *to answer, reply; to resound, echo; to protest.*

ONCŸÐAN

Verb: *to make known, announce.*

ONCŸÐDÆD

Noun: *injury, hurtful deed.*

ONCŸÐIG

Adjective: *conscious, understanding; known; not acquainted with.*

ONCŸÐÐ

Noun: *distress, grief, pain.*

ONDÆLAN

Verb: *to impart, infuse.*

ONDÆLEND

Noun: *one who imparts, infuser.*

ONDESN

Noun: *fear.*

ONDLĒANIAN

Verb: *to grant.*

ONDŌN

1. Verb: *to put on (clothes).*

2. See *undōn.*

ONDŌUNG

Noun: *putting in, injection.*

ONDRÆDAN

Verb: *to fear, dread; to be afraid.*

ONDRÆDENLIC

Adjective: *fearful, terrible; tremendous.*

ONDRÆDING

Noun: *fear, dread, terror.*

ONDRENCAN

1. Verb: *to intoxicate, inebriate; to fill with water.*

2. See *indrencan.*

ONDRINCAN

Verb: *to drink.*

ONDRUNCNIAN

Verb: *to become intoxicated, get drunk.*

ONDRYSENLĪCE

Adverb: *with fear, terribly; awfully, reverently.*

ONDRYSNE

Adjective: *awful, feared, dreadful, terrible; respectable, venerable, venerated.*

ONDRYSNESS

Noun: *fear.*

ONDRYSNLIC

Adjective: *dreadful, terrible.*

ONDRYSNU

Noun: *fear; respect, reverence, awe; etiquette.*

ONDŪNE

Adverb: *down.*

ONEALDIAN

Verb: *to grow old.*

ONEARDIAN

Verb: *to inhabit.*

ONEARDIEND

Noun: *inhabitant, indweller.*

ONĒGAN

Verb: *to fear, dread.*

ONĒHTING

Noun: *persecution.*

ONEMN

1. Adposition: *by, near, alongside of, abreast of; during.*

2. Adverb: *together; directly, exactly.*

ONEMNÐRŌWIGAN

Verb: *to sympathise.*

ONERIAN

Verb: *to plough up.*

ONERNING

Noun: *attack, assault.*

ŌNETTAN

Verb: *to move rapidly, be quick; to hasten, hurry forward, anticipate; to be active or busy; to press, strive.*

ŌNETTUNG

Noun: *precipitation, hastening.*

ONĒÐGUNG

Noun: *breathing on, inspiration.*

ONFÆGNIAN

Verb: *to show gladness, fawn on.*

ONFÆRELD

Noun: *progress, going on, journey; going in, entrance; attack, assault.*

ONFÆSTAN

Verb: *to make fast; to fix.*

ONFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to transfix, pierce.*

ONFÆÐMNES

Noun: *embrace.*

ONFANGEND

Noun: *receiver.*

ONFANGENNES

Noun: *receiving, reception, acceptance.*

ONFEALDAN

Verb: *to unfold, unwrap.*

ONFEALL

Noun: *swelling.*

ONFEALLENDE

Adjective: *on-rushing; overwhelming.*

ONFEOHTAN

Verb: *to attack, assault, fight with.*

ONFINDAN

1. Verb: *to perceive, feel, notice, learn; to experience, suffer, meet with; to find out, discover, detect, be aware of; to come across, meet with; to get, obtain.*

2. See *āfindan.*

ONFINDEND

Noun: *one who finds out.*

ONFLÆSCNES

Noun: *incarnation.*

ONFLYGE

Noun: *infectious disease.*

ONFLYGEN

Noun: *infectious disease.*

ONFŌN

1. Verb: *to take, receive, accept; to take hold of; to stand sponsor; to harbour, favour unrighteously; to begin, undertake; to undergo; to conceive; to allow to come, not to exclude.*

2. See *āfōn*.

ONFŌND

Noun: *one who undertakes or supports.*

ONFŌNDLIC

Adjective: *that is to be received.*

ONFORAN

1. Adposition: *before, at the beginning of.*

2. Adverb: *before, in front of.*

ONFORDŌN

Adjective: *destroyed.*

ONFOREWEARDAN

Adverb: *in front, in the front of; in the first line, in the fore part, in the earlier part of; above all.*

ONFOREWEARDUM

Adverb: *in front, in the first line, in the fore part; above all.*

ONFORHTIAN

Verb: *to fear, be afraid.*

ONFORWYRD

Noun: *destruction.*

ONFUNDELNES

Noun: *experience, proof.*

ONFUNDEN

Adjective: *experienced, having knowledge by experience; discovered, found.*

ONFUNDENNES

Noun: *explanation; experience, experiment, trial; finding out, discovery.*

ONGÆGUM

Adposition: *towards.*

ONGALAN

Verb: *to charm, recite (a charm).*

ONGALEND

Noun: *enchanter.*

ONGALNES

Noun: *constant singing or song.*

ONGĀN

1. Verb: *to approach, enter into; to attack.*

2. See *ongēan* (2).

ONGANG

Noun: *entrance, incursion; irruption, assault; attack; worship.*

ONGANGAN

Verb: *to approach, enter into; to attack.*

ONGEADOR

Adverb: *together.*

ONGĒAN

1. Adposition: *towards, in the way of; against, contrary to, opposite to; in return for, in reply to, in response, in exchange for.*

2. Adverb: *back, opposite, on the other hand; again; towards; in reply.*

ONGĒANCĪGAN

Verb: *to call back.*

ONGĒANCIRRING

Noun: *return.*

ONGĒANCLYPPAN

Verb: *to call back.*

ONGĒANCYME

Noun: *return.*

ONGĒANCYRRENDLIC

Adjective: *relative.*

ONGĒANFÆR

Noun: *return.*

ONGĒANFEALDAN

Verb: *to fold or roll back.*

ONGĒANFĒRAN

Verb: *to go again, return.*

ONGĒANFLŌWENDE

Adjective: *refluent, ebbing and flowing.*

ONGĒANHWORFENNES

Noun: *obstacle.*

ONGĒANHWYRF

Noun: *return.*

ONGĒANHWYRFAN

Verb: *to turn or change again, return.*

ONGĒANLECGAN

Verb: *to lay up, store up.*

ONGĒANRYNE

Noun: *course.*

ONGĒANSPRECEND

Noun: *one who reproaches or blames.*

ONGĒANSTANDAN

Verb: *to urge, insist upon, stand toward or against.*

ONGĒANWEARD

Adjective: *going back, against or towards; near.*

ONGĒANWEARDES

Adverb: *towards.*

ONGĒANWEARDLIC

Adjective: *adversative.*

ONGĒANWEARDLĪCE

Adverb: *adversatively.*

ONGĒANWERIAN

Verb: *to revile in return.*

ONGĒANWINNENDE

Adjective: *resisting, struggling.*

ONGĒANWIÐERIAN

Verb: *to oppose.*

ONGĒANWYRDNES

Noun: *what lies in the way, opposition.*

ONGEBOREN

Adjective: *in-born.*

ONGEBRINGAN

Verb: *to bring upon; to impose, enjoin; to incline, induce.*

ONGEBYRIGEAN

Verb: *to taste, eat.*

ONGECĪGAN

Verb: *to call upon, invoke.*

ONGECĪGUNG

Noun: *invocation.*

ONGEFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to pierce.*

ONGEFEALDAN

Verb: *to wrap.*

ONGEFEHT

Noun: *attack, assault.*

ONGEFLOGEN

Adjective: *attacked by disease.*

ONGEGNEL

Adjective: *opposite.*

ONGEHRĒOSAN

Verb: *to rush upon, fall upon.*

ONGEHŸÐNES

Noun: *advantage, profit.*

ONGELĪC

Adjective: *like, similar.*

ONGELIC

Noun: *likeness, image.*

ONGELĪCE

Adverb: *in the same way, similarly.*

ONGELĪCNES

Noun: *form, pattern; parable.*

ONGELĪHTAN

Verb: *to illuminate, give light to, enlighten; to shine; to restore to sight.*

ONGEMANG

1. Adposition: *among; during, meanwhile.*

2. Adverb: *among; during, meanwhile.*

ONGEMETHĀT

Adjective: *exceedingly hot.*

ONGENÆMAN

Verb: *to take away (from).*

ONGENIMAN

Verb: *to take away.*

ONGĒOTAN

Verb: *to infuse, impregnate.*

ONGĒOTUNG

Noun: *pouring in.*

ONGESENDAN

Verb: *to send to.*

ONGESĒON

Verb: *to see, look on, behold, regard, take notice of.*

ONGESETENES

Noun: *knowledge.*

ONGESLĒAN

Verb: *to slay.*

ONGESPANAN

Verb: *to draw on, allure.*

ONGETÆCAN

Verb: *to enjoin.*

ONGETIMBRAN

Verb: *to build up.*

ONGEWEORC

Noun: *making, work.*

ONGEWINN

Noun: *attack, assault.*

ONGIELDAN

Verb: *to pay for (a penalty), be punished for, atone for, undergo; to pay; to offer, give an offering.*

ONGIERWAN

Verb: *to divest, strip, unclothe.*

ONGIETAN

Verb: *to seize, grasp; to feel, perceive, see, hear; to know, learn, understand; to recognise, distinguish; to consider, judge; to experience; to find out, discover; to know carnally.*

ONGIETENES

Noun: *intellect, understanding, knowledge; meaning.*

ONGIFAN

Verb: *to give back; to forgive, pardon.*

ONGINNAN

Verb: *to begin, undertake, set about, set to work; to attempt, endeavour, try hard; to attack, assail; to act, proceed, act strenuously.*

ONGINNENDLIC

Adjective: *inchoative.*

ONGINNES

Noun: *beginning, undertaking.*

ONGRATIAN

Verb: *to smile, grate with the teeth.*

ONGRINDAN

Verb: *to smile, show the teeth, grind with the teeth.*

ONGRYPE

Noun: *attack, assault.*

ONGRYRELIC

Adjective: *horrible.*

ONGUNNENES

1. Noun: *undertaking.*

2. See *onginnes.*

ONGYRDAN

Verb: *to unfasten, unbuckle, ungird.*

ONGYTE

Noun: *infusion, inpouring.*

ONHĀDIAN

Verb: *to degrade from holy orders.*

ONHÆLE

Adjective: *whole, entire; concealed, secret, hidden.*

ONHÆLED

Adjective: *infirm, ill.*

ONHÆTAN

Verb: *to heat, inflame.*

ONHAGIAN

Verb: *to be possible or convenient, be suit; to please; to be at leisure; to be fighting.*

ONHĀTAN

Verb: *to promise.*

ONHĀTIAN

Verb: *to become or grow hot.*

ONHĀWIAN

Verb: *to behold.*

ONHEALDAN

1. Verb: *to keep (at peace).*

2. See *āhealdan.*

ONHĒAW

Noun: *trunk of a tree, block to hew on.*

ONHEBBAN

Verb: *to raise up, erect, lift up, exalt; to leaven; to begin, take up; to take away, remove.*

ONHEFEDNES

Noun: *elevation; exaltation, elation, pride.*

ONHERGIAN

Verb: *to harass.*

ONHETTING

Noun: *persecution.*

ONHIELDAN

Verb: *to bend, bend down, bow, incline, lean, recline; to decline, sink; to fall away.*

ONHIELDEDNES

Noun: *declining.*

ONHĪGIAN

Verb: *to attack, assault, despoil.*

ONHINDAN

Adverb: *behind, backward.*

ONHINDER

Adverb: *behind, backward.*

ONHINDERLING

Adverb: *back.*

ONHISCEND

Noun: *mocker.*

ONHLADAN

Verb: *to discharge, unload.*

ONHLĪDAN

Verb: *to open, unclose; to disclose, appear, reveal.*

ONHLINIAN

Verb: *to lean on.*

ONHNĪGAN

Verb: *to bend down, bow; to press down; to worship.*

ONHNIGENES

Noun: *adoration.*

ONHŌHSNIAN

Verb: *to detest, abominate; to put an end to.*

ONHŌN

Verb: *to suspend, hang, crucify.*

ONHRÆGEL

Noun: *covering, sheet.*

ONHRĒODAN

Verb: *to adorn.*

ONHRĒOSAN

Verb: *to attack, fall or rush upon, assail.*

ONHRĒRAN

1. Verb: *to move, move violently, stir; to move, disturb, agitate, arouse, excite.*

2. See *āhrēran.*

ONHRĪNAN

1. Verb: *to touch; to lay hold of.*

2. See *āhrīnan.*

ONHRINE

Noun: *touch, contact.*

ONHRŌP

Noun: *importunity, importunate clamour; reproach.*

ONHRYRE

Noun: *attack, assault.*

ONHUPIAN

Verb: *to retire, draw back; to recoil, step back.*

ONHWELAN

Verb: *to resound, bellow back.*

ONHWEORFAN

1. Verb: *to change, turn, reverse.*

2. See *andhweorfan.*

ONHWERFAN

Verb: *to change, turn; to invert, transpose, turn round.*

ONHWERFEDNES

Noun: *change, mutation.*

ONHYCGAN

Verb: *to consider, reflect on.*

ONHYRDAN

Verb: *to comfort; to encourage, strengthen.*

ONHYRENES

Noun: *imitation.*

ONHYRGEND

Noun: *one who imitates or emulates.*

ONHYRIAN

Verb: *to imitate, emulate.*

ONHYRING

Noun: *imitation, emulation; zeal.*

ONHŸRSUMIAN

Verb: *to be busied with.*

ONHYSCAN

Verb: *to mock or hiss at, make a jest of; to reproach, speak ill, abuse, vilify; to detest; to deceive.*

ONĪDLIAN

Verb: *to empty.*

ONIERNAN

Verb: *to open; to give way, yield; to pour forth.*

ONIN

Adverb: *within.*

ONINNAN

1. Adposition: *into, within; among.*

2. Adverb: *into, within; among.*

ONĪWAN

Verb: *to show; to appear.*

ONLÆCCAN

Verb: *to reproach, blame.*

ONLÆNAN

Verb: *to lend, grant; to let, lease; to release, relax; to continue.*

ONLÆTAN

Verb: *to release, relax; to permit, let a thing go on; to continue; to forbear; to relinquish; to let alone.*

ONLECGENDE

Adjective: *that is to be laid on; that is to be applied to a wound.*

ONLEGEN

Noun: *poultice, on-laying, (medicinal) application.*

ONLĒON

1. Verb: *to give, bestow, lend, grant.*

2. See *ālēon.*

ONLĪC

Adjective: *like, similar, resembling, equal.*

ONLĪCE

Adverb: *like, in like manner, similarly.*

ONLĪCNES

Noun: *likeness, similitude, resemblance; image, picture, idol; parable; form, figure, statue; height, stature; example, model.*

ONLĪESAN

Verb: *to release, set free, loosen, liberate; to deliver.*

ONLĪESEDNES

Noun: *remission (of sins).*

ONLĪESEND

Noun: *liberator, redeemer.*

ONLĪESENDLIC

Adjective: *that maybe released.*

ONLĪESNES

Noun: *deliverance, redemption.*

ONLĪGAN

Verb: *to inflame.*

ONLĪHTAN

Verb: *to illuminate, give light to, enlighten; to restore to sight; to shine.*

ONLĪHTEND

Noun: *one who enlightens.*

ONLĪHTING

Noun: *illumination, enlightening.*

ONLĪHTNES

Noun: *illumination, lightness, enlightening.*

ONLIÐIAN

Verb: *to relax, loosen.*

ONLĪÐIGAN

Verb: *to yield, become pliant.*

ONLŌCIAN

Verb: *to look on, behold.*

ONLŌCIEND

Noun: *spectator, on-looker.*

ONLŪTAN

Verb: *to bend down, bow, incline.*

ONLŪTUNG

Noun: *lurking place; wrapper.*

ONMÆLAN

Verb: *to speak to, address.*

ONMEARCA

Noun: *inscription.*

ONMEARCUNG

Noun: *inscription.*

ONMĒDAN

Verb: *to presume, take upon one's self.*

ONMELTAN

Verb: *to soften.*

ONMĒTAN

Verb: *to paint, cover as with colour.*

ONMUNAN

Verb: *to esteem, mind, think or consider worthy or entitled; to care for; to wish; to remember, remind.*

ONMYRRAN

Verb: *to disturb, hinder, obstruct, mar.*

ONNĒAN

Verb: *to approach.*

ONNĪED

Noun: *oppression.*

ONNIMAN

Verb: *to take, receive.*

ONNORÐAN

Adposition: *on the north side of.*

ONOPENIAN

Verb: *to open.*

ONŌRETTAN

Verb: *to accomplish, perform with effort.*

ONORÐIAN

Verb: *to inspire.*

ONORÐUNG

Noun: *inspiration, inbreathing.*

ONPENNIAN

Verb: *to open.*

ONRĀD

Noun: *riding on horseback.*

ONRÆS

Noun: *violent motion, on-rush, attack, assault, irruption, invasion.*

ONRÆSAN

Verb: *to rush (on).*

ONRÆSEND

Noun: *one who attacks or assaults.*

ONRĒAFIAN

Verb: *to despoil, deprive of, strip of.*

ONRED

Noun: *name of some plant.*

ONRETTAN

Verb: *to put confusion, disgrace.*

ONRID

Noun: *riding horse, steed, mount.*

ONRĪDAN

Verb: *to ride (on a raid, etc.).*

ONRIHT

1. Adjective: *right, proper, lawful; owned by.*

2. Adverb: *rightly, aright.*

ONRIHTLĪCE

Adverb: *rightly, duly.*

ONRĪPTĪD

Noun: *harvest-time.*

ONRYNE

Noun: *course, running on; attack, assault, incursion.*

ONSACAN

Verb: *to dispute, contradict, contest, refute, deny, refuse; to strive against; to attack; to resist, repel; to excuse oneself, exculpate; to renounce; to sacrifice.*

ONSÆC

1. Adjective: *denied, refused; excused, freed from a charge.*

2. See *andsæc.*

ONSĀGAN

Verb: *to prostrate; to cause to sink down.*

ONSĀGE

Adjective: *attacking, falling upon, assailing.*

ONSÆGEDNES

Noun: *offering, sacrifice; oblation, sacrificial victim.*

ONSÆGNES

Noun: *sacrifice, oblation, holocaust; mystery.*

ONSÆGUNG

Noun: *offering in sacrifice.*

ONSĀTNES

Noun: *artifice, snare, plot, ambush.*

ONSĀTNUNG

Noun: *snare, wile, plot.*

ONSĀTUNG

Noun: *plot, wile.*

ONSAGU

Noun: *affirmation; reproach, accusation.*

ONSAND

Noun: *sending to another, sending against.*

ONSANG

Noun: *incantation.*

ONSĀWAN

Verb: *to sow; to introduce into, implant.*

ONSCÆGAN

Verb: *to mock, deride; to reproach.*

ONSCEACAN

Verb: *to remove, shake off; to shake.*

ONSCEACNES

Noun: *excuse.*

ONSCENDAN

Verb: *to confound; to put to shame, mock.*

ONSCEORTIAN

Verb: *to grow short.*

ONSCĒOTAN

Verb: *to open.*

ONSCILIAN

Verb: *to resound, echo.*

ONSCŌD

Adjective: *unshod.*

ONSCRŸDAN

Verb: *to clothe.*

ONSCUNIAN

Verb: *to avoid, shun, fly from; to put away, refuse, reject; to hate, detest, execrate, despise; to regard with fear, fear; to irritate; to reprove, convict.*

ONSCUNIENDLIC

Adjective: *hateful, detestable, execrable, abominable.*

ONSCUNIGEND

Noun: *one who hates, detests or shuns.*

ONSCUNODLIC

Adjective: *hateful, detestable.*

ONSCUNUNG

Noun: *execration, abomination; irritation, exasperation.*

ONSCYTE

Noun: *attack, assault; attack in words, backbiting, calumny.*

ONSĒCAN

Verb: *to require, exact.*

ONSECGAN

Verb: *to deny, renounce, abjure; to offer sacrifice; to inform; to impute, charge against; to affirm.*

ONSECGEND

Noun: *sacrificer.*

ONSENDAN

Verb: *to send out or forth, despatch; to transmit, yield up; to emit; to address.*

ONSĒON

1. Verb: *to see, behold, look on, regard, take notice of.*

2. See *ansīen* (1).

ONSET

Noun: *sitting on or riding on an animal.*

ONSETENES

Noun: *imposition, laying on; founding, constitution, institution; appointment; artifice, plot, ambush.*

ONSETNUNG

Noun: *wile, plot.*

ONSETTAN

Verb: *to impose; to oppress, bear down.*

ONSĪCAN

Verb: *to sigh, groan.*

ONSĪEN

1. Noun: *lack, want.*

2. See *ansīen* (1).

ONSĪGAN

Verb: *to descend, decline, sink; to approach, impend; to assail.*

ONSITTAN

1. Verb: *to occupy, seat oneself in; to oppress.*

2. Verb: *to fear, dread.*

ONSITTEND

Noun: *rider.*

ONSLÆGE

Noun: *blow (struck on something).*

ONSLÆPAN

Verb: *to sleep, fall asleep, go to sleep.*

ONSLĪDAN

Verb: *to fall away, fail.*

ONSLŪPAN

Verb: *to unloose, untie.*

ONSMYRUNG

Noun: *anointing.*

ONSNÆSAN

Verb: *to piece, run through; to spit.*

ONSNĪÐAN

Verb: *to cut up.*

ONSPÆC

Noun: *imputation, charge, claim.*

ONSPÆTAN

Verb: *to spit on; to spew into.*

ONSPECA

Noun: *accuser, claimant, one who brings a claim or charge; persecutor.*

ONSPECEND

Noun: *accuser, plaintiff.*

ONSPILLEND

Noun: *player, jester.*

ONSPORNEND

Adjective: *not stumbling.*

ONSPRĀEC

Noun: *speech, discourse; talk, conversation; claim, charge.*

ONSPRECCAN

Verb: *to enliven.*

ONSPRINGAN

Verb: *to originate, spring forth, rise; to burst forth, asunder.*

ONSPRUNGENNES

Noun: *defect; want; eclipse.*

ONSPURNAN

Verb: *to strike against, stumble.*

ONSTÆL

Noun: *order, arrangement, disposition.*

ONSTĀLAN

Verb: *to accuse of, impute to.*

ONSTÆPE

Noun: *entrance, ingress.*

ONSTÆPPAN

Verb: *to go, walk.*

ONSTAL

Noun: *provision, supply; institution.*

ONSTĀL

Noun: *reproof, charge, accusation.*

ONSTANDAN

Verb: *to consist of or in; to continue, persist, insist; to approach; to apply one's self to.*

ONSTANDENDE

Adjective: *persistent, urgent.*

ONSTELLAN

Verb: *to cause, originate, create, give rise to, be the author of; to establish, appoint, set an example; to institute.*

ONSTĒPAN

Verb: *to raise; to initiate.*

ONSTĪGEND

Noun: *one who ascends or mounts.*

ONSTING

Noun: *authority, jurisdiction, right of intervention; claim.*

ONSTINGAN

Verb: *to be angry with.*

ONSTĪÐIAN

Verb: *to make hard, harden.*

ONSTREGDAN

Verb: *to sprinkle.*

ONSTYDE

Adverb: *at once.*

ONSTȲRAN

Verb: *to govern.*

ONSTYREDNES

Noun: *movement.*

ONSTYRIAN

Verb: *to move, stir, agitate, excite, disturb; to rouse.*

ONSUNDRAN

Adverb: *apart, alone, separately, asunder; privately; especially.*

ONSUNDRUM

Adverb: *separately, apart, singly; severally; privately; especially.*

ONSWĀPAN

Verb: *to sweep on, blow on; to sweep away, banish.*

ONSWEBBAN

Verb: *to put to sleep; to bury.*

ONSWĪFAN

Verb: *to swing, turn; to put or turn aside, divert, push off.*

ONSWĪÐLIC

Adjective: *mighty, loud.*

ONSWORNOD

Adjective: *confused.*

ONSYMBELNES

Noun: *celebration (of mass); a solemn festival.*

ONTALU

Noun: *claim at law, successful claim.*

ONTENDAN

Verb: *to heat, set fire to, kindle, inflame, burn; to excite, kindle emotion or passion.*

ONTENDNES

Noun: *fire, burning, inflammation; fuel; passion, vehement desire; incitement.*

ONTĒON

Verb: *to extract, pull out, withdraw; to draw, pull; to untie; to assume, undertake.*

ONTĒONA

Noun: *injury, oppression.*

ONTIGE

Noun: *usurpation; claim; undertaking.*

ONTIMBER

1. Noun: *matter, substance, material; cause, reason; occasion; theme.*

2. See *untimber.*

ONTIMBERNES

Noun: *material; teaching, instruction; edification.*

ONTIMBRAN

Verb: *to instruct; to edify.*

ONTĪNED

Adjective: *well-supplied.*

ONTŌBLĀWEN

Adjective: *blown on.*

ONTRĒOWAN

Verb: *to confide, entrust.*

ONTRYMIAN

Verb: *invalescere.*

ONTȳDRAN

Verb: *to support, nourish, foster.*

ONTȳDRE

Adjective: *weakened, debilitated, effete.*

ONTYGNES

Noun: *accusation.*

ONTYHTAN

Verb: *to incite, instigate, urge, impel.*

ONTYHTING

Noun: *incitement, instigation; attention; intention, aim, resolution; application.*

ONTȳNAN

Verb: *to open, reveal, disclose, display; to unclose, lay open; to cover.*

ONTȳNNES

Noun: *opening, aperture; discovery.*

ONÐENIAN

Verb: *to extend, stretch; to bend.*

ONÐĒODAN

Verb: *glosses inhærere.*

ONÐĒON

Verb: *to be useful; to succeed, prosper.*

ONÐĒOWIGAN

Verb: *to serve.*

ONÐICGAN

Verb: *to eat of, partake of.*

ONÐRACIAN

See *(ge)onðracian.*

ONÐRACUNG

Noun: *fear, awe.*

ONÐRÆCE

Adjective: *dreadful, horrible; formidable.*

ONÐRÆCLIC

Adjective: *fearful, terrible, dreadful, horrible; formidable.*

ONÐRĒAGUNG

Noun: *reproach.*

ONÐRECAN

Verb: *to fear.*

ONÐRINGAN

Verb: *to press on or forward; to move, be moved.*

ONÐRYCCAN

Verb: *to impress.*

ONÐUNIAN

Verb: *to swell up; to exceed bounds.*

ONÐWÆGENNES

Noun: *cleansing by washing, ablution.*

ONÐWĒAN

Verb: *to wash, cleanse by washing.*

ONÐYNCAN

Verb: *to seem, appear.*

ONUFAN

1. Adposition: *on, above, upon; after; beyond.*

2. Adverb: *on, above, upon; after; beyond.*

ONUNRIHTLĪCE

Adverb: *wrongfully, unjustly.*

ONUNSPĒD

Noun: *poverty, indigence.*

ONUNWĪS

Adjective: *ignorant, foolish.*

ONUNWĪSDŌM

Noun: *ignorance, folly.*

ONUPPAN

1. Adposition: *on, upon, above; besides; over.*

2. Adverb: *besides, in addition; on, upon, above; over.*

ONŪTAN

Adverb: *outside, out of doors.*

ONWACAN

Verb: *to awake, cease to sleep; to arise, spring, be born, be derived.*

ONWACCAN

Noun: *arousing, awakening; incentive.*

ONWADAN

Verb: *to enter, penetrate into; to attack; to occupy, invade; to seize, take possession of.*

ONWĀCAN

Verb: *to weaken, soften, mollify, cause relaxation of severity, shake (a resolution).*

ONWÆCENES

Noun: *arousing, excitement, excitation.*

ONWÆCNAN

1. Verb: *to awake; to arise, spring, be born; to arise, be roused, be raised.*

2. See *āwœcnian.*

ONWĀRE

Adjective: *unripe.*

ONWÆSTM

Noun: *increase, increment; shoot, branch.*

ONWARIAN

Verb: *to guard oneself against, beware, take heed.*

ONWEALCAN

Verb: *to roll, roll round.*

ONWEALD

1. Noun: *authority, power, control, dominion; command, rule, sway; territory, jurisdiction, empire.*

2. Adjective: *mighty, powerful.*

ONWEALDA

Noun: *ruler, governor, magistrate, sovereign; the Lord, God; power.*

ONWEALDIG

Adjective: *powerful, having sole power.*

ONWEALDNES

Noun: *power; possession.*

ONWEALG

Adjective: *whole, entire; safe, sound, uninjured, uncorrupted.*

ONWEALGLĪCE

Adverb: *completely, wholly, entirely; soundly.*

ONWEALHNES

Noun: *integrity, soundness, wholeness, entireness; chastity, purity; modesty.*

ONWEARD

Adjective: *acting or proceeding against, opposed to; hostile.*

ONWEG

1. Adverb: *away, out, off, forth; onward, along.*

2. See *āweg.*

ONWEGĀCYRREDNES

Noun: *apostasy.*

ONWEGĀDRĪFAN

Verb: *to drive away.*

ONWEGĀDRIFENNES

Noun: *expulsion, driving away.*

ONWEGĀFIRRAN

Verb: *to remove away.*

ONWEGĀLÆDNES

Noun: *taking away, removal.*

ONWEGĀSCŪFAN

Verb: *to push away.*

ONWEGĀWENDAN

Verb: *to remove.*

ONWEGFÆRELD

Noun: *departure.*

ONWEGGEWITE

Noun: *departure.*

ONWEGGEWITENNES

Noun: *departure.*

ONWEGPULLIAN

Verb: *to pull away.*

ONWENDAN

Verb: *to change, turn; to change for the better, amend; to change for the worse, pervert; to disturb, upset; to exchange; to turn aside, avert, divert; to invert, overturn; to transgress; to deprive; to return; to abrogate.*

ONWENDEDLIC

Adjective: *changeable.*

ONWENDEDLICNESS

Noun: *changeability.*

ONWENDEDNES

Noun: *movement, turning; change, alteration.*

ONWEORPAN

Verb: *to turn or throw aside; to cast in one's teeth; to begin the web.*

ONWEORPNES

Noun: *throwing on, onpouring.*

ONWĪCAN

Verb: *to give away; to yield, retreat.*

ONWILLE

Adjective: *agreeable; desired, wished for.*

ONWINNAN

Verb: *to attack, assail.*

ONWIST

Noun: *habitation, dwelling.*

ONWLĀT

Noun: *form, appearance.*

ONWORPENNES

Noun: *inspiration; enticement, allurement; injection.*

ONWRIGENNES

Noun: *opening, uncovering, disclosing, revelation; exposure, exposition, explanation; discovery; sermon, homily.*

ONWRĪTING

Noun: *inscription.*

ONWRĪÐAN

Verb: *to release from a covering, unbind, unwrap.*

ONWRĪÐOD

Adjective: *supported.*

ONWRĪÐUNG

Noun: *ligament; band, bandage.*

ONWUNIAN

Verb: *to inhabit, dwell; to remain; to apply one's self to.*

ONWUNUNG

Noun: *habitation, dwelling, sojourn; assiduity.*

ONWYLLAN

Verb: *to cause to boil; to inflame; to cause passion or emotion to be violent.*

ONWYLWAN

Verb: *to roll up, roll together.*

ONȲÐAN

Verb: *to pour in.*

ONȲWAN

Verb: *to show, manifest, demonstrate; to appear.*

OPEN

Adjective: *open, not shut; exposed, not covered; declared, public, generally available; evident, manifest, well-known; plain, clear.*

OPENÆRS

Noun: *medlar.*

OPENERE

Noun: *opener.*

OPENIAN

See *(ge)openian.*

OPENLIC

Adjective: *open, public.*

OPENLĪCE

Adverb: *openly; manifestly, evidently; publicly, unreservedly; plainly, clearly; freely, without obstruction.*

OPENNES

Noun: *openness; publicity; manifestation.*

OPENUNG

See *(ge)openung.*

OR-

Affix: *privative; denotes origin.*

ŌR

Noun: *origin, beginning; front; van.*

ŌRA

1. Noun: *border, edge, margin, shore, bank; ore, unwrought metal; brass.*

2. Noun: *coin of Danish origin.*

ORBLĒDE

Adjective: *bloodless.*

ORC

Noun: *cup, pitcher, flagon, crock, can; demon; infernal regions.*

ORCĒAPE

Adverb: *gratis, gratuitously for nothing, without payment, without cause.*

ORCĒAPES

Adverb: *gratis, gratuitously for nothing, without payment, without cause.*

ORCĒAPUNGA

Adverb: *gratis, gratuitously for nothing, without payment, without cause.*

ORCĒAPUNGUM

Adverb: *gratis, gratuitously for nothing, without payment, without cause.*

ORCĒAS

Adjective: *not chargeable, free from complaint, unimpugned, inviolable, unassailed.*

ORCĒASNES

Noun: *purity; immunity, freedom from fault.*

ORCEDWEARD

Noun: *gardener.*

ORCEN

Noun: *sea-monster.*

ORCERDLĒH

Noun: *orchard.*

ORCNÆWE

Adjective: *recognisable, evident, well-known.*

ORCNĒAS

Noun: *sea-monsters.*

ORD

Noun: *point, spear-point, spear; origin, beginning, source; head, chief, prince; front, vanguard; forefront, line of battle; pl. first men, the flower.*

ORDÆLE

Adjective: *free from, not participating.*

ORDĀL

Noun: *judgement, judicial decision; ordeal.*

ORDĀLĪSEN

Noun: *iron used in the ordeal.*

ORDBANA

Noun: *murderer.*

ORDFRUMA

Noun: *origin, beginning, source, fount; author, creator, instigator; head, chief, prince.*

ORDFRYMM

Adjective: *original.*

ORDSTÆPE

Noun: *wound, spear-stab.*

ORDSTAPU

Noun: *step of a pointed instrument; prick or wound made by a sharp point.*

ORDWYGA

Noun: *warrior.*

ŌRE

Noun: *mine, place in which ore is dug.*

OREALD

Adjective: *very old.*

ŌREBLĀWERE

Noun: *smelter.*

OREL

Noun: *garment, veil, mantle, robe.*

ORENE

1. Adjective: *harmful, injurious; excessive; not mean.*

2. Noun: *excess; what is harmful, injury.*

ORENLĪCE

Adverb: *excessively, immoderately.*

ŌRET

Noun: *contest, struggle, battle; labour.*

ŌRETFELD

Noun: *battle-field, place of contest.*

ŌRETLA

Noun: *insult, contumely.*

ŌRETLOF

Noun: *triumph.*

ŌRETMÆCG

Noun: *athlete, combatant, warrior; champion.*

ŌRETSTŌW

Noun: *place of contest, place for wrestling.*

ŌRETTA

Noun: *combatant, warrior; champion, hero.*

ORF

Noun: *cattle, live stock.*

ORFCWEALM

Noun: *pestilence among the cattle, cattle-plague, murrain.*

ORFCYNN

Noun: *cattle.*

ORFEORME

Adjective: *destitute, lacking, unprovided; empty; useless, worthless; unclean, squalid, filthy.*

ORFEORMNES

Noun: *squalor, filthiness.*

ORFGEBITT

Noun: *grazing.*

ORFIERMU

Noun: *squalor.*

ORFYRMÐ

Noun: *refuse.*

ORGĀLSCIPE

Noun: *wantonness.*

ORGAN

Noun: *song, canticle; voice.*

ORGANA

Noun: *musical instrument.*

ORGANE

1. Noun: *marjoram.*

2. See *organa.*

ORGANYSTRE

Noun: *player of an organ.*

ORGEL

Noun: *pride.*

ORGELDRĒAM

Noun: *sound of a musical instrument.*

ORGELE

Noun: *organ.*

ORGELLIC

Adjective: *proud, arrogant, ignominious; deserving disdain or scorn.*

ORGELLĪCE

Adverb: *proudly, arrogantly, haughtily, insolently, scornfully.*

ORGELNES

Noun: *pride, elation.*

ORGELWORD

Noun: *an arrogant, insolent speech.*

ORGILDE

Adjective: *unpaid for.*

ORGNIAN

Verb: *to sing to an instrumental accompaniment.*

ORGYTE

Adjective: *well-known, manifest.*

ORHLȳTE

Adjective: *free from, without, destitute of.*

ORĪEGE

Adjective: *out of sight, not visible.*

ORLÆG

Noun: *fate.*

ORLEAHTER

Noun: *lack of vice or defect; danger, peril.*

ORLEAHTRE

Adjective: *faultless, blameless.*

ORLEGCĒAP

Noun: *fighting, battle-bargain.*

ORLEGE

1. Noun: *hostility, strife, war.*

2. Adjective: *hostile.*

ORLEGFROM

Adjective: *keen or stout in battle.*

ORLEGGĪFRE

Adjective: *eager to cause death, fond of strife.*

ORLEGHWĪL

Noun: *battle-time, war-time.*

ORLEGNĪÐ

Noun: *hostility, strife, war.*

ORLEGSCEAFT

Noun: *supplicium.*

ORLEGSTUND

Noun: *time of trouble or adversity.*

ORLEGWEORC

Noun: *battle; war-work, action.*

ORMÆTE

1. Adjective: *immense, huge, excessive; boundless; intense.*

2. Adverb: *without measure, immense, excessively.*

ORMÆTLIC

Adjective: *excessive; tremendous.*

ORMÆTLĪCE

Adverb: *immensely, excessively.*

ORMÆTNES

Noun: *excess; immensity.*

ORMET

Noun: *something immense, very great mass.*

ORMŌD

Adjective: *despairing, hopeless, despondent; without courage.*

ORMŌDNES

Noun: *desperation, despair.*

ORNEST

Noun: *trial by battle.*

OROÐ

Noun: *breathing, breath, snorting.*

ORPED

Adjective: *active; grown up, active; full of strength, stout; bold.*

ORPEDLĪCE

Adverb: *clearly, definitely; boldly; full of force.*

ORREST

Noun: *combat, battle; trial by battle.*

ORRETSCIPE

Noun: *disgrace, infamy.*

ORRETTAN

See *(ge)orrettan.*

ORSĀWLE

Adjective: *dead, lifeless, without soul.*

ORSCEATTINGA

Adverb: *gratuitously, free of charge.*

ORSCYLDE

Adjective: *giltless.*

ORSOGLĪCE

Adverb: *carelessly; rashly, without anxiety or hindrance; securely, safely.*

ORSORG

Adjective: *secure, safe, free from care or anxiety; prosperous.*

ORSORGLIC

Adjective: *secure.*

ORSORGNES

Noun: *security, freedom from care or anxiety, tranquillity; prosperity; carelessness.*

ORTGEARD

Noun: *garden, orchard.*

ORTRĒOWNES

Noun: *want of faith or confidence, diffidence, mistrust.*

ORTRĒOWÐ

Noun: *despair.*

ORTRĪEWE

Adjective: *despairing, hopeless, faithless, perfidious; treacherous; without confidence.*

ORTRŪWIAN

Verb: *to despair of, be without hope of; to doubt.*

ORTRŪWUNG

Noun: *despair.*

ORTȳDRE

1. Adjective: *barren, without offspring.*

2. See *ontȳdre.*

ORÐANC

1. Noun: *mind, understanding; intelligence, cleverness, wit, genius, original or inborn thought; thoughtlessness; device, artifice, design; skilful contrivance or work.*

2. Adjective: *ingenious, cunning; skilful.*

ORÐANCBEND

Noun: *skilfully contrived band.*

ORÐANCES

Adverb: *thoughtlessly.*

ORÐANCLIC

Adjective: *skilful, ingenious.*

ORÐANCPĪL

Noun: *ploughshare.*

ORÐANCSCIPE

Noun: *mechanical art.*

ORÐANCUM

Adverb: *skilfully.*

ORÐIAN

Verb: *to breathe, aspire to, gasp, pant; to long for.*

ORÐUNG

Noun: *breath, breathing, inspiration; pore.*

ORWEARDE

Adverb: *in an unprotected condition, unguarded.*

ORWEG

Adjective: *difficult of access.*

ORWEGNES

Noun: *inaccessibility, remoteness.*

ORWEGSTĪG

Noun: *path difficult of access.*

ORWĒNE

Adjective: *despairing, hopeless, desperate.*

ORWĒNNES

Noun: *despair, hopelessness.*

ORWĪGE

Adjective: *defenceless; not fighting, unwarlike; cowardly; out of sight; invisible; not liable to legal consequences.*

ORWIRÐED

Adjective: *disgraced.*

ORWURÐ

Noun: *shame, ignominy.*

ORWYRÐ

Noun: *shame, ignominy, dishonour; abuse, insult, contumely.*

ORWYRÐLIC

Adjective: *shameful, ignominious.*

ORYLDU

Noun: *great age, extreme old age.*

ŌS

Noun: *divinity, god; name of the rune for o.*

OSER

Noun: *osier.*

ŌSLE

Noun: *blackbird, ousel, merula.*

ŌST

Noun: *protuberance, lump, knob, knot.*

OSTERHLĀF

Noun: *oyster-patty.*

OSTERSCYLL

Noun: *oyster-shell.*

ŌSTGOTAN

Noun: *the Ostrogoths.*

ŌSTI

Noun: *the Esthtonians.*

ŌSTIG

Adjective: *rough, scaly, knotty.*

OSTRE

Noun: *oyster.*

ŌSTSÆ

Noun: *the Baltic with the Cattegat.*

OTERHOLA

Noun: *otter's hole.*

OTOR

Noun: *otter.*

OTRĪEWAN

See *(ge)otrīewan.*

OÐ

1. Adposition: *to, up to, as far as; to, until, unto.*

2. Conjunction: *until.*

OÐBERAN

Verb: *to carry off, bear forth or away; to bring.*

OÐBERSTAN

Verb: *to escape, break away.*

OÐBRĒDAN

Verb: *to take away, withdraw, carry off, snatch away, remove; to rescue.*

OÐCLĪFAN

Verb: *to adhere, stick, cleave to.*

OÐCWELAN

Verb: *to die.*

OÐCYRRAN

Verb: *to turn away, be perverted.*

OÐDŌN

Verb: *to put out.*

OÐĒCAN

Verb: *to add to.*

OÐĒHTIAN

Verb: *to drive away; to dispossess.*

ŌÐEN

Noun: *Odin.*

ŌÐER

1. Numeral: *other, another, one of two; something or anything else; alternate; next; remaining.*

2. Noun: *word, speech.*

3. *See āhwæðer* (2).

ŌÐERGĒARA

Adverb: *next year.*

ŌÐERHWĪLE

Adverb: *sometimes.*

ŌÐERHWĪLEN

Adjective: *occasional.*

ŌÐERLĪCE

Adverb: *otherwise, differently.*

OÐFÆSTAN

Verb: *to entrust; to set to (a task), inflict upon impose.*

OÐFARAN

Verb: *to escape, flee from.*

OÐFEALLAN

Verb: *to decline, decay; to fall off or away; to fail.*

OÐFEORRIAN

Verb: *to take away, remove.*

OÐFERIAN

Verb: *to take away; to bear off; to save (life).*

OÐFLĒOGAN

Verb: *to fly away.*

OÐFLĒON

Verb: *to flee away, escape.*

OÐFLĪTAN

Verb: *to gain by legal process.*

OÐGĀN

Verb: *to go away, escape.*

OÐGLĪDAN

Verb: *to glide away, disappear; to escape.*

OÐGRĪPAN

Verb: *to rescue; to snatch away.*

OÐHEALDAN

Verb: *to withhold, keep back.*

OÐHEBBAN

Verb: *to raise, elevate, lift up, exalt.*

OÐHLĒAPAN

Verb: *to escape, run away.*

OÐHRĪNAN

Verb: *to move, touch.*

OÐHŸDAN

Verb: *to hide away; to hide from.*

OÐHYLDE

Adjective: *contented, content.*

ŌÐIAN

Verb: *to breathe, smell.*

OÐIERNAN

Verb: *to run away, escape.*

OÐĪEWAN

Verb: *to show, to appear.*

OÐĪEWODNES

Noun: *manifestation, revelation.*

OÐLÆDAN

Verb: *to lead away, carry off, snatch from; to withdraw.*

OÐLENGAN

Verb: *to belong, pertain.*

OÐRĪDAN

Verb: *to proceed, ride away.*

OÐRINNAN

Verb: *to run off, escape.*

OÐRŌWAN

Verb: *to row off, to escape by rowing.*

OÐSACAN

Verb: *to deny, to renounce, abjure.*

OÐSCACAN

Verb: *to run away, escape.*

OÐSCĒOTAN

Verb: *to escape; to turn aside; to disappear, shoot away; to slip off.*

OÐSCŪFAN

Verb: *to push or move away.*

ŌÐSPERNING

Noun: *offence, stumbling-block.*

OÐSPURNAN

Verb: *to strike against; to dash against, stumble; to go wrong.*

OÐSTANDAN

Verb: *to remain, stand fixed, stand behind; to cease.*

OÐSTILLAN

Verb: *to stop; to still, put a slop to.*

OÐSWERIAN

Verb: *to abjure, deny on oath.*

OÐSWĪGAN

Verb: *to stop speaking, become silent.*

OÐSWIMMAN

Verb: *to swim off, to escape by swimming.*

OÐTĒON

Verb: *to take away.*

OÐÐÆT

Conjunction: *until.*

OÐÐE

Conjunction: *or.*

OÐÐĒODAN

Verb: *to disjoin, sever, dismember.*

OÐÐICGAN

Verb: *to take from, take away.*

OÐÐINGIAN

Verb: *to obtain by unfair means, usurp.*

OÐÐRINGAN

Verb: *to deprive of, force away from one; to drive out.*

OÐWENDAN

Verb: *to turn away, divert; to deprive of.*

OÐWINDAN

Verb: *to get away, escape.*

OÐWĪTAN

Verb: *to reproach, blame, charge with; to taunt.*

OÐWYRCAN

Verb: *to harm.*

ŌWÆSTM

1. Noun: *branch, shoot, twig, sprout.*

2. See *onwæstm.*

ŌWEB

Noun: *woof; weft.*

ŌWISC

Noun: *margin, edge.*

OXA

Noun: *ox.*

OXANCEALF

Noun: *ox-calf.*

OXANGANG

Noun: *an eighth of a plough-land; hide.*

OXANHYRDE

Noun: *herdsman, oxherd.*

OXANSLYPPE

Noun: *oxlip.*

OXANTUNGE

Noun: *unknown plant.*

ŌXN

Noun: *arm-pit.*

OXNAFORD

Noun: *Oxford.*

OXNALYBB

Noun: *ox-heal (plant).*

PĀD

Noun: *covering, outer garment, coat, cloak.*

PADDANĪEG

Noun: *toad-meadow, frog-island.*

PADDE

Noun: *toad, frog.*

PÆCA

Noun: *deceiver.*

PÆCAN

Verb: *to deceive, cheat.*

PÆGEL

Noun: *small measure, gill; pail; wine-vessel.*

PÆL

Noun: *javelin.*

PÆLL

Noun: *covering, cloak, pall, silk robe, costly robe; hanging; purple, purple garment or cloth.*

PÆLLEN

Adjective: *rich or costly, purple.*

PÆRL

Noun: *enula.*

PÆÐ

Noun: *path, track; valley.*

PÆÐÐAN

Verb: *to traverse, travel over, pass along, tread (a path).*

PÆÐFELD

Noun: *field across which a path runs.*

PĀL

Noun: *post, pole, stake; spade; hoe.*

PALENDSE

Noun: *palace.*

PALENT

Noun: *palace.*

PALENTLIC

Adjective: *of a palace, palatial.*

PALLIUM

Noun: *cloak, splendid garment; pallium, archiepiscopal pall.*

PALM

Noun: *palm, palm-tree; palm-branch.*

PALMÆPPEL

Noun: *fruit of the palm, date.*

PALMBEARU

Noun: *palm-grove.*

PALMDÆG

Noun: *Palm Sunday.*

PALMSUNNANDÆG

Noun: *Palm Sunday.*

PALMTRĒO

Noun: *palm-tree.*

PALMTWIG

Noun: *palm-branch, palm-twig.*

PALMUNG

Noun: *glosses palmes.*

PALMWUCE

Noun: *the week which begins with Palm Sunday.*

PALSTR

Noun: *point, spike, prick.*

PALÐER

Noun: *panther.*

PAMP

Noun: *hill.*

PANIC

Noun: *a kind of millet.*

PANMETE

Noun: *cooked food.*

PANNE

Noun: *pan.*

PANTE

Noun: *the river Blackwater in Essex.*

PĀPA

Noun: *pope.*

PĀPANHĀD

Noun: *papal office or dignity.*

PĀPDŌM

Noun: *papacy.*

PAPER

Noun: *papyrus.*

PAPOLSTĀN

Noun: *pebble-stone, pebble.*

PĀPSELD

Noun: *papacy, papal throne.*

PARADĪS

Noun: *Paradise.*

PARDUS

Noun: *leopard.*

PART

Noun: *part.*

PARTHE

Noun: *The Parthians.*

PARÐWARE

Noun: *The Parthians.*

PASSION

Noun: *the part of the gospel containing the account of Christ's passion.*

PATE

Noun: *mud.*

PATERNOSTER

Noun: *the Lord's Prayer.*

PĀWA

Noun: *peacock, peahen, peafowl.*

PĀWE

Noun: *peacock, peahen.*

PĒAC

Noun: *hill.*

PĒACLAND

Noun: *the Peak of Derbyshire.*

PĒACSÆTAN

Noun: *the occupiers of the Peak.*

PEARROC

Noun: *fence; enclosure, enclosure land.*

PECG

Noun: *pig.*

PĒCUNG

Noun: *deception.*

PEDRIDA

Noun: *the river Parret.*

PELLICAN

Noun: *pelican.*

PĒNE

Noun: *The Carthaginians.*

PENING

Noun: *money, coin, penny; pennyweight.*

PENINGHWYRFERE

Noun: *money-changer.*

PENINGMANGERE

Noun: *money-dealer.*

PENINGSLÆHT

Noun: *coining money, striking of money.*

PENINGWÆG

Noun: *penny-weight.*

PENINGWEORÐ

Noun: *penny-worth.*

PENN

Noun: *pen, fold.*

PENTECOSTEN

Noun: *Pentecost, the fiftieth day after the resurrection, Whitsuntide.*

PENWIHTSEORT

Noun: *The Land's End in Cornwall.*

PEOHTAS

Noun: *the Picts.*

PEONIA

Noun: *peony.*

PEONIE

Noun: *peony.*

PEORÐ

Noun: *name of the rune for p; chessman.*

PEREN

Noun: *growing pears.*

PEREWŌS

Noun: *Perry, a drink made from pears.*

PERNEX

Noun: *a supposed bird.*

PERSCWARE

Noun: *the Persians.*

PERSE

Noun: *the Persians.*

PERSIC

Noun: *peach.*

PERSISC

Adjective: *Persian.*

PERSOCTRĒOW

Noun: *peach-tree.*

PERU

Noun: *pear, pear-tree.*

PERWINCE

Noun: *periwinkle (plant).*

PETERSILIE

Noun: *parsley.*

PETRUS

Noun: *the apostle Peter.*

PHILOSOPH

Noun: *philosopher.*

PIC

Noun: *pitch.*

PĪC

Noun: *pointed instrument or tool, point, pike, pickaxe.*

PĪCAN

Verb: *to pick, use a pīc, to remove by means of a pīc.*

PĪCED

Adjective: *pointed.*

PICEN

Adjective: *pitchy, of pitch.*

PICGA

Noun: *young pig.*

PICGBRĒAD

Noun: *glans, mast, pig's food.*

PĪCUNG

Noun: *pricking.*

PIDU

Noun: *marsh.*

PĪE

Noun: *insect, parasite.*

PIERISC

Adjective: *Pierian.*

PIGMENT

Noun: *pigment, drug.*

PIHTEN

Noun: *part of a loom.*

PĪL

Noun: *pointed object, stick with a point, spike, stake, shaft, nail; arrow, dart, javelin; (pl) hairs of plants.*

PĪLE

Noun: *mortar; stake.*

PĪLERE

Noun: *one who pounds in a mortar.*

PILIAN

Verb: *to skin, peel.*

PĪLIAN

See *(ge)pīlian.*

PILLSĀPE

Noun: *soap for removing hair, silotrum.*

PĪLSTÆF

Noun: *pestle.*

PĪLSTAMPE

Noun: *pestle.*

PĪLSTOCC

Noun: *pestle.*

PILSTRE

Noun: *pestle.*

PĪN

Noun: *anguish, pain, torture.*

PĪNBĒAM

Noun: *pine-tree.*

PĪNECWALU

Noun: *torture.*

PĪNERE

Noun: *one who torments.*

PĪNHNUTU

Noun: *pine-nut, fir-cone.*

PĪNIAN

See *(ge)pīnian.*

PINN

Noun: *peg, pin; instrument for writing, pen.*

PINNAN

Noun: *flask, bottle.*

PĪNNES

Noun: *torment, pain, torture.*

PINSIAN

Verb: *to weigh, estimate, examine, consider, judge; to reflect.*

PINTEL

Noun: *membrum virile, penis.*

PĪNTRĒOW

Noun: *pine-tree.*

PĪNTRĒOWEN

Adjective: *of or belonging to a pine-tree.*

PĪNUNG

Noun: *torment, pain, punishment, torture.*

PĪNUNGTŌL

Noun: *instrument of torture.*

PĪPDRĒAM

Noun: *piping, sound of the pipe.*

PĪPE

Noun: *pipe.*

PIPENEALE

Noun: *pimpernel.*

PĪPERE

Noun: *piper, player on the flute.*

PĪPIAN

Verb: *to pipe (blow an instrument).*

PIPLIAN

Verb: *to grow pimply, break out in pimples; to show eruptions.*

PĪPLIC

Adjective: *musical.*

PIPOR

Noun: *pepper.*

PIPORCORN

Noun: *pepper-corn.*

PIPORCWYRN

Noun: *pepper-mill, pepper-grinder.*

PIPORHORN

Noun: *horn for holding pepper.*

PIPORIAN

See *(ge)piporian.*

PIRENISC

Adjective: *Pyrrhenian.*

PIRESC

Adjective: *Pyrenean.*

PIRGRĀF

Noun: *orchard of pear-trees.*

PĪS

Adjective: *weighty, heavy.*

PISE

Noun: *pea.*

PISEN

Adjective: *growing peas.*

PISLE

Noun: *warm chamber.*

PĪSLIC

Adjective: *heavy.*

PĪSLĪCE

Adverb: *heavily.*

PISTELARI

Adjective: *epistolar.*

PISTOL

Noun: *letter, epistle; apostolic letter.*

PISTOLBŌC

Noun: *book containing the Epistles.*

PISTOLCLĀÐ

Noun: *vestment worn by the epistoler.*

PISTOLRÆDERE

Noun: *epistle-reader; subdeacon.*

PISTOLRÆDING

Noun: *lesson in the church-service.*

PISTOLROCC

Noun: *vestment worn by the epistoler.*

PIÐA

Noun: *pith, soft inner part of the stem of a plant.*

PLÆCE

Noun: *open space, street.*

PLÆSC

Noun: *pool.*

PLÆTT

Noun: *sounding blow, slap, smack.*

PLÆTTAN

Verb: *to give a sounding blow, smack; to buffet.*

PLANĒTA

Noun: *planet; chasuble.*

PLANTE

Noun: *plant, shoot.*

PLANTIAN

See *(ge)plantian.*

PLANTSTICCA

Noun: *gardening-tool, dibble.*

PLANTUNG

Noun: *planting; plant.*

PLASTER

1. Noun: *plaster (as medicament).*

2. See *palstr.*

PLATIAN

Verb: *to beat into thin plates.*

PLATUNG

Noun: *thin piece of metal, plate.*

PLEGA

Noun: *quick movement; play, game, sport; implement for a game; exercise; clapping with the hands, applause.*

PLEGAN

Verb: *to move rapidly, move about sportively; to exercise, occupy or busy oneself; to play, divert, amuse one's self, dance; to play with a person, toy, frolic; to mock; to strive after, play (for something); to contend, fight; to play on an instrument; to clap the hands, applaud; to cohabit.*

PLEGDĪC

Noun: *ditch near where sports were held.*

PLEGENDE

Adjective: *playing.*

PLEGERE

Noun: *player, athlete, wrestler.*

PLEGESTRE

Noun: *female athlete.*

PLEGET

Noun: *play.*

PLEGHŪS

Noun: *play-house, theatre.*

PLEGIAN

See *(ge)plegian.*

PLEGLIC

Adjective: *relating to play of any kind; athletic; scenic; comic.*

PLEGMANN

Noun: *player, athlete, wrestler, gymnosophist.*

PLEGOL

Adjective: *playful, sportive, jocose; wanton.*

PLEGSCIP

Noun: *small ship or vessel, yacht.*

PLEGSCYLD

Noun: *small shield, play-shield.*

PLEGSTEDE

Noun: *play-place, playground.*

PLEGSTŌW

Noun: *playground, gymnasium, amphitheatre, wrestling place; Plaistow (place name).*

PLEOH

Noun: *risk, danger, peril; harm, hurt; responsibility.*

PLĒOLIC

Adjective: *dangerous, perilous, hazardous; hurtful.*

PLĒON

Verb: *to risk, expose to danger, adventure oneself.*

PLETT

Noun: *fold.*

PLICETTAN

Verb: *to expose to danger; to play with.*

PLIHT

Noun: *risk, danger, peril; damage.*

PLIHTAN

Verb: *to imperil, bring danger upon an object; to compromise.*

PLIHTERE

Noun: *one that watches in the prow of a ship.*

PLIHTLIC

Adjective: *dangerous, perilous.*

PLŌG

Noun: *plough, plough-land.*

PLŌGESLAND

Noun: *ploughland.*

PLOT

Adjective: *plot of ground.*

PLUCCIAN

Verb: *to pull away, pluck; to tear.*

PLŪM

Noun: *down.*

PLŪMBLÆD

Noun: *plum, fruit of the plum-tree.*

PLŪME

Noun: *plum (fruit or tree).*

PLŪMFEÐER

Noun: *down.*

PLŪMSĒAW

Noun: *plum-juice.*

PLŪMSLĀ

Noun: *sloe, wild plum.*

PLŪMTRĒOW

Noun: *plum-tree.*

PLYCCAN

Verb: *to pull, pluck, scrape; to snatch; to pluck with a desire.*

POCĀDL

Noun: *erupive disease, pox, smallpox.*

POCC

Noun: *blister, pustule; pock; ulcer.*

POHHA

Noun: *pocket, bag, pouch.*

POHHEDE

Adjective: *loose, baggy.*

PŌL

Noun: *pool.*

PŌLBÆR

Noun: *pasture-land by a pool.*

POLENTE

Noun: *parched corn.*

POLLEGIE

Noun: *pennyroyal.*

POLLUP

Noun: *scourge.*

POLRA

Noun: *marshy land.*

PONTISC

Noun: *Pontius.*

POPIG

Noun: *poppy.*

POPUL

Noun: *poplar.*

POR

Noun: *leek.*

PORLĒAC

Noun: *leek*

PORT

1. Noun: *port, harbour, haven; town.*

2. Noun: *door, gate, entrance, portal.*

3. Noun: *the name attributed to one of the Saxon invaders of Britain, apparently an inference from a place-name.*

PORTCWĒNE

Noun: *prostitute, harlot, woman of the town.*

PORTE

Noun: *door, gate, entrance, portal.*

PORTGEAT

Noun: *gate of a town.*

PORTGERĒFA

Noun: *mayor, port-reeve; English official.*

PORTGERIHT

Noun: *due paid by a town.*

PORTHERPAÐ

Noun: *main road to a town.*

PORTIAN

See *(ge)portian.*

PORTIC

Noun: *porch, portico, vestibule; enclosed place, place roofed in; chapel, sanctuary.*

PORTMANN

Noun: *towns-man, citizen.*

PORTSTRÆT

Noun: *town-road, public way.*

PORTWEALL

Noun: *town-wall.*

PORTWEG

Noun: *public road, highway, road to a town.*

PORTWER

Noun: *citizen.*

POS

See *(ge)pos.*

POSHLĪWE

Noun: *kind of shelter.*

POSL

Noun: *small lump, pellet, pill.*

POST

Noun: *post, pedestal.*

POSTLING

Noun: *pellet, pill.*

POTIAN

Verb: *to push, thrust, strike, butt, goad.*

POTT

Noun: *pot.*

POTTERE

Noun: *potter.*

PRÆTT

Noun: *art, craft, trick, wile.*

PRÆTTIG

Adjective: *astute, crafty, sly, cunning, tricky, wily.*

PRAFOST

Noun: *officer; officer of a monastery, provost; steward.*

PRAFOSTFOLGOÐ

Noun: *order or rank of provost.*

PRAFOSTSCĪR

Noun: *provostship.*

PRASS

Noun: *noise, tumult; pomp; array, parade.*

PRĀW

Noun: *look-out place.*

PRĒDICERE

Noun: *one who announces, a preacher.*

PRĒDICIAN

Verb: *to preach.*

PRĒDICUNG

Noun: *preaching.*

PREG

Noun: *pointed stick; pray.*

PRĒON

Noun: *fastening, pin, brooch.*

PRĒOST

Noun: *priest, presbyter.*

PRĒOSTGESAMNUNG

Noun: *community of priests.*

PRĒOSTGYRD

Noun: *staff carried by member of clergy.*

PRĒOSTHĀD

Noun: *priest-hood.*

PRĒOSTHĒAP

Noun: *band of priests, the clergy.*

PRĒOSTHĪRED

Noun: *ecclesiastical community, body of priests.*

PRĒOSTLAGU

Noun: *ecclesiastical law, law affecting priests.*

PRĒOSTLIC

Adjective: *priestly, canonical.*

PRĒOSTLĪF

Noun: *house of priests or canons, monastery.*

PRĒOSTRĒAF

Noun: *vestments of a priest.*

PRĒOSTREGOL

Noun: *canonical rule.*

PRĒOSTSCŸR

Noun: *parish.*

PRĒOWTHWĪL

Noun: *twinkling of an eye; moment.*

PRESS

Noun: *press (for clothes).*

PRICA

Noun: *point, dot, spot, prick; small portion of space or time; the fourth or fifth part of an hour.*

PRICE

Noun: *point, dot, spot, prick; small portion of space or time; the fourth or fifth part of an hour.*

PRICEL

Noun: *sharp point, prickle, goad; jot; tittle.*

PRICELS

Noun: *sharp point, prickle, goad; jot; tittle.*

PRICIAN

See *(ge)prician.*

PRICMÆLUM

Adverb: *point by point, by points.*

PRICÐORN

Noun: *prickly thorn tree.*

PRICUNG

Noun: *remorse, pricking.*

PRĪM

Noun: *the first hour, six o'clock; the service held at that hour; prime.*

PRĪMSANG

Noun: *prime-song, service at the first hour.*

PRINC

Noun: *prick; twinkling of an eye; moment.*

PRIOR

Noun: *prior.*

PRITOL

Noun: *prattling.*

PRODBOR

1. Noun: *auger.*

2. See *wrōhtbora.*

PRŌFIAN

Verb: *to take for; to esteem or regard as, assume to be.*

PROLOGA

Noun: *prologue.*

PRŪD

Adjective: *proud, arrogant.*

PRUTENE

Noun: *southern-wood, wormwood; artemisia abrotanon (plant name).*

PRŪTIAN

Verb: *to be proud.*

PRŪTLIC

Adjective: *swelling with pride, haughty.*

PRŪTLĪCE

Adverb: *proudly, arrogantly, haughtily; pompously, magnificently; confidently.*

PRŪTSCIPE

Noun: *pride, arrogance.*

PRŪTSWONGOR

Adjective: *overburdened with pride; indolent through pride.*

PRŪTUNG

Noun: *pride, arrogance, haughtiness.*

PRŸTO

Noun: *pride, haughtiness; pomp; ornament, splendour of dress.*

PŪCA

Noun: *mischievous spirit; goblin.*

PŪCEL

Noun: *goblin, demon.*

PUCIAN

Verb: *to strike, poke; to creep.*

PUDD

Noun: *ditch, furrow; wound, sore.*

PUDDEL

Noun: *puddel.*

PUDUC

Noun: *little sore, wart, wen.*

PUERISC

Adjective: *boyish.*

PULGARE

Noun: *the Bulgarians.*

PULL

Noun: *pool, creek; pill.*

PULLIAN

Verb: *to pull, draw, pluck, pluck off (wood).*

PŪLSPER

Noun: *pool-spear, reed.*

PUMIC

Noun: *pumice.*

PUMICSTĀN

Noun: *pumice-stone.*

PUND

Noun: *weight, pound, pint; pound (money).*

PUNDERE

Noun: *one who weighs.*

PUNDERN

Noun: *pair of scales; plumb-line.*

PUNDERNGEND

1. Noun: *one who weighs.*

2. Adjective: *desirous of weighing or considering.*

PUNDERNIAN

Verb: *to weigh.*

PUNDFALD

Noun: *pound, pinfold.*

PUNDMÆTE

Adjective: *of a pound weight.*

PUNDUR

Noun: *weight, balance; plumb-line.*

PUNDWÆG

Noun: *measure (of corn), pound, pound-weight.*

PŪNERE

Noun: *pounder, pestle.*

PUNG

Noun: *small bag, purse.*

PUNGETUNG

Noun: *pricking.*

PŪNIAN

See *(ge)pūnian.*

PUNT

Noun: *punt; flat-bottomed boat.*

PŪR

Noun: *sea-gull, bittern.*

PURLAMB

Noun: *lamb without blemish, male lamb, pur-lamb.*

PURPURE

Noun: *purple; purple material, purple garment.*

PURPUREN

Adjective: *purple.*

PURS

Noun: *purse.*

PUSA

Noun: *bag, scrip.*

PUSLIAN

Verb: *to pick out (the best bits).*

PUTTA

Noun: *kite.*

PŪTUNG

Noun: *impulse, pushing, impelling; instigation.*

PŸCAN

Verb: *to pick.*

PYFF

Noun: *blast or puff of wind.*

PYFFAN

Verb: *to blow, puff, breathe out.*

PYFIAN

Verb: *to blow.*

PYLE

Noun: *pillow.*

PYLECE

Noun: *robe of skin, warm fur garment, pelisse.*

PYLEWER

Noun: *kind of pea.*

PYNCA

Noun: *point.*

PYND

Noun: *lake, cistern.*

PYNDING

Noun: *dam.*

PYNGAN

Verb: *to prick.*

PYRETRE

Noun: *Bertram; pellitory.*

PYRTAN

1. Verb: *to beat, strike.*

2. See *pȳtan.*

PYSECYNN

Noun: *kind of pea.*

PȲTAN

Verb: *to push, thrust, poke; to put out the eyes.*

PYTT

Noun: *hole, pit, grave, well.*

PYTTED

Adjective: *marked with hollows, pitted, dented, marked (of a sword).*

PYTTEL

Noun: *mouse-hawk, kite.*

RĀ

Noun: *roe, roebuck.*

RABBIAN

Verb: *to rage.*

RACA

Noun: *rake; bed of a stream, hollow path.*

RACCA

Noun: *cord, part of the rigging of a ship.*

RACENTE

Noun: *chain, fetter.*

RACENTĒAH

Noun: *chain, fetter.*

RACIAN

Verb: *to control, rule, govern; to move, go forward, take a course or direction; to hasten, run.*

RACIEND

Noun: *speaker, orator, one who addresses an assembly.*

RĀCSIAN

Verb: *to yawn, stretch oneself after sleep.*

RACU

1. Noun: *explanation, exposition, narrative, observation; reason, argument; rhetoric, the art of exposition; comedy; direction, guidance, correction; account, reckoning.*

2. See *raca*.

RACULF

Noun: *Reculver in Kent.*

RĀD

1. Noun: *ride, riding, going on horseback or in a ship; furniture (of a house); harness (of a horse); journey, expedition; road; modulation; name of the rune for r.*

2. See *rǣd* (1).

3. See *(ge)rād.*

RĀDCNIHT

Noun: *tenant holding subject to service on horseback.*

RADELOD

Adjective: *having an outspreading top; having straight branches.*

RĀDHORS

Noun: *riding-horse, saddle-horse.*

RADIAN

Verb: *to hasten; to be quick, come quickly; to do quickly or diligently; to put briefly; to prosper, further; to provide, furnish.*

RĀDPYTT

Noun: *draw-well.*

RĀDSTEFN

Noun: *summons carried out by a mounted person.*

RĀDWĒRIG

Adjective: *weary of travelling.*

RÆCAN

Verb: *to reach out, extend, stretch out; to give, offer, present, grant.*

RÆCC

Noun: *setter, dog that hunts by scent.*

RÆCING

Noun: *offering, presenting, extending; reaching, holding out; seizure, capture.*

RĀED

1. Noun: *advice, counsel; deliberation, resolution, conspiracy, plan, way, design; council; decree, ordinance; intelligence, reason, sense, wisdom, prudence; benefit, advantage, profit, gain, remedy, good fortune; help; power, might; direction, rule.*

2. Noun: *reading lesson.*

3. See *rēad*.

RÆDAN

See *(ge)rædan.*

RĀEDBANA

Noun: *one who contrives a person's death, accessory to a murder.*

RĀEDBORA

Noun: *adviser, counsellor; consul.*

RĀEDDA

Noun: *robin redbreast.*

RÆDE

1. Noun: *reading, lesson.*

2. See *(ge)rǣde.*

RĀEDECEMPA

Noun: *mounted soldier.*

RĀEDEFÆSTING

Noun: *entertainment of the king's visitors, or of his messengers when riding on his business.*

RĀDEGAFOL

Noun: *rent paid in one payment in money or in kind.*

RĀDEHERE

Noun: *mounted force, cavalry.*

RĀDELS

Noun: *enigma, riddle, dark saying; counsel; discussion, debate, speech in council, consideration; interpretation, conjecture; imagination.*

RĀDELSE

Noun: *enigma, riddle; consideration, discussion; interpretation, conjecture, imagination.*

RĀDEMANN

Noun: *horseman.*

RĀDEN

Noun: *condition, terms, stipulation; rule, government, direction; estimation, reckoning; purpose, proposal.*

RĀDEND

See *(ge)rædend.*

RĀDENDLIC

Adjective: *relating to a decree or statute.*

RĀDENGEWRIT

Noun: *written agreement.*

RĀDERE

Noun: *reader, lector; scholar; interpreter, expounder, reader of riddles; diviner.*

RĀDESCAMOL

Noun: *reading bench, couch.*

RĀDESMANN

Noun: *adviser, counsellor; councillor; manager, steward.*

RĀDESN

Noun: *cluster of grapes.*

RĀDEWIGA

Noun: *horse-soldier.*

RĀDFÆST

Adjective: *wise, prudent; resolute; of good counsel.*

RĀDFÆSTNES

Noun: *reasonableness; readiness to follow good counsel, adherence to right courses.*

RĒDFINDENDE

Adjective: *advising, giving counsel.*

RAEDGASRAM

Noun: *apparently a constellation.*

RĒDGEÐEAHT

Noun: *deliberation; counsel.*

RĒDGIFA

Noun: *adviser, counsellor; consul, councillor.*

RĒDGIFT

Noun: *consulatus, senatus.*

RĒDHORS

Noun: *riding-horse.*

RĒDHYCGENDE

Adjective: *wise, prudent, sagacious, knowing.*

RÆDIC

Noun: *radish.*

RĒDING

Noun: *reading; lesson, narrative, passage in a book; rule, government; consideration, deliberation, consultation; counselling.*

RĒDINGBŌC

Noun: *lectionary, book of the lessons.*

RĒDINGGRĀD

Noun: *steps to lectern.*

RĒDINGSCAMOL

1. Noun: *lectern, rostrum, reading-desk; ambo.*

2. See *rædescamol.*

RĒDISTRE

Noun: *female reader.*

RĒDLĒAS

Adjective: *unwise; ill-advised, inconsiderate; rash, in disorder or confusion; bad; wretched, miserable, desolate, helpless.*

RĒDLIC

Adjective: *wise; advisable, expedient.*

RĒDLĪCE

Adverb: *wisely, cleverly, cunningly, prudently; advisedly, deliberately, designedly, on purpose; fully; explicitly; advisably.*

RĒDMÆGEN

Noun: *productive force.*

RĒDNES

See *(ge)rædnes.*

RĒDSNOTTER

Adjective: *wise, clever, prudent, sage, sagacious.*

RĒDÐEAHTENDE

Adjective: *taking counsel; consulting; deliberating.*

RĒDÐEAHTERE

Noun: *adviser, counsellor.*

RĒDÐEAHTUNG

Noun: *advice, counsel.*

RĒDWITA

Noun: *adviser, counsellor.*

RĒFAN

Verb: *to wrap, involve.*

RÆFNAN

Verb: *to do, perform, accomplish, carry out; to suffer, endure, undergo.*

RÆFTER

Noun: *rafter, beam.*

RĒGE

Noun: *roe, wild she-goat.*

RĒGERĒOSE

Noun: *spinal muscles.*

RĒGHĀR

Adjective: *grey.*

RĒPAN

See *(ge)rēpan.*

RĒPLING

Noun: *one bound, captive, prisoner; criminal.*

RĒPLINGWEARD

Noun: *warder, keeper of prisoners.*

RÆPSAN

1. Verb: *to seize; to reprove.*

2. See *repsan.*

RĒRAN

Verb: *to rear, raise, elevate, lift up, move from a lower to a higher position; to build; to create; to set up, establish; to begin, give rise to; to offer a prayer; to do, commit; to exalt, excite, arouse, rouse, promote, stir up.*

RĒS

Noun: *race, running; leap, jump; rush; attack, onset, onrush; storm.*

RĒSAN

Verb: *to rush, hasten; to move violently or impetuously, enter on rashly, assault, attack; to rush (into anything); to press, force one's way.*

RĒSBORA

Noun: *counsellor, guide, chief, leader.*

RÆSC

Noun: *shower, heavy shower.*

RÆSCAN

Verb: *to vibrate; to glitter, quiver (of light).*

RÆSCETTAN

Verb: *to crackle, creak; to sparkle, coruscate.*

RÆSCETUNG

Noun: *sparkling, gleaming, coruscation.*

RÆSN

Noun: *plank, beam, wall-plate, raising piece; ceiling.*

RĒSWA

1. Noun: *guide, counsellor; chief, leader, ruler; prince, king.*

2. See *rǣswum.*

RĒSWAN

Verb: *to think, consider; to suppose, suspect, conjecture.*

RĒSWUM

Noun: *suggestion, counsel, deliberation.*

RĒSWUNG

Noun: *reasoning, supposition, conjecture.*

RÆT

Noun: *rat.*

RÆTTEN

Adjective: *infested with rats.*

RÆW

See *(ge)ræw.*

RĀFIAN

Verb: *to involve, wrap up; to disclose, unclose.*

RAGGIG

Adjective: *shaggy, ragged, bristly, rough.*

RAGU

Noun: *lichen.*

RAGUFINC

Noun: *name of a bird, kind of finch.*

RĀHDĒOR

Noun: *roe-buck.*

RĀHHEGE

Noun: *deer-fence.*

RAMGEALLA

Noun: *ram-gall (a plant name).*

RAMM

Noun: *ram; engine of war; instrument for pounding or battering; zodiacal sign.*

RĀN

Noun: *open robbery, rapine.*

RANC

Adjective: *proud, arrogant, haughty, insolent, forward, overbearing; strong, bold, brave, valiant; noble, renowned; ostentatious, showy; mature, full-grown.*

RANCLĪCE

Adverb: *confidently, boldly; ostentatiously, showily.*

RANCSTRÆT

Noun: *straight or splendid road.*

RAND

Noun: *border, edge, margin, shore; boss or rim of shield; shield, buckler.*

RANDBĒAG

Noun: *boss of a shield; shield.*

RANDBURG

Noun: *fortified town; shield wall of waves (in the Red Sea); frontier town.*

RANDGEBEORH

Noun: *protecting shield of waves.*

RANDHÆBBEND

Noun: *shield-bearer, warrior.*

RANDWIGA

Noun: *shield-warrior, man at arms.*

RANDWĪGEND

Noun: *shield-warrior, man at arms.*

RĀP

Noun: *rope, cord, cable.*

RĀPGENGA

Noun: *rope-dancing, rope-dancer.*

RĀPGEWEALC

Noun: *cord, coil of rope.*

RĀPINCEL

Noun: *(small rope), cord, string.*

RĀPLIC

Adjective: *of rope.*

RĀRADUMBLA

Noun: *bittern.*

RĀREDUMBLE

Noun: *bittern.*

RĀRIAN

Verb: *to lament, cry, mourn, bellow, roar.*

RĀRUNG

Noun: *roaring, howling, bellowing.*

RĀSETTAN

Verb: *to rage (of fire).*

RĀSIAN

Verb: *to explore.*

RĒAD

Adjective: *red.*

RĒADA

Noun: *tonsil.*

RĒADBASU

Adjective: *reddish purple.*

RĒADE

Adverb: *with red colour.*

RĒADFĀH

Adjective: *red-stained.*

RĒADGOLDLÆFER

Noun: *plate of gold.*

RĒADIAN

Verb: *to be or become red.*

RĒADLĒAF

Adjective: *having red leaves.*

RĒADLESC

Adjective: *reddened skin.*

RĒADLINGAS

Noun: *the Ethiopians.*

RĒADNES

Noun: *redness.*

RĒADSTALEDE

Adjective: *red-stalked.*

RĒADUNG

Noun: *redness, rubor.*

RĒAF

Noun: *booty, spoil, plunder; garment, vestment, raiment, robe; armour.*

RĒAFERE

Noun: *robber, reaver, spoiler, plunderer.*

RĒAFGEND

Noun: *robber, spoiler, plunderer.*

RĒAFIAN

1. Verb: *to rob, spoil, plunder, ravage, take by force; to waste; to carry off, remove, transport.*

2. See *(ge)rēafian.*

RĒAFIGENDE

Adjective: *rapacious, ravening.*

RĒAFLĀC

Noun: *robbery, rapine, spoliation, plundering; booty, spoil, plunder.*

RĒAFOL

Adjective: *rapacious.*

RĒAFOLNES

Noun: *rapacity.*

RĒAFUNG

Noun: *spoliation, plundering.*

REAHTIGAN

Verb: *to dispute, discuss.*

RĒAM

1. Noun: *cream.*

2. See *hrēam.*

RĒAMWĪN

Noun: *thick wine.*

RĒC

Noun: *smoke, reek.*

RECAN

See *(ge)recan.*

RĒCAN

See *(ge)rēcan.*

RECCAN

Verb: *to go, stray, tend; to stretch, extend; to give hold out to; to take care for, be interested in; to care, desire; to say, tell, narrate, recite, quote; to interpret; to give (a solution); to guide, rule, direct, correct; to explain, instruct; to reprove.*

RECCELĪC

See *(ge)reccelīc.*

RĒCCELĪEST

Noun: *carelessness, heedlessness; negligence.*

RECCEND

Noun: *guide, ruler, governor.*

RECCENDDŌM

Noun: *governance, ruling, directing, guiding; oversight.*

RECCERE

Noun: *teacher, ruler, director; speaker, rhetorician; interpreter.*

RECCING

Noun: *narration, story, tale.*

RECED

Noun: *building, house; hall, palace.*

RECEDLIC

Adjective: *palatial, pertaining to a palace.*

RECEDNES

See *(ge)recednes.*

RĒCELĒAS

Adjective: *careless, reckless; negligent.*

RĒCELĒASIAN

Verb: *to neglect; to be negligent or careless.*

RĒCELĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *carelessly, heedlessly, inattentively; negligently.*

RĒCELĒASNES

Noun: *carelessness, recklessness; negligence.*

RĒCELS

Noun: *incense, frankincense.*

RĒCELSBŪC

Noun: *censer, vessel for holding incense.*

RĒCELSFÆT

Noun: *censer.*

RĒCELSIAN

Verb: *to perfume with incense.*

RĒCELSRĒOCE

Noun: *burning of incense, burning incense.*

RECEN

Adjective: *ready; quick, swift, rapid, prompt; violent.*

RECENE

Adverb: *instantly, straightaway; quickly; at once.*

RECENIAN

See *(ge)recenian.*

RECENLĪCE

Adverb: *immediately, straightaway, forthwith; quickly; at once.*

RECONDLIC

Adjective: *numerous.*

REDESTĀN

Noun: *ruddle, red ochre; synopsis.*

RĒFA

See *(ge)rēfa*.

REGN

Noun: *rain; showers of rain*.

REGNHEARD

Adjective: *very or exceedingly hard*.

REGNIAN

1. Verb: *to rain, cause rain to fall*.

2. Verb: *to put, prepare, arrange, dispose, set in order, dress; to regulate; to plan, contrive; to adorn, ornament, garnish, trim*.

REGNMELD

Noun: *mighty or solemn announcement*.

REGNÞĒOF

Noun: *arch-thief, downright thief*.

REGOL

Noun: *rule, regulation, law; pattern, standard, norm; canon, monastic code of rules; ruler for drawing lines; tabular arrangement*.

REGOLBRYCE

Noun: *breach of rule*.

REGOLFÆST

Adjective: *rigid, strict; regular, adhering to monastic rules*.

REGOLIAN

Verb: *to draw lines with a ruler*.

REGOLLAGU

Noun: *monastic law*.

REGOLLIC

Adjective: *(as an ecclesiastical term) regular, canonical*.

REGOLLĪCE

Adverb: *regularly, in accordance with rule*.

REGOLLĪF

Noun: *life according to ecclesiastical rules*.

REGOLSTICCA

Noun: *rule; ruler (instrument)*.

REGOLÞĒAW

Noun: *discipline of monastic rule*.

REGOLWEARD

Noun: *regulator, director, ruler; abbot; provost.*

REGULARES

Noun: *regular days in computation.*

RELICGANG

Noun: *visiting of relics.*

RELIQUIAS

Noun: *relics of saints.*

RELIQUIASŌCN

Noun: *visit to a shrine.*

REMIANl

Verb: *to mend.*

RĒMISC

Adjective: *Roman.*

REMPAN

Verb: *to precipitate, to be hasty, to go headlong.*

RĒNBOGA

Noun: *rainbow.*

RENC

Noun: *pride; vanity, ostentation, pomp, display; bravery.*

RENDAN

Verb: *to tear, REND, cut down.*

RĒNDROPA

Noun: *raindrop.*

RENGE

Noun: *spider, spider's web.*

RENGWYRM

Noun: *intestinal worm.*

RĒNIAN

See *(ge)rēnian.*

RĒNIEND

Noun: *revealer, one who arranges.*

RĒNIG

Adjective: *rainy.*

RĒNLIC

Adjective: *rainy.*

RĒNSCŪR

Noun: *shower, rain-shower.*

RĒNSNÆGL

Noun: *snail.*

RĒNWÆTER

Noun: *rain-water.*

RENWEARD

Noun: *house-guardian.*

RĒNWYRM

Noun: *earthworm, maw-worm, worm in the intestines.*

RĒOC

Adjective: *savage, fierce; furious.*

RĒOCAN

Verb: *to reek, stink; to emit vapour, steam or smoke.*

RĒOCENDE

Adjective: *smoking, steaming.*

RĒOD

1. Adjective: *red, ruddy.*

2. Noun: *red colour.*

3. See *hrēod.*

RĒODAN

Verb: *to redden; to stain with blood; to wound; to kill.*

RĒODIAN

1. Verb: *to be or become red.*

2. See *rēadian.*

REODIAN

Verb: *to search out, sift.*

RĒODMŪÐA

Noun: *parrot.*

RĒODNÆSC

Adjective: *reddened skin; rubricata, glosses portico.*

RĒOFAN

Verb: *to rend, rive; to break.*

REOHHE

Noun: *the name of a fish, ray, thornback.*

RĒOMA

Noun: *membrane; ligament.*

RĒON

Noun: *mourning, lament.*

RĒONIAN

See *(ge)rēonian.*

RĒONIG

Adjective: *sad, mournful, gloomy; weary.*

RĒONIGMŌD

Adjective: *sad, mournful; weary.*

RĒONUNG

See *(ge)rēonung.*

REOPA

Noun: *sheaf, bundle of corn.*

REORD

1. See *(ge)reord* (1).

2. See *(ge)reord* (2).

REORDAN

Verb: *to feed; to eat, take food; to refresh; to entertain, feast.*

REORDBEREND

Noun: *man; one gifted with speech.*

REORDHŪS

Noun: *refectory, eating room.*

REORDIAN

Verb: *to speak, say, talk, discourse; to read. to feed; to eat, take food, dine, sup; to refresh; to entertain, feast.*

REORDUNG

See *(ge)reordung.*

REOSAN

Noun: *name of a plant, pissli.*

RĒOST

Noun: *rest (part of a plough).*

RĒOTAN

Verb: *to weep, wail, shed tears; to mourn, lament.*

RĒOTIG

Adjective: *sad, mournful; tearful.*

RĒOWE

1. Noun: *covering, mantle, blanket; rug.*

2. See *rȳhe* (1).

REPAN

Verb: *to reap.*

REPEL

Noun: *staff, rod.*

REPS

Noun: *response in a church service.*

REPSAN

Verb: *to reprove, blame.*

REPSUNG

1. Noun: *evening, division of the night; interval.*

2. Adjective: *seizing, reproving.*

RĒSELE

Noun: *answer, solution, conjecture, solution of a riddle.*

RESPONS

Noun: *response.*

REST

Noun: *rest, quiet, repose, freedom from toil; sleep; resting-place, couch, bed, grave.*

RESTA

See *(ge)resta.*

RĒSTAN

Verb: *to rejoice, exult.*

RESTAN

Verb: *to rest, repose; to cease form toil, be at rest; to remain, lie.*

RESTBEDD

Noun: *bed, couch.*

RESTDÆG

Noun: *day of rest, Sabbath day.*

RESTENGĒAR

Noun: *year of rest from work.*

RESTGEMĀNA

Noun: *cohabitation, conjugal intercourse.*

RESTHŪS

Noun: *sleeping-chamber.*

RESTLĒAS

Adjective: *restless; disturbed.*

RĒTAN

See *(ge)rētan.*

RĒTEND

Noun: *one who cheers or comforts.*

RĒTU

Noun: *joy.*

RĒÐE

Adjective: *harsh, fierce, cruel, violent; severe; terrible, dreadful, dire; wild, savage; zealous.*

REÐE

Adjective: *right, righteous, just.*

REÐEHYGDIG

Adjective: *right-minded.*

REÐEMAN

Noun: *usurer.*

RĒÐEMŌD

Adjective: *fierce, savage, cruel; indignant, wroth.*

RĒÐEN

Adjective: *wild.*

RĒÐIAN

Verb: *to rage, be fierce.*

RĒÐIG

Adjective: *savage, fierce, cruel.*

RĒÐIGIAN

Verb: *to rage; to be fierce or furious.*

RĒÐIGMŌD

Adjective: *savage, fierce.*

RĒÐLIC

Adjective: *fierce, cruel; deadly.*

RĒÐLĪCE

Adverb: *fiercely, furiously, violently.*

RĒÐNES

Noun: *cruelty, fierceness, rage; severity, harshness; savageness, ferocity; zeal; storminess.*

RĒÐRA

See *(ge)rēðra.*

RĒÐRU

See *(ge)rēðru.*

RĒÐSCIPE

Noun: *anger, rage, fury, fierceness.*

RĒWET

Noun: *rowing; ship, rowing-boat, vessel.*

REXGENĪÐLA

Noun: *royal foe.*

RIB

Noun: *rib; Soul.*

RIBBE

Noun: *the herb hounds-tongue, ribwort.*

RIBBSPĀCA

Noun: *rib-spokes, the brisket.*

RIC

Noun: *narrow strip.*

RĪCA

Noun: *powerful or influential person; ruler.*

RĪCE

1. Adjective: *powerful, strong, potent; great, mighty, possessed of power; of high rank; rich.*

2. Noun: *power, might, dominion, rule, empire, authority; kingdom, realm, nation, diocese; reign (period of time).*

RĪCEDŌM

Noun: *power, dominion; rule.*

RĪCEHEALDEND

Noun: *guardian of the kingdom.*

RĪCETER

Noun: *power, might, dominion, rule; glory, greatness; ambition; oppression, tyranny; violence, force; arrogance.*

RĪCETTAN

Verb: *to rule.*

RĪCLIC

Adjective: *great, splendid, magnificent, sumptuous.*

RĪCLĪCE

Adverb: *powerfully, splendidly, sumptuously.*

RĪCSERE

Noun: *ruler.*

RĪCSIAN

Verb: *to reign, govern, bear rule; to tyrannize, exercise violence; to dominate, domineer, prevail.*

RĪCSIEND

Noun: *ruler.*

RĪCSUNG

Noun: *dominion, domination, rule.*

RID

Noun: *swinging, swaying.*

RIDA

Noun: *riding path.*

RĪDAN

Verb: *to RIDE; to move about, swing, rock; to float, sail; to chafe (of letters).*

RIDDA

Noun: *rider, horseman; mounted soldier.*

RĪDEHERE

Noun: *cavalry, mounted force.*

RĪDEND

Noun: *rider; horseman, knight, cavalier.*

RĪDERE

Noun: *rider; trooper; knight.*

RĪDESOHT

Noun: *fever.*

RĪDUSENDE

Adjective: *swinging, swaying.*

RĪDWIGA

Noun: *mounted soldier.*

RĪF

Adjective: *fierce, violent, ravenous; noxious.*

RĪFE

Adjective: *RIFE, abundant.*

RIFELEDE

Adjective: *wrinkled.*

RIFELING

Noun: *shoe or sandal of raw hide.*

RIFELUNG

Noun: *wrinkle.*

RIFFENG

Noun: *Riphaei montes.*

RIFNES

Noun: *fierceness.*

RIFT

Noun: *covering, veil, curtain, cloak.*

RIFTER

Noun: *sickle, scythe, instrument for reaping.*

RIFTRE

Noun: *reaper.*

RIHT

See *(ge)riht.*

RIHTÆÐELCWĒN

Noun: *lawful wife.*

RIHTÆÐELO

Noun: *true nobility.*

RIHTĒW

Noun: *legitimate matrimony; lawful wife.*

RIHTAN

See *(ge)rihtan.*

RIHTĀNDAGA

Noun: *proper day, right term or time.*

RIHTANDSWARU

Noun: *retort, reproof, rebuke.*

RIHTCYNECYNN

Noun: *legitimate royal family.*

RIHTCYNING

Noun: *lawful king.*

RIHTCYNN

Noun: *genuine stock, race really derived from a particular source.*

RIHTDŌM

Noun: *just judgement.*

RIHTDŌNDE

Adjective: *doing what is right.*

RIHTE

Adverb: *right; directly, straight, due, straightway; outright; just, exactly, precisely, accurately; rightly, correctly, duly, truly, fairly, properly, fittingly, justly; well.*

RIHTEBEGITAN

Noun: *honest gains.*

RIHTEBRED

Noun: *instrument for measuring, rule; square.*

RIHTEND

Noun: *guide, leader, director, ruler.*

RIHTENDEBYRDNES

Noun: *right order.*

RIHTERE

Noun: *director, ruler.*

RIHTĒÐEL

Noun: *true native country.*

RIHTFÆDRENCYNN

Noun: *direct paternal descent or pedigree.*

RIHTFÆSTEN

Noun: *lawfully ordained fast.*

RIHTFÆSTENDÆG

Noun: *duly appointed fastday.*

RIHTFÆSTENTĪD

Noun: *regularly appointed time of fasting.*

RIHTFREMMEND

Noun: *one acting rightly.*

RIHTFREMMENDE

Adjective: *acting rightly.*

RIHTFUL

Adjective: *rightful, honourable.*

RIHTGEBROÐRU

Noun: *brethren.*

RIHTGEFĒG

Noun: *proper joint.*

RIHTGEFREMED

Adjective: *rightly constituted, orthodox; catholic.*

RIHTGEGYLDA

Noun: *one who is legally a member of a guild.*

RIHTGEHĀTAN

Verb: *to pledge oneself, swear.*

RIHTGEHĪWAN

Noun: *lawfully married persons.*

RIHTGELĒAFA

Noun: *true belief.*

RIHTGELĒAFFUL

Adjective: *orthodox, holding a true belief.*

RIHTGELĒAFFULNES

Noun: *orthodoxy, right belief.*

RIHTGELĒAFLĪCE

Adverb: *in an orthodox manner.*

RIHTGELŸFED

Adjective: *orthodox, possessed of a true belief; catholic.*

RIHTGELŸFENDE

Adjective: *having a true belief, faithful.*

RIHTGEMÆCCA

Noun: *lawful husband.*

RIHTGEMÆRE

Noun: *lawful boundary.*

RIHTGEMET

Noun: *proper measure.*

RIHTGESAMHĪWAN

Noun: *lawfully married persons.*

RIHTGESCĒAD

Noun: *reason, right understanding.*

RIHTGESET

Adjective: *canonical, duly or properly appointed.*

RIHTGESETEDNES

Noun: *right ordinance or rule.*

RIHTGESETNES

Noun: *right office or institution.*

RIHTGESINSCIPE

Noun: *lawful wedlock.*

RIHTGEÐANCOD

Adjective: *right-minded, having right thoughts.*

RIHTGEWITT

Noun: *right mind.*

RIHTGEWITTELIC

Adjective: *rational.*

RIHTGEWITTIG

Adjective: *reasonable, in one's right mind.*

RIHTGIFU

Noun: *irrevocable or lawful gift.*

RIHTHĀMED

Noun: *legitimate matrimony.*

RIHTHĀMSCYLD

Noun: *legal means of protection to a homestead.*

RIHTHĀMSŌCN

Noun: *housebreaking which has been actually committed.*

RIHTHAND

Noun: *right hand.*

RIHTHANDDĀEDA

Noun: *actual perpetrator of a crime.*

RIHTHANDDĀEDE

Noun: *having a true belief, faithful.*

RIHTHEORT

Adjective: *righteous, just, upright.*

RIHTHĪWA

Noun: *legitimate consort.*

RIHTHLĀFORD

Noun: *rightful lord.*

RIHTHLĀFORDDŌM

Noun: *lawful authority.*

RIHTHLĀFORDHYLDO

Noun: *loyalty, fidelity due to a lord.*

RIHTHYCGENDE

Adjective: *thinking rightly.*

RIHTING

Noun: *correction, reproof; guidance, direction, rule, order; body of rights, privilege; privileged district.*

RIHTLÆCE

Noun: *duly qualified physician.*

RIHTLÆCAN

See *(ge)rihtlæcan.*

RIHTLÆCUNG

Noun: *correction, criticism.*

RIHTLAGA

Noun: *equity, right or just law.*

RIHTLAGU

Noun: *regular legal ordinance.*

RIHTLANDGEMÆRE

Noun: *lawful boundary to land.*

RIHTLIC

Adjective: *right, just, righteous; adapted, proper, fitting.*

RIHTLĪCE

Adverb: *rightly, justly, with justice or equity; correctly, properly, precisely, regularly; virtuously.*

RIHTLĪCETTERE

Noun: *thorough hypocrite.*

RIHTLĪF

Noun: *right life, life of lawful matrimony.*

RIHTLĪFEND

Adjective: *of right belief.*

RIHTLĪFLĀD

Noun: *right way of life.*

RIHTLIÐLIC

Adjective: *articulate.*

RIHTMĒDRENCYNN

Noun: *direct mother's line.*

RIHTMĒTERFERS

Noun: *correct hexameter verse.*

RIHTMUNUC

Noun: *true monk.*

RIHTNAMA

Noun: *right name.*

RIHTNES

Noun: *rightness, justice, equity, rectitude; rightness, straightness, perpendicularity; account, reckoning.*

RIHTNORÐANWIND

Noun: *north wind.*

RIHTRACIEND

Noun: *expounder of righteousness.*

RIHTRACU

Noun: *correct account; right reason.*

RIHTREGOL

Noun: *right rule, canon, a lawful rule of life.*

RIHTRYNE

Noun: *right or straight course.*

RIHTSCĪR

Noun: *parish.*

RIHTSCRĪFEND

Noun: *lawyer, jurisconsult.*

RIHTSCRIFTSCĪR

Noun: *parish.*

RIHTSCYLLING

Noun: *lawful shilling of sterling money.*

RIHTSCYTTE

Adjective: *sure of aim.*

RIHTSINSCIPE

Noun: *lawful wedlock.*

RIHTSMĒAUNG

Noun: *right reasoning or argument.*

RIHTSPELL

Noun: *true or noble discourse.*

RIHTSTEFN

Noun: *ordinary voice, properly pronounced word or sound.*

RIHTTĪD

Noun: *proper time.*

RIHTTIMA

Noun: *right, proper time.*

RIHTÐĒOW

Noun: *lawful slave.*

RIHTUNGÐRĒD

Noun: *directing thread, a plumb-line.*

RIHTWEG

Noun: *right way.*

RIHTWER

Noun: *lawful or legitimate husband.*

RIHTWESTENDE

Noun: *extreme western limit.*

RIHTWĪF

Noun: *lawful wife.*

RIHTWILLEND

Noun: *one whose desires are right.*

RIHTWILLENDE

1. Adjective: *wishing to do right.*

2. See *rihtwillend.*

RIHTWĪS

Adjective: *righteous, just; right, justifiable.*

RIHTWĪSEND

Noun: *Sadducee.*

RIHTWĪSIAN

See *(ge)rihtwīsian.*

RIHTWĪSLIC

Adjective: *righteous, just, rational.*

RIHTWĪSLĪCE

Adverb: *rightly, justly, rationally, reasonably.*

RIHTWĪSNES

Noun: *rightness, righteousness, justice; rightness, reasonableness, reason.*

RIHTWRĪTERE

Noun: *one who writes correctly.*

RIHTWULDRIENDE

Adjective: *orthodox.*

RIHTWYRÐE

Adjective: *fitting, proper; honourable.*

RIHTYMBREN

Noun: *duly appointed Embertide.*

RIHTYMBRENDAGAS

Noun: *duly appointed Ember days.*

RĪM

See *(ge)rīm.*

RIMA

Noun: *verge, border, coast, bank, rim.*

RĪMAN

See *(ge)rīman.*

RĪMĀÐ

Noun: *oath by a number of persons.*

RĪMCRÆFT

See *(ge)rīmcræft.*

RĪMCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *skilful in computation or reckoning.*

RĪMCRÆFTIGA

Noun: *one skilful in computation or figures.*

RĪMGETÆL

Noun: *number, reckoning.*

RĪMRE

Noun: *calculator, reckoner, computer.*

RĪMTALU

Noun: *number; tale.*

RIMUC

Noun: *boundary, edge.*

RĪN

Noun: *the Rhine.*

RĪNAN

Verb: *to RAIN; to send down or fall like rain.*

RINC

Noun: *man, warrior, hero.*

RINCGETÆL

Noun: *number of men; host.*

RIND

1. Noun: *outside, crust, rind, bark.*

2. Noun: *hill.*

RINDECLIFER

Noun: *a bird that sticks to, or scratches the bark of trees, wood-pecker, nut-hatch.*

RINDEN

Adjective: *of bark.*

RINDLĒAS

Adjective: *without bark.*

RINELĪC

See *(ge)rinelīc.*

RINNAN

Verb: *to run, flow.*

RINNELLE

Noun: *stream, brook, runnel, rivulet.*

RINNING

Noun: *rennet.*

RĪP

See *(ge)rīp.*

RĪPAN

See *(ge)rīpan.*

RĪPE

Adjective: *ripe, mature.*

RĪPEMANN

Noun: *reaper.*

RĪPERE

1. Noun: *reaper.*

2. Noun: *robber, plunderer; spoiler.*

RĪPIAN

Verb: *to ripen, mature; to grow old.*

RĪPĪSERN

Noun: *sickle, an instrument for reaping.*

RĪPNES

Noun: *ripeness, maturity; harvest.*

RIPP

Noun: *border.*

RIPPEL

Noun: *coppice.*

RĪPTĪMA

Noun: *harvest time.*

RĪPÐ

Noun: *harvest.*

RĪPUNG

1. Noun: *ripeness, maturity.*

2. Noun: *plundering; spoliation.*

RĪSAN

See *(ge)rīsan.*

RISC

Noun: *rush.*

RISCBEDD

Noun: *bed of rushes.*

RISCEN

Adjective: *made of rushes, rush.*

RISCHEALH

Noun: *rushy corner, rushy slope.*

RISCIHT

Adjective: *rushy.*

RISCLĒAC

Noun: *rush leek or garlic.*

RISCRĪÐIG

Noun: *rushy stream.*

RISCÐŸFEL

Noun: *rush-bed.*

RĪSENDE

Adjective: *rapacious.*

RISIENDE

Adjective: *emitting odour.*

RISIENDUM

Adjective: *emitting odour.*

RĪSN

Noun: *pair of compasses.*

RISNE

See *(ge)risne.*

RISODA

Noun: *rheum.*

RISPE

Noun: *brushwood.*

RISPETT

Noun: *place with much undergrowth.*

RĪÐ

Noun: *stream, rivulet.*

RĪÐE

See *(ge)rīðe.*

RĪÐFALD

Noun: *cattle-pen, cow-shed.*

RĪÐIG

Noun: *stream, streamlet.*

ROCC

1. Noun: *over-garment, rochet.*

2. Noun: *rock.*

ROCCETTAN

Verb: *to eructate, belch forth; to utter.*

ROCCIAN

Verb: *to rock (a child).*

RŌD

Noun: *cross, rood, crucifix, gallows; rood (land measure); rod, pole.*

RŌDBĪGENGA

Noun: *worshipper of the cross.*

RŌDBORA

Noun: *cross-bearer.*

RODD

Noun: *rod, stick (to beat with).*

RŌDEHENGEN

Noun: *hanging, crucifixion; cross.*

RŌDETĀCEN

Noun: *sign of the cross, crucifix.*

RŌDEWYRÐE

Adjective: *deserving hanging or crucifixion.*

RODOR

Noun: *firmament, ether; sky, heaven.*

RŌDORBEORHT

Adjective: *heavenly bright.*

RODORCYNING

Noun: *king of heaven, Christ.*

RODORLIC

Adjective: *heavenly, celestial; of the firmament.*

RODORLĪHTUNG

Noun: *dawn, illumination of heaven.*

RODORSTŌL

Noun: *celestial throne.*

RŌDORTORHT

Adjective: *heavenly bright.*

RODORTUNGOL

Noun: *star of heaven.*

RŌDSTYBB

Noun: *stump left in a clearing.*

RŌDWURÐIEND

Noun: *cross-worshipper.*

RŌF

1. Adjective: *strong, vigorous, stout, brave, valiant, noble, renowned.*

2. Noun: *number, array.*

ROGIAN

Verb: *to flourish.*

RŌM

Noun: *Rome.*

RŌMĀNE

Noun: *the Romans.*

RŌMĀNISC

Adjective: *Roman.*

RŌMEBURG

Noun: *Rome.*

ROMĒI

Adjective: *blackened, sooty.*

RŌMFEOH

Noun: *Rome-penny, Romescot, Peter's pence.*

RŌMGESCEOT

Noun: *Rome-penny, Romescot, Peter's pence.*

RŌMIAN

Verb: *to try to obtain, strive after; to possess.*

RŌMPENIG

Noun: *Rome-penny, Romescot, Peter's pence.*

RŌMWALH

Noun: *Roman.*

RŌMWARE

Noun: *inhabitants of Rome, the Romans.*

ROP

1. Noun: *broth.*

2. See *ropp.*

RŌP

Adjective: *liberal; bountiful.*

RŌPNES

Noun: *liberality.*

ROPP

Noun: *intestines, the colon.*

ROPWÆRC

Noun: *colic.*

RŌSBEDD

Noun: *rose-bed.*

RŌSE

Noun: *rose.*

RŌSEN

Adjective: *made of roses; rose-coloured, rosy.*

RŌSRĒAD

Adjective: *rose-read.*

RŌT

1. Adjective: *glad, cheerful, bright; noble, excellent.*

2. See *rōte.*

RŌTE

Noun: *root.*

RŌTFÆST

Adjective: *firmly established.*

RŌTHWĪL

Noun: *time of refreshing.*

ROTIAN

See *(ge)rotian.*

RŌTLĪCE

Adverb: *gladly, cheerfully.*

RŌTNES

Noun: *gladness, cheerfulness; refuge, protection; comfort.*

RŌTSUNG

Noun: *refuge, protection; comfort, cheering.*

ROTUNG

Noun: *corruption; putrefaction; ulcer.*

ROÐ

Noun: *clearing.*

ROÐHUND

Noun: *large dog, mastiff.*

RŌÐOR

Noun: *oar, scull; rudder.*

RŌW

1. Adjective: *quiet, calm; gentle, soft, mild.*

2. Noun: *quiet, quietness; rest.*

RŌWAN

See *(ge)rōwan*.

RŌWEND

Noun: *rower, sailor*.

RŌWING

Noun: *rowing*.

RŌWNES

Noun: *rowing*.

RUDDUC

Noun: *robin, Ruddock*.

RŪDE

1. Noun: *scab, roughness of the skin*.

2. Noun: *rue*.

RUDIAN

Verb: *to be ruddy*.

RUDIG

Adjective: *ruddy, rubicund*.

RUDMOLIN

Noun: *redshanks or water pepper*.

RUDU

Noun: *red colour, redness; ruddy complexion; red cosmetic*.

RUGERN

Noun: *rye-harvest; August*.

RŪH

Adjective: *rough; coarse (of cloth); hairy, shaggy; untrimmed, uncultivated; knotty; undressed, untanned*.

RUHHA

Noun: *ray (fish)*.

RUINE

Noun: *fall*.

RŪM

See *(ge)rūm*.

RŪME

See *(ge)rūme*.

RŪMGĀL

Adjective: *liberally; revelling in release from confinement; at large, fully*.

RŪMGĀLĪCE

Adverb: *widely.*

RŪMGIFA

Noun: *bountiful or liberal giver.*

RŪMGIFUL

Adjective: *liberal; bountiful, munificent, abundant.*

RŪMGIFULNES

Noun: *liberality; bounty, munificence, abundance, profusion.*

RŪMHEORT

Adjective: *liberal; large-hearted, generous, munificent; free from care or oppression, untroubled.*

RŪMHEORTLĪCE

Adverb: *in a 'light-hearted, generous or free from care' manner.*

RŪMHEORTNES

Noun: *liberality; munificence.*

RŪMIAN

Verb: *to become clear of obstructions or encumbrance.*

RŪMLIC

Adjective: *liberal; gracious, benign; abundant, plentiful.*

RŪMLĪCE

See *(ge)rūmlīce.*

RŪMMŌD

Adjective: *liberal; gracious, kind, benignant; profuse, abundant, lavish.*

RŪMMŌDLIC

Adjective: *ample, large, full; liberal; gracious.*

RŪMMŌDLĪCE

Adverb: *liberally; graciously, favourably; at large, fully.*

RŪMMŌDNES

Noun: *liberality; large-heartedness; kindness, favour, grace.*

RŪMNES

Noun: *breadth, amplitude, broad space; abundance.*

RŪMWELLE

Adjective: *spacious.*

RŪN

Noun: *mystery, secrecy; secret, whisper; counsel, consultation; council; runic character, letter; writing.*

RŪNCOFA

Noun: *chamber of secrets; breast, bosom; the mind.*

RŪNCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *skilled in explaining mysteries.*

RŪNERE

Noun: *whisperer; tale-bearer.*

RŪNIENDE

Adjective: *whispering.*

RUNL

Adjective: *foul, stinking; running.*

RŪNSTÆF

Noun: *runic letter, rune.*

RŪNWITA

Noun: *adviser, counsellor; privy councillor, one acquainted with a person's secrets or mysteries; sage.*

RUSCE

Noun: *rushy ground.*

RŪST

Noun: *rust; moral canker.*

RŪSTIG

Adjective: *rusty.*

RŪWA

Noun: *covering, rug, tapestry.*

RŪWE

Noun: *covering, tapestry.*

RŸD

1. See *rād* (1).

2. Noun: *clearing.*

RYDEN

Noun: *name of a plant.*

RYDERIAN

Verb: *to grow red.*

RYDING

Noun: *clearing.*

RŸFE

Adjective: *frequent; rife.*

RYGE

Noun: *rye.*

RYGEN

Adjective: *rye, made of rye.*

RŸHE

1. Noun: *blanket, rough covering; rug.*

2. See *rēowe* (1).

RŸHT

Noun: *rough growth on land.*

RŸHÐ

Noun: *rough ground.*

RŸMAN

See *(ge)rȳman.*

RŸMET

Noun: *room, space, extent; clear space; extension, clearance; comfort; benefit.*

RŸMETLĒAST

Noun: *want of room.*

RŸMÐ

Noun: *amplitude.*

RŸN

Verb: *to roar, rage.*

RYNE

Noun: *course, run, running; course, uninterrupted progress; water-course, flow, flux of blood; period of time, cycle, course of life, lustre; expand, extent; orbit.*

RŸNE

See *(ge)rȳne.*

RYNEGÆST

Noun: *a guest or foe that comes swiftly; lightning.*

RYNEGIEST

Noun: *running spirit.*

RYNEL

1. Noun: *stream, runnel.*

2. Noun: *runner, messenger, courier.*

RŸNELIC

See *(ge)rȳnelic*.

RYNELĪCE

Adverb: *quickly*.

RȲNELĪCE

See *(ge)rȳnelīce*.

RȲNEMANN

Noun: *one skilled in explaining mysteries*.

RYNESTRONG

Adjective: *strong in running*.

RYNESWIFT

Adjective: *swift in running*.

RYNEÐRĀG

Noun: *space of time*.

RYNEWÆN

Noun: *swift vehicle, chariot*.

RYNIG

Adjective: *good at running*.

RȲNIG

See *(ge)rȳnig*.

RYNIGA

Noun: *liquid that runs off*.

RȲNISC

Adjective: *mysterious*.

RYNNING

1. Noun: *rennet*.

2. See *rinning*.

RȲPERE

Noun: *robber, plunderer*.

RȲPING

Noun: *plunder, spoliation*.

RYPLEN

1. Adjective: *made of broom*.

2. See *ðȳflen*.

RYSCPYTT

Noun: *pit or pool in which rushes grow*.

RYSCSECG

Noun: *sedge.*

RYSCSTEORT

Noun: *promontory where rushes grow.*

RYSEL

Noun: *lard, fat; resin; abdomen.*

RYSELWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the stomach.*

RYT

Noun: *rubbish for burning, underwood.*

RYÐÐA

Noun: *mastiff, species of dog.*

RȲUNG

Noun: *roaring, groaning, grunting.*

SĀ

Noun: *tub, bucket, pail, vessel.*

SABAN

Noun: *sheet.*

SABAT

Noun: *the Sabbath.*

SABĪNE

Noun: *the Sabines.*

SABĪNISC

Adjective: *Sabine.*

SACA

See *(ge)saca.*

SACAN

Verb: *to struggle, strive, fight, contend; to disagree, wrangle, act in opposition, discuss, dispute; to accuse, blame; to bring a suit; to lay claim to; to refuse, deny.*

SACC

1. Noun: *sack, bag; sack-cloth.*

2. See *sæcc* (2).

SĀCERD

Noun: *priest, priestess.*

SĀCERDBANA

Noun: *priest-slayer.*

SĀCERDGERISNE

Adjective: *befitting a priest.*

SĀCERDHĀD

Noun: *priesthood.*

SĀCERDLAND

Noun: *land allotted to priests.*

SĀCERDLIC

Adjective: *sacerdotal, priestly.*

SACFUL

Adjective: *quarrelsome, contentious; given to accusation.*

SACIAN

Verb: *to strive; to wrangle, brawl.*

SACLĒAS

Adjective: *innocent, free from charge or accusation; safe, secure, unmolested.*

SACU

See *(ge)sacu.*

SĀDA

Noun: *cord, halter, snare.*

SADDUCĒAS

Noun: *the Sadducees.*

SADELIAN

See *(ge)sadelian.*

SADIAN

Verb: *to satisfy, satiate; to be sated or satisfied; to get wearied or tired.*

SADOL

Noun: *saddle.*

SADOLBEORHT

Adjective: *having an ornamented saddle.*

SADOLBOGA

Noun: *saddle-bow.*

SADOLFÆT

Noun: *harness.*

SADOLFELG

Noun: *pommel of a saddle.*

SADOLGĀRA

Noun: *saddle cloth.*

SADOLGEARWE

Noun: *saddle-trappings.*

SADOLGERÆDU

Noun: *saddle-trappings.*

SADUCĒISC

Adjective: *Sadducean.*

SÆ

Noun: *sea; sheet of water, lake, pool.*

SÆÆL

Noun: *sea-eel.*

SÆÆLFEN

Noun: *sea elf or nymph, naiad.*

SÆBĀT

Noun: *ship, sea-boat, vessel.*

SÆBEORG

Noun: *cliff or hill by the sea; mountain of waves.*

SÆBRŌGA

Noun: *sea-terror.*

SÆBURG

Noun: *seaport or maritime town.*

SÆC

Adjective: *offensive, odious, hateful; accused, charged, guilty.*

SÆCC

1. Noun: *strife, conflict, contest.*

2. Noun: *sackcloth.*

3. See *sacc* (1).

SÆCCING

Noun: *sacking, pallet; bed made of sacking.*

SÆCEASTER

Noun: *seaport town.*

SÆCEOSOL

Noun: *sand or gravel on the sea-shore, shingle.*

SÆCIR

Noun: *the retreat of the sea, sea-ebbing.*

SÆCLIF

Noun: *cliff by the sea.*

SÆCOCC

Noun: *cockle.*

SÆCOL

Noun: *jet.*

SÆCYNING

Noun: *sea-king.*

SÆD

Adjective: *filled, sated, satiated, full; weary.*

SĀED

Noun: *seed; offspring, fruit, progeny, posterity; ripe fruit; sowing; growth.*

SĀEDBERENDE

Adjective: *seed-bearing.*

SĀDCYNN

Noun: *kind of seed.*

SĀDENE

Noun: *the sea-Danes, Danes of the island or Danes skilled in sea-faring.*

SĀDĒOR

Noun: *sea monster or beast.*

SĀDERE

Noun: *sower.*

SĀDIAN

Verb: *to sow, provide seed for land.*

SĀDLĒAP

Noun: *sower's basket, seed-lip.*

SĀDLIC

Adjective: *seminal, belonging to seed.*

SĀDNAÐ

Noun: *sowing.*

SÆDNES

Noun: *satiety, repletion.*

SĀDRACA

Noun: *sea dragon or serpent.*

SĀDSWORN

Noun: *coalescing of seed.*

SĀDTĪMA

Noun: *seed-time.*

SĀEARM

Noun: *arm of the sea.*

SĀEBBUNG

Noun: *ebbing of the sea.*

SĀFÆRELD

Noun: *passage of the (Red) sea.*

SĀFÆSTEN

Noun: *watery stronghold, ocean.*

SĀFAROÐ

Noun: *sea coast or shore.*

SÆFERN

Noun: *the river Severn.*

SÆFERNMŪÐA

Noun: *the mouth of the Severn.*

SÆFISC

Noun: *sea-fish.*

SÆFLŌD

Noun: *tide; incoming tide, flood; flow of a river or sea; sea.*

SÆFLOTA

Noun: *ship.*

SÆFŌR

Noun: *sea voyage or journey.*

SÆFUGOL

Noun: *sea-fowl.*

SÆGAN

See *(ge)sǣgan.*

SÆGE

1. Adjective: *swampy.*

2. Noun: *swamp.*

SÆGĒAP

Adjective: *spacious, roomy (ship).*

SÆGĒATAS

Noun: *seafaring; Geats.*

SÆGEDNES

See *(ge)sǣgednes.*

SÆGEMÆRE

Noun: *sea coast or border.*

SÆGENGA

Noun: *sailor, mariner, sea-goer; ship, vessel.*

SÆGESET

Noun: *maritime region or district.*

SÆGRUND

Noun: *sea-bottom; abyss.*

SÆHEALF

Noun: *seaside.*

SÆHENGEST

Noun: *sea-horse, hippopotamus; ship.*

SÆHETE

Noun: *surging or raging of the sea.*

SÆHOLM

Noun: *sea, ocean.*

SÆHUND

Noun: *sea-hound.*

SÆL

1. Noun: *time, season; opportunity, occasion; condition, circumstance, position; prosperity, good fortune; happiness, joy.*

2. See *sēl* (2).

SÆL

Noun: *room, hall, castle.*

SÆLĀC

Noun: *sea gift or spoil.*

SÆLĀD

Noun: *sea way or voyage.*

SÆLĀF

Noun: *sea-leavings, jetsam.*

SÆLAN

See *(ge)sælan.*

SÆLAND

Noun: *coast, maritime district.*

SÆLEN

1. Adjective: *made of willow or sallow.*

2. See *selen.*

SÆLĒOÐ

Noun: *sea-song, rower's song.*

SÆLIC

Adjective: *of the sea, marine.*

SÆLIDA

Noun: *seafarer, sailor; pirate.*

SÆLIG

See *(ge)sælig.*

SÆLĪÐEND

Noun: *seaman, seafarer, sailor; ship.*

SÆLĪÐENDE

1. Adjective: *seafaring.*

2. See *sælīðend.*

SÆLMERIGE

Noun: *brine.*

SÆLTNA

Noun: *name of a bird, bunting, robin.*

SÆLÐ

Noun: *dwelling, abode, house.*

SĀLÐ

See *(ge)sælð.*

SÆLWĀG

Noun: *hall.*

SĀLWANG

Noun: *fertile plain.*

SĀMANN

Noun: *seaman; pirate, Viking.*

SĀMEARH

Noun: *sea-horse; ship.*

SĀMĒÐE

Adjective: *weary from sea-voyage.*

SĀMINTE

Noun: *sea-mint.*

SĀN

Adjective: *marine, maritime.*

SĀNACA

Noun: *sea-vessel, ship.*

SĀNÆS

Noun: *cape, promontory stretching into the sea.*

SĀNE

Adjective: *slow, sluggish, inactive, slack, lazy; dull; careless, negligent; cowardly.*

SĀNET

Noun: *net for sea-fishing.*

SÆNIG

Adjective: *maritime, marine.*

SÆOSTRE

Noun: *sea-oyster.*

SÆP

Noun: *sap, juice.*

SÆPIG

Adjective: *sappy; juicy, succulent.*

SÆPPE

Noun: *spruce fir.*

SÆPSPŌN

Noun: *chip or shaving with sap in it.*

SÆRIMA

Noun: *sea-shore, coast.*

SÆRINC

Noun: *seaman, one who journeys by sea; pirate, Viking.*

SÆRNĪD

Noun: *dire need.*

SÆRŌF

Adjective: *hardy at sea or in rowing.*

SÆRŸRIC

Noun: *sea-reed; ait.*

SÆSCEAÐA

Noun: *pirate, sea-robber.*

SÆSCELL

Noun: *sea-shell.*

SÆSĪÐ

Noun: *sea-journey, voyage.*

SÆSNÆGL

Noun: *sea-snail.*

SÆSTĀN

Noun: *rock in the sea.*

SÆSTEORRA

Noun: *guiding star (for sailors); title of Virgin Mary.*

SÆSTRAND

Noun: *sea-strand, foreshore.*

SÆSTRĒAM

Noun: *sea-stream, water of the sea.*

SÆSWALWE

Noun: *sand-martin; aster.*

SÆSWELG

Noun: *whirpool.*

SÆT

Noun: *ambush, snare; lurking-place.*

SÆTA

Noun: *holding of land; resident, inhabitant.*

SÆTE

Noun: *house.*

SÆTERE

Noun: *spy, waylayer; robber; seducer (the devil), seditious one, insidiator, seductor.*

SÆTERNDÆG

Noun: *Saturday.*

SÆTERNIHT

Noun: *Friday night.*

SÆTIAN

Verb: *to lie in; to wait for, plot against, waylay.*

SÆTUNG

Noun: *snare, trap, plot, ambush; lying in wait; sedition.*

SÆÐĒOF

Noun: *sea-thief, pirate.*

SÆŪPWEARP

Noun: *jetsam, what is thrown up on land by the sea.*

SÆWÆG

Noun: *sea-wave.*

SÆWÆTER

Noun: *sea-water.*

SÆWĀR

Noun: *sea-weed.*

SÆWAROÐ

Noun: *beach, sea-shore.*

SÆWEALL

Noun: *beach, sea-shore; cliff, sea-wall.*

SÆWEARD

Noun: *coast-warden, sea-ward.*

SÆWEG

Noun: *sea-way, path through the sea.*

SÆWER

Noun: *weir of some kind.*

SÆWĒRIG

Adjective: *weary from sea voyage.*

SÆWET

Noun: *sowing.*

SÆWĪCING

Noun: *Viking, sea-viking.*

SÆWIHT

Noun: *marine animal.*

SÆWINEWINCLE

Noun: *periwinkle (shell-fish).*

SÆWONG

Noun: *beach, sea-shore.*

SÆWUDU

Noun: *ship, vessel.*

SÆWYLM

Noun: *billow, sea-surf.*

SÆȲÐ

Noun: *sea-wave.*

SAFENE

Noun: *savine (a kind of juniper).*

SAFTRIENDE

Adjective: *rheumy, rheumatic.*

SĀG

Noun: *sinking, depression.*

SAGA

1. Noun: *saying, statement; story, narrative.*

2. See *sagu* (2).

SĀGOL

Noun: *staff, club; stick, cudgel, pole.*

SAGU

1. See *(ge)sagu.*

2. Noun: *saw (tool).*

SĀL

Noun: *bond, rope, cord, line; rein; fastening of a door; necklace, collar.*

SALA

Noun: *sale, act of selling.*

SALFIE

Noun: *sage.*

SALIHT

Adjective: *grown with willows.*

SALLETAN

Verb: *to sing psalms; to play on or sing to the harp.*

SĀLNES

Noun: *silence.*

SALNESS

Noun: *darkness, duskiness.*

SALTERE

Noun: *psalter, collection of psalms, the book of Psalms; psaltery (stringed musical instrument).*

SALTHAGA

Noun: *robin redbreast.*

SALU

Adjective: *dark, dusky; dusty.*

SALUBRŪN

Adjective: *dark-brown.*

SALUNEB

Adjective: *dark-complexioned.*

SALUPĀD

Adjective: *dark-coated.*

SALWED

Adjective: *darkened, painted black (with pitch).*

SALWIAN

Verb: *to make dark, blacken.*

SALWIGFEÐERA

Adjective: *having dark or dusky plumage.*

SALWIGPĀD

Adjective: *dark-coated, having dark plumage.*

SAM-

Affix: *agreement, combination.*

SĀM-

Affix: *half; imperfection.*

SĀM

Adjective: *weak; inferior, bad.*

SAM

Conjunction: *whether, or.*

SAMARINGAS

Noun: *the Samaritans.*

SAMARITANISC

Adjective: *Samaritan, of Samaria.*

SĀMBÆRNED

Adjective: *half-burned.*

SĀMBOREN

Adjective: *born out of due time.*

SĀMBRYCE

Noun: *partial breach or violation (of rule, laws, etc.).*

SĀMCWIC

Adjective: *half-dead.*

SAME

Adverb: *similarly, in the same way.*

SAMEN

Adverb: *together.*

SĀMGRĒNE

Adjective: *half-green, immature, backward.*

SĀMGUNG

Adjective: *young.*

SĀMHĀL

Adverb: *unwell, weakly, not in perfect health.*

SAMHEORT

Adjective: *unanimous, of one heart or disposition.*

SAMHĪWAN

See *(ge)samhīwan.*

SAMHWYLC

Pronoun: *some.*

SĀMLÆRED

Adjective: *imperfectly taught, badly instructed.*

SAMLĪCE

Adverb: *together, in unison, at the same time.*

SĀMLOCEN

Adjective: *half-closed.*

SAMMÆLE

Adjective: *agreed, accordant, come to an agreement, united.*

SĀMMELT

Adjective: *half-digested.*

SAMNIAN

See *(ge)samnian.*

SAMNUNG

See *(ge)samnung.*

SAMNUNGA

Adverb: *immediately, forthwith, suddenly, all at once, on a sudden.*

SAMNUNGCWIDE

Adjective: *collect.*

SAMOD

1. Adverb: *simultaneously, at the same time, together; entirely; also, as well, too; and.*

2. Adposition: *with, together with, at (of time).*

SAMODCUMEND

Adjective: *flocking together.*

SAMODEARD

Noun: *common house or country.*

SAMODĒCE

Adjective: *coeternal.*

SAMODFÆST

Adjective: *joined together.*

SAMODGANG

Adjective: *continuous.*

SAMODGEFLIT

Noun: *strife, conflict.*

SAMODGESĪÐ

Noun: *companion, comrade.*

SAMODGIDDUNG

Noun: *harmony.*

SAMODHERIAN

Verb: *to praise together.*

SAMODHERIGENDLIC

Adjective: *engaged in worshipping together.*

SAMODHERING

Noun: *praising.*

SAMODLĪCE

Adverb: *together, unitedly in a body.*

SAMODRYNELAS

Noun: *runners together.*

SAMODSĪÐIAN

Verb: *to accompany.*

SAMODSPRÆC

Noun: *conversation, colloquy.*

SAMODSWĒGENDE

Adjective: *consonantal.*

SAMODTANG

Adjective: *continuous, successive.*

SAMODÐYRLIC

Adjective: *concordant.*

SAMODWEAXAN

Verb: *glosses concrescere.*

SAMODWELLUNG

Noun: *welding together; boiling together; condensing.*

SAMODWIST

Noun: *being together, common existence.*

SAMODWUNUNG

Noun: *common residence, living together.*

SAMODWYRCENDE

Adjective: *co-operating.*

SAMRĀD

Adjective: *harmonious; united.*

SAMRÆDEN

Noun: *married state.*

SĀMSODEN

Adjective: *half-cooked.*

SĀMSTORFEN

Adjective: *half-dead.*

SĀMSWÆLED

Adjective: *half-burned.*

SAMSWĒGE

Adjective: *harmonious, sounding in unison.*

SAMTINGES

Adverb: *immediately, forthwith, all at once; in close connection (time).*

SAMÐE

Conjunction: *both...and, whether...or.*

SĀMWEAXEN

Adjective: *half-grown up.*

SAMWINNENDE

Adjective: *contending or struggling together.*

SĀMWĪS

Adjective: *stupid, foolish; dull.*

SĀMWĪSLĪCE

Adverb: *foolishly.*

SAMWIST

Noun: *living together, cohabitation; matrimony.*

SĀMWORHT

Adjective: *unfinished.*

SAMWRÆDNES

Noun: *union, combination.*

SĀMWYRCAN

Verb: *to do a thing incompletely.*

SANCT

Noun: *saint, holy person.*

SAND

1. Noun: *action of sending, mission, deputation, embassy; message; messenger, ambassador; service, course of food, repast, mess, victual, dish of food.*

2. Noun: *sand, gravel; sandy shore, sea-shore, beach.*

SANDBEORG

Noun: *sand-hill, sand-bank.*

SANDCEOSOL

Noun: *sand, gravel.*

SANDCORN

Noun: *grain of sand.*

SANDFUL

Adjective: *sandy.*

SANDGEWEORP

Noun: *sand-bank, quicksand.*

SANDGEWYRPE

Noun: *sand-heap.*

SANDGROT

Noun: *grain of sand.*

SANDHLIÐ

Noun: *sandy slope by the sea, hillock.*

SANDHOF

Noun: *house in the sand; grave, barrow.*

SANDHRICG

Noun: *sand-bank.*

SANDHYLL

Noun: *sand-hill.*

SANDIG

Adjective: *sandy.*

SANDIHT

Adjective: *sandy, dusty.*

SANDLAND

Noun: *sandy shore, sea-shore.*

SANDPYTT

Noun: *sand-pit.*

SANDRID

Noun: *quicksand.*

SANDSĒAÐ

Noun: *sand-pit.*

SANG

Noun: *chanting, singing, song; noise; poem, lay, psalm; the service on a saint's day.*

SANGBŌC

Noun: *music or singing book; service-book.*

SANGCRÆFT

Noun: *art of singing, composing poetry or playing an instrument; music.*

SANGDRĒAM

Noun: *music, song.*

SANGERE

Noun: *singer, poet, church-singer, canto.*

SANGESTRE

Noun: *songstress, female singer.*

SANGPĪPE

Noun: *musical pipe.*

SĀP

Noun: *amber, resin; unguent, pomade.*

SĀPBOX

Noun: *box for resin or soap.*

SĀPE

Noun: *soap; salve.*

SĀPERE

Noun: *soap-dealer.*

SĀR

1. Noun: *bodily pain, soreness, raw place, wound, sore; sickness; suffering, sorrow, affliction, grief, trouble, pang.*

2. Adjective: *sore, grievous, painful, wounding; distressing; sad.*

SARACENE

Noun: *Saracens.*

SARACENISC

Adjective: *Saracen.*

SĀRBENN

Noun: *painful sore or wound.*

SĀRBŌT

Noun: *compensation paid for wounding.*

SĀRCLĀÐ

Noun: *bandage for a wound.*

SĀRCRENE

Adjective: *disposed to soreness, tender.*

SĀRCWIDE

Noun: *taunt, reproach, injurious or affronting speech, bitter words; lament.*

SARDINIE

Noun: *the Sardinians, the people or the island of Sardinia.*

SĀRE

Adverb: *sorely, heavily; grievously, painfully; bitterly.*

SĀREGE

Noun: *grief, trouble.*

SĀRETTAN

Verb: *to grieve, lament; to complain.*

SĀRFERHÐ

Adjective: *sorrowful, sore at heart, wounded in spirit.*

SARGA

Noun: *kind of trumpet, clarion.*

SĀRGIAN

See *(ge)sārgian.*

SĀRGUNG

Noun: *grief, mourning, lamentation.*

SĀRIG

Adjective: *sorry, grieved, sad, sorrowful, mournful; bitter.*

SĀRIGCIERM

Noun: *wailing.*

SĀRIGFERHÐ

Adjective: *sad in heart or soul.*

SĀRIGLIC

Adjective: *sad, mournful, melancholy.*

SĀRIGMŌD

Adjective: *sad-hearted, dejected, mournful.*

SĀRIGNES

Noun: *sadness, grief.*

SĀRLIC

Adjective: *grievous, painful; sad, mournful, doleful; bitter, lamentable.*

SĀRLĪCE

Adverb: *grievously, painfully; mournfully; bitterly, lamentably; sorely, heavily.*

SARMONDISC

Adjective: *Sarmatian.*

SĀRNES

Noun: *bodily pain; suffering, distress, affliction, grief, pain.*

SĀRSĒOFUNG

Noun: *complaint.*

SĀRSLEGE

Noun: *painful or wounding blow.*

SĀRSPELL

Noun: *sad or sorrowful story, dolorous tale, lament; complaint.*

SĀRSTÆF

Noun: *insult, cutting word; reproach; abuse.*

SĀRWRACU

Noun: *grievous persecution; sore tribulation.*

SĀRWYLM

Noun: *pain, illness; painful burning, feverish heat.*

SATAN

Noun: *Satan.*

SATUREGE

Noun: *savory (plant).*

SATURNUS

Noun: *Saturn the god.*

SĀWAN

See *(ge)sāwan.*

SĀWELGESCOT

Noun: *soul-scot.*

SĀWEND

Noun: *sower.*

SĀWERE

Noun: *sower.*

SĀWLIAN

Verb: *to expire, give up the ghost.*

SĀWLUNG

Noun: *dying, expiring, giving up the ghost.*

SĀWOL

Noun: *soul, life; spirit; living being, human creature.*

SĀWOLBEREND

Noun: *human being, being with a soul.*

SĀWOLCUND

Adjective: *spiritual.*

SĀWOLDRĒOR

Noun: *life-blood.*

SĀWOLGEDĀL

Noun: *death, the parting of soul and body.*

SĀWOLHORD

Noun: *life, body; treasure of life.*

SĀWOLHŪS

Noun: *body, soul-house.*

SĀWOLLĒAS

Adjective: *soulless, lifeless.*

SĀWOLSCEAT

Noun: *ecclesiastical due, payment to the church on the death of a person.*

SĀWOLSCOT

Noun: *payment to the church on the death of a person.*

SĀWOLÞEARF

Noun: *soul's need, what is necessary or beneficial for the soul.*

SCACAN

Verb: *to flee, hurry off, go forth, depart; to shake, quiver; to move quickly, be flung, be displaced by shaking; to pass, proceed; to weave, brandish.*

SCĀDA

Noun: *top of the head, parting of the hair, crown of head.*

SCÆC

Noun: *fetters.*

SCÆGAN

Verb: *to jeer.*

SCǢNAN

See *(ge)scǣnan.*

SCAFA

Noun: *plane.*

SCAFAN

See *(ge)scafan.*

SCĀFFŌT

Adjective: *splay-footed.*

SCALD

Noun: *the Schelde.*

SCALDHŪLAS

Noun: *reed, some kind of sedge.*

SCAMFÆST

Adjective: *modest, shamefaced.*

SCAMFUL

Adjective: *modest, chaste.*

SCAMIAN

Verb: *to feel shame, be ashamed, blush; to cause shame; to be confounded; to confound.*

SCAMLĒAS

Adjective: *shameless, impudent; bold, immodest, wanton.*

SCAMLĒASLIC

Adjective: *shameless; wanton.*

SCAMLĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *shamelessly, impudently.*

SCAMLĒAST

Noun: *shamelessness, impudence, lasciviousness; immodesty.*

SCAMLIC

Adjective: *shameful, base, disgraceful, ignominious; modest, shamefaced, bashful.*

SCAMLĪCE

Adverb: *shamefully, disgracefully.*

SCAMLIM

Noun: *private member.*

SCAMOL

Noun: *bench, stool, footstool; table (of money-changers).*

SCAMU

Noun: *shame, disgrace, dishonour, insult; confusion; modesty, bashfulness; private parts.*

SCAMUNG

Noun: *shaming, disgrace.*

SCANCA

Noun: *shank, shin, the leg from the knee to the foot; the upper part of the leg, ham.*

SCANCBEND

Noun: *garter, band for the leg.*

SCANCFORAD

Adjective: *broken-legged.*

SCANCGEBEORG

Noun: *greave, protection for the leg.*

SCANCGEGIRELA

Noun: *garter, clothing for the leg, anklet.*

SCANCLĪRA

Noun: *calf of the leg.*

SCAND

1. Noun: *shame, disgrace, ignominy, infamy, scandal; shameful, infamous, or abominable thing; infamous person.*

2. Noun: *wretch, infamous person; recreant; impostor, charlatan, buffoon.*

3. Noun: *infamous person, bad woman.*

SCANDFUL

Adjective: *shameful, disgraceful; infamous, vile.*

SCANDHŪS

Noun: *house of ill fame, a brothel.*

SCANDLIC

Adjective: *shameful, disgraceful; infamous, vile, base, foul; unchaste, obscene.*

SCANDLĪCE

Adverb: *shamefully, disgracefully; infamously; opprobriously, insultingly, reproachfully; obscenely.*

SCANDLICNES

Noun: *shame, disgrace; dishonour, disgraceful act.*

SCANDLUFIENDE

Adjective: *loving shamelessly; loving shamefully.*

SCANDWORD

Noun: *abusive, blasphemous or obscene language; vile, foul or opprobrious word.*

SCANDWYRDE

Adjective: *slanderous.*

SCAPULARE

Noun: *short cloak, scapulary.*

SCAPULARIE

Noun: *scapulary.*

SCARIOTHISC

Adjective: *of Scariot.*

SCEABB

Noun: *scab.*

SCEABBEDE

Adjective: *purulent, having sores or scabs.*

SCEACDŌM

Noun: *flight, hurried departure.*

SCEACEL

Noun: *shackle; plectrum, instrument for causing vibrations, implement for striking the strings of a harp.*

SCĒACERE

Noun: *robber.*

SCEACGA

Noun: *rough hair, wool; hair of the head.*

SCEACGEDE

Adjective: *hairy, shaggy.*

SCEACNES

Noun: *escussio.*

SCĒAD

Noun: *separation, distinction, difference; discretion, discernment, understanding; reason, argument, statement; reckoning, account; accuracy; art, science; way, manner, method; shed.*

SCEAD

Noun: *shadow, shade; protection, shelter; stye.*

SCĒADAN

See *(ge)scēadan.*

SCEADD

Noun: *shad.*

SCEADDGENGE

Adjective: *seasonable for shad.*

SCĒADENMÆL

Adjective: *damascened (sword).*

SCĒADESEALF

Noun: *salve or powder that may be shed on a place.*

SCEADIHT

Adjective: *shady.*

SCEADLIC

Adjective: *shady.*

SCEADU

Noun: *shadow, shade, darkness; protection, shelter, arbour, shady place; scene.*

SCEADUGEARD

Noun: *shady place or enclosure.*

SCEADUGENGA

Noun: *one who walks or wanders in darkness.*

SCEADUHELM

Noun: *darkness, the cover of night.*

SCEADWIAN

Verb: *to protect, cover with shadow.*

SCEADWIG

Adjective: *shady.*

SCĒADWĪS

See *(ge)scēadwīs.*

SCĒADWĪSLIC

See *(ge)scēadwīslic.*

SCĒADWĪSLĪCE

See *(ge)scēadwīslīce.*

SCĒADWĪSNES

Noun: *reason, sagacity, discretion; discrimination, separation; reckoning.*

SCEADWUNG

Noun: *overshadowing; something giving shade.*

SCĒAF

Noun: *sheaf (of corn), bundle (of herbs).*

SCĒAFA

Noun: *the name of a king of the Lombards.*

SCĒAFMÆLUM

Adverb: *into bundles or shaves.*

SCEAFOÐA

Noun: *chip, shaving, slip, scraping.*

SCEAFT

Noun: *stick, pole, shaft, staff; spear; shaft of a spear or arrow; creature, created being, existence; origin, creation, construction.*

SCEAFTESBURH

Noun: *Shaftesbury in Dorset.*

SCEAFTLŌ

Noun: *spear-strap, strap attached to the shaft of a missile.*

SCEAFTMUND

Noun: *span.*

SCEAFTRIHT

Adverb: *in a straight line.*

SCEAFTRIHTE

Adverb: *in a straight line.*

SCEAGA

Noun: *copse, small wood, thicket.*

SCEALC

Noun: *man, youth; servant, retainer, soldier, subject; member of a crew, sailor.*

SCEALD

Adjective: *shallow.*

SCEALDÐŸFEL

Noun: *thicket.*

SCEALFOR

Noun: *diver (bird), cormorant.*

SCEALFRA

Noun: *diver (bird), cormorant.*

SCEALGA

Noun: *the name of a fish, roach, rudd.*

SCEALLAN

Noun: *testicles.*

SCEALU

Noun: *shell, husk; platter, dish, cup; scale of a balance.*

SCĒAM

Noun: *white or pale grey horse.*

SCEAMFÆSTNESS

Noun: *modesty.*

SCEAMFULLNESS

Noun: *modesty.*

SCEAMIGENDLIC

Adjective: *causing shame; pl. as a Noun: private parts.*

SCEAMM

Adjective: *short.*

SCEAP

See *(ge)sceap.*

SCĒAP

Noun: *sheep.*

SCĒAPÆTERE

Noun: *carcase of a sheep.*

SCĒAPEN

Adjective: *of a sheep.*

SCĒAPHĀM

Noun: *sheepfold.*

SCĒAPHEORD

Noun: *flock of sheep.*

SCĒAPHEORDEN

Noun: *shed, hovel.*

SCEAPHWĪL

Noun: *fated hour.*

SCĒAPHYRDE

Noun: *shepherd.*

SCĒAPĪG

Noun: *sheepy.*

SCĒAPLIC

Adjective: *of a sheep.*

SCĒAPSCEARU

Noun: *sheep-shearing.*

SCĒAPWÆSCE

Noun: *place for washing sheep; place-name in Sheepwash, in Worcestershire.*

SCĒAPWĪC

Noun: *sheepfold.*

SCEAR

Noun: *ploughshare.*

SCEARBĒAM

Noun: *wood to which the ploughshare is fixed.*

SCEARD

1. Noun: *incision, cleft, notch, gap; shard, potsherd, sherd; tile.*

2. Adjective: *cut, mutilated; notched, hacked, gashed, having gaps or rifts; deprived, bereft of.*

SCEARDHWEOGOL

Noun: *circle made of shards.*

SCEARFIAN

See *(ge)scearfian.*

SCEARFLIAN

Verb: *to scrape, cut into shreds.*

SCEARFUNG

Noun: *scraping, scarifying.*

SCEARIAN

Verb: *to grant, allot.*

SCEARN

Noun: *dung-muck, filth.*

SCEARNBUDDA

Noun: *dung-beetle.*

SCEARNIG

Adjective: *dirty.*

SCEARNWIBBA

Noun: *dung-beetle.*

SCEARNWIFEL

Noun: *dung-beetle.*

SCEARP

Adjective: *sharp, pointed, prickly; keen, acute, shrewd; severe, rough, harsh, biting; active, strenuous; sharp to the taste, acid, acrid; (of things) effectual, penetrating; brave.*

SCEARPE

1. Adverb: *sharply, keenly; referring to seeing, observing.*

2. Noun: *scarification.*

SCEARPECGED

Adjective: *sharp-edged.*

SCEARPIAN

Verb: *to score, scarify, make an incision in the skin.*

SCEARPLIC

Adjective: *sharp, keen, severe; searching; effectual.*

SCEARPLĪCE

Adverb: *sharply, keenly, acutely; painfully, severely; effectually; attentively; quickly, smartly.*

SCEARPNES

Noun: *sharpness, acuteness, keen observation; tartness, pungency, acidity, effrontery; efficacy; roughness of surface.*

SCEARPNUMOL

Adjective: *effective, efficacious.*

SCEARPSĪENE

Adjective: *keen or sharp-sighted.*

SCEARPSMĒAWUNG

Noun: *argument, sharp or strict examination.*

SCEARPÐANCFULLĪCE

Adverb: *efficaciously.*

SCEARPÐANCLĪCE

Adverb: *efficaciously, effectually; acutely.*

SCEARPÐANCOL

Adjective: *acute, subtle; keen, quick-witted.*

SCEARPUNG

Noun: *scarifying.*

SCĒARRA

Noun: *shears, scissors.*

SCEARSEAX

Noun: *razor.*

SCEARU

1. Noun: *shaving, cutting shearing, tonsure (ecclesiastical).*

2. Noun: *the share, groin.*

SCEARWUND

1. Adjective: *wounded in the groin or in the share.*

2. See *cearwund.*

SCĒAT

Noun: *corner, angle, edge, promontory, projection; nook, quarter, district, region, surface (of the Earth); covering, cloth, garment, napkin, sheet, cloak; lap, bosom, fold; inlet, bay, creek.*

SCĒATA

Noun: *corner, angle; lap, bosom; lower corner of a sail; cloth, napkin.*

SCĒATCOD

Noun: *sack, bag, wallet.*

SCEATLĪNE

Noun: *sheet of a sail; rope fastened to the lower end of a sail.*

SCEATT

Noun: *property, goods, coin, money, treasure, wealth; price, payment, tribute, tax, reward, bribe; rent, mortgage-money; coin, denarius, twentieth part of a shilling.*

SCEATWYRPAN

Verb: *to make the payment to the bridegroom on which the bride passes into his power from that of the father.*

SCĒAÐ

Noun: *sheath, spike, nail.*

SCEAÐA

Noun: *wretch, injurious person, miscreant, criminal, thief, robber, assassin; antagonist, spoiler, enemy; devil, fiend; warrior; harm, injury, scathe.*

SCEAÐEL

Noun: *shuttle.*

SCEAÐFUL

Adjective: *hurtful.*

SCEAÐIAN

See *(ge)sceaðian.*

SCĒAÐIAN

Verb: *to sheathe.*

SCEAÐIG

Adjective: *injurious.*

SCEAÐÐIGNES

Noun: *injury, harm.*

SCEAÐU

Noun: *injury.*

SCEAÐUNG

Noun: *injury, damage.*

SCĒAWENDSPRÆC

Noun: *buffoonery; speech of the theatre.*

SCĒAWENDWĪSE

Noun: *jesting song, buffoon or jester's song.*

SCĒAWERE

Noun: *observer, watchman, spectator, spy; mirror; actor, buffoon.*

SCĒAWIAN

See *(ge)scēawian.*

SCĒAWIGEND

Noun: *spectator, observer.*

SCĒAWUNG

Noun: *consideration, contemplation, examination, surveying, reconnoitring; respect, regard; appearance, spectacle, show.*

SCĒAWUNGSTŌW

Noun: *place of observation; Sion.*

SCECGAN

Verb: *to project, jut out; to be distinguished.*

SCEGÐ

Noun: *light, swift vessel or ship.*

SCEGÐMANN

Noun: *sailor, pirate; Viking, Dane.*

SCĒLA

Noun: *hut on summer pasture.*

SCELFAN

Verb: *to shake, quiver, totter.*

SCELLE

Noun: *separation, cutting off; discretion.*

SCELTIFĒRE

Noun: *the Celtiberians.*

SCENC

See *(ge)scenc.*

SCENCAN

See *(ge)scencan.*

SCENCEN

Noun: *pig's shank.*

SCENCINGCUPPE

Noun: *cup, jug.*

SCENDAN

See *(ge)scendan.*

SCENDLE

Noun: *reproach; abuse.*

SCENDUNG

Noun: *reproach, affliction; harm, abuse.*

SCENN

Noun: *plate of metal on the handle of a sword.*

SCĒO

1. Noun: *cloud.*

2. See *scōh.*

3. See *scēoh* (1).

SCĒOH

1. Adjective: *shy, timid; fearful; wanton.*

2. See *scōh.*

SCĒOHMŌD

Adjective: *timid; fearful of heart.*

SCEOL

Adjective: *oblique, awry, squinting; wry.*

SCEOLHĒGE

Adjective: *cross-eyed, squinting.*

SCEOLHĒGEDE

Adjective: *cross-eyed, squinting.*

SCĒON

See *(ge)scēon.*

SCEOPPA

Noun: *booth or shed for trade or work, shop.*

SCEORF

Noun: *skin disease, scurf.*

SCEORFAN

Verb: *to bite, gnaw, scarify.*

SCEORFENDE

Adjective: *rough, scabby.*

SCEORP

Noun: *clothing, apparel, dress, equipment; ornament; fittings (for a ship?).*

SCEORPAN

See *(ge)sceorpan.*

SCĒOT

See *(ge)scēot.*

SCEOTA

Noun: *trout; shoat.*

SCĒOTAN

See *(ge)scēotan.*

SCĒOTEND

Noun: *warrior, bowman.*

SCEPPE

Noun: *dry measure.*

SCERNICGE

Noun: *actress, female jester.*

SCERRAN

Verb: *to harness (an animal) to sth.*

SCERWEN

Noun: *giving, sharing, scattering.*

SCEÐDÆD

Noun: *misdeed, crime.*

SCEÐNES

Noun: *harm, hurt, injury, damage.*

SCEÐÐAN

See *(ge)sceððan.*

SCEÐÐEND

Noun: *adversary, foe.*

SCEÐÐIG

Adjective: *hurtful, noxious; guilty.*

SCEÐÐU

Noun: *hurt, injury.*

SCEÐWRÆC

Adjective: *hurtful, noxious; hostile, wicked.*

SCĪA

Noun: *shin, leg.*

SCICCELS

Noun: *coat, cloak, mantle.*

SCICCING

Noun: *cloak, mantle, cape.*

SCĪD

1. Noun: *shingle, thin slip of wood, billet.*

2. Noun: *course.*

SCĪDHRĒAC

Noun: *rick of heap of firewood, shingles or billets.*

SCĪDWEALL

Noun: *wooden fence, palings.*

SCIELD

Noun: *protector, shield; protection, defence; part of a bird's plumage.*

SCIELDAN

See *(ge)scieldan.*

SCIELL

1. Noun: *shell, shell-fish, shell-shaped; scale (of a fish, a snake...).*

2. Adjective: *sonorous, shrill.*

SCIELLAN

Verb: *to sound, make a noise.*

SCIELLFISC

Noun: *shell-fish.*

SCIELLIHT

Adjective: *having a shell.*

SCĪENE

Adjective: *bright, brilliant, light, fair, beautiful.*

SCĪENES

Noun: *suggestion, instigation, persuasion, incitement.*

SCIEPPAN

See *(ge)scieppan.*

SCIEPPEND

See *(ge)scieppend.*

SCIERAN

See *(ge)scieran.*

SCIERDEN

Adjective: *of sherds or tiles.*

SCIERING

Noun: *shaving, shearing.*

SCIERPAN

See *(ge)scierpan.*

SCĪETE

1. Noun: *cloth, towel, shroud.*

2. See *scȳte.*

SCIFTAN

Verb: *to divide, distribute, allot, share, separate into shares; to place, order, arrange, ordain, appoint.*

SCILD

Noun: *name of the ancestor of the Danish kings.*

SCILDBURH

Noun: *place of refuge, shield-wall; roof of shields, testudo; phalanx.*

SCILDEN

Noun: *protection.*

SCILDEND

See *(ge)scildend.*

SCILDERE

See *(ge)scildere.*

SCILDFRECA

Noun: *warrior, warrior with a shield.*

SCILDHETE

Noun: *enemy, foe.*

SCILDHRĒOÐA

Noun: *shielder, buckler; shield-covering, testudo; phalanx.*

SCILDINGAS

Noun: *The descendants of Scild, or more generally the Danes.*

SCILDNES

See *(ge)scildnes.*

SCILDTRUMA

Noun: *company, body of troops; testudo; phalanx.*

SCILDUNG

Noun: *protection, shielding.*

SCILDWEALL

Noun: *shield-wall, shields held by a line of soldiers.*

SCILDWIGA

Noun: *warrior, warrior who bears a shield.*

SCILDWYRHTA

Noun: *shield-maker.*

SCILFINGAS

Noun: *Swedish royal family, the Swedes.*

SCILFOR

Adjective: *yellow, golden.*

SCILIAN

Verb: *to part, separate, remove.*

SCILLING

1. Noun: *shilling (uncoined English money), silver coin.*

2. Noun: *the name of a poet.*

SCILLINGRĪM

Noun: *count or reckoning by shillings.*

SCĪMA

Noun: *ray, light; brightness, effulgence, splendour; twilight, gloom, shadow.*

SCIMERIAN

Verb: *to shine, shimmer, glisten.*

SCĪMIAN

Verb: *to shine, glisten; to dim, grow dark or dusky; to be dazzled or bleared.*

SCĪNAN

Verb: *to shine, flash, be resplendent.*

SCINBĀN

Noun: *shin-bone; skin.*

SCINDEL

Noun: *shingle.*

SCĪNEFRIAN

Verb: *to glitter.*

SCĪNENDE

Adjective: *shining, brilliant; eminent, distinguished.*

SCĪNENDLIC

Adjective: *shining, bright, clear.*

SCĪNFELD

Noun: *Elysian fields, Tempe.*

SCĪNGEDWOLA

Noun: *phantom, delusion produced by magic.*

SCINHOSU

Noun: *greave, shin-hose, covering for the lower part of the leg.*

SCINN

1. Noun: *spectre, phantom, evil spirit; illusion, magical, extraordinary or deceptive image.*

2. Noun: *skin.*

3. Noun: *brightness, shine.*

SCINNA

Noun: *spectre, phantom, evil spirit; illusion, magical image.*

SCINNCRÆFT

Noun: *magic, sorcery; magical apparatus.*

SCINNCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *magical.*

SCINNCRÆFTIGA

Noun: *magician, sorcerer.*

SCINNERE

Noun: *magician, one who produces deceptive appearances.*

SCĪNNES

1. Noun: *brightness, radiance, splendour.*

2. See *scīenes.*

SCINNGELĀC

Noun: *magical practice, jugglery.*

SCINNHĪW

Noun: *spectre, phantom, form produced by magic; illusion, phantasm.*

SCINNLĀC

1. Noun: *magic, sorcery, necromancy; apparition, spectre, phantom; delusion, superstition; frenzy, rage.*

2. See *scinnlæce* (1).

SCINNLÆCA

Noun: *magician, sorcerer, wizard; necromancer.*

SCINNLÆCE

1. Adjective: *magical, spectral, phantasmal.*

2. Noun: *sorceress, witch, a woman who practises magic.*

SCINNLIC

Adjective: *spectral, phantasmal, of the nature of an apparition.*

SCINNSĒOC

Adjective: *haunted by apparitions or spectres.*

SCINU

Noun: *shin.*

SCIP

Noun: *ship.*

SCIPĀC

Noun: *oak for shipbuilding.*

SCIPBERENDE

Adjective: *carrying ships.*

SCIPBROC

Noun: *trouble, hardship or labour on ship-board.*

SCIPBRUCOL

Adjective: *destructive to shipping, causing shipwreck.*

SCIPBRYCE

Noun: *ship-wreck, right to claim wreckage.*

SCIPBȳME

Noun: *ship-trumpet.*

SCIPCRÆFT

Noun: *naval force, strength in ships.*

SCIPDRINCENDE

Adjective: *shipwrecked, drowning; making shipwreck.*

SCIPE

Noun: *pay, wage, stipend; position, rank; condition, state; office, dignity.*

SCIPEN

Noun: *shippon, stall, cattle-shed.*

SCIPERE

Noun: *shipman, sailor.*

SCIPFÆRELD

Noun: *voyage.*

SCIPFÆT

Noun: *vessel in the form of a ship.*

SCIPFAREND

Noun: *ship-farer, sailor.*

SCIPFĒREND

Noun: *sailor.*

SCIPFIERD

Noun: *naval force or expedition, fleet.*

SCIPFLOTA

Noun: *sailor, pirate.*

SCIPFORÐUNG

Noun: *equipment or preparation of ships.*

SCIPFULTUM

Noun: *naval aid or force.*

SCIPFYLLEÐ

Noun: *private jurisdiction exercised over a group of three hundreds.*

SCIPFYRDUNG

Noun: *naval force or expedition, fleet.*

SCIPFYRÐRUNG

Noun: *equipment or fitting out of ships.*

SCIPGEBROC

Noun: *shipwreck.*

SCIPGEFÆR

Noun: *sailing, navigation, going by ship.*

SCIPGEFEOHT

Noun: *a naval battle or war.*

SCIPGETĀWU

Noun: *tackling or furniture of a ship.*

SCIPGYLD

Noun: *ship-money or tax, tax to supply funds for the maintenance of a fleet.*

SCIPHAMOR

Noun: *hammer for giving a signal to rowers.*

SCIPHERE

Noun: *naval force, fleet, collection of skips of war; squadron; crew of a warship.*

SCIPHERELIC

Adjective: *naval, relating to a fleet.*

SCIPHLÆDER

Noun: *ship's ladder, ladder for passing from a ship to the shore.*

SCIPHLÆST

Noun: *ship-load or crew, body of men on a ship; ship of burden, transport.*

SCIPHLĀFORD

Noun: *ship-master, skipper.*

SCIPIAN

See *(ge)scipian.*

SCIPINCEL

Noun: *little ship.*

SCIPLĀD

Noun: *sailing, navigating, journeying by sea.*

SCIPLIC

Adjective: *naval, relating to a fleet.*

SCIPLIÐ

Noun: *naval force.*

SCIPLĪÐEND

Noun: *seaman, one who goes in a ship; voyager.*

SCIPLĪÐENDE

Adjective: *sailing, going in a skip.*

SCIPMÆRLS

Noun: *ship-rope, cable.*

SCIPMANN

Noun: *shipman, sailor, mariner, rower; one who goes on trading voyages.*

SCIPRĀP

Noun: *ship-rope, cable.*

SCIPRĒÐRA

Noun: *rower, sailor.*

SCIPRŌÐOR

Noun: *oar or rudder for a ship.*

SCIPRŌWEND

Noun: *rower, sailor; one of the crew.*

SCIPRYNE

Noun: *passage or channel for ships.*

SCIPSETL

Noun: *bench or seat for rowers.*

SCIPSŌCN

Noun: *private jurisdiction exercised over a group of three hundreds.*

SCIPSTEALL

Noun: *place for ships.*

SCIPSTĒORA

Noun: *steerman, pilot.*

SCIPSTEORRA

Noun: *the Pole-star.*

SCIPTEARA

Noun: *ship-tar, pitch, bitumen.*

SCIPTEARO

Noun: *bitumen, ship-tar, pitch.*

SCIPTOLL

Noun: *passage money.*

SCIPWEALH

Noun: *servant whose service is connected with ships, one liable to serve in the fleet; Welsh sailor.*

SCIPWEARD

Noun: *ship-master.*

SCIPWERED

Noun: *crew of a vessel.*

SCIPWĪSAN

Adverb: *like a ship.*

SCIPWĪSE

Noun: *fashion or form of a ship.*

SCIPWRÆC

Noun: *what is cast up from a wreck, jetsam.*

SCIPWYRHTA

Noun: *shipwright.*

SCĪR

1. Noun: *office, appointment, charge, business, administration, government; authority, supremacy; diocese, see, parish; district, province, shire; tribe.*

2. Adjective: *bright, shining, gleaming, glittering, resplendent, brilliant, lustrous, splendid; clear, translucent, transparent, limpid; (of wine) pure, neat; pure, unmixed; morally clear, pure; white.*

SCĪRAN

See *(ge)scīran.*

SCĪRBASU

Adjective: *bright purple.*

SCĪRBISCEOP

Noun: *bishop of a shire or diocese.*

SCĪRE

1. Adverb: *brightly, clearly; mightily.*

2. Noun: *enclosure, precinct, cartilage.*

SCĪRECG

Adjective: *keen-edged.*

SCIRFEMŪS

Noun: *shrew-mouse.*

SCĪRGEMŌT

Noun: *shire-moot, meeting of the duly qualified men of a shire.*

SCĪRGERĒFA

Noun: *sheriff, shire-reeve, judicial president of a shire.*

SCĪRGESCEATT

Noun: *properly of a see.*

SCĪRHAM

Adjective: *clad in bright armour or mail.*

SCIRIAN

See *(ge)scirian.*

SCIRIENDLIC

Adjective: *derivative.*

SCĪRLETT

Noun: *piece or measure of land.*

SCĪRMÆLED

Adjective: *brightly adorned or marked, bright with inlaid ornaments.*

SCĪRMANN

Noun: *official, officer, ruler, sheriff, prefect, procurator, steward, governor of a shire, one who discharges the duties of a scīr; inhabitant of a district.*

SCĪRNES

Noun: *elucidation, explanation, declaration.*

SCIRTE

Noun: *piece of land cut off.*

SCĪRÐEGEN

Noun: *thane of a shire.*

SCIRUNG

Noun: *separation, dismission, rejection.*

SCIRWÆTER

Noun: *water forming a boundary.*

SCĪRWERED

Adjective: *bright, clear.*

SCĪRWITA

Noun: *chief man of a shire.*

SCĪTAN

Verb: *to shoot (of a plant), flourish.*

SCITERE

Noun: *sewer.*

SCITOL

Adjective: *purgative.*

SCITTE

Noun: *purging; looseness of the bowels, diarrhœa.*

SCIÐÐEAS

Noun: *the Scythians, Scythia.*

SCIÐÐIE

Noun: *Scythia.*

SCŌCNYLL

Noun: *signal for putting on shoes.*

SCŌERE

Noun: *shoemaker.*

SCOFETTAN

Verb: *to drive hither and thither.*

SCOFL

Noun: *shovel.*

SCŌGAN

Verb: *to shoe, put on (one's) shoes, furnish with shoes.*

SCŌH

Noun: *shoe.*

SCŌHNÆGL

Noun: *shoe-nail.*

SCŌHÐĒN

Noun: *shoe-cleaner.*

SCŌHÐWANG

Noun: *shoe-thong or latchet, bootlace.*

SCŌHWYRHTA

Noun: *shoemaker; leatherworker.*

SCŌL

Noun: *school; band or troop of people; shoal.*

SCŌLERE

Noun: *scholar, learner.*

SCŌLMANN

Noun: *scholar; client; follower, one who belongs to a band.*

SCOLU

1. Noun: *troop, band, multitude, host; shoal (of fishes).*

2. See *scōl.*

SCŌMHYLTE

Noun: *brushwood, shrubbery, thicket, copse; shady wood.*

SCOMLIC

Adjective: *short.*

SCŌNĒG

Noun: *Skaane, a district forming the southernmost part of the Scandinavian peninsula.*

SCOP

Noun: *singer, poet.*

SCOPCRÆFT

Noun: *poetry, poet's art.*

SCOPGEREORD

Noun: *poetical language or diction.*

SCOPLĒOÐ

Noun: *poem.*

SCOPLIC

Adjective: *poetic.*

SCORA

1. Noun: *hairy garment.*

2. Noun: *shore, bank.*

SCOREN

Adjective: *abrupt.*

SCORIAN

Verb: *to refuse, reject an offer, repudiate; to jut out, project.*

SCORT

Adjective: *short, not long, not tall; brief, short-lived, not occupying much time.*

SCORTIAN

See *(ge)scortian.*

SCORTLIC

Adjective: *short (of time), brief, not lasting.*

SCORTLĪCE

Adverb: *shortly, briefly, soon, before long; compendiously.*

SCORTNES

Noun: *shortness, small amount; summary, abstract; short space of time; short account, epitome.*

SCORTWYRPLIC

Adjective: *of early fulfilment, shortly coming to pass; soon effecting an improvement.*

SCORU

Noun: *score.*

SCOT

See *(ge)scot.*

SCOTERE

Noun: *warrior, one who shoots or hurls.*

SCOTFRĒO

Adjective: *scot-free, free of tribute or imposts.*

SCOTIAN

See *(ge)scotian.*

SCOTLAND

Noun: *Ireland; Scotland.*

SCOTLĪRA

Noun: *calf, fleshy part of the leg.*

SCOTSPERE

Noun: *spear for hurling, dart, javelin.*

SCOTTAS

Noun: *the Scots of Ireland or Scotland.*

SCOTTETTAN

Verb: *to move about quickly; to dance, leap.*

SCOTUNG

Noun: *shooting, darting, flashing; missile, what is shot.*

SCŌUNG

Noun: *provision of shoes.*

SCRĀD

Noun: *moving body, vessel; body of travellers.*

SCRÆB

Noun: *cormorant, some kind of bird.*

SCRÆF

See *(ge)scræf.*

SCRÆFEN

Noun: *place with caves.*

SCRĒMAN

Verb: *to scream.*

SCRÆTTE

Noun: *adulteress, prostitute, harlot.*

SCRALLETTAN

Verb: *to sound loudly.*

SCRAPIAN

Verb: *to scrape.*

SCRĒAD

Noun: *shred, scrap, piece cut off, paring, cutting; screed.*

SCRĒADIAN

See *(ge)scrēadian.*

SCRĒADUNG

Noun: *shred, cutting, fragment, what is cut off, paring; pruning, trimming; leaving of food.*

SCRĒADUNGĪSEN

Noun: *pruning-knife, instrument for pruning or trimming.*

SCRĒAWA

Noun: *shrew-mouse.*

SCREMMAN

Verb: *to cause to stumble, put a stumbling-block in a person's way.*

SCRENCAN

See *(ge)screncan.*

SCRĒON

Verb: *to cry out, proclaim.*

SCREPAN

Verb: *to scrape, scratch; to prepare.*

SCRĒPAN

Verb: *to waste away, wither; to become dry, withered.*

SCRĒPE

See *(ge)scrēpe.*

SCRĒPELĪCE

See *(ge)scrēpelīce.*

SCREPU

Noun: *strigil, curry-comb.*

SCRĪC

Noun: *kind of thrush, shrike, screech.*

SCRICCETTAN

Verb: *to screech.*

SCRID

Noun: *vehicle, carriage, chariot, litter.*

SCRIDEFINNAS

Noun: *people who inhabited the present Russian Lapland.*

SCRIDWÆN

Noun: *chariot; curule chair.*

SCRIDWĪSA

Noun: *charioteer.*

SCRĪFAN

See *(ge)scrīfan.*

SCRIFREN

Adjective: *painted.*

SCRIFT

Noun: *prescribed penalty or penance; confession followed by penance, shrift; absolution; confessor; judge.*

SCRIFTÆCER

Noun: *land whose yield served as payment for a priest.*

SCRIFTBŌC

Noun: *book of penances or on penance, a penitential.*

SCRIFTSCĪR

Noun: *confessor's area of jurisdiction; diocese.*

SCRIFTSPRÆC

Noun: *confession.*

SCRIMMAN

Verb: *to shrink, contract; to draw up.*

SCRĪN

Noun: *chest, coffer, casket, box in which precious things are kept; shrine; cage (for criminals).*

SCRINCAN

See *(ge)scrincan.*

SCRIND

Noun: *swiftness.*

SCRĪPEN

Adjective: *austerus.*

SCRIPENDE

Adjective: *austerus.*

SCRIPP

Noun: *scrip, bag.*

SCRIPPA

Noun: *rough ground.*

SCRITTA

Noun: *hermaphrodite.*

SCRĪÐAN

Verb: *to go, move, glide; to wander, go hither and thither, go about.*

SCRIÐE

Noun: *course, orbit.*

SCROBBES-BURH

Noun: *Shrewsbury.*

SCROBBESBYRIGSCĪR

Noun: *Shropshire.*

SCROBSÆTE

Noun: *the men of Shropshire; Shropshire.*

SCROFEL

Noun: *scrofula.*

SCRŪD

Noun: *clothing, garment, vestment, dress, attire, article of dress.*

SCRŪDELSHŪS

Noun: *sacristy, vestry.*

SCRŪDFEOH

Noun: *money for buying clothes.*

SCRŪDFULTUM

Noun: *grant towards providing clothes.*

SCRŪDLAND

Noun: *land bequeathed as provision for clothing.*

SCRŪDWARU

Noun: *garb, habit, dress.*

SCRŪTNERE

Noun: *examiner, investigator.*

SCRŪTNIAN

Verb: *to examine carefully, scrutinize, investigate; to consider.*

SCRŪTNUNG

Noun: *search, investigation, enquiry, examination.*

SCRYBB

Noun: *scrub, brushwood, underwood, shrubbery.*

SCRŸDAN

See *(ge)scrŷdan.*

SCRYNCE

Adjective: *withered.*

SCUA

Noun: *shadow, shade, darkness; protection; devil, demon.*

SCUCCA

Noun: *sprite; evil spirit, devil, demon; Satan, Beelzebub.*

SCUCCEN

Adjective: *devilish, diabolic.*

SCUCCGYLD

Noun: *idol.*

SCŪDAN

Verb: *to run, hurry; to shake, tremble, shiver, shudder.*

SCŪFAN

Verb: *to push, shove, thrust; to urge, impel; to push out, expel, deliver up; to display; to move to, go.*

SCUFRÆGL

Noun: *pullable curtains.*

SCULAN

Verb: *to owe; to be obliged or forced, must, have to; shall, ought, bound to as being fit, right or proper; to do appointed work, carry out an agreement.*

SCULDOR

Noun: *shoulder.*

SCULDORHRÆGL

Noun: *cape, garment to cover the shoulder.*

SCULDORWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the shoulders.*

SCUNIAN

See *(ge)scunian.*

SCUNUNG

Noun: *abomination.*

SCŪR

Noun: *shower, storm of rain, snow or hail, tempest; breeze; shower of blows or missiles; trouble, commotion, disquiet.*

SCŪRA

Noun: *shower (of rain).*

SCŪRBEORG

Noun: *roof, shelter against storm.*

SCŪRBOGA

Noun: *rainbow.*

SCŪRFĀH

Adjective: *rainy, stormy, tempestuous.*

SCŪRHEARD

Adjective: *made hard by blows (epithet of a sword).*

SCŪRSCEADU

Noun: *protection against storms.*

SCUTEL

1. Noun: *dish, platter.*

2. See *scytel* (1).

3. See *scytel* (2).

SCŪWAN

Verb: *to shade.*

SCŸAN

Verb: *to prompt, urge, persuade, incite, tempt, suggest.*

SCYDD

Noun: *alluvial ground, twist on a hill-side.*

SCYFE

Noun: *shove, pushing, furtherance, instigation, prompting, precipitation.*

SCYFELE

Noun: *woman's hood, head-dress.*

SCYHTAN

Verb: *to impel, prompt, instigate, urge.*

SCYLCEN

Noun: *female of servant or slave, concubine; woman of bad character.*

SCYLD

See *(ge)scyld.*

SCYLDFRECU

Noun: *wicked craving, guilty greed.*

SCYLDFUL

Adjective: *sinful, wicked, criminal; guilty, culpable.*

SCYLDHATA

Noun: *enemy, one who hates wrongfully.*

SCYLDIAN

Verb: *to sin, commit a fault.*

SCYLDIG

Adjective: *sinful, criminal; responsible, liable, chargeable with an ill result, guilty; in debt to, bound by an obligation; liable to forfeiture; liable to or deserving of punishment.*

SCYLDIGIAN

Verb: *to sin.*

SCYLDIGNES

Noun: *guilt, guiltiness.*

SCYLDIGUNG

Noun: *criminal charge, sum demanded as wergeld.*

SCYLDLÆTA

Noun: *bailiff, one who demands a due or debt.*

SCYLDLĒAS

Adjective: *guiltless.*

SCYLDWĪTE

Noun: *fine for a crime of violence.*

SCYLDWRECCENDE

Noun: *avenging sin, punishing guilt.*

SCYLDWYRCENDE

Adjective: *evil-doing, committing sin or guilt.*

SCYLF

Noun: *peak, crag, tor (in local names), shelf, ledge; tower, turret, pinnacle.*

SCYLFE

Noun: *ledge, shelf; floor.*

SCYLFIG

Adjective: *rocky, craggy, shaly.*

SCYLFRUNG

Noun: *shaking, swinging, balancing; glittering.*

SCYLIDIAN

Verb: *to accuse.*

SCYLLAN

Verb: *to cause to sound, sound loudly, resound; divide off, separate (DOE).*

SCYLTUMEND

Noun: *helper.*

SCȳN

1. Verb: *to shy.*

2. See *scȳan.*

SCYNDAN

Verb: *to hurry, hasten; to impel, drive forward; to urge, incite, exhort.*

SCYNDEL

Noun: *disreputable person.*

SCYNDENDLĪCE

Adverb: *hastily, hurriedly.*

SCYNDNES

Noun: *persuasion, incitement, prompting.*

SCYNN

Noun: *skin, fur.*

SCYP

1. Noun: *patch, clout.*

2. See *scip.*

SCYPGESCEOT

Noun: *ship-scot.*

SCYPIAN

Verb: *to take shape.*

SCȳR

1. Noun: *hut,*

2. See *scīr* (1).

3. See *scīr* (2).

SCYRDAN

See *(ge)scyrdan.*

SCYRFT

Adjective: *scraping.*

SCȳRMÆLUM

Adverb: *stormily.*

SCYRTAN

See *(ge)scyrtan.*

SCYRTE

Noun: *skirt, kirtle, short garment.*

SCYRTING

Noun: *shortening, abridgement, abstract, epitome.*

SCȳTE

Noun: *sheet, piece of linen cloth.*

SCYTE

Noun: *shooting, hurling; shot, dart, javelin; blow; one who shoots or hurls, soldier.*

SCYTEFINGER

Noun: *forefinger, arrow-finger.*

SCYTEHEALD

Adjective: *inclined, sloping, precipitous, oblique.*

SCYTEHEALDEN

Adjective: *inclined, sloping, precipitous, oblique.*

SCYTEL

1. Noun: *dart, missile, arrow; tongue of a balance.*

2. Noun: *excrement, dung.*

SCYTERÆS

Noun: *headlong rush.*

SCYTERE

Noun: *shooter, archer; one that moves swiftly.*

SCYTTA

Noun: *shooter, archer.*

SCYTTAN

Verb: *to bolt, shut to, cause rapid movement; to discharge (a debt), pay off.*

SCYTTEL

Noun: *bar, bolt.*

SCYTTELS

Noun: *bar, bolt.*

SCYTTISC

1. Adjective: *Scottish, Scotch; Irish.*

2. Noun: *Irish or Scotch language.*

SCYÐÐISC

Adjective: *Scythian.*

SE

Demonstrative/Article: *which, who.*

SEALDNES

See *(ge)sealdnes.*

SEALF

Noun: *medicament; salve, ointment, unguent.*

SEALFBOX

Noun: *salve-box, box for ointment.*

SEALFCYNN

Noun: *ointment, unguent.*

SEALFIAN

See *(ge)sealfian.*

SEALFLÆCNUNG

Noun: *curing by salves, ointments, unguents; pharmacy.*

SEALH

Noun: *willow, sallow; sally.*

SEALHANGRA

Noun: *willow-hanger, meadow where sallows grow.*

SEALHBEORH

Noun: *hill where sallows grow.*

SEALHRIND

Noun: *sallow- or willow-bark.*

SEALHWUDU

Noun: *Selwood.*

SEALHYRST

Noun: *sallow- or willow-copse.*

SEALM

Noun: *psalm, song; the psalms of David.*

SEALMA

Noun: *bed, couch.*

SEALMBŌC

Noun: *psalter.*

SEALMCWIDE

Noun: *psalm.*

SEALMFÆT

Noun: *psalm-vessel.*

SEALMGETÆL

Noun: *tale or number of psalms.*

SEALMGLĪG

Noun: *psalmody, psaltery.*

SEALMIAN

Verb: *to play on the harp (and sing).*

SEALMLĒOÐ

Noun: *psalm.*

SEALMLOF

Noun: *psalm.*

SEALMLOFIAN

Verb: *to sing psalms.*

SEALMSANG

Noun: *psalm; psalmody, composition or singing of psalms; psaltery; one of the canonical hours.*

SEALMSANGERE

Noun: *psalmist.*

SEALMSANGMÆRSUNG

Noun: *psalm-singing in the canonical hours.*

SEALMSCOP

Noun: *psalmist (generally the psalmist David).*

SEALMTRAHT

Noun: *exposition of psalms; commentary on the psalms.*

SEALMWYRHTA

Noun: *psalmist.*

SEALT

1. Noun: *salt.*

2. Adjective: *salt, briny.*

SEALTÆRNSTEALL

Noun: *place where there is a house for preparing salt.*

SEALTAN

Verb: *to salt.*

SEALTBRŌC

Noun: *brook running from salt-works.*

SEALTEN

Adjective: *salt, salted.*

SEALTERE

1. Noun: *salter, salt-worker.*

2. See *saltere.*

SEALTERN

Noun: *salt-house, salt-works, place where salt is prepared.*

SEALTFÆT

Noun: *salt-cellar, vessel for salt.*

SEALTHĀLGUNG

Noun: *salt-hallowing, consecration of salt.*

SEALTHERPAÐ

Noun: *road to salt-works.*

SEALTHŪS

Noun: *salt-house, house where salt is prepared.*

SEALTIAN

Verb: *to dance.*

SEALTICGE

Noun: *dancer.*

SEALTING

Noun: *dancing.*

SEALTLĒAF

Noun: *glosses mozicia.*

SEALTLĒAH

Noun: *salt lea, Saltley.*

SEALTLĒAP

Noun: *salt basket.*

SEALTMERE

Noun: *salt mere or marsh; brackish pond.*

SEALTNES

Noun: *saltness.*

SEALTROD

Noun: *track with willows.*

SEALTSÆLEÐA

Noun: *saltness.*

SEALTSĒAÐ

Noun: *salt-pit, salt-spring.*

SEALTSTĀN

Noun: *rock-salt; pillar of salt.*

SEALTSTRÆT

Noun: *road to salt-works.*

SEALTWĪC

Noun: *place where sail is sold.*

SEALTWYLLE

Noun: *salt spring or well.*

SEALTȳÐ

Noun: *salt wave, sea-wave.*

SĒAM

1. Noun: *load, burden; bag; seam of wood, seam of dung; harness or furniture of a beast of burden.*

2. Noun: *seam, junction, suture.*

SĒAMERE

1. Noun: *beast of burden, mule.*

2. Noun: *tailor.*

SĒAMESTRE

Noun: *semstress, sewer, tailor.*

SĒAMHORS

Noun: *pack-horse.*

SĒAMPENDING

Noun: *toll of a penny on a load (of salt).*

SĒAMSADOL

Noun: *pack-saddle.*

SĒAMSTICCA

Noun: *appliance used in weaving.*

SĒAMTOLN

Noun: *toll on the packhorse load.*

SĒAR

Adjective: *dry, sear, withered, barren.*

SĒARIAN

Verb: *to become or grow sear, wither, pine away; to sear.*

SEARO

1. Noun: *skill, art, craft, artifice, cleverness, cunning, wile; device, trick, contrivance, stratagem, deceit; snare, ambush, treachery, snare, plot, design; work of art; machine, engine (of war); equipment, arms, armour, war-gear; trappings; fabric.*

2. Noun: *fears secret path.*

SEAROBEND

Noun: *artistic clasp, cunning or curious fastening.*

SEAROBUNDEN

Adjective: *cunningly fastened, bound with art.*

SEAROBURH

Noun: *Salisbury.*

SEAROCĒG

Noun: *insidious key.*

SEAROCĒAP

Noun: *artistic or ingenious object, curious implement.*

SEAROCĒNE

Adjective: *bold in arms, skilfully daring.*

SEAROCRÆFT

Noun: *artifice, treachery, wile, stratagem, machination; art, skill, cunning; engine, instrument (of torture).*

SEAROCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *skilful, cunning (in a good sense); wily, cunning (in a bad sense).*

SEAROFĀH

Adjective: *variegated, cunningly inlaid or coloured.*

SEAROGIMM

Noun: *curious gem, precious stone.*

SEAROGRIM

Adjective: *fierce, formidable; fierce in arms, skilfully fierce.*

SEAROHÆBBEND

Noun: *warrior.*

SEAROHWĪT

Noun: *brilliant or lustrous whiteness.*

SEAROLIC

Adjective: *ingenious, cunning, clever; artistic, displaying art or skill.*

SEAROLĪCE

Adverb: *ingeniously, cunningly, cleverly, skilfully; with art.*

SEAROMETE

Noun: *delicacy, dainty.*

SEARONET

Noun: *armour-net, corslet, coat of mail; snare, wile, net of treachery or guile.*

SEARONĪÐ

Noun: *treachery, crafty enmity, hostility by treachery; strife, battle, armour-hate.*

SEAROPĪL

Noun: *implement with a point, artistic javelin.*

SEARORŪN

Noun: *cunning mystery.*

SEAROSÆLED

Adjective: *cleverly or cunningly bound.*

SEAROĐANC

Noun: *sagacity, ingenuity, cunning (in a good sense), skilful device; cunning (in a bad sense), artifice, wile.*

SEAROĐANCOL

Adjective: *cunning, shrewd, wise, sagacious.*

SEAROWRENC

Noun: *artifice, trick, wile, treacherous device.*

SEAROWUNDOR

Noun: *strange object; wonderful thing in implements or engines.*

SEARUGEĐRÆC

Noun: *store of things in which art is displayed.*

SEARWIAN

Verb: *to dissimulate, feign, cheat, act with craft or treachery; to be deceitful.*

SEARWUM

Adverb: *skilfully.*

SĒAĐ

Noun: *hole, pit; well, spring, reservoir, lake, fountain; cistern.*

SĒAĐA

Noun: *heartburn.*

SĒAW

Noun: *juice, sap; moisture, humour.*

SEAX

Noun: *knife, hip-knife, instrument for cutting; short sword, dagger, dirk.*

SEAXBENN

Noun: *dagger-wound, wound made by a 'seax'.*

SEAXE

Noun: *the Saxons.*

SEAXLAND

Noun: *England.*

SĒCAN

See *(ge)sēcan.*

SECG

1. Noun: *sedge, reed, rush, flag.*

2. Noun: *sword.*

3. Noun: *man, warrior, hero; ocean.*

SECGA

Noun: *sayer, informant, one who tells.*

SECGAN

Verb: *to say, tell, speak, relate, narrate, inform, announce, declare; to mean, signify; to explain, discuss; to utter, pronounce; to tell a tale, recite a poem; to deliver; to attribute to, lay to the charge of, accuse of.*

SECGE

Noun: *speaking, speech.*

SECGEND

Noun: *speaker; narrator, relater.*

SECGGESCĒRE

Noun: *grasshopper.*

SECGHWÆT

Adjective: *vigorous or bold in using the sword.*

SECGIHTIG

Adjective: *sedgy, full of sedge or reeds.*

SECGLĒAC

Noun: *sedge-leek, rush-garlic, chive garlic.*

SECGPLEGA

Noun: *sword-play, battle.*

SECGRŌF

1. Adjective: *brave, troop.*

2. Noun: *host of men, troop; brave.*

SECGSCĀRA

Noun: *landrail, corncrake, quail.*

SĒCNES

Noun: *visiting, visitation; seeking.*

SEDLINGAS

Noun: *Ethiopians.*

SEFA

Noun: *mind, understanding; spirit, heart.*

SĒFTE

See *(ge)sēfte.*

SĒFTĒADIG

Adjective: *prosperous; in easy circumstances, free from hardships.*

SĒFTLIC

Adjective: *luxurious; easy.*

SĒFTNES

Noun: *quiet, quietness, peace, freedom from disturbance; rest, repose.*

SEGEN

See *(ge)segen.*

SEGL

1. Noun: *sail, flag, banner; veil, curtain; pillar of cloud.*

2. See *sigel* (1).

SEGLAN

Verb: *to sail.*

SEGLBŌSM

Noun: *sail swelled out by the wind, bellying sail.*

SEGLGERÆDE

Noun: *sail-tackle, sail-furniture.*

SEGLGYRD

Noun: *yard, sail-yard; cross-pole, cross rod from which a banner hangs.*

SEGLRĀD

Noun: *sea, sail-road.*

SEGLRŌD

Noun: *sail-rod, sail-yard.*

SEGLUNG

Noun: *sailing.*

SEGN

Noun: *sign, mark; token, ensign, banner, military standard; the cross, the standard of the righteous.*

SEGNBEREND

Noun: *warrior; one bearing a standard.*

SEGNBORA

Noun: *standard-bearer.*

SEGNCYNING

Noun: *king before whom a banner is borne.*

SEGNE

Noun: *drag-net, seine.*

SEGNIAN

See *(ge)segnian*.

SEGNUNG

Noun: *blessing, consecration*.

SEHT

1. Noun: *settlement, agreement, arrangement; peace between two powers; friendship*.

2. Adjective: *agreed, reconciled, at peace*.

SEHTIAN

See *(ge)sehtian*.

SEHTLIAN

See *(ge)sehtlian*.

SEHTNES

See *(ge)sehtnes*.

SEIM

Adjective: *fat, lard*.

SĒL

1. Adjective: *good, great, excellent, (value) precious; good, worthy; clever, skilful, efficient, well-qualified; noble, honourable, proper; happy, pleasant, prosperous; healthy, fit, sound; fit, advisable*.

2. Adverb: *better, more effectually, rather, in preference; sooner*.

3. See *sǣl* (1).

SELD

Noun: *hall, residence, mansion, palace; seat, throne, dais*.

SELDAN

Adverb: *seldom, rarely*.

SELDCŪÐ

Adjective: *rare, strange, unusual, unfamiliar; wonderful; novel; various*.

SELDCYME

Noun: *rare visit, infrequent coming*.

SELDE

Noun: *porch, vestibule*.

SELDEN

Adjective: *few, rare, infrequent*.

SELDGUMA

Noun: *hall-man, retainer*.

SELDHWANNE

Adverb: *seldom, rarely.*

SELDLIC

Adjective: *rare, strange; wonderful, wondrous, excellent; admirable; select choice.*

SELDLĪCE

Adverb: *strangely, rarely; wonderfully, wondrously excellently; admirably; in a select or choice manner.*

SELDOR

Adverb: *less frequently, more seldom.*

SELDSĪENE

Adjective: *rare, uncommon, unfamiliar, seldom seen; extraordinary.*

SELDUM

Adverb: *seldom, rarely.*

SELE

Noun: *dwelling, house, hall, prison.*

SELEDRĒAM

Noun: *hall-joy, hall-mirth, festivity.*

SELEFUL

Noun: *hall-goblet, hall-cup.*

SELEGESCEOT

Noun: *dwelling, lodging-place, tabernacle, tent, nest.*

SELEGYST

Noun: *hall-guest.*

SELEN

Noun: *giving, donation, gift, grant, tribute, munificence; liberal.*

SELENES

See *(ge)selenes.*

SELERÆDEND

Noun: *hall ruler or possessor, counsellor of a prince.*

SELEREST

Noun: *bed in hall.*

SELESECG

Noun: *hall-man, retainer.*

SELEÐEGN

Noun: *attendant, chamberlain, hall-thane; retainer.*

SELEWEARD

Noun: *hall-warder, hall-guard.*

SELF

1. Pronoun: *self, own; very.*

2. Adjective: *same.*

3. See *sealf.*

SELFÆTA

Noun: *cannibal, anthropophagus.*

SELFÆTE

Noun: *plant, wild oat, groundsel.*

SELFBANA

Noun: *suicide.*

SELFCWALA

Noun: *suicide.*

SELFCWALU

Noun: *suicide, self-slaughter.*

SELFDĒMA

Noun: *One who depends upon his own judgment, monk living subject only to his own rules.*

SELFDĒMENDE

Noun: *monk living subject only to his own rules, sarabaita.*

SELFDĒMERE

Noun: *monk living subject only to his own rules, sarabaita.*

SELFDŌM

Noun: *independence.*

SELFE

Adverb: *in the same way.*

SELFGEWEALDES

Adverb: *under one's own control.*

SELFHÆLU

Noun: *self-heal, sanicle.*

SELFLIC

Adjective: *spontaneous; voluntary.*

SELFLĪCE

1. Noun: *pride, self-love, self-complacency, self-satisfaction, self-conceit; vanity, egotism, arrogance.*

2. Adjective: *self-complacent, self-satisfied, conceited, puffed up; vain, egotistic, arrogant.*

SELFMYRÐE

Adjective: *self-destructive.*

SELFMYRÐERE

Noun: *a suicide, one who destroys himself.*

SELFMYRÐRA

Noun: *one who takes his own life.*

SELFMYRÐRUNG

Noun: *suicide (action).*

SELFSCEAFT

Noun: *self-shaping, spontaneous generation.*

SELFSCEAFTE

Adjective: *not begotten.*

SELFSWĒGEND

Noun: *vowel.*

SELFWEALDLĪCE

Adverb: *arbitrarily.*

SELFWILL

Noun: *self or own will, free-will.*

SELFWILLE

Adjective: *spontaneous, voluntary.*

SELFWILLENDE

Adjective: *voluntary.*

SELFWILLENDLĪCE

Adverb: *following one's will, under one's own direction or control; arbitrarily.*

SELFWILLES

Adverb: *voluntarily, of one's own accord.*

SELLAN

See *(ge)sellan.*

SELLEND

Noun: *giver; betrayer.*

SELLENDLIC

Adjective: *to be given.*

SĒMA

Noun: *arbitrator, judge, umpire.*

SĒMAN

See *(ge)sēman.*

SĒMEND

Noun: *arbitrator, conciliator, umpire.*

SEMNENDLIC

Adjective: *sudden, by chance, fortuitously.*

SEMNENDLĪCE

Adverb: *by chance, fortuitously.*

SENATUS

Noun: *the senate, senators.*

SENCAN

See *(ge)sencan.*

SEND

Noun: *gift, present.*

SENDAN

1. See *(ge)sendan.*

2. Verb: *to feast.*

SENDLIC

Adjective: *about to be sent (on a journey).*

SENDNES

Noun: *sending, dismission.*

SĒNE

Adjective: *sluggish.*

SENEP

Noun: *mustard.*

SENEPSÆD

Noun: *mustard-seed.*

SENGAN

Verb: *to singe, scorch, burn slightly; to afflict.*

SENGEL

Noun: *bundle, tuft.*

SENGET

Noun: *clearing made by burning.*

SĒO

1. Noun: *pupil, apple of the eye.*

2. Demonstrative/Article: *that, the.*

SĒOC

Adjective: *sick, ill, diseased, feeble, weak; wounded; morally sick, corrupt; sad, troubled, sick at heart.*

SĒOCAN

1. Verb: *to be or fall ill.*

2. Adjective: *troubled with sickness.*

SĒOCMŌD

Adjective: *infirm of mind.*

SĒOCNES

Noun: *sickness, disease, illness; a disease.*

SĒOD

Noun: *purse, pouch, money-bag; scrip.*

SĒODCIST

Noun: *coffer.*

SEOFIAN

Verb: *to sigh; to lament, complain of.*

SEOFON

Numeral: *seven.*

SEOFONFEALD

Adjective: *sevenfold.*

SEOFONFEALDLĪCE

Adverb: *sevenfold, seven times.*

SEOFONGETEL

Noun: *the number seven.*

SEOFONHĪWE

Adjective: *septiform.*

SEOFONHUNDWINTRE

Adjective: *seven hundred years old.*

SEOFONLĒAFE

Noun: *seven-leaves, setfoil (plant).*

SEOFONNIHTE

Adjective: *seven days old; lasting seven days.*

SEOFONTĒOÐA

Numeral: *seventeenth.*

SEOFONTĪENE

Numeral: *seventeen.*

SEOFONTĪENENIHTE

Adjective: *seventeen days old.*

SEOFONTĪENEWINTRE

Adjective: *seventeen years old.*

SEOFONWINTRE

Adjective: *seven years old.*

SEOFOÐA

1. Numeral: *seventh.*

2. See *sifeða.*

SEOFOÐE

Adverb: *seventhly.*

SEOFUNG

Noun: *lamentation, complaint.*

SEOHHE

Noun: *sieve, strainer.*

SEOHHIAN

Verb: *to filter, strain, drain.*

SEOHTER

Noun: *drain, dutch.*

SEOHTOR

Noun: *look-out place.*

SEOHTRE

Noun: *drain, ditch.*

SEOLC

Noun: *silk, silken cloth.*

SEOLCEN

Adjective: *silken, made of silk.*

SEOLCWYRM

Noun: *silkworm.*

SEOLFOR

Noun: *silver.*

SEOLFORFÆT

Noun: *silver vessel.*

SEOLFORGEWIHT

Noun: *silver-weight.*

SEOLFORHAMMEN

Adjective: *plated with silver.*

SEOLFORHILT

Adjective: *silver-hilted.*

SEOLFORHILTED

Adjective: *silver-hilted.*

SEOLFORSMIÐ

Noun: *silversmith, worker in silver.*

SEOLFORSTYCCE

Noun: *piece of silver, coin.*

SEOLFREN

Adjective: *silvern, made of silver.*

SEOLFRING

Noun: *silver coin.*

SEOLH

Noun: *seal, sea-calf.*

SEOLHBÆÐ

Noun: *seal's bath, sea.*

SEOLHPÆÐ

Noun: *seal's path, sea, ocean.*

SEOLHŸÐA

Noun: *the waves where the seal swims.*

SEOLOÐ

Noun: *sea.*

SEOMIAN

Verb: *to rest; to be tired, lie at rest; to tarry, stand; to continue; to hang, swim, sway; to lower; to lay wait for.*

SĒON

1 Verb: *to strain, filter; to run, ooze, trickle, drop, drip.*

2. Verb: *to be.*

3. See *sīen.*

4. Verb: *to see, look, behold; to observe, perceive; to understand, know; to inspect, visit; to experience, suffer; to appear; to seem.*

SĒONIAN

Verb: *to languish.*

SEONO

Noun: *sinew, nerve, tendon.*

SEONOBEND

Noun: *bond made of sinews.*

SEONOBENN

Noun: *wound or injury of a sinew.*

SEONODOLG

Noun: *wound or injury of a sinew.*

SEONUWIND

Noun: *artery.*

SEORÐAN

Verb: *to lie with; to violate.*

SĒOSLIG

Adjective: *afflicted, troubled, vexed.*

SĒOÐAN

See *(ge)sēoðan.*

SĒOWAN

Verb: *to sew, knit together, link, unite.*

SĒPAN

Verb: *to instruct, teach; to cause to perceive.*

SEPULCER

Noun: *grave.*

SERC

Noun: *shirt, sark; shift, smock, tunic; corslet, coat of mail.*

SERCE

Noun: *shirt, sark; shift, smock, tunic; corslet, coat of mail.*

SĒREMŌNAÐ

Noun: *June.*

SESCLE

Noun: *sixth part.*

SESS

Noun: *seat, bench.*

SESSIAN

Verb: *to subside, grow calm.*

SESTER

Noun: *measure for liquids or dry things; vessel, jar, pitcher.*

SET

See *(ge)set.*

SETEN

Noun: *set, shoot, branch; plantation, nursery; what is planted or set; cultivated place, occupied land.*

SETHRÆGL

Noun: *covering for a seat.*

SETL

Noun: *seat, sitting, settle, place to sit; throne, judgement-seat; stall; place, position; residence, abode, dwelling, stay; see; siege.*

SETLAN

Verb: *to settle, seat, place, put; to set (the sun).*

SETLGANG

Noun: *setting of the sun; sinking; the west.*

SETLGANGENDE

Adjective: *setting.*

SETLHRÆGEL

Noun: *covering for a seat.*

SETLRĀD

Noun: *setting of the sun; sinking.*

SETLUNG

Noun: *sitting, taking of a seat; session, assembly of persons sitting; setting of the sun, occasus.*

SETNES

See *(ge)setnes.*

SETTAN

See *(ge)settan.*

SETTEND

Noun: *creator; ordainer, appointer.*

SETÐORN

Noun: *kind of tree.*

SĒÐAN

See *(ge)sēðan.*

SĒÐEND

See *(ge)sēðend*.

SĒÐUNG

See *(ge)sēðung*.

SIBAED

Adjective: *sifted*.

SIBÆÐELING

Noun: *related noble, prince and kinsman*.

SIBB

1. Noun: *relationship; love; friendship, friendliness, kindness; happiness; peace, concord, unity, tranquillity, absence of dissension or variance*.

2. See *(ge)sibb* (1)

3. See *(ge)sibb* (2)

SIBBAN

Verb: *to rejoice*.

SIBBECOSS

Noun: *kiss of peace*.

SIBBIAN

See *(ge)sibbian*.

SIBCWIDE

Noun: *pacific and friendly speech, fair words*.

SIBFÆC

Noun: *degree of affinity or relationship*.

SIBGEBYRD

Noun: *blood-relationship*.

SIBGEDRYHT

Noun: *band of kinsmen; peaceful host*.

SIBGEMĀGAS

Noun: *blood-relations, kinsmen*.

SIBGEORNES

Noun: *pacific disposition, eagerness for peace and kindness, friendship, love*.

SIBGESIHÐ

Noun: *vision of peace*.

SIBLĀC

Noun: *peace-offering*.

SIBLEGER

Noun: *incest.*

SIBLIC

Adjective: *of peace, peaceable; related.*

SIBLĪCE

Adverb: *peaceably.*

SIBLING

See *(ge)sibling.*

SIBLUFU

Noun: *friendship, love between kinsmen; kindly affection, kindness.*

SIBRĒDEN

Noun: *affinity, relationship.*

SIBSUM

See *(ge)sibsum.*

SIBSUMLĪCE

See *(ge)sibsumlīce.*

SIBSUMNES

Noun: *peace, peaceableness, tranquillity, concord, reconciliation; brotherly love.*

SĪC

Noun: *small stream, sike.*

SĪCAN

Verb: *to sigh, groan; to yearn for, long for.*

SICE

1. Noun: *sigh, groan; germitus.*

2. See *syce.*

SĪCEL

Noun: *small stream.*

SICERA

Noun: *intoxicating drink.*

SICERIAN

Verb: *to ooze, trickle, penetrate, make way through a small opening.*

SICET

Noun: *sigh, groan.*

SICETTAN

Verb: *to sigh, groan; to mourn.*

SICETTUNG

Noun: *sigh, sighing, sob; heavy or short breathing; lamentation.*

SĪCIAN

Verb: *sigh.*

SICILIE

Noun: *the Sicilians; Sicily.*

SICILISC

Adjective: *Sicilian.*

SĪCING

Noun: *sighing.*

SĪCLE

Adjective: *sick, ill.*

SĪCLIAN

See *(ge)sīclian.*

SICOL

Noun: *sickle.*

SICOR

Adjective: *sure, certain, free from doubt; trustworthy; safe, secure, free from danger or harm.*

SICORLĪCE

Adverb: *with full certainty.*

SICORNES

Noun: *certainty.*

SĪD

Adjective: *wide, broad, ample, extensive, vast, large, long, spacious, capacious; far-reaching.*

SĪDĀDL

Noun: *pain in the side, pleurisy.*

SĪDAN

Adverb: *from a wide area.*

SĪDE

1. Noun: *silk.*

2. Adverb: *widely, amply, extensively.*

3. See *(ge)sīde.*

SĪDECE

Noun: *pain in the side.*

SIDEFUL

Adjective: *decorous, virtuous, honest, pure; sober; modest.*

SIDEFULLĪCE

Adverb: *decorously, virtuously.*

SIDEFULNES

Noun: *virtue, honesty; sobriety; modesty.*

SIDELIC

Adjective: *sober, sedate; discreet, modest.*

SIDELĪCE

Adverb: *fitly, suitable, in a proper manner.*

SĪDEN

Adjective: *silken, made of silk.*

SIDESA

Noun: *a charm, magical influence.*

SĪDEWĀRE

Noun: *zedoary.*

SĪDFÆÐME

Adjective: *broad of bosom; capacious (of a ship).*

SĪDFÆÐMED

Adjective: *broad-bosomed, broad-beamed; capacious (of a ship).*

SĪDFEAXE

Adjective: *long-haired.*

SĪDFEAXODE

Adjective: *long-haired.*

SĪDFOLC

Noun: *great people or number of people, multitude.*

SĪDHEALF

Noun: *large place.*

SĪDIAN

Verb: *to extend, make or become wide, ample.*

SĪDLAND

Noun: *extensive land.*

SĪDLING

Noun: *strip of land beside a stream, or another piece of land.*

SĪDLINGWEG

Noun: *sidelong way, road that runs obliquely.*

SĪDRAND

Noun: *broad shield.*

SIDU

Noun: *custom, practice, manner, habit; religious practice, rite; manners, morality, modesty, purity, good conduct.*

SĪDUNG

Noun: *augmentation, growth; extension.*

SIDUNG

Noun: *rule, regulation; arrangement.*

SĪDWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the side, pleurisy.*

SĪDWEG

Noun: *long road, road that stretches far; (pl) distance.*

SĪDWYRM

Noun: *silk-worm.*

SĪEMAN

Verb: *to load, burden, put a burden.*

SĪEN

Noun: *power of seeing, sight, vision; pupil eye, the eye.*

SĪERE

Adjective: *dry, withered, sere.*

SIERIAN

See *(ge)sierwan.*

SIERWAN

See *(ge)sierwan.*

SIERWUNG

Noun: *treachery, artifice, plot, machination, contrivance; snare, trap.*

SIEX

Numeral: *six.*

SIEXFEALD

Adjective: *six-fold.*

SIEXTA

Adjective: *sixth.*

SIEXTE

Adverb: *sixthly.*

SIEXTĪENE

Numeral: *sixteen.*

SIEXTIG

Numeral: *sixty.*

SIFE

Noun: *sieve.*

SIFTAN

Verb: *to sift, pass through a sieve.*

SIG

Pronoun: *himself.*

SĪGAN

See *(ge)sīgan.*

SIGE

1. Noun: *victory, triumph, success.*

2. Noun: *sinking, fall; setting (of the sun).*

SIGEBĒACN

Noun: *banner; emblem of victory, trophy; cross (of Christ).*

SIGEBĒAH

Noun: *victor's circlet, crown.*

SIGEBĒAM

Noun: *tree of victory, cross.*

SIGEBEARN

Noun: *victor-child, applied to Christ.*

SIGEBEORHT

Adjective: *victorious, triumphant, rendered illustrious by victory.*

SIGEBEORN

Noun: *victorious warrior or hero.*

SIGEBRŌÐOR

Noun: *victorious brother.*

SIGEBȳME

Noun: *trumpet of victory.*

SIGECEMPA

Noun: *victorious champion or warrior.*

SIGECWĒN

Noun: *victorious queen.*

SIGEDĒMA

Noun: *victorious or triumphant judge.*

SIGEDRYHTEN

Noun: *lord of victory, God.*

SIGEĒADIG

Adjective: *victorious, blessed with victory.*

SIGEFÆST

Adjective: *victorious, triumphant.*

SIGEFÆSTAN

Verb: *to triumph; to crown as victor, make triumphant.*

SIGEFÆSTNES

Noun: *victory, triumph.*

SIGEFOLC

Noun: *victorious or triumphant people.*

SIGEGEALDOR

Noun: *charm that gives victory.*

SIGEGEFEOHT

Noun: *victorious battle, victory.*

SIGEGYRD

Noun: *rod that brings victory.*

SIGEHRĒMIG

Adjective: *triumphant, rejoicing or exultant with victory.*

SIGEHWĪL

Noun: *time of victory.*

SIGEHRĒÐ

Noun: *fame gained by victory; confidence or joy of victory.*

SIGEHRĒÐIG

Adjective: *victorious, triumphant.*

SIGEL

1. Noun: *sun; name of the rune for s.*

2. See *sigil.*

3. See *sigle* (1).

SIGELAÐUNG

Noun: *glosses ecclesia.*

SIGELBEORHT

Adjective: *sun-bright, sunny, brilliant.*

SIGELĒAN

Noun: *reward of victory, prize, palm.*

SIGELEARPA

Adjective: *sun-darkened.*

SIGELĒAS

Adjective: *not victorious, defeated, unsuccessful in conflict.*

SIGELĒOÐ

Noun: *song of triumph or victory.*

SIGELHEARWA

1. Noun: *Ethiopian.*

2. See *sigelearpa.*

SIGELHEARWEN

Adjective: *Ethiopian.*

SIGELHWEORFA

Noun: *plant-name, heliotrope.*

SIGELHWEORFE

Noun: *plant-name, heliotrope.*

SIGELIC

Adjective: *victorious.*

SIGELTORHT

Adjective: *radiant, bright with sunshine.*

SIGELWARAS

Noun: *the Ethiopians.*

SIGEMĒCE

Noun: *victorious sword, sword wielded by a victor's hand.*

SĪGEND

Noun: *wave, movement of the sea.*

SIGER

Noun: *glutton; groundsel.*

SIGERĒAF

Noun: *triumphal robe.*

SIGERIAN

1. Verb: *to be gluttonous, act as a glutton.*

2. See *sigorian.*

SIGERĪCE

1. Adjective: *victorious, triumphant.*

2. Noun: *realm of victory.*

SIGERŌF

Adjective: *victorious, triumphant; of victorious energy, triumphantly active.*

SIGESCEORP

Noun: *ornament of victory, triumphal apparel.*

SIGESĪÐ

Noun: *successful expedition or journey.*

SIGESPĒD

Noun: *success, triumphant faculty, ability that gains its ends.*

SIGETĀCEN

Noun: *emblem or sign of victory.*

SIGETĪBER

Noun: *sacrifice for victory.*

SIGETORHT

Adjective: *brilliant or splendid with victory, triumphant.*

SIGETŪDOR

Noun: *dominating race (human), victorious or triumphant progeny.*

SIGEÐĒOD

Noun: *victorious or powerful people.*

SIGEÐRĒAT

Noun: *victorious troop or band.*

SIGEÐŪF

Noun: *triumphal banner.*

SIGEWÆPEN

Noun: *victorious weapon.*

SIGEWANG

Noun: *field of victory, glorious plain.*

SIGEWĪF

Noun: *victorious woman; wise woman.*

SIGIAN

Verb: *to sail.*

SIGIL

Noun: *buckle; clasp, brooch, fibula; jewel, gem.*

SIGLE

1. Noun: *necklace, collar, band for the neck.*

2. Noun: *rye, black spelt.*

SIGOR

Noun: *victory, triumph.*

SIGORBĒACEN

Noun: *emblem of victory.*

SIGORBEORHT

Adjective: *triumphant.*

SIGORCYNN

Noun: *victorious or glorious race.*

SIGORĒADIG

Adjective: *victorious, blessed with victory.*

SIGORFÆST

Adjective: *victorious, triumphant.*

SIGORFÆSTNES

Noun: *victory.*

SIGORIAN

Verb: *to be victorious, triumph over, triumph; to vanquish.*

SIGORLĒAN

Noun: *reward of victory, prize.*

SIGORLIC

Adjective: *triumphal.*

SIGORSPĒD

Noun: *abundant success, good fortune in war.*

SIGORTĀCEN

Noun: *sign of victory, a convincing sign.*

SIGORTĪFER

Noun: *offering for victory.*

SIGORWEORC

Noun: *deed of victory, victorious work.*

SIGORWULDOR

Noun: *glory of victory, triumphant glory.*

SIGRIEND

Noun: *victor.*

SIGSONTE

Noun: *plant name.*

SIHT

Adjective: *drained.*

SIHTE

Adjective: *marshy.*

SILET

Noun: *willow copse.*

SILLENDE

Noun: *Zealand.*

SILTE

Noun: *salt-pit.*

SĪMA

1. Noun: *band, chain, cord, rope.*

2. See *sēma.*

SIMBEL

1. Adverb: *continually, always.*

2. See *simble.*

SIMBELFARENDE

Adjective: *roving, nomadic, wandering, always travelling.*

SIMBELGEFĒRA

Noun: *constant companion, one who continually goes with another.*

SIMBELGEMACA

Noun: *one of a pair of living creatures, a mate.*

SIMBLE

Adverb: *ever, for ever, always; constantly, continually, continuously, without intermission or missing, in unbroken succession.*

SIMBLES

Adverb: *ever, always.*

SIMBLIAN

1. Verb: *to frequent.*

2. See *symblian* (1).

SIMBLUNGA

Adverb: *always; continually, constantly.*

SIN-

Affix: *-ever, perpetual, infinite; immense.*

SINBYRNENDE

Adjective: *ever burning, continually burning.*

SINC

Noun: *valuables, riches, treasure, silver, gold, jewels.*

SINCALD

Adjective: *perpetually cold.*

SINCALDU

Noun: *perpetual cold.*

SINCAN

See *(ge)sincan.*

SINCBRYTTA

Noun: *distributor of treasure, prince.*

SINCFÆT

Noun: *casket, precious setting, precious vessel, vessel of gold or of silver, receptacle for treasure.*

SINCFĀG

Adjective: *richly adorned, variegated with costly ornament.*

SINCFULL

Adjective: *full of trouble or distress, disastrous.*

SINCGESTRĒON

Noun: *treasure; jewel.*

SINCGEWÆGE

Noun: *abundance of treasure, a weight of treasure.*

SINCGIEFA

Noun: *giver of treasure; ruler, chief, lord, king, prince.*

SINCGIFU

Noun: *gift of treasure, costly gift.*

SINCGIM

Noun: *precious gem, jewel.*

SINCHRODEN

Adjective: *treasure-laden, adorned with costly ornaments.*

SINCMĀÐÐUM

Noun: *treasure.*

SINCSTĀN

Noun: *precious stone, jewel.*

SINCÐEGO

Noun: *receipt or acceptance of treasure.*

SINCWEORÐUNG

Noun: *costly gift or decoration; jewel.*

SINDER

Noun: *cinder, dross, scoria, slag; impurity of metal.*

SINDERHÆWE

Adjective: *cinder-grey.*

SINDERŌM

Noun: *rust.*

SINDONISC

Adjective: *of fine linen (especially that in Christ's shroud).*

SINDRA

Noun: *cinder, dross, scoria, slag; impurity of metal.*

SINDRE

Noun: *cinder, dross, scoria, slag; impurity of metal.*

SINDRĒAM

Noun: *everlasting joy, joy of heaven.*

SINE

Noun: *treasure, gold, silver, jewels.*

SINEHT

Adjective: *sinewy.*

SINEWEALT

Adjective: *round, circular, cylindrical; spherical, globular, concave.*

SINEWEALTIAN

Verb: *to reel, be unsteady, not to stand firmly.*

SINEWEALTNES

Noun: *roundness, circularity, sphericity, globularity.*

SINFRĒA

Noun: *overlord, perpetual lord, husband.*

SINFULLE

Noun: *house-leek.*

SINGAL

Adjective: *continuous, constant, without intermission, perpetual, everlasting; daily; assiduous, unremitting.*

SINGALA

Adverb: *ever, always, continually, constantly.*

SINGALES

Adverb: *ever, always, continually.*

SINGALFLŌWENDE

Adjective: *continually flowing.*

SINGALLIC

Adjective: *constant, continual, incessant, assiduous.*

SINGALLĪCE

See *(ge)singallīce.*

SINGALNES

Noun: *perseverance, constancy, assiduity.*

SINGALRENE

Noun: *constant flow or running of water.*

SINGAN

See *(ge)singan.*

SINGENDLIC

Adjective: *that may be sung.*

SINGRĒNE

1. Noun: *plant name, house-leek, periwinkle.*

2. Adjective: *evergreen; uncooked (of vegetables).*

SINGRIM

Adjective: *exceeding fierce, of unceasing fierceness.*

SINHERE

Noun: *huge army.*

SINHĪWAN

See *(ge)sinhīwan.*

SINHĪWIAN

Verb: *to marry.*

SINHĪWSCIPE

Noun: *permanent tie, marriage.*

SINHWYRFEL

Adjective: *round, cylindrical.*

SINHWYRFENDE

Adjective: *round; ever-turning.*

SINĪÐE

Adjective: *very gentle.*

SINNAN

Verb: *to meditate upon, think of; to care about, mind, heed.*

SINNIHTE

Noun: *eternal or continual night, perpetual darkness.*

SINNIHTES

Adverb: *in continual night, night after night.*

SINNĪÐ

Noun: *perpetual misery, continued enmity.*

SINOÐ

Noun: *synod, council, assembly, meeting.*

SINOÐBŌC

Noun: *book containing the decrees of a synod, canon law.*

SINOÐDŌM

Noun: *decree of a synod.*

SINOÐLIC

Adjective: *synodical, of a synod or meeting.*

SINOÐSTŌW

Noun: *meeting-place, place for a synod or assembly.*

SINRÆDEN

Noun: *marriage, wedlock; perpetual or lasting condition.*

SINSCIPE

See *(ge)sinscipe.*

SINSNÆD

Noun: *large piece, huge bit.*

SINSORG

Noun: *perpetual grief, continual trouble.*

SINTRENDENDE

Adjective: *round, ever-turning.*

SINTRYNDEL

Adjective: *round, circular, globular.*

SINÐYRSTENDE

Adjective: *ever thirsting.*

SINULĪRA

Noun: *muscle.*

SINWRÆNNES

Noun: *constant lechery or wantonness.*

SIOLOÐ

1. Noun: *water, sea.*

2. See *seoloð.*

SION

Noun: *marsh plant.*

SIONBEORG

Noun: *Sion.*

SĪPIAN

Verb: *to decline, wane; to sink low.*

SIRWE

Noun: *artifice, device, plot, wile, crafty device; ambush, snare.*

SISEMŪS

Noun: *dormouse.*

SITTAN

See *(ge)sittan.*

SĪÐ

1. Noun: *going, motion, journey, voyage, travel, errand, course, expedition, enterprise, undertaking; departure, death; destiny, fate; coming, arrival; way, road; time, turn, occasion; manner, conduct, way of doing or of life.*

2. Adverb: *late, afterwards.*

3. Adjective: *late.*

4. Conjunction: *after, afterwards.*

SĪÐBEREND

Noun: *reaper, mower, scythe-bearer.*

SĪÐBŌC

Noun: *itinerary.*

SĪÐBODA

Noun: *herald of departure, one who announces that a journey or march is to begin.*

SĪÐBOREN

Adjective: *late-born.*

SĪÐDAGAS

Noun: *later times.*

SĪÐE

Noun: *implement for mowing, scythe.*

SĪÐFÆR

Noun: *way, journey.*

SĪÐFÆT

Noun: *way, journey, voyage, expedition; path, course, road; conduct, experience; period of time.*

SĪÐFROM

Adjective: *ready for a journey, good at travelling.*

SĪÐGEARU

Adjective: *ready to travel.*

SĪÐGĒOMOR

Adjective: *travel-weary.*

SĪÐIAN

Verb: *to go, depart, travel, journey, wander.*

SĪÐLĪCE

Adverb: *lately, after a time.*

SĪÐSCIPE

See *(ge)sīðscipe.*

SĪÐSTAPEL

Noun: *step, track.*

SIÐÐA

Adverb: *afterwards.*

SIÐÐAN

1. Adverb: *since, afterwards; then, after, later, hereafter, from now on, further, thereupon.*

2. Adposition: *after.*

3. Conjunction: *when, since; after that; as soon as; inasmuch as.*

SĪÐWEROD

Noun: *travelling troop.*

SĪÐWĪF

See *(ge)sīðwīf.*

SIWENĪGE

Adjective: *blear-eyed.*

SIXECGE

Adjective: *six-sided, hexagonal.*

SIXFĒTE

Adjective: *having six feet (of verse).*

SIXGYLDE

Adjective: *requiring six-fold payment or fine.*

SIXHYNDE

Adjective: *belonging to a class whose wergild is six hundred shillings.*

SIXHYNDEMAN

Noun: *one of the sixhynde class.*

SIXHYRNEDE

Adjective: *having six corners or angles.*

SIXNIHTE

Adjective: *six days old.*

SIXTEOGOÐA

Numeral: *sixtieth.*

SIXTĒOÐA

Numeral: *sixteenth.*

SIXTIGĀRE

Noun: *60-oared ship.*

SIXTIGFEALD

Adjective: *sixty-fold.*

SIXTIGWINTRE

Adjective: *sixty years old.*

SIXTȳNENIHTE

Adjective: *sixteen days old.*

SIXTȳNEWINTRE

Adjective: *sixteen years old.*

SLACFUL

Adjective: *lazy, slothful.*

SLÆD

1. Noun: *valley, glade.*

2. Noun: *slade in local names, e.g. Waterslade.*

SLÆF

Noun: *mud.*

SLÆGET

Noun: *defeat, blow, beating, stroke, destruction; slaying, murder, slaughter; crash, impact, clap (of thunder); (weaver's) slay.*

SLĀGU

Noun: *lethargy.*

SLÆHTAN

Verb: *to strike, smite, slay.*

SLĀP

1. Noun: *sleep; sleepiness, inactivity; death.*

2. Noun: *slippery or miry place.*

SLĀPAN

See *(ge)slāpan.*

SLĀPBĀRE

Adjective: *soporific, somniferous.*

SLĀPDRENC

Noun: *sleeping draught.*

SLĀPE

Adjective: *slippery.*

SLĀPERE

Noun: *sleeper.*

SLĀPERN

Noun: *dormitory.*

SLĀPIG

Adjective: *sleepy.*

SLĀPING

Adjective: *sleeping.*

SLĀPLĒAS

Adjective: *sleepless.*

SLĀPLĒAST

Noun: *sleeplessness.*

SLĀPNES

Noun: *sleepiness, drowsiness.*

SLĀPOR

Adjective: *sleepy, drowsy, addicted to sleep.*

SLĀPWĒRIG

Adjective: *weary and sleepy, so tired as to sleep.*

SLĀTAN

Verb: *to bait, slate.*

SLĀTING

Noun: *right of hunting.*

SLÆWÐ

Noun: *sloth, indolence, laziness; inertness, torpor.*

SLAGA

Noun: *slayer, homicide; executioner.*

SLĀH

Noun: *sloe (fruit of the blackthorn).*

SLĀHHYLL

Noun: *a hill where sloes grow.*

SLĀHÐORN

Noun: *blackthorn, sloe-thorn.*

SLĀHÐORNRAGU

Noun: *blackthorn, lichen.*

SLĀHÐORNRIND

Noun: *bark of a blackthorn.*

SLĀHÐORNWEG

Noun: *road along which blackthorns grow.*

SLĀPFULNESS

Noun: *sleepiness, drowsiness.*

SLĀPIAN

Verb: *to become sleepy; to cause to sleep.*

SLĀPOL

Adjective: *somnolent, addicted to sleep, lethargic.*

SLĀPOLNES

Noun: *somnolence, sleepiness, lethargy.*

SLĀPORNES

Noun: *somnolence, lethargy.*

SLAREGE

Noun: *clary (plant).*

SLĀW

Adjective: *slow, sluggish, slothful, lazy, torpid; inert.*

SLĀWIAN

Verb: *to be or become slow, sluggish or inactive.*

SLĀWLĪCE

Adverb: *slowly, sluggishly.*

SLĀWYRM

Noun: *slow or blind worm, kind of snake.*

SLĒA

Noun: *slay, weaver's reed.*

SLEAC

Adjective: *slack, sluggish, indolent, languid, slow, slothful, inactive, ill; remiss, careless, negligent, lax; gentle, easy.*

SLEACIAN

Verb: *to slacken, delay, retard, relax efforts.*

SLEACLIC

Adjective: *languid, slow; idle.*

SLEACLĪCE

Adverb: *lazily, slothfully, languidly.*

SLEACMŌDNES

Noun: *slackness, laziness, lack of energy; melancholy.*

SLEACNES

Noun: *slowness, laziness, inertness; remissness.*

SLEACORNES

Noun: *slackness, laziness; remissness.*

SLĒAN

See *(ge)slēan.*

SLECCAN

Verb: *to weaken, enfeeble, disable; to make slack or slow, delay.*

SLECG

Noun: *sledge-hammer, mallet.*

SLECGETTAN

Verb: *to palpitate, beat, throb.*

SLECGWYRHTA

Noun: *worker in metals, one who works with a hammer.*

SLĒFAN

1. Verb: *to slip (clothes) on.*

2. See *slīfan* (2).

SLĒFESCŌH

Noun: *slipper, loose shoe easily drawn on.*

SLEGE

1. Noun: *stroke, blow, beating, scourging; stamping, coining; slaying, slaughter, murder, death; crash, impact, clap of thunder; destruction, defeat; (weaver's) slay, plectrum; stake.*

2. Noun: *beam, bar; handle of an axe.*

SLEGEBȳTL

Noun: *hammer, beetle, mallet.*

SLEGEFÆGE

Adjective: *doomed to perish or slaughter, doomed to death by the sword.*

SLEGEL

Noun: *plectrum, instrument for striking a harp.*

SLEGHRȳÐER

Noun: *cattle for slaughter.*

SLEGNĒAT

Noun: *cattle for slaughter.*

SLĒPAN

Verb: *to sleep.*

SLĪC

Adjective: *sleek, smooth; crafty, cunning, using smooth words.*

SLIC

Noun: *beater; mallet, hammer.*

SLICA

Adjective: *smooth.*

SLICCAN

Verb: *to strike, beat, slap, lick.*

SLĪCIAN

Verb: *to make sleek, smooth or glossy.*

SLĪDAN

Verb: *to slide, slip, glide; to fall, fall down; to fail, err, make a mistake; to lapse; to pass away; to be transitory, unstable or perishable.*

SLIDE

Noun: *sliding, slip, fall.*

SLIDOR

1. Adjective: *slippery.*

2. Noun: *slippery or miry place; slides for launching and pulling up ships.*

SLIDORNES

Noun: *slippery place, slipperiness.*

SLIDRIAN

Verb: *to slip, slide, slither.*

SLĪEFE

Noun: *sleeve.*

SLĪEFLĒAS

Adjective: *sleeveless.*

SLIEHT

Noun: *stroke; death, murder, slaughter; animals for slaughter; striking of coin.*

SLIEHTSWŸN

Noun: *pig for killing.*

SLĪFAN

1. Verb: *to slive.*

2. Verb: *to slip or put a garment on a person.*

SLIFER

Adjective: *slippery; deceitful.*

SLIHT

1. Adjective: *level, smooth.*

2. See *slieht.*

SLĪM

Noun: *slime, mud, mire.*

SLINCAN

Verb: *to slink, crawl, creep.*

SLINCEND

Noun: *reptile, crawling thing.*

SLIND

Noun: *slope.*

SLINGAN

Verb: *to twist, wind, worm, creep into.*

SLINU

Noun: *slope.*

SLĪPAN

Verb: *to slip, glide.*

SLIPEG

Adjective: *slippy, slimy, viscid.*

SLIPOR

Adjective: *slippery, not easy to hold, easily moved; filthy, foul; unsteady, uncertain, without fixed principles, shifty.*

SLIPORNES

Noun: *filthiness, foulness.*

SLIPUNG

Noun: *viscidity.*

SLĪTAN

See *(ge)slītan.*

SLITCWEALM

Noun: *death by tearing or rending of animals.*

SLITE

1. Noun: *tear, slit, rent in cloth; bite, coil of a snake; breach, infraction of a law.*

2. Noun: *plant name, cyclamen, sowbread.*

SLITEN

1. Noun: *heretic, schismatic.*

2. Adjective: *heretic, schismatic.*

SLĪTENDLIC

Adjective: *consuming, wasting, devouring, gorging.*

SLĪTERE

Noun: *glutton, gorger; waster, destroyer.*

SLITNES

Noun: *desolation, tearing, rending, laceration, wasting, destruction.*

SLITOL

Adjective: *biting, pungent; carping, backbiting.*

SLĪTUNG

Noun: *tearing, rending, biting; wasting, spoiling.*

SLĪÐAN

Verb: *to harm, hurt, wound, damage, destroy.*

SLIÐAN

Verb: *to harm, hurt, wound, damage, injure, destroy.*

SLĪÐE

1. Adjective: *savage, fierce; hard, cruel, hurtful, dire; dangerous, perilous.*

2. Adverb: *cruelly, savagely.*

3. Adjective: *formed, moulded; graven (image); false, feigned.*

SLĪÐELIC

Adjective: *graven; abominable.*

SLĪÐEN

Adjective: *hard, cruel, evil.*

SLĪÐHEARD

Adjective: *severe, very hard, cruel: fierce, savage.*

SLĪÐHENDE

Adjective: *with fell paw.*

SLĪÐNES

Noun: *graven image, formation (?); abomination.*

SLĪW

Noun: *fish, tench, mullet.*

SLŌH

Noun: *slough, pathless; mire, miry place.*

SLŌHTRE

Noun: *slough.*

SLOP

Noun: *upper garment, loose.*

SLOTA

Noun: *bit, morsel.*

SLŪMA

Noun: *slumber.*

SLŪMERE

Noun: *sleeper.*

SLŪPAN

Verb: *to slip, glide, move softly.*

SLYPA

Noun: *slime, paste, pulp, viscous or slimy substance.*

SLŸPAN

Verb: *to slip, put something on or off.*

SLŸPESCŌH

Noun: *slipper.*

SLYPPE

Noun: *paste, viscous or slimy substance.*

SLYPRÆSN

Noun: *sliding beam.*

SMACIAN

See *(ge)smacian.*

SMÆC

Noun: *taste, savour, smack; odour, scent.*

SMÆCCAN

See *(ge)smæccan.*

SMÆL

Adjective: *small, little, not great; thin, slender, fine; narrow; not loud.*

SMÆLL

Noun: *slap, smack, blow with the open hand.*

SMÆLÞEARMAS

Noun: *intestines, small guts.*

SMÆLÞEARME

Noun: *lower abdomen, small gut.*

SMĀER

Noun: *lip.*

SMĀTE

Adjective: *pure, refined.*

SMĀTEGOLD

Noun: *pure gold.*

SMĀTEGYLDEN

Adjective: *of refined or pure gold.*

SMALE

Adverb: *finely, into small pieces; softly.*

SMALIAN

Verb: *to become small, thin or slender.*

SMALUM

Adverb: *little by little.*

SMALUNG

Noun: *reducing, diminishing, lessening.*

SMĒA

Noun: *delicacy.*

SMĒAGAN

See *(ge)smēagan.*

SMĒAGELEGEN

Noun: *syllogism.*

SMĒAGENDLIC

Adjective: *meditative.*

SMĒAGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *exactly, accurately, searchingly.*

SMĒAH

Adjective: *acute, crafty, sagacious; subtle penetrating, creeping in.*

SMĒALIC

Adjective: *searching, exhaustive; penetrating, profound; careful; exquisite, choice.*

SMĒALĪCE

Adverb: *closely, thoroughly, deeply, with penetration; exactly, accurately; craftily, subtlely.*

SMĒALICNES

Noun: *subtlety.*

SMĒAMETE

Noun: *delicacy (food).*

SMEARCIAN

Verb: *to smile, smirk.*

SMEART

Adjective: *smart; painful.*

SMEARTUNG

Noun: *tickling.*

SMĒAÐ

Noun: *meditation.*

SMĒAÐANCLĪCE

Adverb: *in detail, exactly; at large.*

SMĒAÐANCOL

Adjective: *acute, subtle.*

SMĒAÐANCOLE

Adverb: *thoroughly, studiously; exactly; searchingly.*

SMĒAÐANCOLLIC

Adjective: *crafty, subtle.*

SMĒAÐANCOLLĪCE

1. Adverb: *thoroughly, studiously; exactly, searchingly.*

2. See *smēaðancole.*

SMĒAÐANCOLNES

Noun: *exactness; strictness.*

SMĒAUNG

See *(ge)smēaung.*

SMĒAWRENC

Noun: *crafty or cunning device, sharp trick.*

SMĒAWYRHTA

Noun: *skilled workman, artisan.*

SMĒAWYRM

Noun: *penetrating worm, intestinal worm.*

SMEDMA

Noun: *fine flour, pollen meal.*

SMEDMEN

Adjective: *of fine flour.*

SMELT

1. Noun: *sardine, smelt.*

2. See *smolt* (1).

3. See *smylte* (2).

SMELTING

Noun: *amber.*

SMĒOCAN

Verb: *to emit smoke, smoke, fumigate.*

SMEORTAN

Verb: *to smart; to burn.*

SMEORTUNG

Noun: *itching, smarting.*

SMEORU

Noun: *fat, grease, tallow, suet, lard; ointment.*

SMEORUMANGESTRE

Noun: *woman who deals in butter and cheese.*

SMEORUSEALF

Noun: *unguent, grease-salve.*

SMEORUÐEARM

Noun: *entrail.*

SMEORUWIG

Adjective: *fat, greasy, unctuous; rich.*

SMEORUWYRT

Noun: *smearwort.*

SMERIAN

Verb: *to laugh at, deride, scorn.*

SMERINGWYRT

1. Noun: *name of a plant, crispa victoriola.*

2. See *symeringwyrt.*

SMĒÐAN

See *(ge)smēðan.*

SMĒÐE

Adjective: *smooth, polished, soft, without roughness or inequalities of surface; smooth, agreeable, suave, not irritating; melodious, harmonious, not harsh (of the voice); lenitive.*

SMEÐIAN

See *(ge)smeðian.*

SMĒÐNES

Noun: *smoothness; smooth place, level surface.*

SMĒÐÐET

Noun: *smooth place.*

SMĪC

Noun: *vapour, steams, smoke.*

SMĪCAN

Verb: *to emit smoke, smoke, fumigate.*

SMICER

Adjective: *beautiful, beauteous, fine; elegant, tasteful; fair.*

SMICERE

Adverb: *finely, elegantly; fairly.*

SMICERNES

Noun: *elegance, smartness; neatness.*

SMIERWAN

See *(ge)smierwan.*

SMIRELS

Noun: *unguent, ointment, salve, unction, anointing.*

SMIRENES

Noun: *ointment, unguent.*

SMIRINGELE

Noun: *oil for anointing.*

SMIRUNG

Noun: *unguent, ointment, unction, anointing; smearing, greasing.*

SMĪTAN

Verb: *to smear, daub, smudge; to soil, pollute, defile.*

SMĪTE

Noun: *foul, miry place.*

SMITTE

Noun: *smear, spot, mark, smudge, smut, blot; pollution.*

SMITTIAN

See *(ge)smittian.*

SMIÐ

Noun: *handicraftsman, smith, blacksmith, carpenter, armourer.*

SMIÐBELG

Noun: *smith's bellows.*

SMIÐCRÆFT

Noun: *manual art, smithcraft.*

SMIÐCRÆFTEGA

Noun: *skilled workman, skilled in the smith's art.*

SMIÐCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *skilled as a smith.*

SMIÐIAN

Verb: *to fabricate, forge, make out of metal or wood, make skilfully; to design.*

SMIÐLĪCE

Adverb: *with skill, dexterously, after the manner of a smith.*

SMIÐÐE

Noun: *forge, smithy.*

SMOC

Noun: *smock, shift.*

SMOCA

Noun: *smoke.*

SMOCIAN

Verb: *to emit smoke, smoke; to fumigate.*

SMOL

Noun: *crumb.*

SMOLT

1. Adjective: *peaceful, gentle, serene, mild; still; lard, fat.*

2. See *smylte* (2).

SMOLTLĪCE

Adverb: *gently, quietly.*

SMORIAN

Verb: *to choke, suffocate, strangle.*

SMŌÐ

Adjective: *calm, serene, unruffled, smooth.*

SMŪGAN

Verb: *to creep, crawl, move gradually.*

SMŪGENDLIC

Adjective: *creeping; reptile.*

SMUGGE

Noun: *secret place.*

SMYGEL

Noun: *retreat, burrow.*

SMYLLAN

Verb: *to make a noise, crack (a whip).*

SMYLTE

1. Adjective: *quiet, calm, peaceful, gentle, serene, placid, tranquil, mild, unruffled; cheerful; favourable, prosperous; fat.*

2. Adverb: *quietly; softly; mildly.*

SMYLTLIC

Adjective: *tranquil, serene.*

SMYLTNES

Noun: *quiet, calm, peace, gentleness, placidity, serenity, tranquillity, mildness, smoothness, silence; composture, calmness; quiet, silence; evening calm.*

SNACA

Noun: *reptile, snake, serpent.*

SNACC

Noun: *small vessel, swift-sailing vessel, war-ship.*

SNÆD

1. Noun: *handle of a scythe.*

2. Noun: *detached area of woodland or pasturage.*

3. Noun: *cut, bit, piece, slice, morsel, portion of food.*

SNǼDAN

See *(ge)snǽdan.*

SNǼDEL

Noun: *great gut.*

SNǼDELÐEARM

Noun: *great gut.*

SNǼDING

Noun: *meal, snack.*

SNǼDINGHŪS

Noun: *eating-house, cook's shop.*

SNǼDINGSCĒAP

Noun: *sheep for slaughter.*

SNǼDMǼLUM

Adverb: *bit by bit, bit at a time.*

SNǼGL

Noun: *snail.*

SNǼP

Noun: *boggy land.*

SNǼSAN

Verb: *pierce, run through (with an implement or weapon); to spit.*

SNǼÐFELD

Noun: *defined tract of pasture or woodland.*

SNĀS

Noun: *skewer, spit.*

SNĀÐ

Noun: *killing.*

SNĀW

Noun: *snow; snow-storm.*

SNĀWCEALD

Adjective: *cold as snow, icy-cold.*

SNĀWGEBLAND

Noun: *snow-storm.*

SNĀWHWĪT

Adjective: *snow-white.*

SNĀWIG

Adjective: *snowy.*

SNĀWLIC

Adjective: *snowy.*

SNEARE

Noun: *noose, snare.*

SNELL

Adjective: *quick, rapid, swift, smart, prompt; ready, active, brisk, fresh; strong, keen, determined, firm, brave; sharp (air); acute (mind).*

SNELLIC

Adjective: *quick, rapid, swift, smart; ready, bold.*

SNELLĪCE

Adverb: *quickly, rapidly; with activity.*

SNELLSCIPE

Noun: *quickness; boldness, bravery.*

SNELNES

Noun: *activity, readiness; agility; quickness.*

SNĒOME

Adverb: *quickly, rapidly, swiftly, speedily; immediately, at once.*

SNĒOWAN

Verb: *to go, come, proceed, hasten.*

SNĒR

Noun: *string of a musical instrument, harp string.*

SNĪCAN

Verb: *to creep, crawl, sneak along.*

SNID

1. See *(ge)snid.*

2. Noun: *saw.*

SNIDE

1. Noun: *cut, incision; slaying, slaughter.*

2. See *snid* (2).

SNIDĪSEN

Noun: *lancet.*

SNĪTE

Noun: *snipe.*

SNĪÐAN

See *(ge)snīðan*.

SNĪÐSTRĒO

Noun: *chopped straw, carline thistle*.

SNĪÐUNG

Noun: *cut, incision, wound; slaying, slaughter*.

SNIWAN

Verb: *to snow; to wet, rain*.

SNĪWAN

Verb: *to snow*.

SNŌC

Noun: *point, projection*.

SNŌCA

Noun: *bend, nook; bay, inlet*.

SNŌD

Noun: *head-dress, hood, snood, fillet*.

SNOFFA

Noun: *nausea*.

SNOFL

Noun: *mucus, phlegm, snivel*.

SNOFLIG

Adjective: *full of phlegm or snivel*.

SNORU

Noun: *daughter-in-law*.

SNOTINGAHĀM

Noun: *Nottingham*.

SNOTINGAHĀMSCĪR

Noun: *Nottinghamshire*.

SNOTOR

Adjective: *clever, sagacious, intelligent, discerning, wise; prudent*.

SNOTORLIC

Adjective: *clever, wise; prudent; philosophical*.

SNOTORLĪCE

Adverb: *wiselȳ prudently; philosophically*.

SNOTORNES

Noun: *sagacity, wisdom; prudence.*

SNOTORSCIPE

Noun: *sagacitȳ prudence; reason, reasonableness, ratiocination.*

SNOTORWYRDE

Adjective: *prudent or wise of speech; plausible.*

SNŪD

1. Adjective: *quickly approaching, coming soon or suddenly.*

2. Noun: *quickness, speed, swiftness.*

SNŪDE

Adverb: *quickly; directly; at once; quietly.*

SNYFLUNG

Noun: *mucus from the nose.*

SNYRIAN

Verb: *to go quickly, hurry, hasten.*

SNYRING

Noun: *sharp rock.*

SNȲTAN

Verb: *to clear or blow the nose.*

SNȲTING

Noun: *clearing or blowing of the nose; sneezing.*

SNYTRE

Adjective: *clever, wise.*

SNYTRIAN

Verb: *to be or become clever or wise.*

SNYTTRU

See *(ge)snyttru.*

SNYTTRUCRÆFT

Noun: *sagacity, wisdom; prudence.*

SNYTTRUHŪS

Noun: *house of wisdom; Silo.*

SNYTTRUM

Adverb: *wisely, cunningly.*

SNYÐIAN

Verb: *to go nose, go as a dog with its nose to the ground; beak forwards (of a plough).*

SOC

1. See *(ge)soc.*

2. Noun: *soakings.*

SOCC

Noun: *sock; kind of shoe, slipper.*

SOCIAN

Verb: *to soak, steep, lie in a liquid.*

SŌCN

Noun: *search, seeking, exploring, trying to get; question, inquiry; case, cause; visit; resort; attack; refuge, asylum, sanctuary; jurisdiction; revenue.*

SŌCNMAN

Noun: *sokeman.*

SOCÐA

Noun: *broth, gruel.*

SODOMA

Noun: *the town of Sodom, the people of Sodom (pl.).*

SODOMISC

Adjective: *of Sodom.*

SODOMITISC

Adjective: *sodomitish, of Sodom.*

SODOMITISE

Adjective: *of Sodom.*

SODOMWARE

Noun: *people of Sodom.*

SŌFTE

1. Adjective: *gentle, soft, mild; quiet, calm, tranquil, undisturbed; soft, undisturbed (of sleep); luxurious; agreeable.*

2. Adverb: *gently, softly; quietly, without disturbance (of sleep); calmly, without trouble; easily, without opposition.*

SŌFTNES

Noun: *ease, softness, comfort; luxury; effeminacy.*

SOGEÐA

Noun: *hiccough, eructation; gastric juice, heartburn.*

SOL

1. Noun: *mud, wet sand, mire, slough.*

2. Noun: *wooden halter or collar for beasts.*

3. Adjective: *dirty; dark.*

SŌL

Noun: *the sun.*

SŌLATE

Noun: *sunflower, heliotrope.*

SOLCENNES

Noun: *laziness.*

SOLE

Noun: *sole; shoe, sandal.*

SOLIAN

Verb: *to soil, make or become defiled or foul.*

SŌLMERCA

Noun: *sundial.*

SOLMŌNAÐ

Noun: *February.*

SOLOR

Noun: *loft, upper room; palace, hall, dwelling, residence; raised platform, upper chamber.*

SOLSECE

Noun: *heliotrope.*

SŌM

Noun: *arbitration; agreement, concord, reconciliation, adjustment of differences.*

SŌN

Noun: *sound, music.*

SŌNA

Adverb: *soon; directly, immediately, at once.*

SŌNCRÆFT

Noun: *music.*

SONG

1. Noun: *bed.*

2. Noun: *grape.*

3. See *sang.*

SOPA

Noun: *sup, sip, draught.*

SOPCUPPE

Noun: *sop-cup, cup into which sops were put.*

SOPP

Noun: *sop.*

SOPPIAN

Verb: *to sop, soak.*

SORG

Noun: *sorrow, pain, grief, affliction, distress, trouble, anxiety, care.*

SORGBRYÐEN

Noun: *brew or burden of sorrow, grievous trouble.*

SORGCEARIG

Adjective: *sorrowful, anxious, having grievous care.*

SORGCEARU

Noun: *sorrow, anxiety, grievous care.*

SORGFUL

Adjective: *sorrowful, sad, mournful, grievous, distressing, doleful; anxious, careful.*

SORGIAN

Verb: *to sorrow, grieve, be anxious about; to care; to be sorry for.*

SORGLĒAS

Adjective: *free from sorrow, care or anxiety, secure.*

SORGLĒAST

Noun: *security.*

SORGLĒOÐ

Noun: *dirge, sorrowful song, lay of grief.*

SORGLIC

Adjective: *sorrowful, miserable, sorry, grievous.*

SORGLĪCE

Adverb: *miserably, grievously.*

SORGLUFU

Noun: *sad or hapless love, love attended with anxiety or sorrow.*

SORGSTAFAS

Noun: *care, anxiety.*

SORGUNG

Noun: *sorrow, grief.*

SORGWĪTE

Noun: *grievous torment or punishment.*

SORGWORD

Noun: *sorrow, lamentation, care.*

SORGWYLM

Noun: *violent emotion of anxiety or sorrow.*

SORHERIUNGE

Noun: *infestation.*

SORIG

Adjective: *sorry, grieved.*

SORU

Noun: *particle of dust, bit of straw.*

SŌT

Noun: *soot.*

SŌTIG

Adjective: *dirty.*

SOTMAN

Noun: *foolish person.*

SOTSCIPE

Noun: *stupidity, folly, dullness.*

SOTT

1. Adjective: *stupid, foolish, dull.*

2. Noun: *fool, dullard.*

SOTTIAN

Verb: *to be foolish.*

SŌÐ

1. Noun: *sooth, truth; justice, righteousness, rectitude, equity; reality, certainty, real condition of things; asseveration.*

2. Adjective: *sooth, true, very; just, righteous; real, genuine.*

SŌÐBORA

Noun: *soothsayer; astrologer; truth-bearer, one who has exact knowledge.*

SŌÐCWED

Adjective: *veracious.*

SŌÐCWEDEN

Adjective: *veracious, true-spoken, speaking truly.*

SŌÐCWIDE

Noun: *true speech, truth, righteous saying; proverb.*

SŌÐCYNING

Noun: *King of truth or justice, the Deity.*

SŌÐE

Adverb: *truly, truthful; rightly; really, genuinely; accurately.*

SŌÐES

Adverb: *verily, of a truth; indeed, really.*

SŌÐFÆDER

Noun: *father of truth or justice, God, the Deity.*

SŌÐFÆST

Adjective: *true, veracious; trustworthy, honest, pious; just, righteous.*

SŌÐFÆSTIAN

See *(ge)sōðfæstian.*

SŌÐFÆSTLIC

Adjective: *true, sincere.*

SŌÐFÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *truly, honestly.*

SŌÐFÆSTNES

Noun: *truth, truthfulness; faithfulness, sincerity, fidelity; justice, fairness, righteousness.*

SŌÐGID

Noun: *true report or tale.*

SŌÐHWÆÐERE

Conjunction: *however, yet, nevertheless.*

SŌÐIAN

See *(ge)sōðian.*

SŌÐLIC

Adjective: *true; right, truthful; real, genuine, unfeigned.*

SŌÐLĪCE

Adverb: *truly, really, certainly, indeed, verily.*

SŌÐLUFU

Noun: *loving kindness.*

SŌÐSAGOL

Adjective: *truthful, veracious.*

SŌÐSAGU

Noun: *truth; true story or speech, a history.*

SŌÐSECGAN

Verb: *to speak the truth; to declare.*

SŌÐSECGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *truly; genuinely.*

SŌÐSEGEN

Noun: *true statement, statement of the facts of a case.*

SŌÐSPÆCE

Adjective: *truthful, veracious.*

SŌÐSPELL

Noun: *true story, history.*

SŌÐSPRÆC

Noun: *true saying.*

SŌÐTĀCEN

Noun: *prodigy; true sign.*

SŌÐWORD

Noun: *true word.*

SŌÐWUNDOR

Noun: *true wonder.*

SPĀCA

Noun: *spoke of a wheel; spoke-bone (radius).*

SPADE

1. Noun: *eunuchus.*

2. See *spadu.*

SPADU

Noun: *spade.*

SPÆC

Noun: *small branch, thin twig, tendril, runner.*

SPĒCEHĒOW

Noun: *form of speech.*

SPĒCLĒAS

Adjective: *speechless, without the power of speech.*

SPÆR

Adjective: *sparing, frugal.*

SPÆREN

Adjective: *of plaster or mortar.*

SPÆRHENDE

Adjective: *sparing, frugal.*

SPÆRLIC

Adjective: *sparing, frugal.*

SPÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *sparingly, frugally; briefly.*

SPÆRLĪRA

Noun: *calf of the leg.*

SPÆRLĪRED

Adjective: *with a thick calf.*

SPÆRNES

Noun: *sparingness, frugality; nearness; parsimony.*

SPÆRSTĀN

Noun: *gypsum, chalk.*

SPĀTAN

Verb: *to spit, spew; to syringe, squirt.*

SPĀTLAN

Verb: *to spit, emit saliva, foam.*

SPĀTUNG

Noun: *spitting, expectoration.*

SPALA

Noun: *substitute, representative.*

SPALD

Noun: *ditch.*

SPALDAS

Noun: *tribe name left in Spalding.*

SPALDUR

Noun: *balsam; asphalt.*

SPANAN

See *(ge)spanan.*

SPANE

Noun: *teat.*

SPĀNEAS

Noun: *the Spaniards of Spain.*

SPANERE

Noun: *seducer, enticer.*

SPANG

See *(ge)spang.*

SPANN

Noun: *span (measure).*

SPANNAN

See *(ge)spannan.*

SPANNUNG

Noun: *span, spanning, bend.*

SPARIAN

See *(ge)sparian.*

SPĀTL

Noun: *spittle, saliva.*

SPĀTLIAN

Verb: *to spit out.*

SPĀTLUNG

Noun: *spittle, what is spit out.*

SPEARCA

Noun: *spark.*

SPEARCIAN

Verb: *to sparkle, emit sparks.*

SPEARHAFOC

Noun: *sparrow-hawk.*

SPEARNLIAN

Verb: *to spurn, kick; to strike out with the feet; to sprawl.*

SPEARWA

Noun: *sparrow; calf (of the leg).*

SPECCA

Noun: *speck, spot, blot.*

SPECEL

Adjective: *speckled.*

SPECFĀH

Adjective: *speckled, spotted, blotched.*

SPED

Noun: *glaucoma; phlegm, rheum, sticky moisture.*

SPĒD

Noun: *speed, quickness; success, prosperity; riches, wealth, abundance, substance, means; power, faculty, opportunity; offspring, progeny.*

SPĒDAN

See *(ge)spēdan.*

SPĒDDROPA

Noun: *useful drop (ink); rheumy drop.*

SPEDIENDE

Adjective: *suffering from rheum or phlegm.*

SPĒDIG

Adjective: *lucky, prosperous, rich, wealthy, opulent, having means; abundant, copious, plenteous, abounding in; powerful.*

SPĒDIGNES

Noun: *wealth, opulence.*

SPĒDLĪCE

Adverb: *successfully, effectually, effectively, efficaciously; powerfully.*

SPELC

Noun: *splint.*

SPELCAN

Verb: *to fasten with splints.*

SPELD

Noun: *ember, torch; splinter.*

SPELIAN

Verb: *to represent, be substitute for, take or stand in the place of another.*

SPELIEND

Noun: *representative, substitute; vicar.*

SPELING

Noun: *deputyship, taking the place of another.*

SPELL

Noun: *narrative, relate, account, speech, discourse, story, fable, history, homily; news, message, announcement; statement, observation, remark, sentence, saying, dictum.*

SPELLBŌC

Noun: *book of sermons or homilies.*

SPELLBODA

Noun: *messenger, ambassador; prophet, public speaker, one who delivers a discourse.*

SPELLCWIDE

Noun: *historical narrative.*

SPELLIAN

See *(ge)spellian.*

SPELLSTŌW

Noun: *place of proclamations.*

SPELLUNG

Noun: *talking, speech, discourse, narrative, narration, conversation, tale.*

SPELT

1. Noun: *spelt, corn.*

2. Noun: *board of a book.*

SPĒN

Noun: *a fibre.*

SPENDAN

Verb: *to spend.*

SPENDUNG

Noun: *spending.*

SPĒNE

Noun: *the Spaniards.*

SPENNELS

Noun: *clasp.*

SPENNESTRE

Noun: *female temptress.*

SPEOFTAN

Verb: *to spit.*

SPEOHT

Noun: *green good-pecker.*

SPĒONISC

Adjective: *Spanish.*

SPERE

Noun: *spear, javelin, lance, pike; stitching pain.*

SPEREBRŌGA

Noun: *terror caused by the casting of spears or darts.*

SPEREHAND

Noun: *male line of descent.*

SPEREHEALF

Noun: *male line of descent.*

SPERELĒAS

Adjective: *without a point or head.*

SPERENĪÐ

Noun: *battle, spear-strife.*

SPERESCEAFT

Noun: *spear-shaft.*

SPEREWYRT

Noun: *plant name, spearwort, elecampane.*

SPIC

Noun: *bacon, lard, the fat flesh of swine.*

SPĪCA

Noun: *spikenard, any aromatic herb.*

SPĪCE

Noun: *aromatic herb, spice.*

SPICHŪS

Noun: *larder.*

SPĪCING

Noun: *spike; nail.*

SPICMĀSE

Noun: *titmouse.*

SPIGETTAN

Verb: *to spit.*

SPILÆG

Noun: *a venomous insect, spilagius.*

SPILD

Noun: *destruction, ruin, annihilation.*

SPILDAN

Verb: *to waste, destroy, ruin.*

SPILDSĪÐ

Noun: *destructive expedition.*

SPILIAN

Verb: *to play, sport, wanton.*

SPILLAN

See *(ge)spillan.*

SPILLEND

Noun: *player, jester.*

SPILLERE

Noun: *player, jester; parasite.*

SPILLING

Noun: *waste, destruction.*

SPIND

Noun: *fat.*

SPINEL

Noun: *spindle, the thread of a spindle.*

SPINELHEALF

Noun: *female line of descent.*

SPINNAN

See *(ge)spinnan.*

SPĪR

Noun: *spire, spike, blade.*

SPIRCAN

Verb: *to sparkle; to fall in drops.*

SPIRCING

Adjective: *sprinkling.*

SPITEL

Noun: *small spade, dibble, spud.*

SPITTAN

1. Verb: *to dig in with a spud.*

2. See *(ge)spittan.*

SPITTIAN

Verb: *to spit (for cooking).*

SPITU

Noun: *spit (cooking).*

SPIÐRA

Noun: *spider.*

SPĪWAN

Verb: *to spew, vomit, spit, spit up; to spit out.*

SPIWDRENC

Noun: *liquid emetic.*

SPIWE

Noun: *vomiting, vomit.*

SPĪWERE

Noun: *one who spews or vomits.*

SPIWIAN

Verb: *to spew, vomit, spit up.*

SPĪWING

Noun: *spewing, vomiting.*

SPIWOL

Adjective: *emetic, causing vomiting.*

SPIWÐA

Noun: *vomiting, vomit.*

SPLĀTAN

Verb: *to split.*

SPLOTT

Noun: *spot, blot; patch or plot of land.*

SPLOTTIAN

Verb: *to spot, blot.*

SPŌN

Noun: *sliver, chip, shaving.*

SPONGE

Noun: *sponge.*

SPOR

Noun: *track, trail, spoor; trace, vestige, footprint, mark left by anything.*

SPORETTAN

Verb: *to kick.*

SPORETUNG

Noun: *kicking.*

SPORNETTAN

Verb: *to spurn, kick; to strike with the feet.*

SPORNING

Noun: *stumbling-block.*

SPORPLÆTT

Noun: *kick.*

SPORU

Noun: *spike.*

SPORWRECEL

Noun: *what is tracked after being driven off.*

SPOT

Noun: *piece.*

SPŌWAN

See *(ge)spōwan.*

SPŌWENDLĪCE

Adverb: *prosperously, thrivingly, abundantly.*

SPRACEN

Noun: *berry-bearing alder.*

SPRĀEC

Noun: *narrative, speech, saying, discourse, conversation, statement, fable; language, talk, words; eloquence, power of speech; report, rumour, fame; decision, judgement, agreement, terms; charge, suit, claim; point, question; place for speaking; matter for speech or discussion.*

SPRÆC

Noun: *shoot, slip.*

SPRĀECCYN

Noun: *mode of speech or speaking.*

SPRĀECE

Noun: *talk, discourse.*

SPRĀECFUL

Adjective: *talkative, loquacious.*

SPRĀECHŪS

Noun: *senate-house, curia; auditorium, house for speaking; guest-quarters.*

SPRĀEDAN

Verb: *to spread, expand.*

SPRĀEDUNG

Noun: *spreading, diffusion, propagation.*

SPRĀEG

Noun: *brushwood.*

SPRANCA

Noun: *shoot, twig, sprig, branch.*

SPRANGETTAN

Verb: *to quiver, palpitate.*

SPRĒAWLIAN

Verb: *to sprawl, move convulsively.*

SPRECA

See *(ge)spreca.*

SPRECAN

Verb: *to utter, speak, say, mention, make a speech; to converse; to declare, tell off; to make a claim against, sue for.*

SPRECEL

1. Noun: *spot.*

2. See *sprecul.*

SPRĒCERN

Noun: *place for speaking; court-house.*

SPRECOLNES

Noun: *talkativeness, loquacity.*

SPRECUL

Adjective: *talkative, loquacious.*

SPRENGAN

See *(ge)sprengan.*

SPRENGING

Noun: *sprinkling.*

SPRĒOT

Noun: *pole, pike, spear, sprit.*

SPRINCA

Noun: *glosses circopythicos.*

SPRINCEL

Noun: *basket-snare (for catching fish), wicker-basket.*

SPRIND

Adjective: *vigorous, strong, active.*

SPRINDEL

Noun: *tender-hook.*

SPRINDLĪCE

Adverb: *vigorously, actively.*

SPRING

Noun: *spring, source; sprinkling; rising; flux; ulcer, sore, pustule.*

SPRINGAN

See *(ge)springan.*

SPRINGUNG

Noun: *growth.*

SPRINGWYRT

Noun: *caper-plant.*

SPROTA

Noun: *sprout, shoot, twig; peg.*

SPROTT

1. Noun: *sprout, shoot, twig, small branch; peg.*

2. Noun: *sprat.*

3. Noun: *a coarse kind of rush.*

SPRŪTAN

Verb: *to sprout.*

SPRYTLE

Noun: *chip, twig.*

SPRYTTAN

Verb: *to sprout, spring, germinate, come forth; to put forth a shoot, bring forth fruit; to incite.*

SPRYTTING

Noun: *sprig, sprout, shoot; plant; increase.*

SPURA

Noun: *spur.*

SPURE

Noun: *heel.*

SPURLEÐER

Noun: *spur-strap, spur-leather.*

SPURNAN

See *(ge)spurnan.*

SPURNERE

Noun: *fuller, one who treads or strikes with the feet.*

SPURUL

Adjective: *given to kicking or trampling.*

SPYLIAN

Verb: *to wash oneself.*

SPYRD

Noun: *stadium, race-course.*

SPYREMANN

Noun: *tracker.*

SPYRIAN

See *(ge)spyrian.*

SPYRIGEND

Noun: *inquirer; investigator.*

SPYRNAN

Verb: *to stumble.*

SPYRNUNG

Noun: *spurning.*

SPYRRAN

Verb: *to strike, spar.*

SPYRRING

Noun: *striking.*

SPYRTE

Noun: *wicker basket; eel-basket.*

SPYRUNG

Noun: *enquiry, asking; investigation.*

STACA

Noun: *stake, pin.*

STACAN

1. Verb: *to pierce with a stake; to spit; to roast.*

2. See *stagan* (1).

STACING

Noun: *enclosure made with stakes.*

STACUNG

Noun: *staking, piercing with a stake.*

STÆF

Noun: *staff, stick, rod; pastoral staff, official staff; character, letter; writing, document; (pl.) letters, collection of written symbols; literature, learning; Sunday letter.*

STÆFCRÆFT

Noun: *grammar, the art of letters; learning, study.*

STÆFCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *skilled in letters.*

STÆFCYST

Noun: *letters; learning from books, excellence in letters or learning.*

STÆFER

Noun: *pole.*

STÆFFORD

Noun: *Stafford.*

STÆFFORDSCĪR

Noun: *Staffordshire.*

STÆFGEFĒG

Noun: *combination of letters, syllable; letters.*

STÆFLEAHTOR

Noun: *grammatical fault, impropriety of speech; barbarism.*

STÆFLEORNERE

Noun: *student, learner of letters, scholar.*

STÆFLIC

Adjective: *literary; literal; Literate.*

STÆFLIÐERE

Noun: *sling, engine for casting stones, ballista.*

STÆFPLEGA

Noun: *literary game, letter-game.*

STÆFRĒW

Noun: *row of letters, line of writing; alphabet.*

STÆFRŌF

Noun: *alphabet.*

STÆFSWEORD

Noun: *sword-stick, lance, javelin.*

STÆFWĪS

Adjective: *lettered, learned, literate, skilled in letters.*

STÆG

Noun: *stay, rope; pool, pond.*

STĒGEL

Adjective: *steep, abrupt.*

STĒGER

1. Noun: *stair, staircase.*

2. See *stægel.*

STÆL

Noun: *place, spot, stead; situation, condition.*

STĀLAN

See *(ge)stālan.*

STÆLGIEST

Noun: *thievish stranger.*

STÆLHERIGE

Noun: *predatory army, marauding band.*

STÆLHRĀN

Noun: *decoy-reindeer.*

STÆLTIHTLE

Noun: *charge of stealing.*

STÆLÐING

Noun: *theft.*

STĀLWIERÐE

Adjective: *serviceable, able to stand a person in good stead.*

STÆLWYRT

Noun: *water starwort.*

STĀNA

Noun: *stone jug, pot of stone or earth.*

STĀNAN

See *(ge)stānan.*

STĀNE

Noun: *pitcher, jug.*

STĀNEN

Adjective: *stony, made or built of stone; hard as stone.*

STĀNER

Noun: *stony ground.*

STĀNILIC

Adjective: *stony.*

STĀNING

Noun: *stoning, casting of stones; ornamenting with stones.*

STÆPE

Noun: *step, going, gait, pace; power of locomotion; measure of length, short distance; stair, pedestal, step of a mast; socket; grade, degree.*

STÆPEGONG

Noun: *step, going.*

STÆPMÆLUM

Adverb: *step by step; gradually, by degrees.*

STÆPPAN

See *(ge)stæppan.*

STÆPPESCŌH

Noun: *slipper.*

STÆR

Noun: *starling, stare.*

STĒR

Noun: *story, narrative, history.*

STÆRBLIND

Adjective: *stone-blind, blind from giddiness, quite blind, purblind.*

STĒRLEORNERE

Noun: *student of history, historical scholar.*

STĒRLĪCE

Adverb: *historically.*

STÆRLING

Noun: *starling.*

STĒRTRACTERE

Noun: *commentator, historian.*

STÆRWRĪTERE

Noun: *historian, writer of history; writer about letters or grammar.*

STÆÐ

1. Noun: *shore, bank, river-bank, the land bordering on water.*

2. Noun: *stay.*

STÆÐFÆST

Adjective: *firm, stable.*

STÆÐHLŸPE

1. Adjective: *sloping, precipitous, running to the shore.*

2. Noun: *steep place.*

STÆÐHLŸPLĪCE

Adverb: *steeply, at a steep inclination.*

STÆÐSWEALWE

Noun: *sand-martin.*

STÆÐÐAN

Verb: *to stay, support, make staid.*

STÆÐÐIG

See *(ge)stæððig.*

STÆÐÐIGNES

See *(ge)stæððignes.*

STÆÐWEALL

Noun: *barrier formed by the shore.*

STÆÐWYRT

Noun: *plant name.*

STAFIAN

Verb: *to dictate, direct.*

STAFOD

Adjective: *striped.*

STAGAN

1. Verb: *to roast.*

2. See *stacan* (1).

STAGGA

Noun: *stag.*

STĀL

See *(ge)stāl.*

STĀLERN

Noun: *court of law, place where charges are heard.*

STALGONG

Noun: *stealthy step or going.*

STALIAN

Verb: *to go stealthily; to steal (upon a person).*

STĀLIAN

See *(ge)stālian.*

STALU

1. See *(ge)stalu.*

2. Noun: *wood to which harp-strings are fixed, stale.*

STALUNG

Noun: *stealing, robbery.*

STAM

Adjective: *stammering.*

STAMERA

Noun: *stammerer.*

STAMERIAN

Verb: *to stammer.*

STAMMETAN

Verb: *to stammer.*

STAMOR

Adjective: *stammering.*

STAMPE

Noun: *pestle.*

STĀN

Noun: *stone, rock, gem, precious stone; calculus; milestone.*

STĀNÆX

Noun: *stone axe, an implement for working stone.*

STĀNBÆÐ

Noun: *vapour bath made by water poured on to heated stones.*

STĀNBEORG

Noun: *stony elevation, rocky hill.*

STĀNBERENDE

Adjective: *stony, stone-bearing.*

STĀNBILL

Noun: *tool for working stone.*

STĀNBOGA

Noun: *rocky arch.*

STĀNBRYCE

Noun: *a piece of stone.*

STĀNBRYCG

Noun: *stone bridge.*

STĀNBUCCA

Noun: *mountain goat.*

STĀNBURG

Noun: *town or fort of stone, walled town.*

STANC

Noun: *sprinkling.*

STĀNCARR

Noun: *stone, rock.*

STĀNCEASTEL

Noun: *heap of stones, walled enclosure, old Roman or British earthwork.*

STĀNCEOSEL

Noun: *sand.*

STĀNCLIF

Noun: *rock, crag, rocky cliff.*

STĀNCLŪD

Noun: *rock.*

STĀNCNOLL

Noun: *rocky top or knoll, rock-summit.*

STĀNCRÆFTIGA

Noun: *skilled stone-worker.*

STANCRIAN

Verb: *to sprinkle.*

STĀNCROP

Noun: *stone-crop.*

STĀNCRUNDEL

Noun: *tumulus of stones.*

STĀNCYNN

Noun: *kind of stone.*

STĀNCYSTEN

Noun: *chestnut-tree.*

STAND

Noun: *stand, stay; pause, delay.*

STANDAN

See *(ge)standan.*

STANDEND

Noun: *one who stands.*

STĀNDENU

Noun: *stony valley.*

STĀNFÆT

Noun: *stone vessel; jewelled sheath.*

STĀNFĀH

Adjective: *many-coloured with stones.*

STĀNFLŌR

Noun: *stone floor, pavement.*

STĀNFORD

Noun: *stony ford.*

STĀNGADERUNG

Noun: *collection of stones, stone wall.*

STĀNGEAT

Noun: *opening between rocks.*

STĀNGEDELF

Noun: *stone quarry.*

STĀNGEFEALL

Noun: *heap of fallen stones.*

STĀNGEFŌG

Noun: *stone-laying, joining of stones in buildings.*

STĀNGELLAG

Noun: *pelican.*

STĀNGETIMBRE

Noun: *stone building, masonry.*

STĀNGEWEORC

Noun: *stone-work, masonry, art of building.*

STĀNGRÆF

Noun: *stone quarry.*

STĀNGRIPE

Noun: *seizing of stones.*

STĀNHEGE

Noun: *stone fence, a wall.*

STĀNHENGE

Noun: *Stonehenge.*

STĀNHLIÐ

Noun: *rock, rocky slope, cliff.*

STĀNHLINC

Noun: *stony ridge.*

STĀNHOF

Noun: *stone building, house of stone.*

STĀNHOL

Noun: *hole in rocks.*

STĀNHRICG

Noun: *rocky ridge.*

STĀNHŸPE

Noun: *stone-heap.*

STĀNHŸWET

Noun: *stone-quarry.*

STĀNIG

Adjective: *stony, rocky.*

STĀNIHT

1. Adjective: *stony, rocky.*

2. Noun: *stony ground.*

STĀNINCEL

Noun: *little stone.*

STĀNLESUNG

Noun: *gathering, building with loose stones.*

STĀNLĪM

Noun: *cement; mortar.*

STĀNMERCE

Noun: *parsley.*

STĀNRÆW

Noun: *line of stones.*

STĀNROCC

Noun: *high rock, peak, obelisk.*

STĀNSCALU

Noun: *shale.*

STĀNSCRÆF

Noun: *cave in the rocks.*

STĀNSCYLF

Noun: *rock, rugged rock; peak.*

STĀNSCYLIG

Adjective: *stony, shaly.*

STĀNSTICCE

Noun: *bit of stone.*

STĀNSTRÆT

Noun: *road made with stones, paved road.*

STĀNTORR

Noun: *stone tower; rock, crag, tor.*

STĀNWALU

Noun: *bank of stones.*

STĀNWEALL

Noun: *wall of stone.*

STĀNWEG

Noun: *road made with stones, paved road.*

STĀNWEORC

Noun: *stone work, stone structure, stone building.*

STĀNWONG

Noun: *stony plain.*

STĀNWURÐUNG

Noun: *worship of stones.*

STĀNWURMA

Noun: *mineral colour, colour got from a stone.*

STĀNWYRHT

Noun: *stone structure, stone building.*

STĀNWYRHTA

Noun: *worker in stone, stone-wright, mason.*

STAPA

Noun: *one who steps; grasshopper, locust.*

STAPELA

Noun: *post, stake, stock.*

STAPOL

Noun: *basis, support, post, prop, pillar, column, trunk of a tree, stay; step, flight or steps up to a house door, threshold.*

STAPOLWEG

Noun: *road marked out by posts.*

STAPPEL

Noun: *step.*

STARIAN

See *(ge)starian.*

STAÐOL

Noun: *the lower, firmer part, base, support, foundation; trunk of a tree; state, condition; position, station; stability, security; firmament, heavens; underside of a turf; farm.*

STAÐOLÆHT

Noun: *landed possession, estate, real estate.*

STAÐOLFÆST

Adjective: *firm, fixed, stable, steadfast; stationary; (in a moral sense) constant, firm, unyielding; unwavering.*

STAÐOLFÆSTLIC

Adjective: *firm, steadfast.*

STAÐOLFÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *firmly, steadfastly; constantly.*

STAÐOLFÆSTNES

Noun: *stability, steadfastness.*

STAÐOLFÆSTNUNG

Noun: *foundation.*

STAÐOLIAN

See *(ge)staðolian.*

STAÐOLNES

Noun: *firmament.*

STAÐOLUNG

See *(ge)staðolung.*

STAÐOLWANG

Noun: *settling place.*

STEALC

Adjective: *lofty, steep, precipitous.*

STEALCUNG

Noun: *act of going stealthily; stalking.*

STEALDAN

Verb: *to own, possess.*

STEALL

Noun: *position, place, standing; state, condition; place, stead; place for cattle, stable, stall; fishing ground.*

STEALLA

Noun: *crab.*

STEALLERE

Noun: *constable, marshal.*

STEALLIAN

Verb: *to take place.*

STĒAM

Noun: *hot breath or exhalation, steam; steaming fluid; blood.*

STĒAP

1. Adjective: *high, lofty, towering; deep, precipitous; prominent, standing out; bright, brilliant; projecting.*

2. Noun: *stoup; drinking vessel, cup, beaker, flagon.*

STEAPHĒAH

Adjective: *very high.*

STĒAPOL

Noun: *cairn.*

STEARC

Adjective: *stiff, rigid; strong; hard, severe, stern; harsh, rough, violent; obstinate, stiff-necked, unyielding, impetuous; (of wind or weather) hard, rough, strong.*

STEARCFERÐ

Adjective: *harsh, stern (of soul).*

STEARCHEARD

Adjective: *excessive, unrestrained, violent.*

STEARCHEORT

Adjective: *stout-hearted.*

STEARCIAN

Verb: *to stiffen, become or grow stiff or hard.*

STEARCLĪCE

Adverb: *vigorously, stoutly, vehemently, strongly, fiercely; strictly.*

STEARCMŌD

Adjective: *stubborn, obstinate.*

STEARN

Noun: *kind of bird, tern, sea-swallow.*

STEARTLIAN

Verb: *to kick, struggle; to stumble.*

STĒDA

Noun: *stallion, entire horse (or camel).*

STEDE

Noun: *position, place, site, station; position, status, standing; stability, firmness, steadfastness, fixity; stopping, standing still; strangury (medical term).*

STEDEFÆST

Adjective: *steady, firm, steadfast; constant; steady (of weather).*

STEDEFÆSTNES

Noun: *constancy; steadfastness.*

STEDEHEARD

Adjective: *firm; hard, strong.*

STEDELĒAS

Adjective: *unstable, unsteady.*

STEDENÆGEL

Noun: *firm nail, talon.*

STEDEWANG

Noun: *open place, plain, field.*

STEDEWIST

Noun: *stability, constancy, steadiness.*

STEDIG

Adjective: *sterile, barren.*

STEDIGNES

Noun: *sterility, barrenness.*

STEDINGLĪNE

Noun: *stay (ship's rope).*

STEFN

1. Noun: *sound, voice; (grammatical term) form to mark relation.*

2. Noun: *message, summons; time, turn; the English military force.*

3. Noun: *stem (of a tree), root, trunk; foundation; race, stock; prow or stern of a vessel.*

STEFNAN

See *(ge)stefnan.*

STEFNBYRD

Noun: *control, direction, regulation.*

STEFNELOF

Noun: *vociferatio.*

STEFNETTAN

Verb: *to stand firm.*

STEFNHLŌW

Adjective: *vocalic.*

STEFNIAN

See *(ge)stefnian.*

STEFNING

Noun: *border, hem; turn, shift.*

STEFNMǢLUM

Adverb: *alternatively, by turns.*

STELA

Noun: *stalk (of a plant); support.*

STELAN

See *(ge)stelan.*

STELLAN

Verb: *to put, place, set; to take place; to stand.*

STELMĒLE

Noun: *vessel with a stem or handle.*

STELSCOFL

Noun: *shovel with long handle.*

STEMPAN

Verb: *to stamp, pound; to bray.*

STEMPINGĪSERN

Noun: *stamping-iron.*

STENAN

Verb: *to cause to sound, sound loudly, make a loud noise; to groan, roar; to clash, rattle.*

STENC

Noun: *smell, odour; pleasant smell, scent, fragrance; unpleasant smell, stench, stink; the sense of smell.*

STENCAN

See *(ge)stencan.*

STENCBǢRE

Adjective: *stinking.*

STENCBRENGENDE

Adjective: *odoriferous.*

STENCFÆT

Noun: *smelling-bottle.*

STENCNES

See *(ge)stencnes*.

STENECIAN

Verb: *to pant*.

STENG

Noun: *bar, rod, cudgel, staff, pole, stake*.

STĒOPBEARN

Noun: *orphan*.

STĒOPCILD

Noun: *orphan; one deprived of protection*.

STĒOPDOHTOR

Noun: *step-daughter*.

STĒOPFÆDER

Noun: *step-father*.

STĒOPMŌDOR

Noun: *step-mother*.

STĒOPSUNU

Noun: *step-son*.

STĒOR

1. Noun: *direction, guidance, steering; rule, regulation; punishment, penalty, fine; correction, restraint, discipline; reproof*.

2. Noun: *young bull or cow, steer, bullock*.

3. Noun: *rudder, helm*.

4. See *stǣr*.

STĒORA

Noun: *guider, director, steerman, pilot, one who directs the course of a ship*.

STEORBǼRE

Adjective: *star-bearing*.

STĒORBORD

Noun: *starboard*.

STĒORDALC

Noun: *steering pin, helm*.

STĒORE

Noun: *direction; regulation; discipline*.

STĒOREND

Noun: *director, ruler, governor; corrector.*

STĒORERE

Noun: *steerer, steersman.*

STEORFA

Noun: *mortality; carrion (dead flesh); pestilence; a place where death has taken place.*

STEORFAN

Verb: *to die.*

STEORGLĒAW

Adjective: *skilled in astronomy.*

STĒORLĒAS

Adjective: *not under control or rule, ungovernable, fierce, wild; without instruction, ignorant, foolish; profligate.*

STĒORLĒASLIC

Adjective: *unmanageable, undisciplined.*

STĒORMANN

Noun: *pilot, steersman, master or captain of a ship.*

STĒORNÆGL

Noun: *handle of a helm.*

STEORNEDE

Adjective: *having a big forehead; active, bold.*

STĒOROXA

Noun: *steer.*

STEORRA

Noun: *star.*

STEORREDE

Adjective: *starred (of a white mark on horse's forehead).*

STĒORRĒÐRA

Noun: *steersman, skipper, captain or master of a ship.*

STĒORRŌÐER

Noun: *rudder.*

STEORSCĒAWERE

Noun: *observer of the stars, astronomer, astrologer; constellation.*

STĒORSCEOFOL

Noun: *rudder.*

STĒORSETL

Noun: *steersman's seat, the stern.*

STĒORSPRĒC

Noun: *reproof, rebuke.*

STĒORSTEFN

Noun: *the stern, poop.*

STEORT

Noun: *tail; start; promontory, cape; plough-tail.*

STĒORWEORÐ

Adjective: *blameworthy, reprehensible, deserving reprobation.*

STEORWIGLE

Noun: *astrology.*

STEORWIGLERE

Noun: *astrologer; mathematician.*

STEORWIGLUNG

Noun: *astrology.*

STĒPAN

Verb: *to raise, erect; to elevate, honour, exalt; to enrich, adorn; to bereave.*

STĒRAN

Verb: *to burn incense; to perfume a person as with incense; to fumigate.*

STERCEDFERHÐ

Adjective: *determined, bold, brave, stout of heart.*

STĒRING

Noun: *incense.*

STERMELDA

Noun: *informer, complainant.*

STEÐEHEARD

1. Adjective: *hardened on the anvil.*

2. See *stedeheard.*

STICĀDL

Noun: *stitch, pain in the side.*

STICCA

Noun: *stick, peg; pointer (of a dial); spoon.*

STICCE

1. Noun: *sticky matter.*

2. See *stycce.*

STICE

See *(ge)stice.*

STICEL

1. Noun: *thorn; goad, prick.*

2. See *sticol.*

STICELS

Noun: *stimulus; thorn; goad, prick.*

STICFŌDDER

Noun: *case for pegs or spoons; case made of twigs.*

STICIAN

See *(ge)stician.*

STICOL

Adjective: *steep, placed high, lofty; sharp, abrupt; steep; rough, rugged, scaly; difficult, arduous; biting.*

STICOLNES

Noun: *height, loftiness.*

STICTÆNEL

Noun: *basket, wicker basket.*

STICUNG

Noun: *piercing, goading, pricking, stabbing; killing, sticking (pigs).*

STICWÆRC

Noun: *stitch in the side.*

STICWYRT

Noun: *stitch-wort, agrimony.*

STIELL

Noun: *jump, leap, spring.*

STIELLAN

See *(ge)stiellan.*

STĪEMAN

Verb: *to emit vapour or scent, exhale, steam.*

STĪEME

Noun: *name of a plant.*

STĪEMING

Noun: *fragrance.*

STĪEP

Noun: *downfall, deprivation; overthrow.*

STĪERAN

See *(ge)stīeran.*

STĪERNES

Noun: *correction, discipline.*

STĪF

Adjective: *stiff, rigid, unbending.*

STĪFEARH

Noun: *young pig (kept in a sty).*

STĪFIAN

Verb: *to be or become stiff or rigid.*

STĪFIG

Adjective: *steep.*

STĪG

Noun: *way, path, narrow path, footpath, road, track, course; line.*

STIG

Noun: *wooden enclosure, pen, sty; hall.*

STĪGAN

See *(ge)stīgan.*

STIGE

Noun: *ascent, descent.*

STIGEL

Noun: *stile (steps for getting over a fence).*

STIGELHAMM

Noun: *enclosure reached by a stile.*

STĪGEND

Noun: *stye (on the eye); sailor; rider.*

STIGIAN

Verb: *to shut into a sty or pen; to mount.*

STĪGNES

Noun: *descent.*

STIGRĀP

Noun: *stirrup.*

STIHTAN

See *(ge)stihtan.*

STIHTEND

Noun: *disposer, ruler; protector.*

STIHTERE

Noun: *director, disposer, ruler; steward, treasurer.*

STIHTUNG

See *(ge)stihtung.*

STILLAN

See *(ge)stillan.*

STILLE

1. Adjective: *calm, still, quiet, silent; gentle, quiet, unchanging, undisturbed; stable, fixed; secret; abstaining from.*

2. Adverb: *still, quietly.*

STILLĪCE

Adverb: *not out loud, not speaking, without producing sound, silently.*

STILLNES

Noun: *stillness, quiet, silence; peace, tranquillity, security; release, relaxation; abstinence from, exemption from.*

STINCAN

See *(ge)stincan.*

STING

Noun: *puncture, sting, thrust, stab; the wound made by a stab or sting.*

STINGAN

1. Verb: *to sting, pierce, stab; to thrust, push through; to exercise authority, thrust one's self into the affairs of another.*

2. See *(ge)stincan.*

STINT

Noun: *sand-piper.*

STĪPAN

Verb: *to deprive.*

STĪPEL

Noun: *steeple, tower.*

STĪPERE

Noun: *support, prop, post, pillar.*

STIRC

Noun: *calf, stirk, a young bullock or a heifer.*

STIRFAN

Verb: *to kill.*

STIRFIG

Adjective: *pertaining to an animal that has died.*

STIRNAN

Verb: *to be severe.*

STĪÐ

Adjective: *stiff, rigid, firm, thick, hard, strong, not bending easily, unyielding; resolute, brave; stern, severe, austere, inexorable; stubborn, unrelenting, strict, harsh, cruel.*

STĪÐE

1. Adverb: *very much, strongly; well, effectively; hardly, harshly, severely, strictly, sternly, bitterly, austerely, asceticly.*

2. Noun: *name of a plant, name given to lamb's cress or to nettle.*

STĪÐECG

Adjective: *stiff or strong edge.*

STĪÐFERHÐ

Adjective: *determined, of firm or strong mind; stern.*

STĪÐHYCGENDE

Adjective: *determined, resolute, brave; stern, obstinate, stubborn; having hard, unpleasant thoughts.*

STĪÐHŸDIG

Adjective: *determined, resolute.*

STĪÐHYGD

Adjective: *determined, resolute; constant.*

STĪÐLIC

Adjective: *firm, stout, strong, hard; decided; harsh, severe, stern, fierce.*

STĪÐLĪCE

Adverb: *hardly, severely, sternly, strictly, firmly; forcibly; strenuously.*

STĪÐMÆGEN

Noun: *powerful force.*

STĪÐMŌD

Adjective: *resolute, brave, firm, unflinching; severe, stern; stubborn, obstinate; of violent or fierce mind.*

STĪÐNES

Noun: *hardness, severity, strictness, force, rigidity; firmness, constancy, rigour.*

STĪÐWEG

Noun: *hard or rough way.*

STĪWEARD

Noun: *guardian, housekeeper, steward.*

STĪWITA

Noun: *housekeeper, officer of a household.*

STOC

Noun: *place, dwelling, house.*

STOCC

Noun: *stock, stump, trunk, log; stake, post; stocks; trumpet.*

STOCCEN

Adjective: *made of logs.*

STOCCETT

Noun: *place with tree-stumps.*

STOCCGEMÆRE

Noun: *boundary marked by logs.*

STOCLĪF

Noun: *dwelling-place, habitation; city, town.*

STOCWEARD

Noun: *citizen, townsman.*

STOCWĪC

Noun: *dwelling-place, habitation, residence.*

STOD

Noun: *post.*

STŌD

Noun: *stud (of horses).*

STŌDFALD

Noun: *paddock, stud-fold.*

STŌDHORS

Noun: *stallion, stud-horse.*

STODLA

Noun: *slay, part of a loom.*

STŌDMYRE

Noun: *brood-mare, mare with a foal.*

STŌDÐĒOF

Noun: *horse-stealer, one who steals from a stud.*

STOFA

Noun: *bath-room.*

STOFBÆÐ

Noun: *hot-air bath, vapour bath.*

STOFN

Noun: *stem, shoot, branch, trunk; offspring, progeny; foundation, station, position.*

STŌL

Noun: *stool, chair, seat; throne, seat of one in authority; bishop's see.*

STOLE

Noun: *stole, long outer garment.*

STONDNIS

Noun: *substance.*

STŌPEL

Noun: *footprint, mark left by the foot.*

STOPPA

Noun: *bucket, pail.*

STOPPIAN

Verb: *to stop, close an aperture.*

STŌR

1. Noun: *incense, frankincense, storax.*

2. Adjective: *strong, great; violent.*

STORC

Noun: *stork.*

STŌRCILLE

Noun: *censer.*

STŌRFÆT

Noun: *censer.*

STORM

Noun: *storm, tempest; rush, onrush, attack; tumult, uproar; disturbance, disquiet.*

STORMIG

Adjective: *stormy.*

STORMSĒ

Noun: *stormy sea.*

STŌRSÆP

Noun: *resin.*

STŌRSTICCA

Noun: *incense-stick, rod for stirring the incense in the censer.*

STOT

Noun: *inferior kind of horse.*

STŌW

Noun: *place, site, spot, position, locality, stead; dwelling, habitation, room; passage in a book.*

STŌWIGAN

Verb: *to retain, restrain, hold back.*

STŌWLIC

Adjective: *local, relating to place, limited by space.*

STŌWLĪCE

Adverb: *locally, as regards place.*

STRACA

Noun: *strip of land.*

STRĀCIAN

Verb: *to stroke.*

STRĀCUNG

Noun: *stroking, caressing.*

STRÆC

1. Adjective: *firm, strict, stern, severe, rigorous, rigid, hard; obstinate, persistent, unyielding, uncompromising; strenuous, vehement, violent.*

2. Noun: *strictness, rigour; violence, force.*

STRÆCLIC

Adjective: *rigorous, strict, severe.*

STRÆCLĪCE

Adverb: *strictly, sternly, severely; vehemently, forcibly, violently.*

STRÆCNES

Noun: *pertinacity, persistence, perseverance; severity, rigidity, rigour; bitterness.*

STRĀDE

Noun: *pace.*

STRĀL

1. Noun: *arrow, dart, shaft, missile.*

2. Noun: *curtain, quilt, matting; bed, couch; mattress, rug, covering for beds.*

STRĀLBORA

Noun: *archer.*

STRĀLIAN

Verb: *to shoot.*

STRĀLWYRT

Noun: *name of a plant, club-moss.*

STRĀT

Noun: *street, road; couch, bed.*

STRĀTLANU

Noun: *street.*

STRĀTWEARD

Noun: *guarding of roads.*

STRAND

Noun: *strand, sea-shore.*

STRANG

Adjective: *strong, powerful, mighty, potent; able, effective; firm, bold, brave; resolute, constant; strict, severe, stern, hard; valid, assured, earnest; arduous, strenuous, fierce, violent.*

STRANGE

Adverb: *severely; strongly, violently, furiously.*

STRANGHYNDE

Adjective: *strong of hand.*

STRANGIAN

See *(ge)strangian.*

STRANGLIC

Adjective: *strong, stout, firm, solid, sound, robust; laborious, hard; severe, hard to bear; displaying force or energy.*

STRANGLĪCE

Adverb: *strongly, firmly, stoutly; severely, sternly, hardly; boldly, bravely; fiercely, violently, vehemently, strenuously, vigorously.*

STRANGMŌD

Adjective: *resolute, confident, of strong mind.*

STRANGNES

Noun: *power, strength; force, violence.*

STRANGUNG

See *(ge)strangung.*

STRAPULAS

Noun: *breeches.*

STRĒAM

Noun: *stream, river, current, flood, flowing water; (pl) sea.*

STRĒAMFARU

Noun: *rush of water, current.*

STRĒAMGEWINN

Noun: *strife of waters.*

STRĒAMLIC

Adjective: *of water.*

STRĒAMRACU

Noun: *water-course, channel.*

STRĒAMRĀD

Noun: *course of a stream; sea-path, watery road.*

STRĒAMRYNES

Adverb: *flowing like a stream.*

STRĒAMSTÆÐ

Noun: *shore.*

STRĒAMWEALL

Noun: *shore.*

STRĒAMWELM

Noun: *surging stream, boiling of the waters.*

STRĒAW

Noun: *straw, hay.*

STRĒAWBERIGE

Noun: *strawberry (plant or fruit).*

STRECCAN

Verb: *to spread out, stretch, extend, reach; to hold out, extend.*

STRECCANMŌD

Adjective: *persistent.*

STRECEDNES

Noun: *bed, couch; spreading.*

STRĒGAN

Verb: *to strew.*

STREGDAN

Verb: *to spread, disperse, scatter, extend, strew, sprinkle; to lay in order.*

STREGDNESS

Noun: *scattering, sprinkling.*

STRENG

1. Noun: *rope, string, cord; string of a musical instrument; ligature, sinew, string (of the tongue); tackle (in pl.), cable, rigging; lineage, race.*

2. See *strengu.*

STRENGE

Adjective: *hard, severe.*

STRENGEL

Noun: *chief, ruler, gallant leader; one who strengthens or emboldens.*

STRENGLIC

Adjective: *strong, firm.*

STRENGLĪCE

Adverb: *firmly.*

STRENGÐ

Noun: *strength, force, violence; power to do, vigour, fortitude; superiority; ability, virtue, efficacy, beneficial power; firmness; manhood, mature years.*

STRENGU

Noun: *power, strength; vigour, fortitude, firmness; ability, virtue.*

STRĒON

See *(ge)strēon.*

STRĒOWEN

Noun: *resting-place, bed, couch.*

STRĒOWNES

Noun: *mattress, bedding, what is spread to lie on.*

STRĒWIAN

See *(ge)strēwian.*

STRĒWUNG

Noun: *couch; bedding; what is spread to lie on.*

STRIC

See *(ge)stric.*

STRICA

Noun: *mark, line, stroke (of a pen), streak; tract, title.*

STRĪCAN

See *(ge)strīcan.*

STRICEL

Noun: *fount; breast, teat; implement for smoothing corn in a measure, strickle.*

STRĪCHRÆGL

Noun: *a cloth for rubbing or wiping.*

STRĪDAN

Verb: *to stride; to rob, get by force, pillage; to mount a horse.*

STRIDE

Noun: *step, pace, stride.*

STRĪENAN

See *(ge)strīenan.*

STRĪMAN

Verb: *to resist, oppose.*

STRĪME

Adjective: *having a current.*

STRĪNA

Noun: *acquirer.*

STRĪNEND

Noun: *acquirer, one who acquires or gains.*

STRĪPAN

Verb: *to strip.*

STRIPLIGAN

Verb: *to pull, pluck, snatch; to pluck with a desire.*

STRĪÐ

Noun: *fight, struggle; dispute, contention, strife; contest; opposition, antagonism.*

STROCCIAN

Verb: *to stroke.*

STRŌD

Noun: *marshy land (covered with brushwood or trees).*

STROGDNES

See *(ge)strogdnes.*

STROP

Noun: *strap, strop, (oar)-thong.*

STRŪDAN

See *(ge)strūdan.*

STRŪDEND

Noun: *robber; money-lender, usurer; spoiler.*

STRŪDERE

Noun: *spoiler; robber.*

STRŪDGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *greedily, rapaciously.*

STRŪDIAN

See *(ge)strūdian.*

STRŪDUNG

Noun: *spoliation; robbery, pillage.*

STRUMP

Noun: *stump.*

STRŪT

Noun: *strife.*

STRŪTIAN

Verb: *to stand out stiffly or projectingly; to struggle.*

STRŸND

Noun: *generation, line of inheritance; stock, race, tribe; kin.*

STRŸNDAN

Verb: *to spoil, waste.*

STRŸNDERE

Noun: *waster, squanderer, prodigal.*

STRŸTA

Noun: *ostrich.*

STUBBIG

Adjective: *stumpy.*

STŪC

Noun: *heap.*

STŪCE

Noun: *stump of a tree.*

STUDDIAN

Verb: *to look after, be careful for.*

STUDDING

Noun: *care, trouble; labour.*

STUDU

Noun: *prop, post, column, pillar, buttress, stud.*

STULOR

Adjective: *furtive, stealthy, stolen.*

STULORLĪCE

Adverb: *furtively, stealthily.*

STUMBEL

Noun: *stump.*

STUMBLETT

Noun: *place with stumps.*

STUND

Noun: *short space of time, moment, period, while, time, hour; hard time; signal; now, at once, from time to time.*

STUNDMÆLUM

Adverb: *from time to time, at intervals, little by little, gradually; at different times, time after time, now at one time now at another, alternatively.*

STUNDUM

Adverb: *from time to time, at times; with effort, laboriously, eagerly, fiercely.*

STUNIAN

Verb: *to make a loud sound, resound, crash, roar; to crash, dash; to impinge.*

STUNT

Adjective: *stupid, foolish, dull.*

STUNTLIC

Adjective: *stupid, foolish.*

STUNTLĪCE

Adverb: *stupidly, foolishly.*

STUNTNES

Noun: *stupidity, folly, foolishness.*

STUNTSCIPE

Noun: *foolishness.*

STUNTSPRÆC

Noun: *foolish speech.*

STUNTSPRĀECE

Adjective: *talking foolishly, foolish in speech.*

STUNTWYRDE

Adjective: *talking foolishly, foolish in speech.*

STŪPIAN

Verb: *to stoop, bend the back; to slope.*

STŪT

Noun: *gnat, midge.*

STUÐANSCEAFT

Noun: *prop, stay.*

STYBB

Noun: *stump, stub.*

STYCCE

Noun: *bit, piece, fragment, portion; mite (small piece of money); short space of time.*

STYCCEMÆLUM

Adverb: *piecemeal, in pieces, little by little, gradually, by degrees; to bits, to pieces; here and there, in different places.*

STŸCING

Noun: *clearing (of land).*

STYFIC

Adjective: *stump.*

STŸFICIAN

Verb: *to root up, extirpate.*

STYFICLĒAH

Noun: *clearing in a wood, cleared lea.*

STYFICUNG

Noun: *clearing.*

STYFICWEG

Noun: *road made by clearing away tree-stumps.*

STŸLAN

Verb: *to temper, harden, steel.*

STŸLE

Noun: *steel.*

STŸLECG

Adjective: *steel-edged.*

STŸLEN

Adjective: *of steel, hard as steel.*

STYLTAN

See *(ge)styltan.*

STYR

Noun: *stir.*

STYRENES

Noun: *power of motion, movement, stirring; commotion, tumult, agitation, disturbance, perturbation.*

STYRIA

Noun: *sturgeon, name of a fish.*

STYRIAN

See *(ge)styrian.*

STYRIGENDLIC

Adjective: *moving; mobile.*

STYRMAN

Verb: *to storm, roar, rage; to cry out, shout, make a great noise.*

STYRNE

Adjective: *strict, stern, severe, grave, hard, cruel; rigorous.*

STYRNENGA

Adverb: *sternly, inexorably.*

STYRNLIC

Adjective: *hard, severe, harsh; unpleasant.*

STYRNLĪCE

Adverb: *sternly, hardly, harshly; rigorously, inflexibly.*

STYRNMŌD

Adjective: *stern of mood or mind.*

STYRTAN

Verb: *to start; to leap up, jump up.*

STYRUNG

Noun: *moving, motion; disturbance, agitation, commotion; disturbance, tumult; emotion, agitation, perturbation; exercise, practise; shaking, quaking, convulsive movement; stir.*

SŪ

Noun: *sow.*

SUBDĪACON

Noun: *subdeacon.*

SUCCA

Noun: *sparrow.*

SUFEL

Noun: *relish (flesh, fish or vegetable) eaten with bread.*

SUFLMETE

Noun: *delicacy, relish.*

SŪGAN

Verb: *to suck, suck in, fall in as the cheeks do when sucking; to have hiccough.*

SUGGA

Noun: *kind of bird, titlark, wagtail.*

SUGIAN

See *(ge)sugian.*

SUHT

Noun: *sickness, illness.*

SUHTERGA

Noun: *brother's son, nephew; uncle's son, cousin.*

SUHTERGEFÆDERAN

Noun: *uncle and nephew.*

SŪL

Noun: *plough, ploughs; measure of land; furrow, gully.*

SŪLERĒOST

Noun: *rest (part of a plough).*

SULHÆCER

Noun: *strip of land for ploughing.*

SULHÆLMESSE

Noun: *plough-alms, ecclesiastical tax on ploughed land.*

SULHANDLA

Noun: *plough-tail, plough-handle; ploughman.*

SULHBĒAM

Noun: *plough-tail, curved hinder part of a plough.*

SULHGANG

Noun: *plough-gang, land which can be gone over or tilled by one plough in a day.*

SULHGESĪDU

Noun: *ploughing tackle or appurtenance.*

SULHGETĒOG

Noun: *ploughing implements.*

SULHGEWEORC

Noun: *plough-making, plough-work.*

SULHHÆBBERE

Noun: *ploughman.*

SULHMANN

Noun: *ploughman.*

SULIG

Adjective: *pigsty.*

SŪLINCEL

Noun: *small furrow, small portion of arable land.*

SULPHOR

Noun: *sulphur.*

SULUNG

Noun: *(in Kent) the fiscal unit corresponding to the hide (or carucate in other counties).*

SUM

1. Pronoun: *some, a certain one, someone, something, one; one of many, part of a whole.*

2. Adjective: *some, any, a certain.*

3. Adverb: *about.*

SUMERSÆTE

Noun: *the people or district of Somerset.*

SUMERSÆTISC

Adjective: *of Somerset.*

SUMHWILC

Pronoun: *certain.*

SUMHWONNE

Adverb: *at some time.*

SŪMNES

Noun: *delay.*

SUMOR

Noun: *summer.*

SUMORBŌC

Noun: *summer lectionary.*

SUMORHÆTE

Noun: *summer heat.*

SUMORHĀT

Noun: *summer-heat.*

SUMORHŪS

Noun: *summer-house.*

SUMORLÆCAN

Verb: *to draw near to summer.*

SUMORLANG

Adjective: *of the length of a summer's day, summer long; epithet of a day.*

SUMORLIC

Adjective: *of summer.*

SUMORLIDA

1. Noun: *summer fleet, army or expedition (one that sets forth in summer and returns in autumn).*

2. Noun: *shoot, twig.*

SUMORMÆSSE

Noun: *midsummer.*

SUMORRĀDINGBŌC

Noun: *summer lectionary.*

SUMORSELDE

Noun: *summer-house.*

SUMORSWEGEL

Noun: *summer sun.*

SUMPT

Noun: *swamp.*

SUMSENDE

Adjective: *sounding, humming, swishing (of falling rain).*

SUMSIAN

Verb: *to swish, splash.*

SUNBĒAM

Noun: *sunbeam; sunshine.*

SUNBEARU

Noun: *sunny grove.*

SUNBEORHT

Adjective: *bright with sunshine.*

SUNBOGA

Noun: *arc of the sun.*

SUNBRYNE

Noun: *sunburn.*

SUND

Noun: *swimming; power or capacity for swimming; water, sea, ocean.*

SUNDAMPRE

Noun: *dock (plant).*

SUNDBŪENDE

Noun: *mankind, man, sea-dwellers.*

SUNDCORN

Noun: *saxifrage.*

SUNDĒAW

Noun: *plant name, rosemary sundew.*

SUNDERANWEALD

Noun: *single authority, monarchy.*

SUNDERBOREN

Adjective: *borne or reckoned apart; born of disparate parents.*

SUNDERFOLGOÐ

Noun: *appointment; office; official teachership.*

SUNDERFRĒODŌM

Noun: *privilege, special immunity.*

SUNDERFRĒOLS

Noun: *privilege, special immunity.*

SUNDERLĪPES

Adverb: *separately, severally; specially.*

SUNDERMÆLUM

Adverb: *separately, singly.*

SUNDERMĒD

Noun: *separate or private meadow.*

SUNDERSTŌW

Noun: *separate place, special place, place set apart for a particular object.*

SUNDFULNES

See *(ge)sundfulnes.*

SUNDGEBLAND

Noun: *mingled water, surge; used of the mere into which Beowulf plunged.*

SUNDGYRD

Noun: *sounding-rod, sounding-pole.*

SUNDHELM

Noun: *covering of water, sea.*

SUNDHENGEST

Noun: *sea-horse; ship.*

SUNDHWÆT

Adjective: *good at swimming.*

SUNDLĪNE

Noun: *sounding-line; lead.*

SUNDMERE

Noun: *place for swimming, swimming-bath.*

SUNDNYTT

Noun: *use of the power of swimming.*

SUNDOR

Adverb: *separatedly, apart, aloof, asunder; by one's self, each by himself, severally; differently.*

SUNDORCRÆFT

Noun: *special power or capacity; one possessed or exercised by an individual or a class.*

SUNDORCRÆFTIGLĪCE

Adverb: *with special skill.*

SUNDORCŸÐÐU

Noun: *special knowledge, private knowledge, intimacy.*

SUNDORFEOH

Noun: *private property, private estate.*

SUNDORGECYND

Noun: *special quality, peculiar nature.*

SUNDORGENGA

Noun: *solitary (animal).*

SUNDORGERĒFLAND

Noun: *land reserved to the jurisdiction of a gerēfa.*

SUNDORGIFU

Noun: *special gift or grace, privilege, prerogative.*

SUNDORHĀLGA

Noun: *a Pharisee; a Scribe.*

SUNDORLAND

Noun: *separate land, private property or state.*

SUNDORLIC

Adjective: *special, peculiar.*

SUNDORLĪCE

Adverb: *separately, apart.*

SUNDORLĪF

Noun: *private life, life in seclusion.*

SUNDORMÆSSE

Noun: *separate mass, special mass.*

SUNDORNOTU

Noun: *special office.*

SUNDORNYTT

Noun: *special use, service, office, employment.*

SUNDORRIHT

Noun: *special right, right peculiar to a class, privilege.*

SUNDORRŪNUNG

Noun: *private council.*

SUNDORSELD

Noun: *special seat, throne.*

SUNDORSETL

Noun: *residence apart, hermitage.*

SUNDORSPRĒC

Noun: *private conversation or speech, private conference; council.*

SUNDORWEORMYNT

Noun: *special honour, prerogative.*

SUNDORWEORÐUNG

Noun: *special honour, privilege, prerogative.*

SUNDORWĪC

Noun: *separate dwelling (remote from others).*

SUNDORWINE

Noun: *special friend, intimate friend, bosom friend.*

SUNDORWĪS

Adjective: *specially or singularly wise.*

SUNDORWUNDOR

Noun: *special wonder; that which especially excites wonder.*

SUNDORYRFE

Noun: *private inheritance.*

SUNDPLEGA

Noun: *bathing, play in the water, sporting in the waves.*

SUNDRĀP

Noun: *sounding line; lead.*

SUNDRECED

Noun: *sea-house, the ark.*

SUNDRUM

Adverb: *separately, apart, singly; continuously.*

SUNDWUDU

Noun: *ship, sea-wood.*

SUNFELD

Noun: *Elysian fields, Elysium.*

SUNFOLGEND

Noun: *plant-name, marigold, heliotrope.*

SUNGANGES

Adverb: *moving with the sun.*

SUNGĪHTE

Noun: *solstice.*

SUNHĀT

Adjective: *sun-heated.*

SUNLIC

Adjective: *solar, of the sun.*

SUNNA

Noun: *the sun.*

SUNNANÆFEN

Noun: *Saturday, evening before Sunday.*

SUNNANCORN

Noun: *gromel (plant).*

SUNNANDÆG

Noun: *Sunday, the Sabbath.*

SUNNANLĒOMA

Noun: *ray of light, sunbeam.*

SUNNANMERGEN

Noun: *Sunday morning.*

SUNNANNIHT

Noun: *night between Saturday and Sunday.*

SUNNANSCĪMA

Noun: *sunshine.*

SUNNANSETLGONG

Noun: *sunset.*

SUNNANŪHTA

Noun: *Sunday morning (early); early service time, hour of matins on Sunday.*

SUNNE

Noun: *sun; forms used of the sun's course; expressing exposure to the sun's heat or light.*

SUNNGANG

Noun: *course of the sun.*

SUNNHÆTE

Noun: *heat of the sun.*

SUNOR

Noun: *herd of swine, sounder.*

SUNSCEADU

Noun: *veil, covering to keep off the sun; sun-shade.*

SUNSCĪENE

Adjective: *radiant, beautiful or splendid as the sun.*

SUNSCĪN

Noun: *mirror; sun-shine.*

SUNSET

Noun: *the west, the place where the sun sets.*

SUNSTEDE

Noun: *solstice.*

SUNSUNU

Noun: *grandson.*

SUNU

Noun: *son, descendant; young of animals; the Son.*

SUNUCENNICGE

Noun: *mother, one who bears a son.*

SUNWLITIG

Adjective: *fair with sunshine.*

SŪPAN

See *(ge)sūpan.*

SŪPE

Noun: *sup, draught.*

SŪR

Adjective: *sour, tart, acid; fermented, made sour.*

SŪRE

Noun: *sorrel.*

SŪRĒAGEDE

Adjective: *blear-eyed.*

SURFE

Noun: *a Slavonic race inhabiting northern Germany.*

SŪRIAN

Verb: *to sour.*

SŪRMILSC

Adjective: *half sour and half sweet.*

SŪRNES

Noun: *sourness.*

SŪSL

Noun: *misery; torment, torture.*

SŪSLBONA

Noun: *devil, torturing destroyer.*

SŪSLCWALU

Noun: *painful death, destruction accompanied by torment.*

SŪSLHOF

Noun: *hell, place of torment.*

SŪSLSTEDE

Noun: *place of torment, hell.*

SŪTERE

Noun: *shoemaker, souter.*

SŪÐ

1. Adjective: *south, southern.*

2. Adverb: *southwards, south.*

SŪÐAN

Adverb: *from the south; on, to or in the south.*

SŪÐANĒASTAN

Adverb: *in or from the south-east; to the south-east.*

SŪÐANĒASTANWIND

Noun: *south-east wind.*

SŪÐANĒASTERNE

Adjective: *south-eastern.*

SŪÐANHYMBRE

Noun: *the Mercians, the Southumbrians.*

SŪÐANWESTAN

Adverb: *from the south-west.*

SŪÐANWESTANWIND

Noun: *south-west wind.*

SŪÐANWIND

Noun: *south wind.*

SŪÐCROFT

Noun: *southerly croft.*

SŪÐDÆL

Noun: *southern region, the south.*

SŪÐ-DENE

Noun: *the South Danes.*

SŪÐDURU

Noun: *south door.*

SŪÐĒAST

Adverb: *south-east.*

SŪÐĒASTENDE

Noun: *south-east end.*

SŪÐĒASTERNE

Adjective: *south-eastern.*

SŪÐĒASTHEALF

Noun: *the south-east.*

SŪÐECG

Noun: *southern edge of land.*

SŪÐENDE

Noun: *South end.*

SŪÐENGLE

Noun: *South Anglians, people of southern England.*

SŪÐERIGE

Noun: *plant name, satirion.*

SŪÐERNE

1. Adjective: *southern, southerly, coming from the south.*

2. Adverb: *southerly.*

SŪÐERNEWUDU

Noun: *southernwood, wormwood.*

SŪÐEWEARD

Adjective: *southwards, south, southern.*

SŪÐFOLC

Noun: *southern nation or people, Suffolk.*

SŪÐFŌR

Noun: *journey south, pilgrimage to Rome.*

SŪÐGĀRSECG

Noun: *southern ocean.*

SŪÐGEMÆRE

Noun: *southern border.*

SŪÐGEWEORC

Noun: *Southwark.*

SŪÐGYRWAS

Noun: *the southern division of the Gyrwas.*

SŪÐHĀMTŪN

Noun: *Southhampton.*

SŪÐHĀMTŪNSCĪR

Noun: *Hampshire.*

SŪÐHĒAFOD

Noun: *south head.*

SŪÐHEALD

Adjective: *sloping or tending to the south.*

SŪÐHEALF

Noun: *south side.*

SŪÐHYMBRE

Noun: *the Mercians.*

SŪÐLAND

Noun: *southern land or shore, country to the south.*

SŪÐ-LANGBEARDAN

Noun: *the people (or country) of Lombardy.*

SŪÐMÆGÐ

Noun: *southern tribe or province.*

SŪÐMANN

Noun: *man from the south.*

SŪÐMYRCE

Noun: *southern Mercians.*

SŪÐPEOHTAS

Noun: *the South Picts.*

SŪÐPORTIC

Noun: *south porch.*

SŪÐRĪGE

Noun: *the people or district of Surrey.*

SŪÐRIHTE

Adverb: *due south.*

SŪÐRIMA

Noun: *south coast.*

SŪÐRODOR

Noun: *southern sky.*

SŪÐSÆ

Noun: *south sea, English Channel.*

SŪÐSEAXAN

Noun: *South-Saxons, people of Sussex; Sussex.*

SŪÐSEAXISC

Adjective: *South-Saxon, of Sussex.*

SŪÐSTÆÐ

Noun: *South coast.*

SŪÐWĀG

Noun: *south wall.*

SŪÐWEARD

1. Adverb: *southwards, towards the south.*

2. See *sūðeweard.*

SŪÐWEARDES

Adverb: *southwards, in the south.*

SŪÐWEG

Noun: *southern country, road lying to the south.*

SŪÐWEST

1. Noun: *the south-west.*

2. Adverb: *south-west.*

SŪÐWESTERNE

Adjective: *south-western, from the south.*

SŪÐWIND

Noun: *south wind.*

SWĀ

1. Adverb: *just as, so far as; in this or that way, in such wise; thus, so that, provided that, therefore, on that account, consequently; in the same way, in like manner; exceedingly, as much as possible; so and so; when, so soon, as soon; although, unless, yet; if, as if.*

2. Conjunction: *so as, just as, so far as; in this or that way, in such wise; thus, so that, provided that, therefore, on that account consequently, if so be that; when; since, although, yet.*

3. Pronoun: *so, the same, such, as, that.*

SWÆC

1. Noun: *flavour, taste, savour; smell, odour, fragrance, scent.*

2. See *swic.*

SWÆFAN

Verb: *to burn.*

SWÆFAS

Noun: *Germanic people, the Suevi or Alamanni.*

SWÆLAN

See *(ge)swælan.*

SWÆLEDNESS

Noun: *burning.*

SWÆM

Noun: *trifler, idler, foolish person; vain object.*

SWÆP

Noun: *enticement, persuasion; deceit.*

SWÆPELS

Noun: *robe, wrap, garment.*

SWÆPELSE

Noun: *garment, wrap, robe.*

SWÆPIG

Adjective: *fraudulent, deceitful.*

SWÆR

1. Adjective: *heavy, oppressive, grievous, painful; unpleasant, sad; grave; sluggish, indolent, slothful, dull, inactive, slow; enfeebled, weak.*

2. Noun: *sadness, affliction, trouble; what is heavy or grievous, labour.*

SWÆRAN

Verb: *to make heavy, oppress.*

SWÆRBYRD

Noun: *difficult birth.*

SWÆRE

1. Adverb: *grievously, oppressively.*

2. See *swær* (2).

SWÆRIG

Adjective: *heavy.*

SWÆRLIC

Adjective: *grievous, heavy.*

SWÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *excessively; heavily, grievously.*

SWÆRMŌD

Adjective: *indolent, sluggish.*

SWÆRMŌDNES

Noun: *dullness, stupidity, slowness.*

SWÆRNES

Noun: *heaviness; sluggishness.*

SWÆS

See *(ge)swæs.*

SWÆSENDDAGAS

Noun: *ides (in Roman calendar).*

SWÆSENDE

Noun: *food, meal, dinner, victuals, banquet, dainties; blandishments, flatteries, fair speech.*

SWÆSLÆCAN

See *(ge)swæslæcan.*

SWÆSNES

See *(ge)swæsnes.*

SWÆSUNG

Noun: *lenitive, alleviation, mitigation, soothing application.*

SWÆSWYRDE

Adjective: *fair spoken, pleasant in speech.*

SWĀTAN

See *(ge)swætan.*

SWÆÐ

1. Noun: *footprint, track, trace, vestige.*

2. Noun: *bandage, swathe.*

SWÆÐER

Pronoun: *whichever, whosoever.*

SWÆÐERLYNE

Noun: *glosses pingues.*

SWÆÐLĀCAN

Verb: *to search for, visit.*

SWĀHWÆTSWĀ

Pronoun: *whatsoever.*

SWĀHWÆÐER

Pronoun: *whichever.*

SWALG

Noun: *pit.*

SWĀMIAN

Verb: *to become dark; to afflict, grieve, trouble.*

SWAMM

Noun: *fungus, mushroom; sponge.*

SWĀN

Noun: *herdsman, swineherd, peasant; swain, youth; man, warrior.*

SWAN

Noun: *swan.*

SWANCOR

Adjective: *slim, slender, trim; lithe, pliant, supple, active and graceful in movement; weak, feeble, languishing, without firmness.*

SWĀNGERĒFA

Noun: *swineherd, reeve, officer set over the depasturing of swine in forests.*

SWANGETTUNG

Noun: *movement, agitation, fluctuation.*

SWANGOR

Adjective: *heavy; inert; slow, slothful, sluggish, indolent.*

SWANGORNES

Noun: *sloth, laziness, torpor, sluggishness, indolence; heaviness.*

SWANRĀD

Noun: *sea, swan's-road.*

SWĀNRIHT

Noun: *law as to swineherds.*

SWĀNSTEORRA

Noun: *the evening star, herd's star.*

SWĀPAN

See *(ge)swāpan.*

SWARA

Noun: *swearer.*

SWĀT

Noun: *sweat, perspiration, exudation; blood; foam; toil, labour.*

SWATAN

Noun: *beer.*

SWĀTCLĀÐ

Noun: *handkerchief, napkin, towel.*

SWĀTFĀH

Adjective: *blood-stained, bloody.*

SWĀTIG

Adjective: *sweaty; gory, bloody.*

SWĀTIGHLĒOR

Adjective: *with sweaty brow or face.*

SWĀTLĪN

Noun: *napkin, handkerchief.*

SWĀTSWAÐU

Noun: *gory or bloody track.*

SWĀTÐYREL

Noun: *pore of the skin.*

SWĀÐĒAH

Adverb: *however, yet, nevertheless.*

SWĀÐĒAHHWÆÐRE

Adverb: *however.*

SWAÐIAN

Verb: *to swathe, wrap up.*

SWAÐU

Noun: *track, footstep, pathway, trace, vestige; scar; left in swathe a row of mown grass.*

SWAÐUL

Noun: *flame.*

SWAÐUM

Noun: *bandages.*

SWEALWE

Noun: *swallow.*

SWEARC

Adjective: *weak, feeble, faint.*

SWEARCIAN

Verb: *to become or grow dark; to grow faint, languish, dismay; to make or become troubled.*

SWEARCMŌDNES

Noun: *pusillanimity, faintheartedness.*

SWEARCUNG

Noun: *darkness, darkening.*

SWEARD

Noun: *hide, rind, skin, sward.*

SWEARM

Noun: *swarm, crowd, multitude.*

SWEART

Adjective: *swarthy, swart, dark, black; gloomy, dismal; evil, infamous.*

SWEARTBYRD

Noun: *dismal, hapless birth.*

SWEARTE

Adverb: *miserably, dismally, evilly; darkly.*

SWEARTHÆWEN

Adjective: *dark-blue, purple, violet.*

SWEARTIAN

See *(ge)sweartian.*

SWEARTLĀST

Adjective: *with black tracks.*

SWEARTNES

Noun: *blackness, black substance or material.*

SWEARTUNG

Noun: *darkness.*

SWEBBAN

See *(ge)swebban.*

SWEFAN

Verb: *to sleep, slumber, rest; to cease, sleep in death.*

SWEFECERE

Noun: *sleeper.*

SWEFECUNG

Noun: *sleep, slumber.*

SWEFEL

Noun: *sulphur, brimstone.*

SWEFELRĒC

Noun: *sulphurous smoke, the smoke from burning sulphur.*

SWEFIAN

Verb: *to move.*

SWEFLEN

Adjective: *sulphurous, of brimstone.*

SWEFLENNES

Noun: *smoke and stench of sulphur.*

SWEFLSWEART

Adjective: *dark with the smoke of sulphur, sulphurous.*

SWEFLÐROSM

Noun: *sulphurous smoke.*

SWEFN

Noun: *sleep; dream, vision.*

SWEFNIGEND

Noun: *dreamer.*

SWEFNRACU

Noun: *interpretation of dreams.*

SWEFNRECCERE

Noun: *diviner, soothsayer, interpreter of dreams.*

SWĒG

Noun: *sound, noise, din, clamour, tumult, crash; melody, harmony, song, cry or note of a bird; voice, tone; musical instrument; persona.*

SWĒGAN

Verb: *to sound, make a noise; to roar, crash; to signify, import; to rush.*

SWĒGE

See *(ge)swēge.*

SWĒGCRÆFT

Noun: *art of playing on a musical instrument, music.*

SWĒGDYNN

Noun: *noise, crash, resounding din.*

SWĒGENDLIC

Adjective: *vocal.*

SWEGER

Noun: *mother-in-law.*

SWĒGHLĒOÐOR

Noun: *sound, melody, voice.*

SWĒGING

Noun: *sound, noise, clang, roar.*

SWEGL

1. Noun: *sky, heaven, ether; the abode of the Deity; the sun; music.*

2. See *segl* (1).

SWEGLBEFALDEN

Adjective: *heaven-surrounded, ether-begirt.*

SWEGLBEORHT

Adjective: *ether or heaven-bright, radiant.*

SWEGLBŌSM

Noun: *heaven, sky.*

SWEGLCONDEL

Noun: *heaven's candle, the sun.*

SWEGLCYNING

Noun: *the king of heaven.*

SWEGLDRĒAM

Noun: *music; heavenly joy.*

SWEGLE

1. Adjective: *bright, clear, brilliant, splendid; celestial, ether-like.*

2. Adverb: *brightly, clearly, brilliantly, splendidly.*

SWEGLHORN

Noun: *kind of musical instrument.*

SWĒGLIC

Adjective: *sonorous.*

SWEGLRĀD

Noun: *modulation, music.*

SWEGLTORHT

Adjective: *heavenly-bright.*

SWEGLWERED

Adjective: *ether-clad; clothed with radiance.*

SWEGLWULDOR

Noun: *heavenly glory.*

SWEGLWUNDOR

Noun: *heavenly wonder; wondrous sound.*

SWĒGUNGNESS

Noun: *sound.*

SWELAN

Verb: *to burn, be burnt up, perish with heat; to inflame (of wound).*

SWELCA

Noun: *pustule, blister.*

SWELG

Noun: *chasm; swallow.*

SWELGAN

See *(ge)swelgan.*

SWELGEND

See *(ge)swelgend.*

SWELGENDNES

Noun: *whirlpool; gulf.*

SWELGERE

Noun: *glutton.*

SWELGNES

Noun: *whirlpool; gulf.*

SWELLAN

See *(ge)swellan.*

SWELLENDE

Adjective: *burning.*

SWELLING

Noun: *swelling; sail swelled out by the wind.*

SWELTAN

See *(ge)sweltan.*

SWELTENDLIC

Adjective: *ready or about to die.*

SWEMMAN

Verb: *to cause to swim; to bathe, wash.*

SWENC

See *(ge)swenc.*

SWENCAN

See *(ge)swencan.*

SWENG

Noun: *blow, stroke, thrust, cut.*

SWENGAN

Verb: *to shake, cause to swing; to shatter; to fling, rush, dash, strike, cause rapid movement; to fly out.*

SWENGE

Adjective: *heavy; slothful.*

SWEOFOT

Noun: *sleep.*

SWEOGODE

Adjective: *glosses praevaluit.*

SWĒOLAND

Noun: *Sweden, the land of the Swedes.*

SWEOLOÐ

Noun: *burning heat, fire, glow, flame.*

SWEOLOÐHĀT

Adjective: *burning hot.*

SWEOLUNG

Noun: *burning, inflammation.*

SWĒON

Noun: *the Swedes.*

SWĒOR

1. Noun: *column, pillar, prop; bar, bolt; something shaped like a pillar.*

2. Noun: *father-in-law; consobrinus; cousin.*

SWĒORA

Noun: *neck, nape; house (of land); part where the distance between opposite shores is least (of water).*

SWĒORBĀN

Noun: *neck, neck-bone.*

SWĒORBĒAG

Noun: *neck-band, necklace, collar; torque.*

SWEORCAN

See *(ge)sweorcan.*

SWEORCENDFERHÐ

Adjective: *sad, gloomy, sombre (of mind).*

SWĒORCLĀÐ

Noun: *neckcloth, collar.*

SWĒORCOPS

Noun: *neck-bond, yoke, pillory.*

SWĒORCOÐU

Noun: *disease of the neck or throat, quinsy.*

SWEORD

1. Noun: *sword.*

2. Noun: *swearing.*

SWEORDBEALO

Noun: *sword-bale, sword-hurt.*

SWEORDBERENDE

Adjective: *sword-bearing.*

SWEORDBITE

Noun: *sword-bite, sword-wound.*

SWEORDBORA

Noun: *swordsman; sword-bearer.*

SWEORDFÆTELS

Noun: *sword-belt.*

SWEORDFRECA

Noun: *warrior, swordsman.*

SWEORDGENĪÐLA

Noun: *sworded foe.*

SWEORDGESWING

Noun: *sword-brandishing, attack with swords.*

SWEORDGIFU

Noun: *gift of a sword.*

SWEORDGRIPE

Noun: *sword-grasp, seizing of swords; sword-attack.*

SWEORDHWĪTA

Noun: *sword-polisher, sword-furbisher.*

SWEORDLĒOMA

Noun: *flashing or glitter of swords.*

SWEORDORAS

Noun: *people of Mercia (occupying a district of three hundred hides).*

SWEORDPLEGA

Noun: *sword-play, fighting, battle.*

SWEORDRÆS

Noun: *attack with swords, sword-rush.*

SWEORDSLEGE

Noun: *sword-stroke, sword-thrust.*

SWEORDTIGE

Noun: *fighting with the sword, sword-drawing.*

SWEORDWEGENDE

Adjective: *sword-bearing; striking with a sword.*

SWEORDWERAS

Noun: *name of a people.*

SWEORDWĪGEND

Noun: *warrior, sword-warrior.*

SWEORDWUND

Adjective: *wounded with the sword.*

SWEORDWYRHTA

Noun: *maker of swords, sword wright, armourer.*

SWEORFAN

See *(ge)sweorfan.*

SWĒORHNITU

Noun: *neck-nit, tick.*

SWĒORĪCE

Noun: *Sweden.*

SWĒORRACENTĒH

Noun: *neck-chain.*

SWĒORRŌD

Noun: *cross suspended from the neck.*

SWEORSĀL

Noun: *collar.*

SWĒORSCACUL

Noun: *neck-shackle, yoke, pillory.*

SWĒORTĒAG

Noun: *collar.*

SWĒORWÆRC

Noun: *pain in the neck.*

SWEOSTOR

Noun: *of blood relationship, sister; nun.*

SWEOSTORBEARN

Noun: *sister's child, nephew, niece.*

SWEOSTORSUNU

Noun: *nephew, sister's son.*

SWĒOT

Noun: *body, band, swarm, army, troop, company, squadron.*

SWEOTA

Noun: *scrotum.*

SWEOTOL

Adjective: *clear, plain, evident, patent, manifest, distinct; open, public; clearly perceived by the senses.*

SWEOTOLE

Adverb: *clearly, plainly, evidently, visibly; openly, publicly; precisely.*

SWEOTOLIAN

See *(ge)sweotolian.*

SWEOTOLLIC

Adjective: *clear, plain, distinct.*

SWEOTOLLĪCE

Adverb: *clearly, plainly, distinctly, visibly; openly, publicly; precisely.*

SWEOTOLUNG

See *(ge)sweotolung*.

SWEOTOLUNGDÆG

See *(ge)sweotolungdæg*.

SWĒOÐĒOD

Noun: *Swedish people; Sweden*.

SWEOÐOL

1. Noun: *heat, flame*.

2. See *sweðel*.

SWERIAN

Verb: *to swear, make or take an oath, swear in (to an office); to speak, talk*.

SWERIGENDLIC

Adjective: *pertaining to swearing, jurative*.

SWERTLING

Noun: *tit-lark, warbler*.

SWĒTAN

Verb: *to sweeten, make sweet; to season; to make pleasant*.

SWĒTE

1. Adjective: *sweet; sweet, fragant (of smell); sweet, harmonious (of sound); pleasant, agreeable, sweet (of feelings); dear, beloved; pure, untainted; fresh (not salt)*.

2. Noun: *sweetness, sweet*.

SWĒTIAN

Verb: *to be pleasant or sweet*.

SWĒTLĪCE

Adverb: *pleasantly, sweetly*.

SWĒTMETE

Noun: *delicacy, dainty, sweet-meat*.

SWĒTNES

Noun: *sweetness; fragrance; pleasantness, agreeableness, sweetness; goodness, kindliness*.

SWĒTSWĒGE

Adjective: *harmonious, melodious, of sweet sound*.

SWĒTWYRDE

Adjective: a*greeable of speech, smooth-spoken, bland; lisping*.

SWEÐEL

Noun: *swathe, swaddling band, binding, wrap, bandage*.

SWEÐIAN

Verb: *to wrap, swathe.*

SWEÐRIAN

See *(ge)sweðrian.*

SWEÐUNG

Noun: *poultice.*

SWIC

Noun: *illusion; deceit, deception, treachery.*

SWICA

Noun: *deceiver, traitor, betrayer.*

SWĪCAN

See *(ge)swīcan.*

SWICCRÆFT

Noun: *deception, treachery, fraud.*

SWICDŌM

Noun: *deceit, deception, treachery, treason, betrayal, fraud; offence, scandal.*

SWICE

1. Noun: *departure, escape, evasion; delay, procrastination; issue, event; end, outcome; deceit, treachery, fraud; offence; stumbling-block, snare.*

2. Adjective: *deceitful, treacherous, fraudulent, fallacious.*

3. Noun: *trap, snare.*

4. See *swæc* (1).

SWĪCEND

Noun: *deceiver, betrayer.*

SWICFUL

Adjective: *deceitful, fraudulent; crafty.*

SWICIAN

Verb: *to wander; to depart, turn; to deceive, be treacherous, cheat; to give offend, blaspheme; to be offended.*

SWICN

See *(ge)swicn.*

SWICOL

Adjective: *false, deceitful, treacherous; crafty, guileful; occasioning offence.*

SWICOLLIC

Adjective: *deceitful, deceptive, fraudulent; occasioning offence; causing to stumble.*

SWICOLLĪCE

Adverb: *deceitfully, treacherously, fraudulent; craftily, with guile.*

SWICOLNES

Noun: *deceit, treachery, fraud.*

SWĪCUNG

Noun: *deceit, fraud; disillusion, deception; offence; intermission, stumbling-block; ceasing.*

SWĪFAN

Verb: *to move in a course, revolve; to sweep; to wend; to take part, intervene.*

SWIFT

Adjective: *quick, swift, fleet; sloping steeply.*

SWIFTLĒRE

Noun: *shoe, slipper.*

SWIFTLĪCE

Adverb: *swiftly.*

SWIFTNES

Noun: *speed, swiftness, fleetness, celerity.*

SWIFTRYNE

Noun: *swift course, rapid running of water.*

SWIFTU

Noun: *swiftness.*

SWĪGDAGAS

Noun: *days of silence (last three days of Holy Week).*

SWĪGE

1. Noun: *quiet, stillness, rest, silence, absence of speech; silence from astonishment or amazement; delay.*

2. Adjective: *quiet, still, taciturn, silent.*

SWĪGEN

Noun: *silence, refraining from speech.*

SWĪGENIHT

Noun: *night of silence.*

SWĪGIAN

See *(ge)swīgian.*

SWĪGIENDLĪCE

Adverb: *silently, in silence.*

SWĪGLĪCE

Adverb: *silently.*

SWĪGLUNG

Noun: *silence.*

SWĪGLUNGA

Adverb: *silently.*

SWĪGMÆSSE

Noun: *silent mass.*

SWĪGNES

Noun: *silence, time of silence.*

SWĪGTĪMA

Noun: *time of silence; eventide, early part of the night.*

SWĪGŪHT

Noun: *dawn of the days of silence.*

SWĪGUNG

See *(ge)sw:gung.*

SWILC

Pronoun: *he, such a one; such, the same; so (as) much, so (as) many.*

SWILCE

1. Adverb: *just as, in like manner, in such manner, likewise, resembling; as, like; as if; also, as well, too.*

2. Conjunction: *as if, as though, in like manner, in such manner, so; as, likĒ also, as well, too; about (measure).*

SWILCHWEGA

Adjective/Pronoun: *some.*

SWILCNES

Noun: *quality, nature.*

SWILIAN

Verb: *to wash, wash out, swill, gargle.*

SWILLE

Noun: *liquid mess.*

SWILLING

Noun: *washing, swilling, gargling, gargle.*

SWĪMA

Noun: *dizziness, giddiness, vertigo; state of unconsciousness, swoon.*

SWIMMAN

See *(ge)swimman.*

SWIMMENDLIC

Adjective: *able to swim.*

SWĪN

Noun: *pig, hog, wild-boar; (pl.) swine; boar-image on a helmet.*

SWINC

See *(ge)swinc.*

SWINCAN

See *(ge)swincan.*

SWINCFUL

See *(ge)swincful.*

SWINCLĒAS

See *(ge)swinclēas.*

SWINCLIC

Adjective: *toilsome, laborious.*

SWINDAN

Verb: *to vanish, consume, languish, pine or waste away; to grow languid, be consumed.*

SWĪNEN

Adjective: *of swine or pig.*

SWINGAN

Verb: *to beat, strike, smack, whip, scourge, flog, swinge, give a blow with the hand; to chastise, afflict; to swing oneself; to strike, dash; to beat the wings.*

SWINGE

Noun: *stroke, blow, stripe; chastisement, afflicting stroke.*

SWINGELL

Noun: *whip, scourge; rod; stroke, blow, stripe; affliction.*

SWINGERE

Noun: *striker, scourger.*

SWINGLUNG

Noun: *dizziness, giddiness, vertigo.*

SWĪNHAGA

Noun: *pig-pen, enclosure for swine.*

SWĪNHEGE

Noun: *fence to keep swine from straying.*

SWĪNHYRDE

Noun: *swineherd.*

SWĪNLAND

Noun: *swine-pasture.*

SWĪNLIC

Adjective: *swinish.*

SWĪNLĪC

Noun: *boar-image (on a helmet).*

SWINN

Noun: *sound, melody.*

SWĪNNES

Noun: *pork food.*

SWĪNSCEADU

Noun: *pannage, payment for the pasturing of swine.*

SWINSIAN

Verb: *to sound melodiously, make melody or music, sing.*

SWINSUNG

Noun: *sound; melody, harmony.*

SWINSUNGCRÆFT

Noun: *music.*

SWINSWEG

Noun: *melody.*

SWIPA

Noun: *whip, scourge; stick, rod; sword, javelin; chastisement, affliction.*

SWIPIAN

Verb: *to strike, whip, scourge, beat, lash.*

SWIPOR

See *(ge)swipor.*

SWIPU

Noun: *whip, scourge, whip; stick, rod; sword, javelin; chastisement, affliction.*

SWIRMAN

Verb: *to swarm (of bees).*

SWĪTAN

Verb: *to exhaust, impair, impoverish land.*

SWĪÐ

Adjective: *strong, powerful, mighty; active; severe; violent.*

SWĪÐAN

See *(ge)swīðan.*

SWĪÐE

Adverb: *very, much, exceedingly; severely; fiercely, violently; chiefly, especially, mostly.*

SWĪÐFÆSTNES

Noun: *violence, force.*

SWĪÐFEORM

Adjective: *rich, fruitful, abounding in substance; violent.*

SWĪÐFEORMENDE

Adjective: *becoming violent.*

SWĪÐFERHÐ

Adjective: *bold, brave, rash, impetuous; violent.*

SWĪÐFROM

See *(ge)swīðfrom.*

SWĪÐFROMLĪCE

See *(ge)swīðfromlīce.*

SWĪÐHRĒOWNES

Noun: *remorse; violent grief.*

SWĪÐHŪN

Noun: *St. Swithin, bishop of Winchester.*

SWĪÐHWÆT

Adjective: *very active or strong.*

SWĪÐHYCGENDE

Adjective: *bold-minded, of strong purpose.*

SWĪÐIAN

Verb: *to be or become strong, prevail; to fix, make firm.*

SWĪÐLÆT

Adjective: *very lax.*

SWĪÐLIC

Adjective: *intense, excessive, vehement; severe, stern, strict, strong, violent; very great, exceedingly great, immense; effective.*

SWĪÐLĪCE

Adverb: *very greatly, exceedingly; powerfully, energetically, strenuously; severely, sternly, strictly, strongly.*

SWĪÐLICNES

Noun: *excess.*

SWĪÐMIHTIG

Adjective: *very or exceedingly mighty.*

SWĪÐMŌD

Adjective: *magnanimous, great-souled; brave, stout-hearted; stern-minded; arrogant, insolent, haughty.*

SWĪÐMŌDNES

Noun: *magnanimity, greatness of soul.*

SWĪÐNES

Noun: *excess; strength, violence.*

SWĪÐRIAN

Verb: *to avail; to prevail, become or be stronger.*

SWĪÐSNEL

Adjective: *very quick, agile.*

SWĪÐSPECENDE

Adjective: *talkative, verbose, speaking too much.*

SWĪÐSPRECEL

Adjective: *talkative, proud in speech.*

SWĪÐSTINCENDE

Adjective: *emitting a strong scent.*

SWĪÐSTRANG

Adjective: *of great strength or force.*

SWĪÐSTRĒME

Adjective: *having a strong current; rapid.*

SWĪÐSWĒGE

Adjective: *high-sounding; heroic.*

SWĪÐSWĪGE

Adjective: *taciturn, too silent.*

SWODRIAN

Verb: *to get drowsy, fall asleep.*

SWOESE

Noun: *prandium.*

SWŌGAN

Verb: *to sound, roar, howl, rustle, whistle, rattle; to rush; to invade, enter with force, move with violence.*

SWOL

Noun: *heat, burning, glow, flame.*

SWOLGETTAN

Verb: *to gargle, wash the throat, take into the throat; to swallow.*

SWŌLIG

Adjective: *sultry.*

SWOLIG

Noun: *burning, heat.*

SWŌRETENDLIC

Adjective: *short-winded.*

SWŌRETTAN

Verb: *to sigh, pant, breathe hard, draw a deep breath; to yawn.*

SWORETTENDLĪC

Adjective: *panting.*

SWŌRETUNG

Noun: *sighing, panting, gasping, hard breathing, deep drawing of the breath; a sigh; sobbing, moaning.*

SWORIAN

Verb: *to sigh.*

SWORNIAN

Verb: *to coagulate; to coalesce.*

SWŌT

1. Adjective: *sweet.*

2. See *swāt.*

SWŌTE

Adverb: *sweetly.*

SWŌTLIC

Adjective: *sweet, savoury.*

SWŌTLĪCE

Adverb: *in a 'savoury, sweet' manner.*

SWŌTMETE

Noun: *sweetmeat, dainty, delicacy.*

SWŌTNES

Noun: *sweetness.*

SWŌTSTENCE

Adjective: *sweet-smelling; odoriferous.*

SWŌTSTENCENDE

Adjective: *sweet-smelling.*

SWŪRPLÆTT

Noun: *stroke on the neck.*

SWYLD

Noun: *pang.*

SWYLE

Noun: *tumour, swelling, abscess.*

SWYLT

1. Noun: *death, destruction; the perdition of the soul.*

2. Noun: *whirlpool.*

SWYLTCWALU

Noun: *agony of death, death-pang; death.*

SWYLTDÆG

Noun: *death-day.*

SWYLTDĒAÐ

Noun: *death.*

SWYLTHWĪL

Noun: *hour of death.*

SWŸRIGE

Adjective: *troublesome.*

SŸCAN

See *(ge)sȳcan.*

SYCE

Adjective: *sucking.*

SYCOMER

Noun: *sycamore.*

SYDE

Noun: *decoction, water in which anything has been seethed or boiled.*

SŸFERÆTE

Adjective: *sober, abstemious; temperate, moderate in eating.*

SŸFERLIC

Adjective: *neat, clean, pure; sober; moderate.*

SŸFERLĪCE

Adverb: *with cleanliness; without excess or grossness, chastely, without impurity; prudently, circumspectly; soberly, abstemiously.*

SȳFERLICNES

Noun: *purity.*

SȳFERNES

Noun: *cleanliness, purity; moderation, temperance, abstinence; sobriety.*

SYFLIGE

Noun: *food, soup, broth, pap; seasoning, relish.*

SYFLING

Noun: *food, soup, broth, pap; seasoning, relish.*

SȳFRE

Adjective: *clean, pure, chaste; temperate, circumspect; sober, abstinent.*

SYGE

1. Noun: *aim; sight, aspect.*

2. See *sige* (1).

SȳL

Noun: *support, column, pillar.*

SȳLA

Noun: *ploughman.*

SȳLÆX

Noun: *kind of axe.*

SȳLBĒAM

Noun: *tree that serves as a pillar.*

SYLE

Noun: *miry place, wallowing-place.*

SYLHÐ

See *(ge)sylhð.*

SYLIAN

Verb: *to soil, sully, pollute, defile.*

SYLL

Noun: *support, basis, base, foundation, sill, beam, threshold.*

SYLLA

Noun: *giver; saddle.*

SYLLESTRE

Noun: *giver.*

SYLTAN

See *(ge)syltan*.

SYLTING

Adjective: *seasoning*.

SYLU

Noun: *bog, miry place*.

SYLWEG

Noun: *miry way; road made with logs*.

SYMBEL

1. Noun: *entertainment, festivity, holy day, festival, feast-day, feast, banquet, revel; religious festival, solemn service*.

2. See *simbel* (1).

SYMBELBRĒAD

Noun: *bread for a feast (of water and a loaf in the desert)*.

SYMBELCALIC

Noun: *chalice*.

SYMBELCENNES

Noun: *feast of a nativity*.

SYMBELDÆG

Noun: *holyday, festival, feast-day, day of a banquet; day of a religious feast, Sabbath*.

SYMBELGĀL

Adjective: *wanton with feasting, drunk*.

SYMBELGEREORD

Noun: *feast, banquet, carousal*.

SYMBELGIFA

Noun: *feast-giver*.

SYMBELHŪS

Noun: *dining-room, banqueting-hall; guest-chamber*.

SYMBELLIC

Adjective: *festive; solemn*.

SYMBELLĪCE

Adverb: *solemnly*.

SYMBELMŌNAÐLIC

Adjective: *of a festival or solemn month*.

SYMBELNES

Noun: *festivity, festival, feasting; religious festival or solemnity, solemn assembly; festive nature or character.*

SYMBELTĪD

Noun: *festival-time, religious festival or solemnity.*

SYMBELWĒRIG

Adjective: *weary with feasting.*

SYMBELWLONC

Adjective: *elate with feasting.*

SYMBELWYNN

Noun: *joy, pleasure or delight of feasting.*

SYMBLIAN

1. Verb: *to feast, carouse.*

2. See *simblian* (1).

SYMERINGWYRT

Noun: *plant-name, violet, mallow.*

SYNBEND

Noun: *bond of sin.*

SYNBŌT

Noun: *amends for sin, penance.*

SYNBRYNE

Noun: *sinful passion.*

SYNBYRÐEN

Noun: *burden of sin.*

SYNBYSIG

Adjective: *quilt-haunted, troubled in consequence of sin.*

SYNCRÆFT

Noun: *sinful or evil art.*

SYNDÆD

Noun: *sin, sinful deed, wicked act.*

SYNDERÆ

Noun: *separate, private or special law.*

SYNDERLIC

Adjective: *separate, private, special, singular, peculiar, proper; separate, apart, remote; private, not public; singular, specially good, excellent.*

SYNDERLĪCE

Adverb: *separately, apart, in private, severally; specially, singularly, solely, exclusively.*

SYNDERLICNES

Noun: *separateness, separation, singularity, peculiarity; seclusion; special or peculiar excellence.*

SYNDERLĪPE

Adjective: *separate, singular, peculiar, special.*

SYNDERLĪPES

Adverb: *separately; singly.*

SYNDERLȳPIG

Adjective: *peculiar, special.*

SYNDIG

Adjective: *skilled in swimming.*

SYNDOLH

Noun: *deadly or lasting wound.*

SYNDRA

Noun: *cinder, dross, scoria, slag.*

SYNDRE

Noun: *cinder, dross, scoria, slag.*

SYNDRIAN

See *(ge)syndrian.*

SYNDRIG

Adjective: *single; separate, alone; peculiar, characteristic, distinct, special, particular, exceptional, extraordinary; various, several, sundry; private, own; one each, each separately.*

SYNDRIGE

Adverb: *separately, apart; alone, by one's self; one at a time, singly; specially.*

SYNDRIGENDLIC

Adjective: *separating.*

SYNDRIGLIC

Adjective: *peculiar, singular, special.*

SYNDRIGLĪCE

Adverb: *separately, severally; specially, particularly; one by one, singly; of each one.*

SYNFĀH

Adjective: *stained with sin.*

SYNGIAN

See *(ge)syngian.*

SYNGRIN

Noun: *harm, snare or toil of sin.*

SYNGUNG

Noun: *sinning, transgression.*

SYNHRĒOFLIG

Adjective: *leprous from sin.*

SYNLEAHTER

Noun: *sin, sinful fault, stain of sin.*

SYNLĒAS

Adjective: *innocent, sinless, guiltless.*

SYNLĒAW

Noun: *sinful injury.*

SYNLIC

Adjective: *sinful, wicked, foul.*

SYNLĪCE

Adverb: *sinfully, wickedly.*

SYNN

Noun: *guilt; injury, mischief; wrong, fault, sin, crime, misdeed, guilt; enmity, feud.*

SYNNECGE

Noun: *female sinner.*

SYNNEÐŌHT

Noun: *sinful thought.*

SYNNFUL

Adjective: *guilty, sinful, wicked, corrupt.*

SYNNGIEND

Noun: *sinner.*

SYNNIAN

Verb: *to commit adultery.*

SYNNIG

Adjective: *guilty, punishable, criminal; sinful, wicked.*

SYNNIGNESS

Noun: *guilt, sinfulness.*

SYNNLUST

Noun: *desire to sin, lust.*

SYNRÆS

Noun: *temptation, sinful impulse.*

SYNRŪST

Noun: *foulness or canker of sin.*

SYNSCEAÐA

Noun: *miscreant, criminal, malefactor; sin-stained wretch, sinful outrager.*

SYNSCYLDIG

Adjective: *guilty of sin, wicked.*

SYNTO

See *(ge)synto.*

SYNWRACU

Noun: *punishment of sin.*

SYNWUND

Noun: *wound inflicted by sin.*

SYNWYRCENDE

Adjective: *working sin or iniquity.*

SYPE

Noun: *wetting, soaking; suction.*

SYPIAN

1. Verb: *to absorb, drink in, take in moisture.*

2. Verb: *to delay; to be slow.*

SYRETUM

Noun: *latibulum.*

SYRETUNG

Noun: *lurking-place, place for an ambush.*

SYRFE

Noun: *service-tree.*

SYRFTRĒOW

Noun: *service-tree.*

SYRIA

Noun: *Syria.*

SŸRING

Noun: *butter-milk, sour milk.*

SYRISC

Adjective: *Syrian.*

SYROFĒNISC

Adjective: *Syrophoenician.*

SYRWARE

Noun: *Syrians.*

TĀ

1. Noun: *toe.*

2. See *tān* (1).

TABULA

1. Noun: *table, writing tablet, gaming table; wooden hammer or piece of wood struck as a signal for assembling monks; table of the law.*

2. See *tabule.*

TABULE

Noun: *table, board, writing table, gaming table, table of the law; wooden hammer.*

TACAN

Verb: *to take, seize.*

TĀCEN

Noun: *token, sign, mark, indication, symbol, signal; suggestion; portent, wonder, marvel, miracle; evidence, proof; standard, banner.*

TĀCENCIRCOL

Noun: *cycle of fifteen years, indiction, the lunar cycle of nineteen years.*

TĀCN

Noun: *token, sign, mark, indication, symbol, signal, symptom; suggestion; portent, wonder, marvel, miracle, prodigy; prognostic; evidence, demonstration, proof; standard, banner, ensign; credential; monument; sign of the Zodiac.*

TĀCNBEREND

Noun: *standard-bearer.*

TĀCNBORA

Noun: *standard-bearer; leader, guide, director.*

TĀCNIAN

See *(ge)tācnian.*

TĀCNUNG

See *(ge)tācnung.*

TĀCOR

Noun: *brother-in-law.*

TĀDE

Noun: *toad.*

TÆBERE

Noun: *weaving tool, tenterhook.*

TÆCAN

See *(ge)tæcan*.

TÆCELS

Noun: *boundary*.

TÆCEND

Noun: *one who prescribes or orders*.

TÆCING

Noun: *teaching, instruction, doctrine, rule; direction, injunction, command*.

TÆCNE

Noun: *beacon*.

TÆCNAN

See *(ge)tæcnan*.

TÆCNEND

Noun: *index-finger; one that shows or points out*.

TÆFL

Noun: *cube, dice, game with dice or tables*.

TÆFLAN

Verb: *to gamble, game*.

TÆFLE

Adjective: *given to dice-playing*.

TÆFLERE

Noun: *gambler, gamester, dicer*.

TÆFLSTĀN

Noun: *dice, gambling-stone, piece in a game*.

TÆFLUNG

Noun: *gaming, gambling, playing at dice*.

TÆGEL

Noun: *tail*.

TÆGLHÆR

Noun: *hair of the tail*.

TÆL

Noun: *number, series; tale*.

TÆL

Noun: *reproach, reproof, censure, blame; evil speaking, slander, calumny, abuse, blasphemy, vituperation, detraction; disgrace; mock, derision, scorn*.

TÆLAN

See *(ge)tælan.*

TÆLEND

Noun: *reprover; slanderer, backbiter, detractor; mocker, derider, scorner, scoffer.*

TÆLENDE

Adjective: *censorious, prone to blame; slanderous, backbiting.*

TÆLERE

Noun: *mocker, derider, scorner, scoffer.*

TÆLFERS

Noun: *versus catalecticus.*

TÆLFUL

Adjective: *blameworthy, blameable.*

TÆLHLEHTER

Noun: *derision, scornful laughter.*

TÆLING

Noun: *reproof, rebuke; evil-speaking, slander, calumny; derision; detraction, derogation.*

TÆLLĒAS

Adjective: *blameless.*

TÆLLĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *blamelessly.*

TÆLLIC

Adjective: *blameworthy; slanderous, calumnious, blasphemous; blameable, reprehensible, that deserves reproof.*

TÆLLĪCE

Adverb: *blasphemously, calumniously, reprehensively; shamelessly.*

TÆLMEARC

Noun: *date, period.*

TÆLMET

Noun: *measure, portion.*

TÆLNES

Noun: *reproach, reproof, blame; slander, calumny; insult; detraction, derogation.*

TÆLSUM

See *(ge)tælsum.*

TÆLWIERÐE

Adjective: *blameworthy, reprehensible.*

TÆLWIERÐLIC

Adjective: *blameable, blameworthy, reprehensible.*

TĀLWIERÐLĪCE

Adverb: *reprehensibly, in a way that deserves censure.*

TĀLWIERÐLICNES

Noun: *blamableness, blameworthiness.*

TÆMESPĪLE

Noun: *stake to support a sieve, sieve-frame, sieve-stand, sieve-stake.*

TĀNEL

Noun: *wicker basket.*

TĀNEN

Adjective: *made of twigs.*

TÆPPA

Noun: *tap, spigot.*

TÆPPE

Noun: *strip of stuff or cloth, tape.*

TÆPPED

Noun: *covering for a floor or wall, tapestry, carpet, hanging; figured cloth, coverlet; tippet.*

TÆPPELBRED

Noun: *footstool, board covered with a carpet.*

TÆPPERE

Noun: *tapster, one who sells wine, tavern-keeper.*

TÆPPESTRE

Noun: *tapstress, woman who sells wine, female tavern-keeper; hostess.*

TÆPPIAN

Verb: *to tap, put a tap or spout into a cask; to open a cask.*

TÆR

Adjective: *gaping, cleft.*

TĀSAN

See *(ge)tāsan.*

TĀSE

See *(ge)tāse.*

TĀSEL

Noun: *teasel, teazle (plant).*

TĀSLĪC

Adjective: *good, convenient, advantageous.*

TÆTAN

Verb: *to gladden, cheer.*

TÆTTECA

Noun: *rag, shred, tatter.*

TAGGA

Noun: *young sheep.*

TĀHSPURA

Noun: *tip of toe; spur.*

TALENTE

Noun: *talent (money of account).*

TALIAN

See *(ge)talian.*

TALU

Noun: *account, list, series; calculation; statement, deposition, relation, communication; talk, discussion, dispute; narrative, story, fable, tale; case, action at law, accusation, charge, claim; excuse, defence.*

TAM

Adjective: *gentle, mild, tame, tractable.*

TAMA

Noun: *tameness.*

TAMCIAN

Verb: *to soothe, render gentle, tame.*

TĀN

1. Noun: *shoot, sprout, twig, branch, stake, switch; rod of divination, twig used in casting lots.*

2. Noun: *spreading, shooting; twig; a lot.*

TĀNEDE

Adjective: *diseased in the toes.*

TANG

See *(ge)tang.*

TĀNHLYTA

Noun: *diviner, soothsayer, augur, one who divines by casting lots.*

TĀNHLYTERE

Noun: *diviner, soothsayer, one who divines by casting lots.*

TANNERE

Noun: *tanner.*

TANSĪÐE

Adjective: *tansy.*

TAPERÆX

Noun: *small axe.*

TAPOR

Noun: *feeble light, candle, taper, lamp-wick.*

TAPORBEREND

Noun: *acolyte.*

TARGA

Noun: *small shield, buckler, targe.*

TARGE

Noun: *small shield, buckler, targe.*

TARU

Noun: *tear, gap; rent.*

TĀWIAN

See *(ge)tāwian.*

TĀWU

Noun: *tool, implement, apparatus, article for use in an employment; genitalia.*

TE

Adposition: *to.*

TĒAFOR

Noun: *red, vermillion, purple; pigment, salve, material used for colouring.*

TĒAFORGĒAP

Noun: *meaning doubtful.*

TĒAFORGĒAPA

Noun: *arch of red stone.*

TĒAG

1. Noun: *band, cord, tie, thong, fetter.*

2. Noun: *box, case, chest, coffer, casket; enclosure, close.*

TEALT

Adjective: *unstable, unsteady, precarious; untrustworthy, not to be relied on.*

TEALTIAN

Verb: *to be unsteady, totter, shake, stumble, waver; to be untrustworthy; to amble.*

TEALTRIAN

Verb: *to shake, totter, stagger, shake, stumble, waver; to be in an uncertain or a precarious condition; to be untrustworthy; to amble.*

TĒAM

Noun: *line, race, descendant, offspring, progeny, family, children; child-bearing; company, band; team (of horses, oxen, etc.), brood; vouching to warranty, right of jurisdiction in matters of warranty.*

TĒAMFUL

Adjective: *fruitful, prolific, productive.*

TĒAMPŌL

Noun: *breeding pool.*

TĒAN

Verb: *to grow tough or pliant.*

TĒAR

Noun: *tear, tearlike drop; that which drops or exudes; grief, affliction; nectar.*

TEARFLIAN

Verb: *to roll, roll over, turn; to wallow.*

TĒARGĒOTENDE

Adjective: *tearful, tear-shedding, weeping.*

TĒARIAN

Verb: *to shed tears, weep.*

TĒARIG

Adjective: *tearful, weeping; watery, watering (of the eyes).*

TĒARIGHLĒOR

Adjective: *with tearful cheeks.*

TEART

Adjective: *severe, rough, sharp, tart (of pain, punishment); sharp, piercing, (of material objects).*

TEARTLIC

Adjective: *severe, rough, sharp.*

TEARTLĪCE

Adverb: *severely, sharply.*

TEARTNES

Noun: *severity, roughness, hardness, sharpness, asperity.*

TEARTNUMOL

Adjective: *effectual, efficacious; biting.*

TĒFRUNG

Noun: *painting, picture.*

TELA

Adverb: *well, rightly, properly, correctly, aright, fitly, perfectly; completely, thoroughly; certainly; prosperously, beneficially; very, to a great extent; well, good (exclamation), happily.*

TELD

See *(ge)teld.*

TELDAN

See *(ge)teldan.*

TELDE

Noun: *tent-peg.*

TELDGEHLĪWUNG

Noun: *tabernacle.*

TELDIAN

Verb: *to spread (tent, awning, net, snare, etc...); to set (trap); to entrap.*

TELDSTICCA

Noun: *tent-peg.*

TELDTRĒOW

Noun: *tent-peg, some implement in weaving.*

TELDWYRHTA

Noun: *tent-maker.*

TELG

Noun: *dye, colour, tincture.*

TELGA

Noun: *shoot, branch, bough, twig; pole, stock.*

TELGBEREND

Adjective: *that which produces or yields a dye.*

TELGE

1. Noun: *shoot, branch, bough, twig; rod, pole, stock.*

2. Noun: *effort, endeavour.*

TELGESTRE

Noun: *dyer.*

TELGETT

Noun: *plantation.*

TELGIAN

See *(ge)telgian.*

TELGOR

Noun: *shoot, branch, twig, plant.*

TELGRA

Noun: *shoot, branch, twig; sucker of a root.*

TELGRE

Noun: *branch, shoot, twig.*

TELGUNG

Noun: *dye, purple.*

TELLAN

See *(ge)tellan.*

TELTRĒ

1. Noun: *weaving-tool, tenterhook, tent-peg.*

2. See *teldtrēow.*

TĒMBYRST

Noun: *failure to secure a voucher.*

TEMES

1. Noun: *river Thames.*

2. Noun: *sieve.*

TEMESIAN

See *(ge)temesian.*

TEMIAN

See *(ge)temian.*

TEMPEL

Noun: *temple.*

TEMPELGEAT

Noun: *temple door or gate.*

TEMPELHŪS

Noun: *temple.*

TEMPLGEWEORC

Noun: *temple, temple-building, structure of the temple.*

TEMPLHĀLGUNG

Noun: *dedication of a temple; consecration-festival.*

TEMPLIC

Adjective: *of a temple.*

TEMPRIAN

See *(ge)temprian*.

TEMPRUNG

Noun: *moderation, tempering*.

TENDAN

Verb: *to kindle*.

TENDING

Noun: *burning, stinging*.

TENDLING

Noun: *burning, stinging*.

TENET

Noun: *the isle of Thanet*.

TENGAN

Verb: *to press, press towards; to hurry, hasten, proceed with haste or violence; to join*.

TENNAN

Verb: *to incite, encourage; to effort; to lure, coax*.

TĒO

Noun: *boundary*.

TEOFENIAN

Verb: *to put together, join, associate*.

TĒOFRIAN

Verb: *to allot, appoint*.

TEOGOÐIAN

Verb: *to concede, grant; to tithe, grant or pay tithes; to take out a tenth part of anything; to divide by ten*.

TEOH

Noun: *association, society, band, troop, company; race*.

TEOHHIAN

Verb: *to determine, appoint, decree; to think, suppose, consider, judge, estimate, intend, propose; to assign*.

TEOLÐYRL

Noun: *service entrance, window; opening in a beehive*.

TĒON

1. Verb: *to accuse; to censure; to proceed against successfully*.

2. See *tēona*.

3. See *(ge)tēon* (1).

4. See *(ge)tēon* (2).

5. See *(ge)dēon*.

6. See *tīen*.

TĒONA

Noun: *harm, hurt, damage, injury, detriment; ill-usage, wrong, vexation, abuse, insult, contumely, shame, iniquity, offence, violence; reproach, accusation; anger, grief; malice, hostility, enmity; strife, discord.*

TĒONCWIDE

Noun: *reproachful, hurtful, abusive or insulting speech; blasphemy, contumely, slander, calumny.*

TĒONCWIDIAN

Verb: *to reproach, revile, slander, calumniate, abuse.*

TĒOND

1. Noun: *accuser.*

2. Noun: *drawer.*

TĒONE

Noun: *hurt, injury, wrong; reproach, accusation, calumny, insult, contumely; anger, grief; malice, hostility, enmity.*

TĒONERE

Noun: *slanderer, calumniator.*

TĒONFUL

Adjective: *slanderous, calumnious, insolent, vexatious, abusive, contumelious, contemptuous; evil; rebellious; grievous, painful, troublous, woeful.*

TĒONFULLIC

Adjective: *abusive.*

TĒONHETE

Noun: *malicious or harmful hate, dire hostility.*

TĒONIAN

Verb: *to irritate, annoy, vex; to provoke, insult, abuse, slander, calumniate, reproach, revile.*

TĒONLĒAS

Adjective: *free from suffering.*

TĒONLĒG

Noun: *destroying flame (of the conflagration at the last day).*

TĒONLIC

Adjective: *shameful, hurtful, destructive.*

TĒONLĪCE

Adverb: *grievously, miserably; in a way that brings shame or affront.*

TĒONRÆDEN

Noun: *wrong, injury, humiliation, abuse.*

TĒONSMIÐ

Noun: *evil-doer, worker of hurt or wrong.*

TĒONWORD

Noun: *reproach; insult, word that does wrong, calumny, abuse.*

TĒORIAN

See *(ge)tēorian.*

TĒORIGENDLIC

See *(ge)tēorigendlic.*

TĒORODNES

Noun: *weariness, debility.*

TEORS

Noun: *a tarse.*

TEORU

Noun: *balsam, gum, tar, bitumen, distillation from a tree, resin; wax of the ear.*

TĒORUNG

See *(ge)tēorung.*

TEOSEL

Noun: *die, small squared piece of stone.*

TEOSU

Noun: *harm, hurt, injury, wrong, fraud, ruin.*

TEOSUSPRÆC

Noun: *harmful or deceitful speech.*

TEOSUWORD

Noun: *calumny, injurious or harmful speech.*

TEOSWIAN

Verb: *to annoy, harm, injure, hurt.*

TĒOÐA

Numeral: *tenth.*

TĒOÐE

Adverb: *tenthly.*

TĒOÐIAN

See *(ge)tēoðian.*

TĒOÐINGDÆG

Noun: *tithing day, day amounting to a tithe of the year, tenth day.*

TĒOÐINGEALDOR

Noun: *ruler or captain of ten; chief of ten monks, dean.*

TĒOÐINGMANN

Noun: *tithing-man, headborough; captain or ruler of ten.*

TĒOÐUNG

Noun: *tithe, tithing, tenth part, division into ten, decimation; band or association of ten men.*

TĒOÐUNGCĒAP

Noun: *tithe, stock paid as tithe.*

TĒOÐUNGGEORN

Adjective: *diligent in paying tithes.*

TĒOÐUNGLAND

Noun: *land subject to the payment of tithe.*

TĒOÐUNGSCEATT

Noun: *tax of a tenth, tithe.*

TERAN

See *(ge)teran.*

TERFINNAS

Noun: *Finns occupying country west of the White Sea.*

TERMEN

Noun: *term, fixed date; end.*

TETER

Noun: *cutaneous disease or eruption, tetter, eczema, ring-worm.*

THIŌA

Noun: *Thomas.*

THRĀCEAS

Noun: *the Thracians.*

TĪBER

Noun: *offering, sacrifice; victim.*

TĪBERNES

Noun: *destruction, sacrifice, immolation.*

TICCEN

Noun: *kid.*

TICGENDE

Adjective: *proudly adorned.*

TICIA

Noun: *tick (insect).*

TICTATOR

Noun: *dictator.*

TĪD

Noun: *time, period, while, hour, season, age; proper time, opportunity; feast-day, festival, anniversary; canonical hour or service; time, condition of things; tense (grammatical term).*

TĪDAN

See *(ge)tīdan.*

TĪDDÆG

Noun: *lifetime.*

TĪDFARA

Noun: *traveller who journeys for a (short) time.*

TĪDGENGE

Adjective: *current or lasting of a time, periodical.*

TĪDLIC

Adjective: *lasting for a time, temporary, not eternal; opportune, timely, seasonable; of time.*

TĪDLĪCE

Adverb: *for a time, temporarily; at a suitable time, conveniently; seasonably; in time, in good time; early, soon; quickly.*

TĪDLICNES

Noun: *opportunity, fit time.*

TĪDRĒN

Noun: *seasonable rain.*

TĪDRIAN

See *(ge)tīdrian.*

TĪDSANG

Noun: *song, lauds, service held at one of the canonical hours.*

TĪDSCĒAWERE

Noun: *astrologer.*

TĪDSCRIPTOR

Noun: *chronographer, chronicler.*

TĪDÐĒNUNG

Noun: *service performed at one of the seven canonical hours.*

TĪDUM

Adverb: *at times, occasionally.*

TĪDUNG

Noun: *event, news, tidings.*

TĪDWRĪTERE

Noun: *chronicler, annalist.*

TĪDWURDUNG

Noun: *worship at a particular time, service at one of the canonical hours.*

TĪDYMBWLĀTEND

Noun: *astrologer.*

TĪEDERLIC

Adjective: *weak, frail.*

TĪEDERNES

Noun: *weakness, frailty (of body or soul), ill-health, infirmity; spiritual infirmity, sinfulness.*

TĪEDRE

Adjective: *weak, fragile, easily broken; weak, frail, faint-hearted, having bad health, infirm; frail, not lasting, fleeting.*

TĪEGAN

See *(ge)tīegan.*

TĪEMAN

1. Verb: *to engender (female), beget (male); to bring forth, bear a child, have offspring; to propagate; to resort to, call as witness; to vouch to warranty; to go to, lead to.*

2. See *(ge)tīeman.*

TĪEN

Numeral: *ten; a set of ten.*

TĪENAMBRE

Adjective: *holding ten ambers.*

TĪENBEBOD

Noun: *Decalogue.*

TĪENFEALD

Adjective: *tenfold.*

TĪENGEWINTRED

Adjective: *ten years old.*

TĪENNIHTE

Adjective: *ten days old.*

TĪENSTRENGE

Adjective: *having ten strings.*

TĪENWINTRE

Adjective: *ten years old; ten years long.*

TĪER

Noun: *heap, drop.*

TIFE

Noun: *bitch.*

TIFER

Noun: *the Tiber.*

TĪG

Noun: *open place; form occurring in composition with 'fore, forð'.*

TIGEL

1. Noun: *earthen vessel, crock, pot, potsherd; brick, tile, slabs for roofing.*

2. Noun: *trace.*

TIGELÆRNE

Noun: *building made of brick; building for making bricks; brick or tile kiln.*

TIGELEN

Adjective: *made of pot, earthenware.*

TIGELFĀG

Adjective: *tile-adorned, many-coloured with tiles or bricks.*

TIGELGETEL

Noun: *tale of bricks.*

TIGELGEWEORC

Noun: *brickmaking, work at making bricks.*

TIGELLĒAH

Noun: *brick-field.*

TIGELSTĀN

Noun: *tile, pan-tile.*

TIGELWYRHTA

Noun: *brickmaker, potter.*

TIGER

Noun: *tiger.*

TĪGING

Noun: *connection, tying.*

TIGLE

1. Noun: *sea-mullet, lamprey.*

2. See *tigel* (1).

TIGLERE

Noun: *tile-marker.*

TĪGRISC

Adjective: *of a tiger.*

TIHT

1. Noun: *charge, crime.*

2. See *tyht* (1).

TIHTAN

1. Verb: *to accuse, charge a person (acc.) with an offence.*

2. Verb: *to exhort.*

TIHTBYSIG

Adjective: *bad repute, frequently involved in accusations.*

TIHTLE

Noun: *accusation, charge; suit.*

TIHTLIAN

Verb: *to accuse, charge.*

TIL

1. Adjective: *good at anything, suitable, competent, capable, adequate apt; useful, serviceable, profitable, beneficial, convenient; good, kind, gentle; good, excellent.*

2. Noun: *use, service, convenience; goodness, kindness.*

3. Adposition: *to, till.*

4. See *till* (1).

TILEN

Noun: *endeavour, earnest effort; employment.*

TILFREMMENDE

Adjective: *well-doing.*

TILIA

Noun: *workman, cultivator of land, labourer, farmer, hind, husbandman.*

TILIAN

See *(ge)tilian.*

TILL

1. Noun: *fixed point, standing-place, station.*

2. See *til* (3).

TILLIC

Adjective: *good, able, capable, fit.*

TILLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, graciously.*

TILMŌDIG

Adjective: *good, kind, noble-minded, well-disposed.*

TILÐ

See *(ge)tilð.*

TILUNG

Noun: *effort, endeavour, striving, labour; care, attention, solicitude, treatment, cure; acquisition, gain, income; occupation, work, employment, business, produce, procuring; pursuit; performance; culture, husbandry, tending.*

TĪMA

Noun: *time, period, space of time, hour lifetime; time, condition of things; fixed or appointed time; favourable time, opportunity; season of the year; age of the world; metrical unit; time of pronouncing a syllable (grammatical term).*

TIMBER

See *(ge)timber.*

TIMBERGEWEORC

Noun: *cutting timber, timber-work.*

TIMBERHĀLGUNG

Noun: *feast of tabernacles.*

TIMBERHRYCG

Noun: *wooded ridge; Timber-ridge (as local name).*

TIMBERLAND

Noun: *land on which to grow timber.*

TIMBOR

Noun: *revolving borer, auger.*

TIMBRAN

See *(ge)timbran.*

TIMBRIEND

Noun: *builder, constructor.*

TIMBRUNG

See *(ge)timbrung.*

TĪMLIC

Adjective: *suitable, of proper age.*

TĪMLĪCE

Adverb: *quickly, soon.*

TIMPANA

Noun: *timbrel, tabret.*

TIMPESTRE

Noun: *(female) timbrel-player.*

TIMPLE

Noun: *weaver's instrument.*

TIN

1. Noun: *tin.*

2. Noun: *beam, rafter.*

3. Adjective: *made of tin.*

TĪNA

Noun: *the river Tyne.*

TINCLIAN

Verb: *to tickle.*

TIND

Noun: *spike, beak, prong, tooth of a fork.*

TINDIG

Adjective: *having spikes.*

TINDIHT

Adjective: *having spikes or teeth, beaked, jagged, forked.*

TINEN

Adjective: *made of tin.*

TĪNEND

Noun: *one who vexes or annoys.*

TINGE

Adverb: *courteously.*

TINNAN

Verb: *to stretch, extend; to long for, desire; to burn.*

TINT

Noun: *charge, offence with which one is charged.*

TINTREG

Noun: *punishment, torment, torture.*

TINTREGA

Noun: *torment, punishment, torture.*

TINTREGEND

Noun: *torturer.*

TINTREGIAN

See *(ge)tintregian.*

TINTREGLIC

Adjective: *tormenting, torturing, infernal.*

TINTREGSTŌW

Noun: *place of torment.*

TINTREGÐEGN

Noun: *torturer, executioner.*

TINTREGUNG

Noun: *punishment, torment.*

TINTRIAN

See *(ge)tintrian.*

TĪR

Noun: *fame, honour, glory; ornament, splendour; treasure; name of the rune for t; name of a planet and a god (Mars).*

TĪRĒADIG

Adjective: *famous, glorious.*

TĪRFÆST

Adjective: *famous, glorious.*

TĪRFRUMA

Noun: *source of glory, prince of glory, the Deity.*

TIRGAN

Verb: *to worry, pain; to provoke, irritate, exasperate, vex; to excite.*

TIRGING

Noun: *harassing emotion, provocation, vexation.*

TIRIACA

Noun: *medicine, antidote for poison.*

TIRISC

Adjective: *of Tyre, Tyrian.*

TĪRLĒAS

Adjective: *inglorious; infamous.*

TĪRMEAHTIG

Adjective: *of glorious might.*

TIRWEN

Adjective: *of resin.*

TĪRWINE

Noun: *glorious friend, epithet of the follower of a successful chief; follower, retainer.*

TĪTELIAN

See *(ge)tītelian.*

TĪTELUNG

Noun: *giving of titles or headings.*

TĪTOLŌSE

Noun: *autumn crocus or spring crocus.*

TITOLOSE

Noun: *tidulosa (plant).*

TITT

Noun: *breast, teat, nipple; pap.*

TITTSTRYCEL

Noun: *teat, nipple.*

TĪTUL

Noun: *title, superscription.*

TĪÐ

Noun: *giving, concession, favour, grant, boon; assent, permission.*

TĪÐA

Noun: *receiver, grantee, sharer in.*

TĪÐE

Noun: *receiver, grantee, sharer in.*

TIÐIAN

See *(ge)tiðian.*

TĪÐIAN

See *(ge)tīðian.*

TĪÐRIAN

See *(ge)tīðrian.*

TĪW

Noun: *Tiw (northern god of war), Mars; name of the rune for t.*

TĪWESDÆG

Noun: *Tuesday.*

TĪWESNIHT

Noun: *Monday night.*

TŌ-

Affix: *separation, division.*

TŌ

1. Adposition: *to, into; from; of; for; as, as a; in, on, at, next to, by, alongside; at (time); next to, after (order); in accordance with, according to.*

2. Adverb: *besides, moreover, in addition to, too; however; towards; to such an extent, excessively; to that end.*

TŌÆTĒACNES

Noun: *increase.*

TŌÆTĒACNIAN

Verb: *to increase.*

TŌÆTŸCAN

Verb: *to increase.*

TŌÆTŸCNES

Noun: *increase, augmentation.*

TŌĀMEARCIAN

Verb: *to assign, mark out.*

TŌĀTĒON

Verb: *to draw in.*

TŌBÆDAN

Verb: *to elevate, exalt.*

TŌBĒATAN

Verb: *to beat to pieces, destroy by beating.*

TŌBEFEALDAN

Verb: *to fold together.*

TŌBEFLŌWAN

Verb: *to flow up to.*

TŌBEGIETAN

Verb: *to acquire, purchase.*

TŌBELIMPAN

Verb: *to belong, behove.*

TŌBERAN

Verb: *to carry, carry off; to remove, purloin; to separate, scatter, dissipate; to be separate to distract; to destroy; to swell.*

TŌBERENNES

Noun: *difference.*

TŌBERSTAN

Verb: *to go to pieces, break in two, be rent asunder, shatter, burst apart, cause to burst apart; to break out.*

TŌBERSTUNG

Noun: *bursting.*

TŌBESETTAN

Verb: *to put to.*

TŌBĪCNAN

Verb: *indicate.*

TŌBĪGEND

Adjective: *bowing down, tottering; decrepit.*

TŌBLÆDAN

Verb: *to inflate, puff up; to enlarge, dilate.*

TŌBLĀWAN

Verb: *to blow to pieces, blow away, blast, scatter; to inflate, puff up, distend, swell; to cause the breast to swell with emotion.*

TŌBLĀWENNES

Noun: *inflation, distension.*

TŌBORSTENNES

Noun: *breaking out, abscess.*

TŌBRÆDAN

Verb: *to make broad, extend, enlarge, dilate; to disperse, spread out, scatter, diffuse; to open; to multiply; to increase, magnify.*

TŌBRÆDEDNES

Noun: *broadness, breadth, extent.*

TŌBRECAN

Verb: *to break, break in pieces, break up, shatter, wreck, crush, ruin, destroy; to overthrow, annul; to diffuse; to break through; to force, violate, infringe; to interrupt, put to an end to.*

TŌBREGDAN

Verb: *to separate, tear in pieces, wrench apart, pull to pieces, pull apart; to break off, start from sleep; to distract; to cast off, shake off; to turn to, turn about.*

TŌBRENGNES

Noun: *offering, oblation.*

TŌBRINGAN

Verb: *to bring to.*

TŌBROCEN

Adjective: *suffering from destruction.*

TŌBROCENLIC

Adjective: *fragile, brittle, frail, perishable.*

TŌBRŸSAN

Verb: *to break in pieces, crush, bruise, shatter.*

TŌBRŸTAN

Verb: *to break in pieces, crush, bruise, destroy; to make contrite, crush with feelings of sorrow.*

TŌBRŸTEDNES

Noun: *sorrow, trouble, contrition; bruise, breach.*

TŌBRŸTENDLIC

Adjective: *fragile, brittle, breakable.*

TŌBRYTING

Noun: *crushing, destruction; contrition.*

TŌCEORFAN

Verb: *to cut, cut to pieces, cut in two, cut up; to cut away; to cut off.*

TŌCĒOWAN

Verb: *to bite to pieces, chew, masticate, eat.*

TŌCĪNAN

Verb: *to break into chinks, split, crack, cleave asunder; to splinter.*

TŌCIRHŪS

Noun: *lodging-house, inn.*

TŌCLÆFAN

Verb: *to split, cleave.*

TŌCLĒOFAN

Verb: *to divide, split, cleave asunder.*

TŌCLIFIAN

Verb: *to adhere, stick to, cleave to.*

TŌCLIFRIAN

Verb: *to tear to pieces, scratch.*

TŌCLYPIGENDLIC

Adjective: *of address or appeal, vocative.*

TŌCLYPUNG

Noun: *calling upon, invocation.*

TŌCNĀWAN

Verb: *to know, acknowledge, understand; to distinguish, discern, recognise.*

TŌCNĀWENNES

Noun: *knowledge, understanding; discernment.*

TŌCNĀWNES

Noun: *knowledge, understanding; discernment.*

TŌCNYCCAN

Verb: *to join.*

TŌCNYSSAN

Verb: *to crush to pieces, smash, shatter; to shake.*

TŌCUMAN

Verb: *to come, arrive.*

TŌCUMENDE

Adjective: *strange, foreign; coming to a strange place.*

TŌCWÆSCEDNES

Noun: *shaking, trembling, shattering, destruction.*

TŌCWEÐAN

Verb: *to forbid, prohibit, interdict.*

TŌCWYLMAN

Verb: *to afflict grievously, torment.*

TŌCWŸSAN

Verb: *to break to pieces, crush, bruise, shatter, grind to pieces, destroy; to be crushed.*

TŌCWŸSEDNES

Noun: *crushed condition; contrition.*

TŌCYME

Noun: *coming, approach, arrival, advent.*

TŌCYRCANWERD

Adverb: *towards church.*

TŌCYRRAN

Verb: *to separate, part, turn in different directions.*

TŌDÆG

Adverb: *to-day.*

TŌDÆGE

Adverb: *to-day.*

TŌDÆLAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, distribute, share; to disperse, scatter, to cut off, dismember, destroy; to discriminate; to distinguish, discern; to utter, express; to be divided.*

TŌDÆLEDLĪCE

Adverb: *separately, distinctly, diversely, not in connection.*

TŌDÆLEDNES

Noun: *separation, division; severance; distinction, difference; intermission, interruption, pause, respite, cessation.*

TŌDÆLENDLIC

Adjective: *separable, divisible, distinct.*

TŌDÆLENDLĪCE

Adverb: *separably, distinctly.*

TŌDÆLNES

Noun: *separation, division, distinct part.*

TŌDĀL

Noun: *separation, partition, division, dispersion; difference, distinction; period; portion, section; comma, clause.*

TŌDĒMAN

Verb: *to distinguish; to determine, decide, sentence, judge between.*

TŌDIHTNIAN

Verb: *to dispose, arrange.*

TŌDŌN

Verb: *to apply, add, put to; to separate, divide, put asunder; to distinguish; to open, undo, unbind.*

TŌDRÆFAN

Verb: *to separate, disperse, scatter; to expel, dispel, drive away, out or apart.*

TŌDRÆFEDNES

Noun: *division; dispersion, scattering, expulsion; difference.*

TŌDRĒOSAN

Verb: *to decay, perish, be destroyed, fall away.*

TŌDRĪFAN

Verb: *to separate, disperse, scatter; to repel, drive away; to destroy.*

TŌDWÆSCAN

Verb: *to extinguish, put out.*

TŌĒACAN

1. Adposition: *besides, moreover, also.*

2. Adverb: *besides, moreover, also, in addition.*

TŌEFNES

Adposition: *on a level with, abreast of, alongside, beside.*

TŌENDEBYRDNES

Noun: *order, succession, series.*

TŌĒÐIAN

Verb: *to inspire.*

TŌF

Adjective: *slow.*

TŌFÆR

Noun: *to departure, going away; to decease.*

TŌFARAN

Verb: *to separate, disperse, scatter; to depart, go away, part, go off separately, pass off; to disappear, become extinct.*

TŌFEALDAN

Verb: *to come to land.*

TŌFEALLAN

Verb: *to fall or break to pieces, fall down, fall off, fall away, collapse; fall apart; to demolish, destroy.*

TŌFECEASTER

Noun: *Towcester.*

TŌFENG

Noun: *taking, seizure, grip.*

TŌFĒRAN

Verb: *to separate, disperse, go in different directions, go off separately; to deal out; to disturb.*

TŌFERIAN

Verb: *to disperse, scatter, carry in different directions; to remove, get rid of; to put off; to digest.*

TŌFĒSIAN

Verb: *to disperse, scatter; to drive away; to rout.*

TŌFLĒAM

Noun: *refuge.*

TŌFLĒOGAN

Verb: *to be disperse, fly asunder, fly apart; to crack, fly to pieces.*

TŌFLĒON

Verb: *to flee away.*

TŌFLĒOTAN

Verb: *to float in different directions; to be dispersed by water, carry away by a flood.*

TŌFLŌWAN

Verb: *to disperse, flow down, flow to, ebb; to be split; to melt; to pour in; to distract, wander; to be separated, take different directions; to spread; to be dissipated, scattered; to render useless, bring to nothing.*

TŌFLŌWEDNES

Noun: *flowing, flux; difusión.*

TŌFORAN

Adposition: *before, previous to (time); before, in front of, in presence of; above, in a greater degree than, superior to; above, over; beyond; besides.*

TŌFORLÆTAN

Verb: *to dismiss.*

TŌFORLÆTENNES

Noun: *intermission; cessation; leaving off.*

TOFT

Noun: *site of a house, homestead.*

TŌFULTUMIAN

Verb: *glosses adiuuare.*

TŌFYLLAN

Verb: *to smite in pieces.*

TOGA

Noun: *a leader (only in compounds).*

TŌGÆDEREWEARD

Adverb: *towards one another.*

TŌGÆDRE

Adverb: *together.*

TŌGÆLAN

Verb: *to profane, violate, defile.*

TŌGÆNAN

Verb: *to say, utter, pronounce, affirm.*

TŌGĀN

Verb: *to go to or into, part; to go away, depart, part, separate; to disperse; to happen, come to pass.*

TŌGANG

Noun: *to approach, access, attack.*

TŌGANGAN

Verb: *to go away, pass away, part.*

TŌGĒAN

Adposition: *towards.*

TŌGĒANES

1. Adposition: *in opposition to, against; towards to; before; in return, in reply; in readiness for, against the coming of; on the approach of, towards (time).*

2. Adverb: *again, in return, in reply; in opposition, against; towards; before.*

TŌGĒARE

Adverb: *in this year.*

TŌGECĪGAN

Verb: *to call to.*

TŌGECLIFIAN

Verb: *to cleave to, adhere, stick to.*

TŌGECORENNES

Noun: *adoption.*

TŌGEDĒGLED

Adjective: *hidden away.*

TŌGEEFNAN

Verb: *to associate with, join oneself to.*

TŌGEGEARWIAN

Verb: *to prepare.*

TŌGEGRĪPAN

Verb: *glosses apprehendere.*

TŌGEHLYTTO

Noun: *union, fellowship.*

TŌGEĪECAN

Verb: *to add to, increase.*

TŌGEĪECENDLIC

Adjective: *adjective, adjectival; added to.*

TŌGEĪHT

Adjective: *added.*

TŌGEĪHTNES

Noun: *addition, increment, increase.*

TŌGELADUNG

Noun: *assembly.*

TŌGELÆDAN

Verb: *glosses adducere.*

TŌGELÆSTAN

Verb: *to accompany.*

TŌGELAN

Verb: *to diffuse, spread a fluid.*

TŌGELAÐIAN

Verb: *to invite along.*

TŌGELAÐUNG

1. Noun: *concourse.*

2. See *tōgeladung.*

TŌGELICGENDE

Adjective: *belonging, appertaining.*

TŌGENĒALÆCAN

Verb: *to approach.*

TŌGENGAN

Verb: *to separate, go different ways.*

TŌGĒOTAN

Verb: *to spread, diffuse; to pour away, spill; to exhaust.*

TŌGESCĒADAN

Verb: *to separate things; to expound; to interpret.*

TŌGESETTAN

Verb: *to put to.*

TŌGETEOHHIAN

Verb: *glosses apponere.*

TŌGETĒON

Verb: *to draw towards, attract.*

TOGETTAN

Verb: *to twitch, be spasmodic.*

TŌGEÐĒOD

Adjective: *connected, adjacent, contiguous, adjoined.*

TŌGEÐĒODAN

Verb: *to adhere, cling to; adjoin.*

TŌGEÐĒODENDE

Adjective: *adhering.*

TŌGEWEGEN

Adjective: *applied.*

TŌGEWUNOD

Adjective: *accustomed.*

TOGIAN

1. Verb: *to drag, draw, tug.*

2. Verb: *to twitch, be spasmodic.*

TŌGIFE

Adverb: *freely, gratis.*

TŌGĪFES

Adverb: *freely, gratis.*

TŌGĪNAN

Verb: *to be opened; to split; to slip; to gape, yawn.*

TŌGLĪDAN

Verb: *to glide away, to fall to pieces, fall asunder, collapse; to be dispersed, dissipated, dispelled, disappear, vanish; to pass away; to split; to slip, slip away.*

TŌGOTENNES

Noun: *spreading, diffusion, shedding, pouring out, effusion.*

TOGUNG

Noun: *spasm, twitch, tugging.*

TŌH

Adjective: *tough, tenacious; sticky, clammy, glutinous; pliant.*

TŌHACCIAN

Verb: *to cut or hack to pieces.*

TŌHÆLAN

Verb: *to weaken, enfeeble; to castrate, emasculate.*

TŌHĀWIEND

Noun: *spectator.*

TŌHEALD

1. Adjective: *inclined, forward, in advance.*

2. Adverb: *in an 'inclined, forward, in advance' manner.*

TŌHĒAWAN

Verb: *to cut or hew to pieces.*

TŌHELPAN

Verb: *to help.*

TŌHĪGUNG

Noun: *result, effect.*

TŌHLADAN

Verb: *to disperse, scatter, disband; to destroy.*

TŌHLĒOTAN

Verb: *to divide into lots.*

TŌHLIC

Adjective: *tough, tenacious.*

TŌHLĪCE

Adverb: *toughly, tenaciously.*

TŌHLĪDAN

Verb: *to split, split asunder, spring apart, break, crack, burst; to open; to gape, yawn.*

TOHLĪNE

Noun: *tow-line.*

TŌHLYSTEND

Noun: *listener.*

TŌHNESCAN

Verb: *to soften, soften away.*

TŌHOPA

Noun: *hope, expectation.*

TŌHOPUNG

Noun: *hope, expectation, faith, trust.*

TŌHRĒOSAN

Verb: *to fall to pieces; to decay, go to ruin, rot away.*

TŌHRĒRAN

Verb: *to break, shake to pieces, destroy.*

TŌHRICIAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, cut up.*

TŌHRICOD

Adjective: *cut off, dispersed.*

TŌHRŸRAN

Verb: *to shake in pieces.*

TOHTE

Noun: *campaign, military expedition; fight, conflict, battle, war.*

TŌHUNTIAN

Verb: *to hunt.*

TŌHWEGA

Adverb: *some, a little, somewhat.*

TŌHWEORFAN

Verb: *to separate, disperse, scatter; to go away, part.*

TŌHWON

Adverb: *wherefore; why; how far, to which (point), to what extent, how long; to which end, for what purpose or reason.*

TŌHWYRFAN

Verb: *to overturn.*

TŌHYHT

Noun: *trust; hope, confidence, glad expectation; refuge, consolation.*

TŌĪCAN

Verb: *glosses adjicere.*

TŌĪECAN

Verb: *to increase.*

TŌĪECNES

Noun: *increase.*

TŌIERNAN

Verb: *to run to, run about, run together; to wander about; to flow away, dispersed.*

TŌIRNENDE

Adjective: *running together.*

TŌL

Noun: *instrument, implement, apparatus, tool, machinery; weapon.*

TŌLÆTAN

Verb: *to disperse; to let go, release, cause to go; to relax.*

TŌLÆTENNES

Noun: *abandonment, a giving up; despondency.*

TOLCENDLĪCE

Adverb: *wantonly.*

TOLCETTAN

Verb: *to be wanton or luxuriant.*

TOLCETTENDE

Adjective: *talking vainly, chatting emptily; loose, wanton, luxurious.*

TOLCETUNG

Noun: *incentive, incitement; wanton excitement.*

TŌLICGAN

Verb: *to lie or run in different directions; to separate, divide, part.*

TŌLĪHTAN

Verb: *to illuminate.*

TŌLIÐIAN

Verb: *to separate, disjoint, dismember; to relax; to cancel, discharge an obligation, pay a debt.*

TOLL

Noun: *due, tax, duty, tribute, toll, impost; rent; act or right of taking toll; passage-money.*

TOLLERE

Noun: *toll-taker, tax-gatherer; publican.*

TOLLFRĒO

Adjective: *free from toll, exempt from payment of toll.*

TOLLSCEAMOL

Noun: *seat of custom, treasury.*

TOLLSCĪR

Noun: *taxing district; business of gathering taxes.*

TOLN

Noun: *duty, toll, custom.*

TOLNERE

Noun: *toll-taker, tax-gatherer.*

TŌLŌCIAN

Verb: *to belong to.*

TOLSETL

Noun: *place of toll or custom, toll-booth, custom-house.*

TŌLŪCAN

Verb: *to tear to pieces, wrench asunder, pull apart, dislocate; to root out; to destroy.*

TŌLŪTAN

Verb: *to incline to.*

TŌLYNNAN

Verb: *to take away.*

TŌLȳSAN

Verb: *to undo, loosen, release, relax, relieve; to dissolve, dissipate, put to an end to; to separate, break; to desolate, destroy; to unhinge; to pay.*

TŌLȳSEDNES

Noun: *loosing, release; dispersion, dissolution; dismissal; desolation; destruction, death.*

TŌLȳSEND

Noun: *desolater, destroyer.*

TŌLȳSENDLIC

Adjective: *desolating, destructive.*

TŌLȳSING

Noun: *loosing, release, redemption; dissolution; destruction.*

TŌM

Adjective: *free from, empty.*

TŌMÆLDAN

Verb: *to destroy or hinder peace by talebearing or by spreading reports.*

TŌMEARCIAN

Verb: *to distinguish; to describe, note down; to enrol.*

TŌMEARCODNES

Noun: *enumeration, description; census; enrolment.*

TŌMETAN

Verb: *to mete out; to measure out.*

TŌMIDDES

1. Adposition: *among, amidst, in the midst of.*

2. Adverb: *into the midst, amidst.*

TŌMORGEN

Adverb: *to-morrow.*

TŌNAMA

Noun: *surname.*

TŌNĒALÆCAN

Verb: *to approach.*

TŌNEMNAN

Verb: *to name separately, distinguish.*

TONIAN

Verb: *to thunder.*

TŌNIMAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, take to pieces; to take away.*

TOP

1. Noun: *top, summit, tassel; tuft, lock of hair; collection of rays of light.*

2. Noun: *ball, top (plaything).*

TOPPA

Noun: *tuft; thread.*

TŌR

Adjective: *difficult, hard.*

TŌRÆCAN

Verb: *to join, put together.*

TŌRBEGETE

Adjective: *hard to get.*

TORCUL

Noun: *wine-press.*

TORCYRRE

Adjective: *hard to turn, hard to convert.*

TORD

Noun: *piece of excrement, turd, dung, filth.*

TORDWIFEL

Noun: *dung-beetle.*

TŌRENDAN

Verb: *to tear in pieces, rend apart.*

TORENĒAGE

Adjective: *blear-eyed.*

TORFIAN

See *(ge)torfian.*

TORFUNG

Noun: *throwing, casting, hurling (of stones), stoning.*

TORHT

1. Noun: *clearness, brightness.*

2. Adjective: *bright, radiant, beautiful, splendid; noble, illustrious, glorious.*

TORHTE

Adverb: *brightly, clearly, beautifully, splendidly.*

TORHTIAN

Verb: *to show, make clear.*

TORHTLIC

Adjective: *bright, clear, radiant, splendid, glorious.*

TORHTLĪCE

Adverb: *splendidly.*

TORHTMŌD

Adjective: *noble, illustrious, glorious.*

TORHTNES

Noun: *radiance, splendour, glory.*

TŌRINNAN

Verb: *to run in different directions, disperse.*

TORN

1. Noun: *anger, indignation, rage, wrath; suffering, affliction, distress, grief, misery, pain; trouble.*

2. Adjective: *bitter, grievous, distressing, cruel.*

TORNCWIDE

Noun: *distressing words, offensive speech.*

TORNE

Adverb: *indignantly, insultingly; distressingly, bitterly, grievously.*

TORNGEMŌT

Noun: *attack upon an enemy, battle.*

TORNGENĪÐLA

Noun: *angry, malignant, grievous or fierce enemy.*

TORNLIC

Adjective: *bitter, sorrowful, grievous.*

TORNMŌD

Adjective: *angry, having rage in the heart.*

TORNSORG

Noun: *sorrow, anxious care.*

TORNWORD

Noun: *contemptuous or scornful word, offensive expression.*

TORNWRACU

Noun: *grievous revenge.*

TORNWYRDAN

Verb: *to address abusive words to, vituperate; to be incensed.*

TOROC

Noun: *bung, stopper of a cask; grub, weevil.*

TORR

1. Noun: *rock, projecting rock, crag.*

2. Noun: *tower, watch-tower; rock.*

TORRIAN

Verb: *to tower.*

TŌRYNE

Noun: *concourse; running together; conflict.*

TŌRŸPAN

Verb: *to scratch.*

TŌSÆLAN

Verb: *to be unsuccessful, fail; to lack; to want; to happen amiss.*

TŌSĀWAN

Verb: *to spread, disperse, scatter; to disseminate opinions, distribute favours, sow dissension; to scatter seed, sow broadcast.*

TOSCA

Noun: *frog, toad.*

TŌSCÆNAN

Verb: *to break, break to pieces.*

TOSCANLĒAC

Noun: *plant of the genus equisetum.*

TŌSCEACAN

Verb: *to shake to pieces, shake violently; to disperse, drive asunder; to drive away, shake off.*

TŌSCĒACERIAN

Verb: *to devastate, waste; to scatter.*

TŌSCĒAD

Noun: *separating; difference, distinction, distinguishing; diversity.*

TŌSCĒADAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, part; to scatter; to differ, distinguish, discern, discriminate, set a variance; to decide; to utter, express, discuss.*

TŌSCĒADEDNES

Noun: *separation.*

TŌSCĒADEN

Adjective: *separate, distinct.*

TŌSCĒADEND

Noun: *separator, divider.*

TŌSCĒADENES

Noun: *separation, distinction.*

TŌSCEARIAN

Verb: *to scatter.*

TŌSCECGAN

Verb: *to be separated; to stand out distinctly.*

TŌSCENDAN

Verb: *to destroy.*

TŌSCĒOTAN

Verb: *to disperse (hurriedly), spring apart, rush in different directions, scatter.*

TŌSCIRIAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, part, detach; to distribute, allot a share; to distinguish.*

TŌSCRĪÐAN

Verb: *to disperse, flow apart.*

TŌSCŪFAN

Verb: *to disperse, scatter, push apart; to incite, impel; to remove, do away.*

TŌSCYFTAN

Verb: *to divide, distribute.*

TŌSCYLLAN

Verb: *to separate, divide.*

TŌSECGAN

Verb: *to be separate, differ.*

TŌSENDAN

Verb: *to send to; to disperse, send apart, send out, send away, scatter; to destroy.*

TŌSĒOÐAN

Verb: *to boil to pieces.*

TŌSETEDNES

Noun: *disposition.*

TŌSETTAN

Verb: *to set things apart; to dispose.*

TŌSĒÐAN

Verb: *to test, prove.*

TŌSĪGAN

Verb: *to fall to pieces; to decay, get worn out, be threadbare.*

TŌSITTAN

Verb: *to be separated, be placed apart, sit at a distance from one another.*

TŌSLACIAN

Verb: *to relax, slacken; to make or become remiss.*

TŌSLÆFAN

Verb: *to cut up.*

TŌSLĒAN

Verb: *to strike to pieces, knock to bits, destroy; to drive away.*

TŌSLĪFAN

Verb: *to split, cut to pieces, cleave.*

TŌSLĪTAN

Verb: *to separate, scatter; to break, tear to pieces, tear asunder, rend, cleave, serrate (of leaves), destroy; to wound, bite; to interrupt, distract; to be different.*

TŌSLITE

Noun: *tear, rent, laceration, wound made by scratching, cutting or biting.*

TŌSLĪTERE

Noun: *one who tears in pieces; heretic.*

TŌSLITNES

Noun: *division, dissension; tearing in pieces, rending in pieces, laceration.*

TŌSLŪPAN

Verb: *to slip away; to be relaxed, get powerless or paralysed; to fall to pieces; to dissolve, melt; to be undone or loosed.*

TŌSLŪPING

Noun: *dissolving, dissolution.*

TŌSMĒAGAN

Verb: *to consider, examine, inquire.*

TŌSNÆDAN

Verb: *to cut up.*

TŌSNĪÐAN

Verb: *to cut up, cut in pieces, cut in two, cut asunder, cut off, amputate.*

TŌSŌCN

Noun: *visiting.*

TŌSŌCNES

Noun: *pursuit.*

TŌSŌCNUNG

Noun: *pursuit.*

TŌSOMNE

Adverb: *together.*

TŌSOMNIAN

Verb: *to bring together, collect, assemble.*

TŌSŌÐAN

Adverb: *in truth, in sooth.*

TŌSPILLAN

Verb: *to destroy.*

TŌSPRÆC

Noun: *speech, conversation.*

TŌSPRÆDAN

Verb: *to spread out, extend, expand.*

TŌSPRINGAN

Verb: *to spring apart, spring asunder, fly to pieces, crack, burst open.*

TŌSPRYTTING

Noun: *instigation, inciting.*

TŌSPURNAN

Verb: *to reject.*

TŌSTANDAN

Verb: *to stand apart, be distant, stand aloof, not to be forthcoming; to differ, be different, be discordant; not to occur be put off.*

TŌSTENCAN

Verb: *to disperse, scatter, drive apart, drag along; to perish, nullify, bring to nought, overthrow, destroy.*

TŌSTENCEDNES

Noun: *dispersion, dissipation; destruction.*

TŌSTENCEND

Noun: *one who dissipates or squanders, prodigal.*

TŌSTICIAN

Verb: *to pierce, stab to pieces, destroy by thrusts.*

TŌSTIHTAN

Verb: *to order, dispose, arrange.*

TŌSTINCAN

Verb: *to distinguish by smell.*

TŌSTINGAN

Verb: *to pierce, prick to pieces, thrust in.*

TŌSTREGDAN

Verb: *to disperse, dissipate, scatter; to distract; to destroy.*

TŌSWĀPAN

Verb: *to disperse, sweep apart or away.*

TŌSWELLAN

Verb: *to swell out, grow big.*

TŌSWENGAN

Verb: *to drive or dash asunder, drive apart; to dispel, destroy.*

TŌSWEORCAN

Verb: *to make dark, obscure.*

TŌSWĪFAN

Verb: *to separate, move off in different directions.*

TŌSWUNG

Adjective: *hurling, throwing (in some sport).*

TŌSYNDRIAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, sunder; to distinguish, discriminate.*

TŌTALU

Noun: *reputation.*

TŌTELLAN

Verb: *to distinguish in counting, count separately.*

TŌTĒON

Verb: *to pull or tear to pieces, draw asunder, rend, destroy; to pull away, pull apart; take to oneself, claim for oneself.*

TŌTERAN

Verb: *to tear to pieces, cut out, lacerate, bite; to harass, destroy.*

TŌTHYLL

Noun: *look-out hill.*

TŌTIAN

Verb: *to look, peep out; to stick out.*

TŌTIHTING

Noun: *suggestion, instigation, prompting.*

TŌTORFIAN

Verb: *to cast about; to toss about, fling in different directions; to stone to pieces, destroy by throwing stones.*

TŌTRÆGLIAN

Verb: *to pull to pieces, pull away, strip.*

TŌTREDAN

Verb: *to tread to pieces, trample upon.*

TOTRIDA

Noun: *swing, swinging figure.*

TŌTWÆMAN

Verb: *to separate, divide, disjoin, dissever; to divorce; to distinguish, discern; to break in pieces, break up; to disperse, scatter, dissolve; to postpone, defer.*

TŌTWÆMEDNES

Noun: *separation, division; distinction; want of union.*

TŌÐ

Noun: *tooth, tusk.*

TŌÐECE

Noun: *toothache.*

TŌÐENEDNES

Noun: *stretching, distension.*

TŌÐĒNIAN

Verb: *to attend upon, serve.*

TŌÐENING

Noun: *distension.*

TŌÐĒNUNG

Noun: *administration.*

TŌÐERSCAN

Verb: *to dash or knock to pieces.*

TŌÐGĀR

Noun: *tooth-pick.*

TŌÐINDAN

Verb: *to swell up, inflate, puff up, grow big; to be arrogant, swell with pride.*

TŌÐLĒAS

Adjective: *toothless.*

TŌÐMÆGEN

Noun: *strength of teeth or tusks.*

TŌÐRÆSTAN

Verb: *to crush, destroy.*

TŌÐRIMA

Noun: *enclosure of teeth, gum.*

TŌÐRINGAN

Verb: *to drive or press asunder, scatter by pressure.*

TŌÐSEALF

Noun: *tooth-salve.*

TŌÐSTICCA

Noun: *tooth-pick.*

TŌÐUNDENES

Noun: *pride, arrogance, contumacy; swollenness.*

TŌÐUNDENLIC

Adjective: *arrogant.*

TŌÐUNDENLĪCE

Adverb: *proudly, arrogantly.*

TŌÐUNIAN

Verb: *to astonish.*

TŌÐUNIENDE

Adjective: *amazing, astonishing.*

TŌÐWÆRC

Noun: *toothache.*

TŌÐWĪNAN

Verb: *to vanish away, disappear; to burst.*

TŌÐWYRM

Noun: *worm in a tooth.*

TOWCRÆFT

Noun: *skill in weaving or spinning.*

TŌWEARD

1. Adjective: *approaching, impending; future; facing.*

2. Adposition: *towards, in the direction of.*

3. Adverb: *towards, forwards.*

TŌWEARDLIC

Adjective: *future.*

TŌWEARDLĪCE

Adverb: *in the future, in time to come.*

TŌWEARDNES

Noun: *future, time to come, future coming.*

TŌWEAXAN

Verb: *to grow apart (in a scattered way).*

TŌWECCAN

Verb: *to wake (trans.) up, arouse, stir up, excite.*

TŌWEGAN

Verb: *to disperse, scatter, dispel.*

TOWEHT

Noun: *basket for putting wool in.*

TŌWENDAN

Verb: *to overthrow, demolish, destroy; to upset, subvert, overturn.*

TŌWEORPAN

Verb: *to disperse, scatter; to throw in different directions, throw away, throw down, throw out; to dissipate, dissolve; to break in pieces; to put down, overthrow, demolish, destroy; to put to an end to, make void, blot out; to cast down.*

TŌWEORÐIAN

Verb: *glosses adorare.*

TŌWESAN

Verb: *to be present.*

TŌWESNES

Noun: *separation, dissolution; difference, disagreement, discord, dissension; divorce.*

TOWETTAN

Verb: *to associate with.*

TOWHŪS

Noun: *tow-house, spinning-house or chamber.*

TŌWIELTAN

Verb: *to roll to.*

TŌWĪTAN

Verb: *to depart, pass away.*

TŌWIÐERE

Adposition: *against, in opposition to; in answer to, in reply to.*

TOWLIC

Adjective: *belonging to thread or weaving.*

TOWMȳDERCE

Noun: *work-box, tow-chest (for weaving materials).*

TŌWORPENNES

Noun: *desolation, subversion; destruction, overthrow; dispersion, throwing out, expulsion, ejection.*

TŌWRECAN

Verb: *to disperse, drive asunder, scatter, dissipate.*

TŌWRĪTAN

Verb: *to describe.*

TŌWRITENNES

Noun: *writing down, description, detailed writing.*

TŌWRĪÐAN

Verb: *to twist apart, distort.*

TOWTŌL

Noun: *implement for spinning.*

TŌWUNDERLIC

Adjective: *wondrous, marvellous, glorious.*

TŌWYRD

1. Noun: *occasion, opportunity.*

2. See *tōweard* (1).

3. See *tōweard* (2).

4. See *tōweard* (3).

TŌWYRPENDLIC

Adjective: *destructible.*

TRACTER

Noun: *funnel.*

TRÆF

Noun: *dwelling, building, tent, pavilion.*

TRÆGLIAN

See *(ge)træglian.*

TRĀG

1. Adjective: *bad, mean, evil.*

2. Noun: *affliction, ill, evil.*

TRĀGE

Adverb: *cruelly, evilly.*

TRAHT

Noun: *text, passage, commentary, exposition, treatise.*

TRAHTAÐ

Noun: *commentary.*

TRAHTBŌC

Noun: *commentary, book of exposition, (religious) treatise.*

TRAHTERE

Noun: *commentator, expositor, expounder, interpreter.*

TRAHTIAN

See *(ge)trahtian.*

TRAHTNIAN

See *(ge)trahtnian.*

TRAHTNUNG

Noun: *comment, commentary, explanation, exposition.*

TRĀISC

Adjective: *tragic.*

TRAMET

Noun: *page (of a book).*

TRANDENDE

Adjective: *precipitous, steep.*

TREAFLĪCE

Adverb: *painfully, grievously.*

TREDAN

See *(ge)tredan.*

TRĒAGIAN

See *(ge)trēagian.*

TREDDAN

Verb: *to tread on, tread upon foot, trample, trample upon; to examine, investigate.*

TREDDE

Noun: *press (for wine or oil).*

TREDDIAN

Verb: *to step, tread, walk.*

TREDE

Adjective: *firm or fit to tread on.*

TREDEL

Noun: *step, sole of the foot.*

TREDEND

Noun: *treader.*

TREFET

Noun: *trivet; tripod.*

TREGA

Noun: *hurt, grief, ill, pain, vexation; misfortune, misery, trouble.*

TREGIAN

Verb: *to afflict, trouble, grieve, vex, harass.*

TREMMAN

Verb: *to step.*

TRENDAN

Verb: *to roll, turn, turn round, revolve, move hastily.*

TRENDEL

Noun: *circle, ring, disk, sphere, orb; circus.*

TRENDELED

Adjective: *made round.*

TRENDELNES

Noun: *circuit, surrounding space.*

TRENDLIAN

Verb: *to roll, trundle.*

TRĒONTA

Noun: *the Trent.*

TRĒOW

1. Noun: *tree; wood, timber; stick, log, stake, beam, cudgel, staff; wood, grove; cross, rood, tree of the cross.*

2. Noun: *truth; belief, faith, trust, confidence; fidelity, loyalty; promise, pledge; agreement, covenant, treaty; kindness, grace, favour, help.*

3. See *trēowe* (1).

TRĒOWAN

See *(ge)trēowan.*

TRĒOWBĪCEN

Noun: *nest of wild honey.*

TRĒOWBYTT

Noun: *wooden vessel.*

TRĒOWCYNN

Noun: *kind of tree or wood.*

TRĒOWE

1. Adjective: *true; faithful, trustworthy, honest; genuine.*

2. See *trēow* (2).

TRĒOWEN

Adjective: *of a tree; of wood, wooden.*

TRĒOWFÆST

See *(ge)trēowfæst.*

TRĒOWFĒGING

Noun: *joining together of boards or planks.*

TRĒOWFUGOL

Noun: *tree-haunting bird, forest bird.*

TRĒOWFUL

See *(ge)trēowful.*

TRĒOWFULLĪCE

See *(ge)trēowfullīce.*

TRĒOWGEÐOFTA

Noun: *faithful comrade, trusty companion.*

TRĒOWGEWEORC

Noun: *wood-work, structure of wood or timber.*

TRĒOWGEWRID

Noun: *thicket of trees.*

TRĒOWLĒAS

See *(ge)trēowlēas.*

TRĒOWLIC

Adjective: *true; faithful, trusty; safe.*

TRĒOWLĪCE

Adverb: *truly; faithfully, confidently.*

TRĒOWLOGA

Noun: *pledge-breaker.*

TRĒOWLUFU

Noun: *true love, faithful love.*

TRĒOWRÆDEN

Noun: *state or condition of being true or faithful.*

TRĒOWSIAN

See *(ge)trēowsian.*

TRĒOWSTEALL

Noun: *plantation, grove.*

TRĒOWSTEDE

Noun: *grove.*

TRĒOWTERU

Noun: *tree-tar, resin.*

TRĒOWÐ

See *(ge)trēowð.*

TRĒOWÐRĀG

Noun: *time for faithfulness, fidelity.*

TRĒOWWÆSTM

Noun: *fruit of a tree.*

TRĒOWWEORÐUNG

Noun: *tree-worship.*

TRĒOWWYRHTA

Noun: *wood-worker, carpenter, joiner.*

TRĒOWWYRM

Noun: *caterpillar; cankerworm.*

TRĒPE

Noun: *troop, band.*

TREPPAN

1. Verb: *to trap.*

2. Verb: *to tread.*

TREPPE

Noun: *trap, snare.*

TRIDWET

Noun: *hasta.*

TRIFELUNG

Noun: *pounding, grinding, threshing; stamping.*

TRIFET

Noun: *tribute.*

TRIFULIAN

See *(ge)trifulian*.

TRĪG

Noun: *wooden board, tray; trough.*

TRINDA

Noun: *round lump, ball.*

TRINDE

Noun: *round lump, ball.*

TRINDHYRST

Noun: *circular copse.*

TRINDLE

Adjective: *round.*

TRINGAN

Verb: *press.*

TRIUMPHA

Noun: *triumph, entry into Rome of a victorious general.*

TROD

Noun: *track, trace.*

TRODU

Noun: *track, trace.*

TROG

Noun: *hollow vessel, basin, tub, trough; tray; canoe, boat; cradle; conduit, water-pipe.*

TROGHRYCG

Noun: *ridge where there is a water-trough.*

TROGSCIP

Noun: *kind of boat, boat made from a hollowed log.*

TRŌIA

Noun: *Troy.*

TRŌĪANA

Noun: *the Trojans.*

TRŌĪANĪSC

Adjective: *Trojan.*

TROPERE

Noun: *service books containing versus sung at certain festivals before the Introit.*

TRUCIAN

See *(ge)trucian*.

TRŪHT

Noun: *trout*.

TRUM

Adjective: *firm, fixed, strong; active, vigorous; sound, secure, trustworthy*.

TRUMA

See *(ge)truma*.

TRUMIAN

See *(ge)trumian*.

TRUMLIC

Adjective: *firm, stable, strong; sound; durable; substantial; exhorting, hortatory*.

TRUMLĪCE

Adverb: *firmly, steadfastly, strongly; considerably; in a way that encourages*.

TRUMNAÐ

Noun: *confirmation; strengthening*.

TRŪS

Noun: *brushwood (for fuel)*.

TRUSEN

Adjective: *grown with brushwood*.

TRŪÐ

Noun: *actor, trumpeter, buffoon*.

TRŪÐHORN

Noun: *trumpet, clarion*.

TRŪWA

See *(ge)trūwa*.

TRYM

Noun: *short length, step; small piece*.

TRYMES

Noun: *drachm (weight); Roman coin; English coin (three pence)*.

TRYMESSA

Noun: *drachm (weight); Roman coin; English coin*.

TRYMESSE

Noun: *drachm (weight); Roman coin; English coin*.

TRYMIAN

Verb: *to strengthen, fortify, become strong; to step; to confirm; to comfort; to incite, exhort; to set in order, arrange, prepare, array, arm; to give (hostages); to testify, attest.*

TRYMMEND

Noun: *supporter; one who makes an agreement.*

TRYMMENDLIC

Adjective: *encouraging, hortatory.*

TRYMMING

See *(ge)trimming.*

TRYMNES

See *(ge)trymnes.*

TRYMÐ

Noun: *strength; support, prop, staff.*

TŪ

Pronoun: *thou.*

TŪCIAN

See *(ge)tūcian.*

TŪDDORFŌSTER

Noun: *nourishment of offspring.*

TŪDDORFUL

Adjective: *prolific, fruitful, fertile.*

TŪDDORSPĒD

Noun: *fertility.*

TŪDDORTĒONDE

Adjective: *begetting issue; producing offspring or fruit.*

TUDENARD

Noun: *shield.*

TŪDOR

1. Noun: *offspring, children, descendant, family; race, breed; product, fruit; issue.*

2. Adjective: *prolific.*

TŪDORFÆST

Adjective: *prolific, fruitful, fertile.*

TŪDORNES

Noun: *offspring.*

TUDU

Noun: *shield.*

TULGE

Adverb: *well; firmly, strongly.*

TUMBERE

Noun: *player, dancer, tumbler.*

TUMBIAN

Verb: *to leap, tumble, dance.*

TUMBING

Noun: *dancing.*

TŪN

Noun: *enclosed ground, yard, field, garden; farm, manor; homestead, dwelling, house, mansion; group of houses, village, town, referring to the towns of Roman Britain.*

TŪNCERSE

Noun: *garden-cress, nasturtium.*

TŪNCIRCE

Noun: *church in a town.*

TŪNCRESSA

Noun: *town-cress, garden-cress.*

TUNECE

Noun: *under-garment, coat, tunic, toga.*

TUNGE

Noun: *words, speech; language, tongue; tongue-shaped thing.*

TŪNGEBŪR

Noun: *inhabitant, resident, tenant in village, villain.*

TUNGELLIC

Adjective: *heavenly.*

TŪNGERĒFA

Noun: *steward, town-reeve, bailiff; praetor.*

TUNGEÐRUM

Noun: *ligament of the tongue.*

TUNGFUL

Adjective: *talkative, loquacious.*

TUNGGELÆLLE

Adjective: *verbose.*

TUNGLEN

Adjective: *starry; of the stars, sidereal.*

TUNGLERE

Noun: *astrologer, astronomer.*

TUNGOL

Noun: *heavenly body, star, constellation, planet.*

TUNGOLÆ

Noun: *astronomy.*

TUNGOLBÆRE

Adjective: *starry.*

TUNGOLCRÆFT

Noun: *star-craft, astronomy, astrology.*

TUNGOLCRÆFTIGA

Noun: *astronomer, astrologer, magician.*

TUNGOLCRÆFTWĪSE

Noun: *astronomy.*

TUNGOLGESCĒAD

Noun: *astronomy, astrology.*

TUNGOLGIM

Noun: *(bright) star, starry gem.*

TUNGOLSPRĀEC

Noun: *astrology.*

TUNGOLWĪTEGA

Noun: *astrologer, star prophet.*

TUNGWŌD

Adjective: *sharp-tongued, tongue-mad, violent in speech.*

TŪNHŌFE

Noun: *ground ivy.*

TŪNINCEL

Noun: *small property, small farm or estate.*

TŪNLAND

Noun: *land of an estate or farm.*

TŪNLIC

Adjective: *of a village, rustic.*

TŪNMANN

Noun: *villager, villain, rustic, man living on a manor.*

TŪNMELDE

Noun: *orach (plant).*

TUNNE

Noun: *barrel, cask, tun.*

TUNNEBOTM

Noun: *the bottom of a cask, drum.*

TŪNPRĒOST

Noun: *village priest.*

TŪNRÆD

Noun: *town-council.*

TŪNSCIPE

Noun: *population of a village; township.*

TŪNSCĪR

Noun: *administration of an estate, stewardship.*

TUNSINGWYRT

Noun: *white hellebore.*

TŪNSŌCN

Noun: *legal jurisdiction over a village.*

TŪNSTEALL

Noun: *farm-stead, farm-yard.*

TŪNSTEDE

Noun: *village, farm-stead.*

TŪNWEG

Noun: *road on a town, private road.*

TŪR

Noun: *tower, fortress.*

TURF

Noun: *soil, sod, turf, greensward.*

TURFGRET

Noun: *turfpit.*

TURFHACCE

Noun: *turf-hoe, implement for cutting turf.*

TURFHAGA

Noun: *grassy plot, grassy enclosure.*

TURFHLĒOW

Noun: *covering of turf, shelter built on turf.*

TURL

Noun: *ladle, scoop, trowel.*

TURNIGENDLIC

Adjective: *revolving.*

TURNING

1. Noun: *turning, rotation.*

2. See *tyrning.*

TURTLA

Noun: *turtle-dove.*

TURTLE

Noun: *turtle.*

TURTURE

Noun: *turtle-dove.*

TŪSC

Noun: *canine or molar tooth, grinder, tusk.*

TUWA

Adverb: *twice.*

TŪXEL

Noun: *canine or molar tooth, tusk.*

TWĀ

Adverb: *twice.*

TWADDUNG

Noun: *adulation.*

TWÆDE

Adjective: *doubled, containing two or three parts of a whole; the word occurs mostly as substantive, two thirds, two parts of three.*

TWÆMAN

See *(ge)twæman.*

TWÆMENDLĪCE

Adverb: *separately; alternately.*

TWÆMING

Noun: *separation, division, parting; distinction.*

TWALTIGA

Noun: *palma.*

TWĀNIHTE

Adjective: *two days old.*

TWĒGEN

Numeral: *two.*

TWELF

Numeral: *twelve.*

TWELFFEALD

Adjective: *twelve-fold.*

TWELFGYLDE

Adjective: *twelve-fold.*

TWELFHYNDE

Adjective: *belonging to the class whose wergild was 1200 shillings.*

TWELFMŌNÐ

Adjective: *twelvemonth.*

TWELFNIHTE

Adjective: *twelve days old.*

TWELFTA

1. Adjective: *twelfth.*

2. Noun: *twelfth day.*

TWELFTADÆG

Noun: *twelfth day.*

TWELFTAMÆSSEÆFEN

Noun: *eve of the Epiphany.*

TWELFTE

Adverb: *twelfthly, in the twelfth place.*

TWELFWINTRE

Adjective: *twelve years old.*

TWENGAN

Verb: *to squeeze, pinch, twinge.*

TWĒNTIG

Numeral: *twenty.*

TWENTIGESNIHTE

Adjective: *twenty nights old.*

TWĒNTIGFEALD

Adjective: *twenty-fold.*

TWENTIGGĒARE

Adjective: *twenty years old.*

TWĒNTIGOÐA

Numeral: *twentieth.*

TWĒNTIGWINTRE

Adjective: *twenty years old.*

TWĒO

See *(ge)twēo.*

TWĒOGAN

See *(ge)twēogan.*

TWĒOGENDE

Adjective: *doubting.*

TWĒOGENDLIC

Adjective: *doubtful, uncertain.*

TWĒOGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *doubtingly, doubtfully.*

TWĒOLIC

Adjective: *doubtful, uncertain, ambiguous, equivocal.*

TWĒOLĪCE

Adverb: *doubtfully, uncertainly, ambiguously.*

TWĒOMANN

Noun: *a creature about which it is doubtful whether it be human.*

TWĒON

See *(ge)twēon.*

TWĒONA

Noun: *doubt.*

TWĒONE

Numeral: *two.*

TWĒONELĒOHT

Noun: *twilight.*

TWĒONIENDLIC

Adjective: *doubtful, dubious, uncertain.*

TWĒONIGEND

Adjective: *doubtful, expressing doubt.*

TWĒONIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *perhaps.*

TWĒONOL

Adjective: *doubtful.*

TWĒONUNG

Noun: *doubt, uncertainty, hesitation; scruple.*

TWI-

Affix: *two, double.*

TWIBĒTE

Adjective: *subject to double compensation.*

TWIBILL

Noun: *two-edged axe.*

TWIBILLE

Adjective: *double-edged.*

TWIBLĒOH

Adjective: *double-dyed; double-formed, biform.*

TWIBŌTE

1. Adverb: *with double 'bōt', in a 'subject to double compensation' manner.*

2. See *twibēte.*

TWIBROWEN

Adjective: *twice-brewed.*

TWIBYTME

Adjective: *double-bottomed.*

TWICCERE

Noun: *one who divided up the food in a monastery; one who pulls to pieces.*

TWICCIAN

Verb: *to twitch, pluck; to gather; to catch hold of.*

TWICELE

Noun: *river-fork.*

TWICEN

Noun: *junction of roads.*

TWIDÆGLIC

Adjective: *lasting two days.*

TWIDÆL

Noun: *two-thirds; double portion.*

TWIDÆLAN

Verb: *to divide into two; to differ.*

TWIDE

Noun: *the Tweed.*

TWIDĒAGOD

Adjective: *double-dyed.*

TWIECGE

Adjective: *two-edged.*

TWIECGEDE

Adjective: *two-edged.*

TWĪENDLĪCE

Adverb: *doubtingly.*

TWIFEALD

See *(ge)twifeald.*

TWIFEALDAN

See *(ge)twifealdan.*

TWIFEALDIAN

See *(ge)twifealdian.*

TWIFEALDLIC

Adjective: *twofold, double.*

TWIFEALDLĪCE

Adverb: *doubly, to twice the amount.*

TWIFEALDNES

Noun: *doubleness, duplication, doubling; irresolution; duplicity, deceitfulness.*

TWIFĒRE

Adjective: *having two ways, accessible by two ways.*

TWIFERLÆCAN

Verb: *to dissociate.*

TWIFĒTE

Adjective: *two-footed.*

TWIFEÐEREDE

Adjective: *double-winged, forked.*

TWIFINGRE

Adjective: *two fingers thick.*

TWIFYRCLEDE

Adjective: *having two prongs, forked.*

TWIFYRCLIAN

Verb: *to branch off, deviate from; to split into two, fork off from, separate from another object.*

TWIFYRD

Noun: *place-name, Twyford.*

TWIFȲREDE

Adjective: *two-furrowed.*

TWIG

Noun: *shoot, twig, branch; small tree.*

TWIGÆREDE

Adjective: *cloven.*

TWĪGAN

See *(ge)twīgan.*

TWIGILDE

1. Adjective: *paying double, liable to a double fine.*

2. Adverb: *with a double payment.*

3. Noun: *double payment.*

TWIHǢMED

Adjective: *one who marries twice.*

TWIHĒAFDEDE

Adjective: *double-headed.*

TWIHEOLOR

Noun: *balance.*

TWIHĪWE

Adjective: *of two colours or shapes.*

TWIHĪWEDE

1. Adjective: *of two colours or shapes.*

2. See *twihīwe.*

TWIHĪWIAN

Verb: *to dissimulate; to assume two shapes.*

TWIHLIDEDE

Adjective: *double-lidded, having two openings.*

TWIHWĒOLE

Adjective: *two-wheeled.*

TWIHWYRFT

Noun: *double course or period.*

TWIHYCGAN

Verb: *to think differently, disagree, dissent.*

TWIHYNDE

1. Adjective: *having wergild of 200 shillings.*

2. Noun: *wergild of 200 shillings.*

TWIHYNDEMAN

Noun: *man of the twihynde class.*

TWILÆPPEDA

Adjective: *having two skirts or lappets.*

TWILAFTE

Adjective: *two-edged.*

TWĪLĒAFA

Noun: *unknown plant.*

TWILĪBROCEN

Adjective: *woven of threads of two colours.*

TWILIC

Adjective: *double, woven of double thread.*

TWIMEN

Noun: *translates 'homodubii'.*

TWIMYLTE

Adjective: *twice melted.*

TWĪN

Noun: *double thread, twist, twine; linen.*

TWINCLIAN

Verb: *to twinkle, wink.*

TWINEBBE

Adjective: *having two faces.*

TWĪNEN

Adjective: *of linen, linen.*

TWING

Noun: *mass, lump, what is pressed together.*

TWINGAN

Verb: *to press, force.*

TWINIHTE

Adjective: *two days old.*

TWINN

Adjective: *twin, double, twofold, two by two.*

TWINWYRM

Noun: *small insect, buprestis.*

TWIRÆDE

Adjective: *uncertain, irresolute, undecided; disagreeing, discordant, without unanimity, at variance.*

TWIRÆDNES

Noun: *disagreement, discord, dissension, sedition.*

TWISCEATTE

Adverb: *to the extent of a double payment.*

TWISCYLDIG

Adjective: *liable to a double penalty.*

TWISEHT

Adjective: *disunited, discordant, at variance.*

TWISEHTAN

Verb: *to disagree, be at variance.*

TWISEHTNES

Noun: *disagreement, discord, dissension, variance.*

TWISEL

Adjective: *forked, double.*

TWISELTŌÐ

Adjective: *having the teeth forked or double.*

TWISESTRE

Adjective: *containing two sesters.*

TWISLA

Noun: *confluence, junction, the fork of a river or road.*

TWISLED

Adjective: *forked.*

TWISLIAN

Verb: *to fork, branch, divide into two.*

TWISLIHT

Adjective: *forked, branched.*

TWISLUNG

Noun: *division, partition, forking, branching; difference.*

TWISNÆCCE

Adjective: *double-pointed, cloven.*

TWISNĒSE

Adjective: *double-pointed, cloven.*

TWISPRÆC

Noun: *double or unfair speech; deceit, detraction.*

TWISPRÆCE

Adjective: *double-tongued; deceitful, detracting.*

TWISPRÆCNES

Noun: *double speech; detraction.*

TWISPRECAN

Verb: *to murmur.*

TWISPUNNEN

Adjective: *twice-spun.*

TWIST

Noun: *branch, fork.*

TWISTRENGE

Adjective: *two-stringed.*

TWITÆLGED

Adjective: *double-dyed.*

TWIÐRĀWEN

Adjective: *twice thrown or twisted; twice woven.*

TWIWÆG

Noun: *pair of scales, balance.*

TWIWEG

Noun: *junction of two roads.*

TWIWINTRE

Adjective: *two years old.*

TWIWYRDIG

Adjective: *ambiguous; at variance.*

TYCGAN

Verb: *to move quickly, quiver, palpitate.*

TŸDERNES

1. Noun: *branch.*

2. See *tīedernes.*

TŸDRAN

See *(ge)tȳdran.*

TȲDRED

Adjective: *provided with offspring.*

TȲDRIEND

Noun: *propagator, one that brings forth.*

TȲDRUNG

Noun: *propagation, production; branch; weakness, sterility.*

TYGE

Noun: *pull, tug, dragging; drawing together; leading, conducting; draught of drink; statement, deduction, inference.*

TYGEHŌC

Noun: *hook for pulling.*

TYGEHORN

Noun: *cupping-glass.*

TYGEL

Noun: *pulling-rope, rein, trace.*

TYGELE

Noun: *lamprey.*

TYHT

1. Noun: *way, manner, habit, practice, usage; instruction, training; going, motion, move, progress, march; covering, what is drawn over; region.*

2. See *tiht* (1).

TYHTAN

See *(ge)tyhtan.*

TYHTEN

Noun: *incentive, incitement; allurement, enticement, inducement, excitement.*

TYHTEND

Noun: *inciter, instigator, exhorter.*

TYHTENDLIC

Adjective: *persuading, hortatory, that serves far exhortation or encouragement.*

TYHTERE

Noun: *inciter, instigator; enticer.*

TYHTING

Noun: *incitement, instigation; persuasion, exhortation, encouragement, allurement, enticement, impulse; instruction, suggestion, advice.*

TYHTNES

Noun: *instinct, inward impulse; conviction, instigation.*

TYLDSYLE

Noun: *tent.*

TYLLAN

Verb: *to attract, draw; to pay toll.*

TŸN

See *(ge)tŷn.*

TŸNAN

See *(ge)tŷnan.*

TYNCEN

Noun: *barrel, little tub; bladder.*

TYNDER

Noun: *tinder, fuel; cautery, burner.*

TYNDERCYNN

Noun: *combustible.*

TYNGE

See *(ge)tynge.*

TYNGELĪCE

See *(ge)tyngelīce.*

TŸNING

Noun: *closing, fencing.*

TŸNNESS

Noun: *enclosed place, prison.*

TŸRAN

Verb: *to shed tears, run with tears.*

TYRDELU

Noun: *droppings, small pieces of excrement.*

TŸRENDE

Adjective: *having watery eyes.*

TYRFHAGA

1. Noun: *hoe, mattock.*

2. See *turfhaga.*

TYRNAN

Verb: *to turn, revolve, move round; to run.*

TYRNGEAT

Noun: *turnstile.*

TYRNING

Noun: *rotation, turning round; roundness, rotundity; crookedness, deceit.*

TYRRENISC

Adjective: *Tyrrhenian.*

TYRWA

Noun: *resin, tar, gum.*

TYRWAN

1. Verb: *to vex, harass.*

2. Verb: *to tar; to make like tar.*

TYRWE

Noun: *tar, resin.*

TYSCA

Noun: *buzzard.*

TYSLIAN

Verb: *to put on, dress.*

TYSLUNG

Noun: *dressing.*

TYSSE

Noun: *coarse cloth.*

TŸTAN

Verb: *to shine, sparkle; to stand out, be conspicuous.*

ÐĀ

1. Adverb: *then, at that time; after that time, thereupon; when, at the time that, whilst, during; there, where; seeing that, inasmuch as, if, when, since, as, because.*

2. Conjunction: *then, at that time; after that time, thereupon; when, at the time that, whilst, during; there, where; seeing that, inasmuch as, if, when, since, as, because.*

3. Demonstrative/article: *those.*

ÐACA

See *(ge)ðaca.*

ÐACCIAN

See *(ge)ðaccian.*

ÐACIAN

Verb: *to thatch.*

ÐÆC

Noun: *covering, roof, thatch.*

ÐÆCE

Noun: *covering, roof of a building, thatch.*

ÐÆCELE

Noun: *torch, lamp, light.*

ÐÆCSELE

Noun: *building with a thatched roof.*

ÐÆCTIGILE

Noun: *tile for a roof.*

ÐÆDERLENDISC

Adjective: *native.*

ÐÆGE

Pronoun: *they, these.*

ÐĀR

1. Adverb: *there, in that place, thither, yonder; where, whither, to which place; then, in that case, when; though, if, in case that, so far as, whilst, provided that; in that respect.*

2. Conjunction: *there, thither, yonder; where, whither; then; when; though, if, so far as, whilst, provided that; in that respect.*

ÐĀRĀBŪTAN

Adverb: *thereabout, about that place.*

ÐĀRÆFTER

Adverb: *thereafter, after that.*

ÐĀRÆT

Adverb: *thereat.*

ÐÆRAN

Verb: *to dry, wipe.*

ÐĀRBIG

Adverb: *thereby, thus, by that.*

ÐĀRBINNAN

Adverb: *therein.*

ÐĀRBUFAN

Adverb: *besides, over and above that.*

ÐĀRFORAN

Conjunction: *before that.*

ÐĀRFORE

Adverb: *for it.*

ÐĀRGEMANG

Adverb: *thereamong.*

ÐĀRIN

Adverb: *therein, wherein.*

ÐĀRINNE

Adverb: *therein.*

ÐĀRMID

Adverb: *therewith, with that; straightway, at the same time.*

ÐĀRNĒHST

Adverb: *next to that.*

ÐÆRNIAN

Verb: *to lose.*

ÐĀROF

Adverb: *thereof, of or from that.*

ÐĀROFER

Adverb: *thereover, over or above that.*

ÐĀRON

Adverb: *therein, thereinto; thereon; thereof.*

ÐĀRONEMN

Adverb: *alongside.*

ÐĀRONGĒN

Adverb: *on the contrary, there against.*

ÐÆRONINNAN

Adverb: *therein, thereinto.*

ÐÆRONUPPAN

Adverb: *thereupon, thereon.*

ÐÆRRIHTE

Adverb: *straightway, immediately, instantly, at once, thereupon, forthwith; just.*

ÐÆRTŌ

Adverb: *thereto, to that place, to it; then, next, besides; for that purpose; belonging to.*

ÐÆRTŌĒACAN

Adverb: *besides, moreover, in addition to that.*

ÐÆRTŌGĒANES

Adverb: *opposite, on the contrary, in opposition; thereto; in return, in exchange for, in reply, in refutation; as a set off.*

ÐÆRÐÆR

Adverb: wherever.

ÐÆRUNDER

Adverb: *beneath.*

ÐÆRUPPAN

Adverb: *thereon, thereupon.*

ÐÆRŪT

Adverb: *thereout, outside; without.*

ÐÆRŪTE

Adverb: *outside; without.*

ÐÆRWIÐ

Adverb: *therewith; against, in return, in exchange for.*

ÐÆRYMBE

Adverb: *thereabout, about that, on that point.*

ÐÆRYMBŪTAN

Adverb: *thereabouts.*

ÐÆS

Adverb: *afterwards; accordingly, according as; that; as, because; therefore, wherefore, provided, thence.*

ÐÆSLÆCAN

See *(ge)ðæslæcan.*

ÐÆSLIC

Adjective: *suitable, fit, proper, seemly, becoming, meet; accordant, in agreement, harmonious, congruous; fair, elegant, comely.*

ÐÆSLĪCE

Adverb: *thus, so, in that way, after this manner, similarly; suitably, fitly, meetly, aptly, opportunely.*

ÐÆSLICNES

Noun: *fitness, meetness, convenience, agreement with what is right.*

ÐĒSMA

Noun: *leaven, yeast.*

ÐÆT

1. Adverb: *that; so that, in order that; then, after that; thence.*

2. Conjunction: *that; so that, in order that; then, after that; thence.*

3. Demonstrative/Article: *that, so that, in order that; then, after that, thence.*

ÐÆTTE

Conjunction: *that, so that, in order that.*

ÐAFETERE

Noun: *one who agrees, consents or acquiesces in what is wrong.*

ÐAFETTAN

See *(ge)ðafettan.*

ÐAFIAN

See *(ge)ðafian.*

ÐAFUNG

See *(ge)ðafung.*

ÐĀGĪET

Adverb: *yet, still.*

ÐAMETTAN

Verb: *to clap (hands).*

ÐĀN

1. Adjective: *moist, watered, irrigated.*

2. Noun: *irrigated land.*

ÐANANSĪÐ

Noun: *journey thence.*

ÐANC

See *(ge)ðanc.*

ÐANCES

Adverb: *gladly, thankfully; voluntarily, gratis.*

ÐANCFULLĪCE

Adverb: *thankfully, gratefully; kindly, graciously.*

ÐANCHYCGENDE

Adverb: *thoughtful.*

ÐANCIAN

See *(ge)ðancian.*

ÐANCMETTIAN

Verb: *to think over, consider, deliberate.*

ÐANCMETUNG

Noun: *thought, consideration, deliberation.*

ÐANCOL

See *(ge)ðancol.*

ÐANCOLMŌD

Adjective: *thoughtful, considerate, attentive; prudent, wise, intelligent.*

ÐANCSNOTTOR

Adjective: *prudent, wise; ingenious.*

ÐANCUNG

Noun: *thanking, thanks, thanksgiving.*

ÐANCWEORÐ

Adjective: *thankworthy, acceptable; thankful, grateful; memorable.*

ÐANCWEORÐLIC

Adjective: *grateful, thankful, thankworthy; acceptable; memorable.*

ÐANCWEORÐLĪCE

Adverb: *gladly, willingly.*

ÐANCWORD

Noun: *thanks, word of thanks.*

ÐANĒCAN

Adverb: *whenever, as soon as ever.*

ÐĀNIAN

Verb: *to moisten; to be or become moist.*

ÐANON

Adverb: *away, from that time or place, thence, whence; from which, of which; then, thereupon, henceforth; by which, through that.*

ÐANONFORÐ

Adverb: *after that, then, thenceforward.*

ÐANONWEARD

Adverb: *moving or departing thence.*

ÐĀS

Demonstrative/Article: *this.*

ÐĀWIAN

Verb: *to thaw.*

ÐE

1. Pronoun: *that, who, which.*

2. Conjunction: *when; or; then; where; (with comparatives) than.*

ÐĒAH

1. Adverb: *though, although, even if; that; but, however, nevertheless, yet, still; whether.*

2. Conjunction: *though, although, even if; that; however, nevertheless, yet, still; whether.*

ÐĒAHHWÆÐERE

Adverb: *but, however, nevertheless yet; moreover.*

ÐEAHT

See *(ge)ðeaht.*

ÐEAHTERE

See *(ge)ðeahtere.*

ÐEAHTIAN

See *(ge)ðeahtian.*

ÐEAHTUNG

See *(ge)ðeahtung.*

ÐĒAHÐE

Adverb: *although.*

ÐĒANA

Adverb: *nevertheless, yet.*

ÐEARF

1. Noun: *need, necessity, want; behoof.*

2. Adjective: *necessary, needful.*

3. See *ðeorf* (1).

4. See *ðeorf* (2).

ÐEARFA

1. Noun: *poor man, pauper, beggar.*

2. Adjective: *poor, needy, destitute.*

ÐEARFAN

See *(ge)ðearfan.*

ÐEARFEDNES

Noun: *poverty, destitution.*

ÐEARFEND

Noun: *needy or poor person.*

ÐEARFENDE

Adjective: *needy, in want, poor.*

ÐEARFENDLIC

Adjective: *poor, needy, indigent, destitute, miserable.*

ÐEARFENDLĪCE

Adverb: *poorly.*

ÐEARFLĒAS

Adjective: *without a cause or need.*

ÐEARFLĒASE

Adverb: *without cause, needlessly.*

ÐEARFLIC

Adjective: *useful, profitable; necessary, convenient.*

ÐEARFLĪCE

Adverb: *usefully, profitably, with profit, to good purpose.*

ÐEARFLICNES

Noun: *want, poverty, neediness.*

ÐEARL

Adjective: *vigorous, strong, heavy; strict, severe, harsh, violent; excessive.*

ÐEARLE

Adverb: *strictly, severely, hard; very, very much, exceedingly, excessively, sorely.*

ÐEARLIC

Adjective: *severe, grievous, hard to bear; cruel, harsh, violent.*

ÐEARLĪCE

Adverb: *strictly, severely, violently; exactly, thoroughly.*

ÐEARLMŌD

Adjective: *severe, stern, cruel, violent; mighty, strong.*

ÐEARLWĪS

Adjective: *strict, severe, relentless.*

ÐEARLWĪSLIC

Adjective: *severe, hard.*

ÐEARLWĪSLĪCE

Adverb: *strictly, severely.*

ÐEARLWĪSNES

Noun: *strictness, severity.*

ÐEARM

Noun: *gut, intestine; the entrails.*

ÐEARMGEWIND

Noun: *windpipe.*

ÐEARMGYRD

Noun: *girdle, belt, belly-band.*

ÐĒATER

Noun: *theatre.*

ÐĒAW

1. Noun: *habit, custom, practice, usage; way, manner, disposition, behaviour, conduct; (good) manners, virtues, morals, morality.*

2. See *ðēow* (1).

3. See *ðēow* (2).

ÐĒAWFÆST

Adjective: *of good manners, gentle, virtuous, decorous, moral, of well-ordered life, honourable.*

ÐĒAWFÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *correctly, in accordance with good usage.*

ÐĒAWFÆSTNES

Noun: *discipline, obedience to rule.*

ÐĒAWFUL

Adjective: *moral, virtuous.*

ÐĒAWIAN

See *(ge)ðēawian.*

ÐĒAWLĒAS

Adjective: *ill-mannered or conditioned.*

ÐĒAWLIC

Adjective: *usual, customary; decent, moral; figurative.*

ÐĒAWLĪCE

Adverb: *properly, in accordance with good manners.*

ÐEBEIGD

Noun: *Thebaid.*

ÐECCAN

See *(ge)ðeccan.*

ÐECCBRYCE

Noun: *tile.*

ÐECCEND

Noun: *protector, defender.*

ÐECEN

Noun: *roof, covering, thatch, tile; house.*

ÐECG

Noun: *receptacle.*

ÐECGAN

Verb: *to take, receive, accept; to consume, eat, drink.*

ÐEFEL

Noun: *mulled wine.*

ÐEFIAN

Verb: *to pant, heave, palpitate; to be agitated.*

ÐEGAN

Verb: *to serve.*

ÐEGN

Noun: *servant, retainer, vassal; follower, disciple; good warrior, hero, brave or noble man, soldier, military attendant; officer, minister; thane.*

ÐEGNBOREN

Adjective: *well-born, of gentle birth.*

ÐEGNGYLDE

Noun: *legal money value of a thane.*

ÐEGNHYSE

Noun: *attendant, follower, retainer.*

ÐEGNIAN

See *(ge)ðednian.*

ÐEGNLAGU

Noun: *thane-law.*

ÐEGNLAND

Noun: *land held by a thegn.*

ÐEGNLIC

Adjective: *noble, loyal; brave, manly.*

ÐEGNLĪCE

Adverb: *gallantly, nobly; bravely, manfully.*

ÐEGNRÆDEN

Noun: *service, thaneship.*

ÐEGNRIHT

Noun: *thane-right.*

ÐEGNSCIPE

Noun: *service, duty, thaneship; gallantry; ability; valour, bravery, manliness; body of thanes or retainers.*

ÐEGNSCOLU

Noun: *following, band of vassals or thanes.*

ÐEGNSORH

Noun: *sorrow for the loss of thanes.*

ÐEGNWEORUD

Noun: *band of thanes or followers.*

ÐEGNWER

Noun: *the wergild of a thane.*

ÐEGU

Noun: *taking, accepting.*

ÐEL

Noun: *thin piece of wood or metal, board, plank, plate.*

ÐELBRYCG

Noun: *bridge of planks.*

ÐELLFÆSTEN

Noun: *fortress of planks, ship, ark.*

ÐELMA

1. Noun: *trap, snare, noose.*

2. Noun: *heat.*

ÐELNEÐUNG

Noun: *some kind of plant.*

ÐENCAN

See *(ge)ðencan.*

ÐENCENDLIC

Adjective: *thoughtful, reflecting.*

ÐENDEN

1. Adverb: *while, meanwhile, as long as, until.*

2. Conjunction: *while, meanwhile, as long as, until.*

ÐĒNEST

Noun: *service, entertainment.*

ÐĒNESTMANN

Noun: *serving-man, retainer; thane.*

ÐĒNESTRE

Noun: *female servant, handmaiden.*

ÐENGEL

Noun: *ruler, lord, prince, king.*

ÐĒNINGFÆT

Noun: *serving-vessel.*

ÐĒNINGGĀST

Noun: *ministering spirit.*

ÐĒNINGHŪS

Noun: *workshop.*

ÐĒNINGMANN

Noun: *serving-man, attendant; minister, thane.*

ÐĒNISC

Noun: *service.*

ÐENNAN

See *(ge)ðennan.*

ÐENNING

Noun: *stretching, extension.*

ÐENUNG

Noun: *service, ministration, obedience; office, ministry; attendants, following, retinue, train; use; church service, ceremonial or ritual service, mass-book; food, provision, meal; meal-time.*

ÐĒNUNG

Noun: *service, office, ministry, ministration; obedience; (pl) attendants, following, retinue, train; use; church office, ceremonial or ritual service, mass-book; food, meal, provision.*

ÐĒNUNGBŌC

Noun: *book for divine service, mass-book, Leviticus.*

ÐĒNUNGWEROD

Noun: *serving-men, body of attendants.*

ÐĒOD

1. Noun: *people, nation, tribe; region, country, province; language; (pl.) the gentiles; men, war-troop, retainers.*

2. Noun: *fellowship.*

ÐĒODAN

See *(ge)ðēodan.*

ÐĒODBEALU

Noun: *public calamity, great or grievous ill.*

ÐĒODBŪENDE

Noun: *men, mankind, earth-dwellers, mortals.*

ÐĒODCWĒN

Noun: *queen, empress.*

ÐĒODCYNING

Noun: *monarch; God, the Deity.*

ÐĒODCYNN

Noun: *race.*

ÐĒODDON

Adjective: *served.*

ÐĒODEGSA

Noun: *mighty or general terror.*

ÐĒODEN

Noun: *ruler, chief of a tribe; lord, prince, king; God, Christ.*

ÐĒODEND

Noun: *translator.*

ÐĒODENGEDĀL

Noun: *separation from a lord through his death.*

ÐĒODENHOLD

Adjective: *loyal, faithful to a lord.*

ÐĒODENLĒAS

Adjective: *lordless, without a ruler or chief.*

ÐĒODENMĀÐM

Noun: *treasure given by a prince.*

ÐĒODENSTŌL

Noun: *throne, seat of a king.*

ÐĒODEORÐE

Noun: *inhabited earth, the world.*

ÐĒODFĒOND

Noun: *public enemy, archfiend.*

ÐĒODFRUMA

Noun: *ruler, lord, prince.*

ÐĒODGESTRĒON

Noun: *great possession, people's treasure.*

ÐĒODGUMA

Noun: *chief man; warrior; retainer.*

ÐĒODHERE

Noun: *national army, host.*

ÐĒODHERPAÐ

Noun: *public road, highway.*

ÐĒODISC

1. Noun: *speech; language.*

2. Adjective: *gentile.*

ÐĒODLAND

Noun: *inhabited land, region, district, country, empire; the continent.*

ÐĒODLĀRĒOW

Noun: *great teacher.*

ÐĒODLIC

Adjective: *national, of a people.*

ÐĒODLĪCETERE

Noun: *public deceiver, arch-hypocrite.*

ÐĒODLOGA

Noun: *arch-impostor or liar.*

ÐĒODMÆGEN

Noun: *host, troop, tribal force.*

ÐĒODNES

See *(ge)ðēodnes.*

ÐĒODRÆDEN

See *(ge)ðēodrāden.*

ÐĒODSCEAÐA

Noun: *public criminal, great spoiler.*

ÐĒODSCIPE

Noun: *people, population, community, nation; teaching, instruction, training, discipline; learning, erudition, knowledge, understanding; administration, collection of regulations, injunction, law, authority; religion; testimony; custom, conduct; association, fellowship, connexion.*

ÐĒODSTEFN

Noun: *people, nation; tribe, stock.*

ÐĒODÐRĒA

Noun: *general distress, great calamity.*

ÐĒODWEG

Noun: *highway.*

ÐĒODWIGA

Noun: *great or mighty warrior.*

ÐĒODWITA

Noun: *learned man, sage, senator.*

ÐĒODWRECAN

Verb: *to avenge thoroughly, take great vengeance for.*

ÐĒODWUNDOR

Noun: *great wonder, mighty miracle.*

ÐĒOF

1. Noun: *criminal, thief, robber.*

2. Noun: *theft.*

ÐĒOFDENN

Noun: *thieve's or robber's cave.*

ÐĒOFEND

Noun: *thieving, theft.*

ÐĒOFFENG

Noun: *seizing of thieves; right to fines payable on conviction for theft.*

ÐĒOFGILD

Noun: *payment for theft.*

ÐĒOFIAN

See *(ge)ðēofian.*

ÐĒOFMANN

Noun: *robber, bandit, brigand.*

ÐĒOFSCEAÐA

Noun: *robber.*

ÐĒOFSCIP

Noun: *pirate-ship or vessel.*

ÐĒOFSCOLU

Noun: *band of thieves or robbers.*

ÐĒOFSCYLDIG

Noun: *guilty of theft.*

ÐĒOFSLEGE

Noun: *slaying of a thief.*

ÐĒOFSLIHT

Noun: *slaying of a thief.*

ÐĒOFSTOLEN

Adjective: *stolen, taken by thieves.*

ÐĒOFUNG

Noun: *thieving.*

ÐĒOFWRACU

Noun: *punishment for theft.*

ÐĒOGING

Noun: *increase, profit; advance, progress.*

ÐĒOH

Noun: *thigh; hip.*

ÐĒOHECE

Noun: *pain in the thigh.*

ÐĒOHGELÆTE

Noun: *thigh-joint.*

ÐĒOHGEWEALD

Noun: *genitalia.*

ÐĒOHHWEORFA

Noun: *knee-joint.*

ÐĒOHSCANCA

Noun: *thigh-bone or shank.*

ÐĒOHSEAX

Noun: *short sword, dirk.*

ÐĒOHWRÆC

Noun: *pain in the thigh.*

ÐĒON

1. See *(ge)ðēon* (1).

2. See *(ge)ðēon* (2).

3. See *(ge)ðēon* (3).

ÐĒOR

Noun: *inflamation, ulcer.*

ÐĒORĀDL

Noun: *some disease, inflammation, blistering heat.*

ÐĒORDRENC

Noun: *drink used for inflammation.*

ÐEORF

1. Adjective: *unleavened; (of milk) fresh, skim.*

2. Noun: *leavened bread.*

ÐEORFDAGAS

Noun: *days of unleavened.*

ÐEORFHLĀF

Noun: *loaf of unleavened bread.*

ÐEORFLING

Noun: *unleavened bread.*

ÐEORFNES

Noun: *unleavenedness; purity.*

ÐEORFSCOLD

Noun: *unleavened bread.*

ÐEORFSYMBEL

Noun: *feast of unleavened bread.*

ÐĒORGERID

Noun: *inflammation.*

ÐĒORWÆRC

Noun: *inflammatory disease.*

ÐĒORWENN

Noun: *inflammatory tumour or blister, carbuncle.*

ÐĒORWYRM

Noun: *inflammatory (parasitic) worm.*

ÐĒORWYRT

Noun: *ploughman's spikenard, fleabane.*

ÐĒOS

Demonstrative/Article: *this.*

ÐĒOSTOR

Adjective: *dark, gloomy; sad, mournful, gloomy.*

ÐĒOSTORCOFA

Noun: *dark chamber.*

ÐĒOSTORFUL

Adjective: *dark, obscure, dusky.*

ÐĒOSTORFULNES

Noun: *darkness, obscurity.*

ÐĒOSTORLIC

Adjective: *dark, obscure.*

ÐĒOSTORLOCA

Noun: *dark enclosure, tomb.*

ÐĒOSTORNES

Noun: *darkness.*

ÐĒOSTRE

1. Noun: *darkness, gloom.*

2. See *ðēostor.*

3. See *ðēostru.*

ÐĒOSTRIAN

See *(ge)ðēostrian.*

ÐĒOSTRIG

Adjective: *dark, obscure; blinded.*

ÐĒOSTRU

Noun: *darkness, gloom; dimness of sight.*

ÐĒOSTRUNG

Noun: *darkness, obscurity, gloom.*

ÐĒOTAN

Verb: *to sound forth, resound, murmur, roar, howl.*

ÐĒOTE

Noun: *torrent, fountain, waterfall, cataract; conduit, pipe.*

ÐĒOW

1. Noun: *servant, slave.*

2. Adjective: *not free, servile, bond.*

ÐĒOWBERDE

Adjective: *not free-born, born in servitude.*

ÐĒOWBOREN

Adjective: *slave-born, born in servitude.*

ÐĒOWCNAPA

Noun: *bondservant.*

ÐĒOWDŌM

Noun: *service, servitude, subjection, vassalage, slavery, bondage, thraldom; divine service, service of the church.*

ÐĒOWDŌMHĀD

Noun: *service.*

ÐĒOWE

Noun: *female servant or slave, handmaiden.*

ÐĒOWHĀD

Noun: *servitude; service.*

ÐĒOWIAN

See *(ge)ðēowian.*

ÐĒOWINCEL

Noun: *young servant or slave.*

ÐĒOWING

Noun: *threat; reproof, rebuke.*

ÐĒOWLIC

Adjective: *servile.*

ÐĒOWMANN

Noun: *servant.*

ÐĒOWNŸD

Noun: *oppression, serfdom, slavery, enslavement.*

ÐĒOWOT

Noun: *service, servitude, slavery, bondage; ministry.*

ÐĒOWOTDŌM

Noun: *service.*

ÐĒOWRACIAN

Verb: *to threaten, menace.*

ÐĒOWTLIC

Adjective: *servile, of a slave.*

ÐĒOWTLING

Noun: *servant, slave.*

ÐĒOWTSCIPE

Noun: *service.*

ÐĒOWWEORC

Noun: *servile work.*

ÐĒOWWRACU

Noun: *threat, threatening, commination.*

ÐEOX

Noun: *hunting-spear.*

ÐERAN

Verb: *to rush.*

ÐERSCAN

See *(ge)ðerscan.*

ÐERSCEL

Noun: *implement for trashing corn, flail.*

ÐERSCELFLŌR

Noun: *threshing-floor.*

ÐERSCING

Noun: *thrashing, beating.*

ÐERSCOLD

Noun: *limit, border, threshold.*

ÐES

1. Demonstrative/Article: *this.*

2. See *ðæs.*

ÐICCE

1. Adjective: *thick, dense, viscous; solid, stiff, stout; numerous, abundant; gloomy, hazy; deep.*

2. Adverb: *thickly, densely; closely; often, frequently.*

3. See *ðiccet.*

ÐICCET

Noun: *thicket.*

ÐICCIAN

Verb: *to thicken, make or become thick; to crowd together, throng.*

ÐICCOL

Adjective: *fat, stout, corpulent.*

ÐICFEALD

Adjective: *dense, close.*

ÐICGAN

See *(ge)ðicgan.*

ÐICLĪCE

Adverb: *thickly; often, frequently, continually, in quick succession, in large numbers.*

ÐICNES

Noun: *thickness, density, viscosity, hardness; depth; darkness, obscurity, cloud; thicket.*

ÐIDER

Adverb: *on that side, thither, whither, to that place.*

ÐIDERCYME

Noun: *a coming hither.*

ÐIDERGEOND

Adverb: *thither.*

ÐIDERINN

Adverb: *therein, into that place.*

ÐIDERLĒODISC

Adjective: *native, of or to that people.*

ÐIDERWEARD

Adverb: *thither, thitherwards, in or towards that direction.*

ÐIDERWEARDES

Adverb: *thither, thitherwards.*

ÐĪEFEFEOH

Noun: *stolen goods.*

ÐĪEFÐ

Noun: *theft, stolen goods.*

ÐIGEN

Noun: *taking, receiving; partaking, eating, drinking; food, drink.*

ÐIHT

Adjective: *firm, tight, strong.*

ÐILIAN

Verb: *to plank, board over.*

ÐILING

Noun: *boarding, floor; table.*

ÐILLE

Noun: *boarding, flooring, plank.*

ÐIMIAMA

Noun: *incense.*

ÐĪN

Possessive: *your.*

ÐĪNAN

Verb: *to grow moist or damp.*

ÐINDAN

Verb: *to swell, swell up; to melt; to pass away; to be angry.*

ÐĪNEN

Noun: *female servant or attendant, handmaid; mid-wife.*

ÐING

Noun: *thing, creature, object, property; cause, reason, motive, account, sake; way, means; event, affair, act, deed; state, condition, circumstances; contest, discussion, law-suit; meeting, council, court, assembly; court of justice; point, respect, concern, enterprise; (pl.) things, goods.*

ÐINGAN

1. Verb: *to invite, address.*

2. See *ðingian*.

ÐINGERE

See *(ge)ðingere.*

ÐINGESTRE

Noun: *female advocate, mediatrix.*

ÐINGGEMEARC

Noun: *reckoning of time, allotted time.*

ÐINGIAN

Verb: *to ask, supplicate, plead, pray, beg; to mediate, intervene, intercede for; to conciliate, settle, make or come to terms, come to an agreement, reconcile oneself (with) covenant, compound with; to prescribe; to determine, arrange, purpose, design, fix; to talk, speak, discourse, harangue; to destine.*

ÐINGLĒAS

Adjective: *free, exempt.*

ÐINGRÆDEN

Noun: *mediation, intercession, intervention, advocacy; pleading.*

ÐINGSTEDE

Noun: *place of assembly.*

ÐINGSTŌW

Noun: *place of meeting or council, public place; village; market.*

ÐINGUM

Adverb: *purposely.*

ÐINGUNG

See *(ge)ðingung.*

ÐĪR

Noun: *female servant.*

ÐIS

Demonstrative/Article: *this.*

ÐĪSL

Noun: *beam or pole of a waggon; pole, shaft.*

ÐISTEL

Noun: *thistle.*

ÐISTELGEBLÆD

Noun: *blister caused by a thistle.*

ÐISTELLĒAG

Noun: *meadow, thistle-covered.*

ÐISTELTWIGE

Noun: *kind of bird, goldfinch, linnet.*

ÐĪSTRA

Noun: *trace, harness.*

ÐIUSTRA

Noun: *endive, chicory.*

ÐŌ

1. Noun: *clay; loom.*

2. See *ðōhe.*

ÐOCERIAN

Verb: *to run up and down or to and fro, run about.*

ÐODDETTAN

Verb: *to push; to strike, batter.*

ÐODEN

Noun: *whirlwind, high or violent wind, whirlpool; turbo.*

ÐOFT

Noun: *bench for rowers.*

ÐOFTRÆDEN

See *(ge)ðoftræden*.

ÐOFTSCIPE

See *(ge)ðoftscipe*.

ÐŌHE

Noun: *clay*.

ÐŌHT

See *(ge)ðōht*.

ÐŌIHT

Adjective: *clayey*.

ÐOL

Noun: *thole, oar-pin*.

ÐOLEBYRDE

Adjective: *patient, long-suffering*.

ÐOLEBYRDNES

Noun: *patience, endurance, long-suffering*.

ÐOLIAN

See *(ge)ðolian*.

ÐOLLE

Noun: *saucepan, frying pan; instrument on which a martyr was burnt*.

ÐOLMŌD

1. Adjective: *patient, forbearing, long-suffering*.

2. Noun: *patience*.

ÐOLMŌDNES

Noun: *patience, forbearance, endurance, long-suffering*.

ÐOLUNG

Noun: *passion*.

ÐON

1. Adverb: *now; then, from that time, after that; so, as; thence; in comparison with; inasmuch as, when*.

2. See *ðonne* (1).

3. See *ðonne* (2).

ÐONNE

1. Adverb: *then, after that; therefore, wherefore, henceforth; yet, although; while; when; since; rather than*.

2. Conjunction: *then, in that case; at that time; therefore, wherefore, consequently, after that; but, although, yet, besides; while, when, at such times as; thereafter, henceforth; rather than; since, seeing that; (with comparatives) than.*

ÐOR

Noun: *Thor.*

ÐORFÆST

Adjective: *useful.*

ÐORFAN

Verb: *to need.*

ÐORIAN

Verb: *to dare.*

ÐORLĒAS

Adjective: *useless.*

ÐORN

Noun: *thorn, thorn-bush; name of the rune for Ð.*

ÐORNEGN

Noun: *thorn copse.*

ÐORNGEBLÆD

Noun: *blister caused by a thorn.*

ÐORNGRÆFE

Noun: *thorn-copse.*

ÐORNIAN

Verb: *to lose, suffer lack of.*

ÐORNIG

Adjective: *thorny, full of thorns.*

ÐORNIHT

Adjective: *thorny, full of thorns or briars.*

ÐORNING

Noun: *thorny place.*

ÐORNRÆW

Noun: *row of thorn-bushes.*

ÐORNRIND

Noun: *bark of a thorn-tree.*

ÐORNSTYBB

Noun: *the stump of a thorn-tree.*

ÐORNÐȲFEL

Noun: *thorn bush.*

ÐORP

Noun: *farm; village.*

ÐOST

Noun: *dung, ordure.*

ÐOTERIAN

Verb: *to lament, cry, wail, howl.*

ÐOTERUNG

Noun: *crying, howling; wailing, groaning.*

ÐŌÐOR

Noun: *ball, sphere.*

ÐRACIAN

Verb: *to fear, dread, shun.*

ÐRACU

Noun: *power, force, fury, violence; storm; attack, onrush.*

ÐRÆC

See *(ge)ðræc.*

ÐRÆCFUL

Adjective: *strong, valiant.*

ÐRÆCHEARD

Adjective: *brave in battle.*

ÐRÆCHWĪL

Noun: *time of misery or suffering, hard time.*

ÐRÆCRŌF

Adjective: *valiant, keen in fight.*

ÐRÆCWĪG

Noun: *violent or hard fighting.*

ÐRÆCWUDU

Noun: *spear.*

ÐRĀD

Noun: *thread.*

ÐRÆFT

Noun: *contention, dispute, quarrel, chiding.*

ÐRĀGAN

Verb: *to run, proceed in a course.*

ÐRÆL

Noun: *servant, slave, thrall; serf.*

ÐRÆLRIHT

Noun: *serf's or thrall's right; (pl.) legal rights and privileges which belonged to the thrall.*

ÐRÆS

Noun: *fringe, border, hem.*

ÐRÆSTAN

See *(ge)ðræstan.*

ÐRÆSTNES

See *(ge)ðræstnes.*

ÐRÆSTUNG

Noun: *affliction, torment.*

ÐRAFIAN

Verb: *to restrain, reprove, rebuke; to correct; to press, push, compel, urge; to demand.*

ÐRAFUNG

Noun: *reproof, rebuke, censure; correction.*

ÐRĀG

Noun: *time, period, season, while; occasion; evil times; paroxysm.*

ÐRĀGBYSIG

Adjective: *long busy; occupied for a time, periodically employed.*

ÐRĀGLIC

Adjective: *long-continued, lasting a long time.*

ÐRĀGMÆL

Noun: *unhappy time.*

ÐRĀGMÆLUM

Adverb: *sometimes, from time to time, at times or intervals.*

ÐRĀWAN

See *(ge)ðrāwan.*

ÐRĀWERE

Noun: *perverse person.*

ÐRĀWINGSPINL

Noun: *crisping-pin, curling-iron.*

ÐRĒA

Noun: *reproof, rebuke, castigation; threat, menace, abuse; oppression, attack; chastisement, correction, punishment, justifiable severity; infliction, ill, calamity, affliction, pang, plague, evil.*

ÐRĒAGAN

See *(ge)ðrēagan.*

ÐRĒAGEND

Noun: *reprover; one who corrects.*

ÐRĒAGUNG

Noun: *reproof, rebuke, chastisement, correction, punishment; threat.*

ÐRĒAL

1. Noun: *reproof, rebuke, chastisement, correction, punishment, discipline; threat.*

2. See *ðrǣl.*

ÐRĒALIC

Adjective: *miserable, woeful, calamitous; severe, terrible.*

ÐRĒANĪED

Noun: *affliction, misery, distress, calamity.*

ÐRĒANĪEDLA

Noun: *affliction, oppression, painful constraint, restraint of punishment; misfortune.*

ÐRĒANĪEDLIC

Adjective: *calamitous, afflictive.*

ÐRĒAP

Noun: *troop, band.*

ÐRĒAPIAN

Verb: *to reprove, rebuke, reprehend, correct.*

ÐRĒAPUNG

Noun: *reproof, rebuke.*

ÐRĒASWINGE

Noun: *chastisement.*

ÐRĒAT

Noun: *troop, band, crowd, press, throng, swarm, press, body of people; oppression, force, compulsion, coercion, calamity, violence; punishment, ill-treatment; threatening.*

ÐRĒATEND

Noun: *violent person.*

ÐRĒATIAN

Verb: *to press, urge, compel, force; to afflict, torment, trouble, oppress, attack, vex, harass; to threaten; to reprove, rebuke, check; to restrain; to exercise.*

ÐRĒATMÆLUM

Adverb: *in troops or crowds.*

ÐRĒATNES

Noun: *affliction, tribulation.*

ÐRĒATNIAN

Verb: *to press, urge, compel, force; to threaten; to reprove, rebuke, check.*

ÐRĒATUNG

Noun: *force, compulsion; oppression, ill-treatment or usage, violence; reproof, rebuke, correction; threatening.*

ÐRĒAWEORC

Noun: *misery, pain inflicted as a punishment.*

ÐREAX

Noun: *rottenness.*

ÐRECE

Noun: *force, oppression, violence; weariness, exhaustion.*

ÐRECLIC

Adjective: *terrible.*

ÐREFE

Noun: *measure of corn or fodder.*

ÐREODIAN

See *(ge)ðreodian.*

ÐREODUNG

Noun: *consideration, deliberation; hesitation, scruple.*

ÐRĒOHUND

Noun: *three hundred.*

ÐRĒOHUNDWINTRE

Adjective: *three hundred years old.*

ÐRĒONIHT

Noun: *period of three days.*

ÐRĒOTAN

Verb: *to vex, weary.*

ÐRĒOTĒOÐA

Numeral: *thirteenth.*

ÐRĒOTĪNEGĒARE

Adjective: *thirteen years old.*

ÐRĒOTŸNE

Numeral: *thirteen.*

ÐREP

Noun: *fornix.*

ÐRĒPEL

Noun: *instrument of punishment of three stakes, kind of cross.*

ÐRIBEDDOD

Adjective: *having three beds or couches.*

ÐRIDÆGLIC

Adjective: *lasting three days.*

ÐRIDÆLED

Adjective: *divided into three parts, tripartite.*

ÐRIDDA

Adjective: *third, one in every three.*

ÐRIDDANDÆL

Noun: *third part.*

ÐRIDDING

Noun: *doing of a thing for the third time.*

ÐRĪE

Numeral: *three; three times (as multiplicative).*

ÐRĪETAN

Verb: *to weary; to press, urge, force.*

ÐRIFEALD

Adjective: *triple, threefold.*

ÐRIFEALDLIC

Adjective: *three-fold, triple.*

ÐRIFEALDLĪCE

Adverb: *in three ways, triply.*

ÐRIFĒTE

Adjective: *having three feet.*

ÐRIFEÐOR

Adjective: *triangular.*

ÐRIFILDAN

Verb: *to triple.*

ÐRIFINGRE

Adjective: *three fingers broad or thick.*

ÐRIFLĒRE

Adjective: *having three floors, three-storied.*

ÐRIFŌTEDE

Adjective: *three-footed.*

ÐRIFYLDAN

Verb: *to triplicate.*

ÐRĪFYRCLEDE

Adjective: *three-pronged.*

ÐRIFŸREDE

Adjective: *three-furrowed.*

ÐRIGÆREDE

Adjective: *cloven into three parts, three-pronged.*

ÐRIGĒARE

Adjective: *three years old.*

ÐRIGYLDE

1. Adjective: *to be paid three fold; with a treble payment.*

2. Adverb: *with a treble payment.*

ÐRIHÆMED

Adjective: *one who marries thrice.*

ÐRIHĒAFDEDE

Adjective: *three-headed.*

ÐRIHĪWEDE

Adjective: *having three forms.*

ÐRIHLIDEDE

Adjective: *three-lidded, having three openings.*

ÐRIHYRNE

Adjective: *three-cornered, triangular.*

ÐRILĒFE

Adjective: *three-leaved.*

ÐRILEN

Adjective: *woven with three threads.*

ÐRILIC

Adjective: *triple, threefold.*

ÐRILIG

Adjective: *woven with three threads.*

ÐRILĪÐE

Noun: *year with an extra month (a third, named liða).*

ÐRIMEN

Noun: *third, third part.*

ÐRIMEOLCE

Noun: *May (month).*

ÐRIMILCEMŌNAÐ

Noun: *May; men.*

ÐRINEN

Adjective: *threefold.*

ÐRINES

Noun: *Trinity.*

ÐRINGAN

See *(ge)ðringan.*

ÐRINIHTE

Adjective: *three days old.*

ÐRINLIC

Adjective: *threefold.*

ÐRINNA

Adjective: *three-fold, three times.*

ÐRINTAN

Verb: *to swell.*

ÐRĪPELŪF

Noun: *instrument of punishment.*

ÐRIRĒÐRE

Adjective: *having three rows of oars.*

ÐRISCȳTE

Adjective: *triangular, three-cornered.*

ÐRISEL

Adjective: *divided into three.*

ÐRISELLĪC

Adjective: *tripartite.*

ÐRISLITE

Adjective: *three-pointed, three-forked, tripod.*

ÐRISNÆCCE

Adjective: *three-pointed, three forked, cloven in three.*

ÐRĪST

1. Adjective: *bold, daring; audacious, shameless, presumptuous, rash.*

2. Adverb: *confidently, boldly, daringly; presumptuously, audaciously.*

ÐRĪSTFUL

Adjective: *presumptuous.*

ÐRĪSTHYCGENDE

Adjective: *firm of purpose, brave-minded, having bold resolve.*

ÐRĪSTHŸDIG

Adjective: *courageous, bold, valorous.*

ÐRĪSTIAN

See *(ge)ðrīstian.*

ÐRĪSTIGLIC

Adjective: *rash, bold, daring.*

ÐRĪSTIGLĪCE

Adverb: *boldly, presumptuously.*

ÐRĪSTIGLONG

Adjective: *very long.*

ÐRĪSTLÆCAN

See *(ge)ðrīstlæcan.*

ÐRĪSTLÆCNES

Noun: *boldness, temerity; presumption, audacity.*

ÐRĪSTLĒASNESS

Noun: *want of boldness.*

ÐRĪSTLIC

Adjective: *bold.*

ÐRĪSTLĪCE

Adverb: *confidently, boldly.*

ÐRĪSTLING

Noun: *bold person; thrush.*

ÐRĪSTNES

Noun: *boldness, temerity; presumption, rashness.*

ÐRISTRENGE

Adjective: *three-stringed.*

ÐRĪTIG

Numeral: *thirty; thirty (years old).*

ÐRĪTIGFEALD

Adjective: *thirty-fold.*

ÐRĪTIGOÐA

Numeral: *thirtieth.*

ÐRĪTIGWINTRE

Adjective: *thirty years old.*

ÐRIÐING

Noun: *third part of a county; riding.*

ÐRIÐINGGERĒFA

Noun: *governor or sheriff of a* ðriðing.

ÐRIWA

Adverb: *thrice, three times.*

ÐRIWINTRE

Adjective: *of three years, three years old.*

ÐROC

Noun: *table; throck.*

ÐROCEN

Adjective: *producing beams.*

ÐRŌH

1. Noun: *rancor.*

2. Adjective: *rancid; bitter, angry.*

ÐROHT

1. Noun: *suffering, affliction, oppression, trouble, hardship; labour, toil; exertion, endurance.*

2. Adjective: *oppressive, grievous, troublesome, tormenting, dire.*

ÐROHTHEARD

Adjective: *strong under afflictions, having fortitude or endurance in trouble; grievously hard.*

ÐROHTIG

Adjective: *firm, enduring, persistent, persevering; laborious.*

ÐROSM

Noun: *vapour, smoke; darkness, dark space.*

ÐROSMIG

Adjective: *vaporous, smoky.*

ÐROSTLE

Noun: *singing-thrush, throstle.*

ÐROTBOLLA

Noun: *gullet, larynx, windpipe.*

ÐROTE

Noun: *throat.*

ÐROWEND

Noun: *martyr; scorpion.*

ÐRŌWEND

Noun: *serpent, scorpion, basilisk.*

ÐROWENDE

Adjective: *the Thronds or Throuds (people in North Norway).*

ÐRŌWERE

Noun: *sufferer, martyr.*

ÐRŌWERHĀD

Noun: *martyrdom.*

ÐRŌWESTRE

Noun: *female martyr.*

ÐRŌWIAN

See *(ge)ðrōwian.*

ÐRŌWIENDHĀD

Noun: *martyrdom.*

ÐRŌWIENDLIC

Adjective: *capable of suffering, enduring; passive (as a grammatical term).*

ÐRŌWUNG

Noun: *suffering, passion, martyrdom; painful symptom; anniversary of martyrdom.*

ÐROWUNGDÆG

Noun: *day of martyrdom.*

ÐRŌWUNGRÆDING

Noun: *reading about martyrs, martyrology.*

ÐRŌWUNGTĪD

Noun: *time of suffering, anniversary of the time when some one suffered.*

ÐRŌWUNGTĪMA

Noun: *time of suffering.*

ÐRŪH

Noun: *wood or stone hollowed out, conduit, pipe; trough; tomb, coffin, sarcophagus.*

ÐRUSTFELL

Noun: *cutaneous disease, leprosy.*

ÐRŪTIAN

Verb: *to swell with pride or anger; to threaten.*

ÐRŪTIGENDE

Adjective: *strutting; bouncing; threatening.*

ÐRŪTUNG

Noun: *pride, anger, threatening.*

ÐRYCCAN

See *(ge)ðryccan.*

ÐRYCCEDNES

See *(ge)ðryccednes.*

ÐRYCNES

Noun: *affliction, oppression, tribulation.*

ÐRYDÆGÐYRN

Noun: *period of three days.*

ÐRYMCYME

Noun: *glorious coming.*

ÐRYMCYNING

Noun: *glorious king, king of glory, the Deity, God.*

ÐRYMDŌM

Noun: *glory, glorious judgement.*

ÐRYMFÆST

Adjective: *mighty, noble, glorious, illustrious, majestic.*

ÐRYMFUL

Adjective: *mighty, glorious, illustrious, magnificent.*

ÐRYMLIC

Adjective: *mighty, powerful; glorious, splendid, magnificent.*

ÐRYMLĪCE

Adverb: *gloriously, splendidly, magnificently.*

ÐRYMM

Noun: *host, multitude, troop; ability, might, power, force; greatness, glory, splendour, majesty, magnificence.*

ÐRYMMA

Noun: *strong or brave man, warrior, hero.*

ÐRYMME

Adverb: *powerfully, violently.*

ÐRYMMUM

Adverb: *powerfully, violently.*

ÐRYMRĪCE

Noun: *glorious kingdom, heaven; realm of glory.*

ÐRYMSELD

Noun: *seat of honour, throne.*

ÐRYMSETL

Noun: *seat of honour, throne.*

ÐRYMSITTENDE

Adjective: *dwelling in glory, inhabiting heaven.*

ÐRYMWEALDEND

1. Adjective: *all-ruling, glory-ruling, ruling heaven.*

2. Noun: *lord of glory.*

ÐRYNG

Noun: *crowd, press; conduit, channel; what presses or confines.*

ÐRYSCAN

See *(ge)ðryscan.*

ÐRYSCE

Noun: *thrush.*

ÐRYSMAN

See *(ge)ðrysman.*

ÐRYSUMER

Adjective: *three years old.*

ÐRŸÐ

Noun: *might, power, strength, force; glory, splendour, majesty; host, multitude, troop.*

ÐRŸÐÆRN

Noun: *noble house, palace.*

ÐRŸÐBEARN

Noun: *mighty or strong youth.*

ÐRŸÐBORD

Noun: *strong shield.*

ÐRŸÐCYNING

Noun: *mighty king, king of glory, God (the Deity).*

ÐRŸÐFUL

Adjective: *mighty, powerful, strong, brave; glorious, splendid.*

ÐRŸÐFULLIAN

Verb: *to elevate, exalt; to fill up.*

ÐRŸÐGESTEALD

Noun: *splendid abode, noble dwelling, palace.*

ÐRŸÐIAN

See *(ge)ðrŷðian.*

ÐRŸÐIG

Adjective: *mighty, powerful, strong.*

ÐRŸÐLIC

Adjective: *mighty, powerful, strong; valiant.*

ÐRŸÐLĪCE

Adverb: *mightily.*

ÐRŸÐSWŸÐ

Adjective: *mighty, exceedingly powerful.*

ÐRŸÐUM

Adjective: *very, violently.*

ÐRŸÐWEORC

Noun: *splendid or mighty work.*

ÐRŸÐWORD

Noun: *brave word, lofty discourse, noble speech.*

ÐU

Pronoun: *thou.*

ÐŪF

Noun: *standard, banner; tuft, crest; crest of a helmet, kind of standard made with tufts of feathers.*

ÐŪFBÆRE

Adjective: *bearing foliage, leafy.*

ÐŪFE

Adjective: *tufted, having leaves in tufts, bushy.*

ÐŪFIAN

Verb: *to shoot forth, grow luxuriously, become leafy or bushy.*

ÐŪFIG

Adjective: *full of leaves, leafy, with thick foliage.*

ÐŪFT

Noun: *place full of bushes, thicket.*

ÐULLIC

Pronoun: *such, such a.*

ÐŪMA

Noun: *thumb.*

ÐUMLE

Noun: *entrails.*

ÐUNG

Noun: *poisonous plant, (vegetable) poison, nightshade, aconite; wolf's-bane.*

ÐUNGENNES

See *(ge)ðungennes.*

ÐUNIAN

Verb: *to stand out, be prominent; to be proud; to be lifted up, stick up; to make a noise, sound, resound, creak, roar, thunder, groan; to crash.*

ÐUNOR

Noun: *thunder, thunder-clap; the god Thunder, Thor; Jupiter.*

ÐUNORBODU

Noun: *kind of fish, sea-bream, gilthead.*

ÐUNORCLĀFRE

Noun: *bugle (plant).*

ÐUNORLIC

Adjective: *of thunder, thunderous.*

ÐUNORRĀD

Noun: *thunder, thundering, peal of thunder.*

ÐUNORRĀDLIC

Adjective: *of thunder, thunderous.*

ÐUNORRĀDSTEFN

Noun: *voice of thunder.*

ÐUNORSLIHT

Noun: *thunderstroke.*

ÐUNORWYRT

Noun: *thunder-plant, thunder-wort, houseleek.*

ÐUNRESDÆG

Noun: *Thursday.*

ÐUNRESLEGE

Noun: *thunder-clap.*

ÐUNRESNIHT

Noun: *Thursday eve, Wednesday night.*

ÐUNRIAN

See *(ge)ðunrian.*

ÐUNRING

Noun: *thunder, thundering.*

ÐUNUNG

Noun: *noise, din, rattle, creaking.*

ÐUNWANG

Noun: *temple (of the head).*

ÐURFAN

Verb: *to need, be required, must, be under obligation, be bound to, be compelled; to have occasion to; to want, be needy; to owe; to be good for, be use.*

ÐURH

1. Adposition: *through; for, during; by, by means of; because, in consequence, as the result of, in conformity with; for the sake of, in the name of, on behalf of; with a view to; from, with; in.*

2. Adverb: *through, throughout.*

ÐURHBEORHT

Adjective: *very bright, radiant, splendid; clear, transparent.*

ÐURHBITER

Adjective: *very bitter, sour, perverse, exasperating.*

ÐURHBLĀWAN

Verb: *to inspire, animate.*

ÐURHBLĀWEN

Adjective: *inspired.*

ÐURHBORIAN

Verb: *to perforate, bore through.*

ÐURHBRECAN

Verb: *to break through.*

ÐURHBREGDAN

Verb: *to transport.*

ÐURHBRENGAN

Verb: *to bring through.*

ÐURHBROGDEN

Adjective: *transported.*

ÐURHBRŪCAN

Verb: *to enjoy thoroughly.*

ÐURHBURNEN

Adjective: *thoroughly burnt, burnt through.*

ÐURHCLÆNSIAN

Verb: *to cleanse thoroughly.*

ÐURHCRĒOPAN

Verb: *to creep or pass through.*

ÐURHDELFAN

Verb: *to pierce, dig through, bore through.*

ÐURHDŌN

Verb: *glosses perficere.*

ÐURHDRĀWAN

Verb: *to twist through.*

ÐURHDRENCAN

Verb: *to saturate.*

ÐURHDRĒOGAN

Verb: *to accomplish, perform, carry through; to pass (time); to work through.*

ÐURHDRĪFAN

Verb: *to drive or push through, pierce, perforate, transfix; to penetrate; to drive violently; to imbue; to permeate; to strike.*

ÐURHDŪFAN

Verb: *to dive through.*

ÐURHENDIAN

Verb: *to accomplish, perfect.*

ÐURHETAN

Verb: *to eat through, consume; to eat out.*

ÐURHFÆR

Noun: *inner or secret place.*

ÐURHFÆRELD

Noun: *transitus.*

ÐURHFÆSTNIAN

Verb: *to transfix.*

ÐURHFARAN

Verb: *to go or pass through or over, traverse, pierce; to penetrate; to transcend, pass beyond.*

ÐURHFARENNES

Noun: *inner chamber, secret place.*

ÐURHFĒRAN

Verb: *to pass through or over, traverse; to get into, penetrate.*

ÐURHFĒRE

1. Adjective: *that may be passed through or over, passable, penetrable, pervious.*

2. Noun: *secret chamber.*

ÐURHFLĒON

Verb: *to fly through.*

ÐURHFŌN

Verb: *to get through, penetrate.*

ÐURHFRIGNAN

Verb: *glosses percontari.*

ÐURHGĀN

Verb: *to go over or through, pass through, pierce; to penetrate, permeate, pervade.*

ÐURHGANGAN

Verb: *to go over or through, pass through, pierce; to penetrate, perambulate.*

ÐURHGEENDIAN

Verb: *glosses percontari.*

ÐURHGEFEHT

Noun: *war.*

ÐURHGĒOTAN

Verb: *to pour over, cover by pouring; to fill, impregnate, saturate; to imbue, inspire.*

ÐURHGLĒDAN

Verb: *to heat through.*

ÐURHGLĒDED

Adjective: *thoroughly furnished with burning coals.*

ÐURHHÆLAN

Verb: *to heal thoroughly.*

ÐURHHĀLIG

Adjective: *very holy.*

ÐURHHEFIG

Adjective: *very heavy.*

ÐURHHOLIAN

Verb: *to pierce.*

ÐURHHOLOD

Adjective: *bored through.*

ÐURHHWĪT

Adjective: *very white.*

ÐURHIERNAN

Verb: *to pierce; to run through.*

ÐURHLÆDAN

Verb: *glosses perducere.*

ÐURHLÆRAN

Verb: *to persuade.*

ÐURHLÆRED

Adjective: *skilled, very learned.*

ÐURHLĀÐ

Adjective: *very hateful, odious.*

ÐURHLĒORAN

Verb: *to pass through, penetrate.*

ÐURHLEORNIAN

Verb: *to learn thoroughly.*

ÐURHLŌCUNG

Noun: *looking through or over, preliminary examination of a book; preface, introduction.*

ÐURHLONGE

Adverb: *continuously.*

ÐURHRÆDAN

Verb: *to read through.*

ÐURHRÆSAN

Verb: *to rush through.*

ÐURHSCĒOTAN

Verb: *to shoot through, pierce, transfix.*

ÐURHSCĪNAN

Verb: *to shine through; to be transparent.*

ÐURHSCĪNENDLIC

Adjective: *splendid, illustrious.*

ÐURHSCRĪÐAN

1. Verb: *to consider, examine; to go through a subject, pry into.*

2. Verb: *to go or pass through, traverse, glide through.*

ÐURHSCYLDIG

Adjective: *very guilty.*

ÐURHSCȳNE

Adjective: *transparent.*

ÐURHSĒCAN

Verb: *to make search for, seek out, inquire thoroughly into; to examine, search through.*

ÐURHSĒON

Verb: *to look or see through, examine; to see into, penetrate with the sight; to penetrate; to strain through.*

ÐURHSLĒAN

Verb: *to smite or strike through; to afflict, attack, wound, kill.*

ÐURHSMĒAGAN

Verb: *to search thoroughly, investigate, examine into, inquire into, think out.*

ÐURHSMŪGAN

1. Verb: *to eat through.*

2. Verb: *to pierce, bore through; to go or move through carefully or slowly, creep through; to go carefully through a subject, go over the details.*

ÐURHSMYRIAN

Verb: *to smear, anoint.*

ÐURHSPĒDIG

Adjective: *very rich, very wealthy.*

ÐURHSTANDAN

Verb: *to continue, persist.*

ÐURHSTICCIAN

Verb: *to pierce, transfix, stick through.*

ÐURHSTINGAN

Verb: *to pierce or thrust through, prick, stab through.*

ÐURHSTRANG

Adjective: *very strong.*

ÐURHSWERIAN

Verb: *glosses perjurare.*

ÐURHSWIMMAN

Verb: *to swim through or over, pass by swimming.*

ÐURHSWĪÐAN

Verb: *to prevail, prove very strong.*

ÐURHSWŌGAN

Verb: *to press through; to penetrate; to pervade.*

ÐURHSŸNE

Adjective: *transparent, limpid.*

ÐURHTĒON

1. Verb: *to carry out, accomplish, perform, fulfil, perpetrate; to undergo, go through; to continue, carry on; to finish, effect; to afford.*

2. Verb: *to carry through, achieve, bring about; to put through; to drag, draw.*

ÐURHTOGENNES

Noun: *religious reading in monasteries, especially after meals.*

ÐURHTRYMMAN

Verb: *to confirm, corroborate.*

ÐURHÐYDDAN

Verb: *to pierce or thrust through, transfix.*

ÐURHÐYREL

Adjective: *pierced through, perforated.*

ÐURHÐYRELIAN

Verb: *to pierce through, make a hole through, perforate; to penetrate.*

ÐURHUNROT

Adjective: *very sad.*

ÐURHŪT

Adverb: *right through, quite through, throughout.*

ÐURHŪTLĪCE

Adverb: *thoroughly, throughout.*

ÐURHWACIAN

Verb: *to keep vigil, continue watching.*

ÐURHWACOL

Adjective: *sleepless, wide-awake; very watchful, vigilant.*

ÐURHWADAN

Verb: *to go or pass through, penetrate, pierce, bore.*

ÐURHWÆCENDLIC

Adjective: *very vigilant.*

ÐURHWÆT

Adjective: *thoroughly wet.*

ÐURHWEROD

Adjective: *quite or very sweet.*

ÐURHWLĪTAN

Verb: *to see, look through.*

ÐURHWRECAN

Verb: *to thrust through.*

ÐURHWUND

Adjective: *wounded by a weapon which has passed quite through.*

ÐURHWUNDIAN

Verb: *to piece though; to wound badly.*

ÐURHWUNENES

Noun: *perseverance.*

ÐURHWUNIAN

Verb: *to abide continuously; to remain, continue, last, settle down; to persevere, persist, hold out, be steadfast.*

ÐURHWUNIGENDLIC

Adjective: *continued, constant.*

ÐURHWUNIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *continuously, persistently, perseveringly.*

ÐURHWUNOL

Adjective: *perpetual, continual.*

ÐURHWUNUNG

Noun: *constancy, perseverance, persistence; continued dwelling, residence.*

ÐURHWUNUNGNES

Noun: *perseverance.*

ÐURRUC

Noun: *small ship; the bottom part of a ship.*

ÐURST

Noun: *thirst.*

ÐURSTIG

Adjective: *thirsty; greedy.*

ÐUS

Adverb: *thus, in this way or manner; as follows; to this extent.*

ÐŪSEND

Numeral: *thousand.*

ÐŪSENDEALDOR

Noun: *captain of a thousand men.*

ÐŪSENDEALDORMAN

Noun: *captain of a thousand men.*

ÐŪSENDFEALD

Adjective: *thousand-fold.*

ÐŪSENDGERĪM

Noun: *computation or numeration by thousands.*

ÐŪSENDGETEL

Noun: *a thousand.*

ÐŪSENDHĪWE

Adjective: *multiform.*

ÐŪSENDLIC

Adjective: *numbered by thousands.*

ÐŪSENDMÆLE

Adjective: *a thousand each.*

ÐŪSENDMÆLUM

Adverb: *in thousands.*

ÐŪSENDMANN

Noun: *captain of a thousand men.*

ÐŪSENDRĪCA

Noun: *chief or ruler of a thousand men.*

ÐŪÐISTEL

Noun: *sow-thistle.*

ÐWÆLE

Noun: *band, fillet.*

ÐWÆNAN

See *(ge)ðwēnan.*

ÐWÆRE

See *(ge)ðwēre.*

ÐWÆRELĪCE

See *(ge)ðwērelīce.*

ÐWÆRIAN

See *(ge)ðwērian.*

ÐWÆRLÆCAN

See *(ge)ðwærlæcan*.

ÐWÆRNES

See *(ge)ðwærnes*.

ÐWANG

Noun: *band, cord, thong, strip of leather; shoelace*.

ÐWASTRIAN

Verb: *to whisper, murmur, speak low*.

ÐWĒAL

Noun: *washing, bath, laver; soap; ointment*.

ÐWĒAN

See *(ge)ðwēan*.

ÐWEARM

Noun: *cutting tool*.

ÐWEOR

Noun: *curd, what is coagulated*.

ÐWĒORA

Noun: *wickedness, depravity, perversity; crossness, peevishness*.

ÐWĒORES

Adverb: *athwart, transversely, obliquely; on the flank; wrongly, perversely*.

ÐWEORH

Adjective: *cross, crooked, transverse, bent; adverse, opposed, froward; bitter, angry; wrong, perverse, depraved, evil*.

ÐWEORHFERO

Noun: *cross furrow, rough place*.

ÐWEORHTIMBER

Adjective: *stubborn, cross-grained; resolutely made*.

ÐWĒORIAN

See *(ge)ðwēorian*.

ÐWĒORLIC

Adjective: *contrary, opposite, adverse; perverse, depraved, evil; reversed, out of order*.

ÐWĒORLĪCE

Adverb: *awry, askew, in reversed order; insolently, obstinately, flatly; perversely, evilly*.

ÐWĒORNES

See *(ge)ðwēornes*.

ÐWĒORSCIPE

Noun: *perversity, depravity, iniquity.*

ÐWĒORTĪEME

Adjective: *contentious; wicked, perverse, depraved.*

ÐWERAN

See *(ge)ðweran.*

ÐWĒRE

Noun: *instrument for beating or stirring, pestle.*

ÐWĪNAN

Verb: *to lessen, decrease, dwindle; to be reduced.*

ÐWIRIL

Noun: *whisk, stick for whipping milk.*

ÐWĪTAN

Verb: *to cut, cut off, cut out, whittle.*

ÐȲ

1. Adverb: *because, since; therefore, on that account; then.*

2. Conjunction: *because, since; therefore, on that account; then.*

ÐȲDÆGES

Adverb: *then, on that day.*

ÐYDDAN

Verb: *to press, thrust; to strike, stab.*

ÐȲFEL

Noun: *bush, shrub, thicket, copse; leafy plant.*

ÐȲFELETT

Noun: *thicket.*

ÐȲFEÐORN

Noun: *buckthorn, hawthorn, bramble.*

ÐȲFLEN

Adjective: *bushy; made of twigs or broom.*

ÐȲFLIG

Adverb: *brambly.*

ÐYFTEN

Noun: *female servant, handmaid.*

ÐYHTIG

Adjective: *strong, firm.*

ÐȳLÆS

Conjunction: *lest.*

ÐYLCRÆFT

Noun: *elocution, rhetoric.*

ÐYLD

See *(ge)ðyld.*

ÐYLDELIC

See *(ge)ðyldelic.*

ÐYLDELĪCE

See *(ge)ðydlelīce.*

ÐYLDIG

See *(ge)ðyldig.*

ÐYLDIGLĪCE

See *(ge)ðyldiglīce.*

ÐYLE

Noun: *speaker, orator; jester.*

ÐȳLE

Noun: *Thule (island in the north-west of Europe).*

ÐYLLAN

Verb: *to calm, assuage.*

ÐȳMEL

Noun: *fingerstall, thumbstall, thimble.*

ÐȳMELE

Adjective: *of the thickness of a thumb.*

ÐYNCAN

See *(ge)ðyncan.*

ÐYNCÐO

See *(ge)ðyncðo.*

ÐYNGO

See *(ge)ðyngo.*

ÐYNHLÆNE

Adjective: *wasted, shrunk.*

ÐYNNE

Adjective: *thin, lean; weak, feeble, tenuous, delicate; fluid; poor.*

ÐYNNES

Noun: *thinness; weakness, feebleness, tenuity; lack of density, fluidity; poverty.*

ÐYNNIAN

See *(ge)ðynnian.*

ÐYNNOL

Adjective: *thin, lean, meagre.*

ÐYNNUNG

Noun: *thinning, act of making thin.*

ÐYNWEFEN

Adjective: *thin-woven.*

ÐYREL

1. Noun: *opening, aperture, hole, perforation, orifice.*

2. Adjective: *pierced, perforated; full of holes.*

ÐYRELHŪS

Noun: *turner's shop.*

ÐYRELUNG

Noun: *piercing, perforation.*

ÐYRELWAMB

Adjective: *with pierced belly.*

ÐYRINGAS

Noun: *The Thuringians.*

ÐYRLIAN

Verb: *to make a hole, pierce, perforate, excavate; to make hollow; to make vain.*

ÐYRNCIN

Noun: *small prickly plant, thistle; kind of thorn.*

ÐYRNE

Noun: *bramble, thorn-bush.*

ÐYRNEN

Adjective: *of thorns.*

ÐYRNET

1. Noun: *bramble, thorn-thicket; thorn.*

2. See *ðorniht.*

ÐYRRAN

Verb: *to dry, wipe.*

ÐYRRE

Adjective: *dry, lacking sap or moisture, withered; dry (medical term).*

ÐYRS

Noun: *wizard, enchanter; giant; demon.*

ÐYRSTAN

Verb: *to thirst.*

ÐYS

Noun: *storm.*

ÐȲTAN

Verb: *to sound, blow (a horn).*

ÐȲWAN

See *(ge)ðȳwan.*

U

Noun: *letter u.*

ŪDER

Noun: *breast, udder.*

ŪF

1. Noun: *owl; vulture.*

2. Noun: *uvula; tumour affecting the uvula.*

UFAN

Adverb: *from above, over, on high, at the top, from heaven; down.*

UFANCUMENDE

Adjective: *coming from above.*

UFANCUND

Adjective: *from above; supreme; heavenly, celestial, divine.*

UFANMEARCUNG

Noun: *superscription.*

UFANWEARD

1. Adjective: *highest, topmost, by top of.*

2. Adposition: *highest, topmost; above, at the top.*

UFANWEARDUM

Adverb: *above, at the top.*

UFENAN

1. Adverb: *from above.*

2. Adposition: *above, over, besides.*

UFERIAN

See *(ge)uferian.*

UFERUNG

Noun: *delay*

UFEWEARD

1. Adjective: *upper, upward, higher up, ascending; later.*

2. Noun: *upper part; outside.*

UFOR

Adverb: *higher, further up; further away; later, posterior; subsequent.*

ŪHT

Noun: *early morning, twilight, dawn; dusk.*

ŪHTANTĪMA

Noun: *time of nocturns.*

ŪHTCEARU

Noun: *sorrow at dawn.*

ŪHTE

Noun: *early morning, twilight, dawn; dusk; as an ecclesiastical term, the time at which the earliest of the seven canonical services was held, the time of nocturns.*

ŪHTERNLIC

Adjective: *of the morning, matutinus.*

ŪHTFLOGA

Noun: *twilight-flier, dragon.*

ŪHTGEBED

Noun: *morning prayer, matins.*

ŪHTHLEM

Noun: *crash at dawn.*

ŪHTLIC

1. Adjective: *morning, matutinal; of matins.*

2. See *ūtlic.*

ŪHTSANG

Noun: *morning song, matins, nocturns.*

ŪHTSANGLIC

Adjective: *nocturnal, used at nocturns.*

ŪHTSCEAÐA

Noun: *twilight foe, one who robs in the night or early morning.*

ŪHTTĪD

Noun: *early morning, twilight, dawn.*

ŪHTÐEGNUNG

Noun: *matins.*

ŪHTWÆCCA

Noun: *night watch, nightly vigil.*

ŪLE

Noun: *owl.*

ULMTRĒOW

Noun: *elm-tree.*

ULTUR

Noun: *vulture.*

ŪMA

Noun: *weaver's beam; name of some plant.*

UMBOR

Noun: *child, infant.*

UMBORWESENDE

Adjective: *being a child.*

UN-

Affix: *negation; pejorative meaning; reverses a previous action; intensive meaning.*

UNĀBEDEN

Adjective: *unasked, unbidden.*

UNĀBERENDLIC

Adjective: *unbearable, intolerable.*

UNĀBERENDLĪCE

Adverb: *unbearably, intolerably.*

UNĀBERIENDE

Adjective: *unbearable.*

UNĀBINDENDLIC

Adjective: *indissoluble.*

UNĀBLINN

Noun: *unceasing presence, irrepressible state.*

UNĀBLINNENDE

Adjective: *unceasing, perpetual.*

UNĀBLINNENDLIC

Adjective: *unceasing, incessant, perpetual.*

UNĀBLINNENDLĪCE

Adverb: *unceasingly, incessantly, without ceasing, without intermission.*

UNĀBRECENDLIC

Adjective: *inextricable.*

UNĀBȳGENDLIC

Adjective: *inflexible.*

UNĀCENNED

Adjective: *unbegotten.*

UNĀCNYCENDLIC

Adjective: *that cannot be untied or loosened; indissoluble.*

UNĀCUMENDLIC

Adjective: *excessive, intolerable, unbearable, impossible to borne, impossible to do.*

UNĀCUMENLICNES

Noun: *unbearableness, impossibility to be borne.*

UNĀCWENCEDLIC

Adjective: *unquenchable, inextinguishable.*

UNĀDRŪGOD

Adjective: *undried, not dried; not hardened.*

UNĀDRYSNENDE

Adjective: *unquenchable, inextinguishable.*

UNĀDWÆSCED

Adjective: *unquenched, unextinguished, never extinguished.*

UNĀDWÆSCENDLIC

Adjective: *unquenchable, inextinguishable.*

UNĀDWĒSCEDLIC

1. Adjective: *inextinguishable, unquenchable.*

2. See *unādwæscendlic.*

UNÆMETTA

Noun: *occupation, work, business; want of leisure; hindrance.*

UNÆMTIGIAN

Verb: *to deprive of leisure.*

UNÆT

Noun: *excessive eating, gluttony, revelling.*

UNÆTNES

Noun: *affliction.*

UNÆTSPORNEN

Adjective: *not hindered.*

UNÆÐELBOREN

Adjective: *not of noble birth, low born.*

UNÆÐELE

Adjective: *not noble, ignoble, base, infamous; of low birth.*

UNÆÐELIAN

Verb: *to dishonour, degrade, debase.*

UNÆÐELĪCE

Adverb: *ignobly, basely.*

UNÆÐELNES

Noun: *ignobility.*

UNÆWFÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *irreverently, unlawfully; irreligiously.*

UNÆWISC

Adjective: *modest, bashful; immodest, shameless.*

UNĀFANDOD

Adjective: *untried, unproved.*

UNĀFEOHTENDLIC

Adjective: *inevitable, not to be overcome or contented.*

UNĀFĪLED

Adjective: *undefiled.*

UNĀFUNDEN

Adjective: *undiscovered, not found out; not tried.*

UNĀFYLLEDLIC

Adjective: *that cannot be filled, insatiable, insatiate.*

UNĀFYLLEDLĪCE

Adverb: *insatiably.*

UNĀFYLLENDLIC

Adjective: *that cannot be filled, insatiable.*

UNĀFYLLENDLĪCE

Adverb: *insatiably.*

UNĀGA

Noun: *one without possessions, poor person.*

UNĀGÆLEDLĪCE

Adverb: *unremittingly.*

UNĀGĀN

Adjective: *not lapsed, in force.*

UNĀGELŸFED

Adjective: *not allowed, unlawful, illicit.*

UNĀGEN

Adjective: *not under one's own or under one's control; precarious.*

UNĀGIFEN

Adjective: *not given up, unpaid.*

UNĀGUNNEN

Adjective: *not begun, without a beginning.*

UNĀHEFENDLIC

Adjective: *unbearable, insupportable.*

UNĀHLADEN

Adjective: *unexhausted.*

UNĀLOGEN

Adjective: *true, without deception or failure.*

UNĀLȲFED

Adjective: *not allowed, illicit, unlawful.*

UNĀLȲFEDLIC

Adjective: *not allowable, illicit, unlawful.*

UNĀLȲFEDLĪCE

Adverb: *without permission, unallowably, unlawfully.*

UNĀLȲFEDNES

Noun: *what is not allowed, what is forbidden; licentiousness.*

UNĀLȲFENDLIC

Adjective: *not allowed, illicit, unlawful.*

UNĀLȲSENDLIC

Adjective: *not to be remitted or forgiven.*

UNĀMÆLT

Adjective: *unmelted.*

UNĀMĀNSUMOD

Adjective: *not excommunicated, in church fellowship.*

UNĀMETEN

Adjective: *unmeasured, immeasurable, immense, boundless.*

UNĀMETENLIC

Adjective: *unmeasured, immeasurable, immense, unbounded.*

UNĀMETGOD

Adjective: *unmeasured, immeasurable, immense, unbounded.*

UNĀMYRRED

Adjective: *uninjured, undestroyed.*

UNANDCȲÐIGNES

Noun: *ignorance.*

UNANDERGILDE

Adjective: *irreplaceable; invaluable; not to be paid back.*

UNANDETT

Adjective: *unconfessed.*

UNANDGITTOL

Adjective: *unintelligent, incapable, ignorant, foolish.*

UNANDGYTFUL

Adjective: *unintelligent, ignorant, not rational, incapable, foolish.*

UNANDHĒFE

Adjective: *insupportable.*

UNANDWEARD

Adjective: *absent, not present.*

UNANDWENDLIC

Adjective: *unchangeable, immovable; unceasing.*

UNANDWĪS

Adjective: *inexperienced, unskilful.*

UNĀNRÆDNES

Noun: *inconstancy.*

UNĀPĪNEDLĪCE

Adverb: *with impunity.*

UNĀR

Noun: *dishonour.*

UNĀRÆFNED

Adjective: *not permissible, impracticable, intolerable, insupportable.*

UNĀRÆFNEDLIC

Adjective: *not permissible, impracticable, intolerable, impossible to bear.*

UNĀRÆFNEDLĪCE

1. Adverb: *intolerably.*

2. See *unāræfnendlīce.*

UNĀRÆFNENDLIC

Adjective: *not permissible, impracticable, intolerable.*

UNĀRÆFNENDLĪCE

Adverb: *intolerably, in a not permissible or impracticable manner.*

UNĀRECCENDLIC

Adjective: *unexplainable, indescribable; wonderful.*

UNĀREHT

Adjective: *unexplained, unexpounded; undiscussed.*

UNĀRĪMED

Adjective: *unnumbered, numberless, countless.*

UNĀRĪMEDLIC

Adjective: *innumerable, immeasurable, countless; boundless, infinite.*

UNĀRĪMEDLĪCE

Adverb: *innumerably.*

UNĀRĪMENDLIC

Adjective: *innumerable, immeasurable.*

UNĀRĪMENDLĪCE

Adverb: *innumerably.*

UNĀRLIC

Adjective: *dishonest, dishonourable; shameful, disgraceful; unkindly; unnatural (of a will).*

UNĀRLĪCE

Adverb: *shamefully, disgracefully; cruelly, unmercifully.*

UNARODSCIPE

Noun: *inactivity, spiritlessness; cowardice, remissness.*

UNĀRWURÐIAN

Verb: *to dishonour.*

UNĀRWURÐLIC

Adjective: *dishonourable; disgraceful.*

UNĀRWYRÐNES

Noun: *disrespect, irreverence, indignity.*

UNĀSCENDED

Adjective: *unharmed, unhurt.*

UNĀSCRUNCEN

Adjective: *unwithered, unfading, undecayed.*

UNĀSCYRIGENDLIC

Adjective: *inseparable.*

UNĀSCYROD

Adjective: *not separated.*

UNĀSECGENDE

Adjective: *ineffable, unspeakable.*

UNĀSECGENDLIC

Adjective: *indescribable, ineffable, unspeakable; not to be told.*

UNĀSECGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *ineffably, unspeakable; in a way that cannot be told.*

UNĀSEDD

Adjective: *unsatisfied, unsated, unsatiated.*

UNĀSĒDENDLIC

Adjective: *insatiable.*

UNĀSEOLCENDLĪC

Adjective: *energetic, vehement, eager.*

UNĀSĒÐENDLIC

Adjective: *insatiable.*

UNĀSĪWOD

Adjective: *unsewed, without seam.*

UNĀSMĒAGENDLIC

Adjective: *inconceivable, inscrutable; unsearchable.*

UNĀSOLCENLĪCE

Adverb: *with vigour, energetically, not lukewarmly, heartily; diligently.*

UNĀSPRINGENDE

Adjective: *unfailing.*

UNĀSPRINGENDLIC

Adjective: *unfailing.*

UNĀSPYRIENDLIC

Adjective: *unsearchable, that cannot be investigated or learnt by inquiry.*

UNĀSTĪÐOD

Adjective: *not hardened, not made firm.*

UNĀSTYRED

Adjective: *unmoved.*

UNĀSTYRIENDE

Adjective: *firm, motionless, immovable.*

UNĀSTYRIGENDLIC

Adjective: *firm, immovable, motionless.*

UNĀSUNDRODLIC

Adjective: *inseparable.*

UNĀSWUNDENLĪCE

Adverb: *diligently, promptly, not slowly, not languidly.*

UNĀTALODLĪC

Adjective: *unnumbered, innumerable.*

UNĀTELLENDLIC

Adjective: *innumerable.*

UNĀTEMED

Adjective: *untamed, unsubdued, barbarous.*

UNĀTEMEDLIC

Adjective: *untameable, wild, fierce.*

UNĀTĒORIENDE

Adjective: *unwearying, indefatigable.*

UNĀTĒORIGENDLIC

Adjective: *lasting, unceasing, unending, imperishable, permanent; unwearied, indefatigable.*

UNĀTĒORIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *indefatigably; unceasingly; without failing.*

UNĀTĒOROD

Adjective: *unwearied, unfailing, unexhausted.*

UNĀÐRĒOTEND

Adjective: *persistent, assiduous, unwearying, inexhaustible.*

UNĀÐRĒOTENDE

Adjective: *unwearying, inexhaustible.*

UNĀÐROTEN

Adjective: *persevering, unwearied, indefatigable; vigorous.*

UNĀÐROTENLĪCE

Adverb: *unweariedly, unceasingly.*

UNĀWÆGENDLIC

Adjective: *immovable, unshaken.*

UNĀWÆSCEN

Adjective: *unwashed.*

UNĀWEMMED

Adjective: *unstained, spotless, immaculate, undefiled.*

UNĀWEMMEDLIC

Adjective: *unstained, spotless; incorruptible, immaculate.*

UNĀWEMMEDNES

Noun: *incorruption.*

UNĀWEMMENDE

Adjective: *not to be defiled.*

UNĀWEND

Adjective: *unchanged, unaltered, inviolate, unmoved.*

UNĀWENDED

1. Adjective: *unchangeable, unchanged, unmoved, inviolate.*

2. See *unāwend.*

UNĀWENDENDE

Adjective: *unchanging; unceasing.*

UNĀWENDENDLIC

Adjective: *fixed, unchangeable, invariable, unalterable, unmoved; unceasing.*

UNĀWENDENDLĪCE

Adverb: *unalterably, without possibility of change.*

UNĀWERDED

Adjective: *uninjured, unhurt, uncorrupted.*

UNĀWĪDLOD

Adjective: *uncontaminated, undefiled.*

UNĀWRITEN

Adjective: *unwritten.*

UNBANDEN

Adjective: *released from bonds.*

UNBEALAFUL

Adjective: *innocent, guiltless; harmless.*

UNBEALD

Adjective: *weak, timid, not bold, not confident, cowardly; irresolute; distrustful.*

UNBEALU

Noun: *innocence.*

UNBEBOHT

Adjective: *unsold.*

UNBEBYRIGED

Adjective: *unburied.*

UNBECĒAS

Adjective: *indisputable, incontestable.*

UNBECRAFOD

Adjective: *unquestioned, not subjected to claims.*

UNBECWEDEN

Adjective: *uncontested; unbequeathed, not left by will.*

UNBECWEDENE

Adverb: *uncontestedly.*

UNBEDEN

Adjective: *unasked, unbidden.*

UNBEFANGENLIC

Adjective: *incomprehensible, unintelligible.*

UNBEFLITEN

Adjective: *undisputed, uncontested.*

UNBEFOHTEN

Adjective: *unopposed, unattacked, unfought.*

UNBEFŌNDLIC

Adjective: *incomprehensible.*

UNBEGĀN

Adjective: *uncultivated, untilled; unadorned.*

UNBEGRĪPENDLIC

Adjective: *incomprehensible.*

UNBEGUNNEN

Adjective: *without beginning.*

UNBEHĒAFDOD

Adjective: *unbeheaded.*

UNBEHĒFE

Adjective: *not suitable, inconvenient, unprofitable.*

UNBEHELENDLĪCE

Adverb: *without concealment.*

UNBEHELOD

Adjective: *uncovered, naked.*

UNBEHRĒOWSIGENDE

Adjective: *unrepenting, impenitent.*

UNBELIMP

Noun: *mishap, misfortune, mischance, accident.*

UNBEORHTE

Adverb: *not brightly.*

UNBERĒAFIGENDLIC

Adjective: *not to be taken away.*

UNBERENDE

Adjective: *unbearable; unfruitful, sterile, barren.*

UNBERENDLIC

Adjective: *unbearable, intolerable.*

UNBERENDNES

Noun: *sterility, barrenness.*

UNBERMED

Adjective: *unleavened, unfermented.*

UNBESACEN

Adjective: *undisputed, uncontested; unmolested.*

UNBESCĒAWOD

Adjective: *inconsiderate, heedless; improvident.*

UNBESCĒAWODLĪCE

Adverb: *inconsiderately, heedlessly.*

UNBESCOREN

Adjective: *unshorn, without the tonsure.*

UNBESENGED

Adjective: *unburnt, unscorched, unsigned.*

UNBESĒONDLIC

Adjective: *incomprehensible.*

UNBESMITEN

Adjective: *undefiled, spotless, unsullied, pure, unpolluted.*

UNBESORH

Adjective: *not interested, unconcerned.*

UNBESPRECEN

Adjective: *uncontested.*

UNBĒTED

Adjective: *uncompensated; unexpiated, unatoned.*

UNBEÐŌHT

Adjective: *unexpected, inconsiderate; unreflecting.*

UNBEÐŌHTE

Adverb: *unthinkingly.*

UNBEWEDDOD

Adjective: *unbetrothed, unmarried.*

UNBEWELLED

Adjective: *not boiled away.*

UNBIDDENDE

Adjective: *not praying, without praying.*

UNBIELDO

Noun: *weakness, timidity, diffidence, want of boldness, inconstancy; irresolution.*

UNBILEWIT

Adjective: *not gentle, harsh, fierce.*

UNBINDAN

Verb: *to unbind, untie, loosen, free or release from a bond; to pay.*

UNBISCOPOD

Adjective: *unconfirmed (by a bishop), unbishoped.*

UNBIÐYRFE

Adjective: *useless, unprofitable, vain.*

UNBLĒOH

Adjective: *clean; clear, bright, splendid.*

UNBLĒTSUNG

Noun: *curse.*

UNBLINNENDLĪCE

Adverb: *incessantly.*

UNBLISS

Noun: *unhappiness, affliction, sorrow, grief, misery.*

UNBLĪÐE

Adjective: *joyless, sad, sorrowful, grieved, angry; unkind, unfriendly, shewing ill-will or displeasure, stern; unquiet.*

UNBLĪÐEMĒDE

Adjective: *sadhearted, sorrowful.*

UNBLŌDIG

Adjective: *bloodless.*

UNBLONDEN

Adjective: *unmixed.*

UNBOHT

Adjective: *free, unbought.*

UNBOREN

Adjective: *unborn.*

UNBRĀD

Adjective: *narrow, not broad.*

UNBRÆCE

Adjective: *unbreakable, indestructible.*

UNBROCHEARD

Adjective: *tender, delicate.*

UNBROSNIGENDLIC

Adjective: *incorruptible, imperishable, indestructible.*

UNBROSNODLĪCE

Adverb: *incorruptibly.*

UNBROSNUNG

Noun: *incorruption.*

UNBRYCE

Adjective: *unbreakable, indestructible, everlasting; unbroken, uninjured, inviolate.*

UNBRŸCE

Adjective: *useless, unprofitable.*

UNBRŸDE

Adverb: *honestly.*

UNBRYGD

Noun: *fair dealing, not unfair turn.*

UNBUNDEN

Adjective: *not bound.*

UNBŸED

Adjective: *uninhabited, desert.*

UNBŸING

Noun: *solitude.*

UNBYRGED

Adjective: *unburied.*

UNBYRNENDE

Adjective: *without burning.*

UNCĀFSCIPE

Noun: *inactivity, sloth, sluggishness.*

UNCAMPRŌF

Adjective: *not bold in battle, unwarlike.*

UNCAPITULOD

Adjective: *without headings or titles (to chapters or sections).*

UNCĒAP

Adjective: *without price, gratis, gratuitous.*

UNCĒAPED

Adjective: *gratuitous, gratis.*

UNCĒAPUNGA

Adverb: *without payment or recompense, gratuitously.*

UNCĒAST

Noun: *oath of reconciliation, absence of quarrel, inhostility.*

UNCER

Pronoun: *of us two, our (of two persons).*

UNCLÆMOD

Adjective: *rough-cast, unsmoothed.*

UNCLÆNE

Adjective: *unclean, filthy, foul; (moral sense) unclean, impure; not fit for food.*

UNCLÆNLIC

Adjective: *unclean, impure.*

UNCLÆNLĪCE

Adverb: *impurely.*

UNCLÆNNES

Noun: *uncleanness, squalor, foulness, impurity; (moral sense) uncleanness, impurity, obscenity.*

UNCLÆNO

Noun: *uncleanness, impurity.*

UNCLÆNSIAN

See *(ge)unclænsian.*

UNCLÆNSOD

Adjective: *uncleansed, not purified.*

UNCNYTTAN

Verb: *to unbind, untie, unknot, loosen.*

UNCOREN

Adjective: *evil, reprobate.*

UNCOÐA

Noun: *disease, plague.*

UNCOÐU

Noun: *disease, plague.*

UNCRÆFT

Noun: *ill practice, evil art.*

UNCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *helpless, powerless.*

UNCRĪSTEN

Adjective: *infidel, not Christian.*

UNCUMLĪÐE

Adjective: *inhospitable.*

UNCŪÐ

Adjective: *unknown, unusual, strange; uncertain; unkind, ungentle, unfriendly, rough, uncouth, harsh, hostile.*

UNCŪÐA

Noun: *stranger.*

UNCŪÐLIC

Adjective: *unknown, strange, uncanny.*

UNCŪÐLĪCE

Adverb: *unkindly, in an unfriendly manner.*

UNCŪÐNES

Noun: *strangeness; novelty.*

UNCWACIENDE

Adjective: *firmly, without shaking or tottering.*

UNCWEDEN

Adjective: *unsaid; revoked.*

UNCWĒME

Adjective: *unpleasing, disagreeable, unacceptable.*

UNCWEÐENDE

Adjective: *speechless, dumb; inanimate.*

UNCWISSE

Adjective: *speechless, dumb.*

UNCWYDD

Adjective: *in undisputed possession; undisturbed by charges, uncontested.*

UNCȳME

Adjective: *mean, unseemly, paltry; poor.*

UNCYNDE

Adjective: *unnatural.*

UNCYNLIC

Adjective: *unsuitable, improper.*

UNCYNN

Adjective: *unsuitable, unfitting, improper.*

UNCȳPE

Adjective: *given without payment, gratuitous.*

UNCYST

Noun: *error, mistake; defect, fault, vice; wickedness, crime; disorder, disease; avarice, stinginess, parsimony, niggardliness; solecism (of diction); want of liberality.*

UNCYSTIG

Adjective: *mean, stingy, niggardly, parsimonious; not liberal.*

UNCȳÐIG

Adjective: *unacquainted with, ignorant; devoid of.*

UNCȳÐÐ

Noun: *ignorance; foreign country, strange land.*

UNDÆD

Noun: *ill deed, evil action, misdeed, crime.*

UNDÆLED

Adjective: *undivided, not separated.*

UNÐÆSLIC

Adjective: *unfit, unsuitable, inappropriate, unseemly, unbecoming; absurd.*

UNÐÆSLĪCE

Adverb: *unsuitably, in an unseemly manner.*

UNÐÆSLICNES

Noun: *impropriety, unseemliness.*

UNÐÆSLICU

Noun: *incongruity, absurdity.*

UNDALAN

Noun: *the name which remains as Oundle, a town in Northamptonshire.*

UNDĒADED

Adjective: *not deadened.*

UNDĒADLIC

Adjective: *endless, for all eternity, immortal, undying, imperishable.*

UNDĒADLĪCE

Adverb: *immortally, to immortality.*

UNDĒADLICNES

Noun: *immortality.*

UNDEARNUNGA

Adverb: *openly, without secrecy or concealment.*

UNDĒAW

Adjective: *without dew.*

UNDECLĪNIGENDLIC

Adjective: *indeclinable.*

UNDĒOGOLLĪCE

Adverb: *openly, clearly, plainly, not secretly.*

UNDĒOP

Adjective: *shallow, low, not deep.*

UNDĒOPÞANCOL

Adjective: *shallow, silly.*

UNDĒORE

1. Adjective: *common, cheap, not dear.*

2. Adverb: *cheaply, at a small cost.*

UNDER

1. Adposition: *under, beneath; among, before; in the presence of; in service of, in subjection to, under the rule of, under the shelter of; by, by means of.*

2. Adverb: *beneath, below, underneath.*

UNDERĀGENDLIC

Adjective: *subnixus.*

UNDERANDFŌND

Noun: *receiver.*

UNDERBÆC

Adverb: *back, behind, backwards.*

UNDERBÆCLING

Adverb: *back, behind, backwards.*

UNDERBĒGAN

Verb: *to subject.*

UNDERBEGINNAN

Verb: *to attempt; to undertake.*

UNDERBERAN

Verb: *to support, endure.*

UNDERBEÐĒODAN

Verb: *to subject.*

UNDERBRÆDAN

Verb: *to spread under.*

UNDERBŪGAN

Verb: *to submit (to).*

UNDERBURG

Noun: *suburb.*

UNDERBURHWARE

Noun: *inhabitants of a suburb.*

UNDERCERRAN

Verb: *to overturn, subvert.*

UNDERCRAMMIAN

Verb: *to fill out underneath, stuff full below.*

UNDERCRĒOPAN

Verb: *to be secretly grasped or seized by something; to penetrate, enter surreptitiously; to undermine.*

UNDERCUMAN

Verb: *to assist.*

UNDERCYNING

Noun: *dependent or tributary king, under-king, viceroy.*

UNDERDELF

Noun: *undermining.*

UNDERDELFAN

Verb: *to dig under, undermine; to break through.*

UNDERDĪACON

Noun: *subdeacon, under-deacon.*

UNDERDŌN

Verb: *to put under.*

UNDERDRENCAN

Verb: *to choke by drowning.*

UNDERDRIFENNES

Noun: *subjection.*

UNDERETAN

Verb: *to undermine, subvert, sap, eat away.*

UNDERFANG

Noun: *acceptance, undertaking; one who undertakes.*

UNDERFANGEN

Adjective: *neophyte.*

UNDERFANGENES

Noun: *assumption, undertaking; reception, hospitality.*

UNDERFEALDAN

Verb: *subdere.*

UNDERFENG

Noun: *acceptance, undertaking.*

UNDERFLŌWAN

Verb: *to flow under.*

UNDERFOLGOÐ

Noun: *subordinate office.*

UNDERFŌN

Verb: *to get, receive, obtain; to take, accept; to take in, entertain; to assume, take up, undertake, adopt; to submit; to undergo, bear; to steal, take surreptitiously.*

UNDERFŌND

Noun: *one who takes anything in charge.*

UNDERFŌNDLĪC

Adjective: *to be received.*

UNDERFYLIGAN

Verb: *subsequi.*

UNDERGĀN

Verb: *to undermine, ruin.*

UNDERGANGAN

Verb: *to undergo.*

UNDERGENDLIC

Adjective: *inoffensive, harmless, innoxious.*

UNDERGEOC

Adjective: *tame, accustomed to the yoke.*

UNDERGERĒFA

Noun: *under-office, deputy-governor, proconsul.*

UNDERGESETT

Adjective: *placed under.*

UNDERGESTANDAN

Verb: *to stand under.*

UNDERGEÐĒODED

Adjective: *subject.*

UNDERGIETAN

Verb: *to know, perceive, note; to know, understand; to mark.*

UNDERGINNAN

Verb: *to begin, undertake; to attempt.*

UNDERGRĪPAN

Verb: *to seize.*

UNDERHEBBAN

Verb: *to bear, support, lift.*

UNDERHLYSTAN

Verb: *to supply an omitted word.*

UNDERHLYSTUNG

Noun: *the act of supplying an omitted word.*

UNDERHNĪGAN

Verb: *to descend beneath; to undergo, submit to; to succumb to, sink under.*

UNDERHOLUNG

Noun: *cavity beneath.*

UNDERHWĪTEL

Noun: *under-garment.*

UNDERIENDE

Adjective: *inoffensive, harmless; innocent.*

UNDERIERNAN

Verb: *to run under, run beneath.*

UNDERLÆDED

Adjective: *glosses subductus.*

UNDERLĀTTĒOW

Noun: *subordinate ruler, consul.*

UNDERLECGAN

Verb: *to support, prop, underlay.*

UNDERLICGAN

Verb: *to be subject to, underlie, submit; to give way to.*

UNDERLĪHTAN

Verb: *to alleviate.*

UNDERLING

Noun: *inferior, subordinate, underling, subject.*

UNDERLŪTAN

1. Verb: *to support, bear; to sustain, submit to.*

2. Verb: *to bow or bend under, stoop beneath.*

UNDERN

Noun: *third hour of the day, nine in the morning; service at the third hour.*

UNDERNEOÐAN

Adverb: *underneath.*

UNDERNEOÐEMEST

Adjective: *lowest.*

UNDERNGEREORD

Noun: *morning meal, breakfast.*

UNDERNGEWEORC

Noun: *breakfast.*

UNDERNGIEFL

Noun: *breakfast, repast.*

UNDERNIMAN

Verb: *to receive, take in; to steal, take surreptitiously; to understand, comprehend; to take upon oneself; to resent, be indignant at; to blame.*

UNDERNMÆL

Noun: *morning-time.*

UNDERNMETE

Noun: *morning meal, breakfast.*

UNDERNREST

Noun: *rest in the morning.*

UNDERNSANG

Noun: *service at the third hour of the day, tierce.*

UNDERNSWÆSENDU

Noun: *early meal, breakfast.*

UNDERNTĪD

Noun: *third hour of the day, nine o'clock; service at the third hour, tierce.*

UNDERNTĪMA

Noun: *third hour of the day, nine o'clock.*

UNDERPLANTIAN

Verb: *supplantare.*

UNDERRĪM

Noun: *subscript number.*

UNDERSCĒOTAN

Verb: *to support, sustain, prop up, underprop; to pass under, move to a place beneath; to intercept.*

UNDERSCYTE

Noun: *intervention, intercepting; transit, passage underneath; brake, drag-chain, drag-shoe or scotch place below the wheel.*

UNDERSĒCAN

Verb: *to examine, investigate, scrutinize.*

UNDERSERC

Noun: *under-garment.*

UNDERSETTAN

Verb: *supponere.*

UNDERSINGAN

Verb: *succinere.*

UNDERSITTAN

Verb: *subsidere.*

UNDERSLĪCENDE

Adjective: *slipping under.*

UNDERSMĒAGAN

Verb: *glosses subrepere, subripere.*

UNDERSMŪGAN

1. Verb: *to surprise, come upon unawares.*

2. Verb: *to creep under.*

UNDERSTANDAN

Verb: *to understand, know, perceive; to observe, notice, consider; to conceive of; to accept as correct, take for granted.*

UNDERSTANDENNES

Noun: *substance.*

UNDERSTANDING

Noun: *understanding, intelligence.*

UNDERSTAPPLIAN

Verb: *supplantare.*

UNDERSTINGAN

Verb: *to support, prop up, under-prop.*

UNDERSTRĒDAN

Verb: *to strew under.*

UNDERSTRĒOWED

Adjective: *having material to lie on, underlaid, understrewn.*

UNDERSYRC

Noun: *undershirt.*

UNDERTŌDAL

Noun: *secondary division.*

UNDERTUNGE

Noun: *part under or behind the tongue, tongue-ligament.*

UNDERTUNGEÐRUM

Noun: *tongue-ligament.*

UNDERÐENCAN

Verb: *to consider, look into; to change one's mind, repent.*

UNDERÐĒNIAN

Verb: *to serve under.*

UNDERÐĒOD

Adjective: *subject, subordinate, assistant, suffragan.*

UNDERÐĒODAN

Verb: *to reduce, subject, subjugate, subdue, render subject, degrade; to add, subjoin; to support, cause to endure, render liable.*

UNDERÐĒODENDLIC

Adjective: *subjunctive.*

UNDERÐĒODNES

Noun: *obedience, subjection, submission.*

UNDERÐĒOW

Noun: *subject, servant, slave.*

UNDERWEAXAN

Verb: *succrescere.*

UNDERWEDD

Noun: *deposit, security, pledge.*

UNDERWENDAN

Verb: *subvertere.*

UNDERWEORPAN

Verb: *subjicere.*

UNDERWRÆDEL

Noun: *waistband.*

UNDERWREÐIAN

Verb: *to support, sustain, uphold; to establish; to strengthen.*

UNDERWREÐUNG

Noun: *support, sustentation, propping up.*

UNDERWRĪTAN

Verb: *to write at the foot of, sign, subscribe.*

UNDERWYRTWALIAN

Verb: *supplantare.*

UNDERȲCAN

Verb: *to add.*

UNDIERNE

1. Adjective: *open, clearly known, public, not hidden, manifest, revealed, discovered.*

2. Adverb: *openly, clearly, plainly.*

UNDĪGLE

Adjective: *not secret.*

UNDĪLEGOD

Adjective: *unerased, not effaced or blotted out.*

UNDOLFEN

Adjective: *not dug, untilled.*

UNDŌM

Noun: *injustice, unjust judgement.*

UNDŌMLĪCE

Adverb: *indiscreetly; with bad judgement.*

UNDŌN

Verb: *to undo, open; to separate, loosen; to discharge, release, absolve; to cancel, abrogate; to destroy.*

UNDŌNNESS

Noun: *state of being undone.*

UNDRĒFED

Adjective: *undisturbed, untroubled, undefiled.*

UNDRIFEN

Adjective: *not driven or tossed.*

UNDRUNCEN

Adjective: *sober, not drunk.*

UNDRYSNENDE

Adjective: *inextinguishable.*

UNĒACEN

Adjective: *not pregnant, barren.*

UNĒACNIENDLIC

Adjective: *unproductive, unfruitful, sterile.*

UNEARFOÐLĪCE

Adverb: *without difficulty.*

UNEARG

Adjective: *brave, bold, intrepid, fearless, not cowardly, undaunted.*

UNEARHLIC

Adjective: *brave, bold, intrepid, not cowardly, dauntless.*

UNĒAÐE

1. Adjective: *not easy, difficult, hard, grievous, troublesome; unpleasant, disagreeable, not easy to bear.*

2. Adverb: *not easily, with difficultly, hardly, grievously; not easily borne; just, only, scarcely; unwillingly.*

UNĒAÐELIC

Adjective: *difficult, hard, impossible; difficult to bear, grievous, troublesome.*

UNĒAÐELĪCE

Adverb: *with difficulty, with trouble or inconvenience.*

UNĒAÐELICNES

Noun: *difficulty.*

UNĒAÐLÆCNE

Adjective: *not easily cured.*

UNĒAÐMYLTE

Adjective: *not easily digested, indigestible.*

UNĒAÐNES

Noun: *difficulty, worry, anxiety, grief, trouble; severity, harshness.*

UNEFENLIC

Adjective: *unlike, unequal, irregular, diverse, anomalous.*

UNEFESUNG

Noun: *failure to cut the hair.*

UNEFN

Adjective: *unlike, unequal, irregular, dissimilar, diverse, anomalous.*

UNEFNE

Adverb: *unequally, diversely.*

UNENDEBYRDLĪCE

Adverb: *in a disorderly manner, without order, irregularly.*

UNERED

Adjective: *uncultivated, unploughed.*

UNĒSTFUL

Adjective: *ungracious.*

UNFĀ̆CNE

Adjective: *sincere, honest, without malice, without deceit or fraud; faithful.*

UNFÆDERLĪCE

Adverb: *in an unfatherly manner.*

UNFĀ̆GE

Adjective: *not fated to die; not fey.*

UNFÆGER

Adjective: *not beautiful, not fair, ugly, deformed, horrid, hideous, foul; unlovable.*

UNFÆGERNES

Noun: *ugliness, disfigurement, abomination, foulness.*

UNFĀ̆GLIC

Adjective: *not fatal, not indicating or impending death.*

UNFÆGRE

Adverb: *ungently, unpleasantly, terribly, cruelly, foully; unfairly.*

UNFĀ̆HÐ

Noun: *peace (dropping of a feud), absence of hostility.*

UNFĀ̆LE

Adjective: *bad, ill, unlovely, unholy, evil, wicked.*

UNFÆST

Adjective: *weak, not firm, not fixed, unstable, unsteady; unfast, loose.*

UNFÆSTENDE

Adjective: *not fasting.*

UNFÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *not firmly, vaguely, uncertainly; indistinctly.*

UNFÆSTNOD

See *(ge)unfæstnod.*

UNFÆSTRĀ̆D

Adjective: *weak, infirm, unstable, inconstant.*

UNFÆSTRĀDNES

Noun: *instability, inconstancy; levity.*

UNFĀH

Adjective: *exempt from hostility, not regarded as a foe; not under a ban.*

UNFEALDAN

Verb: *to unfold, unroll, open; to explain, unfold by narrating.*

UNFEAX

Adjective: *without hair, bald.*

UNFĒFERIG

Adjective: *not feverish.*

UNFĒLENDE

Adjective: *unfeeling, insensible, callous.*

UNFENGE

Adjective: *unacceptable.*

UNFEOR

Adverb: *near, not far from.*

UNFEORMIGENDE

Adjective: *inexpiable.*

UNFĒRE

Adjective: *infirm, incapacitated, invalided, disabled.*

UNFĒRNES

Noun: *impotence, infirmity.*

UNFLITME

1. Adverb: *unreservedly, without dispute.*

2. See *unhlītme.*

UNFLYCGE

Adjective: *unfledged.*

UNFORBÆRNED

Adjective: *unburnt, not burnt up, not consumed by fire.*

UNFORBODEN

Adjective: *lawful, not prohibited, unforbidden, free from any moral or legal hindrance.*

UNFORBODENE

Adverb: *unopposedly.*

UNFORBŪGENDLIC

Adjective: *unavoidable, inevitable.*

UNFORBŪGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *fixedly, constantly, without turning away or aside.*

UNFORBURNEN

Adjective: *unburnt, not consumed by fire.*

UNFORCUMEN

Adjective: *unconquered.*

UNFORCŪÐ

Adjective: *good, brave, reputable, noble, not ignoble, not despicable, not wicked.*

UNFORCŪÐLĪCE

Adverb: *nobly, excellently.*

UNFORDYTT

Adjective: *unstopped, unobstructed.*

UNFOREBYRDIG

Adjective: *impatient.*

UNFORED

Adjective: *unbroken, inviolate.*

UNFOREDLIC

Adjective: *indissoluble.*

UNFORESCĒAWOD

Adjective: *unconsidered; hasty.*

UNFORESCĒAWODLIC

Adjective: *precipitate, hasty, rash; inconsiderate.*

UNFORESEWEN

Adjective: *unforeseen.*

UNFORFEORED

Adjective: *unbroken.*

UNFORGIFEN

Adjective: *unforgiven; not given in marriage.*

UNFORGIFENDE

Adjective: *unforgiving.*

UNFORGITENDE

Adjective: *unforgetting; mindful.*

UNFORGOLDEN

Adjective: *unpaid, unremunerated.*

UNFORHÆFEDNES

Noun: *incontinence.*

UNFORHLADEN

Adjective: *unexhausted.*

UNFORHT

Adjective: *bold, intrepid, fearless, not afraid, not frightened.*

UNFORHTE

Adverb: *fearlessly.*

UNFORHTIGENDE

Adjective: *fearless.*

UNFORHTLĒASNES

Noun: *timidity, fear.*

UNFORHTLĪCE

Adverb: *fearlessly, without fear.*

UNFORHTMŌD

Adjective: *fearless.*

UNFORLÆTEN

Adjective: *not left.*

UNFORMOLSNIENDLĪC

Adjective: *undecaying, incorruptible.*

UNFORMOLSNOD

Adjective: *undecayed, uncorruptible.*

UNFORMOLTEN

Adjective: *unconsumed, undigested.*

UNFORROTEDLIC

Adjective: *not liable to decay, imperishable, incorruptible.*

UNFORROTIENDIG

Adjective: *incorruptible.*

UNFORROTIENDLIC

Adjective: *no liable to decay, imperishable, incorruptible.*

UNFORSCĒAWOD

Adjective: *unpremeditated.*

UNFORSCĒAWODLĪCE

Adverb: *unawares, unexpected, without forethought; inconsiderately, hastily.*

UNFORSPORNEN

Adjective: *unosbtructed, not hindered.*

UNFORSWÆLED

Adjective: *unburnt, unscorched.*

UNFORSWIGOD

Adjective: *not omitted, not passed over in silence.*

UNFORSWŸÐED

Adjective: *unconquered.*

UNFORTREDDE

Noun: *plant that cannot be destroyed by treading, knot-grass, polygonum aviculare.*

UNFORTREDEN

Adjective: *not destroyed by treading.*

UNFORÐŌHT

Adjective: *unexpected.*

UNFORWANDIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *boldly, without regard to fear or shame, unhesitatingly; freely.*

UNFORWANDODLIC

Adjective: *fearless, undeterred by fear or shame, unhesitating; free.*

UNFORWANDODLĪCE

Adverb: *directly, unswervingly; suddenly, unexpectedly; fearless, unhesitatingly; freely; inconsiderately, rashly, heedlessly, recklessly.*

UNFORWEALWOD

Adjective: *undecayed, unwithered.*

UNFORWORDENLIC

Adjective: *undecayed, uncorrupt.*

UNFORWORHT

1. Adjective: *innocent, not criminal.*

2. Adjective: *free, unobstructed, without hindrance.*

UNFORWYRDED

Adjective: *undecayed, unspoilt.*

UNFRACODLĪCE

Adverb: *fitly, becomingly, honourably.*

UNFRATEWOD

Adjective: *unadorned, unpolished.*

UNFREMFUL

Adjective: *unprofitable, not advantageous.*

UNFREMU

Noun: *loss, hurt, damage, detriment.*

UNFRĒONDLĪCE

Adverb: *unkindly, in an unfriendly manner.*

UNFRICGENDE

Adjective: *not questioning.*

UNFRIÐ

Noun: *absence or breach of peace, hostility, enmity, war; state of being outside the king's peace.*

UNFRIÐFLOTA

Noun: *hostile fleet.*

UNFRIÐHERE

Noun: *hostile army.*

UNFRIÐLAND

Noun: *hostile land, hostile country.*

UNFRIÐMANN

Noun: *man from a hostile country, alien enemy.*

UNFRIÐSCIP

Noun: *hostile ship, ship carrying on hostilities, ship belonging to a hostile country.*

UNFRŌD

Adjective: *young, not old; not wise, inexperience, ignorant, rude.*

UNFRŌDNESS

Noun: *ignorance, rudeness.*

UNFRŌFORLĪCE

Adverb: *uncontestably.*

UNFROM

Adjective: *weak, not strong, feeble; inert.*

UNFUL

Adjective: *good, not foul; empty.*

UNFULFREMED

Adjective: *imperfect.*

UNFULFREMEDNES

Noun: *imperfection.*

UNFULFREMMING

Noun: *imperfection.*

UNFŪLIENDE

Adjective: *incorruptible.*

UNFŪLIENDLIC

Adjective: *incorruptible.*

UNFULLOD

Adjective: *unbaptized.*

UNFULWORHT

Adjective: *unfinished, uncompleted, imperfect.*

UNFYRN

Adverb: *not long ago; soon, before long.*

UNGÆNGE

Adjective: *useless, vain, impracticable.*

UNGEÆSCE

Adjective: *indescribable, that cannot be found out by enquiry, unheard of.*

UNGEÆWED

Adjective: *unmarried.*

UNGEANDETT

Adjective: *without confession.*

UNGEAPLĪCE

Adverb: *carelessly; unskilfully.*

UNGĒAPLĪCE

Adverb: *without due consideration.*

UNGĒARA

Adverb: *recently, lately, not long ago; soon, shortly, before long.*

UNGEARU

Adjective: *not ready, unprepared, disinclined, not prompt, indisposed to act; uncultivated, untilled.*

UNGEARUWITOLNES

Noun: *dullness of mind.*

UNGEĀRWYRD

Adjective: *not respected, not honoured.*

UNGEĀXOD

Adjective: *unasked.*

UNGEBĒATEN

Adjective: *unbeaten, not trimmed; unhewn, unwrought.*

UNGEBEORHLĪCE

Adverb: *not safely, rashly, intemperately.*

UNGEBĒT

Adjective: *uncorrected, unamended; unatoned for; unacquitted.*

UNGEBIERDE

Adjective: *young, beardless.*

UNGEBĪGED

Adjective: *unbent.*

UNGEBĪGENDLIC

Adjective: *rigid, inflexible, that cannot be bent; indeclinable.*

UNGEBLĒOH

Adjective: *unlike; of different colours.*

UNGEBLĒTSOD

Adjective: *unblessed.*

UNGEBLȳGED

Adjective: *intrepid, undismayed.*

UNGEBODEN

Adjective: *unbidden, without being summoned.*

UNGEBOHT

Adjective: *unbought, unbribed.*

UNGEBOREN

Adjective: *unborn.*

UNGEBROCEN

Adjective: *unbroken.*

UNGEBROCOD

Adjective: *unafflicted, uninjured.*

UNGEBROSNENDLIC

Adjective: *undecaying, incorruptible.*

UNGEBROSNOD

Adjective: *undecayed, uncorrupted.*

UNGEBROSNUNG

Noun: *incorruption.*

UNGEBUNDEN

Adjective: *unbound.*

UNGEBYRDE

1. Adjective: *not natural, uncongenial.*

2. See *ungebierde*.

UNGEBYRDED

Adjective: *unpolluted, uncorrupted, inviolate.*

UNGEBYREDLIC

Adjective: *unsuitable, incongruous.*

UNGECLÆNSOD

Adjective: *unclean, impure.*

UNGECNĀWEN

Adjective: *unknown.*

UNGECNYRDNES

Noun: *indifference, idleness, negligence; want of diligence.*

UNGECŌPLIC

Adjective: *unfit, unsuitable, unbefitting, inconvenient, troublesome.*

UNGECOPLĪCE

Adverb: *unsuitably, unseasonably.*

UNGECOREN

Adjective: *unselected, unchosen; evil, reprobate.*

UNGECOST

Adjective: *bad, evil, vicious, reprobate.*

UNGECRISTNOD

Adjective: *not having undergone the ritual preparatory to baptism.*

UNGECWĒME

Adjective: *unpleasant, disagreeable.*

UNGECȳD

Adjective: *unsaid, undeclared.*

UNGECYNDE

Adjective: *unnatural; alien.*

UNGECYNDELIC

Adjective: *unnatural, terrible, monstrous; unnatural, supernatural.*

UNGECYNDELLĪCE

Adverb: *unnaturally.*

UNGECYRRED

Adjective: *unchanged, unconverted, unreformed.*

UNGEDÆFTLĪCE

Adverb: *unsuitably, unseasonably.*

UNGEDÆFTNES

Noun: *importunity, untimely intervention or interruption, unseasonableness.*

UNGEDAFENLIC

Adjective: *improper, indecent, unseemly, unbecoming, unmannerly, unseasonable; troublesome.*

UNGEDAFENLĪCE

Adverb: *improperly, indecently, unsuitably, in an unseemly manner, unbecomingly, unseasonably; unreasonably, unduly, inordinately, unjustly.*

UNGEDAFENLICNES

Noun: *inconvenience, unfitness.*

UNGEDAGNIENDLĪC

Adjective: *unseemly, indecent.*

UNGEDĀLLIC

Adjective: *limitless, without end, infinite.*

UNGEDĒFE

Adjective: *improper, not fitting; disagreeable; troublesome.*

UNGEDĒFLĪCE

Adverb: *unfitly, in a way that ill suits the conditions of a case.*

UNGEDERED

Adjective: *unmolested, unhurt, uninjured.*

UNGEDŌN

Adjective: *not done.*

UNGEDREHTLĪCE

Adverb: *indefatigably, unweariedly.*

UNGEDRŸME

Adjective: *discordant, dissonant, inharmonious.*

UNGEDWIMORLĪCE

Adverb: *clearly, really, without any delusion.*

UNGEDYRSTIG

Adjective: *timid, faint-hearted, diffident.*

UNGEEAHTENDLIC

Adjective: *incalculable, inestimable; estimable, extraordinary.*

UNGEEARNED

Adjective: *undeserved.*

UNGEENDIGENDLIC

Adjective: *indefinite; infinite; infinitive.*

UNGEENDOD

Adjective: *unending, endless, boundless, infinite; very great in number, extent.*

UNGEENDODLIC

Adjective: *unending, endless, boundless, infinite.*

UNGEFÆD

Noun: *indiscretion.*

UNGEFANDOD

Adjective: *not tried or experienced.*

UNGEFAREN

Adjective: *untraveled, impassable; without a road.*

UNGEFĒA

Noun: *unhappiness.*

UNGEFĒALĪCE

Adverb: *joylessly, miserably.*

UNGEFĒGE

Adjective: *improper, unfit, unsuitable; absurd.*

UNGEFĒLE

Adjective: *without feeling, without sensation, insensible.*

UNGEFĒLED

Adjective: *without feeling, insensible.*

UNGEFĒRE

1. Adjective: *inaccessible, impassable, impenetrable, impervious.*

2. Adverb: *impassably.*

UNGEFĒRED

Adjective: *inaccessible, unapproached.*

UNGEFĒRENLIC

Adjective: *difficult to access, inaccessible, trackless.*

UNGEFĒRLIC

Adjective: *that separates, that cannot be united, unsocial; internecine.*

UNGEFĒRLĪCE

Adverb: *in civil war.*

UNGEFĒRNE

Adjective: *impassable.*

UNGEFEÐERED

Adjective: *unfeathered.*

UNGEFŌG

1. Adjective: *immense, excessive, immoderate, intemperate; presumptuous, unbending, overbearing.*

2. Noun: *excess.*

UNGEFŌGE

Adverb: *immensely, excessive, exorbitantly.*

UNGEFŌGLIC

Adjective: *strong, fierce; enormous, immense.*

UNGEFŌGLĪCE

Adverb: *immoderately, excessively, intemperately.*

UNGEFRÆGE

Adjective: *unusual, unheard of; inconceivable.*

UNGEFRÆGELIC

Adjective: *unusual, unheard of, extraordinary; inconceivable.*

UNGEFRÆGELĪCE

Adverb: *unusually, in an unheard of manner, to an unheard of extent, extraordinarily.*

UNGEFRÆTWOD

Adjective: *unadorned.*

UNGEFRĒDELĪCE

Adverb: *with insensibility, callously.*

UNGEFREMED

Adjective: *not done, not accomplished, unfinished.*

UNGEFREMMUNG

Noun: *imperfection.*

UNGEFULLOD

1. Adjective: *unfulfilled.*

2. See *ungefulwod.*

UNGEFULWOD

Adjective: *unbaptized.*

UNGEFYLD

Adjective: *unfilled, unsatisfied, insatiable.*

UNGEFYLLEDLIC

Adjective: *insatiable.*

UNGEFYLLENDLIC

Adjective: *insatiable.*

UNGEFYNDE

Adjective: *worthless; undeveloped, barren; not to be found or provided as food.*

UNGEFYRN

Adverb: *soon, before long, at no distant date, not long ago, not long after, not long hence.*

UNGEGEARWOD

Adjective: *not dressed.*

UNGEGLENGED

Adjective: *unadorned.*

UNGEGRĒT

Adjective: *ungreeted.*

UNGEHĀDOD

Adjective: *not ordained, not in holy orders.*

UNGEHÆLENDLIC

Adjective: *incurable.*

UNGEHÆMED

Adjective: *unmarried.*

UNGEHÆPLIC

Adjective: *unfit, unsuitable; incongruous.*

UNGEHĀLGOD

Adjective: *unconsecrated, unhallowed.*

UNGEHĀTEN

Adjective: *not promised; unbidden.*

UNGEHĒAFDOD

Adjective: *not having come to a head.*

UNGEHEALDSUM

Adjective: *incontinent; unchaste.*

UNGEHEALDSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *incontinently.*

UNGEHEALDSUMNESS

Noun: *incontinence.*

UNGEHEFEGOD

Adjective: *not pregnant, not with child.*

UNGEHENDE

Adjective: *at a distance, far off, not near, remote.*

UNGEHENDNES

Noun: *distance, remoteness.*

UNGEHEORT

Adjective: *without courage, disheartened.*

UNGEHĪERSUM

Adjective: *inattentive to what is said, disobedient, unsubmissive, rebellious.*

UNGEHĪRSUMNES

Noun: *disobedience, want of submission.*

UNGEHĪRSUMOD

Adjective: *not subject, disobedient.*

UNGEHĪWOD

Adjective: *not formed, not fashioned, without form, unshapen; unfeigned, genuine.*

UNGEHĪWODLIC

Adjective: *unformed, not fashioned, unshapen; unfeigned, genuine.*

UNGEHLĒOÐOR

Adjective: *discordant, dissonant, inharmonious.*

UNGEHREPOD

Adjective: *untouched, intact.*

UNGEHRINEN

Adjective: *untouched, intact.*

UNGEHWÆDE

Adjective: *much, not slight, considerable.*

UNGEHȲRED

Adjective: *untold, unheard of.*

UNGEHȲRNES

Noun: *hardness of hearing, deafness.*

UNGEHYRT

Adjective: *fearful, cowardly, disheartened.*

UNGEL

Noun: *fat, tallow, suet.*

UNGELĀCNOD

Adjective: *unhealed, uncured.*

UNGELĀDOD

Adjective: *not acquired, uncleared of a charge.*

UNGELÆCCENDLIC

Adjective: *unreprovable, irreprehensible.*

UNGELÆRED

Adjective: *untaught, unlearned, unskilled, illiterate, ignorant, rude.*

UNGELÆREDLIC

Adjective: *that learns with difficulty, unteachable.*

UNGELÆREDLĪCE

Adverb: *without instruction, ignorantly, in an undisciplined manner.*

UNGELÆREDNES

Noun: *uninstructedness, unskillfulness, inexperience, ignorance, rudeness.*

UNGELAÐOD

Adjective: *uninvited.*

UNGELĒAF

Adjective: *unbelieving, incredulous.*

UNGELĒAFA

Noun: *unbelief.*

UNGELĒAFFUL

Adjective: *unbelieving, incredulous; incredible.*

UNGELĒAFFULĪCE

Adverb: *incredibly.*

UNGELĒAFFULLIC

Adjective: *unbelieving, incredulous; unbelievable, incredible.*

UNGELĒAFFULNES

Noun: *unbelief, incredulity.*

UNGELĒAFLIC

Adjective: *incredible.*

UNGELĒAFSUM

Adjective: *unbelieving, infidel, not Christian.*

UNGELĒAFSUMNES

Noun: *unbelief, infidelity, heathenism.*

UNGELĪC

Adjective: *different, unlike, dissimilar, diverse.*

UNGELĪCA

Noun: *one not like another.*

UNGELĪCE

Adverb: *not in like manner, differently, diversely.*

UNGELĪCIAN

Verb: *to displease.*

UNGELĪCLIC

Adjective: *improper, unseemly.*

UNGELĪCLĪCE

Adverb: *improperly.*

UNGELĪCNES

Noun: *difference, unlikeness, dissimilarity, diversity.*

UNGELĪFED

1. Adjective: *unbelieving, infidel.*

2. Adjective: *unallowed, illicit.*

UNGELĪFEDLIC

Adjective: *incredible, marvellous, extraordinary.*

UNGELĪFEDLĪCE

Adverb: *in an 'unbelieving' manner.*

UNGELĪFEN

Adjective: *unbelieving, incredulous.*

UNGELĪFEND

Noun: *unbeliever.*

UNGELĪFENDE

Adjective: *unbelieving, incredulous.*

UNGELĪFENDLIC

Adjective: *incredible, extraordinary.*

UNGELĪFENDLĪCE

1. Adverb: *in an 'incredible, extraordinary' manner.*

2. See *ungelīfedlīce.*

UNGELĪFNES

Noun: *unbelief.*

UNGELIMP

Noun: *mishap, misfortune.*

UNGELIMPLIC

Adjective: *inconvenient, unfortunate; disastrous; abnormal; unreasonable; unseasonable; unhappy.*

UNGELIMPLĪCE

Adverb: *unseasonably; unhappily.*

UNGELUSTFULLUNG

Noun: *evil pleasure.*

UNGELYGEN

Adjective: *true, not lying.*

UNGEMACA

Noun: *not an equal, not a match.*

UNGEMÆC

Adjective: *unlike, unequal, dissimilar.*

UNGEMÆCCA

Noun: *one dissimilar.*

UNGEMĀTE

1. Adjective: *immeasurable, immense.*

2. Adverb: *immeasurably, immensely.*

UNGEMĀTLIC

Adjective: *immense, excessive.*

UNGEMĒDE

Adjective: *unpleasant, disagreeable, discordant, unbearable; adverse.*

UNGEMĒDNES

Noun: *adversity, calamity.*

UNGEMELTNES

Noun: *indigestion.*

UNGEMENGED

Adjective: *pure, unmixed, unmingled.*

UNGEMĒT

Adjective: *unknown, not experienced, not met with.*

UNGEMET

Noun: *immensity, immense quantity, immense number; excess, superfluity, immoderation, want of moderation.*

UNGEMETCEALD

Adjective: *excessively cold.*

UNGEMETE

1. Adjective: *huge.*

2. Adverb: *immeasurably, immoderately, excessively, extremely.*

UNGEMETFÆST

Adjective: *excessive, immoderate, intemperate; very or extremely firm; immodest; irretentive (applied to the stomach).*

UNGEMETFÆSTLĪC

Adjective: *irretentive.*

UNGEMETFÆSTNES

Noun: *excess, intemperance.*

UNGEMETGENEAHHIE

Adverb: *extremely.*

UNGEMETGĪMENN

Noun: *excessive care.*

UNGEMETGOD

Adjective: *excessive, immoderate, out of due proportion, intemperate, unbridled; indiscreet.*

UNGEMETGUNG

Noun: *excess, intemperance; want of moderation.*

UNGEMETHLEAHTOR

Noun: *immoderate laughter.*

UNGEMETIGENDE

Adjective: *intemperate, unrestrained.*

UNGEMETLANGE

Adverb: *excessively long.*

UNGEMETLIC

Adjective: *immeasurable, immense, excessive, immoderate, inordinate, very great; diverse; violent.*

UNGEMETLĪCE

Adverb: *immoderately, immensely, excessively, exceedingly, very greatly, too (much).*

UNGEMETLICNES

Noun: *intemperance.*

UNGEMETLYTEL

Adjective: *exceedingly little.*

UNGEMETNES

Noun: *extravagance.*

UNGEMETSCEARP

Adjective: *excessively sharp.*

UNGEMETÐURST

Noun: *excessive thirst.*

UNGEMETUM

Adverb: *immeasurably, immoderately, excessively, extremely.*

UNGEMETWÆCCE

Noun: *excessive wakefulness.*

UNGEMETWÆL

Noun: *very great carnage.*

UNGEMETWILNUNG

Noun: *excessive desire.*

UNGEMĪDLOD

Adjective: *unbridled, unrestrained; unchecked.*

UNGEMIHT

Adjective: *without strength, weak.*

UNGEMŌD

Adjective: *discordant, disagreeing, dissentient, at variance, quarrelsome, contentious.*

UNGEMŌDIGNES

Noun: *dissentiousness, contentiousness.*

UNGEMŌDNES

Noun: *strife.*

UNGEMOLSNOD

Adjective: *undecayed, uncorrupted.*

UNGEMUNECOD

Adjective: *not made a monk.*

UNGEMYLT

Adjective: *indigested.*

UNGEMYND

Noun: *madness, dementedness.*

UNGEMYNDIG

Adjective: *unmindful, forgetful, heedless (of).*

UNGENÆMNENDLIC

Adjective: *unknown; not to be named.*

UNGENĪDD

Adjective: *unforced, uncompelled.*

UNGENĪWIENDLIC

Adjective: *unrenewable.*

UNGENYHTSUMNESS

Noun: *insufficiency.*

UNGEOCIAN

Verb: *to unyoke.*

UNGEONBYRDED

Adjective: *inviolate.*

UNGEORNE

Adverb: *negligently; unwillingly, reluctantly.*

UNGEORNFUL

Adjective: *careless, indifferent, slothful, remiss, negligent.*

UNGEORWYRD

Adjective: *unsullied.*

UNGERĀD

1. Adjective: *unskilled, unfit, ignorant, foolish, stupid, rude; discordant, disagreeing, dissentient, at variance; wrong.*

2. Noun: *disagreement, discord, at variance; unreason, stupidity, folly.*

UNGERĀDNES

Noun: *disagreement, discord, variance.*

UNGERÆDE

Adjective: *foolish.*

UNGERÆDLIC

Adjective: *unteachable, ignorant, rude, rough.*

UNGERÆDLĪCE

Adverb: *roughly, sharply, rudely, violently*

UNGERÆDNES

1. Noun: *disagreement, sedition.*

2. See *ungerādnes.*

UNGERÆDOD

Adjective: *without harness.*

UNGEREC

1. Noun: *disorder, tumult; violence.*

2. See *ingerec.*

UNGERECCAN

Verb: *to clear, repel an accusation or charge from.*

UNGERECLIC

Adjective: *disorderly, tumultuous, unruly, ungovernable, unrestrained.*

UNGERECLĪCE

Adverb: *confusedly, recklessly, tumultuously, without order or restraint.*

UNGERĒNOD

Adjective: *not ornamented.*

UNGEREORD

Adjective: *uninstructed, barbarous.*

UNGEREORDEDLIC

Adjective: *insatiable.*

UNGEREORDOD

Adjective: *empty, unfed.*

UNGERIHT

Adjective: *uncorrected, unreformed.*

UNGERĪM

1. Noun: *countless or immense number, host.*

2. Adjective: *countless, numberless, incalculable, immense, untold.*

UNGERĪMED

Adjective: *countless, innumerable, untold.*

UNGERĪMEDLIC

Adjective: *countless, innumerable, untold.*

UNGERĪMLIC

Adjective: *countless, untold.*

UNGERĪPED

Adjective: *too early, immature.*

UNGERĪSENDE

Adjective: *unbecoming, indecent.*

UNGERISENE

1. Adjective: *unsuitable, unseemly, inconvenient, incongruous, improper, indecent.*

2. See *ungerisnu.*

UNGERISENLIC

Adjective: *improper, unseemly, unbecoming, dishonourable, base.*

UNGERISENLĪCE

Adverb: *in an unseemly or unbecoming manner, dishonourably, basely, with indignity.*

UNGERISNES

Noun: *impropriety.*

UNGERISNU

Noun: *impropriety, inconvenience, unseemliness, disagreeableness; indignity, disgrace.*

UNGERŌTSIAN

Verb: *to be or become sad, be grieved; to make sad.*

UNGERŌTSOD

Adjective: *saddened, troubled.*

UNGERŸDE

1. Adjective: *rough, boisterous, violent.*

2. Noun: *rough place.*

UNGERŸDELIC

Adjective: *rough, violent.*

UNGERŸDELĪCE

Adverb: *suddenly, impetuously, violently.*

UNGERŸDNES

Noun: *noise, tumult.*

UNGESÆLIG

Adjective: *unhappy, unfortunate, calamitous; evil, unprofitable.*

UNGESÆLIGLĪCE

Adverb: *unhappily, miserably; wickedly.*

UNGESÆLIGNES

Noun: *unhappiness, misfortune, misery, calamity.*

UNGESÆLÐ

Noun: *unhappiness, misfortune, sorrow, trouble.*

UNGESCÆÐFULNES

Noun: *innocence.*

UNGESCĒAD

1. Noun: *indiscretion, senselessness, unreason, want of intelligence.*

2. Adjective: *indiscreet, unreasonable, irrational; excessive.*

3. Adverb: *exceedingly.*

UNGESCĒADLIC

Adjective: *unreasonable, indiscreet.*

UNGESCĒADLĪCE

Adverb: *indiscreetly, unreasonably, irrationally, absurdly; excessively.*

UNGESCĒADMICEL

Adjective: *excessively great.*

UNGESCĒADWĪS

Adjective: *imprudent, unreasonable, irrational, unintelligent, unwise, foolish.*

UNGESCĒADWĪSLIC

Adjective: *imprudent, unreasonable, irrational, unintelligent, foolish, extravagant.*

UNGESCĒADWĪSLĪCE

Adverb: *indiscreetly, unreasonably, foolishly.*

UNGESCĒADWĪSNES

Noun: *unreasonableness, foolishness, ignorance, indiscretion.*

UNGESCEAPEN

Adjective: *unformed, unshapen, uncreated.*

UNGESCENDED

Adjective: *unhurt, uninjured.*

UNGESCEÐÐED

Adjective: *unhurt, uninjured, entire.*

UNGESCEÐÐIGNES

Noun: *innocence.*

UNGESCRĒPE

1. Noun: *an inconvenience.*

2. Adjective: *unfit, inconvenient, useless.*

UNGESCRĒPNES

Noun: *inconvenience, discomfort.*

UNGESCRŌP

Noun: *inconvenience.*

UNGESEHT

Adjective: *at variance.*

UNGESENDETA

Adjective: *glosses inmisis.*

UNGESĒNOD

Adjective: *not signed with the cross.*

UNGESĒONDE

Adjective: *blind, not seeing.*

UNGESEWEN

Adjective: *unseen, invisible.*

UNGESEWENLIC

Adjective: *unseen, invisible.*

UNGESEWENLĪCE

Adverb: *invisibly, without being seen.*

UNGESIBB

Adjective: *not related, strange; unfriendly, hostile.*

UNGESIBSUM

Adjective: *quarrelsome, contentious, prone to discord.*

UNGESIBSUMNES

Noun: *discord, quarrelsomeness.*

UNGESODEN

Adjective: *unsodden, unboiled.*

UNGESOM

Adverb: *at variance.*

UNGESTÆSNES

Noun: *unsuitableness, inconvenience.*

UNGESTÆÐÐIG

Adjective: *unsteady, unstable, inconstant, fickle.*

UNGESTÆÐÐIGLĪCE

Adverb: *unsteadily, without stability.*

UNGESTÆÐÐIGNES

Noun: *inconstancy; frivolity.*

UNGESTRĒON

Noun: *ill-gotten treasure.*

UNGESTRODEN

Adjective: *not subjected to forfeiture or confiscation.*

UNGESUND

Adjective: *unsound, faulty.*

UNGESUNDLĪCE

Adverb: *excessively, exceedingly; harmfully, injuriously.*

UNGESWĒGE

Adjective: *discordant, dissonant, inharmonious, out of tune, harsh.*

UNGESWENCED

Adjective: *unwearied, unceasing.*

UNGESWENCEDLIC

Adjective: *unwearying, indefatigable.*

UNGESWĪCENDE

Adjective: *unceasing.*

UNGESWĪCENDLĪCE

Adverb: *unceasingly.*

UNGESWUNCEN

Adjective: *unlaboured, not well done.*

UNGESȳNE

Adjective: *unseen, invisible.*

UNGESȳNELIC

Adjective: *invisible.*

UNGETǢSE

1. Noun: *inconvenience, trouble, hardship, severity.*

2. Adjective: *inconvenient, troublesome, disagreeable, obnoxious.*

UNGETǢSLĪCE

Adverb: *inconveniently, incommodiously.*

UNGETEL

Adjective: *innumerable.*

UNGETEMED

Adjective: *untamed, barbarous.*

UNGETEMPRUNG

Noun: *inclemency, rough weather.*

UNGETĒON

Noun: *foul injury.*

UNGETĒORIGENDLIC

Adjective: *inexhaustible, unfailing.*

UNGETĒORIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *incessantly.*

UNGETĒOROD

Adjective: *unwearied, unexhausted, unfailing.*

UNGETĪME

Noun: *evil time, adversity, mishap, misfortune.*

UNGETĪMU

Noun: *evil time, adversity, mishap, misfortune.*

UNGETINGE

Adjective: *not eloquent.*

UNGETINGFUL

Adjective: *ineloquent.*

UNGETOGEN

Adjective: *uneducated.*

UNGETRĒOWE

Adjective: *untrue, faithless.*

UNGETRĒOWNES

Noun: *unbelief; unfaithfulness, infidelity.*

UNGETRĒOWÐ

Noun: *unfaithfulness, treachery.*

UNGETRUM

Adjective: *infirm, weak.*

UNGETŸD

Adjective: *untaught, unskilled, ignorant, rude.*

UNGEÐÆSLIC

Adjective: *unfit, unsuitable, improper, unseemly.*

UNGEÐANC

Noun: *evil thought.*

UNGEÐANCFUL

Adjective: *unthankful, ungrateful.*

UNGEÐEAHT

Noun: *evil counsel.*

UNGEÐEAHTENDLĪCE

Adverb: *inconsiderately, unadvisedly, hastily.*

UNGEÐĒAWE

Adjective: *not customary or in accordance with one's habits.*

UNGEÐĒAWFÆST

Adjective: *ill-regulated.*

UNGEÐĒOD

Adjective: *disunited, disjoined, separate.*

UNGEÐINGED

Adjective: *unexpected, undetermined, unsettled.*

UNGEÐUNGEN

Adjective: *ignoble, base, vile.*

UNGEÐWÆRE

1. Adjective: *discordant, disagreeing, at variance; troublesome, quarrelsome, vexatious, at enmity; stubborn; undutiful, irreverent.*

2. Noun: *disturbance, dissension.*

UNGEÐWÆRIAN

Verb: *to disagree, differ, be discordant or at variance.*

UNGEÐWÆRLIC

Adjective: *discordant, inharmonious; hostile, at variance.*

UNGEÐWÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *urgently, peevishly, crossly.*

UNGEÐWÆRNES

Noun: *disagreement, discord, dissension, quarrel; violence, trouble, disturbance, disquiet.*

UNGEÐYLD

Noun: *impatience.*

UNGEÐYLDELĪCE

Adverb: *impatiently.*

UNGEÐYLDIG

Adjective: *impatient.*

UNGEÐYRE

Adjective: *dissentient.*

UNGEWÆPNOD

Adjective: *unarmed, without weapons.*

UNGEWEALDEN

Adjective: *disordered; involuntary, unwilling.*

UNGEWEALDES

Adverb: *involuntarily, by chance.*

UNGEWEAXEN

Adjective: *ungrown, immature.*

UNGEWELD

Noun: *impotence, inability to control; (where an action is done without the actor's intending it) unintentionally, involuntarily, not wilfully; (where something happens that is not controlled or brought about by a person).*

UNGEWEMMED

Adjective: *uncorrupted, unstained, unspotted, unblemished, uninjured, undefiled, immaculate, inviolate; uncertain.*

UNGEWEMMEDLIC

Adjective: *incorruptible; unspotted, unblemished, uninjured, undefiled.*

UNGEWEMMEDLĪCE

Adverb: *uncorruptly, purely, inviolably.*

UNGEWEMMEDNES

Noun: *purity, freedom from stain.*

UNGEWENDEDLIC

Adjective: *immovable.*

UNGEWENDENDLIC

Adjective: *immovable.*

UNGEWENDNES

Noun: *unchangeableness.*

UNGEWĒNED

Adjective: *unexpected.*

UNGEWĒNEDLIC

Adjective: *unexpected, unhoped for.*

UNGEWĒNENDLIC

Adjective: *incalculable, excessive.*

UNGEWĒRGED

Adjective: *untiring, unwearied.*

UNGEWIDERE

Noun: *bad weather, storm.*

UNGEWIDERUNG

Noun: *bad weather.*

UNGEWILD

Adjective: *unsubdued, unsubjected.*

UNGEWILDE

Adjective: *not subject to, independent of; untamed, unbridled.*

UNGEWILDELIC

Adjective: *not to be subdued, unyielding.*

UNGEWILL

Adjective: *displeasing.*

UNGEWILLES

Adverb: *involuntarily, undesignedly.*

UNGEWINTRED

Adjective: *immature; young, not adult.*

UNGEWISLIC

Adjective: *unaccustomed; uncertain, unknown, uncommon.*

UNGEWĪSNES

Noun: *uncertainty, ignorance.*

UNGEWISS

1. Noun: *uncertainty, ignorance; unconsciousness; shame, ignominy.*

2. Adjective: *unwise, ignorant, inexperienced; doubtful, uncertain; shameful, ignominious.*

UNGEWISSES

Adverb: *unconsciously, involuntarily.*

UNGEWĪTENDLIC

Adjective: *imperishable, permanent.*

UNGEWĪTENDLĪCE

Adverb: *permanently, perpetually.*

UNGEWITFÆSTNES

Noun: *madness.*

UNGEWITFUL

Adjective: *unwise, senseless, mad.*

UNGEWITFULNES

Noun: *madness, insanity.*

UNGEWITLIC

Adjective: *senseless, stupid, foolish.*

UNGEWITNES

Noun: *folly, false knowledge.*

UNGEWĪTNIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *freely, with impunity.*

UNGEWĪTNOD

Adjective: *unpunished.*

UNGEWITT

Noun: *folly, madness.*

UNGEWITTIG

Adjective: *senseless, irrational, foolish, mad, insane.*

UNGEWĪTTIGLĪCE

Adverb: *unwisely, foolishly, without reason, madly.*

UNGEWITTIGNES

Noun: *madness, folly, rage, frenzy; insanity.*

UNGEWLITIG

Adjective: *not bright or brilliant, dull.*

UNGEWLITIGIAN

See *(ge)ungewlitigian.*

UNGEWORHT

Adjective: *unformed, not made; unfinished.*

UNGEWRITEN

Adjective: *unwritten.*

UNGEWUNA

1. Noun: *evil habit or practice, vice.*

2. Adjective: *unusual, unaccustomed, unused; uninhabited.*

UNGEWUNELIC

Adjective: *unusual, unwonted, strange; uninhabitable, unfrequented.*

UNGEWUNELĪCE

Adverb: *unusually, in an unwonted manner.*

UNGEWUNIENDLIC

Adjective: *uninhabitable.*

UNGEWYLDENDLIC

Adjective: *impatient.*

UNGEWYRDED

Adjective: *uninjured.*

UNGEWYRHT

Noun: *ill-doing, demerit.*

UNGEWYRHTUM

Adverb: *without a cause.*

UNGIERWAN

1. Verb: *to unclothe, strip, divest of.*

2. See *ongierwan.*

UNGIFRE

Adjective: *harmful, pernicious, unfortunate.*

UNGIFU

Noun: *evil gift.*

UNGINNE

Adjective: *not great or broad, not ample, contracted.*

UNGLÆD

Adjective: *unglad, cheerless, dull.*

UNGLÆDLIC

Adjective: *implacable, stern; cheerless.*

UNGLÆDNES

Noun: *imperitia.*

UNGLĒAW

Adjective: *ignorant, foolish, unwise, without understanding or sagacity, dull; blind.*

UNGLĒAWLĪCE

Adverb: *unwisely, imprudently, without understanding or sagacity.*

UNGLĒAWNES

Noun: *want of understanding or discernment, ignorance, unskillfulness, foolishness; blindness.*

UNGLĒAWSCIPE

Noun: *folly, foolishness, want of understanding.*

UNGNŸÐE

Adjective: *abundant, not scanty, not niggardly; not sparing; liberal.*

UNGNŸÐELĪCE

Adverb: *in no mean manner or degree.*

UNGŌD

1. Adjective: *bad, evil, not good.*

2. Noun: *evil, ill.*

UNGRÆDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *abundantly; liberally.*

UNGRĀPIGENDE

Adjective: *not grasping.*

UNGRĒNE

Adjective: *not green, bare of grass.*

UNGRĪPENDLIC

Adjective: *irreprehensible.*

UNGRIÐ

Noun: *hostility, violation of peace.*

UNGRUND

Adjective: *immense, vast, boundless, bottomless.*

UNGRYNDE

Adjective: *deep, bottomless.*

UNGYFEÐE

Adjective: *not granted, unaccorded.*

UNGYLD

Noun: *excessive tax.*

UNGYLDA

Noun: *one who is not a member of a guild.*

UNGYLDE

1. Adverb: *not entitled to compensation.*

2. See *ungyld.*

UNGYLTIG

Adjective: *innocent.*

UNGȳMEN

Noun: *carelessness.*

UNGȳMENDE

Adjective: *careless, negligent.*

UNGYSTLĪÐE

Adjective: *inhospitable.*

UNHĀDIAN

Verb: *to unfrock, deprive of orders.*

UNHĀDUNG

Noun: *exordinatio.*

UNHÆLÐ

Noun: *ill-health, weakness, sickness, infirmity.*

UNHÆLU

Noun: *disease, sickness, infirmity, unsoundness; mishap, misfortune; evil, mischief.*

UNHÆMED

Adjective: *unmarried.*

UNHĀL

Adjective: *weak, infirm, unsound, unwhole, unhealthy, sick, ill.*

UNHĀLGOD

Adjective: *unhallowed, unconsecrated.*

UNHĀLIAN

Verb: *to pine away.*

UNHĀLIG

Adjective: *unholy, profane.*

UNHĀLWENDE

Adjective: *incurable, deadly; unprofitable, not salutary.*

UNHĀLWENDLIC

Adjective: *incurable, deadly; unprofitable; not salutary.*

UNHANDWORHT

Adjective: *not made with hands.*

UNHĀR

Adjective: *hoary, grizzled, very grey.*

UNHĒAH

Adjective: *not high, low.*

UNHĒANLĪCE

Adverb: *valiantly, gallantly.*

UNHEARMGEORN

Adjective: *inoffensive.*

UNHELIAN

Verb: *to uncover, reveal.*

UNHERED

Adjective: *unpraised, not celebrated.*

UNHERIGENDLIC

Adjective: *not praiseworthy.*

UNHETOL

Adjective: *not malignant, kindly, peaceable.*

UNHĪERE

1. Adjective: *horrible, monstrous; tempestuous wild, fierce.*

2. Adverb: *horribly.*

UNHĪERLIC

Adjective: *wild, savage, fierce; gloomy, dismal, doleful.*

UNHĪERLĪCE

Adverb: *savagely, fiercely.*

UNHĪERSUM

Adjective: *disobedient.*

UNHĪERSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *disobediently.*

UNHĪERSUMNES

Noun: *disobedience.*

UNHIERWAN

Verb: *to speak very ill of, calumniate.*

UNHĪREDWIST

Noun: *unfamiliarity.*

UNHĪWE

Adjective: *formless.*

UNHĪWED

Adjective: *not feigned.*

UNHLĒOWE

Adjective: *unfriendly, chill.*

UNHLĪSA

Noun: *ill-fame, discredit, dishonour, infamy.*

UNHLĪSBÆRE

Adjective: *disreputable.*

UNHLĪSE

Adjective: *infamous, disreputable.*

UNHLĪSĒADIG

Adjective: *infamous, disreputable.*

UNHLĪSFUL

Adjective: *infamous, disreputable.*

UNHLĪSIG

Adjective: *infamous, disreputable.*

UNHLĪTME

Adverb: *without dispute, without casting lots; very unhappy.*

UNHLŪD

Adjective: *not loud, low.*

UNHNĒAW

Adjective: *generous, not niggardly, liberal, bounteous.*

UNHOGA

Adjective: *unwise, foolish.*

UNHOLD

Adjective: *unfriendly, hostile; unfaithful, disloyal.*

UNHOLDA

Noun: *evil, fiend, monster.*

UNHRÆDSPRÆCE

Adjective: *slow of speech.*

UNHRĒOFLIG

Adjective: *not leprous.*

UNHRŌR

Adjective: *without motion or stirring.*

UNHŪFED

Adjective: *bareheaded.*

UNHWEARFIENDE

Adjective: *unchanging, immutable, fixed.*

UNHWĪLEN

Adjective: *eternal, not temporary.*

UNHŸDIG

Adjective: *ignorant, foolish.*

UNHYLDO

Noun: *disfavour, displeasure; unfriendliness.*

UNHŸÐIG

Adjective: *unhappy.*

UNINSEGLIAN

Verb: *to unseal.*

UNLĀCNIGENDLIC

Adjective: *incurable.*

UNLĀCNOD

Adjective: *unhealed, uncured.*

UNLÆCE

Noun: *bad or unskilful physician.*

UNLÆD

Adjective: *poor, wretched, miserable, unfortunate, stray; wicked, accursed; unhappy.*

UNLÆDLIC

Adjective: *miserable.*

UNLÆDLĪCE

Adverb: *wretchedly, miserably.*

UNLÆDU

Noun: *misery.*

UNLÆNE

Adjective: *permanent, no transitory.*

UNLÆRED

Adjective: *untaught, unlearned, ignorant.*

UNLÆT

Adjective: *unwearied, indefatigable, ready, active, quick.*

UNLÆTTU

Noun: *wickedness, moral wretchedness, sin.*

UNLĀF

Noun: *posthumous child.*

UNLAGU

Noun: *injustice, illegality, abuse or violation of law, oppression.*

UNLAND

Noun: *desert, waste; what is not land, counterfeit.*

UNLANDĀGENDE

Noun: *not owning land.*

UNLĀR

Noun: *evil teaching, incitement to evil.*

UNLEAHTORWYRÐE

Adjective: *unblameable; not culpable.*

UNLĒANOD

Adjective: *unpaid.*

UNLĒAS

Adjective: *true, not false, truthful.*

UNLĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *truly, not falsely.*

UNLĒFEDLIC

Adjective: *illicit, unlawful.*

UNLĒOF

Adjective: *not dear or beloved, odious, hateful.*

UNLEOÐUWĀC

Adjective: *inflexible, intractable, implacable, rigid, stubborn.*

UNLEOÐUWĀCNES

Noun: *inflexibility.*

UNLĪCHAMLIC

Adjective: *incorporeal.*

UNLĪCWYRÐE

Adjective: *unpleasing, disagreeable.*

UNLĪEFED

Adjective: *not allowed, illicit, unlawful.*

UNLĪEGNE

Adjective: *not to be questioned, incontrovertible; not to be denied or rejected.*

UNLĪESAN

Verb: *to undo, unloose; to release, set free; to release from a restrictive condition; to put on a free footing.*

UNLĪF

Noun: *death, not life.*

UNLĪFES

Adjective: *dead, not alive.*

UNLIFIGENDE

Adjective: *dead, lifeless, defunct.*

UNLISS

Noun: *disfavour.*

UNLĪÐE

Adjective: *ungentle, harsh, severe, cruel.*

UNLOFOD

Adjective: *unpraised.*

UNLŪCAN

Verb: *to unlock, unclose, open, unfold; to reveal, disclose.*

UNLUST

Noun: *evil desire, lust, sensuality; disinclination, weariness, laziness, listlessness; joylessness; disgust, nausea.*

UNLYBBA

Noun: *poison; witchcraft, sorcery.*

UNLYBBE

Noun: *poison; witchcraft, sorcery.*

UNLYBWYRHTA

Noun: *poison-maker, wizard, sorcerer.*

UNLŸFENDLIC

Adjective: *illicit, unlawful.*

UNLYFT

Noun: *bad air, malaria.*

UNLYGEN

Adjective: *unlying, truthful.*

UNLŸT

Noun: *no little, great deal.*

UNLŸTEL

Adjective: *not small, much, great, very large.*

UNMÆG

Noun: *evil kinsman; alien.*

UNMÆGE

Adjective: *not akin or related, alien.*

UNMÆGNES

Noun: *inability; weariness.*

UNMÆLE

Adjective: *unspotted, immaculate, pure, virgin.*

UNMÆNE

Adjective: *innocent, not criminal; honest, truthful; free (from).*

UNMÆRE

Adjective: *inglorious, not illustrious.*

UNMÆRLIC

Adjective: *inglorious, ignoble.*

UNMÆTE

Adjective: *immense, excessive, great, vast, enormous; countless, innumerable.*

UNMÆTLIC

Adjective: *immense, enormous; excessive, immoderate.*

UNMÆTNES

Noun: *vastness, excessive greatness.*

UNMÆÐ

Noun: *wrong, sin, transgression.*

UNMÆÐFUL

Adjective: *excessive, immoderate.*

UNMÆÐLIC

Adjective: *excessive, immoderate.*

UNMÆÐLĪCE

Adverb: *excessively, immoderately; cruelly, unmercifully, inhumanely.*

UNMAGA

Noun: *needy person, dependant, orphan.*

UNMAGU

Noun: *needy person, dependant, orphan.*

UNMANIG

Adjective: *not many, few.*

UNMANN

Noun: *bad man, inhuman person; monster; hero.*

UNMEAGOL

Adjective: *insipid; feeble.*

UNMEDOME

Adjective: *unfit, incompetent; unworthy.*

UNMEDOMLĪCE

Adverb: *carelessly, negligently; unworthily.*

UNMELTUNG

Noun: *indigestion.*

UNMENGED

Adjective: *unmixed.*

UNMENNISCLIC

Adjective: *inhuman.*

UNMET

Noun: *excess.*

UNMICEL

Adjective: *not great, little, small.*

UNMĪDLOD

Adjective: *unbridled, unrestrained.*

UNMIHT

1. Noun: *weakness, lack of power; faintness.*

2. Adjective: *impossible.*

UNMIHTELIC

Adjective: *impossible.*

UNMIHTIG

Adjective: *weak, powerless; impossible.*

UNMIHTIGLIC

Adjective: *weak; impossible.*

UNMIHTIGLICNES

Noun: *inability, powerlessness.*

UNMIHTIGNES

Noun: *weakness, impotence.*

UNMILDE

Adjective: *ungentle, not meek, harsh, rude.*

UNMILDHEORT

Adjective: *merciless, pitiless, hard-hearted.*

UNMILTS

Noun: *severity, sternness, anger, wrath.*

UNMILTSIGENDLIC

Adjective: *unpardonable.*

UNMILTSUNG

Noun: *hardness of heart, want of consideration; impiety towards God.*

UNMINSIENDLIC

Adjective: *irreducible.*

UNMŌD

Noun: *depression, despondency, dejection.*

UNMŌDIG

Adjective: *timid, fainthearted, pusillanimous; humble, diffident, not proud.*

UNMŌDNES

Noun: *pride.*

UNMOLSNIENDLIC

Adjective: *uncorrupted.*

UNMURN

Adjective: *untroubled.*

UNMURNLĪCE

Adverb: *unpityingly, without sorrowing or compunction; carelessly.*

UNMYNDLINGA

Adverb: *unawares, unexpectedly; undesignedly.*

UNMYNEGIAN

Verb: *to overlook, not to demand.*

UNMYNEGOD

Adjective: *undemanded.*

UNMYRGE

Adjective: *unpleasant; unfair; sad.*

UNMYRHÐ

Noun: *sadness, misery.*

UNNA

Noun: *grant; allowance, permission, consent, approval; liberality; willingness to give, pleasure in doing something.*

UNNAN

See *(ge)unnan.*

UNNE

Noun: *favour, approval, permission, consent, grant; liberality.*

UNNĒAH

1. Adjective: *not near, far, distant, away from.*

2. Adverb: *not near, far, away from.*

UNNEND

Noun: *one who grants.*

UNNĪDELĪCE

Adverb: *moderately, most scantily.*

UNNĪEDIG

Adverb: *willingly, without necessity, compulsion or restraint.*

UNNĪÐING

Noun: *honest man; liberal man.*

UNNYT

1. Adjective: *useless, unprofitable, vain, idle.*

2. Noun: *useless thing, unprofitableness, emptiness, vanity, frivolity, folly; iniquity, evil thing.*

UNNYTLIC

Adjective: *useless, unprofitable; foolish.*

UNNYTLĪCE

Adverb: *uselessly, vainly, to no purpose.*

UNNYTLICNES

Noun: *uselessness.*

UNNYTNES

Noun: *unprofitableness, emptiness; frivolity.*

UNNYTWURÐLĪCE

Adverb: *uselessly, vainly, to no purpose, unprofitably.*

UNNYTWYRÐE

Adjective: *useless, unprofitable, unserviceable.*

UNNŸÐNES

Noun: *peace, freedom from hate.*

UNOFERCUMEN

Adjective: *unsubdued.*

UNOFERFĒRE

Adjective: *impassable, not to be crossed.*

UNOFERHRĒFED

Adjective: *not roofed in or over.*

UNOFERWINNENDLIC

Adjective: *invincible, unconquerable.*

UNOFERWINNENE

Adjective: *invincible, not to be overcome.*

UNOFERSWĪÐED

Adjective: *invincible, unconquerable.*

UNOFERSWĪÐEDLIC

Adjective: *invincible, unconquerable.*

UNOFERSWĪÐENDE

Adjective: *invincible, unconquerable.*

UNOFERSWĪÐENDLIC

Adjective: *unconquerable, invincible.*

UNOFERWRIGEN

Adjective: *not covered over.*

UNOFERWUNNEN

Adjective: *unconquered.*

UNOFLINNEDLĪCE

Adverb: *unceasingly, without desisting or leaving off.*

UNOFSLEGEN

Adjective: *unslain, not killed.*

UNONLĪSENDLIC

Adjective: *that cannot be absolved.*

UNONLŸSENDLIC

Adjective: *unpardonable.*

UNONSTYRED

Adjective: *unmoved.*

UNONSTYRIGENDLIC

Adjective: *motionless.*

UNONWENDEDLIC

Adjective: *unchangeable, immovable, constant.*

UNONWENDENDLIC

Adjective: *unchangeable, immovable, immutable, constant.*

UNONWENDENDLĪCE

Adverb: *unchangeably, immutably, without variableness or movement.*

UNORNE

Adjective: *old, worn out, decrepit; poor, humble, mean; simple, plain.*

UNORNLIC

Adjective: *old, worn; poor, mean; plain.*

UNPLĒOLIC

Adjective: *not dangerous, safe, without risk.*

UNPLĒOLĪCE

Adverb: *without danger or risk, safely.*

UNRĀD

Noun: *cruel raid.*

UNRÆD

Noun: *folly, bad plan, evil counsel; crime, injury, mischief, treachery, plot, prejudice, hurt; disadvantage.*

UNRÆDEN

Noun: *ill-considered or advised act.*

UNRÆDFÆST

Adjective: *unreliable, incompetent.*

UNRÆDFÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *unwisely, unadvisedly, rashly.*

UNRÆDLIC

Adjective: *thoughtless, ill-advised, foolish, vain.*

UNRÆDLĪCE

Adverb: *inconsiderately, unadvisedly, without good counsel.*

UNRÆDSĪÐ

Noun: *foolish or unprofitable way.*

UNRÆFNIENDLIC

Adjective: *intolerable.*

UNRĒONE

Adjective: *very sad.*

UNREORDIAN

Verb: *to speak ill of, abuse.*

UNRĒTAN

See *(ge)unrētan.*

UNRĒTU

Noun: *disquiet, anxiety; sadness.*

UNRĒÐE

Adjective: *not cruel or fierce, gentle.*

UNRĪCE

Adjective: *not rich or powerful, poor, humble.*

UNRIHT

1. Noun: *wrong, sin, vice; evil, wickedness, injustice, iniquity; oppression; defect.*

2. Adjective: *wrong, false; bad, evil, wicked, unrighteous, perverse, depraved, unjust, unlawful.*

UNRIHTCRÆFING

Noun: *unjust claim.*

UNRIHTCYST

Noun: *vice, excess.*

UNRIHTDÆD

Noun: *evil-doing.*

UNRIHTDÆDE

Adjective: *evil-doing, iniquitous.*

UNRIHTDĒMA

Noun: *unjust judge.*

UNRIHTDŌM

Noun: *wrong, iniquity.*

UNRIHTDŌND

Noun: *evildoer.*

UNRIHTDŌNDE

Adjective: *evil-doing.*

UNRIHTE

Adverb: *unjustly, wrongly, not rightly.*

UNRIHTFĒOUNG

Noun: *unrighteous or unjustifiable hate.*

UNRIHTFUL

Adjective: *unrighteous, wicked, iniquitous.*

UNRIHTGAFOL

Noun: *usury.*

UNRIHTGESTRĒON

Noun: *unrighteous gain.*

UNRIHTGESTROD

Noun: *ill-gotten or unlawful booty.*

UNRIHTGEWILL

Noun: *evil desire.*

UNRIHTGILP

Noun: *vainglory.*

UNRIHTGĪTSUNG

Noun: *greed, covetousness.*

UNRIHTHĀD

Adverb: *improper manner.*

UNRIHTHǢMAN

Verb: *to cohabit unlawfully, commit adultery or fornication.*

UNRIHTHǢMED

1. Noun: *fornication, adultery, unlawful cohabitation, illicit intercourse.*

2. Adjective: *adulterous.*

UNRIHTHǢMEDFREMMERE

Noun: *fornicator, adulterer.*

UNRIHTHǢMEND

Noun: *adulterer.*

UNRIHTHǢMERE

Noun: *fornicator, adulterer.*

UNRIHTHǢMING

Noun: *fornication.*

UNRIHTLIC

Adjective: *unrighteous, unjust, wrongful, wicked.*

UNRIHTLĪCE

Adverb: *unrighteously, unjustly, wrongfully, wickedly.*

UNRIHTLUST

Noun: *unlawful or improper desire.*

UNRIHTLYBLĀC

Noun: *sorcery, unlawful magic.*

UNRIHTNES

Noun: *wrong, injustice, wickedness, iniquity.*

UNRIHTTĪD

Noun: *improper time or occasion.*

UNRIHTWEORC

Noun: *improper work; secular work done on Sunday.*

UNRIHTWĪF

Noun: *unlawful consort, mistress; woman of bad character.*

UNRIHTWĪFUNG

Noun: *unlawful matrimony.*

UNRIHTWILLA

Noun: *bad intention.*

UNRIHTWILLEND

Noun: *unrighteous or evil-disposed person.*

UNRIHTWILLNUNG

Noun: *evil or unlawful desire, ambition, cupidity; lust, concupiscence.*

UNRIHTWĪS

Adjective: *unrighteous, unjust, wrong; evil.*

UNRIHTWĪSLĪCE

Adverb: *unrighteously.*

UNRIHTWĪSNES

Noun: *unrighteousness, injustice, iniquity.*

UNRIHTWĪSU

Noun: *unrighteousness, iniquity.*

UNRIHTWRĪGELS

Noun: *covering of error.*

UNRIHTWYRCEND

Noun: *evil-doer; evil-doing.*

UNRIHTWYRHTA

Noun: *evil-doer, worker of iniquity.*

UNRĪM

1. Noun: *mass, huge host, large quantity, countless or incalculable number.*

2. See *unrīme.*

UNRĪME

Adjective: *innumerable, countless, incalculable.*

UNRĪMFOLC

Noun: *countless number of people.*

UNRĪMGŌD

Noun: *incalculable good; unnumbered good works.*

UNRĪPE

Adjective: *unripe, immature.*

UNRŌT

Adjective: *sad, sorrowful, troubled, gloomy, dejected; displeased, angry, harsh.*

UNRŌTLIC

Adjective: *sad, gloomy.*

UNRŌTLĪCE

Adverb: *sadly, gloomily.*

UNRŌTMŌD

Adjective: *sad-hearted.*

UNRŌTNES

Noun: *sadness, sorrow, trouble, gloominess, contrition, disquietude.*

UNRŌTSIAN

See *(ge)unrōtsian.*

UNRŪH

Adjective: *not rough, smooth, without seams.*

UNRŪM

Adjective: *narrow.*

UNRYNE

Noun: *ill-running, diarrhoea.*

UNSAC

Adjective: *not accused, free from any charge, innocent.*

UNSADELOD

Adjective: *without a saddle.*

UNSÆD

1. Noun: *evil seed.*

2. Adjective: *unsaid.*

UNSÆD

Adjective: *unsatisfied; insatiable.*

UNSÆL

Noun: *unhappiness.*

UNSÆLAN

Verb: *to untie, unfasten, unbind, loose.*

UNSÆLE

Adjective: *evil, wicked.*

UNSÆLIG

Adjective: *unfortunate, unhappy, wretched, miserable, unblessed; wicked, mischievous, pernicious.*

UNSÆLÐ

Noun: *unhappiness, misfortune, misery, adversity.*

UNSÆPIG

Adjective: *sapless.*

UNSAMWRÆDE

Adjective: *contrary, opposed; incongruous.*

UNSANG

Noun: *in phrase 'on unsongum' in silence.*

UNSĀR

Adjective: *without soreness or pain.*

UNSĀWEN

Adjective: *unsown.*

UNSCÆÐFUL

Adjective: *innocent.*

UNSCÆÐFULLĪCE

Adverb: *innocently.*

UNSCÆÐFULNES

Noun: *innocence.*

UNSCÆÐÐEDNES

Noun: *innocence; harmlessness.*

UNSCÆÐÐENDE

Adjective: *innocent; harmless.*

UNSCÆÐÐENDIG

Adjective: *innocent, harmless.*

UNSCÆÐÐIG

Adjective: *innocent; harmless.*

UNSCAMFÆST

Adjective: *shameless, impudent.*

UNSCAMFULNES

Noun: *shamelessness, immodesty; lasciviousness.*

UNSCAMIG

Adjective: *unashamed, unabashed.*

UNSCAMLIC

Adjective: *shameless, immodest.*

UNSCAMLĪCE

Adverb: *shamelessly.*

UNSCĒADELĪCE

Adverb: *unreasonably.*

UNSCĒADWĪSLIC

Adjective: *unreasonable, irrational.*

UNSCEAFT

Noun: *monster.*

UNSCEAMIENDE

Adjective: *not being ashamed.*

UNSCEANDLĪCE

Adverb: *shamelessly.*

UNSCEAPEN

Adjective: *uncreated, unformed.*

UNSCEARP

Adjective: *not sharp (of wine).*

UNSCEARPNES

Noun: *dullness, want of sharpness.*

UNSCEARPSŸNE

Adjective: *not sharp sighted.*

UNSCĒAÐIAN

Verb: *unsheathe.*

UNSCELLEHT

Adjective: *not having a shell.*

UNSCELLĪCE

Adverb: *without discrimination, recklessly; unwisely, foolishly.*

UNSCENDE

Adjective: *honourable, glorious, noble; unharmed, uninjured, uncorrupted; blameless.*

UNSCENDENDE

Adjective: *uninjured, uncorrupted; innocent.*

UNSCENNAN

Verb: *to unharness, unyoke.*

UNSCEÐÐIGLĪCE

Adverb: *innocently.*

UNSCIRPED

Adjective: *unclothed, not dressed.*

UNSCŌGAN

Verb: *to unshoe, take off the shoes.*

UNSCOREN

Adjective: *unshorn, unshaven.*

UNSCORTENDE

Adjective: *not failing.*

UNSCRŸDAN

Verb: *to put off (clothes), undress; to deprive, divest, uncover, strip.*

UNSCYLD

Noun: *innocence.*

UNSCYLDGUNG

Noun: *innocence.*

UNSCYLDIG

Adjective: *not responsible, innocent, guiltless.*

UNSCYLDIGLIC

Adjective: *innocent; excusable, unobjectionable; not obnoxious.*

UNSCYLDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *innocently, guiltlessly.*

UNSCYLDIGNES

Noun: *innocence.*

UNSCYTTAN

Verb: *to undo, unbolt, unshoot.*

UNSEALD

Adjective: *ungiven.*

UNSEALT

Adjective: *unsalted, insipid.*

UNSEFFUL

Adjective: *senseless, irrational.*

UNSEGLIAN

Verb: *to unseal.*

UNSEHT

1. Noun: *disagreement, discord, quarrel.*

2. Adjective: *not in agreement, hostile, at variance.*

UNSEHTNES

Noun: *discord, variance, quarrel.*

UNSELDAN

Adverb: *not seldom, frequently, repeatedly.*

UNSEOFIENDE

Adjective: *not sighing, glad.*

UNSETTAN

Verb: *to displace, take down.*

UNSEWENLIC

Adjective: *invisible.*

UNSIBB

Noun: *unfriendliness, unkindliness; dissension, disagreement, contention, variance, division, disunion, hostilities, enmity; strife, war.*

UNSIBBIAN

Verb: *to disagree.*

UNSIBSUMNES

Noun: *anxiety, want of tranquillity.*

UNSIDEFUL

Adjective: *immodest, unchaste.*

UNSIDEFULLNES

Noun: *immodesty, immorality.*

UNSIDELĪCE

Adverb: *immodestly, indecorously, in an unseemly manner.*

UNSIDU

Noun: *bad custom, vice; impurity, unseemliness, indecorum.*

UNSIGEFÆST

Adjective: *not victorious, unsuccessful.*

UNSILT

Adjective: *unsalted.*

UNSĪÐ

Noun: *unfortunate journey or expedition; mishap, misfortune.*

UNSLÆPIG

Adjective: *sleepless.*

UNSLĀW

Adjective: *active, ready, quick, not slow, not sluggish.*

UNSLĀWLĪCE

Adverb: *actively, not slowly, not sluggishly.*

UNSLEAC

Adjective: *not slack or lazy, active, strenuous; not remiss, diligent.*

UNSLEACLĪCE

Adverb: *not slackly or languidly, energetically, strenuously.*

UNSLID

Noun: *fat, grease, tallow.*

UNSLITTEN

Adjective: *untorn, unrent.*

UNSLOPEN

Adjective: *unloosed.*

UNSLŸPED

Adjective: *open, loosed; unloosed.*

UNSMEORUWIG

Adjective: *not fatty or greasy.*

UNSMĒÐE

Adjective: *rough, not smooth, uneven, scabby.*

UNSMĒÐNES

Noun: *roughness.*

UNSMŌÐ

Adjective: *rough, not smooth, uneven, scabby.*

UNSMYLTNESS

Noun: *glosses tempestas.*

UNSNOTOR

Adjective: *foolish, unwise.*

UNSNOTORLĪCE

Adverb: *unwisely, imprudently.*

UNSNOTORNES

Noun: *folly; wickedned, iniquity.*

UNSNYTTRU

Noun: *folly; ignorance.*

UNSNYTTRUM

Adverb: *foolishly.*

UNSODEN

Adjective: *uncooked, unboiled, unsodden.*

UNSŌFTE

Adverb: *not gently, severely, harshly, bitterly, violently; with difficulty, hardly, trouble; not at ease, in discomfort, uncomfortable.*

UNSŌFTLĪCE

Adverb: *ungently, hardly.*

UNSŌM

Noun: *disagreement.*

UNSORH

Adjective: *without care, without anxiety; secure.*

UNSŌÐ

1. Adjective: *false, untrue.*

2. Noun: *falsehood, untruth.*

UNSŌÐFÆST

Adjective: *untrufthful, unveracious; unjust, unrighteous.*

UNSŌÐFÆSTNES

Noun: *injustice, unrighteousness.*

UNSŌÐSAGOL

Adjective: *untruthful, lying, mendacious, speaking falsely.*

UNSPANNAN

Verb: *to open, disclose; to speak, open the mind; to open, unloose, release, unfasten, unbind, unclasp.*

UNSPĒD

Noun: *want, poverty, penury, indigence.*

UNSPĒDIG

Adjective: *without means, poor, indigent; unproductive, barren, not fertile.*

UNSPIWOL

Adjective: *not emetic.*

UNSPRECENDE

Adjective: *not speaking, without speech, speechless, unable to speak.*

UNSTÆFWĪS

Adjective: *illiterate.*

UNSTÆÐÐIG

Adjective: *weak, unstable, irregular, inconstant, fickle; light, frivolous; remiss; not sober, wanton; easily moved, wandering.*

UNSTÆÐÐIGNES

Noun: *inconstancy, instability, wantonness.*

UNSTAÐOLFÆST

Adjective: *weak, unstable, fickle, wavering, not steadfast; unsettled, not remaining in one place, not stationary, desirous of change; unenduring.*

UNSTAÐOLFÆSTNES

Noun: *weakness, instability, inconstancy, fickleness; unsettledness.*

UNSTEDEFÆST

Adjective: *not firm.*

UNSTENC

Noun: *bad smell, stench, stink.*

UNSTILLE

Adjective: *moving, not still, unquiet, restless, uneasy, changeable; unruly; unquiet, disturbed, troubled.*

UNSTILLNES

Noun: *restlessness, disturbance, disquiet, agitation, trouble; disorder, tumult, disturbance; noisiness, clamour, bustle, commotion; unruliness; disturbance of mind, disquietude, trouble.*

UNSTRANG

Adjective: *weak, not strong, infirm, feeble.*

UNSTRENGE

Adjective: *weak.*

UNSTYDFUL

Adjective: *unstable, inconstant, apostate.*

UNSTYDFULLNES

Noun: *instability.*

UNSTYRENDLIC

Adjective: *immovable, not to be stirred or carried, hard to carry.*

UNSTYRIENDE

Adjective: *not moving, immovable, stationary.*

UNSŪR

Adjective: *not sour.*

UNSWÆS

Adjective: *unpleasant, disagreeable, uncongenial.*

UNSWÆSE

Adverb: *unpleasantly.*

UNSWÆSLIC

Adjective: *unpleasant, ungentle, cruel.*

UNSWEFN

Noun: *bad dream.*

UNSWEOTOL

Adjective: *not evident, not to be seen, imperceptible, not discernible, indistinct.*

UNSWĒTE

Adjective: *not sweet, bitter, sour; fetid, foul; offensive.*

UNSWĒTIAN

Verb: *become bitter.*

UNSWICEN

Adjective: *safe, unharmed, unbetrayed.*

UNSWICENDE

Adjective: *true; faithful, loyal.*

UNSWICOL

Adjective: *true, not false; trustworthy, honest, not treacherous.*

UNSWĪÐ

Adjective: *weak, not strong.*

UNSWĪÐE

Adverb: *weakly, not strong; sluggishly.*

UNSŸFERLIC

Adjective: *unclean, impure.*

UNSŸFERNES

Noun: *uncleanness, impurity, foulness.*

UNSŸFRE

1. Adjective: *unclean, impure, filthy, foul.*

2. Adverb: *filthily.*

UNSYN

Noun: *not guilt, not crime.*

UNSYNGIAN

Verb: *to exculpate, prove innocent.*

UNSYNNIG

Adjective: *innocent, guiltless, without sin; undeserved.*

UNSYNNUM

Adverb: *guiltlessly.*

UNTÆLE

Adjective: *blameless, faultless, without reproach.*

UNTÆLED

Adjective: *unblamed.*

UNTÆLLIC

Adjective: *blameless, praiseworthy; immaculate, undefiled.*

UNTÆLLĪCE

Adverb: *blamelessly, without reproach.*

UNTÆLWIERÐE

Adjective: *not blameable, irreprehensible, praiseworthy.*

UNTÆLWIERÐLĪCE

Adverb: *blamelessly, laudably.*

UNTAMCUL

Adjective: *untameable, invincible.*

UNTEALD

Adjective: *uncounted.*

UNTEALT

Adjective: *stable, steady.*

UNTELA

Adverb: *not well, badly, ill, wrongly, improperly, amiss.*

UNTELLENDLIC

Adjective: *indescribable.*

UNTEMED

Adjective: *untamed, wild.*

UNTĒOGOÐAD

Adjective: *untithed.*

UNTĒORIG

Adjective: *untiring; unceasing.*

UNTĪDÆT

Adjective: *untimely eating.*

UNTĪDFYL

Noun: *untimely eating or drinking, unseasonable repletion.*

UNTĪDGEWIDERE

Noun: *unseasonable weather.*

UNTĪDLIC

Adjective: *unseasonable; timeless.*

UNTĪDLĪCE

Adverb: *unseasonably; at a wrong time.*

UNTĪDSPÆC

Noun: *unseasonable or untimely speech.*

UNTĪDWEORC

Noun: *unseasonable work, work at an improper time.*

UNTĪGAN

Verb: *to loosen, untie, unbind, unchain.*

UNTILAD

Adjective: *without provision made; destitute.*

UNTĪMA

Noun: *unseasonable, improper or wrong time; unhappy condition of things, bad time, mishap, misfortune.*

UNTĪMAÆT

Noun: *eating at improper times.*

UNTIMBER

Noun: *worthless material.*

UNTĪME

Adjective: *unhappy, unfortunate, ill-timed.*

UNTĪMNES

Noun: *unhappiness, misfortune, evil times.*

UNTŌBROCEN

Adjective: *unbroken.*

UNTŌCLOFEN

Adjective: *uncloven.*

UNTŌDÆLED

Adjective: *undivided, unseparated, unshared; individual, indivisible, inseparable.*

UNTŌDÆLEDLIC

Adjective: *indivisible, inseparable.*

UNTŌDÆLEDLĪCE

Adverb: *indivisibly, inseparably.*

UNTŌDÆLEDNES

Noun: *undividedness.*

UNTŌDÆLLIC

Adjective: *inseparable, indivisible.*

UNTOGEN

Adjective: *loose, untied, not drawn tight, not pulled.*

UNTŌLÆTENDLĪCE

Adverb: *incessantly, unremittingly.*

UNTŌLĒSENDE

Adjective: *that cannot be loose, inextricable.*

UNTŌLȲSENDLIC

Adjective: *unforgivable, not to be absolved.*

UNTŌSCEACEN

Adjective: *undisturbed, unshaken, undestroyed.*

UNTŌSLEGEN

Adjective: *not beaten to pieces, unshattered.*

UNTŌSLITEN

Adjective: *untorn, not torn asunder, uninjured.*

UNTŌSLOPEN

Adjective: *undissolved.*

UNTŌSPRECENDLIC

Adjective: *ineffable.*

UNTŌTWÆMED

Adjective: *undivided, unseparated.*

UNTŌWORPENLIC

Adjective: *not to be destroyed, inviolable.*

UNTRĀGLĪCE

Adverb: *well, honestly, frankly.*

UNTRĒOWE

Adjective: *untrue, unfaithful.*

UNTRĒOWFÆST

Adjective: *unfaithful, unreliable, untrustworthy.*

UNTRĒOWLĪCE

Adverb: *with bad faith, faithlessly.*

UNTRĒOWNES

Noun: *unfaithfulness.*

UNTRĒOWSIAN

Verb: *to deceive, defraud; to offend; to be offended.*

UNTRĒOWÐ

Noun: *faithlessness; bad faith; unfaithfulness, treachery, fraud, perfidy.*

UNTRUMHĀD

Noun: *infirm condition or state.*

UNTRUMIAN

Verb: *to make weak, weaken, enfeeble; to be enfeebled, be or become sick or infirm.*

UNTRUMLIC

Adjective: *weak, infirm.*

UNTRUMNES

Noun: *weakness, sickness, illness, infirmity.*

UNTRYMED

Adjective: *unconfirmed (by a bishop).*

UNTRYMIG

Adjective: *weak, sick, infirm.*

UNTRYMIGAN

Verb: *to become weak, sick, infirm.*

UNTRYMMIGO

Noun: *weakness, sickness, illness, infirmity.*

UNTRYMÐ

Noun: *weakness, sickness, illness, infirmity.*

UNTWĒO

Noun: *certainty, not doubt.*

UNTWĒOD

Adjective: *undoubting, unwavering.*

UNTWĒOGENDE

Adjective: *certain, undoubting, unhesitating, unwavering.*

UNTWĒOGENDLIC

Adjective: *certain, indubitable.*

UNTWĒOGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *certainly, undoubtingly, undubitably, unhesitatingly, unequivocally.*

UNTWĒOLIC

Adjective: *undoubted.*

UNTWĒOLĪCE

Adverb: *certainly, indubitable, undoubtedly.*

UNTWĒONIGEND

Adjective: *undoubting, indubitable.*

UNTWIEFEALD

Adjective: *simple, pure; sincere, honest; without division, united, not double; not double-minded.*

UNTȳD

Adjective: *inexperienced, uninstructed, unskilled, ignorant.*

UNTȳDRE

1. Adjective: *firm, strong, not weak.*

2. Noun: *monster, monstrous birth, evil growth, evil progeny.*

UNTȳDRENDE

Adjective: *not propagating; barren.*

UNTYGĐA

Adjective: *unsuccessful (in obtaining a request).*

UNTȳMENDE

Adjective: *not productive, unfruitful, barren.*

UNTȳNED

Adjective: *unfenced.*

UNĐANC

Noun: *disfavour, displeasure, ingratitude, ill-will, anger, ill turn, evil intention; unpleasing act, offence, annoyance.*

UNĐANCES

Adverb: *unwillingly, compulsorily.*

UNĐANCFUL

Adjective: *unthankful, ungrateful.*

UNĐANCOL

Adjective: *ungrateful.*

UNĐANCWURĐE

Adjective: *ungrateful, thankless; unacceptable, not agreeable.*

UNĐANCWYRĐLĪCE

Adverb: *ungratefully.*

UNĐEARF

1. Noun: *harm, hurt, damage, detriment, ruin; disadvantage.*

2. Adjective: *needless, useless.*

UNÐEARFES

Adverb: *needlessly, without cause.*

UNÐĒAW

Noun: *bad habit, vice, fault, evil practice.*

UNÐĒAWFÆST

Adjective: *of bad habits, ill-mannered, ill-conditioned, vicious, dissolute.*

UNÐĒAWFÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *viciously.*

UNÐĒAWFUL

Adjective: *uncontrolled, undisciplined, disorderly, ill-conditioned.*

UNÐECCAN

Verb: *to uncover.*

UNÐINGED

Adjective: *unexpected, sudden; uninvited.*

UNÐINGOD

Adjective: *unatoned; unsettled.*

UNÐOLEMŌDNES

Noun: *impatience.*

UNÐOLIGENDLIC

Adjective: *intolerable.*

UNÐORFÆST

Adjective: *needless, useless, unprofitable.*

UNÐRĪSTE

Adjective: *timid, diffident, faint-hearted.*

UNÐRŌWENDLICNES

Noun: *apathy, impassibility.*

UNÐRŌWIGENDLIC

Adjective: *impassible, incapable of suffering.*

UNÐURHFĀRE

Adjective: *impenetrable.*

UNÐURHSCĒOTENDLIC

Adjective: *impenetrable.*

UNÐURHTOGEN

Adjective: *not carried through, not performed.*

UNÐWĀRNES

Noun: *disagreement, discord, dissension; division.*

UNÐWOGEN

Adjective: *unwashed.*

UNÐYHTIG

Adjective: *weak.*

UNÐYLDLICNES

Noun: *difficulty.*

UNWĀCLIC

Adjective: *not mean, not poor, noble, splendid; strong, steadfast.*

UNWĀCLĪCE

Adverb: *resolutively, not weakly, without faltering; nobly, not meanly, splendidly.*

UNWÆDED

Adjective: *not clothed.*

UNWÆLGRIM

Adjective: *gentle, merciful, not cruel.*

UNWÆR

Adjective: *careless, incautious, unthinking, unwary, heedless, inconsiderate, foolish; unexpected, unprepared, unaware.*

UNWÆRES

Adverb: *unawares; suddenly.*

UNWÆRLIC

Adjective: *incautious, unwary, heedless.*

UNWÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *incautiously, unwarily, heedlessly.*

UNWÆRNES

Noun: *want of caution, imprudence, heedlessness.*

UNWÆRSCIPE

Noun: *imprudence, inconsiderateness, heedlessness, folly.*

UNWÆSCEN

Adjective: *unwashen.*

UNWÆSTM

Noun: *bad plant, weed, evil growth, tare; barrenness, failure of crops.*

UNWÆSTMBĀRE

Adjective: *unproductive, unfruitful, barren, sterile.*

UNWÆSTMBĀRNES

Noun: *unproductiveness, unfruitfulness, barrenness, sterility.*

UNWÆSTMBERENDE

Adjective: *not bearing fruit, barren, sterile.*

UNWÆSTMBERENDLIC

Adjective: *barren, sterile.*

UNWÆSTMFÆST

Adjective: *barren, sterile.*

UNWÆSTMFÆSTNES

Noun: *barrenness, sterility.*

UNWÆTERIG

Adjective: *dry, without water, desert.*

UNWANDIENDE

Adjective: *unhesitating.*

UNWARNOD

Adjective: *unwarned.*

UNWEALDEN

Adjective: *involuntary.*

UNWEALT

Adjective: *stable, steady, not given to roll.*

UNWEARNUM

Adverb: *in a moment, suddenly; irresistibly, without hindrance.*

UNWEAXEN

Adjective: *young, not grown up.*

UNWEDER

Noun: *bad weather, unfavourable season, storm, tempest.*

UNWEDERLĪCE

Adverb: *tempestuously; unweighed.*

UNWEGEN

Adjective: *not weighed.*

UNWEMLIC

Adjective: *pure, spotless, unsullied, virgin.*

UNWEMME

Adjective: *spotless, without defect, without blemish, uninjured, inviolate; pure, undefiled, immaculate, perfect.*

UNWEMMED

Adjective: *unstained, unspotted, unblemished, immaculate; inviolate.*

UNWEMMEND

Noun: *innocent man.*

UNWEMMING

Noun: *incorruption, incorruptibility, immortality.*

UNWEMMU

Noun: *spotlessness.*

UNWEMNES

Noun: *purity.*

UNWENDED

Adjective: *unchangeable, unchanged, unmoved, inviolate.*

UNWĒNE

Adjective: *unexpected, not hoped for; hopeless.*

UNWĒNED

Adjective: *unexpected, unhoped for.*

UNWĒNLIC

Adjective: *hopeless, unpromising, desperate.*

UNWĒNLĪCE

Adverb: *unexpectedly, by chance.*

UNWĒNUNGA

Adverb: *unexpectedly.*

UNWĒOD

Noun: *ill or noxious weed.*

UNWEORCHEARD

Adjective: *weakly, delicate, infirm.*

UNWEORCLIC

Adjective: *unsuitable for work.*

UNWEORÐ

1. Adjective: *poor, mean, of low estate; little esteemed; bad, contemptible, unworthy, despicable, ignoble; dishonouring, ignominious.*

2. Adverb: *unworthily, in a poor, mean or of low estate manner; in a worthless manner; in a contemptible or ignoble manner.*

UNWEORÐIAN

See *(ge)unweorðian.*

UNWEORÐLIC

Adjective: *poor, disgraceful, dishonourable, unworthy; unimportant, humble, infamous, ignoble.*

UNWEORÐLĪCE

Adverb: *dishonourably, in an unsuitable manner, unworthily; indignantly, with contempt, ignominiously.*

UNWEORÐNES

Noun: *disgrace, indignity, slight, contempt.*

UNWEORÐSCIPE

Noun: *disgrace, indignation; dishonour.*

UNWEORÐUNG

Noun: *shame, disgrace; indignation; dishonouring.*

UNWERED

Adjective: *unprotected.*

UNWĒRIG

Adjective: *fresh, not weary; persistent, indefatigable.*

UNWEROD

Adjective: *not sweet.*

UNWĪD

Adjective: *narrow, not wide.*

UNWIDERE

Noun: *bad weather, tempest.*

UNWĪDLOD

Adjective: *unpolluted.*

UNWIERÐE

1. Adverb: *unworthily.*

2. See *unweorð* (1).

UNWIL

Noun: *absence of good will, dislike, repugnance, reluctance, despite.*

UNWILLA

Noun: *displeasure, repugnance.*

UNWILLAN

Adverb: *involuntarily, unintentionally, unwillingly, reluctantly.*

UNWILLENDE

Adjective: *involuntary; not desiring or intending, unwillingly, averse (to).*

UNWILLES

1. Adverb: *involuntarily, unwillingly, reluctantly.*

2. See *ungewilles.*

UNWILLUM

Adverb: *involuntarily, unintentionally, unwillingly, reluctantly.*

UNWILSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *involuntarily, against one's will, not of one's own accord.*

UNWINDAN

Verb: *to uncover, unfasten, loosen, unwind, unwrap; to retire, retreat.*

UNWINE

Noun: *unfriend, enemy, foe.*

UNWĪS

Adjective: *uninformed, unwise, ignorant, stupid, foolish; mad, insane.*

UNWĪSDŌM

Noun: *unwisdom, stupidity, folly; imprudence; ignorance.*

UNWĪSE

Adverb: *unwisely, foolishly.*

UNWĪSLIC

Adjective: *unwise, foolish.*

UNWĪSLĪCE

Adverb: *unwisely, foolishly.*

UNWĪSNES

Noun: *ignorance; wickedness.*

UNWITA

Noun: *witless, stupid, foolish person; ignoramus.*

UNWITENDE

Adjective: *unconscious, unwitting, not aware of what is done, ignorant.*

UNWĪTNIGENDLĪCE

Adverb: *without punishment, with impunity.*

UNWĪTNOD

Adjective: *unpunished.*

UNWĪTNUNG

Noun: *impunity.*

UNWITOD

Adjective: *uncertain.*

UNWITTIG

Adjective: *unconscious, ignorant; unwitty, stupid.*

UNWITTIGNES

Noun: *folly.*

UNWITTOL

Adjective: *ignorant.*

UNWITWEORC

Noun: *foolish work, evil work.*

UNWIÐERWEARD

Adjective: *friendly, not in opposition, not averse.*

UNWIÐERWEARDLIC

Adjective: *in union, not in opposition, not discordant; united.*

UNWIÐMETENES

Noun: *incomparability.*

UNWIÐMETENLIC

Adjective: *incomparable.*

UNWIÐMETENLĪCE

Adverb: *incomparably; indescribably.*

UNWLITE

Noun: *disgrace, dishonour.*

UNWLITEGIAN

See *(ge)unwlitegian.*

UNWLITEGUNG

Noun: *disfigurement.*

UNWLITIG

Adjective: *not beautiful, ill-favoured, unsightly, ugly, deformed, disfigured.*

UNWLITIGNES

Noun: *ugliness, disfigurement.*

UNWORD

Noun: *abuse, slander.*

UNWRÆNE

Adjective: *not lustful.*

UNWRÆSTE

Adjective: *weak, feeble, unsteady; sorry, poor, miserable, wretched; untrustworthy, evil.*

UNWRÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *weakly; inaccurately, incongruously, absurdly.*

UNWRECEN

Adjective: *unpunished, unavenged.*

UNWRENC

Noun: *vice, malicious wile, wicked artifice, evil trick.*

UNWRĒON

Verb: *to uncover, disclose, open, reveal, make known, expose; to discover; to explain.*

UNWRIGEDNES

Noun: *revelation, uncovering.*

UNWRĪGEN

Adjective: *open, unconcealed.*

UNWRITEN

Adjective: *unwritten.*

UNWRĪTERE

Noun: *bad or incorrect writer.*

UNWRIÐAN

Verb: *to untwist, unbind.*

UNWRIÐEN

Adjective: *not bound.*

UNWUNDEN

Adjective: *not wound.*

UNWUNDOD

Adjective: *unwounded.*

UNWUNIENDLIC

Adjective: *uninhabitable.*

UNWYNSUM

Adjective: *unpleasant.*

UNWYNSUMNES

Noun: *unpleasantness.*

UNWYRCAN

Verb: *to undo, destroy.*

UNWYRD

Noun: *bad fortune, misfortune, trouble.*

UNWYRHT

Noun: *ill-doing, demerit.*

UNWYRTRUMIAN

Verb: *to root out, uproot, pluck up by the roots.*

UNYMBFANGELIC

Adjective: *incomprehensible.*

UNYMBFANGEN

Adjective: *incomprehensible; not circumscribed.*

UNYMBFANGENLIC

Adjective: *incomprehensible.*

UNYMBWENDEDLIC

Adjective: *unalterable, unmoved.*

UNYMBWRITEN

Adjective: *not circumscribed.*

UNŸÐGIAN

Verb: *to disquiet, molest, trouble.*

UP

Adjective: *that is above, that is on high.*

ŪP

Adverb: *up, upwards, on high, erectly.*

ŪPĀBLĀWAN

Verb: *to blow up, be in eruption (of a volcano).*

ŪPĀBRECAN

Verb: *to break out or through; to boil up.*

ŪPĀBREGDAN

Verb: *to lift up, raise up, exalt; expand.*

ŪPĀFANGNES

Noun: *reception; assumption.*

ŪPĀHAFEN

Adjective: *exalted.*

ŪPĀHAFENLĪCE

Adverb: *proudly, arrogantly.*

ŪPĀHAFENNES

Noun: *elevation, uplifting; exultation, presumption; pride, arrogance.*

ŪPĀHAFU

1. Noun: *elevation, uplifting.*

2. Adjective: *lifting up.*

ŪPĀHEBBAN

Verb: *to lift up, raise up, exalt; to raise in the air, fly.*

UPĀHEBBENDLIC

Adjective: *to be raised.*

ŪPĀHEFEDLĪCE

Adverb: *proudly, arrogantly.*

ŪPĀHŌN

Verb: *to hang up.*

ŪPĀLŪCAN

Verb: *to eradicate.*

ŪPĀMŸLAN

Verb: *to come to light, appear.*

ŪPĀRÆRAN

Verb: *to raise up, lift up, exalt; to excite; to introduce.*

ŪPĀRECCAN

Verb: *to raise, erect, build.*

ŪPĀRĪSAN

Verb: *to rise up.*

ŪPĀRISNES

Noun: *resurrection.*

ŪPĀSPRINGAN

Verb: *to arise, spring up.*

ŪPĀSPRINGNES

Noun: *uprising; origin.*

ŪPĀSPRYTTAN

Verb: *to sprout forth, germinate.*

ŪPĀSTĪGAN

Verb: *to rise, ascend.*

ŪPĀSTIGENNES

Noun: *ascent, ascension; means of going up.*

ŪPĀSTĪGNESTĪD

Noun: *ascension-tide.*

ŪPĀSTRECCAN

Verb: *to uplift.*

ŪPĀTĒON

Verb: *to draw up, bring up; to rear; to draw out, pull out; to pluck up; to lift up, place in an upright position.*

ŪPĀÐENIAN

Verb: *to elevate, lift up.*

ŪPĀWEALLAN

Verb: *to well up; to boil up, steam up.*

ŪPĀWEGAN

Verb: *to lift up; to support.*

ŪPĀWENDAN

Verb: *to turn towards, raise.*

ŪPBRĒDAN

Verb: *to reproach with, upbraid.*

ŪPCUMAN

Verb: *to come up, arise.*

ŪPCUND

Adjective: *from above, celestial, heavenly.*

ŪPCYME

Noun: *origin, source, rising, up-springing; upcoming.*

ŪPEARD

Noun: *land above, dwelling on high, heaven.*

ŪPENDE

Noun: *upper end, top end.*

ŪPENGEL

Noun: *heavenly angel.*

ŪPFÆRELD

Noun: *ascension, journey up.*

ŪPFEAX

Adjective: *having hair at the top, bald in front; with bristling hair.*

ŪPFĒGAN

Verb: *to erect.*

ŪPFĒRAN

Verb: *to go forth, spring forth.*

ŪPFERIAN

Verb: *to raise, carry up.*

ŪPFLĒOGAN

Verb: *to fly up.*

ŪPFLĒON

Verb: *to fly up.*

ŪPFLĒRING

Noun: *upper floor (of house), upper chamber.*

ŪPFLŌR

Noun: *upper floor or story, upper chamber, garret.*

ŪPFLŌRE

Noun: *upper chamber or story, garret.*

ŪPGĀN

Verb: *to go up; to make to go up, raise; to rise (of sun).*

ŪPGANG

Noun: *going up, ascent; rising, sunrise; landing, going inland, incursion.*

ŪPGANGA

Noun: *landing.*

ŪPGEBRĒDAN

Verb: *to reproach with, upbraid.*

ŪPGELÆDED

Adjective: *led up.*

ŪPGEMYND

Noun: *contemplation of things above, thought directed heavenward.*

ŪPGĒOTAN

Verb: *to well up.*

ŪPGODU

Noun: *the gods above.*

ŪPHĒAFOD

Noun: *upper or top end.*

ŪPHĒAH

Adjective: *tall, high, lofty, elevated, uplifted; sublime, noble, upright.*

ŪPHEALD

Noun: *support, maintenance, upholding.*

ŪPHEBBAN

Verb: *to raise up, lift up, exalt; to rise in the air, fly.*

UPHEBBE

Noun: *coot (so called because it lifts up its tail when moving over the water, Grein).*

ŪPHEBBING

Noun: *uprising, uplifting.*

ŪPHEOFON

Noun: *sky, heaven above.*

ŪPHLADAN

Verb: *to draw up.*

ŪPHŪS

Noun: *upper chamber.*

ŪPLAND

Noun: *country, rural district.*

ŪPLANG

Adjective: *tall, high; erect, upright.*

ŪPLEGEN

Noun: *hair-pin.*

ŪPLENDISC

Adjective: *on high, upper, lofty, supreme, sublime; heavenly, celestial.*

ŪPLIC

Adjective: *on high, upper, lofty, supreme, sublime; heavenly, celestial.*

ŪPLYFT

Noun: *upper air, ether; sky.*

ŪPNES

Noun: *height.*

ŪPNIMAN

Verb: *to raise up.*

UPPAN

Adposition: *on, upon, above, at; up to; against; after (time); in addition to.*

UPPE

1. Adjective: *above, up, aloft, inland.*

2. Adverb: *up, above, on high.*

3. See *yppe* (1).

4. See *yppe* (2).

UPPIAN

Verb: *to rise or mount up, swell.*

ŪPRÆCAN

Verb: *to reach up.*

ŪPRÆRAN

Verb: *to raise up.*

ŪPRECCAN

Verb: *to erect.*

ŪPRIHT

Adjective: *erect, upright; face upwards.*

ŪPRIHTE

Adverb: *erectly, uprightly, straight up; right up, exactly overhead, in the zenith; turned upwards.*

ŪPROCETTAN

Verb: *to belch up.*

ŪPRODER

Noun: *sky, firmament, firmament, ether, upper heavens.*

ŪPRYNE

Noun: *ascent, rising (of sun), coming of day; coming up.*

ŪPSCĪNAN

Verb: *to rise shiningly.*

ŪPSETTAN

Verb: *to exalt.*

ŪPSITTAN

Verb: *residere.*

ŪPSPRING

Noun: *rising up, rising of a heavenly body, coming of day or night; origin, birth, breaking forth; rising water.*

ŪPSPRINGAN

Verb: *to rise up.*

ŪPSPRUNGENNES

Noun: *defect; eclipse.*

ŪPSTANDENDE

Adjective: *upstanding, erect.*

ŪPSTĪGAN

Verb: *to move up, rise, ascend.*

UPSTĪGE

Noun: *ascent, ascension, mounting; staircase.*

ŪPSTĪGEND

Noun: *one who ascends or mounts up, rider.*

ŪPTĒON

Verb: *to draw up.*

ŪPÞYDDAN

Verb: *to swell up.*

ŪPWÆSTM

Noun: *growth upwards, stature.*

UPWARAS

Noun: *inhabitants of heaven, the celestials.*

ŪPWARE

Noun: *inhabitants of heaven.*

ŪPWEALLAN

Verb: *to boil up.*

ŪPWEARD

Adverb: *up, upwards; backwards (in time); towards heaven.*

ŪPWEARDES

Adverb: *up, upwards, with the face turned up; backwards (in time); towards heaven.*

ŪPWEG

Noun: *ascent, ascension; way to heaven.*

UPWILL

Noun: *fountain.*

ŪPYRNAN

1. Verb: *to grow, increase.*

2. Verb: *to rise, run up.*

UR

Adverb: *formerly.*

ŪR

Noun: *kind of ox, bison, aurochs; name of the rune for u.*

ŪRELENDISC

Adjective: *of our country.*

ŪRIGFEÞERE

Adjective: *wet-feathered, dewy-winged.*

ŪRIGLĀST

Adjective: *leaving a damp track, walking the wet earth.*

URL

Noun: *hem.*

ŪSE

Noun: *the name of several rivers in England, Ouse.*

ŪSER

Adjective: *our; ours.*

ŪT

Adverb: *out, outside; without; forth.*

ŪTĀBERSTAN

Verb: *to burst out, burst forth.*

ŪTĀBLEGNED

Adjective: *ulcerated.*

ŪTĀBRECAN

Verb: *to break out.*

ŪTĀCNYSSAN

Verb: *to drive out.*

ŪTACUNDA

Noun: *stranger.*

ŪTĀDELFAN

Verb: *to dig out.*

ŪTĀDŌN

Verb: *to do out, put out.*

ŪTĀDRÆFAN

Verb: *to drive out, expel, destroy.*

ŪTĀDRĪFAN

Verb: *to disperse, dispel, drive out.*

ŪTÆTBREGDAN

Verb: *steal out.*

ŪTÆÐMIAN

Verb: *to breathe out.*

ŪTĀFARAN

Verb: *to go out, come forth, depart.*

ŪTĀFLŌWAN

Verb: *to flow out; to be dispersed, scatter.*

ŪTĀLÆDAN

1. Verb: *to produce; to release.*

2. Verb: *to lead out.*

ŪTĀLĒORAN

Verb: *to cause to depart, flee away.*

ŪTĀLŪCAN

Verb: *to pluck out.*

ŪTĀMÆRAN

Verb: *to drive out, expel, depopulate, exterminate.*

ŪTAN

Adverb: *from outside; on the outside; without.*

ŪTANBORDES

Adverb: *abroad, from abroad.*

ŪTANBURHWARE

Noun: *outside citizens, those living out of the town.*

ŪTANCUMEN

1. Noun: *stranger, foreign, alien, belonging to another.*

2. Adjective: *strange, foreign, alien, from another land, belonging to another.*

ŪTANCUND

Adjective: *strange, foreign, alien; external, extraneous.*

ŪTANE

Adverb: *outside, abroad; from without, outwards, externally.*

ŪTANLANDES

Adverb: *abroad, in distant countries.*

ŪTANWEARD

Adjective: *outside, external.*

ŪTĀNŸDAN

1. Verb: *to expel.*

2. Verb: *to drive out.*

ŪTANYMBSTANDNES

Noun: *surrounding.*

ŪTĀSCĒOTAN

Verb: *to sprout forth, burst forth; to pierce out.*

ŪTĀSELLAN

Verb: *to grant outright.*

ŪTĀSLĒAN

Verb: *to break out, strike outwards.*

ŪTĀSLĪDAN

Verb: *to fall (into), slip forwards.*

ŪTĀSLIDEN

Adjective: *fallen into (of sin).*

ŪTĀSPĪWAN

Verb: *to spew forth.*

ŪTĀTĒON

Verb: *to draw out.*

ŪTĀTŸNAN

Verb: *to exclude.*

ŪTĀÐŸDAN

Verb: *to thrust out, cast out.*

ŪTĀWINDAN

Verb: *to fall (into)slip, forwards.*

ŪTĀWYRTRUMIAN

Verb: *to root out.*

ŪTBERSTAN

Verb: *to burst out, burst forth.*

ŪTCWEALM

Noun: *utter destruction, extirpation.*

ŪTCŸÐAN

Verb: *to announce, promulgate.*

ŪTDRÆF

Noun: *ejection, expulsion, decree of expulsion.*

ŪTDRÆFERE

Noun: *one who drives out.*

ŪTDRAGAN

Verb: *to remove.*

ŪTDRĪFAN

Verb: *to disperse, drive out or away, scatter, expel.*

ŪTE

Adverb: *out, outside, abroad; without.*

ŪTERLIC

Adjective: *external; material.*

ŪTERMERE

Noun: *outer-sea, open sea.*

ŪTEWEARD

Adjective: *external, outside, outward; last; outward part, extreme.*

ŪTEWEARDUM

Adverb: *outwards.*

ŪTFÆR

Noun: *going out, going away, departure; exit, egress.*

ŪTFÆRELD

Noun: *going out, exodus.*

ŪTFANGENEÐĒOF

Noun: *right of judging thieves caught outside one's jurisdiction, and of taking fines for the crime.*

ŪTFARAN

Verb: *to go out.*

ŪTFARU

Noun: *going out, going abroad or out of doors.*

ŪTFĒOLAN

Verb: *to get out.*

ŪTFLŌWAN

Verb: *to scatter, flow out; to be dispersed.*

ŪTFŌR

Noun: *evacuation (from body).*

ŪTFORLÆTAN

Verb: *to cast out.*

ŪTFŪS

Adjective: *ready to start, ready to sail.*

ŪTGĀN

Verb: *to go out.*

ŪTGĀNDE

Adjective: *outgoing.*

ŪTGANG

Noun: *going out, departure, exodus; exit, egress; end, conclusion, latter part; privy; evacuation of the body, excrement; anus.*

ŪTGANGAN

Verb: *to go out.*

ŪTGANGENDE

Adjective: *outgoing.*

ŪTGĀRSECG

Noun: *remotest sea, ocean at the horizon, ocean at a distance from land.*

ŪTGEFEOHT

Noun: *external or foreign war.*

ŪTGEGĀN

Verb: *to go out.*

ŪTGELÆDAN

Verb: *to lead out, bring out.*

ŪTGEMÆRE

Noun: *extreme or remotest limit.*

ŪTGENGA

Noun: *exit, outlet.*

ŪTHEALF

Noun: *exterior, outer side.*

ŪTHERE

Noun: *foreign army.*

ŪTHLĒAP

Noun: *fine for a man escaping from his lord.*

ŪTHWĪT

Adjective: *painted white, glossing dealbatus.*

ŪTIAN

See *(ge)ūtian.*

ŪTIRNING

Noun: *flux.*

ŪTLĀD

Noun: *carriage out of a place; toll on goods carried out of market outwards by water; assembling (of material).*

ŪTLÆDAN

Verb: *to lead out, bring out.*

ŪTLÆDNES

Noun: *abduction.*

ŪTLÆS

Noun: *out-pastures, pasture-land away from the house.*

ŪTLAGA

Noun: *outlaw.*

ŪTLAGIAN

See *(ge)ūtlagian*.

ŪTLAGU

Noun: *outlawry*.

ŪTLAH

Adjective: *outlawed*.

ŪTLAND

Noun: *foreign land, outlying land (granted to tenants)*.

ŪTLENDA

Noun: *stranger, foreigner, alien, not a native*.

ŪTLENDISC

1. Adjective: *stranger, foreign, outlandish, not native*.

2. Noun: *stranger, foreigner*.

ŪTLĒORAN

Verb: *to go out, pass*.

ŪTLĒORIENDE

Adjective: *outgoing, departing*.

ŪTLIC

Adjective: *external; foreign; remote*.

ŪTLICE

Adverb: *completely*.

ŪTMÆRAN

Verb: *to announce, proclaim*.

ŪTOFGĀN

Verb: *to go out of*.

ŪTRÆSAN

Verb: *to rush out*.

ŪTRĪDAN

Verb: *to ride or go away*.

ŪTROCCETTAN

Verb: *to belch out*.

ŪTROCCIAN

Verb: *to belch out*.

ŪTRYNE

Noun: *running away; exit, outlet; issue*.

ŪTSCĒOTAN

Verb: *to abut on; to aid the escape of, suffer to escape.*

ŪTSCŪFAN

Verb: *to push out, shut out, exclude.*

ŪTSCYTE

Noun: *exit, outlet, outfall, place where a stream or road runs into another.*

ŪTSCYTLING

Noun: *stranger, foreigner.*

ŪTSIHT

Noun: *flux, diarrhoea, dysentery.*

ŪTSIHTĀDL

Noun: *diarrhoea, dysentery.*

ŪTSĪON

Verb: *to issue out.*

ŪTSĪÐ

Noun: *going out, departure; death.*

ŪTWÆĒPNEDMANN

Noun: *stranger, outsider.*

ŪTWÆRC

Noun: *painful evacuation, dysentery.*

ŪTWALD

Noun: *outlying wood.*

ŪTWARU

Noun: *foreign defence.*

ŪTWEALLAN

Verb: *to flow forth, well out.*

ŪTWEARD

1. Adjective: *going away, outside of, outward, striving to get out, lending to the outsider.*

2. Adverb: *outside, forth, out of doors.*

ŪTWEARDES

Adverb: *outwards, towards the outsider.*

ŪTWĪCING

Noun: *sea-rover, foreign pirate.*

ŪTYRNAN

Verb: *to have diarrhoea.*

ŪTYRNENDE

Adjective: *diuretic, purgative; diarrhoeic.*

ŪTYRNING

Noun: *flux.*

ŪÐGENGE

Adjective: *alien; transitory, vanishing, departing, fleeting, fugitive, not to be retained, passing out of one's possession.*

ŪÐMÆTE

Adjective: *very great, immense, huge.*

ŪÐWITA

Noun: *scholar, sage (philosopher, scribe, geometrician, etc); Pharisee.*

ŪÐWITEGUNG

Noun: *philosophy, the study of philosophy.*

ŪÐWITIAN

Verb: *to study philosophy.*

ŪÐWITLIC

Adjective: *academical, philosophical.*

WĀ

1. Noun: *affliction, woe, misery, evil.*

2. Interjection: *woe! alas!*

WĀC

1. Adjective: *weak, soft, feeble, frail, wanting mental or moral strength, cowardly, wanting courage, pliant; slender, effeminate; insignificant, poor, mean, not of great value or in high esteem; bad, vile.*

2. Noun: *weakness.*

WACAN

1. Verb: *to originate, awake, arise, spring, be born.*

2. See *wacen.*

WĀCE

Adverb: *weakly, feebly, faintly, without energy, without boldness; slowly; inefficiently, negligently, remissly.*

WACEN

Noun: *sleeplessness, wakefulness; watch, vigilance, guard; vigil, division of the night; incentive, rousing.*

WĀCIAN

Verb: *to be or become weak, lose energy, waver, be cowardly, want resolution or courage, flinch; to fail, be not able to endure, languish; to become poor or mean.*

WACIAN

Verb: *to remain or keep awake, not to sleep; to watch, be awake or active, be alert, be on guard; to open (the eye); to keep a vigil for prayer or religious observance.*

WACIENDE

Adjective: *watching, vigilant.*

WĀCLIC

Adjective: *weak; poor, insignificant, trifling; mean, paltry, vile.*

WĀCLĪCE

Adverb: *weakly, feebly; cheaply, poorly; meanly.*

WĀCMŌD

1. Noun: *cowardly, faint-hearted; weak-minded, irresolute.*

2. Adjective: *weak-minded, cowardly, fainthearted, pusillanimous, irresolute.*

WĀCMŌDNES

Noun: *weakness, feebleness, cowardice, want of courage, faintheartedness, pusillanimity.*

WĀCNES

Noun: *weakness, insignificance, meanness of condition, mean estate.*

WACOL

Adjective: *awake, watchful, vigilant, attentive.*

WACOLLĪCE

Adverb: *watchfully, vigilantly.*

WACOR

Adjective: *watchful, vigilant.*

WACORLĪCE

Adverb: *watchfully, vigilantly; carefully.*

WĀCSCIPE

Noun: *weakness, slackness; remissness.*

WACUNG

Noun: *vigilante.*

WĀD

1. Noun: *woad (plant).*

2. Noun: *drag-net.*

WADAN

See *(ge)wadan.*

WĀDSǼD

Noun: *woad-seed.*

WĀDSPITL

Noun: *woad-spade, woad-dibble.*

WADUNG

Noun: *going, travelling.*

WǼCAN

See *(ge)wǽcan.*

WÆCCAN

See *(ge)wæccan.*

WÆCCE

Noun: *sleeplessness, wakefulness; watch, vigilance; vigil, division of the night; wake.*

WÆCCEND

Noun: *watcher, watchman.*

WÆCCENDE

Adjective: *watchful, awake.*

WÆCCENDLĪCE

Adverb: *watchfully, vigilantly.*

WÆCNAN

Verb: *to come into being, waken, arise, spring, come forth, be born.*

WÆD

See *(ge)wæd.*

WǼD

Noun: *clothing, garment, covering, dress, robe, apparel; weed; sail.*

WǼDBRĒC

Noun: *breeches, covering for the loins.*

WÆDE

See *(ge)wǣde.*

WǼDELNES

Noun: *poverty, want, penury, indigence.*

WǼDEN

Adjective: *bluish, purple, of woad.*

WǼDERĀP

Noun: *stay, halyard; pl. rigging.*

WǼDL

Noun: *poverty, want, penury, indigence; unproductiveness, barrenness.*

WǼDLA

1. Adjective: *poor, needy, indigent, destitute.*

2. Noun: *poor man, needy person, beggar.*

WǼDLIAN

Verb: *to be poor, needy, in want, indigent, destitute; to be in want of something, lack; to beg.*

WǼDLIG

Adjective: *poor, needy, destitute.*

WǼDLIGEND

Adjective: *poor.*

WǼDLING

Noun: *poor or needy person.*

WǼDLUNG

Noun: *want, poverty, indigence; begging.*

WÆFAN

Verb: *to wrap up, clothe.*

WǼFELS

Noun: *covering, wrap, clothing, garment, dress, cloak, mantle, veil.*

WÆFERGANGE

Noun: *spider.*

WÆFERGEORNNES

Noun: *eagerness to see sights.*

WÆFERHŪS

Noun: *theatre, amphitheatre.*

WÆFERLIC

Adjective: *of a theatre, theatrical, spectacular.*

WÆFERNES

Noun: *display, show, public exhibition, pageant, pomp.*

WÆFERSOLOR

Noun: *stage.*

WÆFERSTŌW

Noun: *place for spectacles, theatre, amphitheatre.*

WÆFERSYN

Noun: *display, sight, show, spectacle.*

WÆFLIAN

Verb: *to talk foolishly.*

WÆFRE

Adjective: *unstable, unsteady, wavering, quivering, languishing; wandering, restless; flickering; active, nimble.*

WÆFÐ

Noun: *sight, show, spectacle.*

WÆG

1. Noun: *movement, motion; water, wave, billow, sea, flood.*

2. See *wāg* (1).

3. See *hwæg.*

4. See *wæge* (1).

WÆGAN

See *(ge)wægan.*

WÆGBORA

Noun: *wave-bearer, child of the waves, creature that lives beneath the waves.*

WÆGBORD

Noun: *wave-board, plank of a vessel; ship, vessel.*

WÆGDĒOR

Noun: *sea-animal, sea-best.*

WÆGDROPA

Noun: *water-drop, salt tear.*

WÆGE

1. Noun: *weight; implement for weighing, balance, scales; burden; wey (of cheese, wool, etc).*

2. Noun: *cup, chalice.*

WÆGETUNGE

Noun: *tongue of a balance.*

WÆGFÆR

Noun: *sea-journey.*

WÆGFÆT

Noun: *water-vessel, clouds.*

WÆGFARU

Noun: *sea-passage, track in the sea; the passage through the Red Sea.*

WÆGFLOTA

Noun: *wave-floater, ship.*

WÆGHENGEST

Noun: *ship, sea-steed.*

WÆGHOLM

Noun: *sea, ocean.*

WÆGLĪÐEND

Noun: *sea-farer, sailor.*

WÆGLĪÐENDE

Adjective: *seafaring.*

WÆGN

Noun: *wagon, wain, carriage, chariot, vehicle, cart.*

WÆGNERE

Noun: *enticer, deceiver.*

WÆGNERE

Noun: *waggoner, driver of a carriage or chariot.*

WÆGNFARU

Noun: *chariot-journey.*

WÆGNGEHRADO

Noun: *waggon-plank.*

WÆGNGEREFA

Noun: *waggon-master, wain-reeve.*

WÆGNGEWÆDE

Noun: *waggon-cover, wagon-cloth.*

WÆGNSCILLING

Noun: *tax on wagons, toll of a shilling on each waggon standing to be loaded at a salt-pan.*

WÆGNTRĒOW

Noun: *log given to the carter of a load of wood.*

WÆGNÐOLL

Noun: *cart-pin.*

WÆGNWEG

Noun: *cart or carriage-road.*

WÆGNWYRHTA

Noun: *wain or cart wright, carriage-maker.*

WĒGPUNDERN

Noun: *weighing-machine, steel-yard.*

WÆGRĀP

Noun: *rope with which frost binds the water, wave-rope, wave-bond (ice).*

WĒGSCALU

Noun: *scale of a balance.*

WĒGSTÆÐ

Noun: *sea-shore, bank.*

WĒGSTRĒAM

Noun: *current, the sea.*

WĒGSWEORD

Noun: *sword with wavy pattern.*

WĒGÐEL

Noun: *ship, vessel, wave-plank.*

WĒGÐRĒA

Noun: *peril of the sea; chastisement by the waters.*

WĒGÐRĒAT

Noun: *deluge; wave-host.*

WÆHÐOLL

Noun: *battering ram.*

WÆL

1. Noun: *(in a collective sense) the dead, the slain; slain person, single corpse; slaughter, carnage; destruction.*

2. See *wiell.*

3. See *wel* (1).

WĀL

Noun: *whirlpool, eddy; pool, gulf; river, sea, ocean, flood.*

WĀLAN

See *(ge)wālan.*

WÆLBEDD

Noun: *bed of the slain, slaughter-bed.*

WÆLBEND

Noun: *band of destruction, mortal band.*

WÆLBENN

Noun: *wound inflicted by the sea, deadly wound.*

WÆLBLĒAT

Adjective: *mortal, deadly, causing death.*

WÆLCEALD

Adjective: *deadly cold.*

WÆLCĒASEGA

Noun: *carrion-picker (raven), chooser of the slain.*

WÆLCLOMM

Noun: *fatal bond, deadly fetter.*

WÆLCRÆFT

Noun: *deadly power.*

WÆLCWEALM

Noun: *violent death.*

WÆLCYRIGE

Noun: *witch, sorceress; chooser of the slain.*

WÆLDĒAÐ

Noun: *death in battle, violent death.*

WÆLDRĒOR

Noun: *blood of battle, blood of the slain.*

WÆLFÆÐM

Noun: *deadly embrace.*

WÆLFÆHÐ

Noun: *deadly feud, hostility that leads to slaying.*

WÆLFĀG

Adjective: *blood-stained.*

WÆLFEL

Adjective: *greedy for corpses, ghoulish; cruel to the slain.*

WÆLFELD

Noun: *battlefield, field of the slain.*

WÆLFILL

Noun: *destruction, death, slaughter, carnage.*

WÆLFŪS

Adjective: *awaiting death, ready to be slain.*

WÆLFYLLO

Noun: *abundance of slain.*

WÆLFŸR

Noun: *deadly fire, fire that burns the slain; funeral pyre.*

WÆLGÆST

Noun: *deadly guest, spirit.*

WÆLGĀR

Noun: *deadly spear.*

WÆLGENGA

Noun: *wild beast, sea-monster, dragon, deadly walker.*

WÆLGĪFRE

Adjective: *murderous, eager to slay, bloodthirsty.*

WÆLGIMM

Noun: *sheath of a sword; death-bringing gem.*

WÆLGRÆDIG

Adjective: *flesh-eating, cannibal, greedy for the slain.*

WÆLGRIM

Adjective: *fierce, cruel, violent, destructive; bloody; fateful, dire.*

WÆLGRIMLĪCE

Adverb: *fiercely; with the utmost bitterness.*

WÆLGRIMNES

Noun: *cruelty, torture.*

WÆLGRYRE

Noun: *deadly horror, terror that comes from danger of failing in battle.*

WÆLHERE

Noun: *slaughtering army.*

WÆLHLEM

Noun: *deadly stroke.*

WÆLHLENCE

Noun: *coat of mail; link of a coat of mail, slaughter-link.*

WÆLHRĒOW

Adjective: *fierce, cruel, barbarous, savage, bloodthirsty.*

WÆLHRĒOWLIC

Adjective: *cruel.*

WÆLHRĒOWLĪCE

Adverb: *cruelly, horribly, atrociously.*

WÆLHRĒOWNES

Noun: *ferocity, cruelty, atrocity, slaughter.*

WÆLHWELP

Noun: *dog for hunting, destroying hound.*

WĀLLĪC

Adjective: *deep (of water).*

WÆLMIST

Noun: *mist of death.*

WÆLNETT

Noun: *net of destruction, death-net.*

WÆLNĪÐ

Noun: *deadly hostility or hate, mortal enmity; war.*

WÆLNOT

Noun: *baleful inscription, fatal mark, mark or rune that brings death.*

WÆLPĪL

Noun: *deadly arrow or dart, death-pang.*

WÆLRÆS

Noun: *deadly attack or onslaught.*

WĀLRĀP

1. Noun: *flood-fetter (ice).*

2. See *wǣgrāp.*

WÆLRĒAF

Noun: *prey, spoil; act of spoiling the slain, robbing the slain.*

WÆLRĒC

Noun: *deadly reek.*

WÆLREGN

Noun: *deluge, deadly rain.*

WÆLREST

Noun: *grave, rest or bed of the slain.*

WÆLRŪN

Noun: *secret of approaching slaughter; murderous song.*

WÆLSCEAFT

Noun: *deadly shaft or spear.*

WÆLSCEL

Noun: *slaughter, carnage, the slain.*

WÆLSEAX

Noun: *dagger, sword, war-knife.*

WÆLSLIHT

Noun: *combat; slaughter, carnage.*

WÆLSLIHTA

Noun: *murderer, slayer.*

WÆLSLĪTENDE

Adjective: *corpse-bittng, corpse-rending.*

WÆLSPERE

Noun: *battle-spear, deadly spear.*

WÆLSTENG

Noun: *spear, spear-shaft.*

WÆLSTŌW

Noun: *battlefield, place of slaughter.*

WÆLSTRÆL

Noun: *deadly shaft.*

WÆLSTRĒAM

Noun: *destructive stream, deadly flood.*

WÆLSWENG

Noun: *murderous stroke or thrust.*

WÆLT

Noun: *sinew, part of thigh.*

WÆLWANG

Noun: *field of the slain.*

WÆLWULF

Noun: *warrior, war-wolf; cannibal, fierce cannibal.*

WÆMBEDE

Adjective: *big-bellied.*

WǼPEN

Noun: *weapon, sword; pl. arms, membrum virile.*

WǼPENBǼRE

Adjective: *weapon-bearing.*

WǼPENBEREND

Noun: *armed man.*

WǼPENBORA

Noun: *weapon-bearer, warrior, knight.*

WǼPENGEÐRÆC

Noun: *weapon; clash of spears.*

WǼPENGETÆC

Noun: *wapentake (subdivision of a riding).*

WǼPENGEWRIXLE

Noun: *conflict, fight, hostile encounter, exchange of blows, passage of arms.*

WǼPENHETE

Noun: *hate that resorts to arms.*

WǼPENHŪS

Noun: *armoury.*

WǼPENLĒAS

Adjective: *unarmed.*

WǼPENLIC

Adjective: *male, masculine.*

WǼPENSTRǼL

Noun: *arrow (to be used as a weapon).*

WǼPENÐRACU

Noun: *storm of weapons; force of arms.*

WǼPENÐRǼGE

Noun: *equipment, arms, weapon.*

WǼPENWIGA

Noun: *armed warrior.*

WÆPNED

1. Adjective: *male.*

2. Noun: *man, male.*

WÆPNEDBEARN

Noun: *boy, male child.*

WÆPNEDCILD

Noun: *boy, male child.*

WÆPNEDCYNN

Noun: *male kind or sex.*

WÆPNEDHĀD

Noun: *male sex; sexual power.*

WÆPNEDHAND

Noun: *male side, male line.*

WÆPNEDHEALF

Noun: *male side, male line.*

WÆPNEDMANN

Noun: *man, male.*

WÆPNEDWĪFESTRE

Noun: *hermaphrodite.*

WÆPNIAN

See *(ge)wǣpnian.*

WÆPNUNG

See *(ge)wǣpnung.*

WÆPS

Noun: *wasp.*

WÆR

1. Adjective: *true, correct.*

2. Noun: *faith, fidelity; keeping, protection; agreement, treaty, compact, covenant; pledge; bond (of friendship).*

WÆR

1. Noun: *sea, ocean.*

2. See *wer* (1).

3. See *wearr.*

4. See *wer* (2).

5. See *wer* (3).

6. See *wer* (4).

7. Adjective: *aware of, observant of, attentive for a warning; ready, prepared for; cautious, prudent, wary.*

WÆRC

Noun: *ache, pain; suffering, anguish; Wark (in Northern dialects).*

WÆRCAN

Verb: *to pain, suffer pain, be in pain; to be troubled.*

WÆRCSĀR

Noun: *pain.*

WÆRFÆST

Adjective: *faithful, trusty, honourable.*

WÆRGANGA

Noun: *stranger, one seeking protection.*

WÆRIGIAN

Verb: *to be or become tired, weary, grow weary, get exhausted.*

WÆRINGWĪC

Noun: *Warwick.*

WÆRINGWĪCSCĪR

Noun: *Warwickshire.*

WÆRLAN

See *(ge)wærlan.*

WÆRLĒAS

Adjective: *false; faithless, perfidious.*

WÆRLIC

1. Adjective: *cautious, careful, prudent, wise, wary, circumspect.*

2. See *werlic.*

WÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *cautiously, carefully, prudently, warily, circumspectly, safely; heedfully.*

WÆRLĪCE

Adverb: *truly.*

WÆRLICNES

Noun: *caution, care, carefulness, wariness.*

WÆRLOGA

Noun: *truth-breaker, liar, traitor, faithless or perfidious person, one who false to his covenant; devil.*

WÆRLOT

Noun: *craft, cunning, deceit.*

WÆRNES

1. Noun: *caution, prudence, wariness, circumspection.*

2. See *weargnes.*

WĀRNESS

Noun: *prudence, caution, circumspection; cursing.*

WÆRSAGOL

Adjective: *cautious in speech.*

WÆRSCIPE

Noun: *caution, prudence, wisdom, circumspection; cunning, astuteness.*

WÆRÐU

Noun: *cleverness, sagacity, cunning.*

WÆRWORD

Noun: *word of caution, forewarning.*

WÆRWYRDE

Adjective: *cautious or prudent in speech.*

WÆSC

Noun: *washing, ablution.*

WÆSCELS

Noun: *bath.*

WÆSCERN

Noun: *washing-place.*

WÆSCESTRE

Noun: *washer; house-keeper.*

WÆSCHŪS

Noun: *wash-house, laundry.*

WÆSCING

Noun: *washing, ablution.*

WĀTAN

See *(ge)wētan.*

WÆTERIAN

See *(ge)wæterian.*

WÆSTLING

Noun: *coverlet.*

WÆSTM

Noun: *growth, increase; plant, fruit, offspring, product, produce; result; benefit, interest, usury; abundance; form, figure; stature.*

WÆSTMASETEN

Noun: *planting.*

WÆSTMBÆRE

Adjective: *productive, fruitful, fertile.*

WÆSTMBÆRNES

Noun: *productivity, fruitfulness, fertility.*

WÆSTMBÆRO

Noun: *fruitfulness, fertility.*

WÆSTMBERENDE

Adjective: *productive, fruitful, fertile, fruit-bearing.*

WÆSTMBERENDNES

Noun: *fertility, fecundity.*

WÆSTMFÆST

Adjective: *fruitful.*

WÆSTMIAN

Verb: *to grow, increase; to fructify; to bear or bring forth fruit.*

WÆSTMLĒAS

Adjective: *unfruitful; without fruit.*

WÆSTMLIC

Adjective: *fruitful.*

WÆSTMSCEATT

Noun: *interest, usury.*

WĀT

1. Adjective: *wet, moist, damp; wet, rainy.*

2. Noun: *moisture; liquid, drink, liquor.*

WĀTA

Noun: *wetness, moisture; liquid, fluid, water, drink, liquor, juice; moisture of plants, sap; fluid, humours; urine.*

WĀTE

Noun: *wetness, moisture, humours; fluid, water drink, sap, urine.*

WÆTER

Noun: *water, rain; stream, lake, sea; (in plural) waters, implying abundance or great extent.*

WÆTERĀDL

Noun: *dropsy.*

WÆTERÆDRE

Noun: *source or spring of water.*

WÆTERÆLFĀDL

Noun: *disease.*

WÆTERÆLFEN

Noun: *water-elf, water-nymph.*

WÆTERBEREND

Noun: *water-bearer, sutler; camp-follower.*

WÆTERBERERE

Noun: *water-bearer, sutler; camp-follower.*

WÆTERBŌH

Noun: *sprig, bough with moisture in it, succulent shoot.*

WÆTERBOLLA

Noun: *dropsy.*

WÆTERBRŌGA

Noun: *frightful flood; terror caused by water.*

WÆTERBŪC

Noun: *water-pot, pitcher.*

WÆTERBUCCA

Noun: *aquatic insect, water-spider.*

WÆTERBURNE

Noun: *stream of water.*

WÆTERBYDEN

Noun: *bucket, cask.*

WÆTERCLĀÐ

Noun: *towel.*

WÆTERCRŌG

Noun: *water-pot, pitcher.*

WÆTERCRŪCE

Noun: *water-pot.*

WÆTERCYNN

Noun: *water, form or kind of water.*

WÆTERDEL

Noun: *dell in which there is water.*

WÆTERDENU

Noun: *valley with water in it.*

WÆTERDRINC

Noun: *drink of water.*

WÆTEREGSA

Noun: *terror caused by water.*

WÆTERFÆSTEN

Noun: *place protected by water.*

WÆTERFÆT

Noun: *vessel for water, water-pot, flagon.*

WÆTERFLAXE

Noun: *water-pitcher, water-flask.*

WÆTERFLŌD

Noun: *flood, inundation, deluge.*

WÆTERFROCGA

Noun: *water-frog.*

WÆTERFUL

Adjective: *dropsical.*

WÆTERFURH

Noun: *trench.*

WÆTERFYRHTNES

Noun: *fear of water, hydrophobia.*

WÆTERGĀT

Noun: *water-spider.*

WÆTERGEBLÆD

Noun: *blister with water in it, watery pustule.*

WÆTERGEFEALL

Noun: *waterfall.*

WÆTERGELĀD

Noun: *conduit, water-way, aqueduct.*

WÆTERGELÆT

Noun: *water-way, aqueduct.*

WÆTERGESCEAFT

Noun: *the watery element, nature of water.*

WÆTERGEWÆSC

Noun: *land formed by the washing up of earth.*

WÆTERGRUND

Noun: *depth of the sea, sea-bottom.*

WÆTERGYTE

Noun: *water-course, pouring of water; Aquarious (sign of the Zodiac).*

WÆTERHÆFERN

Noun: *crab.*

WÆTERHĀLGUNG

Noun: *blessing or hallowing of water.*

WÆTERHAMM

Noun: *land surrounded by a ditch.*

WÆTERHELM

Noun: *covering of ice.*

WÆTERIG

Adjective: *watery.*

WÆTERLĒAS

Adjective: *dry, waterless.*

WÆTERLĒAST

Noun: *want of water.*

WÆTERLĒOD

Noun: *fish.*

WÆTERLIC

Adjective: *aquatic.*

WÆTERMĒLE

Noun: *bowl, basin, water-cup.*

WÆTERNÆDRE

Noun: *water-snake.*

WÆTERORDĀL

Noun: *ordeal by boiling water.*

WÆTERPUND

Noun: *spirit-level.*

WÆTERPYTT

Noun: *well, water-pit.*

WÆTERRĪÐE

Noun: *conduit, stream of water.*

WÆTERSCĒAT

Noun: *napkin, towel.*

WÆTERSCIPE

Noun: *sheet of water, piece of water, body of water; conduit.*

WÆTERSCȳTE

Noun: *napkin, towel.*

WÆTERSCYTE

Noun: *rush of water.*

WÆTERSĒAÐ

Noun: *well, water-pit, cistern, reservoir; pool, lake.*

WÆTERSĒOC

Adjective: *dropsical.*

WÆTERSĒOCNES

Noun: *dropsy.*

WÆTERSLÆD

Noun: *watery glade or valley.*

WÆTERSOL

Noun: *pool.*

WÆTERSPRYNG

Noun: *springing up of water.*

WÆTERSTEALL

Noun: *standing water, pool.*

WÆTERSTEFN

Noun: *voice or sound of water.*

WÆTERSTOPPA

Noun: *bucket.*

WÆTERSTRĒAM

Noun: *stream of water, river.*

WÆTERSWILIGE

Noun: *deep pit with water in it.*

WÆTERTĪGE

Noun: *canal, aqueduct.*

WÆTERÐĒOTE

Noun: *conduit, water-channel, flood-gate; torrent, cataract.*

WÆTERÐĪSA

Noun: *water-rusher; whale; ship.*

WÆTERÐRŪH

Noun: *conduit, water-pipe.*

WÆTERÐRŸÐ

Noun: *rush of waters, great waters.*

WÆTERUNG

Noun: *watering, providing with water; carriage of water, providing water for people.*

WÆTERWÆDLNES

Noun: *lack of water, poverty or dearth of water.*

WÆTERWEG

Noun: *water-way, water-course; channel connecting two pieces of water.*

WÆTERWRĪTE

Noun: *water-clock.*

WÆTERWYLL

Noun: *spring or fountain of water.*

WÆTERWYRT

Noun: *water-fennel, water star-wort.*

WÆTERŸÐ

Noun: *wave, billow.*

WÆTIAN

Verb: *to be or become wet.*

WÆTLA

Noun: *bandage, swathe.*

WÆTLINGACEASTER

Noun: *St. Alban's.*

WÆTLINGASTRÆT

Noun: *Watling St.*

WÆTNES

Noun: *wetness, moisture.*

WÆTUNG

Noun: *wetting, moistening.*

WÆÐAN

Verb: *to wander, roam about; to hunt.*

WÆÐEBURNE

Noun: *fishing-stream.*

WÆWÆRÐLIC

Adjective: *important, weighty, serious, grave; good.*

WÆWÆRÐLĪCE

Adverb: *well, successfully; confidently; plausibly.*

WĀFIAN

Verb: *to look with wonder, gaze at, be astonished, amazed, agitated; to admire; to hesitate.*

WAFIAN

Verb: *to wave.*

WĀFIENDE

Adjective: *that wonders, marvelling.*

WĀFUNG

1. Noun: *display, sight, spectacle, pageantry; wonder, amazement, astonishment.*

2. See *webbing.*

WĀFUNGSTEDE

Noun: *place for shows or spectacles, theatre, amphitheatre.*

WĀFUNGSTŌW

Noun: *place for shows or spectacles, theatre, amphitheatre.*

WĀG

1. Noun: *wall (mostly of a building).*

2. See *hwēg.*

3. See *wēg* (1).

WAGEN

Noun: *quaking bog.*

WAGGE

Noun: *quaking bog.*

WĀGHRÆGEL

Noun: *wall-covering, curtain, veil (of the temple), tapestry.*

WAGIAN

Verb: *to move, wag; to shake, wave; to swing, move backwards and forwards; to totter.*

WĀGRIFT

Noun: *wall-covering, curtain, veil (of the temple), tapestry.*

WĀGÐEORL

Noun: *break in a wall, door-way.*

WĀGÐYLING

Noun: *wall-planking, wainscoting.*

WAGUNG

Noun: *moving, shaking; looseness.*

WĀH

1. Adjective: *fine.*

2. See *wāg* (1).

WĀLĀ

Interjection: *woe!*

WALA

Noun: *root.*

WALCSPINL

Noun: *curling-iron, crisping-pin.*

WALCYRGING

Noun: *one that belongs to the race of the wælcyrgan.*

WALDENĪGE

Adjective: *blue or grey-eyed; wall-eyed.*

WĀLE

Noun: *Welshwoman; servant, female slave.*

WALED

Adjective: *coloured; striped; ridged.*

WĀLIC

Adjective: *miserable, lamentable, woeful.*

WALLERWENTE

Noun: *the Celtic inhabitants of Cumbria.*

WALU

Noun: *wale, mark of a blow; comb, metal ridge on top of helmet; bank, ridge; rib.*

WAMB

Noun: *stomach, belly; womb; bowels; heart; hollow.*

WAMBĀDL

Noun: *stomach-ache, disease of the stomach.*

WAMBECOÐU

Noun: *stomach trouble.*

WAMBEGICÐA

Noun: *itching of the stomach.*

WAMBEWYRM

Noun: *intestinal worm.*

WAMBHORD

Noun: *contents of the belly; womb-hoard, used of the weapons contained in a fortified place.*

WAMBSCYLDIG

Adjective: *gluttonous.*

WAMBSĒOC

Adjective: *having pain in the stomach, diseased in the stomach.*

WAMCWIDE

Noun: *shameful speech, evil speaking, blasphemy, reviling, slander, curse.*

WAMDÆD

Noun: *misdeed, evil deed, crime; trespass.*

WAMFREHT

Noun: *divination, sinful divination.*

WAMFUL

Adjective: *shameful, guilty, criminal; impure; bad, sinful, evil, flagitious.*

WAMLUST

Noun: *enticement, allurement; seduction; foul pleasure.*

WAMM

1. Noun: *mark, scar; spot, stain, blot, filth; impurely, corruption; misfortune, disgrace, injury, defilement, loss, sin, evil, crime; damage, hurt; defect.*

2. Adjective: *bad, wicked, evil; foul; shameful.*

WAMSCEAÐA

Noun: *sinner, criminal, evil-doer, devil.*

WAMSCYLDIG

Adjective: *sinful, criminal.*

WAMWLITE

Noun: *wound on the face.*

WAMWYRCENDE

Noun: *working iniquity; worker of sin.*

WAN

Adjective: *lacking, wanting, absent, without something, not possessed of, destitute of; deficient.*

WAN-

Affix: *privation or negation.*

WANA

1. Noun: *lack, want, absence, defect, deficiency.*

2. See *wan*.

3. See *wann*.

WANÆHT

Noun: *scant possession; want, poverty*.

WANANBĒAM

Noun: *spindle-tree*.

WANCIAN

Verb: *to waver*.

WANCOL

Adjective: *weak, unstable, unsteady, tottering; uncertain, unstable, vacillating, fickle*.

WAND

Noun: *mole (animal)*.

WANDEWEORPE

Noun: *mole (animal)*.

WANDIAN

Verb: *to turn aside; to hesitate; to flinch, shrink; to desist from; to omit, neglect; to refrain from; to fear, stand in awe; to care for, have regard to*.

WANDLUNG

Noun: *changing, mutation*.

WANDRIAN

Verb: *to wander, stray, rove, roam, proceed without plan, follow an uncertain course; to fly around, hover; to err; to change*.

WANDUNG

Noun: *feeling of respect; turning aside from a task*.

WANFĀH

Adjective: *dark-hued*.

WANFEAX

Adjective: *dark-haired, with raven-black tresses*.

WANFŌTA

Noun: *bird with dark feet, pelican*.

WANFŸR

Noun: *lurid fire*.

WANG

1. Noun: *land, field, plain, place, country; the world, the Earth, the surface of the Earth*.

2. See *wange*.

WANGBEARD

Noun: *whisker.*

WANGE

Noun: *side of the face, cheek; jaw.*

WANGERE

Noun: *bolster, pillow.*

WANGSTEDE

Noun: *place, locality; place in open country, town on a plain.*

WANGTŌÐ

Noun: *molar, grinder, wang-tooth (in northern dialects).*

WANGTURF

Noun: *grass-land, meadow-turf.*

WANHÆLÐ

Noun: *weakness, defective health, sickness.*

WANHÆW

Adjective: *bluish, dark-blue, blue-black.*

WANHAFA

Noun: *poor person.*

WANHAFOL

Adjective: *needy, destitute.*

WANHAFOLNES

Noun: *need, want, poverty, destitution; hunger.*

WANHĀL

Adjective: *weak, infirm, unsound, sick, ill, maimed.*

WANHĀLNES

Noun: *weakness, infirmity, unsoundness, sickness, ill-health.*

WANHLȳTE

Adjective: *free from, destitute of, having no share in.*

WANHOGA

Noun: *imprudent person, thoughtless, fool.*

WANHYGD

Noun: *imprudence, carelessness, want of mind, rashness, recklessness, folly; daring.*

WANHYGDIG

Adjective: *imprudent, careless, rash, reckless, thoughtless, foolish.*

WANIAN

See *(ge)wanian.*

WĀNIAN

Verb: *to complain; to lament, bewail, bemoan.*

WANIENDLIC

Adjective: *diminutive.*

WANIGENDANA

Noun: *one who weakens, diminishes, injures, impairs or spoils.*

WANN

Adjective: *dark, livid, swarthy, sable, blue-black; dusty, dingy; lurid.*

WANNIAN

Verb: *to become dark coloured, turn black; to become discoloured.*

WANNIHT

Adjective: *pale, wan, livid.*

WANSÆLIG

Adjective: *unhappy, miserable; unblessed, evil.*

WANSCEAFT

Noun: *unhappiness, misfortune, misery; some form of disease.*

WANSCEAFTA

Noun: *disease.*

WANSCEAFTE

Noun: *disease.*

WANSCRŸD

Adjective: *imperfectly clothed, poorly or ill clad.*

WANSĒOC

Adjective: *epileptic, having the falling sickness; frenzied, lunatic; melancholic.*

WANSIAN

Verb: *to diminish.*

WANSPĒD

Noun: *want, poverty, indigence.*

WANSPĒDIG

Adjective: *poor, indigent.*

WANSPĒDIGNESS

Noun: *poverty, indigence.*

WĀNUNG

Noun: *lamentation, wailing; howling.*

WANUNG

Noun: *weakening, diminution, decrease, reduction, abatement, checking; decline, decay; loss, deprivation; hurt, impairing, injury; lack, want, defect.*

WANWEGENDE

Adjective: *waning (moon).*

WANWILLA

Noun: *wilfulness.*

WĀPE

Noun: *cloth, napkin, towel; rubber.*

WAPELIAN

Verb: *to bubble up, foam, froth; to emit, pour forth, exhale; to swarm; to abound.*

WAPUL

Noun: *bubble, foam, froth.*

WĀR

1. Noun: *sea-weed; sand, strand.*

2. See *wær* (1).

3. See *wēr* (1).

WARA

Noun: *inhabitant.*

WARIAN

Verb: *to beware; to warn, make ware, put on guard; to protect, guard, defend; to attend; to possess, hold; to occupy, inhabit, hold a place; to make an agreement, make a treaty (with); to ward off.*

WĀRIG

Adjective: *dirty, stained with sea-weed, weedy.*

WĀRIHT

Adjective: *full of sea-weed.*

WARNIAN

See *(ge)warnian.*

WARNUNG

Noun: *warning, admonition; taking caution or heed, putting on guard; foresight.*

WĀROÐ

Noun: *sea-weed, alga.*

WAROÐ

Noun: *shore, beach, strand.*

WAROÐFARUÐ

Noun: *shore-wave, surf, breaker.*

WAROÐGEWINN

Noun: *surf; strife of waves near the shore, surge.*

WARU

1. Noun: *merchandise, ware; protection, care, shelter, guard, custody; defence, vindication.*

2. Noun: *wearing.*

WASCAN

1. Verb: *to wash, cleanse, bathe, lave.*

2. Noun: *the Gascons.*

WĀSE

Noun: *mud, mire, slime, ooze; marsh.*

WĀSEND

Noun: *gullet, windpipe, weasand.*

WĀSESCITE

Noun: *cuttlefish; liquid ejected by the cuttlefish.*

WASSEN

Noun: *vassal.*

WATEL

Noun: *covering, hurdle, interwoven twigs, wattle; (pl) thatching.*

WĀÐ

Noun: *journey, wandering, roving; chase, pursuit; hunt, hunting.*

WĀÐAN

Verb: *to wander, flee.*

WĀÐOL

1. Noun: *full moon.*

2. Adjective: *wandering.*

WAÐUM

Noun: *wave, billow; stream, sea, flood.*

WĀWAN

Verb: *to blow (of wind).*

WE

Pronoun: *we.*

WĒA

Noun: *misfortune, affliction, grief, woe, misery, trouble, harm; sin, wickedness, evil, malice.*

WĒACWĀNIAN

Verb: *to lament, wail.*

WĒADÆD

Noun: *deed of woe, ill or evil deed.*

WĒAGESĪÐ

Noun: *companion in misery or trouble, companion in wickedness or crime.*

WĒALĀF

Noun: *wretched remnant, survivor of calamity.*

WĒALAS

Noun: *the Welsh; Wales.*

WEALCA

Noun: *wave, billow, roller; light floating garment.*

WEALCAN

See *(ge)wealcan.*

WEALCERE

Noun: *fuller; walker.*

WEALCIAN

See *(ge)wealcian.*

WEALCOL

Adjective: *mobile, not firmly fixed, that turns or rolls easily; rolling in the waves.*

WĒALCYNN

Noun: *the Welsh race.*

WEALD

1. Noun: *bushes, foliage, wood, grove, forest.*

2. Noun: *power, dominion, mastery, sway; bridle; tendon, muscle, groin.*

3. Adjective: *powerful, mighty.*

4. Conjunction: *in case.*

5. See *geald.*

WEALDA

Noun: *ruler.*

WEALDAN

See *(ge)wealdan.*

WEALDBÆR

Noun: *place affording mast for swine.*

WEALDEND

1. Noun: *controller, leader, ruler, master, governor, sovereign; lord, king; possessor.*

2. Noun: *female ruler.*

WEALDENDE

See *(ge)wealdende.*

WEALDENDGOD

Noun: *Lord God.*

WEALDENDWYRHTA

Noun: *owner and builder.*

WEALDES

See *(ge)wealdes.*

WEALDGENGA

Noun: *bandit, thief, robber.*

WEALDIAN

Verb: *to rule, command.*

WEALDLEÐER

See *(ge)wealdleðer.*

WEALDNES

Noun: *rule, dominion.*

WEALDSTAPA

Noun: *grasshopper, locust.*

WEALDSWAÐU

Noun: *forest-track.*

WEALDWEAXE

Noun: *sinew, nerve.*

WEALG

Adjective: *nauseous.*

WEALH

1. Noun: *stranger, foreigner; servant, slave; Briton, Welshman, Celt of Britain; shameless person.*

2. Noun: *harrow, implement that rolls things over.*

WEALHĀT

Adjective: *boiling hot, red-hot.*

WEALHBASO

Noun: *foreign red or scarlet, vermilion.*

WEALHCYNN

Noun: *men of Wales, Britons; Celtic race.*

WEALHFÆRELD

Noun: *Welsh expedition.*

WEALHGEFĒRA

Noun: *commander of a Welsh expedition.*

WEALHHAFOC

Noun: *foreign hawk, falcon.*

WEALHHĀFOC

Noun: *foreign hawk, falcon.*

WEALHHNUTU

Noun: *foreign nut, walnut.*

WEALHMORA

Noun: *carrot, parsnip.*

WEALHMORE

Noun: *carrot, foreign root, parsnip.*

WEALHMORU

Noun: *carrot, parsnip.*

WEALHSTOD

Noun: *interpreter, translator; mediator; expounder.*

WEALHÐĒOD

Noun: *Welsh nation or people.*

WEALIAN

Verb: *to be defiant, bold; to be impudent, wanton.*

WĒALIC

Adjective: *miserable, woeful, sorrowful.*

WEALL

1. Noun: *wall, rampart, earthwork, dike, dam; rocky shore, steep hill, cliff.*

2. Noun: *fervour.*

3. Noun: *boiled or mulled wine.*

4. See *wæl* (1).

5. See *wiell.*

WEALLAN

Verb: *to flow, well, bubble forth, spring out, heave; to swarm; to be agitated, rage, toss; to torment, agitate; to be hot, burn, blaze, seethe, boil; to be fervent or strongly moved; to turn, roll.*

WĒALLAND

Noun: *foreign land; Normandy.*

WEALLCLIF

Noun: *steep cliff.*

WEALLDĪC

Noun: *walled ditch.*

WEALLDOR

Noun: *door in a wall.*

WEALLENDE

Adjective: *boiling; energetic, fervid, ardent, raging, fiery; swarming (with vermin).*

WEALLFÆSTEN

Noun: *walled place or stronghold, fortification, fortress, rampart; bulwark.*

WEALLGEAT

Noun: *gate in a wall, rampart-gate, postern.*

WEALLGEBREC

Noun: *wall-breaking, act of making a breach.*

WEALLGEWEORC

Noun: *wall-building; destruction of walls.*

WEALLIAN

1. Verb: *to wander, travel, roam, go abroad; to go as a pilgrim.*

2. Verb: *to wall.*

WEALLĪM

Noun: *cement, mortar.*

WEALLSTĀN

Noun: *stone for building.*

WEALLSTAÐOL

Noun: *interpreter, translator.*

WEALLSTEALL

Noun: *wall-place, foundation, place with buildings.*

WEALLSTĒAP

Adjective: *with lofty walls or cliffs; lofty.*

WEALLSTILLING

Noun: *repair of walls.*

WEALLÐRĀD

Noun: *plumb-line.*

WEALLUNG

Noun: *agitation; fervour, zeal.*

WEALLWALA

Noun: *part of a house-wall; wall-foundation or panelling.*

WEALLWEG

Noun: *walled road; road to a spring.*

WEALLWYRHTA

Noun: *mason; builder, wall-wright.*

WEALSĀDA

Noun: *cord or noose for binding captives.*

WEALTE

Noun: *ring; snare.*

WEALWEORC

Noun: *masonry; building, wall-work.*

WEALWIAN

1. Verb: *to roll, wallow.*

2. Verb: *to fade, dry up, shrivel, wither, decay.*

WEALWORD

Noun: *defiant or wanton word.*

WEALWYRT

Noun: *walewort, dwarf elder.*

WĒAMĒT

Noun: *anger, irascibility, wrath; passion.*

WĒAMŌD

Adjective: *angry, ill-humoured, wrathful, choleric; passionate.*

WĒAMŌDNES

Noun: *anger, irascibility, impatience; passionateness.*

WEARD

1. Noun: *keeping, watching, guard, ward, guardianship, protection; lurking, ambuscade; advance post.*

2. Noun: *keeper, watchman, guard, warder, guardian, sentinel, protector; lord, king; possessor.*

3. Adverb: *towards.*

WEARDDŪN

Noun: *beacon-hill.*

WEARDES

Adverb: *wards in to-wards.*

WEARDGERĒFA

Noun: *captain of the guard.*

WEARDIAN

Verb: *to keep, watch, guard, protect, preserve; defend; to hold a country, possess; to inhabit, occupy a place; rule, govern; to follow, remain behind.*

WEARDMANN

Noun: *keeper, watchman, guard, patrol.*

WEARDPENING

Noun: *rent paid in lieu of military service.*

WEARDSELD

Noun: *guard-house, watch-tower; guard.*

WEARDSTEALL

Noun: *watch-tower.*

WEARDSTŌW

Noun: *watchtower.*

WEARDWĪTE

Noun: *penalty or fine for not keeping guard.*

WEARG

1. Noun: *villain, scoundrel, outlaw, criminal, felon; accursed one; malignant being, evil spirit, monster.*

2. Adjective: *evil, wicked, vile, wretched, malignant, cursed.*

WEARGBEORG

Noun: *hill which is or is near the site of a gallows.*

WEARGBERENDE

Adjective: *villainous, rascally.*

WEARGBRÆDE

Noun: *some form of disease, warty eruption, tetter, ringworm, mole, freckle; stye in the eye.*

WEARGLIC

Adjective: *wretched, vile, mean.*

WEARGLĪCE

Adverb: *meanly, vilely, wretchedly.*

WEARGNES

Noun: *evil; cursing.*

WEARGOL

Adjective: *evil.*

WEARGRŌD

Noun: *scaffold, gallows, gibbet.*

WEARGTRÆF

Noun: *house of the accursed.*

WEARGTREAFU

Noun: *hell.*

WEARGTRĒOW

Noun: *gallows, gibbet; accursed tree, cross.*

WEARGUNG

Noun: *misery; curse.*

WEARM

Adjective: *warm.*

WEARME

Adverb: *warmly.*

WEARMIAN

See *(ge)wearmian.*

WEARMLIC

Adjective: *warm.*

WEARMNES

Noun: *warmness, warmth.*

WEARN

1. Noun: *difficulty, resistance, obstacle, hindrance; refusal, denial, reluctance, repugnance; abuse, reproaches.*

2. See *worn.*

WEARNMÆLUM

Adverb: *in troops, crowds or flocks.*

WEARNWĪSLĪCE

Adverb: *obstinately, with difficulty.*

WEARP

Noun: *warp; twig, osier.*

WEARPFÆT

Noun: *wicker basket.*

WEARR

Noun: *callosity.*

WEARRIG

Adjective: *warty, knotty; callous.*

WEARRIHT

Adjective: *warty, knotty, gnarled; leprous.*

WEARRIHTNES

Noun: *roughness or hardness of skin.*

WEARRNES

Noun: *knottiness.*

WEART

Noun: *wart.*

WEARTERE

Noun: *occupier, dweller, inhabitant.*

WĒAS

Adverb: *by chance, accidentally, fortuitously.*

WĒASGELIMP

Noun: *chance occurrence, accident.*

WĒASPELL

Noun: *evil tidings; tale of woe.*

WĒATĀCEN

Noun: *sign of grief or misery.*

WĒAÐEARF

Noun: *grievous or woeful need.*

WEAX

Noun: *wax.*

WEAXÆPPEL

Noun: *ball of wax, wax apple.*

WEAXAN

See *(ge)weaxan.*

WEAXBERENDE

Noun: *candle-bearer; acolyte.*

WEAXBRED

Noun: *writing-tablet; table, diagram, list.*

WEAXCANDEL

Noun: *wax candle.*

WEAXEN

Adjective: *waxen, made of wax.*

WEAXGEORN

Adjective: *very greedy, eager to grow.*

WEAXGESCEOT

Noun: *payment in wax; due to a church.*

WEAXHLĀF

Noun: *wax tablet.*

WEAXHLĀFSEALF

Noun: *wax salve.*

WEAXNES

See *(ge)weaxnes.*

WEAXSEALF

Noun: *wax salve.*

WEAXUNG

Noun: *waxing, growth, increase.*

WEB

Noun: *web, weft; woven work, tapestry.*

WEBBA

Noun: *weaver.*

WEBBE

Noun: *female weaver.*

WEBBĒAM

Noun: *weaver's beam; treadle of a loom.*

WEBBESTRE

Noun: *female weaver.*

WEBBGEWEORC

Noun: *weaving.*

WEBBIAN

Verb: *to weave, contrive, devise.*

WEBBUNG

Noun: *weaving, plotting, conspiracy, contriving; spectacle.*

WEBGERĒÐRU

Noun: *weaver's tool.*

WEBGEROD

Noun: *weaver's implement.*

WEBHŌC

Noun: *weaver's comb, reed; tenterhooks.*

WEBLIC

Adjective: *pertaining to a weaver.*

WEBSCEAFT

Noun: *weaver's beam.*

WEBTĀWA

Noun: *thread, line.*

WEBTĒAG

Noun: *weaving-thread.*

WEBWYRHTA

Noun: *fuller.*

WECCAN

See *(ge)weccan.*

WECCEND

Noun: *instigator.*

WECEDRENC

Noun: *emetic.*

WECG

Noun: *wedge; mass of metal, lump; piece of money.*

WECGAN

Verb: *to wag, move, agitate, shake, drive hither and thither; to be moved.*

WĒDAN

See *(ge)wēdan.*

WEDBRŌÐOR

Noun: *pledged brother, confederate.*

WEDBRYCE

Noun: *treachery.*

WEDD

Noun: *pledge; agreement, covenant, security; dowry.*

WEDDUNG

Noun: *pledging; betrothal, espousal.*

WĒDE

1. Adjective: *mad, furious, fierce, raging.*

2. See *wēd.*

WĒDEBERGE

Noun: *hellebore, plant used against madness.*

WĒDEHUND

Noun: *mad dog.*

WĒDEND

Adjective: *raving.*

WĒDENDSĒOC

Adjective: *mad, insane, lunatic.*

WĒDENHEORT

1. Adjective: *mad, frenzied, furious.*

2. Noun: *madness, frenzy, fury.*

WĒDENHEORTNES

Noun: *madness, frenzy, fury.*

WEDER

1. Noun: *weather, temperature of the air; air, wind, breeze, storm, tempest; sky, firmament.*

2. See *weðer* (1).

WEDERAS

Noun: *the Geats, a tribe of southern Scandinavia.*

WEDERĀWENDEDNES

Noun: *variation of weather.*

WEDERBLĀC

Adjective: *bleached by the weather.*

WEDERBURG

Noun: *town exposed to storms.*

WEDERCANDEL

Noun: *sun.*

WEDERDÆG

Noun: *day of fine weather.*

WEDERFEST

Adjective: *weather-bound.*

WEDER-GĒATAS

Noun: *the Geats.*

WEDERIAN

Verb: *to exhibit a change of weather.*

WEDERMEARC

Noun: *district occupied by the Wederas.*

WEDERTĀCEN

Noun: *sign of fine weather, sun.*

WEDERUNG

Noun: *(bad) weather.*

WEDERWOLCEN

Noun: *cloud.*

WĒDING

Noun: *madness, frenzy.*

WEDLĀC

Noun: *pledge, security; wedlock.*

WEDLOGA

Noun: *traitor, violator of agreement.*

WEFAN

See *(ge)wefan.*

WEFL

1. Noun: *weft, woof, thread which crosses the warp; shuttle, implement for weaving.*

2. See *wifel* (1).

3. See *wifer.*

WEFT

Noun: *weft, woof.*

WEG

Noun: *way, direction, path, road, highway; journey.*

WEGAN

See *(ge)wegan.*

WĒGAN

Verb: *to bend.*

WEGBRĀDE

Noun: *way-bread, plantain, dock.*

WEGEND

Noun: *bearer.*

WEGFARENDE

Adjective: *travelling, on a journey, wayfaring; going a way, passing by.*

WEGFĒREND

Noun: *traveller, wayfarer.*

WEGFĒRENDE

1. Adjective: *travelling, on a journey, wayfaring; going a way, passing by.*

2. See *wegfarende.*

WEGFŌR

Noun: *travel, journey, wayfaring; going away.*

WEGGEDĀL

Noun: *cross-way, place where a road divides.*

WEGGELÆTE

Noun: *junction of roads.*

WEGGĒSĪÐ

Noun: *travelling companion.*

WEGGEWIT

Noun: *aberration (of mind).*

WEGLĒAS

Adjective: *out of the way, erroneous, unreasonable; without a road, impassable.*

WEGLĒAST

Noun: *trackless place; wilderness.*

WEGLĪSU

Noun: *want of road.*

WEGNEST

Noun: *food for a journey.*

WEGRĒAF

Noun: *robbery on a road.*

WEGTWIFLUNG

Noun: *branching of roads.*

WEGU

Noun: *vehicle, carriage.*

WEL

1. Adverb: *well, abundantly, prosperously; very, very much, fully, quite, thoroughly; nearly; indeed, to be sure.*

2. See *wæl* (1).

3. See *wiell.*

4. See *wiel.*

WELA

Noun: *wealth, riches, abundance; prosperity, happy estate.*

WĒLAND

Noun: *Smith-God, Northern Vulcan; the river Welland.*

WELBESCĒAWOD

Adjective: *considerate, prudent; discreet.*

WELBOREN

Adjective: *well-born, noble.*

WELCWEÐAN

Verb: *bless.*

WELDÆD

Noun: *kindness, favour, benefit, acceptable deed; office, service.*

WELDŌN

Verb: *to do well; to satisfy, please, benefit.*

WELDŌND

Noun: *benefactor.*

WELDŌNDE

Adjective: *doing well, acting rightly.*

WELDŌNNES

Noun: *well-doing, kindness, benignity.*

WELER

Noun: *lip.*

WELEÐIG

Adjective: *rich.*

WELFREMMENDE

Adjective: *beneficent.*

WELFREMMING

Noun: *good deed, kindness, benefit.*

WELFREMNES

Noun: *benefit.*

WELGĀ

Interjection: *hail!*

WELGECWĒME

Adjective: *well-pleasing.*

WELGECWĒMEDLIC

Adjective: *well-pleasing.*

WELGECWĒMNES

Noun: *good pleasure; favour.*

WELGEDŌN

Adjective: *good, well done, beneficent.*

WELGEHWÆR

Adverb: *(nearly) everywhere.*

WELGELÆRED

Adjective: *well-instructed.*

WELGELĪCIAN

Verb: *to please well; to be well pleased.*

WELGELĪCOD

Adjective: *well-pleasing, much liked.*

WELGELĪCWIRÐE

Adjective: *acceptable, well-pleased.*

WELGELĪCWIRÐNES

Noun: *good pleasure.*

WELGESTEMNED

Adjective: *having a good voice.*

WELGETŸD

Adjective: *well-instructed or educated.*

WELGEWENDE

Adjective: *thriving.*

WELHÆWEN

Adjective: *beautifully coloured.*

WELHOLD

Adjective: *very faithful.*

WELHWĀ

Pronoun: *every one; every thing.*

WELHWÆR

See *(ge)welhwær.*

WELHWILC

See *(ge)welhwilc.*

WELIG

1. Adjective: *wealthy, rich, opulent; prosperous.*

2. Noun: *willow.*

WELIGIAN

See *(ge)weligian*.

WELIGSTEDENDE

Adjective: *making rich*.

WELLERE

Noun: *hollow, fold, bosom*.

WELLIBBENDE

Adjective: *living well, well conducted, reputable*.

WELLĪCIAN

Verb: *to please well*.

WELLĪCOD

Adjective: *beneplacito*.

WELLĪCUNG

Noun: *well-pleasing, agreeableness*.

WELLĪCWYRÐE

Adjective: *well-pleasing*.

WELLWILL

Noun: *spring*.

WELMANIG

Adjective: *numerous*.

WELRŪMLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, graciously, benignantly*.

WELRŪMMŌD

Adjective: *kind, gracious, benignant*.

WELSTINCENDE

Adjective: *fragrant, sweet-smelling*.

WELSWĒGENDE

Adjective: *melodious, sonorous*.

WELÐUNGEN

Adjective: *honoured, in high repute, of great excellence; able, good, proficient, well-thriven*.

WELUNG

Noun: *revolution (of a wheel)*.

WELWEORÐE

Adjective: *of high esteem, of great account*.

WELWILLENDE

Adjective: *well-wishing, good, kindly, benevolent, benignant; of right will, right-minded*.

WELWILLENDLĪCE

Adverb: *kindly, benevolently, lovingly.*

WELWILLENDNES

Noun: *kindness, benevolence, good-will, benignity.*

WELWYRCEND

Noun: *well-doer.*

WELWYRCENDE

Adjective: *well-doing.*

WĒMAN

1. Verb: *to sound, be heard; to announce.*

2. See *(ge)wēman.*

WĒMEND

Noun: *herald, declarer.*

WĒMERE

Noun: *one who allures or entices; procurer.*

WEMMAN

See *(ge)wemman.*

WEMMEND

See *(ge)wemmend.*

WEMMING

See *(ge)wemming.*

WEMNESSE

Noun: *pollution.*

WĒN

1. Noun: *thought, idea, opinion, estimation, supposition; hope, expectation; chance, likelihood, probability; name of the rune for w.*

2. See *wægn.*

WĒNA

Noun:*; thought, idea, imagination, fancy, opinion, supposition; hope, expectation.*

WĒNAN

See *(ge)wēnan.*

WENBŸL

Noun: *boil, carbuncle.*

WENCEL

1. Noun: *child; servant, slave.*

2. See *wancol*.

WEND

Noun: *event, case, course, alternative*.

WENDAN

See *(ge)wendan*.

WENDEDLIC

Adjective: *changing*.

WENDEDNESS

See *(ge)wendedness*.

WENDELSÆ

Noun: *the Mediterranean*.

WENDEND

Noun: *that which turns round*.

WENDENDE

Adjective: *movable, resolving*.

WENDERE

Noun: *interpreter, translator*.

WENDLE

Noun: *the Vandals*.

WENDSUM

Noun: *winding*.

WENDUNG

Noun: *change, turning, rotation; revolution; mutation*.

WĒNE

Adjective: *hopeful; beautiful, fair*.

WĒNENDLIC

Adjective: *to be hoped for*.

WENIAN

See *(ge)wenian*.

WĒNLIC

Adjective: *fair, comely, handsome*.

WĒNLĪCE

Adverb: *fairly, in comely fashion, handsomely*.

WENN

1. Noun: *wen, tumour*.

2. See *wynn*.

WENNAN

See *(ge)wennan*.

WENNCĪCEN

Noun: *little wen*.

WENNSEALF

Noun: *wen-slave, ointment for a tumour*.

WENSPRYNG

Noun: *mole*.

WENTAS

Noun: *people of Gwent*.

WENT-SÆTE

Noun: *people of Gwent*.

WĒNÐ

Noun: *beauty*.

WĒNUNG

Noun: *hope, expectation; supposition, doubt*.

WĒNUNGA

Adverb: *possibly, perhaps, by chance*.

WENWYRT

Noun: *name of some plant supposed to be good for wens, crowfoot, lesser celandine, darnel*.

WĒO

1. Noun: *the upper part of the throat*.

2. See *wōh* (1).

3. See *wēa*.

4. See *wōh* (2).

WĒOCE

Noun: *wick of a lamp or candle*.

WĒOD

Noun: *grass, herb, weed, uselesss or injurious plant*.

WĒODHŌC

Noun: *weed-hook, hoe*.

WĒODIAN

Verb: *to weed*.

WĒODMŌNAÐ

Noun: *August.*

WĒODUNG

Noun: *weeding.*

WĒOFOD

Noun: *altar; prayer to an idol.*

WĒOFODBŌT

Noun: *fine for injuring a priest, which was applied in support of the altar.*

WĒOFODHEORÐ

Noun: *altar-hearth, part of the altar where the offering is burnt.*

WĒOFODHRÆGL

Noun: *altar-covering.*

WĒOFODSCĒAT

Noun: *altar-cloth.*

WĒOFODSTEALL

Noun: *place of the altar.*

WĒOFODÐEGN

Noun: *altar-attendant, priest.*

WĒOFODÐĒNUNG

Noun: *service at the altar.*

WĒOFODWIGLERE

Noun: *diviner, soothsayer, one who divines from the sacrifices.*

WEOFUNG

Noun: *weaving.*

WEOGORNACEASTER

Noun: *Worcester.*

WEOGORNACEASTRESCĪR

Noun: *Worcestershire.*

WEOHLAN

Noun: *the jaws.*

WĒOHSTEALL

Noun: *place of the altar, sanctuary, choir.*

WEOLC

1. Adjective: *scarlet, purple.*

2. See *weoloc.*

WEOLMA

Noun: *desire; what is best.*

WEOLME

Noun: *choice, pick of one's fellow-creatures.*

WEOLOC

Noun: *kind of shell-fish, whelk, cockle, murex; dye from the murex.*

WEOLOCBASU

Adjective: *purple.*

WEOLOCRĒAD

Adjective: *scarlet, purple, shell-fish red.*

WEOLOCSCYLL

Noun: *shell-fish, whelk, cockle.*

WEOLOCTÆLG

Noun: *purple dye.*

WĒONINGAS

Noun: *bindings for the legs.*

WEONODLAND

Noun: *country of the Wends.*

WEORC

See *(ge)weorc.*

WEORCCRÆFT

Noun: *mechanics.*

WEORCDÆD

Noun: *action, operation, working.*

WEORCDÆG

Noun: *work-day.*

WEORCE

1. Adjective: *difficult, hard, bitter, painful.*

2. Adverb: *with difficulty, hardly.*

WEORCFUL

Adjective: *laborious, industrious; active.*

WEORCGERĒFA

Noun: *overseer of work, foreman.*

WEORCHŪS

Noun: *workshop.*

WEORCLAND

Noun: *land subject to labour services.*

WEORCLĪC

Adjective: *working, busy.*

WEORCMANN

Noun: *workman, labourer.*

WEORCNŸTEN

Noun: *working cattle.*

WEORCRÆDEN

Noun: *corvee-work; work, labour.*

WEORCSIGE

Noun: *success in work.*

WEORCSTĀN

Noun: *stone for building, hewn or large stone.*

WEORCSUM

Adjective: *painful, grievous, noxious.*

WEORCÐĒOW

Noun: *servant, slave, thrall, bondman, bondwoman.*

WEORCUHTA

Noun: *hour of matins on a non-festival day.*

WEORCUM

Adverb: *with difficulty.*

WEORCWĪSUNG

Noun: *direction of work.*

WEORCWYRÐE

Adjective: *capable or fit for work; able-bodied.*

WEORF

1. Noun: *beast of burden; young ass; cattle.*

2. See *hwȳorf.*

WEORFEMEOLUC

Noun: *milk from wild cattle.*

WEORFTORD

Noun: *dung of cattle.*

WEORMIAN

See *(ge)weormian.*

WEORNIAN

See *(ge)weornian*.

WEOROLDGERISENE

Noun: *worldly propriety*.

WEOROLDWUNIEND

Noun: *dweller or dwelling in this world*.

WEORPAN

See *(ge)weorpan*.

WEORPERE

Noun: *thrower, caster*.

WEORPETUNGEO

Noun: *pride*.

WEORPIAN

Verb: *to pine away*.

WEORR

1. Adjective: *bad, grievous*.

2. See *wearr*.

WEORÐ

1. Adjective: *worth, of value; worthy, honoured, noble, honourable, excellent, of high rank; valued, dear, precious; becoming, fit, meet; capable, properly qualified for, entitled to, possessed of*.

2. See *(ge)weorð*.

3. See *worð* (1).

WEORÐAN

See *(ge)weorðan*.

WEORÐERE

Noun: *worshipper*.

WEORÐFUL

Adjective: *good, worthy, prized, honoured, noble, honourable, glorious, excellent, illustrious, magnificent; dear, esteemed; suitable, fitting*.

WEORÐFULLIC

Adjective: *worthy, distinguished, honoured, noble, honourable, magnificent*.

WEORÐFULLĪCE

Adverb: *in a way that is highly esteemed, worthily, nobly, honourably, excellently; in a fitting manner, properly*.

WEORÐFULNES

Noun: *dignity, honour, nobleness, magnificence.*

WEORÐGEORN

Adjective: *high-souled, desirous of honour, noble-minded, excellent.*

WEORÐIAN

See *(ge)weorðian.*

WEORÐLĒAS

Adjective: *worthless, of no value.*

WEORÐLIC

Adjective: *important, valuable; estimable, honourable, distinguished, splendid, exalted; fit, becoming.*

WEORÐLĪCE

Adverb: *worthily, with distinction, nobly, honourable, gloriously, excellently, splendidly, magnificently.*

WEORÐLICNES

Noun: *estimation, worthiness, honour.*

WEORÐMETEDNES

Noun: *adinventio.*

WEORÐMYND

Noun: *dignity, honour, nobleness, glory; mark of distinction; decoration, ornament; fame, glory; favour, grace.*

WEORÐNES

Noun: *worth, estimation; integrity, nobility, honour, splendour; state, rank.*

WEORÐSCIPE

Noun: *worth, dignity, respect, nobleness, honour, glory, excellence, magnificence; good, advantage; distinction (in behaviour); decoration, ornament.*

WEORÐÐEARFA

Noun: *poor person.*

WEORÐUNDÆG

Noun: *day for celebration, day for bestowal of honours or offices, festival.*

WEORÐUNG

Noun: *distinction, honour, glory, excellence; celebration, commemoration, festival, worship, religious service; decoration, ornament.*

WEORÐUNGSTŌW

Noun: *place for worship, the tabernacle.*

WEORULDGIRELA

Noun: *secular apparel.*

WEOXIAN

Verb: *to cleanse, make clean, wipe.*

WĒPAN

See *(ge)wēpan.*

WĒPENDE

Adjective: *weeping.*

WĒPENDLIC

Adjective: *lamentable, mournful, deplorable.*

WĒPENDLĪCE

Adverb: *lamentably, mournfully, grievously.*

WER

1. Noun: *man, male person; married or betrothed man, husband; hero; (in grammar) masculine gender.*

2. Noun: *man's legal value, price set upon a man according to his degree.*

3. Noun: *weir, dam; fish-trap, catch; draught.*

4. Noun: *guard, band, troop.*

WERBÆR

Noun: *pasture land near a weir, weir where fish are caught.*

WERBĒAM

Noun: *strong man, warrior.*

WERBOLD

Noun: *weir-building.*

WERBORG

Noun: *security or pledge for the payment of wergild.*

WERC

1. Noun: *glosses nanus.*

2. See *(ge)weorc.*

3. See *wærc.*

WERCYN

Noun: *human race, mankind, tribe.*

WERDE

Noun: *glosses opes.*

WEREÐ

Noun: *marsh.*

WERFÆHÐ

Noun: *breach of the peace; slaying in pursuing the feud under circumstances that call for the payment of wer.*

WĒRGIAN

See *(ge)wērgian.*

WERGILD

Noun: *compensation, value of a man's life.*

WERGILDÐĒOF

Noun: *thief who might be redeemed by payment of his wergild.*

WERGULU

Noun: *crab-apple.*

WERHĀD

Noun: *manhood, the male sex, virility.*

WERIAN

See *(ge)werian.*

WERIEND

Noun: *protector, defender.*

WĒRIG

Adjective: *tired, weary, exhausted, fatigued; sad, unfortunate, miserable, grieved.*

WĒRIGFERHÐ

Adjective: *depressed, disconsolate, weary-hearted, cast down.*

WĒRIGMŌD

Adjective: *weary in spirit, cast down.*

WĒRIGNES

Noun: *weariness, lassitude.*

WĒRIGU

Noun: *weariness, grief.*

WERING

Noun: *weir, dam.*

WERLĀD

Noun: *clearing by the oaths of a number of men according to a man's wer.*

WERLĒAS

Adjective: *without a husband.*

WERLIC

Adjective: *masculine, male; (of age) that has reached man's estate; husband.*

WERLĪCE

Adverb: *after the manner of a male; like a man, manfully.*

WERMÆGÐ

Noun: *tribe, nation; tribe or family of men.*

WERMET

Noun: *man's measure, stature of a man.*

WERMŌD

Noun: *wormwood, absinthe.*

WERNÆGEL

Noun: *tumour, wart.*

WEROD

1. Noun: *assembly, band, multitude, throng, company; host, legion, army, troop; retainers, followers.*

2. Adjective: *sweet.*

3. Noun: *sweet drink, mead.*

WERODIAN

Verb: *to grow sweet.*

WERODLĒST

Noun: *lack of fighters or troops.*

WERODLĪCE

Adverb: *sweetly.*

WERODNES

Noun: *sweetness; pleasantness.*

WERP

Noun: *change for the better, recovery from sickness.*

WERPING

Noun: *loss.*

WERRĒAF

Noun: *civil clothing.*

WERSCIPE

1. Noun: *married state, estate of matrimony.*

2. See *wærscipe.*

WERSTEDE

Noun: *place of a weir.*

WERTIHTLE

Noun: *crime, homicide, charge involving the penalty of wer; cross action, counter-charge.*

WERÐĒOD

Noun: *people, folk, nation; pl. men, nations, the world.*

WERWULF

Noun: *werewolf, fiend.*

WĒSA

Noun: *soaker, drunkard.*

WESAN

Verb: *to be, exist, live; to be, stand, have place, dwell; to be, be done, happen, come to pass; to turn out, have result; to belong to; to affect, be the matter with.*

WĒSAN

See *(ge)wēsan.*

WĒSE

Adjective: *moist, soaked, macerated.*

WESEND

Noun: *bison, buffalo, wild ox.*

WESENDHORN

Noun: *buffalo or bison's horn.*

WESENDLĪCE

Adverb: *essentially.*

WESING

Noun: *soaking, steeping.*

WESLE

Noun: *weasel.*

WEST

1. Adverb: *west, westward, to the west, in a westerly direction.*

2. Adjective: *westerly, situated in the west.*

WESTAN

Adverb: *from the west.*

WĒSTAN

See *(ge)wēstan.*

WESTANE

Adverb: *from the west, in the west.*

WESTANNORÐAN

Adverb: *from the north-west; to the north-west.*

WESTANSŪÐAN

Adverb: *to the south-west.*

WESTANSŪÐANWIND

Noun: *south-west wind.*

WESTANWEARD

Adverb: *westward.*

WESTANWIND

Noun: *west wind.*

WEST-CENTIGAS

Noun: *The people or the district of West Kent.*

WESTDÆL

Noun: *western part; the west.*

WEST-DENE

Noun: *the West-Danes.*

WĒSTE

Adjective: *deserted, desolated, uninhabited, unused, uncultivated, unproductive, waste, barren, deprived, devoid; spoiled.*

WĒSTEN

1. Noun: *desert, wilderness, waste.*

2. Adjective: *desolate, desert, waste.*

WĒSTEND

Noun: *waster; devastator, destroyer.*

WESTENDE

Noun: *west end.*

WĒSTENGRYRE

Noun: *terror inspired by the desert or wilderness.*

WĒSTENLIC

Adjective: *eremitic.*

WĒSTENSETLA

Noun: *dweller in a wilderness, hermit, anchorite.*

WĒSTENSTAÐOL

Noun: *waste or deserted place.*

WESTERNE

Adjective: *western, westerly.*

WESTHEALF

Noun: *western side.*

WĒSTIG

Adjective: *desolate, desert, waste.*

WESTLANG

1. Adverb: *extending westwards.*

2. Adjective: *with the length measured in a westerly direction.*

WESTMEARC

Noun: *western boundary.*

WESTMŌRINGAS

Noun: *the people of Westmoreland.*

WESTMYNSTER

Noun: *Westminster.*

WĒSTNES

Noun: *desolation; desert place.*

WESTNORÐ

Adverb: *north-west.*

WESTNORÐLANG

Adverb: *extending north-westwards.*

WESTNORÐWIND

Noun: *north-west wind.*

WESTRĪCE

Noun: *western kingdom or empire.*

WESTRIHTE

Adjective: *westward, due west.*

WESTRIHTES

Adverb: *westward, due west.*

WESTRODOR

Noun: *western sky (evening), western heavens.*

WESTSÆ

Noun: *western sea.*

WESTSCĒATA

Noun: *western angle or promontory.*

WEST-SEAXE

Noun: *the West-Saxons; Wessex.*

WESTSŪÐENDE

Noun: *south-west extremity.*

WESTSŪÐWIND

Noun: *south-west wind.*

WEST-WĒALAS

Noun: *The Celts of Cornwall, Cornishmen; Cornwall.*

WESTWEARD

1. Adverb: *westward, in a westerly direction.*

2. Adjective: *west, westerly, westward, western part of the noun to which the word refers.*

WESTWEG

Noun: *western way.*

WEST-WILLE

Noun: *the people of some district in England.*

WESTWIND

Noun: *west wind.*

WEST-WIXAN

Noun: *the people of some district in England.*

WĒÐAN

Verb: *to make calm, gentle or mild, assuage.*

WĒÐE

Adjective: *gentle, pleasant, mild, sweet.*

WEÐEL

Noun: *bandage, swathe.*

WEÐER

1. Noun: *ram, wether sheep.*

2. See *weder* (1).

WĒÐNES

See *(ge)wēðnes.*

WIBBA

Noun: *worm, beetle, crawling thing.*

WĪC

Noun: *dwelling-place, lodging, abode, habitation, quarters, house, mansion; lane, street, village, town; temporary abode, camp, entrenchment, station; fortress, castle; bay, creek.*

WĪCAN

See *(ge)wīcan.*

WICCA

1. Noun: *magician, wizard, sorcerer, soothsayer; astrologer.*

2. See *wicga.*

WICCE

Noun: *witch, sorceress.*

WICCECRÆFT

Noun: *magic, witchcraft, sorcery; steed-craft, skill in connection with horses.*

WICCEDŌM

Noun: *magic, witchcraft, sorcery.*

WICCIAN

Verb: *to practise witchcraft.*

WICCUNG

Noun: *enchantment, witching-witchcraft.*

WICCUNGDŌM

Noun: *magic, witchcraft, sorcery.*

WICE

1. Noun: *wich-elm.*

2. See *wucu.*

WĪCE

Noun: *duty, office, function.*

WĪCEARD

Noun: *dwelling-place.*

WĪCFREOÐU

Noun: *protection of a dwelling.*

WICG

Noun: *horse, steed.*

WICGA

Noun: *insect, beetle.*

WĪCGERĒFA

Noun: *bailiff; the reeve of a wĪ; tax-gatherer.*

WĪCHERPAÐ

Noun: *public road to a wīc.*

WĪCIAN

See *(ge)wīcian.*

WĪCING

Noun: *sea-robber, pirate; Viking.*

WĪCINGSCEAÐA

Noun: *pirate.*

WĪCINGSCEAÐE

Noun: *piracy.*

WĪCNERA

Noun: *officer, steward, bailiff, minister; manger.*

WĪCNIAN

Verb: *to perform an office, do service; to discharge an office; to serve, minister; to attend upon, be steward.*

WĪCNUNG

Noun: *discharging of an office, service, stewardship.*

WĪCSCĒAWERE

Noun: *provider of a home; harbinger.*

WĪCSTEALL

Noun: *camping-place, camp.*

WĪCSTEDE

Noun: *dwelling-place, habitation.*

WICSTEFN

Noun: *period of a week.*

WĪCSTŌW

Noun: *dwelling-place, residence, camp, encampment.*

WĪCTŪN

Noun: *court; vestibule.*

WICÐĒNESTRE

Noun: *weekly servant.*

WĪCUNG

Noun: *lodging.*

WĪCWEG

Noun: *the road to a wīc.*

WĪD

Adjective: *wide, of width, broad, vast; wide, ample, spacious; open; wide, distant, far; long, lasting low; always.*

WĪDAN

Adverb: *from far, from a distance, from far and wide.*

WĪDBRĀD

Adjective: *wide-spread, far-spreading, ample.*

WĪDCŪÐ

Adjective: *well known, widely known, celebrated, noted.*

WĪDE

1. Adverb: *widely, to a great width; widely, far, to a distance; widely, in different places, on all sides.*

2. Noun: *width.*

WĪDEFEORLIC

Adjective: *perpetual, eternal.*

WĪDEFERHÐ

1. Noun: *long life, age; for a long time, for ever, for all time.*

2. Adverb: *always.*

WIDERIGGAS

Noun: *the name of some people in England.*

WĪDFÆÐME

Adjective: *ample, extensive, broad-bosomed.*

WĪDFAREND

Noun: *wanderer.*

WĪDFĒRENDE

Adjective: *coming from afar, wide-faring; wandering.*

WĪDFLOGA

Noun: *one that takes wide flights, wide-flier (of a dragon).*

WĪDFOLC

Noun: *great nation; wide-spread folk.*

WĪDGANGOL

Adjective: *wandering, roving, rambling.*

WĪDGENGE

Adjective: *roving, rambling, going far and wide; wandering (monk).*

WĪDGIL

Adjective: *broad, wide-spread, extensive, vast, spacious; roving, wandering.*

WĪDGILNES

Noun: *amplitude, spaciousness; extensiveness, vastness; wandering, discursiveness.*

WĪDHERGAN

Verb: *to extol.*

WĪDIAN

Verb: *to widen, become wider, grow wide.*

WĪDL

Noun: *impurity, filth, pollution; defilement.*

WĪDLÆSTE

Adverb: *widely.*

WĪDLAND

Noun: *broad land, extensive country; the face of the earth.*

WĪDLĀST

1. Adjective: *wide-wandering.*

2. Noun: *long wandering, long way or road; wanderer's track.*

WĪDLIAN

See *(ge)wīdlian.*

WĪDMÆRE

Adjective: *well-known, famous, celebrated, notorious.*

WĪDMÆRSIAN

See *(ge)wīdmærsian.*

WĪDMÆRSUNG

Noun: *proclamation, publication.*

WĪDNES

Noun: *width.*

WĪDRYNIG

Adjective: *wide-streaming, far-flowing.*

WĪDSÆ

Noun: *open sea, ocean.*

WĪDSCEOP

Adjective: *widely distributed.*

WĪDSCOFEN

Adjective: *pushed far, extreme.*

WĪDSCRĪÐOL

Adjective: *wandering, erratic; roving, rambling, wide-wandering.*

WĪDSĪÐ

Noun: *long travel; far journey.*

WĪDU

Noun: *width.*

WĪDWEGAS

Noun: *distant regions.*

WIEL

Noun: *servant, slave.*

WIELDE

1. See *(ge)wielde.*

2. Adjective: *in the power of, under the control of.*

WIELDEND

Noun: *subduer, subjugator, tamer.*

WIELDING

Noun: *rule, domination.*

WIELEN

Noun: *foreign woman; female slave.*

WIELISC

Adjective: *foreign; British, Welsh (not Anglo-Saxon); servile, not free.*

WIELL

Noun: *well, spring, fountain.*

WIELLE

Noun: *well, spring, stream, fountain.*

WIELM

Noun: *boiling, swelling; current, stream, billow; burning, flame, inflammation; roasting; fervour, ardour, zeal; heat, passion, fury, rage, violence.*

WIELMA

Noun: *inflammation.*

WIELMFȲR

Noun: *blazing or flaming fire.*

WIELMHĀT

Adjective: *burning hot.*

WIERDAN

See *(ge)wierdan.*

WIERDING

Noun: *injury, hurt; blemish.*

WIERDNES

Noun: *annoyance, injury, hurt; vice.*

WIERGAN

Verb: *to abuse, blaspheme, curse, do evil; to outlaw, proscribe; to condemn.*

WIERNAN

Verb: *to refuse, reject, decline, deny, withhold, be sparing of; to keep from, prevent from, forbid, prohibit.*

WIERNUNG

Noun: *refusal, denial.*

WIERP

Noun: *throw, cast, shot, blow.*

WIERPAN

See *(ge)wierpan.*

WĪF

Noun: *woman, female person, lady; married woman, wife; femenine (grammatical term).*

WĪFA

Noun: *woman.*

WĪFCILD

Noun: *female child.*

WĪFCYNN

Noun: *womankind, women; female sex.*

WĪFCȳÐÐU

Noun: *visit to a woman, company of a woman, intercourse with a woman.*

WIFEL

1. Noun: *weevil; beetle.*

2. See *wifer.*

WIFER

Noun: *dart, arrow, javelin, missile.*

WĪFFÆST

Adjective: *married, bound to a wife.*

WĪFFEX

Noun: *woman's hair.*

WĪFFRĒOND

Noun: *female friend.*

WĪFGĀL

Adjective: *licentious, unchaste; incontinent.*

WĪFGEHRINE

Noun: *contact with woman.*

WĪFGEMÆDLA

Noun: *woman's fury.*

WĪFGEMĀNA

Noun: *intercourse with a woman.*

WĪFGEORNES

Noun: *incontinence; adultery.*

WĪFGIFTA

Noun: *marriage, nuptials; outfit, dowry.*

WĪFHĀD

Noun: *womanhood; female sex.*

WĪFHAND

Noun: *female side, female line, female inheritor.*

WĪFHEALF

Noun: *female side, female line.*

WĪFHEARPE

Noun: *woman's harp, timbrel.*

WĪFHĪRED

Noun: *household of women, nunnery.*

WĪFHRÆGEL

Noun: *woman's clothing.*

WĪFIAN

See *(ge)wīfian.*

WĪFLĀC

Noun: *cohabitation, fornication, intercourse with a women.*

WĪFLĒAS

Adjective: *unmarried, without a wife.*

WĪFLĒAST

Noun: *lack of women.*

WĪFLIC

Adjective: *of a woman, womanly, female, feminine; feminine (grammatical term); wifely, matronly.*

WĪFLĪCE

Adverb: *like a woman.*

WĪFLUFU

Noun: *love for a woman.*

WĪFMANN

Noun: *woman; female servant; female (applied to plants).*

WĪFMYNE

Noun: *love for a woman.*

WIFRIAN

Verb: *to shake (a weapon).*

WĪFSCRŪD

Noun: *woman's clothing, woman's dress, female attire.*

WĪFÐEGN

Noun: *procurer, pander.*

WĪFÐING

Noun: *marriage, cohabitation, intercourse.*

WĪFUNG

See *(ge)wīfung.*

WĪG

1. Noun: *conflict, strife; contest, fight, battle, war; valour, fighting force; military force, army, troops.*

2. Noun: *idol, image.*

WIGA

1. Noun: *man; fighter, warrior; noble or strenuous man.*

2. Noun: *the Holy Spirit.*

WĪGAN

Verb: *to fight, do battle, make war.*

WĪGAR

Noun: *spear, lance.*

WĪGBÆRE

Adjective: *martial, warlike, eager for fighting.*

WĪGBEALU

Noun: *war-bale; harm caused by war or the calamity of war.*

WĪGBILL

Noun: *sword, battle-blade.*

WĪGBLĀC

Adjective: *splendid with warlike equipment.*

WĪGBLĒD

Noun: *luck in war.*

WĪGBORA

Noun: *fighter, belligerent; image-bearer.*

WĪGBORD

Noun: *shield.*

WĪGCRÆFT

Noun: *art of war, war-craft, military skill; war-power, military power.*

WĪGCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *strong in war.*

WĪGCYRM

Noun: *noise of battle.*

WĪGEND

Noun: *fighter, warrior, soldier; noble or strenuous man.*

WĪGENDE

Adjective: *able to fight, fighting.*

WIGESTAS

Noun: *the name of some people in England.*

WĪGFRECA

Noun: *warrior.*

WĪGFRUMA

Noun: *leader in war, chieftain.*

WĪGGETĀWE

Noun: *war-equipments, war-gear.*

WĪGGILD

Noun: *idol.*

WĪGGRYRE

Noun: *terror caused by war.*

WĪGHAGA

Noun: *war-hedge, phalanx.*

WĪGHEAFOLA

Noun: *helmet.*

WĪGHĒAP

Noun: *war-troop, band or troop of warriors.*

WĪGHEARD

Adjective: *brave in battle, hardy; martial, warlike.*

WĪGHETE

Noun: *hostility, hate that leads to war.*

WĪGHRYRE

Noun: *fall in fight, defeat, slaughter.*

WĪGHŪS

Noun: *tower, battlement, fortification; turret (on an elephant's back).*

WĪGHYRST

Noun: *war-gear, accoutrements, trappings of war.*

WĪGIAN

Verb: *to fight.*

WIGLE

Noun: *divination, heathen practice.*

WĪGLĒOÐ

Noun: *battle-signal, war-cry, war-song, trumpet's summons.*

WIGLERE

Noun: *wizard, sorcerer, diviner, soothsayer, augur.*

WĪGLIAN

Verb: *to practise divination or sorcery.*

WĪGLIC

Adjective: *martial, warlike.*

WĪGLĪCE

Adverb: *valiantly, in a warlike manner, by fighting.*

WĪGLUNG

See *(ge)wīglung.*

WĪGMANN

Noun: *fighting man, warrior, soldier.*

WĪGNETT

Noun: *drag-net, gladiator's net.*

WĪGNOÐ

Noun: *war, warfare.*

WIGOL

Adjective: *divining, foreboding, adapted to augury.*

WĪGPLEGA

Noun: *battle, the game of war.*

WĪGRĀD

Noun: *war-path, road along which an army passes.*

WĪGRÆDEN

Noun: *state of war, warfare, battle.*

WĪGSIGOR

Noun: *victory in battle.*

WĪGSĪÐ

Noun: *military expedition.*

WĪGSMIÐ I

Noun: *war-maker, war-smith, warrior; man (poet.).*

WĪGSMIÐ II

Noun: *maker of idols, idol-smith.*

WĪGSPĒD

Noun: *success in war, victory.*

WĪGSPERE

Noun: *dart, war-spear.*

WĪGSTEALL

Noun: *defensive position, bulwark, bastion, rampart, entrenchment; the part of a church where the altar stands.*

WĪGSTRÆT

Noun: *public road, high road.*

WĪGSTRANG

Adjective: *powerful or mighty in war.*

WĪGTROD

Noun: *path of an army.*

WĪGÐRACU

Noun: *warfare, attack, onslaught in battle, violence of war.*

WĪGÐRĒAT

Noun: *military troop.*

WĪGÐRĪST

Adjective: *bold in battle, daring.*

WĪGWÆGN

Noun: *war-chariot.*

WĪGWÆPEN

Noun: *weapon of war.*

WĪGWEORÐUNG

Noun: *honour to idols, idol-worship.*

WIHT

1. Noun: *being, creature, person, wight; thing, something, anything, whit.*

2. Adverb: *at all.*

3. Noun: *Isle of Wight.*

4. Noun: *weight.*

WIHTE

1. Adverb: *at all.*

2. See *(ge)wihte.*

WIHTGĀRAS

Noun: *the name of some people in England.*

WIHTLAND

Noun: *Isle of Wight.*

WIHTMEARC

Noun: *weight-mark, plumb line.*

WIHTSÆTAN

Noun: *the inhabitants of the Isle of Wight.*

WIHTWARE

Noun: *the people of the Isle of Wight.*

WĪL

Noun: *device, trick, wile.*

WILA

Noun: *catenarum.*

WĪLBEC

Noun: *stream of misery (war's alarms).*

WILBODA

Noun: *angel, messenger of joy.*

WILCUMA

Noun: *welcome person (or thing), welcome guest.*

WILCUME

Interjection: *welcome!*

WILCUMIAN

See *(ge)wilcumian.*

WILD

Adjective: *wild, not tamed or domestic, uncontrolled, ungoverned, turbulent; not cultivated; uninhabited; uncivilized.*

WILDÆG

Noun: *day of joy, welcome day.*

WILDCYRFET

Noun: *bryony, brionia.*

WILDDĒOR

Noun: *wild animal, wild beast; deer, reindeer.*

WILDDĒORCYN

Noun: *species of wild beasts.*

WILDDĒOREN

Adjective: *fierce, of wild beasts.*

WILDDĒORLIC

Adjective: *savage, brutish, brutal, bestial, wild beast-like.*

WILDDĒORLĪCE

Adverb: *brutishly, after the manner of wild beasts.*

WILDE

1. Adjective: *wild; untamed, uncontrolled, ungoverned, turbulent; uncultivated, desert, uninhabited.*

2. Adverb: *in a ' wild, untamed, uncontrolled, uncultivated, desert' manner.*

WILDEFȲR

Noun: *lightning.*

WILDERLĪC

Adjective: *wildbeast-like, brutish.*

WILDESWĪN

Noun: *wild boar.*

WILDGŌS

Noun: *wild goose.*

WILDING

Noun: *dominion.*

WILDNESS

Noun: *wildness, licentiousness.*

WILFÆGEN

Adjective: *glad, fain, having one's desire, satisfied.*

WILFULLĪCE

Adverb: *willingly, voluntarily.*

WILGÆST

Noun: *welcome guest.*

WILGEDRYHT

Noun: *willing or glad band.*

WILGEHLĒÐA

Noun: *intimate or pleasant companion.*

WILGESĪÐ

Noun: *willing or pleasant companion.*

WILGIEFA

Noun: *gracious giver, giver of good; king.*

WILHRĒMIG

Adjective: *having one's desire, satisfied, exultant.*

WILHRĒÐIG

Adjective: *satisfied, exultant.*

WILIAN

See *(ge)wilian.*

WILIGA

Noun: *basket.*

WILIGE

Noun: *basket.*

WILIGWĪSE

Adjective: *basket-wise.*

WILIHT

Adjective: *having willows.*

WILL

1. Noun: *will, determination, mind, purpose; request, wish, desire; joy, pleasure, delight; valuable or desirable thing.*

2. See *wiell.*

3. See *willa* (1).

4. See *willa* (2).

WILLA

1. Noun: *will, determination, mind, intention, disposition, purpose, resolution, design, command; wish, desire, request; joy, pleasure, delight; desirable or valuable thing; accord, consent; sake, account.*

2. Noun: *well, spring, fountain.*

WILLAN

Verb: *to will, wish, be willing, desire, want; to be used to; to be about to; to think, mean, intend, purpose; to order, command, ordain; to allow, permit, grant, consent to; to claim, profess; to tend.*

WILLEN

1. Adjective: *willing, desirous.*

2. See *wyllen.*

WILLENDLĪCE

Adverb: *willingly, diligently.*

WILLERE

Noun: *salt-boiler.*

WILLES

Adverb: *willingly, voluntarily.*

WILLESTRĒAM

Noun: *bubbling or running stream.*

WILLGEBRŌÐOR

Noun: *brothers, brethren pleasant in their lives.*

WILLGESTEALD

Noun: *riches, wealth; desirable possession.*

WILLGESTEALLA

Noun: *willing companion.*

WILLGESWEOSTOR

Noun: *sisters; gracious sisters.*

WILLGEÐOFTA

Noun: *pleasant companion or associate.*

WILLIAN

See *(ge)willian.*

WILLIC

Adjective: *from a fountain or well.*

WILLĪCE

Adverb: *willingly, voluntarily.*

WILLODLĪCE

Adverb: *willingly.*

WILLSELE

Noun: *pleasant dwelling or hall.*

WILLSPELL

Noun: *good tidings, welcome news.*

WILLUNG

1. See *(ge)willung.*

2. Noun: *boiling, heat.*

WILLWEORÐUNG

Noun: *worship paid to springs.*

WILLWONG

Noun: *pleasant plain or land.*

WILLWYRDAN

Verb: *to be complaisant.*

WILMIAN

Verb: *to rage.*

WILNIAN

See *(ge)wilnian.*

WILNIENDLIC

See *(ge)wilniendlic.*

WILNINCEL

Noun: *young female servant or slave.*

WILNUNG

See *(ge)wilnung.*

WILSÆTE

Noun: *people of Wiltshire; Wiltshire.*

WILSĪÐ

Noun: *desired journey; welcome journey.*

WILSUM

Adjective: *desirable, pleasant, delightful; ready, willing, voluntary, spontaneous; devoted, devout.*

WILSUMLIC

Adjective: *desirable, pleasant, delightful; ready, willing, voluntary, spontaneous; devoted.*

WILSUMLĪCE

Adverb: *willingly, voluntarily, spontaneously; devotedly, devoutly.*

WILSUMNES

See *(ge)wilsumnes.*

WILTĪÐE

Adjective: *having one's desire, glad, satisfied.*

WILTŪN

Noun: *Wilton (in Wiltshire).*

WILTŪNISC

Adjective: *belonging to Wilton.*

WILTŪNSCĪR

Noun: *Wiltshire.*

WILÐEGU

Noun: *agreeable or grateful food.*

WILWEG

Noun: *desired or pleasant way.*

WIMPEL

Noun: *wimple, cloak, covering for the neck.*

WĪN

Noun: *wine.*

WĪNÆRN

Noun: *tavern, cellar; drinking or wine hall.*

WĪNBĒAM

Noun: *vine; vine-pole.*

WĪNBEGER

Noun: *grape.*

WĪNBELG

Noun: *bottle for wine; wine-skin.*

WĪNBERGE

Noun: *wine-berry, grape; whortle-berry.*

WĪNBŌH

Noun: *vine-shoot, branch of a vine.*

WĪNBRYTTA

Noun: *wine-seller or dealer, vintner; inn-keeper.*

WĪNBURG

Noun: *festive city, town where wine is drunk; walled vineyard, castle.*

WĪNBYRELE

Noun: *inn-keeper, vintner.*

WINCE

Noun: *winch, pulley.*

WINCEL

1. Noun: *corner.*

2. See *wancol.*

3. See *wencel* (1).

WINCETTAN

Verb: *to wink.*

WINCIAN

Verb: *to blink, close one's eyes; to make a sign, wink.*

WINCLIAN

Verb: *to wink.*

WĪNCLYSTER

Noun: *cluster or bunch of grapes; row of vines.*

WĪNCOLC

Noun: *wine vat.*

WĪNCYNN

Noun: *wine.*

WIND

1. Noun: *wind, air in motion; flatulence; breath.*

2. Noun: *winding, wrapping.*

WINDÆDDRE

Noun: *windpipe.*

WINDÆG

Noun: *labour day, day of strife or toil, battle day.*

WINDAN

See *(ge)windan.*

WINDBÆRE

Adjective: *windy.*

WINDBLAND

Noun: *blast or tumult of winds.*

WINDCYRICE

Noun: *round church.*

WINDE

Adjective: *curly.*

WINDEL

Noun: *basket.*

WINDELOCC

Noun: *curly lock.*

WINDELSTĀN

Noun: *tower with a winding stair-case.*

WINDELSTRĒAW

Noun: *windle-straw.*

WINDELTRĒOW

Noun: *wild olive, oleaster, willow.*

WINDFONA

Noun: *winnowing fan.*

WINDFYLLED

Adjective: *blown down by the wind.*

WINDGEARD

Noun: *home of the winds, sea.*

WINDGEAT

Noun: *windy gap.*

WINDGERESTE

Noun: *resting-place of the winds; hall open to the winds.*

WINDHLADEN

Adjective: *windy.*

WINDHRĒOSE

Noun: *storm of wind.*

WINDIG

Adjective: *windy, breezy; flatulent.*

WINDLESŌRA

Noun: *Windsor.*

WINDRÆS

Noun: *storm of wind.*

WINDRIAN

Verb: *scopebam.*

WĪNDRINC

Noun: *wine.*

WĪNDRUNCEN

Adjective: *drunken, drunken with wine; elate.*

WINDSCOFL

Noun: *fan.*

WINDSELE

Noun: *windy hall.*

WINDSWINGEL

Noun: *fan, wind-whip.*

WINDÐEARM

Noun: *windpipe.*

WINDUMÆR

Noun: *echo.*

WINDUNG

Noun: *winnowing, chaff, tares, straw; something woven or plaited.*

WINDWIAN

Verb: *to blow, winnow, fan.*

WINDWIGCEAF

Noun: *chaff, husk winnowed from the grain.*

WINDWIGSCOFL

Noun: *winnowing-fan.*

WINDWIGSYFE

Noun: *winnowing-sieve, fan.*

WINE

1. Noun: *friend; protector, lord; retainer.*

2. Noun: *pay, stipend.*

WINEDAS

Noun: *the Wends.*

WINEDRYHTEN

Noun: *friendly or gracious lord.*

WINEGĒOMOR

Adjective: *mourning for friends.*

WINELĒAS

Adjective: *friendless.*

WINEMÆG

Noun: *dear or loving kinsman.*

WINESCIPE

Noun: *friendship.*

WINETRĒOW

Noun: *conjugal fidelity; faith between friends.*

WINEÐEARFENDE

Adjective: *friendless.*

WINEWINCLE

Noun: *periwinkle (shell-fish).*

WĪNFÆT

Noun: *wine-vessel or vat.*

WĪNGĀL

Adjective: *flushed or intoxicated with wine; wanton with wine.*

WĪNGEARD

Noun: *vineyard; vine.*

WĪNGEARDBŌG

Noun: *vine-tendril.*

WĪNGEARDHŌC

Noun: *vine-tendril.*

WĪNGEARDHRING

Noun: *cluster of fruit, vine tendrils.*

WĪNGEARDSEAX

Noun: *vine pruning-knife.*

WĪNGEARDWEALH

Noun: *worker in a vineyard.*

WĪNGEDRINC

Noun: *wine-drinking, drinking bout; wine.*

WĪNGEMANG

Noun: *mixture of wine.*

WĪNHĀTE

Noun: *invitation to wine; feast.*

WĪNHORN

Noun: *wine-horn, drinking-cup.*

WĪNHRĒAFETIAN

Verb: *to gather or take grapes.*

WĪNHŪS

Noun: *wine-house, tavern.*

WĪNIAN

Verb: *to pluck or gather grapes.*

WINING

Noun: *band for the leg, garter.*

WĪNLAND

Noun: *wine-growing country.*

WĪNLĒAF

Noun: *vine-leaf.*

WĪNLIC

Adjective: *vinous, of or like wine.*

WĪNMERE

Noun: *wine-vat.*

WINN

See *(ge)winn.*

WINNA

See *(ge)winna.*

WINNAN

Verb: *to labour, toil, strive, endeavour, undergo; to suffer from, trouble oneself; to fight, struggle, contend, rage; to resist, oppose, contradict; to get, win, attain; to be ill.*

WINNEND

Noun: *fighter.*

WINNENDLIC

Adjective: *fighting.*

WINNSTŌW

See *(ge)winnstōw.*

WĪNRECED

Noun: *wine hall, house where there is feasting, palace.*

WĪNREOPAN

Verb: *to gather grapes.*

WĪNSÆD

Adjective: *satiated with wine.*

WĪNSÆL

Noun: *wine-hall, hall where there is feasting.*

WĪNSELE

Noun: *wine-hall, hall where there is feasting.*

WĪNSESTER

Noun: *wine-vessel or can.*

WINSTRE

1. Adjective: *left.*

2. Noun: *left hand.*

WĪNTÆPPERE

Noun: *wine-tapster, tavern-keeper.*

WINTANCEASTER

Noun: *Winchester.*

WINTER

Noun: *cold, wintry weather, winter; pl. years.*

WINTERBITER

Adjective: *bitterly cold.*

WINTERBURNA

Noun: *stream full in winter, torrent.*

WINTERCEALD

Adjective: *wintry-cold.*

WINTERCEARIG

Adjective: *sad from age or the gloom of winter.*

WINTERDÆG

Noun: *winter-day.*

WINTERDŪN

Noun: *hill on which there is pasturage for sheep during the winter.*

WINTERFEORM

Noun: *Christmas feast.*

WINTERFYLLEÐ

Noun: *October.*

WINTERGEGONG

Noun: *fate, what happens as the years pass.*

WINTERGERĪM

Noun: *number of years.*

WINTERGETEL

Noun: *number of years.*

WINTERGEWÆDE

Noun: *garment of winter; snow.*

WINTERGEWEORP

Noun: *snow or hail-storm, tempest.*

WINTERHŪS

Noun: *winter-house.*

WINTERLÆCAN

Verb: *to draw or grow wintry.*

WINTERLIC

Adjective: *wintry, winter.*

WINTERRÆDINGBŌC

Noun: *lectionary for the winter.*

WINTERSCŪR

Noun: *winter shower.*

WINTERSELDE

Noun: *winter-house.*

WINTERSETL

Noun: *winter-quarters.*

WINTERSTEAL

Noun: *yearling stallion or foal.*

WINTERSTUND

Noun: *year's space; winter-hour, short time.*

WINTERSUFEL

Noun: *provisions for winter.*

WINTERTĪD

Noun: *winter-time.*

WINTERWILLE

Noun: *spring that can be used in winter.*

WĪNTĪBER

Noun: *offering of wine, libation.*

WĪNTREDDE

Noun: *winepress.*

WĪNTRĒOW

Noun: *vine.*

WĪNTRĒOWIG

Adjective: *of a vine.*

WINTRIG

Adjective: *wintry, winter.*

WĪNTROG

Noun: *wine-vessel or press.*

WĪNTUNNE

Noun: *wine-cask.*

WĪNTWIG

Noun: *vine-twig.*

WĪNÐEGU

Noun: *drinking, banquet of wine, feasting.*

WĪNWIRCEND

Noun: *vine-dresser.*

WĪNWRINGE

Noun: *wine-press.*

WIORÐEGEND

Noun: *worshipper.*

WĪPIAN

Verb: *to wipe, cleanse.*

WĪR

Noun: *wire, metal thread, wire-ornament; myrtle.*

WĪRBOGA

Noun: *bent wire used in ornamenting an object.*

WIRD

Noun: *offence.*

WIRDE

Noun: *observer.*

WĪREMŪÐA

Noun: *Wearmouth.*

WIRGEDNESS

Noun: *cursing.*

WIRGEND

Noun: *malignant person, curser, evil-doer.*

WĪRGRÆFE

Noun: *myrtle-grove.*

WIRGUNGGALERE

Noun: *sorcerer.*

WĪRHANGRA

Noun: *meadow where myrtles grow.*

WIRHEALH

Noun: *Wirral, the peninsula between the Dee and the Mersey.*

WIRN

Noun: *obstacle, hindrance; difficulty.*

WIRPELS

Noun: *path.*

WĪRRIND

Noun: *myrtle-bark.*

WĪRTRĒOW

Noun: *myrtle-tree.*

WĪRTRĒOWEN

Adjective: *of a myrtle-tree.*

WIRÐU

Noun: *honour, dignity, decoration.*

WĪS

1. Adjective: *wise, learned; cunning, sagacious; sane; prudent, discreet, judicious; skilled, experienced, expert; known.*

2. Noun: *wise man.*

3. Noun: *leader, director, captain.*

4. See *wīse* (1).

WĪSBŌC

Noun: *instructive book, book of wisdom; record.*

WISC

Noun: *marsh.*

WISCE

Noun: *meadow liable to floods.*

WISCHERE

Noun: *diviner, wizard.*

WĪSDŌM

Noun: *wisdom, knowledge, cognizance, learning; experience; discretion.*

WĪSE

1. Noun: *way, manner, wise, mode, fashion, custom, habit; arrangement, instruction, direction, testamentary disposition; thing, matter, affair, business; condition, state, circumstance; reason, cause; melody; idiom.*

2. Adverb: *wisely.*

3. Noun: *sprout, stalk.*

WISE

Noun: *water-meadow.*

WĪSERE

Noun: *sign-post.*

WĪSFÆST

Adjective: *sagacious, intelligent, wise, learned; discreet; rational, judicious; perfect.*

WĪSFÆSTLIC

Adjective: *sagacious, intelligent, wise, learned; discreet.*

WĪSHYCGENDE

Adjective: *sagacious, wise.*

WĪSHŸDIG

Adjective: *sagacious, wise-minded; discreet.*

WĪSIAN

See *(ge)wīsian.*

WĪSLE

Noun: *the Vistula.*

WĪSLELAND

Noun: *the land in which the Vistula rises, part of Poland.*

WĪSLEMŪÐA

Noun: *mouth of the Vistula.*

WĪSLIC

Adjective: *sagacious, wise; discreet, prudent.*

WISLIC

Adjective: *true, certain, sure.*

WISLĪCE

See *(ge)wislīce.*

WĪSNES

See *(ge)wīsnes.*

WISNIAN

Verb: *to wizen, wither, dry up, waste away.*

WISS

Adjective: *certain.*

WISSE

Adverb: *certainly.*

WĪSSEFA

Noun: *wise-minded or souled person.*

WISSI

Noun: *the Visigoths.*

WISSIAN

See *(ge)wissian.*

WISSIEND

Noun: *guider, director, ruler, governor; driver (of chariot).*

WISSUM

Adverb: *altogether, completely.*

WISSUNG

See *(ge)wissung.*

WIST

Noun: *being, existence; well-being, abundance, plenty; food, meal, provision, nourishment, subsistence, sustenance; feast, delicacy, dainty food.*

WISTFUL

Adjective: *productive, abounding in food.*

WISTFULGEND

See *(ge)wistfulgend.*

WISTFULLIAN

See *(ge)wistfullian.*

WISTFULLĪCE

Adverb: *luxuriously, sumptuously.*

WISTFULLNES

Noun: *good cheer, luxury in eating.*

WISTFULLUNG

See *(ge)wistfullung.*

WISTFYLLO

Noun: *fill or abundance of food.*

WISTGIFENDE

Adjective: *fertile, yielding food.*

WISTMETE

Noun: *food for sustenance.*

WĪSWYLLE

Adjective: *wise in purpose.*

WĪSWYRDAN

Verb: *to be wise in speech.*

WĪSWYRDE

Adjective: *wise or prudent in speech.*

WIT

Pronoun: *we two, us two, me ant thee, me and him.*

WITA

See *(ge)wita.*

WITAN

See *(ge)witan.*

WĪTAN

See *(ge)wītan.*

WĪTE

Noun: *punishment, plague, torture, evil; injury, pain, disease; penalty, fine; woe, misery, distress.*

WĪTEBEND

Noun: *bond of torture or punishment.*

WĪTEBRŌGA

Noun: *tormenting dread, penal horror.*

WĪTECYLL

Noun: *sack in which parricides were put to death.*

WĪTEDŌMLIC

Adjective: *prophetic.*

WĪTEFÆST

Adjective: *penally enslaved.*

WĪTEGA

Noun: *wise man, lawyer; prophet, soothsayer, diviner; prophecy, presage.*

WĪTEGDŌM

Noun: *prediction, foreknowledge, prophecy, divination.*

WĪTEGEARD

Noun: *amphitheatre; place of punishment.*

WĪTEGESTRE

Noun: *prophetess.*

WĪTEGIAN

See *(ge)wītegian.*

WĪTEGUNG

Noun: *prophecy, divination.*

WĪTEGUNGBŌC

Noun: *book of prophecy.*

WĪTEHRÆGL

Noun: *penitential garment, sackcloth.*

WĪTEHŪS

Noun: *house of punishment or torture, prison; amphitheatre; hell.*

WĪTELĀC

Noun: *torment, punishment; pain.*

WĪTELĒAS

Adjective: *without punishment or fine.*

WĪTELĒASLĪCE

Adverb: *with impunity.*

WĪTELĒAST

Noun: *freedom from punishment or fine.*

WĪTELIC

Adjective: *toilsome, carking; penal; prophetic.*

WITENAGEMŌT

Noun: *meeting of the wise men, national council.*

WĪTERÆDEN

Noun: *punishment, fine.*

WĪTERN

Noun: *prison.*

WĪTESCRÆF

Noun: *hell, pit or den of torment.*

WĪTESTENG

Noun: *pole used for punishment or torture.*

WĪTESTŌW

Noun: *place of torment or execution.*

WĪTESWINGE

Noun: *punishment, scourging; chastisement.*

WĪTEÐĒOW

1. Adjective: *in slavery as a consequence of crime.*

2. Noun: *man reduced to slavery by the law.*

WĪTEWYRÐE

Adjective: *punishable.*

WĪTIGENDE

Adjective: *transitory.*

WĪTIGENDLIC

Adjective: *prophetic.*

WĪTIGLIC

Adjective: *punitive, of punishment.*

WITLĒAS

See *(ge)witlēas.*

WITLĒASNES

Noun: *witlessness, stupidity, folly, dullness, want of intelligence.*

WITLĒAST

See *(ge)witlēast.*

WITMÆRESWYRT

Noun: *spoonwort.*

WĪTNERE

Noun: *tormentor, punisher, torturer.*

WITNES

See *(ge)witness.*

WITNESMAN

Noun: *witness.*

WĪTNIAN

See *(ge)wītnian.*

WĪTNIGEND

Noun: *punisher.*

WĪTNIGENDLĪC

Adjective: *that punishes or torments; that deserves to be punished.*

WĪTNUNG

Noun: *torment, punishment, torture; purgatory.*

WĪTNUNGSTŌW

Noun: *place of punishment, purgatory.*

WITOD

Adjective: *appointed, ordained; certain, assured.*

WITODLIC

Adjective: *certain, sure.*

WITODLĪCE

See *(ge)witodlīce*.

WITOLNES

Noun: *wisdom*.

WITRAN

Verb: *to make certain, to inform*.

WITSCIPE

See *(ge)witscipe*.

WITSĒOC

See *(ge)witsēoc*.

WITSĒOCNES

See *(ge)witsēocnes*.

WITT

See *(ge)witt*.

WITTER

Adjective: *wise, knowing; wise*.

WITTIG

See *(ge)wittig*.

WITTIGLĪCE

See *(ge)wittiglīce*.

WITTIGNES

Noun: *intelligence, sagacity, prudence*.

WITUMA

Noun: *dowry*.

WITUMBORA

Noun: *bridesman, paranymph*.

WĪTWORD

Noun: *testament, covenant, written evidence*.

WIÐ

1. Adposition: *by, near, beside, at; through; against, opposite to; from (separation), with (opposition), for; in return for, on condition of; towards, to, in the direction of*.

2. Conjunction: *until*.

WIÐÆFTAN

1. Adverb: *behind, after, from behind*.

2. Adposition: *behind, at*.

WIÐBLĀWAN

Verb: *to blow away, strain at.*

WIÐBREGDAN

Verb: *to withhold, restrain, check, hold back; to oppose; to take away.*

WIÐCĒOSAN

Verb: *to reject.*

WIÐCOSTIAN

Verb: *reprobare.*

WIÐCWEDENNES

Noun: *contradiction, gainsaying, opposition.*

WIÐCWEÐAN

Verb: *to speak against, contradict, gainsay, oppose, resist; to reply; to deny, refuse, renounce, not allow, reject.*

WIÐDRĪFAN

Verb: *to repel, drive off.*

WIÐĒASTAN

Adverb: *eastward, eastwards.*

WIÐER

1. Adposition: *against, in opposition.*

2. Adjective: *hostile.*

3. Adverb: *against.*

4. See *wiðre.*

WIÐERBERSTA

Noun: *adversary.*

WIÐERBRECA

Noun: *adversary, opponent; the devil, Satan.*

WIÐERBROCIAN

Verb: *to oppose, be against or adverse to.*

WIÐERBRŌGA

Noun: *adversary; the devil.*

WIÐERCERRAN

Verb: *to turn against, prance.*

WIÐERCIRR

Noun: *resistance, going against.*

WIÐERCORA

Noun: *adversary, opponent, rebel, apostate; sinner, reprobate person.*

WIÐERCOREN

Adjective: *wicked, reprobate, rejected.*

WIÐERCORENNES

Noun: *reprobation, reprobateness.*

WIÐERCRIST

Noun: *antichrist.*

WIÐERCWEDOL

Adjective: *opposing, contradicting.*

WIÐERCWEDOLNES

Noun: *contradiction.*

WIÐERCWEDUNG

Noun: *contradiction, gainsaying.*

WIÐERCWEÐAN

Verb: *to withstand, resist.*

WIÐERCWIDA

Noun: *contradicter; rebel.*

WIÐERCWIDDIAN

Verb: *to murmur.*

WIÐERCWIDE

Noun: *contradiction; opposition, resistance, contest.*

WIÐERCWIDENNES

Noun: *contradiction.*

WIÐERCYR

Noun: *rearing (of a horse).*

WIÐERDŪNE

Noun: *narrow, uphill, steep.*

WIÐERFLITA

Noun: *opponent, adversary.*

WIÐERGILD

Noun: *man's name.*

WIÐERHABBAN

Verb: *to resist.*

WIÐERHLINIAN

Verb: *to lean against.*

WIÐERHYCGENDE

1. Adjective: *refractory, hostile, antagonistic; perverse.*

2. Noun: *rival, adversary.*

WIÐERHŸDIG

1. Adjective: *refractory, adverse, hostile, antagonistic; perverse.*

2. Noun: *rival, adversary.*

WIÐERIAN

Verb: *to oppose, resist, be hostile; to dispute, strive with or against; to irritate, provoke, make hostile; to be or become provoked.*

WIÐERLÆCAN

Verb: *to deprive.*

WIÐERLĒAN

Noun: *recompense, compensation, requital, retribution.*

WIÐERLING

Noun: *adversary, opponent.*

WIÐERMĀL

Noun: *defence, counter-plea, prosecution.*

WIÐERMĒDE

Adjective: *adverse, opposed, contrary, hostile, antagonistic; perverse, depraved.*

WIÐERMĒDNES

Noun: *adversity; perversity, depravity.*

WIÐERMĒDO

Noun: *adversity, disfavour, hostility, antagonism; injury; perversity, depravity.*

WIÐERMETAN

Verb: *to compare.*

WIÐERMŌD

Adjective: *adverse, contrary, hostile; unwilling.*

WIÐERMŌDNES

Noun: *adversity.*

WIÐERRÆDE

Adjective: *opposed, adverse, contrary; perverse, offensive; disadvantageous; rebellious, contumacious; disagreeable, unpleasant, repugnant.*

WIÐERRÆDLIC

Adjective: *contrary, adverse.*

WIÐERRÆDLICE

Adverb: *perversely.*

WIÐERRÆDNES

Noun: *opposition, adversity, contrariety, discord, variance, hostility, ill-will; unfavourableness, disadvantage.*

WIÐERRÆHTES

Adverb: *opposite.*

WIÐERRIHT

Noun: *recompense, compensation.*

WIÐERSACA

Noun: *opponent, adversary, enemy; rebel, betrayer; apostate.*

WIÐERSACIAN

Verb: *to renounce, be or become apostate; to blaspheme.*

WIÐERSACUNG

Noun: *apostasy; blasphemy.*

WIÐERSÆC

1. Noun: *contradiction, opposition, hostility, striving; denial; apostasy, recusancy.*

2. Adjective: *adverse, unfavourable.*

WIÐERSPRECEND

Noun: *contradicter.*

WIÐERSTÆGER

Adjective: *steep, abrupt.*

WIÐERSTANDAN

Verb: *to withstand, resist.*

WIÐERSTEALL

Noun: *opposition, resistance; defence; obstruction, obstacle.*

WIÐERSTEDE

Noun: *substitution.*

WIÐERSȲNES

Adverb: *backwards, withershins.*

WIÐERTALU

Noun: *defence, reply.*

WIÐERTROD

Noun: *return, retreat.*

WIÐERTȲME

Adjective: *troublesome, grievous; contrary.*

WIÐERUNG

Noun: *obstinacy.*

WIÐERWEARD

Adjective: *contrary, opposed, adverse, hostile, unfavourable; false, inconsistent; bad, perverse, hurtful, pernicious, depraved, reprobate, noxious, disagreeable; rebellious, heretic, apocryphal.*

WIÐERWEARDA

Noun: *adversary.*

WIÐERWEARDIAN

Verb: *to oppose, be adverse to.*

WIÐERWEARDLIC

Adjective: *contrary, adverse, unfavourable, inimical; perverse, hurtful.*

WIÐERWEARDLĪCE

Adverb: *detrimentally, against the interests of any one.*

WIÐERWEARDNES

Noun: *opposition, adversity, contrariety, contention, hostility, enmity; perversity, depravity, arrogance, forwardness; trouble, calamity; diversity.*

WIÐERWENGEL

Noun: *adversary.*

WIÐERWENNING

Noun: *controversy, contest.*

WIÐERWINN

Noun: *conflict, contest.*

WIÐERWINNA

Noun: *adversary, opponent, rival, enemy.*

WIÐERWINNAN

Verb: *to oppose, resist, revolt.*

WIÐERWYRD

Adjective: *contrary, adverse; bad, perverse, noxious; rebellious, hostile; inconsistent; unfavourable.*

WIÐFARAN

Verb: *to escape, come off.*

WIÐFEOHTAN

Verb: *to rebel; to fight against, contend with.*

WIÐFEOHTEND

Noun: *adversary, opponent, enemy.*

WIÐFĒOLAN

Verb: *to apply oneself to.*

WIÐFERIAN

Verb: *to rescue, redeem, carry off.*

WIÐFLĪTAN

Verb: *to contend with.*

WIÐFŌN

Verb: *to grasp at, seize on, clutch, lay hold on.*

WIÐFORAN

1. Adposition: *before, in the presence of.*

2. Adverb: *before, previously.*

WIÐGĀN

1. Verb: *to pass away, vanish, disappear.*

2. Verb: *to oppose, go against, act in opposition to.*

WIÐGANGAN

1. Verb: *to pass away, vanish, disappear; to withdraw, go off; to fail.*

2. Verb: *to oppose, go against.*

WIÐGEHÆFTAN

Verb: *to fight against; to restrain.*

WIÐGEMETNES

Noun: *comparison.*

WIÐGEONDAN

Adposition: *beyond.*

WIÐGRĪPAN

Verb: *to grapple with, seize on.*

WIÐGŸNAN

Verb: *to reject; to reply.*

WIÐHABBAN

Verb: *to withstand, resist, restrain, oppose, hold out against.*

WIÐHÆFTAN

Verb: *to restrain.*

WIÐHEARDIAN

Verb: *to harden, make obdurate.*

WIÐHINDAN

Adverb: *behind.*

WIÐHOGIAN

Verb: *to reject, be adverse in thought or purpose, disregard.*

WIÐHYCGAN

Verb: *to reject, despise, scorn, be adverse in thought or purpose.*

WĪÐIG

Noun: *withy, willow; band, fetter, fillet, garland.*

WĪÐIGBED

Noun: *bed of willows, osier-bed.*

WĪÐIGBRŌC

Noun: *brook by which willows grow.*

WĪÐIGETT

Noun: *willow copse.*

WĪÐIGFORD

Noun: *ford by which willows grow.*

WĪÐIGGRĀF

Noun: *willow-grove.*

WĪÐIGLĒAH

Noun: *meadow where willows grow.*

WĪÐIGMÆD

Noun: *meadow where willows grow.*

WĪÐIGMERE

Noun: *mere with willows on the banks.*

WĪÐIGMŌR

Noun: *moor where willows grow.*

WĪÐIGPŌL

Noun: *pool with willows on the banks.*

WĪÐIGPYT

Noun: *pit with willows by it.*

WĪÐIGRÆW

Noun: *hedgerow.*

WĪÐIGRIND

Noun: *willow-bark.*

WĪÐIGSLÆD

Noun: *willow-slade.*

WIÐIGSTYBB

Noun: *willow-stump.*

WĪÐIGÐŸFEL

Noun: *willow-copse.*

WĪÐIGWĪC

Noun: *dwelling-place by which willows grow.*

WĪÐIGWILL

Noun: *spring by which willows grow.*

WIÐINNAN

1. Adverb: *within, from within.*

2. Adposition: *within.*

WIÐLÆDAN

Verb: *to lead or take away, carry off, remove, rescue.*

WIÐLÆDNES

Noun: *abduction, carrying of, leading away.*

WĪÐLAN

See *(ge)wīðlan.*

WIÐLICGAN

Verb: *to oppose, resist, object.*

WIÐMETAN

Verb: *to compare, liken to.*

WIÐMĒTEDNES

Noun: *invention, device.*

WIÐMETENDLIC

Adjective: *comparative.*

WIÐMETENLIC

Adjective: *comparative.*

WIÐMETENNES

Noun: *comparison.*

WIÐMETING

Noun: *comparison.*

WIÐNEOÐAN

Adverb: *below, beneath, underneath.*

WIÐOBĀN

Noun: *collar-bone.*

WIÐOBEND

Noun: *woodbine.*

WIÐOWINDE

Noun: *woodbine.*

WIÐRÆDAN

Verb: *to act against, be an antidote.*

WIÐRE

Noun: *opposition, resistance.*

WIÐRĒOTAN

Verb: *to abhor, clamour against; to resist.*

WIÐSACAN

Verb: *to renounce, abandon, forsake, give up; to deny, refuse, reject, decline, withhold; to oppose, strive against; to declare hostility.*

WIÐSACENDLIC

Adjective: *negative, expressing negation.*

WIÐSACUNG

Noun: *denial, renunciation.*

WIÐSCEORIAN

Verb: *to refuse.*

WIÐSCŪFAN

Verb: *to refute, repel, thrust or push back, drive away.*

WIÐSECGAN

Verb: *to renounce.*

WIÐSĒON

Verb: *to rebel, rise or plot against.*

WIÐSETNES

Noun: *opposition.*

WIÐSETTAN

Verb: *to oppose, resist, withstand; to condemn.*

WIÐSLĒAN

Verb: *to oppose, counteract; to bring to naught.*

WIÐSPRECAN

Verb: *to contradict, gainsay; to converse; to revile, speak against; to speak with.*

WIÐSPURNAN

Verb: *to hit or dash against.*

WIÐSTÆPPAN

Verb: *to step or go out of.*

WIÐSTANDAN

Verb: *to oppose, resist, withstand, be hostile; to prevent, obstruct, be a hindrance; to stand off, keep away, be absent; to be lacking.*

WIÐSTUNIAN

Verb: *to dash against.*

WIÐSTYLLAN

Verb: *to retreat, leap back.*

WIÐSTYLTAN

Verb: *to doubt, hesitate.*

WIÐTĒON

Verb: *to take away, withdraw, draw back; to restrain.*

WIÐTREMMAN

Verb: *to step back.*

WIÐÐE

Noun: *cord, band, fetter, thong.*

WIÐÐINGIAN

Verb: *to be reconciled to.*

WIÐÐYDDAN

Verb: *to thrust back.*

WIÐUFAN

Adverb: *before, previously; above.*

WIÐUPPON

Adverb: *above.*

WIÐŪTAN

1. Adposition: *outside of; except; without.*

2. Adverb: *from outside, outside.*

WIÐWEORPAN

Verb: *to reject, repudiate.*

WIÐWESTAN

Adverb: *to the west of.*

WIÐWINNAN

Verb: *to fight or strive against; to oppose, resist.*

WIÐWIÐERIAN

Verb: *to resist, withstand.*

WIXAN

Noun: *the name of some people in some district in England.*

WLACIAN

See *(ge)wlacian.*

WLACO

Adjective: *lukewarm, tepid, cool.*

WLÆCE

Noun: *tepidity.*

WLÆCLIC

Adjective: *lukewarm.*

WLÆCLĪCE

Adverb: *lukewarmly.*

WLÆCNES

Noun: *lukewarmness.*

WLÆFFETERE

Noun: *stammerer.*

WLÆFFIAN

Verb: *to stammer, speak indistinctly.*

WLĀTLIC

Adjective: *foul.*

WLĀTTA

Noun: *loathing, nausea, eructation, heart-burn; defilement, object of loathing; disfigurement.*

WLĀTUNG

Noun: *loathing, sickness, nausea; defilement; disfigurement.*

WLANC

Adjective: *great, high, lofty, rich, august, splendid, magnificent, stately; elate, exultant; proud, arrogant, boastful, haughty, insolent; bald.*

WLANCIAN

Verb: *to become proud or boastful, exult.*

WLANCLIC

Adjective: *proud, arrogant.*

WLANCLĪCE

Adverb: *proudly, arrogantly.*

WLĀTERE

Noun: *spectator.*

WLĀTIAN

1. Verb: *to look, gaze, behold.*

2. Verb: *to cause a person (acc.) loathing.*

WLĀTUNG

1. Noun: *sight, spectacle.*

2. See *wlætung.*

WLECCAN

See *(ge)wleccan.*

WLENC

Noun: *high spirit, pride, arrogance, haughtiness, insolence; greatness, glory, splendour, magnificence; dignity; prosperity, riches, wealth.*

WLENCAN

See *(ge)wlencan.*

WLISP

Adjective: *speaking inarticulately, lisping, stuttering, stammering.*

WLITA

Noun: *face, countenance; beauty.*

WLĪTAN

Verb: *to look, gaze, observe.*

WLITE

Noun: *aspect, look, appearance, countenance; shape, form; beauty, good looks, glory; ornament.*

WLITEANDET

Noun: *confession of splendour.*

WLITEBEORHT

Adjective: *beautiful, beauteous.*

WLITEFUL

Adjective: *beautiful, comely, handsome.*

WLITELĒAS

Adjective: *ugly, without beauty, uncomely, hideous.*

WLITELĪCE

Adverb: *beautifully, handsomely, in comely fashion.*

WLITESCĒAWUNG

Noun: *Sion.*

WLITESCĪNE

Adjective: *lovely; beautiful, splendid, beauteous.*

WLITESĒON

Noun: *sight, spectacle.*

WLITETORHT

Adjective: *brilliant, splendid; lovely.*

WLITEWAMM

Noun: *disfigurement of the face.*

WLITEWEORÐ

Noun: *ransom, legal value of a man's life.*

WLITIG

Adjective: *beautiful, beauteous, comely, fair, radiant; glorious.*

WLITIGE

Adverb: *beautifully, fairly, splendidly.*

WLITIGFÆST

Adjective: *beauteous, glorious.*

WLITIGIAN

See *(ge)wlitigian.*

WLITIGLĪCE

Adverb: *fairly, beautifully, splendidly.*

WLITIGNES

Noun: *beauty, comeliness, splendour; adornment.*

WLŌ

1. See *wlōh.*

2. Adverb: *readily, easily.*

WLŌH

Noun: *ornament, fringe, hem, tuft; bit.*

WLOTT

Noun: *blemish.*

WŌ

1. Adverb: *wrongly, perversely, unequally.*

2. See *wōh* (1).

3. See *wōh* (2).

WOCENSÆTE

Noun: *the name of the occupants of some district in England.*

WŌCIE

Adjective: *noose, snare.*

WŌCOR

Noun: *growth, increase; race, offspring, fruit, progeny, posterity; usury.*

WŌD

1. Adjective: *mad, senseless; raging, furious; blasphemous.*

2. Noun: *madness.*

WŌDA

Noun: *madman, insane or possessed person; storm, flood; danger.*

WODDOR

Noun: *mouth, gullet.*

WŌDDRĒAM

Noun: *dæmonium.*

WŌDEN

Noun: *Woden, one of the Teutonic deities; Mercury.*

WŌDENDRĒAM

Noun: *madness, fury.*

WŌDENING

Noun: *son of Woden.*

WODEWISTLE

Noun: *hemlock.*

WŌDFREC

Adjective: *raging, ravenous, furiously greedy.*

WŌDHEN

Noun: *quail.*

WŌDHEORTNES

Noun: *madness, rage, frenzy.*

WŌDLIC

Adjective: *mad, foolish, frantic, furious.*

WŌDLĪCE

Adverb: *madly, furiously, franticly; blasphemously.*

WŌDNES

Noun: *madness, folly, fury, rage, frenzy; blasphemy.*

WŌDNESDÆG

Noun: *Woden's day, Wednesday.*

WŌDNESNIHT

Noun: *Tuesday night.*

WŌDSCINN

Noun: *madness, folly; mad trickery.*

WŌDSCIPE

Noun: *insanity, madness, fury.*

WŌDSĒOC

Adjective: *insane, mad, lunatic.*

WŌDÐRĀG

Noun: *madness, fury, paroxysm.*

WOFFIAN

Verb: *to blaspheme, rave; to shout.*

WOFFUNG

Noun: *madness; blasphemy, raving.*

WŌGERE

Noun: *wooer, suitor, sweetheart.*

WŌGERLIC

Adjective: *amorous, wooerlike.*

WŌGIAN

Verb: *to woo, court; to marry.*

WŌGUNG

Noun: *wooing.*

WŌH

1. Noun: *wrong, perversity, depravity; injustice, iniquity; error, mistake; bending, crookedness.*

2. Adjective: *bent, crooked, twisted, oblique; uneven, rough; bad, wrong, perverse, depraved, evil, unjust, unfair; false, forward.*

WŌHBOGEN

Adjective: *bent, crooked.*

WŌHCĒAPUNG

Noun: *fine for illegal trafficking.*

WŌHDÆD

Noun: *crime, wrong or wicked deed.*

WŌHDŌM

Noun: *unjust judgement.*

WŌHFŌTED

Adjective: *having deformed feet.*

WŌHFREMMEND

Noun: *evildoer; wrongdoing.*

WŌHFUL

Adjective: *evil, wicked.*

WŌHFULNES

Noun: *wickedness, iniquity.*

WŌHGEORN

Adjective: *inclined to evil or iniquity.*

WŌHGESTRĒON

Noun: *ill-gotten or wrongful property.*

WŌHGOD

Noun: *idol, false god.*

WŌHHÆMED

Noun: *fornication, adultery.*

WŌHHÆMEND

Noun: *fornicator, adulterer.*

WŌHHÆMENDE

Adjective: *fornicating, adulterous; fornicator, adulterer.*

WŌHHÆMERE

Noun: *fornicator, adulterer.*

WŌHHANDEDE

Adjective: *having maimed hands.*

WŌHHIAN

Verb: *to rave, go astray mentally; to wander.*

WŌHLIC

Adjective: *wrong, unjust, perverse, evil.*

WŌHLĪCE

Adverb: *wrongly, unjustly, wickedly, perversely.*

WŌHNES

Noun: *crookedness; wrong, error; wrongdoing, wickedness, perversity, depravity, iniquity.*

WŌHSUM

Adjective: *evil, wicked.*

WŌL

Noun: *disease, mortality; pestilence, plague, murrain.*

WŌLBÆRNES

Noun: *calamity, destructivity; pest.*

WŌLBERENDE

Adjective: *pestilential, pestiferous; pernicious.*

WŌLBERENDLIC

Adjective: *pestilential.*

WŌLBRYNE

Noun: *pestilence; deadly violence.*

WOLCEN

Noun: *ball, lump; cloud; sky, heavens.*

WOLCENFARU

Noun: *scudding of clouds.*

WOLCENGEHNĀST

Noun: *meeting or collision of clouds.*

WOLCENWYRCENDE

Adjective: *cloud-making (Centaurs).*

WŌLDÆG

Noun: *day of pestilence or death.*

WŌLGEWINN

Noun: *calamitous war.*

WOLLENTĒARE

Adjective: *streaming with tears, having hot tears.*

WŌLNESS

Noun: *plague, pestilence, pest.*

WŌMA

Noun: *sound, noise, howling, tumult; terror, alarm; eloquence.*

WOMAN

Verb: *to infringe; to deprive of.*

WŌP

Noun: *lamentation, cry, whoop, shrieking, weeping.*

WŌPDROPA

Noun: *tear.*

WŌPERIAN

Verb: *to lament, weep, wail.*

WŌPIG

Adjective: *sad, doleful, lamenting, mournful.*

WŌPLĒOÐ

Noun: *mournful lay, dirge, elegy, tragedy.*

WŌPLIC

Adjective: *sad, lamentable, tearful, mournful.*

WŌPLĪCE

Adverb: *with lamentations, mournfully.*

WŌPSTŌW

Noun: *place of mourning.*

WORD

1. Noun: *word, statement, sentence, clause, saying, maxim, speech, story, tale; message, report, announcement, news, tidings; order, command; fame, name; word, verb; promise, oath; intention, opinion.*

2. Noun: *rod; (gooseberry) bush.*

3. See *werod* (1).

4. See *werod* (2).

WORDBEBOD

Noun: *command.*

WORDBĒOT

Noun: *promise.*

WORDBĒOTUNG

Noun: *promise.*

WORDCÆRSE

Noun: *name of some plant.*

WORDCENNEND

Noun: *begetter of the Word.*

WORDCLIPINDE

Adjective: *able to speak.*

WORDCRÆFT

Noun: *eloquence, poetic art.*

WORDCWIDE

Noun: *words, utterance, saying, speech; language.*

WORDES

Adverb: *with words, orally, verbally.*

WORDFÆST

Adjective: *true, keeping one's word.*

WORDFUL

Adjective: *talkative, wordy, verbose, fluent.*

WORDGALDOR

Noun: *incantation.*

WORDGECWIDE

Noun: *verbal agreement, formal contract.*

WORDGEMEARC

Noun: *definition or limitation by words, term.*

WORDGERŸNE

Noun: *dark or mystery saying.*

WORDGLĒAW

Adjective: *skilful or prudent in words.*

WORDGYDD

Noun: *lay, dirge.*

WORDHLĒOÐOR

Noun: *voice, sound of speaking; speech.*

WORDHORD

Noun: *word-hoard, treasury of words.*

WORDIAN

Verb: *to speak.*

WORDIG

Adjective: *wordy, verbose.*

WORDLĀC

Noun: *speech.*

WORDLĀR

Noun: *teaching.*

WORDLATU

Noun: *delay in speech.*

WORDLAÐU

Noun: *speech, discourse, conversation.*

WORDLĒAN

Noun: *reward for song or words.*

WORDLIAN

Verb: *to talk, discourse; to commune; to conspire.*

WORDLIEND

Noun: *speaker, one who harangues.*

WORDLOC

Noun: *art of logic.*

WORDLOCA

Noun: *speech, word-hoard.*

WORDLOF

Noun: *praise in words, praise.*

WORDLOGA

Noun: *deceiver, liar.*

WORDLUNG

Noun: *talk, discourse, conversation; empty or idle talk, babbling, chattering.*

WORDMITTUNG

Noun: *collation.*

WORDPREDICUNG

Noun: *preaching, sermon.*

WORDRIAN

Verb: *to speak, talk, discourse; to commune; to conspire.*

WORDRIHT

Noun: *suitable word; spoken law.*

WORDSĀWERE

Noun: *rhetorician, word-sower.*

WORDSIGE

Noun: *success in speech.*

WORDSNOTER

Adjective: *eloquent, wise in words; learned.*

WORDSNOTERLIC

Adjective: *learned, philosophical.*

WORDSNOTERUNG

Noun: *sophism.*

WORDSOMNERE

Noun: *enumeration, catalogue, collector of words.*

WORDSOMNUNG

Noun: *collation.*

WORDSPRECENDE

Adjective: *able to speak.*

WORDWĪS

Adjective: *wise in speech, learned.*

WORDWĪSA

Noun: *sophist.*

WORDWYNSUM

Adjective: *affable.*

WŌRHANA

Noun: *moor-cock, pheasant.*

WŌRHENN

Noun: *hen pheasant.*

WŌRIAN

Verb: *to wander about, ramble, be a vagabond.*

WŌRIEND

Noun: *vagabond.*

WŌRIGAN

Verb: *to wander, roam; to move round, totter; to crumble to pieces.*

WORMS

Noun: *corrupt matter, virus, pus.*

WORMSGEMANG

Noun: *mixture in which there is corrupt matter.*

WORN

Noun: *large amount, great number or quantity; crowd, multitude swarm; company, band, troop; progeny.*

WORNGEHĀT

Noun: *promise of numerous offspring.*

WORPIAN

Verb: *to throw, cast, pelt.*

WORÐ

1. Noun: *enclosed place, homestead, courtyard, court, farm, cartilage; street.*

2. See *weorð* (1).

3. See *waroð.*

4. See *(ge)weorð.*

WORÐAPULDER

Noun: *apple-tree growing by a homestead.*

WORÐIG

Noun: *enclosed homestead, farm, curtilage; street.*

WORÐIGCÆRSE

Noun: *name of a plant.*

WORÐIGNETELE

Noun: *nettle.*

WORULD

Noun: *men, people, humanity, world; life, way of life; earthly things, temporal possessions; cycle, age, long period of time, eternity.*

WORULDÆHT

Noun: *worldly possessions.*

WORULDAFOL

Noun: *secular or worldly power.*

WORULDĀR

Noun: *worldly honour; secular property.*

WORULDBEARN

Noun: *man.*

WORULDBEBOD

Noun: *universal command; secular edict.*

WORULDBISGU

Noun: *worldly or secular occupation.*

WORULDBISGUNG

Noun: *worldly business or occupation; worldly misery, trouble.*

WORULDBISMER

Noun: *worldly reproach.*

WORULDBLISS

Noun: *worldly bliss, earthly joy.*

WORULDBŌT

Noun: *compensation prescribed by the secular power.*

WORULDBROC

Noun: *worldly trouble or affliction.*

WORULDBRYCE

Noun: *worldly trouble; use for secular purposes.*

WORULDBŪEND

Noun: *world-dweller.*

WORULDCAMP

Noun: *worldly or secular warfare.*

WORULDCANDEL

Noun: *sun, world's candle.*

WORULDCEARU

Noun: *worldly care.*

WORULDCEMPA

Noun: *earthly soldier.*

WORULDCRÆFT

Noun: *secular craft or art.*

WORULDCRÆFTIG

Adjective: *skilled in secular arts.*

WORULDCRÆFTIGA

Noun: *secular artificer.*

WORULDCUND

Adjective: *worldly, earthly, secular, profane; temporal.*

WORULDCUNDLĪCE

Adverb: *in a worldly manner.*

WORULDCYNING

Noun: *earthly king; supreme monarch.*

WORULDDÆD

Noun: *worldly business or deed.*

WORULDDĒAD

Adjective: *dead.*

WORULDDĒMA

Noun: *secular judge.*

WORULDDŌM

Noun: *secular judgment.*

WORULDDRĒAM

Noun: *earthly joy.*

WORULDDRIHTEN

Noun: *world's lord; the Deity, God.*

WORULDDUGUÐ

Noun: *worldly good or riches.*

WORULDEARFOÐ

Noun: *earthly misery.*

WORULDEGE

Noun: *worldly fear.*

WORULDENDE

Noun: *end of the world.*

WORULDFÆGERNES

Noun: *earthly fairness or beauty.*

WORULDFEOH

Noun: *worldly or goods wealth.*

WORULDFOLGAÐ

Noun: *worldly occupation or service.*

WORULDFRÆTWUNG

Noun: *worldly ornament or decoration.*

WORULDFRĒOND

Noun: *earthly friend.*

WORULDFRIÐ

Noun: *worldly peace.*

WORULDFRUMA

Noun: *patriarch, primeval man.*

WORULDGĀLNES

Noun: *desire or lust of pleasure.*

WORULDGEBYRD

Noun: *worldly origin.*

WORULDGEDĀL

Noun: *death.*

WORULDGEFEOHT

Noun: *earthly fight.*

WORULDGEFLIT

Noun: *dispute, lawsuit.*

WORULDGERÆDNES

Noun: *secular ordinance.*

WORULDGERIHT

Noun: *secular or civil right, worldly justice.*

WORULDGERŸSNU

Noun: *secular customs.*

WORULDGESÆLIG

Adjective: *prosperous.*

WORULDGESÆLÐA

Noun: *worldly fortune; earthly blessings.*

WORULDGESCEAFT

Noun: *earthly creature; created things, world.*

WORULDGESTRĒON

Noun: *worldly riches or wealth.*

WORULDGESWINC

Noun: *worldly labour or toil, misery.*

WORULDGEÐINCÐ

Noun: *dignity, worldly honour.*

WORULDGEÐINGU

Noun: *worldly things; worldly dignity.*

WORULDGEÐŌHT

Noun: *worldly thought.*

WORULDGEWINN

Noun: *earthly war.*

WORULDGEWRITU

Noun: *profane writings or literature.*

WORULDGEWUNA

Noun: *customary law.*

WORULDGIELP

Noun: *worldly glory.*

WORULDGIFU

Noun: *worldly gift.*

WORULDGĪTSERE

Noun: *coveter of worldly things.*

WORULDGĪTSUNG

Noun: *covetousness.*

WORULDGLENGE

Noun: *worldly pomp.*

WORULDGŌD

Noun: *worldly or temporal good.*

WORULDGYRLA

Noun: *secular garment.*

WORULDHĀD

Noun: *secular state or condition.*

WORULDHLĀFORD

Noun: *secular or temporal lord.*

WORULDHLĪSA

Noun: *worldly fame or renown.*

WORULDHOGU

Noun: *worldly care.*

WORULDHREMMING

Noun: *worldly hindrance.*

WORULDHYHT

Noun: *earthly joy.*

WORULDLÆCE

Noun: *earthly physician.*

WORULDLAGA

Noun: *civil law.*

WORULDLAGU

Noun: *civil law.*

WORULDLĒAN

Noun: *earthly reward.*

WORULDLIC

Adjective: *worldly, earthly, mundane; secular, civil; temporal; natural, physical.*

WORULDLĪCE

Adverb: *temporally; secularly, civilly.*

WORULDLĪF

Noun: *life in this world or on earth; secular life.*

WORULDLUFU

Noun: *love of the world, love of worldly things.*

WORULDLUST

Noun: *worldly pleasure.*

WORULDMÆG

Noun: *earthly kinsman.*

WORULDMAN

Noun: *human being, man upon earth; man engaged in secular affairs, layman.*

WORULDMĒD

Noun: *worldly reward.*

WORULDNĒOD

Noun: *temporal need; secular need.*

WORULDNYTT

Noun: *worldly use or profit; temporal advantage.*

WORULDPRŸDO

Noun: *worldly pride.*

WORULDRÆDEN

Noun: *way or rule of the world.*

WORULDRĪCA

Noun: *great man, man of great worldly power or wealth.*

WORULDRĪCE

1. Noun: *earthly power, earthly kingdom.*

2. Adjective: *having worldly power or wealth.*

WORULDRĪCETERE

Noun: *worldly power.*

WORULDRIHT

Noun: *secular or civil law, God's law for the world.*

WORULDSACU

Noun: *worldly strife.*

WORULDSÆLÐA

Noun: *earthly goods or blessings.*

WORULDSCAMU

Noun: *worldly or public disgrace.*

WORULDSCEAFT

Noun: *earthly creature.*

WORULDSCĒAT

Noun: *part of the world, region.*

WORULDSCĒAWUNG

Noun: *worldly sight or spectacle.*

WORULDSCIPE

Noun: *worldly matter.*

WORULDSCĪR

Noun: *worldly or secular business.*

WORULDSCRIFT

Noun: *confessor.*

WORULDSNOTOR

Adjective: *wise in earthly matters; scientific.*

WORULDSORG

Noun: *worldly care.*

WORULDSPĒD

Noun: *worldly wealth, worldly success.*

WORULDSPĒDIG

Adjective: *rich in this world, wealthy.*

WORULDSPRÆC

Noun: *worldly talk or speech.*

WORULDSTĒOR

Noun: *secular penalty.*

WORULDSTRANG

Adjective: *having worldly or temporal power.*

WORULDSTRENGU

Noun: *physical strength.*

WORULDSTRŪDERE

Noun: *spoliator; robber.*

WORULDSTUND

Adjective: *sojourn upon earth.*

WORULDÐEARF

Noun: *needs of this world.*

WORULDÐEARFA

Noun: *poor man, needy.*

WORULDÐEARFENDE

Adjective: *needy, poor in worldly goods.*

WORULDÐĒAW

Noun: *worldly affair.*

WORULDÐEGEN

Noun: *earthly servant; secular thane.*

WORULDÐĒNUNG

Noun: *secular service or office.*

WORULDÐĒOWDŌM

Noun: *secular service.*

WORULDÐING

Noun: *worldly thing or affair; secular matter; earthly riches.*

WORULDÐRYMM

Noun: *worldly glory.*

WORULDWÆPN

Noun: *earthly weapon.*

WORULDWÆTER

Noun: *ocean, sea.*

WORULDWELA

Noun: *worldly good or wealth.*

WORULDWELIG

Adjective: *rich in worldly goods.*

WORULDWEORC

Noun: *worldly or secular work; mechanics.*

WORULDWEORÐSCIPE

Noun: *worldly honour; civil dignity.*

WORULDWĪDL

Noun: *worldly filth or pollution.*

WORULDWĪG

Noun: *worldly contest or warfare.*

WORULDWILLA

Noun: *worldly good.*

WORULDWILNUNG

Noun: *worldly desire.*

WORULDWĪS

Adjective: *worldly-wise; learned.*

WORULDWĪSDŌM

Noun: *worldly knowledge or wisdom, learning; science.*

WORULDWĪSE

Noun: *custom of the world.*

WORULDWITA

Noun: *learned layman, secular councillor, sage.*

WORULDWĪTE

Noun: *punishment in this world; secular penalty, money-fine.*

WORULDWLENCO

Noun: *worldly pride, magnificence, ostentation.*

WORULDWRENC

Noun: *worldly cunning or wile.*

WORULDWULDOR

Noun: *worldly glory.*

WORULDWUNIENDE

Adjective: *dwelling.*

WORULDYRMÐU

Noun: *earthly misery or wretchedness.*

WŌRUNG

Noun: *wandering, roving, rambling.*

WŌS

1. Noun: *moisture, juice, sap.*

2. See *wēse.*

WŌSIG

Adjective: *moist, succulent, juicy.*

WŌÐ

Noun: *sound, noise, voice, cry; song, poetry; eloquence, lofty speech.*

WŌÐBORA

Noun: *speaker, orator, prophet, seer; philosopher; singer, poet.*

WŌÐCRÆFT

Noun: *art of speech, song, or poetry.*

WŌÐGIEFU

Noun: *gift of song.*

WŌÐSONG

Noun: *song.*

WRACIAN

Verb: *to be in exile; to travel, wander; to carry on, prosecute.*

WRACNIAN

Verb: *to be wanderer, traveller, or pilgrim.*

WRACU

Noun: *pain, suffering, distress, cruelty, torture; misery; revenge, vengeance, persecution, enmity, hostility; punishment, penalty, retribution.*

WRÆC

1. Noun: *suffering, misery, wrack; vengeance, persecution, exile.*

2. Noun: *what is driven.*

3. See *wærc*.

WRÆCCA

Noun: *wretch, evil person; miserable, unhappy; stranger, outcast, exile, fugitive; adventurer, pilgrim, sojourner*.

WRÆCFÆC

Noun: *time of exile, banishment; misery*.

WRÆCFUL

Adjective: *wretched, miserable*.

WRÆCHWĪL

Noun: *time of exile; period of misery or distress*.

WRÆCLĀST

Noun: *path of exile*.

WRÆCLĀSTIAN

Verb: *to banish; to be in exile*.

WRÆCLIC

Adjective: *strange, unfamiliar, foreign, exiled; wonderful, extraordinary; wretched, miserable*.

WRÆCLĪCE

Adverb: *abroad, in exile; wonderfully, strangely*.

WRÆCMÆCG

Noun: *outcast, exile; wretch, miserable man*.

WRÆCMON

Noun: *fugitive*.

WRÆCSCIPE

Noun: *exile, living in a foreign land*.

WRÆCSETL

Noun: *place of exile*.

WRÆCSĪÐ

Noun: *persecution, banishment, exile; peregrination, pilgrimage; misery, wretchedness*.

WRÆCSĪÐIAN

Verb: *to travel, wander; to be in exile*.

WRÆCSTŌW

Noun: *place of exile, place of misery or punishment*.

WRÆCWĪTE

Noun: *punishment*.

WRÆCWORULD

Noun: *miserable world.*

WRÆD

Noun: *band, bandage, fillet, wreath; bundle; company, band, flock.*

WRÆDMÆLUM

Adverb: *in bands or companies.*

WRÆNE

Adjective: *wanton, lustful, lascivious, libidinous, salacious; unbridled, loose.*

WRÆNNES

Noun: *luxury, lust, wantonness, licentiousness, lasciviousness.*

WRÆNSA

Noun: *wantonness, lasciviousness.*

WRÆNSCIPE

Noun: *wantonness.*

WRÆNSIAN

Verb: *to be wanton.*

WRÆSEL

Noun: *something crooked.*

WRÆSNAN

Verb: *to change, alter, modulate; to twist.*

WRÆST

Adjective: *strong, firm; able; delicate, elegant, noble, splendid, excellent.*

WRÆSTAN

1. See *(ge)wræstan.*

2. Verb: *to be or make elegant.*

WRÆSTE

Adverb: *vigorously; delicately, elegantly.*

WRÆSTLIC

1. Adjective: *pertaining to wrestling.*

2. Adjective: *delicate, elegant.*

WRÆSTLIEND

Noun: *wrestler.*

WRÆSTLUNG

Noun: *wrestling, struggling.*

WRÆTBASO

Adjective: *red.*

WRÆTERĒAD

Adjective: *red.*

WRĀETLIC

Adjective: *artistic, ornamental; beautiful, elegant, noble, wondrous, excellent; curious, rare.*

WRĀETLĪCE

Adverb: *beautifully, elegantly, nobly, wondrously, splendidly, excellently, curiously.*

WRÆTT

Noun: *crosswort, hellebore.*

WRĀTT

Noun: *ornament, jewel; work of art.*

WRÆTTE

Noun: *rubea tinctoria,crossword, hellebore.*

WRĀÐAN

See *(ge)wrǣðan.*

WRÆÐSTUDU

Noun: *support, prop, column, pillar, buttress.*

WRĀÐÐO

Noun: *indignation, anger, wrath; injury.*

WRANG

1. Noun: *wrong, injustice.*

2. Adjective: *rough, uneven.*

WRANGA

Noun: *hold of a ship.*

WRANGWĪS

Adjective: *rough, uneven.*

WRĀSEN

Noun: *tie, band, chain.*

WRĀÐ

1. Adjective: *angry, wroth, furious, hostile, incensed, bitter fierce; cruel, grievous, evil, malignant.*

2. Noun: *hardship, cruelty.*

3. See *wrēd.*

WRĀÐE

Adverb: *angrily, bitterly, fiercely; grievously, wickedly, cruelly, perversely, evilly.*

WRĀÐIAN

Verb: *to be or make angry.*

WRĀÐLIC

Adjective: *severe, grievous, cruel, dire; bitter.*

WRĀÐLĪCE

Adverb: *severely, cruelly, fiercely, direly; bitterly.*

WRĀÐMŌD

Adjective: *angry, incensed.*

WRĀÐSCRÆF

Noun: *den, pit of misery, hell.*

WRAÐU

Noun: *help, assistance, maintenance, support, prop.*

WRAXLERE

Noun: *wrestler.*

WRAXLIAN

Verb: *to wrestle.*

WRAXLIENDE

Adjective: *contending, striving, wrestling.*

WRAXLUNG

Noun: *wrestling.*

WRECAN

Verb: *to press, push, impel; to drive, advance; to express in words, utter, recite; to impress, inlay; to practise, carry out or on, execute, wreak; to punish; to avenge, take vengeance, revenge.*

WRECC

Adjective: *wretched, miserable.*

WRECCAN

1. Verb: *to arouse, awake; to raise, lift up; to undertake, take up.*

2. Verb: *to twist; to strain.*

3. See *wrecan.*

WRECEND

Noun: *avenger.*

WRECNES

Noun: *vengeance; wickedness.*

WRECSCIP

Noun: *actuaria.*

WRĒGAN

See *(ge)wrēgan*.

WRĒGEND

Noun: *accuser, denouncer*.

WRĒGENDLIC

See *(ge)wrēgendlic*.

WRĒGERE

Noun: *accuser; informer*.

WRĒGISTRE

Noun: *female accuser*.

WRĒGUNG

Noun: *accusation*.

WRĒHTEND

Noun: *accuser*.

WREHTEND

Noun: *instigator, one who excites*.

WRENC

Noun: *trick, artifice, stratagem, wile, deceit; melody, song, modulation of the voice*.

WRENCAN

Verb: *to twist; to spin or devise plots, practise tricks*.

WRENCWĪS

Adjective: *unjust, unrighteous*.

WRENGEL

Noun: *crooked place of stream*.

WRENNA

Noun: *wren*.

WRENNE

Noun: *wren*.

WRĒO

Adjective: *twisting*.

WREOCENSÆTE

Noun: *occupants of the district about the Wrekin*.

WRĒON

See *(ge)wrēon*.

WREOÐENHILT

Adjective: *with twisted hilt*.

WREÐIAN

See *(ge)wreðian*.

WRID

Noun: *plant, bush, shoot, stalk*.

WRĪDAN

Verb: *to grow, thrive, flourish, be productive*.

WRIDELS

Noun: *thicket*.

WRĪDIAN

Verb: *to grow, flourish, spring up, be productive*.

WRĪGA

Verb: *to cover*.

WRIGELNES

Noun: *covering, protection*.

WRIGELS

Noun: *covering, garment, cloak, veil*.

WRIGENNES

Noun: *covering*.

WRIGIAN

Verb: *to move, go, wend; to turn, bend, twist; to strive, struggle; to press forward, endeavour, venture*.

WRINGAN

Verb: *to twist, wring; to squeeze together; to squeeze out moisture*.

WRINGE

Noun: *press*.

WRINGHWÆG

Noun: *strained whey*.

WRIST

Noun: *wrist*.

WRIT

See *(ge)writ*.

WRĪTAN

See *(ge)wrītan*.

WRITBRED

Noun: *writing tablet or reed*.

WRĪTERE

See *(ge)wrītere*.

WRITIAN

1. Verb: *to chatter, chirp*.

2. Verb: *to draw a figure; to write, compose*.

WRĪTING

Noun: *writing*.

WRĪTINGFEÐER

Noun: *pen*.

WRĪTINGĪSEN

Noun: *style, pen*.

WRITĪREN

Noun: *writing instrument, style*.

WRITOL

Adjective: *babbling (of water)*.

WRITSEAX

Noun: *style, pen*.

WRIÐA

Noun: *band, collar, ring; bridle, thong*.

WRĪÐAN

1. See *(ge)wrīðan* (1).

2. See *(ge)wrīðan* (2).

WRIÐELS

Noun: *band, bandage, fillet*.

WRIXL

Noun: *change, alteration, vicissitude; exchange, interchange; place, stead; loan; return, requital*.

WRIXLA

Noun: *change, exchange, barter*.

WRIXLAN

See *(ge)wrixlan*.

WRIXLENDLIC

Adjective: *mutual*.

WRIXLENDLĪCE

Adverb: *in turn, one by one, one after the other*.

WRIXLUNG

See *(ge)wrixlung*.

WROCEN

Noun: *Wrekin*.

WROEGAN

Verb: *to excite, rouse, stir up; to accuse, impeach*.

WRŌHT

1. Noun: *accusation, blame, fault, reproach; calumny, slander; anger, enmity; contention, dispute, strife, quarrel; hurt, injury, offence, sin, crime; misery, calamity*.

2. Noun: *tale-bearer*.

WRŌHTBEREND

Noun: *accuser*.

WRŌHTBORA

Noun: *informer, accuser; malicious person, the devil*.

WRŌHTDROPA

Noun: *criminal bloodshed*.

WRŌHTGEORN

Adjective: *contentious, quarrelsome*.

WRŌHTGETĒME

Noun: *series of crimes*.

WRŌHTIAN

Verb: *to do harm*.

WRŌHTLĀC

Noun: *slander, calumny*.

WRŌHTSĀWERE

Noun: *sower of strife*.

WRŌHTSCIPE

Noun: *crime*.

WRŌHTSMIÐ

Noun: *evildoer, criminal*.

WRŌHTSPITEL

Adjective: *slanderous*.

WRŌHTSTÆF

Noun: *accusation, injury*.

WRŌT

Noun: *snout, trunk*.

WRŌTAN

Verb: *to root up.*

WUCDÆG

Noun: *day of the week.*

WUCÐEGN

Noun: *brother in a monastery who performs the duties of an office for a week.*

WUCÐĒNUNG

Noun: *service which lasts for a week.*

WUCU

Noun: *week.*

WUCUBŌT

Noun: *penance lasting a week.*

WUCWEORC

Noun: *(compulsory) work for a week, work done for the lord by the tenant so many days a week.*

WUDERE

Noun: *bearer of wood.*

WUDIAN

Verb: *to cut wood.*

WUDIG

Adjective: *woody, full of woods or trees.*

WUDIHT

Adjective: *thick, forest-like, full of woods or trees.*

WUDU

Noun: *wood, timber; tree, grove, forest, wood; the Cross, Rood; ship; spear-shaft.*

WUDUÆLFEN

Noun: *wood-elf or nymph, dryad.*

WUDUÆPPEL

Noun: *wild apple; crab.*

WUDUBĀR

Noun: *woodland pasture.*

WUDUBĀRE

Adjective: *wood-bearing.*

WUDUBÆRNETT

Noun: *burning of wood.*

WUDUBĀT

Noun: *wooden boat or skip.*

WUDUBĒAM

Noun: *forest tree.*

WUDUBEARO

Noun: *grove of trees, forest; wood.*

WUDUBILL

Noun: *hatchet, wood-bill.*

WUDUBINDE

1. Noun: *woodbine.*

2. Noun: *bundle of wood or sticks.*

WUDUBIOR

Noun: *wood-carrier.*

WUDUBLÆD

Noun: *forest blossom or fruit.*

WUDUBRYCG

Noun: *wooden bridge.*

WUDUBUCCA

Noun: *wild buck or goat.*

WUDUBYRÐRA

Noun: *bearer of wood.*

WUDUCERFILLE

Noun: *wild chervil, cow-parsley.*

WUDUCLÆFRE

Noun: *kind of clover.*

WUDUCLĀTE

Noun: a *plant.*

WUDUCOCC

Noun: *woodcock.*

WUDUCROFT

Noun: *croft with trees on it.*

WUDUCULFRE

Noun: *wood-pigeon.*

WUDUCŪNELLE

Noun: *wild thyme.*

WUDUCYNN

Noun: *aromatic wood.*

WUDUDOCCE

Noun: *wild dock, sorrel.*

WUDUFÆSTEN

Noun: *place protected by woods, woodfastness; ship.*

WUDUFALD

Noun: *fold in a wood.*

WUDUFELD

Noun: *wooded plain.*

WUDUFEOH

Noun: *forest-tax.*

WUDUFILLE

Noun: *wild chervil, cow-parsley.*

WUDUFĪN

Noun: *pile or heap of wood.*

WUDUFUGOL

Noun: *forest bird, wild fowl.*

WUDUGĀT

Noun: *wild goat.*

WUDUGEHÆG

Noun: *woodland pasture.*

WUDUHÆTT

Noun: *leafy top.*

WUDUHĒAWERE

Noun: *hewer of wood, woodcutter.*

WUDUHERPAÐ

Noun: *public path through a wood.*

WUDUHĪEWET

Noun: *illegal cutting of wood, fine for so doing.*

WUDUHOLT

Noun: *grove, forest, wood.*

WUDUHONA

Noun: *woodcock.*

WUDUHUNIG

Noun: *wild honey.*

WUDULĀD

Noun: *carting wood.*

WUDULÆS

Noun: *wood pasture.*

WUDULAND

Noun: *woodland, forest.*

WUDULEAHTRIC

Noun: *wild lettuce.*

WUDULIC

Adjective: *woody, wooded; wild.*

WUDUMÆR

1. Noun: *wood-nymph, Echo.*

2. See *windumær.*

WUDUMANN

Noun: *woodman.*

WUDUMERCE

Noun: *wild parsley, wood-mint.*

WUDUNG

Noun: *cutting wood, right of cutting timber in a wood.*

WUDURÆDEN

Noun: *wood-regulation, right of cutting timber in a wood.*

WUDURĒC

Noun: *smoke from a funeral pyre.*

WUDURIMA

Noun: *border or edge of a wood.*

WUDUROFE

Noun: *woodruff.*

WUDUROSE

Noun: *wild rose.*

WUDUSNĪTE

Noun: *wood-snipe, name of some bird.*

WUDUSŪRÆPPEL

Noun: *crab-apple.*

WUDUSŪRE

Noun: *wood-sorrel.*

WUDUTELGA

Noun: *branch of a tree.*

WUDUTRĒOW

Noun: *forest tree.*

WUDUÐISTLE

Noun: *wood-thistle.*

WUDUWA

Noun: *widower.*

WUDUWALD

Noun: *forest, wooded height.*

WUDUWANHĀD

Noun: *state of a woman who has not a husband, widowhood; chastity.*

WUDUWĀSA

Noun: *satyr, faun.*

WUDUWE

Noun: *widow.*

WUDUWEARD

Noun: *wood-keeper, forester.*

WUDUWEAX

Noun: *wood-waxen.*

WUDUWEAXE

Noun: *wood-waxen.*

WUDUWĒSTEN

Noun: *wild forest or woodland.*

WUDUWINDE

Noun: *woodbine.*

WUDUWYRT

Noun: *wild plant.*

WUFFINGAS

Noun: *patronymic of the royal house of East-Anglia.*

WUHHUNG

Noun: *rage, fury; madness; (pl.) the Furies.*

WULDOR

Noun: *honour, glory, splendour; praise, thanks; heaven.*

WULDORBĒACN

Noun: *sign of glory.*

WULDORBĒAG

Noun: *crown of glory; iris of the eye.*

WULDORBĒAGIAN

See *(ge)wuldorbēagian.*

WULDORBLÆD

Noun: *glorious success.*

WULDORCYNING

Noun: *King of Glory, the Deity, God.*

WULDORDRĒAM

Noun: *heavenly rapture, celestial joy.*

WULDORFÆDER

Noun: *Glorious Father.*

WULDORFÆST

Adjective: *glorious.*

WULDORFÆSTE

Adverb: *gloriously.*

WULDORFÆSTLĪCE

Adverb: *gloriously.*

WULDORFÆSTLICNES

Noun: *glory, gloriousness.*

WULDORFUL

Adjective: *glorious; vainglorious.*

WULDORFULLIAN

See *(ge)wuldorfullian.*

WULDORFULLĪCE

Adverb: *gloriously.*

WULDORGĀST

Noun: *spirit of glory, angel.*

WULDORGEFLOGENA

Noun: *fugitive from glory, evil spirit, devil.*

WULDORGESTEALD

Noun: *glorious possessions, realms of glory.*

WULDORGEWEORC

Noun: *glorious or wondrous work.*

WULDORGIFA

Noun: *giver of glory.*

WULDORGIFU

Noun: *glorious gift, grace.*

WULDORGIM

Noun: *glorious jewel or gem; the sun.*

WULDORGOD

Noun: *Glorious God.*

WULDORHAMA

Noun: *glorious garb.*

WULDORHĒAP

Noun: *glorious troop or band.*

WULDORHELM

Noun: *crown of glory.*

WULDORLĒAN

Noun: *glorious reward.*

WULDORLIC

Adjective: *glorious.*

WULDORLĪCE

Adverb: *gloriously.*

WULDORMAGA

Noun: *heir of heaven.*

WULDORMAGO

Noun: *heir of heaven, son of glory.*

WULDORMICEL

Adjective: *magnificent, gloriously great.*

WULDORNYTTING

Noun: *glorious use or service.*

WULDORSANG

Noun: *glorious song.*

WULDORSPĒD

Noun: *glorious wealth or abundance.*

WULDORSPĒDIG

Adjective: *glorious.*

WULDORTĀN

Noun: *glory-twig, plant with medicinal virtues.*

WULDORTORHT

Adjective: *bright, clear, brilliant, splendid, illustrious.*

WULDORÐRYMM

Noun: *heavenly glory.*

WULDORWEORUD

Noun: *heavenly host.*

WULDORWORD

Noun: *glorious word.*

WULDRIAN

See *(ge)wuldrian.*

WULDRIG

Adjective: *glorious.*

WULDRUNG

Noun: *glorying, boasting.*

WULF

Noun: *wolf; cruel person, devil.*

WULFESCAMB

Noun: *wild teasel.*

WULFESHĒAFOD

Noun: *head of a wolf; outlaw.*

WULFESTÆSEL

Noun: *(wolf's) teasel.*

WULFHAGA

Noun: *enclosure to protect flocks from wolves.*

WULFHĒAFODTRĒO

Noun: *cross, gallows.*

WULFHEORT

Adjective: *wolf-hearted, cruel.*

WULFHLIÐ

Noun: *hillside inhabited by wolves.*

WULFHOL

Noun: *wolf's hole or den.*

WULFLȲS

Noun: *fleece of wool.*

WULFPYTT

Noun: *pit for trapping wolves; wolf's hole or lair.*

WULFSĒAÐ

Noun: *wolf's hole or pit.*

WULFSLÆD

Noun: *valley of wolves.*

WULL

Noun: *wool.*

WULLCAMB

Noun: *wool-comb.*

WULLCNOPPA

Noun: *tuft of wool, wool on a fleece.*

WULLIAN

Verb: *to wipe with wool.*

WULLMOD

Noun: *distaff.*

WULLTEWESTRE

Noun: *female wool-carder.*

WULLUC

Noun: *cover, wrapper.*

WULLWÆGA

Noun: *scales for weighing wool.*

WUNA

See *(ge)wuna.*

WUND

1. Noun: *wound, sore, ulcer; wounding, injury.*

2. Adjective: *wounded, sore.*

WUNDEL

Noun: *wound, sore.*

WUNDENFEAX

Adjective: *with twisted or plaited mane.*

WUNDENHALS

Adjective: *with twisted prow.*

WUNDENLOCC

Adjective: *with braided locks.*

WUNDENMÆL

Adjective: *etched, damascened (of a sword).*

WUNDENSTEFNA

Noun: *ship with curved or wreathed prow.*

WUNDIAN

See *(ge)wundian.*

WUNDIEND

Noun: *vulnerator.*

WUNDIHT

Adjective: *ulcerous, full of sores.*

WUNDLĀC

Noun: *wound.*

WUNDLIC

Adjective: *wounding, that inflicts wounds.*

WUNDOR

1. Noun: *wonder, marvel, miracle, prodigy, portent; horror, monster.*

2. Noun: *hostimen.*

WUNDORĀGRÆFEN

Adjective: *wondrously graven.*

WUNDORBĒACEN

Noun: *wondrous or strange sign.*

WUNDORBEBOD

Noun: *strange order or command.*

WUNDORBLĒO

Noun: *wondrous colour.*

WUNDORCLAM

Noun: *wondrous bond or clasp.*

WUNDORCRÆFT

Noun: *miraculous power or skill, great cunning.*

WUNDORCRÆFTIGLĪCE

Adverb: *with wondrous skill.*

WUNDORCYNING

Noun: *king of miracles.*

WUNDORDÆD

Noun: *wondrous deed.*

WUNDORDĒAÐ

Noun: *wondrous death.*

WUNDOREARDUNG

Noun: *wondrous dwelling.*

WUNDORFÆT

Noun: *wondrous vessel.*

WUNDORFUL

Adjective: *wonderful, glorious.*

WUNDORFULLĪCE

Adverb: *wonderfully.*

WUNDORGEHWYRFT

Noun: *wondrous turn.*

WUNDORGIEFU

Noun: *wondrous endowment or capacity.*

WUNDORHÆLO

Noun: *wondrous healing.*

WUNDORHŪS

Noun: *upper room, solarium.*

WUNDORLIC

Adjective: *strange, remarkable, wonderful.*

WUNDORLĪCE

Adverb: *wonderfully.*

WUNDORMĀÐM

Noun: *wonderful treasure.*

WUNDORSĒON

Noun: *wonderful sight or spectacle.*

WUNDORSMIÐ

Noun: *skilled smith.*

WUNDORTĀCEN

Noun: *miracle, wondrous sign.*

WUNDORWEORC

Noun: *wondrous work, miracle.*

WUNDORWORULD

Noun: *wonderful world.*

WUNDORWYRD

Noun: *wonderful event or case.*

WUNDRIAN

See *(ge)wundrian.*

WUNDRIGENDLIC

Adjective: *expressing wonder or admiration.*

WUNDRUM

Adverb: *wonderfully, strangely, terribly.*

WUNDRUNG

Noun: *wonder, admiration, astonishment; spectacle.*

WUNDSPRING

Noun: *ulcerous wound.*

WUNDSWAÐU

Noun: *scar.*

WUNDWĀCU

Noun: *wound, sore.*

WUNDWĪTE

Noun: *compensation for wounding.*

WUNELIC

See *(ge)wunelic.*

WUNELĪC

Adjective: *usual, wonted, accustomed.*

WUNENES

Noun: *dwelling, habitation; continuance, perseverance.*

WUNIAN

Verb: *to live, dwell, inhabit, abide, reside; to rest; to exist, stay, be in certain conditions or circumstances; to remain, continue, last, endure, subsist; to be used to, be wont to, be accustomed.*

WUNIENDLĪCE

Adverb: *continually, perpetually.*

WUNIGEND

Noun: *inhabitant.*

WUNSUM

Adjective: *joyful, merry; pleasant, winsome, delightful.*

WUNUNG

Noun: *dwelling, habitation, place to live in; being, existence, living.*

WUNUNGSTŌW

Noun: *dwelling-place, habitation.*

WURMA

Noun: *shell or purple-fish; any dye, woad, purple; plant used for dyeing.*

WURME

Noun: *purple-fish; any dye, woad, purple; plant used for dyeing.*

WURMILLE

Noun: *wild marjoram.*

WURMSIHTIG

Adjective: *purulent.*

WURPUL

Noun: *that which throws down.*

WŪSCBEARN

Noun: *little child; beloved or adopted child.*

WŪSO

Noun: *(dear) little child.*

WYLF

Noun: *she-wolf.*

WYLFEN

1. Adjective: *wolfish; fierce.*

2. Noun: *she-wolf; fury.*

WYLLAN

1. Verb: *to boil.*

2. See *willan.*

WYLLEBURNE

Noun: *spring, bubbling or running stream.*

WYLLECÆRSE

Noun: *watercress.*

WYLLEN

Adjective: *woollen, made of wool.*

WYLLEWÆTER

Noun: *spring water.*

WYLLEWEG

Noun: *road to a well or spring.*

WYLLFLŌD

Noun: *flood, deluge.*

WYLLGESPRING

Noun: *spring.*

WYLLSPRINGE

Noun: *spring, source, fountain.*

WYLTAN

See *(ge)wyltan.*

WYLWAN

Verb: *to roll, roll together; to join, compound, compose.*

WYNBĒAM

Noun: *tree of gladness or delight, holy cross.*

WYNBURH

Noun: *pleasant or delightful town.*

WYNCONDEL

Noun: *pleasant light; the sun.*

WYNDÆG

Noun: *day of gladness, joyous time.*

WYNDECRÆFT

Noun: *art of weaving or embroidery.*

WYNDLE

Noun: *wound.*

WYNDRĒAM

Noun: *joyful sound, jubilation.*

WYNDRĒAMNES

Noun: *jubilation.*

WYNELE

Noun: *pleasant or gladdening oil.*

WYNFÆST

Adjective: *joyful, joyous.*

WYNGESĪÐ

Noun: *pleasant companion.*

WYNGRĀF

Noun: *pleasant or delightful grove.*

WYNLAND

Noun: *pleasant or delightful land.*

WYNLĒAS

Adjective: *joyless, dreary.*

WYNLIC

Adjective: *pleasant, agreeable, joyful, delightful; beautiful, charming.*

WYNLĪCE

Adverb: *pleasantly, delightfully.*

WYNLUST

Noun: *sensual pleasure.*

WYNMÆG

Noun: *winsome or beloved maiden.*

WYNN

Noun: *pleasure, gladness, joy, delight, rapture; the best of a class, pride of its kind; name of the w-rune.*

WYNNUM

Adverb: *joyfully, beautifully.*

WYNPSALTERIUM

Noun: *joyous psalm or psaltery.*

WYNRŌD

Noun: *blessed cross.*

WYNSANG

Noun: *joyful or jubilant song.*

WYNSTAÐOL

Noun: *joyous foundation.*

WYNSUM

1. Adjective: *pleasant, agreeable, kindly, winsome; merry, joyful, joyous, delightful.*

2. Noun: *the pleasant.*

WYNSUMLIC

See *(ge)wynsumlic.*

WYNSUMLĪCE

See *(ge)wynsumlīce.*

WYNSUMMUNG

Noun: *joy.*

WYNSUMNES

Noun: *pleasantness, agreeableness, loveliness; joyousness, rejoicing, delight, exultation; beauty, fairness; devotion.*

WYNSUMNIAN

Verb: *to be joyful, rejoice, exult.*

WYNWEROD

Noun: *joyous band, chorus.*

WYNWYRT

Noun: *pleasant plant.*

WYRCAN

See *(ge)wyrcan.*

WYRCEND

Noun: *worker, labourer; doer, maker.*

WYRCNES

Noun: *work, labour, operation; doing, performance of something.*

WYRCUNG

Noun: *doing, working.*

WYRD

1. See *(ge)wyrd* (1).

2. See *(ge)wyrd* (2).

3. See *weard* (2).

WYRDGESCEAP

Noun: *decree of fate or fortune.*

WYRDGESCEAPUM

Adverb: *by chance.*

WYRDIG

Adjective: *wordy.*

WYRDNES

Noun: *state, condition.*

WYRDSTÆF

Noun: *decree of fate.*

WYRDWRĪTERE

See *(ge)wyrdwrītere.*

WYRGAN

1. Verb: *to strangle, throttle; to worry.*

2. See *wiergan.*

WYRGCWEDOL

Adjective: *ill-tongued, given to evil speaking or cursing.*

WYRGCWEDOLIAN

Verb: *to curse, speak evil.*

WYRGCWEDOLNES

Noun: *cursing.*

WYRGCWEÐAN

Verb: *to curse.*

WYRGED

Noun: *the devil, accursed being.*

WYRGELNES

Noun: *abuse, curse.*

WYRGEND

Noun: *reviler, evildoer.*

WYRGENDE

Adjective: *given to cursing.*

WYRGNES

1. Noun: *abuse, curse.*

2. See *weargnes.*

WYRGÐU

Noun: *condemnation, punishmen,t cure, wickedness, evil.*

WYRGUNG

Noun: *condemnation, curse; banishment.*

WYRHT

Noun: *doing, work.*

WYRHTA

Noun: *doer, maker, wright, artificer, producer, fabricator; worker, labourer; creator, author, artist.*

WYRM

1. Noun: *reptile, serpent, snake, dragon; insect, worm, mite; poor creature.*

2. See *wearm.*

WYRMĀTE

1. Noun: *attack of worms.*

2. Adjective: *worm-eaten.*

WYRMAN

See *(ge)wyrman.*

WYRMBASO

Adjective: *red, scarlet.*

WYRMCYNN

Noun: *serpent-kind, sort of serpent.*

WYRMFĀH

Adjective: *adorned with serpentine ornamentation, damascened.*

WYRMGALDERE

Noun: *serpent-charmer, sorcerer.*

WYRMGEALDOR

Noun: *charm against snakes or worms.*

WYRMGEARD

Noun: *abode or enclosure of serpents.*

WYRMGEBLÆD

Noun: *swelling or blister from a snake-bite.*

WYRMHÆLSERE

Noun: *serpent-charmer, sorcerer.*

WYRMHĪW

Noun: *likeness of a reptile or serpent.*

WYRMHORD

Noun: *serpent's hoard or treasure.*

WYRMING

Noun: *warming.*

WYRMLĪC

Noun: *form of a serpent or worm.*

WYRMMELU

Noun: *worn-meal.*

WYRMRĒAD

Adjective: *scarlet, purple.*

WYRMSAN

See *(ge)wyrmsan.*

WYRMSELE

Noun: *serpent-hall; hell.*

WYRMSHRÆCING

Noun: *expectoration of corrupt matter.*

WYRMSIG

See *(ge)wyrmsig*.

WYRMSLITE

Noun: *snake-bite*.

WYRMSTEALL

Noun: *shelter for cattle*.

WYRMSŪTSPĪUNG

Noun: *spitting up of matter*.

WYRMWYRT

Noun: *worm-wort*.

WYRP

Noun: *throw, cast*.

WYRPE

1. Noun: *change, revolution; improvement, recovery, relief*.

2. See *werp*.

WYRPEL

Noun: *jess, vervel, ring put on a falcon's leg*.

WYRPENDLIC

Adjective: *suitable for throwing*.

WYRSIAN

Verb: *to get worse*.

WYRSLIC

Adjective: *bad, vile, mean*.

WYRT

Noun: *plant, vegetable, herb, spice, wort; crop; root*.

WYRTBEDD

Noun: *bed of herbs*.

WYRTBRÆÐ

Noun: *fragrance, perfume, aroma, odour*.

WYRTCYNN

Noun: *species of plant or vegetable*.

WYRTCYNREN

Noun: *vegetable world, plants, herbs*.

WYRTDRENC

Noun: *herbal drink, potion, medicine*.

WYRTECEDDRENC

Noun: *herbal acid potion.*

WYRTEL

Noun: *plant.*

WYRTFÆT

Noun: *scent-bottle.*

WYRTFORBOR

Noun: *restraint from an action by the operation of herbs.*

WYRTGÆLSTRE

Noun: *woman who uses herbs for charms.*

WYRTGEARD

Noun: *kitchen-garden.*

WYRTGEMANG

Noun: *mixture of herbs, spices; perfume.*

WYRTGEMANGNES

Noun: *mixture of herbs, spices; perfume.*

WYRTIAN

See *(ge)wurtian.*

WYRTIG

Adjective: *full of herbs, garden-like.*

WYRTMETE

Noun: *dish of herbs, pottage.*

WYRTRUM

Noun: *root or stock of a plant; root of tooth; origin, beginning, source.*

WYRTRUME

Noun: *root of a plant or tooth; origin, source, beginning; stock.*

WYRTSTENC

Noun: *perfume from a plant.*

WYRTTRUMIAN

See *(ge)wyrttrumian.*

WYRTTŪN

Noun: *garden.*

WYRTTŪNHEGE

Noun: *garden enclosure or hedge.*

WYRTUNG

Noun: *seasoning with herbs.*

WYRTWALA

Noun: *root or stock of a plant; source, base, lower part of a hill or wood.*

WYRTWALIAN

Verb: *to set, plant, root; to root up, eradicate.*

WYRTWALU

1. Noun: *root, stock; base, lower part.*

2. See *wyrtwala.*

WYRTWEARD

Noun: *gardener.*

WYRÐAN

Verb: *to irrigate with manure.*

WYRÐELAND

Noun: *land lain fallow or ploughed for the first time; cultivated field.*

WYRÐEN

Noun: *field.*

WYRÐIG

1. Adjective: *fitting, worthy, deserved.*

2. See *worðig.*

WYRÐING

Noun: *fallow land; cultivated field.*

WȳSC

Noun: *choice.*

WȳSCAN

See *(ge)wȳscan.*

WYTUMA

1. Noun: *paranymph.*

2. See *wituma.*

WYÐÐYDDAN

Verb: *to blunt.*

ȳCE

Noun: *toad, frog.*

ȳDDISC

Noun: *possession, property; household stuff, furniture.*

YFEL

1. Adjective: *ill, bad, wicked, wretched, evil.*

2. Noun: *ill, misery, wickedness, evil; what is hurtful or grievous.*

YFELĀDL

Noun: *consumption.*

YFELBERENDE

Adjective: *bringer of evil tidings.*

YFELCUND

Adjective: *evil, malignant.*

YFELCWEDOLIAN

Verb: *to speak ill, curse.*

YFELCWEÐAN

Verb: *glosses maledicere.*

YFELCWEÐENDE

Adjective: *evil-speaking.*

YFELDÆD

Noun: *mischief, injury, misdeed, evil or ill deed, sin.*

YFELDÆDA

Noun: *evildoer.*

YFELDÆDE

Adjective: *evil-doing.*

YFELDĒMA

Noun: *wicked or unjust judge.*

YFELDŌND

Noun: *evildoer, malefactor.*

YFELDŌNDE

Adjective: *evil-doing.*

YFELDYSIG

Adjective: *vain, bad.*

YFELFUL

Adjective: *wicked, evil, malicious.*

YFELGIORNES

Noun: *wickedness, evil, malice.*

YFELHÆBBENDE

Adjective: *ill, sick.*

YFELIAN

See *(ge)yfelian.*

YFELIC

Adjective: *bad, rotten, evil; mean, poor, common; foul, ugly.*

YFELĪCE

Adverb: *meanly, poorly.*

YFELLÆRENDE

Adjective: *persuading or inciting to evil.*

YFELLIBBENDE

Adjective: *evil-living.*

YFELMYNAN

Verb: *to consider wickedly.*

YFELNES

Noun: *misfortune, ill fortune, wickedness, cruelty, evil, malignity, depravity.*

YFELONBECWEÐENDE

Adjective: *persuading to evil.*

YFELSACEND

Noun: *blasphemer.*

YFELSACIAN

See *(ge)yfelsacian.*

YFELSACUNG

Noun: *calumny, vituperation, blasphemy.*

YFELSÆC

Noun: *blasphemy, evil accusation.*

YFELSIAN

See *(ge)yfelsian.*

YFELSŌÐ

Adjective: *deplorably true.*

YFELSPRÆCE

Adjective: *evil-speaking.*

YFELSPRECENDE

Adjective: *evil-speaking.*

YFELSUNG

Noun: *blasphemy.*

YFELTIHTEND

Noun: *inciter to evil.*

YFELTIHTENDE

Adjective: *inciting to evil.*

YFELWEORC

Noun: *evil deed; work of magic.*

YFELWIHT

Noun: *glosses phantasma.*

YFELWILLE

Adjective: *envious, malevolent, spiteful.*

YFELWILLENDE

Adjective: *ill-disposed, wicked, vicious.*

YFELWILLENDNES

Noun: *wickedness, evil, malice.*

YFELWILNIAN

Verb: *to desire evil.*

YFELWYRCENDE

Adjective: *mischievous, hurtful, wicked, noxious, evil-doing.*

YFELWYRDE

Adjective: *evil-speaking.*

YFESDRYPE

Noun: *eaves-drop.*

YFLE

Adverb: *ill, hurtfully, injuriously, badly, evilly; wrongly, improperly, imperfectly.*

YFLUNG

Noun: *injury, ill-treatment.*

ȳFRE

Noun: *bank, escarpment.*

YLFIG

Adjective: *raving, mad.*

YLPESBĀN

Noun: *ivory.*

YLTWIST

Noun: *fowling, catching of birds.*

YMBÆRNAN

Verb: *to go or travel round.*

YMBBERAN

Verb: *to surround.*

YMBBĪGNES

Noun: *bend, sweep, circuit.*

YMBBINDAN

Verb: *to bind round or about.*

YMBCÆFED

Adjective: *having embroidered garments.*

YMBCÆFIAN

Verb: *to embroider round, bedeck.*

YMBCEORFAN

Verb: *to circumcise.*

YMBCEORFNES

Noun: *circumcision.*

YMBCERR

Noun: *going, migration; moving, removal, stirring, turning about; trickery, tergiversation.*

YMBCLYCCAN

Verb: *to enclose.*

YMBCLYPPAN

Verb: *to embrace, clasp.*

YMBCLYPPING

Noun: *embrace.*

YMBCYME

Noun: *assembly, convention.*

YMBCYRRAN

Verb: *to turn round or about, revolve round, make the circuit of; to turn away, avert; to change, overturn; to move, stir.*

YMBDŌN

Verb: *to encompass, put round.*

YMBE

1. Adposition: *around, about, at, upon, near, along; (of time) after, before; by, in regard to, concerning, on account of, owing to.*

2. Noun: *swarm of bees.*

3. Adverb: *(of place) around, about, at, upon, near, along; (of time) about, at, after, before; (causal, etc.) about, in regard to, concerning, on account of, owing to.*

YMBEAHT

Noun: *collatio.*

YMBEARDIAN

Verb: *to dwell round.*

YMBEARDIENDRA

Noun: *glosses circumhabitantium.*

YMBEARDUNG

Noun: *dwelling around.*

YMBEBĀTAN

Verb: *to restrain, curb.*

YMBESPRĀEC

Noun: *talk, remark, criticism.*

YMBEÐANC

Noun: *thought, consideration, reflection, attention.*

YMBFÆR

Noun: *journey or going round, circuit.*

YMBFÆRELD

Noun: *journey or going round, circuit.*

YMBFÆSTNES

Noun: *enclosure.*

YMBFÆSTNUNG

Noun: *monument, tomb.*

YMBFÆÐMIAN

Verb: *to embrace, clasp.*

YMBFARAN

Verb: *to surround; to travel round.*

YMBFARU

Noun: *circuit.*

YMBFENG

Noun: *cover, envelope.*

YMBFĒRAN

Verb: *to go or journey round or about, surround.*

YMBFŌN

Verb: *to surround, encompass, embrace, envelope; to seize, grasp, clasp; to conceive, comprehend.*

YMBFRÆTEWIAN

Verb: *to decorate, deck round, surround with ornament.*

YMBGĀN

Verb: *to surround, go round; to go about or through.*

YMBGANG

Noun: *going about or round, circuit, circumference; bend, winding course.*

YMBGANGAN

Verb: *to surround, encompass, go round; to go about or through.*

YMBGEARWIAN

Verb: *to clothe, dress.*

YMBGEDELF

Noun: *digging round or about.*

YMBGEFRÆTWIAN

Verb: *to decorate, deck round.*

YMBGERĒNODE

Adjective: *glosses circumornatae.*

YMBGESETT

Adjective: *neighbouring, placed round about.*

YMBGESETTAN

Verb: *to set round, surround, encompass, beset; to plant.*

YMBGYRDAN

Verb: *to surround, encompass, enclose, encircle, gird about.*

YMBHABBAN

Verb: *to surround, encompass; to include, contain; to hold, detain.*

YMBHAGA

Noun: *enclosure for bees.*

YMBHAMMEN

Adjective: *surrounded, covered.*

YMBHEALDAN

Verb: *to encompass.*

YMBHĒAPIAN

Verb: *to crowd about.*

YMBHEGIAN

Verb: *to surround, hedge round.*

YMBHLENNAN

Verb: *to surround, crowd about.*

YMBHOGA

Noun: *consideration, care, solicitude, anxiety.*

YMBHOGIAN

Verb: *to exercise the mind, be anxious about or solicitous.*

YMBHŌN

Verb: *to surround; to clothe, deck, drape.*

YMBHRINGAN

Verb: *to surround, encompass, fence round; to wind round.*

YMBHRINGEND

Noun: *attendant, one of a suite; surrounder.*

YMBHWEORFAN

Verb: *to go or turn round, revolve, encompass; to be occupied with, attend to, go about a business, tend; to cultivate.*

YMBHWEORFNES

Noun: *change, alteration, revolution.*

YMBHWYRFT

Noun: *turn, rotation, revolution; circle, circuit, orbit, extent; the earth, world, globe; region, district; attention; cultivation.*

YMBHYCGAN

Verb: *to consider, think about.*

YMBHŸDIG

Adjective: *careful, solicitous, attentive, anxious; needing attention, suspicious.*

YMBHŸDIGLIC

Adjective: *careful, solicitous, sedulous, anxious.*

YMBHŸDIGLĪCE

Adverb: *carefully, sedulously.*

YMBHŸDIGNES

Noun: *care, solicitude, anxiety.*

YMBHYGD

Noun: *care, anxiety.*

YMBHŸPAN

Verb: *to press round, surround in crowds, assail.*

YMBHŸWUNG

Noun: *circumcision.*

YMBIERNAN

Verb: *to surround, go or run round.*

YMBLÆDAN

Verb: *to lead round or about.*

YMBLÆRIGIAN

Verb: *to surround, encompass, provide with a rim.*

YMBLICGAN

Verb: *to surround, encompass, enclose; to lie about or along.*

YMBLĪÐAN

Verb: *to sail round, circumnavigate.*

YMBLŌCIAN

Verb: *to look round.*

YMBLOFIAN

Verb: *to praise.*

YMBLYT

Noun: *circle, circumference, circuit.*

YMBREN

Noun: *Ember-tide.*

YMBRENDÆG

Noun: *Ember-day.*

YMBRENFÆSTEN

Noun: *fast of the Ember-days.*

YMBRENWUCE

Noun: *Ember-week.*

YMBRYNE

Noun: *course, circuit, revolution; period, lapse or course of time, anniversary.*

YMBSÆLAN

Verb: *to bind or tie round.*

YMBSCĒAWIAN

Verb: *to behold, look round.*

YMBSCĒAWIENDLĪCE

Adverb: *circumspectly.*

YMBSCĒAWUNG

Noun: *beholding, looking around.*

YMBSCĪNAN

Verb: *to shine round, surround with brightness.*

YMBSCRĪÐAN

Verb: *to revolve about, go round.*

YMBSCRŸDAN

Verb: *to clothe.*

YMBSCŪWAN

Verb: *to defend, screen.*

YMBSELLAN

Verb: *to surround, enclose, beset; to endue, clothe.*

YMBSĒON

1. Verb: *to behold, look round.*

2. Noun: *beholding, regard.*

YMBSET

Noun: *siege, blockade.*

YMBSETENNES

Noun: *besieging, siege.*

YMBSETNUNG

Noun: *sedition; siege.*

YMBSETT

Adjective: *neighbouring.*

YMBSETTAN

Verb: *to surround, set round, encompass, beset; to plant with something.*

YMBSEWEN

Adjective: *circumspect.*

YMBSIERWAN

Verb: *to plot, design, deliberate about an evil deed; to lay in wait for.*

YMBSITTAN

Verb: *to surround, set round, besiege, be around or neighbouring; to reflect upon; to invest, sit at council, be engaged about.*

YMBSITTEND

Noun: *neighbour, one living near.*

YMBSMĒAGUNG

Noun: *consideration.*

YMBSNIDENNES

Noun: *circumcision.*

YMBSNĪÐAN

Verb: *to circumcise.*

YMBSPÆNNING

Noun: *allurement, enticement.*

YMBSPANNAN

Verb: *to embrace, span or clasp round.*

YMBSPRĀC

Noun: *talk, comment, conversation, speech about a subject; criticism.*

YMBSPRĀCE

Adjective: *spoken or talked about, well known.*

YMBSPRECAN

Verb: *to speak about.*

YMBSTANDAN

Verb: *to stand about or around; to surround.*

YMBSTANDEND

Noun: *bystander.*

YMBSTANDENNES

Noun: *encompassing; guardianship.*

YMBSTOCC

Noun: *stump with a swarm of bees in it.*

YMBSTRĪCAN

Verb: *to smooth or rub round.*

YMBSTYRIAN

Verb: *to stir about, overturn, upset.*

YMBSWĀPE

Noun: *digression, roundabout way.*

YMBSWĀPAN

Verb: *to round, environ, sweep; to clothe, envelop, wrap round.*

YMBSWĪFAN

Verb: *to revolve round.*

YMBTRYMIAN

Verb: *to surround; to protect, fortify, support.*

YMBTRYMMING

Noun: *fence, fortification, fortress.*

YMBTŸNAN

Verb: *to surround, enclose, hedge round.*

YMBTYRNAN

Verb: *to turn round; to surround.*

YMBÐEAHTIAN

Verb: *to consider, deliberate; to reflect.*

YMBÐENCAN

Verb: *to consider, think about; to be anxious for.*

YMBÐREODIAN

Verb: *to think about, deliberate.*

YMBÐREODUNG

Noun: *consideration, deliberation.*

YMBÐRINGAN

Verb: *to surround, throng about, crowd or press round.*

YMBŪTAN

1. Adposition: *around, about, concerning; outside, beyond.*

2. Adverb: *about, around, outside, beyond.*

YMBWÆFAN

Verb: *to clothe, wrap round.*

YMBWÆRIAN

Verb: *to turn (oneself) about, turn towards.*

YMBWEAXAN

Verb: *to surround, grow round.*

YMBWENDAN

Verb: *to move, change, convert, turn round; to avert, turn away.*

YMBWENDING

Noun: *glosses vegetatio.*

YMBWENDUNG

Noun: *reviving; behaviour.*

YMBWEORPAN

Verb: *to surround, throw round.*

YMBWESAN

Verb: *to be employed about.*

YMBWĪCIAN

Verb: *to encamp about (a place).*

YMBWĪCIGAN

Verb: *to surround, beleaguer.*

YMBWINDAN

Verb: *to encompass, hold, clasp round, wind round.*

YMBWLĀTEND

Noun: *observer, spectator.*

YMBWLĀTIAN

Verb: *to look about, observe, contemplate.*

YMBWLĀTUNG

Noun: *look, viewing, regard, contemplation.*

YMBWRĒON

Verb: *to enwrap.*

YMBWRĪTAN

Verb: *to circumscribe, score or cut round.*

YMBWYRCAN

Verb: *to hedge in; to weave.*

YMEL

Noun: *canker-worm, beetle, weevil, mite, caterpillar.*

YMELE

Noun: *scroll, leaf of paper.*

YMEN

Noun: *hymn, sacred song.*

YMENBŌC

Noun: *book of hymns.*

YMENSANG

Noun: *hymn.*

YMENSINGENDE

Adjective: *singing hymns.*

YMESĒNE

Adjective: *blind, sightless.*

YMNERE

Noun: *book of hymns.*

YNCE

Noun: *inch.*

YNDSE

Noun: *ounce, piece of money, shekel (Jewish money).*

YNNELĒAC

Noun: *onion.*

YPPAN

See *(ge)yppan.*

YPPE

1. Noun: *raised place, stage, platform, tribune, high seat; upper room.*

2. Adjective: *known, disclosed, manifest, evident.*

YPPING

Noun: *manifestation; extent, accumulation, expanse.*

YPPINGĪREN

Noun: *manifestation; extent, accumulation, expanse; name of some tool, crowbar.*

YPPLEN

Noun: *top, summit, height.*

ȲR

1. Noun: *name of the rune for y; bow; gold; horn.*

2. Noun: *back of axe.*

ȲRE

1. Noun: *coin of Danish origin.*

2. See *ȳr* (1).

3. See *ȳr* (2).

YRFAN

Verb: *to inherit; to leave (by will); to honour with a funeral feast.*

YRFCWEALM

Noun: *murrain.*

YRFEBĒC

Noun: *will, testament.*

YRFEFLIT

Noun: *dispute about inheritance.*

YRFEFYRST

Noun: *legal formality or delay before entering on an inheritance.*

YRFEGEDĀL

Noun: *division of an inheritance or property.*

YRFEGEWRIT

Noun: *will, testament, writing concerning an inheritance, charter of donation.*

YRFEHAND

Noun: *administrator, one who manages the estate of a deceased person; natural successor.*

YRFELĀF

Noun: *inheritance, bequest; heir; hereditary relic, heirloom.*

YRFELAND

Noun: *inherited land.*

YRFELĒAS

Adjective: *unstocked, unprovided with cattle.*

YRFENUMA

Noun: *successor, heir.*

YRFESTŌL

Noun: *home; hereditary seat.*

YRFEWEARD

Noun: *possessor of a property, guardian of an inheritance; heir, son.*

YRFEWEARDIAN

See *(ge)yrfeweardian.*

YRFEWEARDNES

Noun: *inheritance.*

YRFEWEARDWRĪTERE

Noun: *will writer, testator.*

YRFEWRĪTEND

Noun: *will writer, testator.*

YRSEBIN

Noun: *iron box.*

YRÐ

Noun: *ploughing, tilling; crop; ploughed land.*

YRÐLAND

Noun: *arable land.*

YRÐLING

Noun: *farmer, husbandman, ploughman; the name of a bird, cuckoo, wagtail.*

YRÐMEARC

Noun: *boundary of ploughed or arable land.*

YSL

1. Noun: *spark, cinder, ash, ember.*

2. See *esol.*

YSLENDE

Adjective: *glowing; sending forth sparks.*

YSOPE

Noun: *hyssop.*

ȳST

Noun: *storm, tempest, hurricane, whirlwind; surge, rough water.*

ȳSTAN

Verb: *to storm, rage; to be stormy.*

ȳSTENDE

Adjective: *ferventis (ocean).*

ȳSTIG

Adjective: *stormy, tempestuous.*

ȳTAN

1. Verb: *to expel, banish, drive or put out; to squander, dissipate; to alienate, give away.*

2. See *ūtan.*

ȳTEND

Noun: *devastator, destroyer; waster.*

YTEREN

Adjective: *made of otter-skin.*

ȳTING

Noun: *outing, being out, journey.*

ȳÐ

1. Noun: *liquid, water, sea, flood; wave, billow.*

2. See *ēaðe* (1).

3. See *ēaðe* (2).

ȳÐAN

Verb: *to flow, overflow, fluctuate, wave, surge; to roll, toss; to roar, rage; to be filled.*

ȳÐBORD

Noun: *ship; ship's side.*

ȳÐFARU

Noun: *wave-course, sea, flood.*

ȳÐGEBLAND

Noun: *tossing waves, surge.*

ȳðgewinn

Noun: *wave-strife, billows.*

ȳðgian

Verb: *to flow, fluctuate, surge; to rage, roar.*

ȳðhengest

Noun: *wave-steed or horse; ship.*

ȳðhof

Noun: *ship, vessel, water-dwelling.*

ȳðig

Adjective: *fluctuating, billowy, stormy.*

ȳðlād

Noun: *sea-voyage.*

ȳðlāf

Noun: *sand, shore, beach.*

ȳðlid

Noun: *ship, vessel.*

ȳðlida

Noun: *wave-traverser, ship.*

ȳðmearh

Noun: *sea-horse, wave-steed; ship.*

ȳðmere

Noun: *ocean of waves; billowy main.*

ȳðung

Noun: *agitation, fluctuation, commotion; inundation, overflowing.*

ȳðwōrigende

Adjective: *wave-wandering.*